

IPUMS Data Training Exercise:

CPS Extraction and Analysis

(SAS Exercise 1)



Learning goals

- Gain an understanding of how the IPUMS dataset is structured and how it can be leveraged to explore your research interests.
- Create and download an IPUMS data extract
- Decompress data file and read data into SAS
- Analyze the data using sample code
- Validate data analysis work using answer key

Summary

This exercise will use the IPUMS dataset to explore associations to answer the research questions: "What is the frequency of food stamp recipiency in the US?" and "Are health and work statuses related?". You will create a data extract that includes the variables PERNUM, FOODSTMP, AGE, EMPSTAT, AHRSWORKT, and HEALTH; then you will use sample code to analyze these data.

SAS Code to Review

Code	Purpose
proc freq;	Begins a frequency procedure
proc means;	Begins a means procedure, returns the mean value of a variable.
tables	Required syntax to display frequencies
where	Selects only specific cases to include in a procedure

Common Mistakes to Avoid

- Not fully decompressing the data
- Giving the wrong filepath to indicate the dataset
- Forget to close a procedure with "run;"
- Forget to terminate a command with a semicolon ";"

Registering with IPUMS

Go to <u>http://cps.ipums.org</u>, click on Register with IPUMS and apply for access. On login screen, enter email address and password and submit it!

Creating and downloading an IPUMS data extract

Make an Extract

- Go back to homepage and go to Select Data
- Click the Select Samples box, check the box for the 2011 ASEC sample, Click the Submit sample selections box
 - Using the drop down menu or search feature, select the following variables:
 - PERNUM: Person number in sample unit
 - FOODSTMP: Food stamp receipt
 - AGE: Age
 - EMPSTAT: Employment status
 - AHRSWORKT: Hours worked last week
 - HEALTH: Health status

Request the Data

- Click the VIEW CART button under your data cart
- Review variable selection. Click the Create Data Extract button



- Review the 'Extract Request Summary' screen, describe your extract and click Submit Extract
- You will get an email when the data is available to download
 - To get to the page to download the data, follow the link in the email, or follow the Download and Revise Extracts link on the homepage

Getting the data into your statistics software

The following instructions are for SAS. If you would like to use a different stats package, see: <u>http://cps.ipums.org/cps/extract_instructions.shtml</u>

Download the Data

- Go to http://cps.ipums.org and click on Download or Revise Extracts
 - Right-click on the data link next to extract you created
 - Choose "Save Target As..." (or "Save Link As...")
 - Save into "Documents" (that should pop up as the default location)
- Do the same thing for the SAS link next to the extract

Decompress the Data

- Find the "Documents" folder under the Start menu.
- Right click on the ".dat" file
 - Use your decompression software to extract here
 - Free decompression software is available at: <u>https://www.7-zip.org</u>
- Double-check that the Documents folder contains three files starting "cps_000..."

Read in the Data

- Open the "cps_000##.sas" file.
 - In the do file window, change the first line from "libname IPUMS '.'" to "libname IPUMS \\Documents...;" using the file directory where you saved your data files.
 - After "filename ASCIIDAT", enter the full file location, ending with cps_000##.dat";
- Choose Submit under the Run file menu.



Analyze the Sample

Part I: Frequencies of FOODSTMP

- 1. On the website, find the codes page for the FOODSTMP variable and write down the code value, and what category each code represents.
- 2. What is the universe for FOODSTMP in 2011 (under the Universe tab on the website)?
- 3. How many people received food stamps in 2011? ____
- 4. What proportion of the population received food stamps in 2011?

proc	freq;	
	tables	foodstmp;
	weight	asecwt;

run;

Using household weights (ASECWTH)

Suppose you were interested not in the number of people living in homes that received food stamps, but in the number of households that were food stamp participants. To get this statistic you would need to use the household weight.

To use household weight, you should be careful to select only one person from each household to represent that household's characteristics. You will need to apply the household weight (ASECWTH).

- 5. How many households received food stamps in 2011? _____
- 6. What proportion of households received food stamps in 2011?



```
proc freq;
```

tables foodstmp;

where pernum in (1);

weight asecwth;

run;

Part II: Relationships in the Data

- 7. What is the universe for EMPSTAT in 2011? _____
- 8. What are the possible responses and codes for the self-reported HEALTH variable? _____
- 9. What percent of people with 'poor' self-reported health are at work?

```
proc freq;
```

```
tables empstat;
```

```
where health in (5);
```

```
weight asecwt;
```

run;

10. What percent of people with 'very good' self-reported health are at work?



11. In the EMPSTAT universe, what percent of people:

- a. self-report 'poor' health and are at work?
- b. self-report 'very good' health and are at work? _____



proc	freq;
	tables empstat;
	where health in (5) and age $\geq=15;$
	weight asecwt;
run;	

proc	freq;
	tables empstat;
	where health in (2) and age $>=15;$
	weight asecwt;
run;	

Part III: Relationships in the Data

- 12. What is the universe for AHRSWORKT? ____
- 13. What are the average hours of work (even if they did not work last week) for each self-reported health category? _____

```
proc means;
class health;
var ahrsworkt;
where age >=15 and ahrsworkt < 999;
weight asecwt;
run;
```



Answers

Part I: Frequencies of FOODSTMP

- On the website, find the codes page for the FOODSTMP variable and write down the code value, and what category each code represents. <u>0 NIU; 1 No; 2</u> Yes
- 2. What is the universe for FOODSTMP in 2011 (under the Universe tab on the website)? <u>All interviewed households and group quarters. Note the NIU on the codes page, this is a household variable and the NIU cases are the vacant households.</u>
- 3. How many people received food stamps in 2011? 39,187,348
- 4. What proportion of the population received food stamps in 2011? 12.8%

Using household weights (ASECWTH)

- 5. How many households received food stamps in 2011? 12,855,283 households
- What proportion of households received food stamps in 2011? <u>10.7% of</u> households

Part II: Relationships in the Data

- What is the universe for EMPSTAT in 2011? <u>1967 1987 age 14+; 1988 2011</u> age <u>15+</u>
- 8. What are the possible responses and codes for the self-reported HEALTH variable? Excellent; 2 Very Good; 3 Good; 4 Fair; 5 Poor
- 9. What percent of people with 'poor' self-reported health are at work? 11.6%
- 10. What percent of people with 'very good' self-reported health are at work? 51.6%
- 11. In the EMPSTAT universe, what percent of people:
 - a. self-report 'poor' health and are at work? 11.8%
 - b. self-report 'very good' health and are at work? 64.0%



Part III: Relationships in the Data

- 12. What is the universe for AHRSWORKT? Civilians age 15+, at work last week
- 13. What are the average hours of work (even if they did not work last week) for each self-reported health category? Excellent 38.4; Very Good 38.66; Good –

<u>37.78;</u> Fair – 35.67; Poor – 32.41

