Hkera, a human transcriptome partitioner

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Abstract. Developing a reliable hous ekeeping (HK) and tissue-specific (TS) gene classifier is of importance because it can provide an initial clue to a gene's cellular role and function. We describe here a novel HK/TS gene classifier, called HKera, developed based on a novel property of HK genes that we have previously uncovered (Shaw et al., PLosONE e29314 (2011)), namely that the ranking or der of their expression levels, as opposed to the expression levels themselves, tends to be preserved from one tissue to another. Evaluated against multiple be nchmark sets of human HK genes, including one recently derived from next generation sequencing, HKera was shown to perform significantly better than five other classifiers that us edifferent methodologies. An enrichment an alysis of pathway and gene ontology annotations showed that HKera-predicted HK and TS genes have distinct functional roles and, together, cover most of the ontology categories. These results show that HKera is a good human transcriptome partitioner that can be used to search for, and obtain useful expression and functional information for, novel HK (TS) genes.

Keywords: House-keeping g enes; T issue-specific g enes; Transcriptome; Support vector machines