Adversarial training for multi-context joint entity and relation extraction

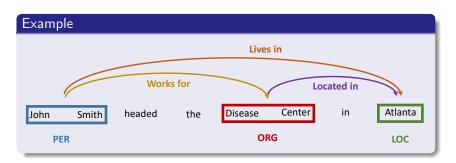
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Problem

Joint entity recognition and relation extraction



Tasks

- Entity recognition □ □ □

Our idea

(1) + (2) with adversarial training

- Introduction
- Baseline model
- Adversarial model
- Experimental results
- Conclusions

Introduction

Adversarial training

Idea

Regularization method to improve the robustness of neural network methods by adding small perturbations in the training data.



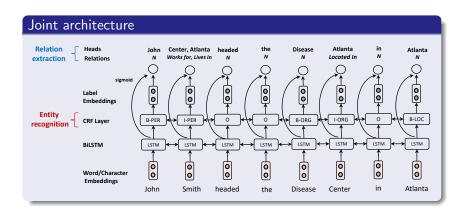
Figure: Goodfellow et al. (2015).

In NLP

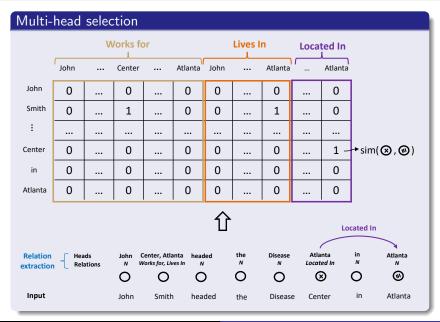
- Text classification (Miyato et al., 2017)
- Relation extraction (Wu et al., 2017)
- POS tagging (Yasunaga et al., 2018)

- Introduction
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Baseline model



Relation extraction



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Adversarial model

Training Heads Atlanta in John Center, Atlanta headed the Disease Atlanta Works for, Lives In Located In Relations sigmoid 00 0 0 0 00 0 0 Label **Embeddings** B-LOC I-ORG I-PER **CRF Laver** B-ORG BILSTM perturbation η_2 η₃ 0 Word/Character 0 **Embeddings**

the

Disease

Center

- Adding worst case noise from the perspective of the loss
- $\eta_{adv} = \operatorname{argmax}_{\|\eta\| \le \epsilon} \mathcal{L}_{\mathsf{Joint}}(w + \eta; \hat{\theta}) \to \eta_{adv} = \epsilon g / \|g\|$ with $g = \nabla_w \mathcal{L}_{\mathsf{Joint}}(w; \hat{\theta})$ (Goodfellow et al., 2015)

Iohn

Smith

headed

in

Atlanta

- Introduction
- Adversarial model
- 4 Experimental results

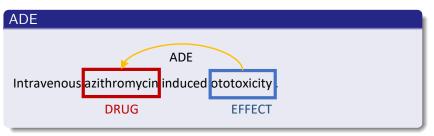
Experimental results **Datasets**





Experimental results Datasets





Experimental results

Performance close or better compared to feature based models

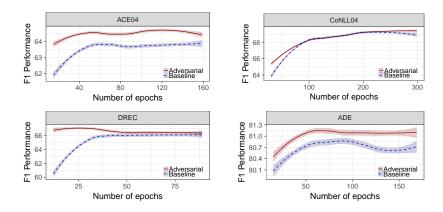
	Settings	Features	Entity	Relation	Overall F_1	
ACE 04	Miwa and Bansal (2016)	✓	81.80	48.40	65.10	~
	Katiyar and Cardie (2017)	X	79.60	45.70	62.65	
	baseline	X	81.16	47.14	64.15	
	baseline + AT	X	81.64	47.45	64.54	
	Gupta et al. (2016)	✓	92.40	69.90	81.15	
	Gupta et al. (2016)	X	88.80	58.30	73.60	
CoNLL 04	Adel and Schütze (2017)	X	82.10	62.50	72.30	\simeq
	baseline EC	×	93.26	67.01	80.14	
	baseline EC $+$ AT	×	93.04	67.99	80.51	
	Miwa and Sasaki (2014)	✓	80.70	61.00	70.85	
	baseline	X	83.04	61.04	72.04	>
	baseline + AT	×	83.61	61.95	72.78	
DREC	Bekoulis et al. (2018)	Х	79.11	49.70	64.41	
	baseline	×	82.30	52.81	67.56	
	baseline $+$ AT	X	82.96	53.87	68.42	
	baseline	Х	81.39	52.26	66.83	
	baseline + AT	×	82.04	53.12	67.58	
ADE	Li et al. (2016)	✓	79.50	63.40	71.45	
	Li et al. (2017)	✓	84.60	71.40	78.00	
	baseline	X	86.40	74.58	80.49	>>
	baseline + AT	Х	86.73	75.52	81.13	

Experimental results

Improvement for both entities and relations

				#	
	Settings	Features	Entity	Relation	Overall F ₁
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₹	baseline	X	86.40	74.58	80.49
	baseline + AT	X	86.73	75.52	81.13

Experimental results



- AT outperforms the neural baseline model consistently across multiple and diverse datasets
- Improvement of AT depends on the dataset

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Conclusions

- Investigate the consistent effectiveness of AT as a regularization method over a multi-context baseline joint model
- Large scale experimental evaluation
- Improvement for each task separately, as well as the overall performance of the baseline joint model

Code: https://github.com/bekou/multihead_joint_entity_ relation_extraction

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