





Brief update on Chinese ocean colour satellite missions since last meeting

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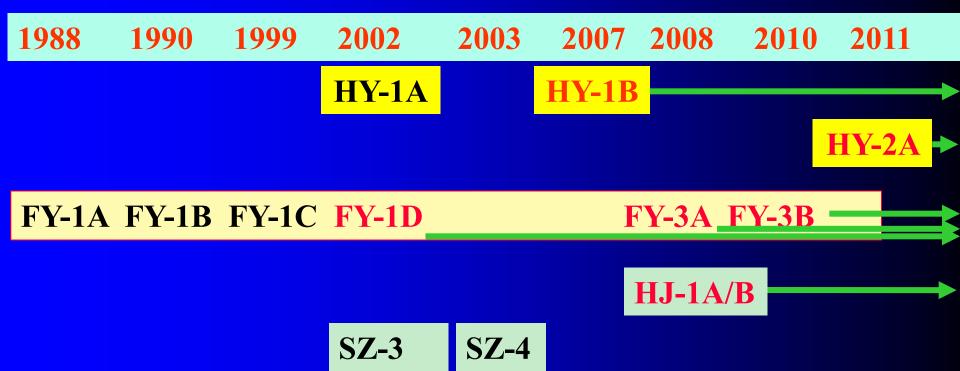
 卫星海洋环境动力学国家重点实验室

 国家海洋局第二海洋研究所

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Four series of satellite for ocean remote sensing in China

- Ocean Observation Satellites (HaiYang, HY series)
- Meteorological Satellites (FengYun, FY series)
- Environment and Disaster Monitoring Satellites (HJ series)
- Spacecraft (SZ series)





HY-1B satellite

Second ocean color satellite of China, HY-1B was launched by Long March rocket, in April, 2007.

1. COCTS- Chinese Ocean Color and Temperature Scanner (Ten bands)

2. CZI- Coastal Zone Imager (4 bands CCD Cameral)

Major parameters of COCTS and CZI

Parameter	COCTS	CZI
Spatial resolution	1.1km	0.25km
Scan coverage	2400km	500km
Polarization	<u>5%</u>	5%
sensitivity		
Digitization	10bit/pixel	12bit/pixel
Pixels/Scan Line	1664	2048
Radiometer	10%	10%
accuracy		

HY-1A/CZI Bohai image



122° E

123° E

40° N

39° N

38° N

37° N









37° N-

118° E

119° E

120° E

121° E

122° E

Images courtesy of Dr. Mingsen Lin

123° E

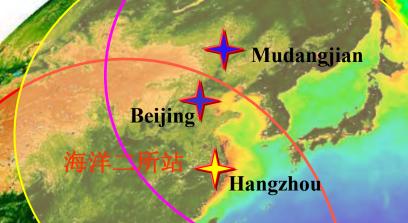
Yangtze \triangle is a key area of Chinese economic development which is about 2.1% area, and 11% population , but about 20-23% GDP、25% financial income 33% oceanic GDP and 47% out port in China.

Suzhou

Shanghai

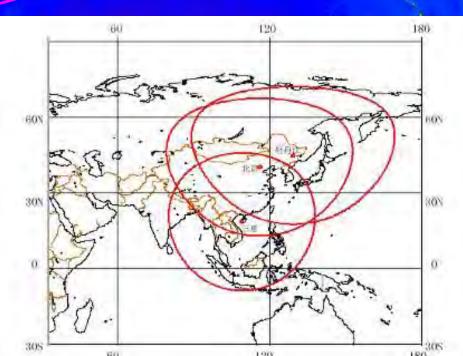
Hangzhou

HY-1B/COCTS 2008-3-1 2:46 GMT

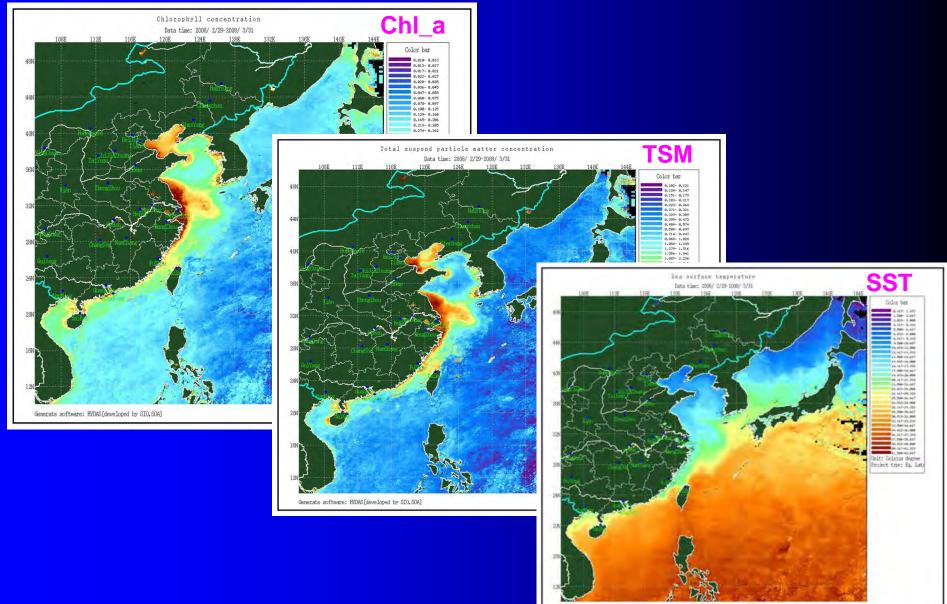


SanYa

Receiving Coverage of HY-1 Satellites Ground Stations HY-1B卫星地面站接收区域



HY-1B/COCTS Monthly averaged products(2008-3)



Generate auftware: HileSideveloped by SID, 2081

Generate time: 2009- 4-7 21:40:28



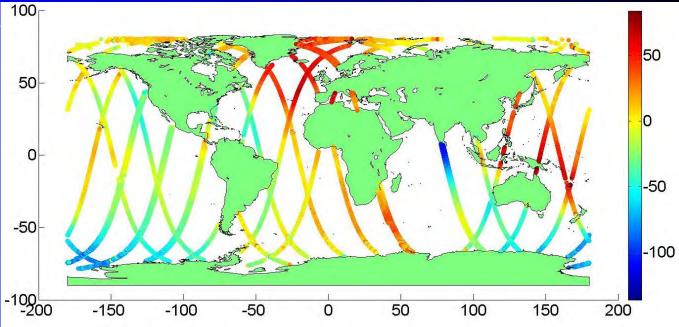
First ocean dynamics satellite of China, HY-2A was launched by Long March rocket, on Aug.16, 2011.

Sponsored by: State Oceanic Administration, (SOA) Manufacturer: the Chinese Academy of Space Technology (CAST)

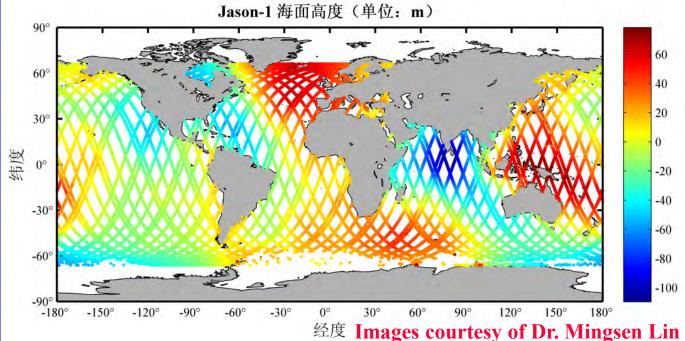
3 sensors and Monitor Parameters

Satellite	Payload	Monitor Para. (Main Parameter)	Object
HY-2A	Scatterometer Altimeter Radiometer	Main Parameter: Sea Surface Wind Sea Surface height, Significant wave height, Gravity field and Ocean Circumfluence Sea Surface Temperature Secondary Parameter: Sea Level,Sea wind speed, Sea Ice and Vapor content	Ocean State Forecast Storm Warn Topography Study Ocean Dynamic Process Median Scale Weather Process and Global Change

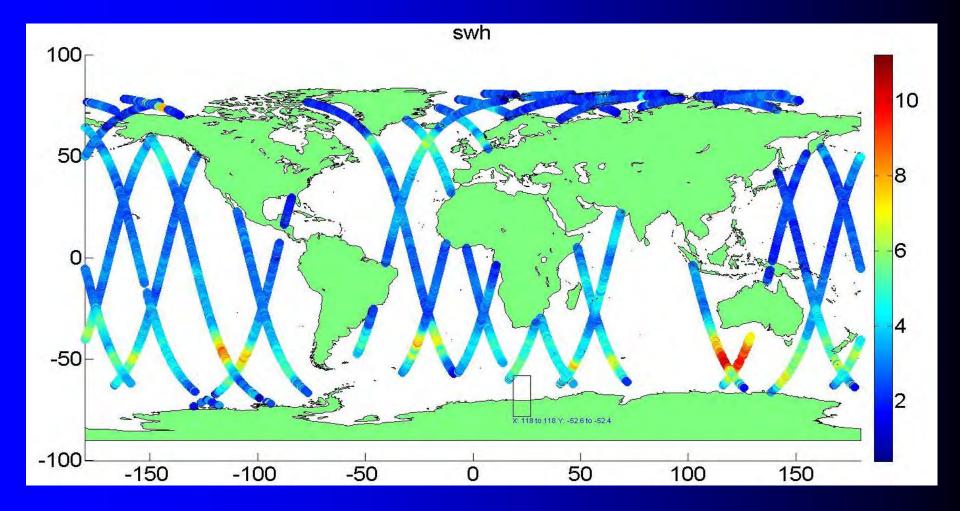
HY-2A/ALT Sea Surface height 2011.9.30-10.1



JASON-2 Sea Surface height 10 days merged

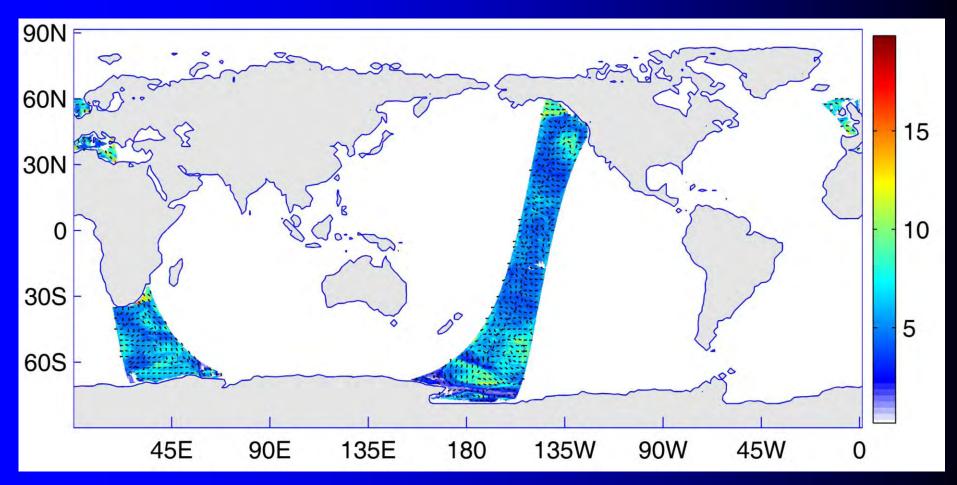


HY-2A/ALT Significant wave height

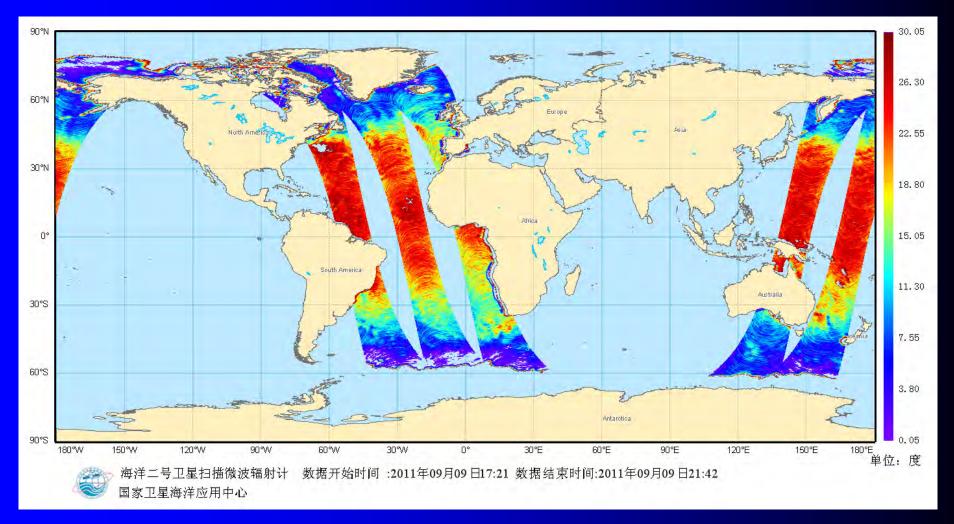


HY-2A/SCA Sea Surface Wind

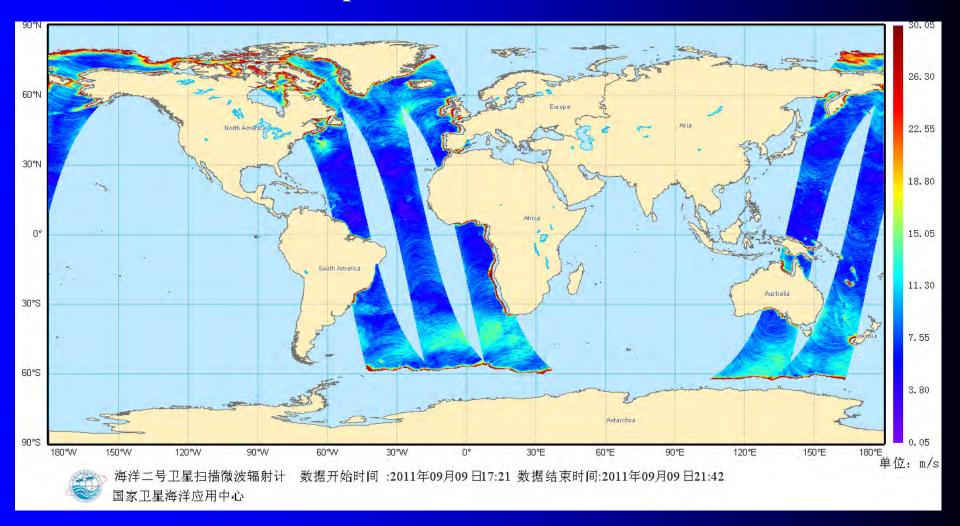
(Sept.28 23:00, 2011, 610 orbit)



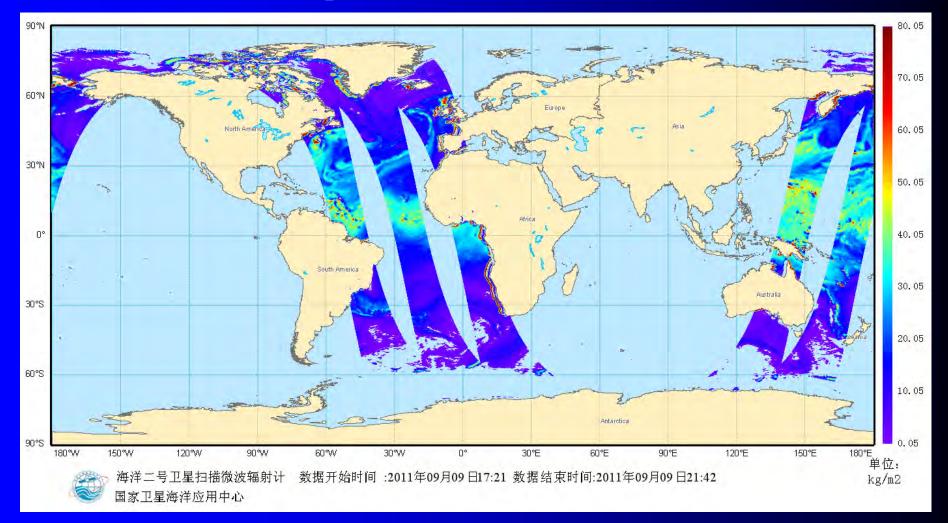
HY-2A/RAD Sea Surface Temperature (Sept.9 17:21-21:42, 2011)



HY-2A/RAD Sea Surface Wind Speed (Sept.9 17:21-21:42, 2011)



HY-2A/RAD Atmospheric Vapor content (Sept.9 17:21-21:42, 2011)

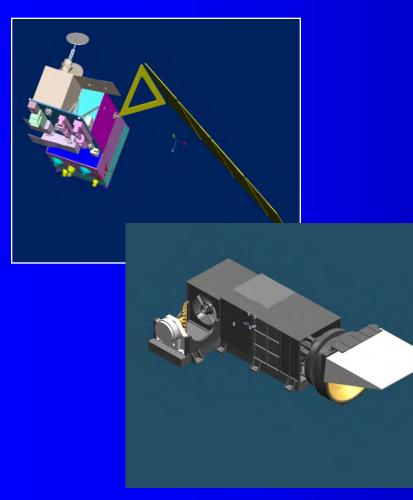


FY-3 series satellite

Second generation polar orbit Meteorological Satellites.

FY-3A/B were launched in 2008 and 2010, still on-orbit operation.
 Total 10 sensors on FY-3A/B.

MERSI- Medium Resolution Spectral Imager



Band	Wavelength (µm)	Resolution
1	0.445-0.495	250m
2	0.525-0.575	250m
3	0.625-0.675	250m
4	0.84-0.89	250m
5	10.25-12.75	250m
6	0.402-0.422	1000m
7	0.433-0.453	1000m
8	0.48-0.5	1000m
9	0.51-0.53	1000m
10	0.555-0.575	1000m
11	0.64-0.66	1000m
12	0.675-0.695	1000m
13	0.755-0.775	1000m
14	0.855-0.875	1000m
15	0.895-0.915	1000m
16	0.93-0.95	1000m
17	0.97-0.99	1000m
18	1.02-1.04	1000m
19	1.615-1.665	1000m
20	2.105-2.155	1000m

FY-3B/MERSI 2010.11.12

From http://satellite.cma.gov.cn/portalsite/StaticContent/Load_profile/html/mersi.html

From http://satellite.cma.gov.cm/portalsite/StaticContent/Load_profile/html/mersi.html

FY-3B/MERSI

2010.11.14

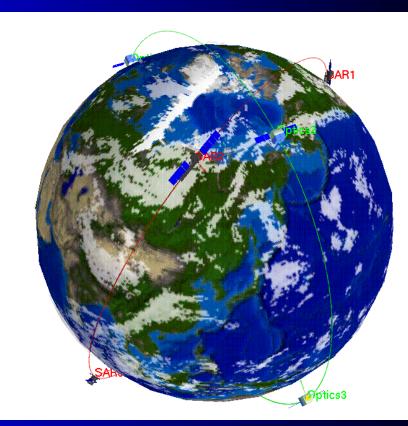
Environment and Disaster Monitoring Satellite Constellation

> The Optical Satellite:

649km sun synchronous orbit . Four satellites are 90° phase distributed in the same orbit plane.

> The SAR Satellites:

500km sun synchronous orbits . Four satellites are 90° phase distributed in the same orbit plane.



Sensors on optical satellite

Wide field multi-spectrum camera

- Four bands
- 30m resolution
- 720km swath
- Infrared scanner (on optsat1)
 - Four IR bands
 - >150m~300m resolution
 - 720km swath
- Hyper-spectrum imager
 - 110 to 128 bands with 5nm resolution in average
 - 100m spatial resolution
 - 50km swath

Sensor	Band no.	Spectral (µm)	Res. (m)	Swath (km)
CCD	1	0.43~0.52	30	700
Camera	2	0.52~0.60	30	
	3	0.63~0.69	30	
	4	0.76~0.9	30	
Infrared	5	0.75-1.10	150	720
Multi-	6	1.55-1.75		
spectral Camera	7	3.50-3.90		
	8	10.5-12.5	300	
Hyper-		0.45~0.95	100	50
spectral Imager		(110-128 bands)		

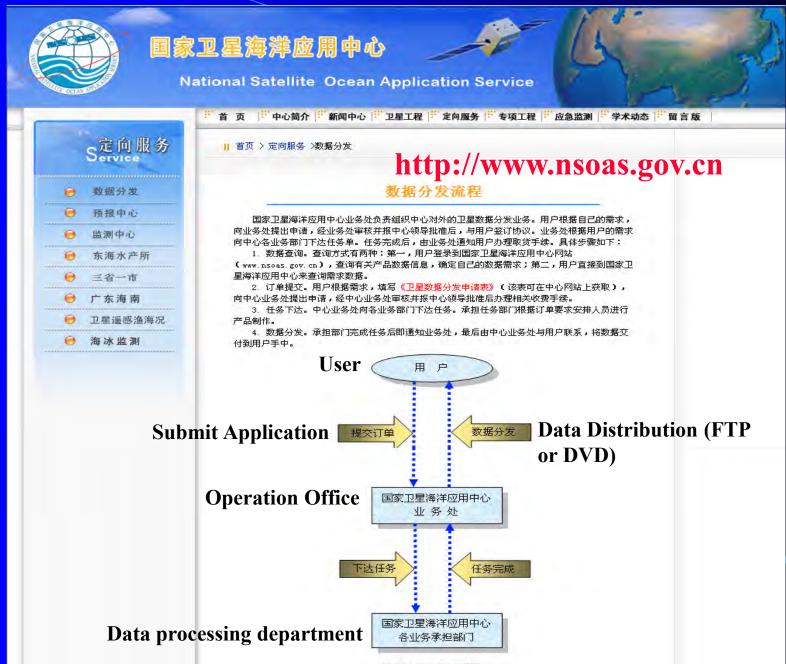
Sensors on SAR satellite

- Synthetic aperture radar
 - **≻S-band**
 - **>20m resolution**

>100km swath with incidence angle 25° to 47°.

Band	Spectral	Spatial resolution	Swath width
no.	range (µm)	(m)	(km)
1	S band	20 m(4 looks, scan mode) 5m(single look, strip mode)	100(scan mode) 40(strip mode)

Access the HY-1/HY-2 satellite data



Access the FY-3A/3B satellite data

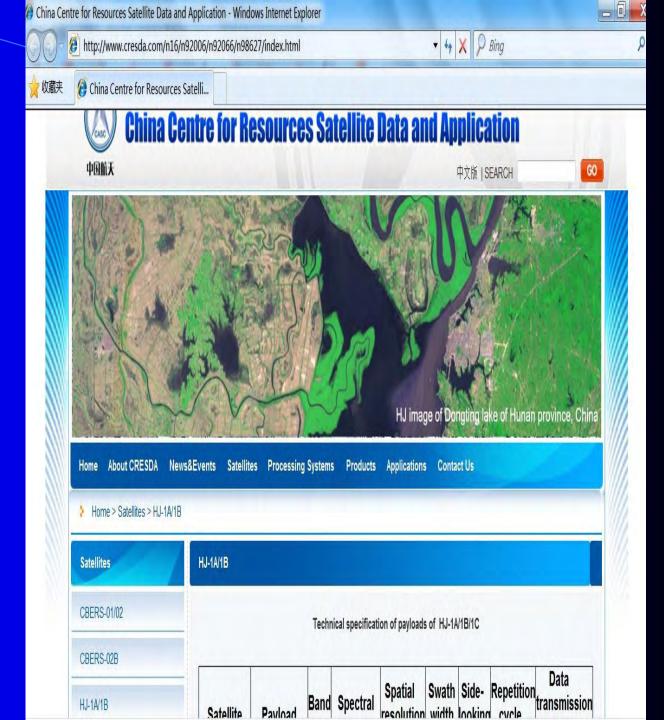
http://satellite.cms. gov.cn/ArssEn/

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FY3B	FY3A							
Sensor	•				Satellite	Sensor	Product	
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						May 27, 2008.		
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FY-32	A MERSI Level 1 1KM Eas	th View Data	HDF	1000M	L1	MS	MLT	
FY-32	A MERSI Level 1 Onboard	calibration	HDF	-	L1	MS	MLT	
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Access the HJ1A/1B satellite data

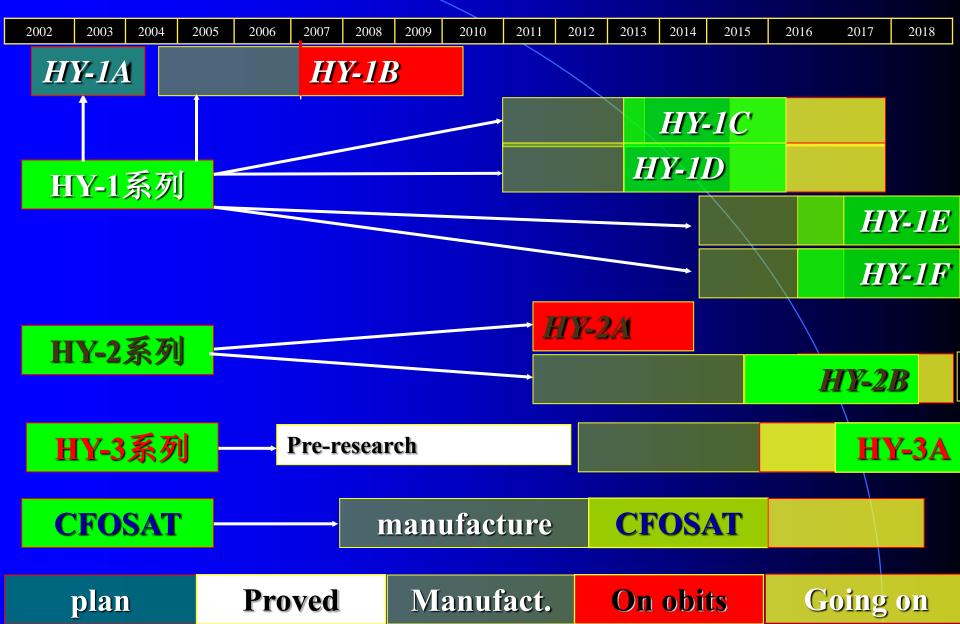
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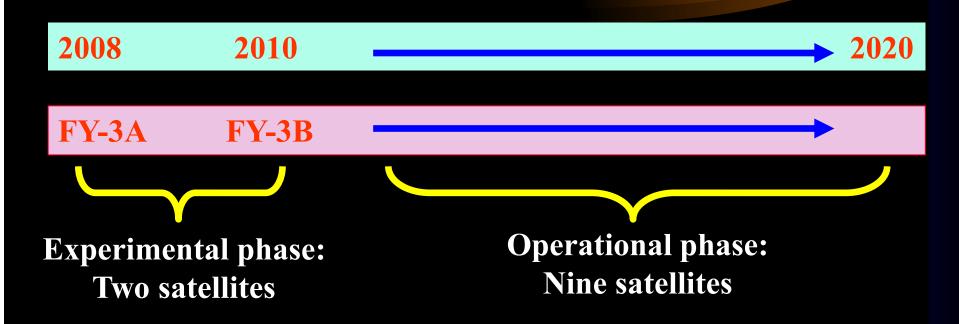
1. The Present Chinese satellite missions for ocean remote sensing

2. The future Chinese satellite missions for ocean remote sensing

HY ocean satellite missions

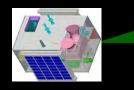


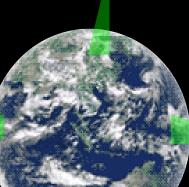
Future plan of the FY-3 series satellite mission



Future plan of the HJ-1 series satellite mission

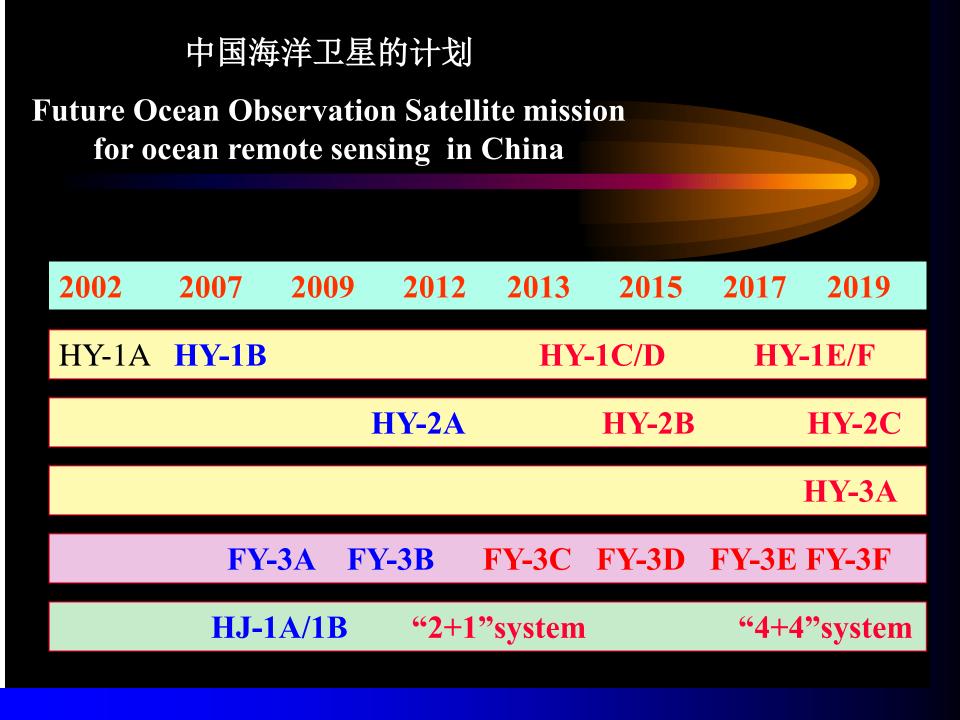
➢ First stage, China had launched two optical satellites (HJ-1A/1B) in 2008, and plan to launch one SAR satellite, form the "2+1" system







Finally, China will launch another 4 optical satellites and 4 SAR satellites, form the "4+4" system.



Summary (1)

- Presently, there are four satellite missions can be used for the ocean remote sensing in China, including the Ocean Observation Satellites (HaiYang,HY series), Meteorological Satellites (FengYun,FY series), Environment and Disaster Monitoring Satellites (HJ series), and Spacecraft (SZ series).
- The second ocean color satellite HY-1B is still operational running, and the first ocean dynamic satellite HY-2A is under testing and to be operational running.
- Two meteorological satellites FY-3A and FY-3B are operational running with global monitoring capacity.
- Two environment and disaster monitoring satellites HJ-1A and HJ-1B are still operational running with high spatial and spectral resolution.

Summary (2)

Future, China will launch the three series Ocean Observation Sutellite, including the HY-1 series for ocean color and temperature, HY-2 series for ocean dynamic, and HY-3 series for ocean watch and monitoring.

Also, China will launch the meteorological satellites FY-3 series and environment and disaster monitoring satellites, which can be used for the ocean remote sensing.

谢谢!

Thanks for your attention!