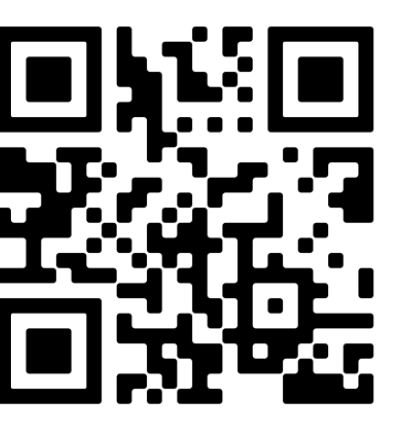


Maskomaly: Zero-shot Mask Anomaly Segmentation



SCAN ME

Jan Ackermann, Christos Sakaridis, Fisher Yu

<https://github.com/jan-ackermann/maskomaly>

ETH zürich



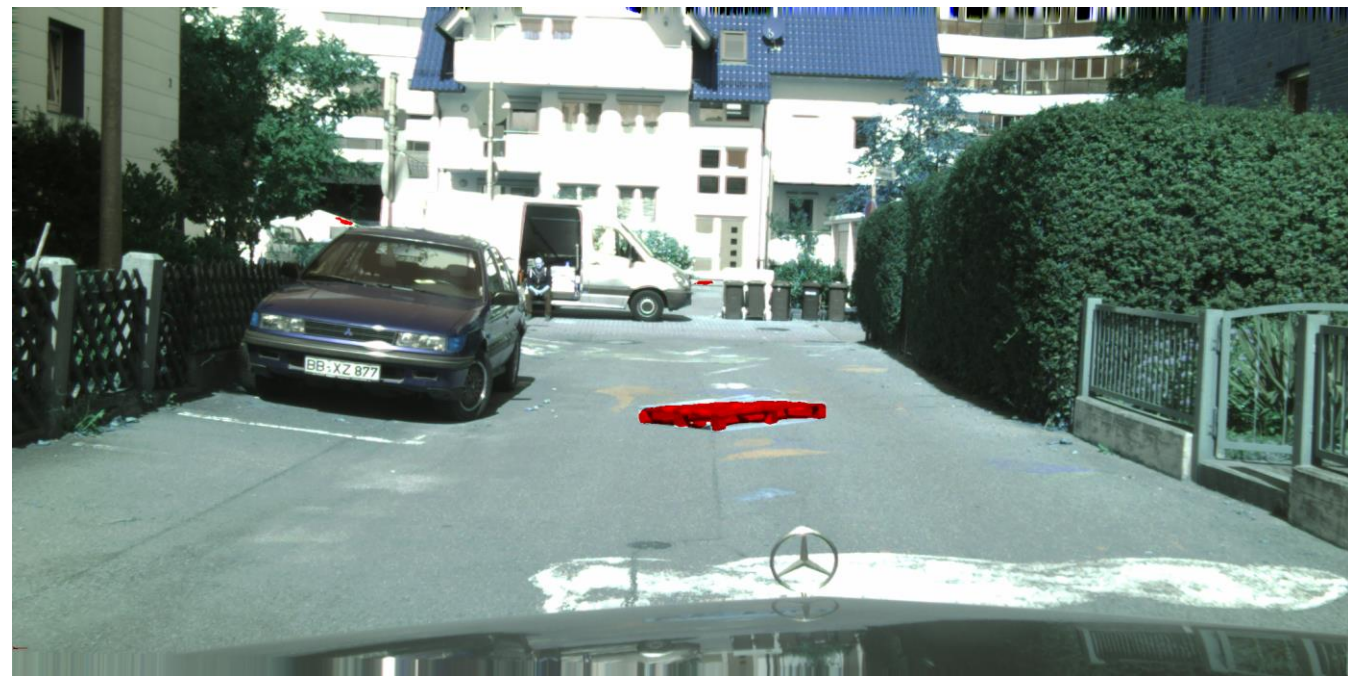
CVL Computer Vision Lab

Anomaly Segmentation

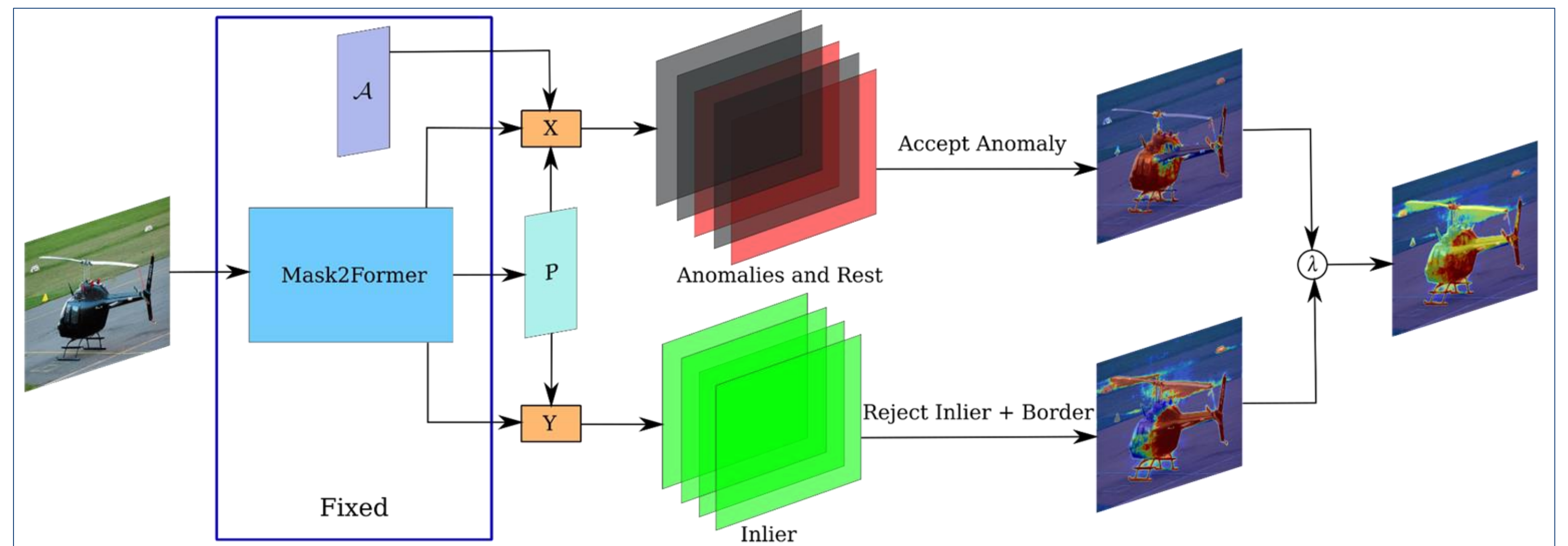
Given set of **inlier classes** and **image**, segment regions that semantically not belong to any of the inlier classes

Datasets for autonomous driving consider anomalous what is not a class in **CityScapes**

Only the wooden pallet is marked red because it is not a class in CityScapes



Maskomaly



- Pure **Post-processing: no training**
- Builds up on **Mask-based Segmentation Networks**
- Combines idea of **rejecting inlier areas** and **accepting anomalous regions**
- Deals with **border regions** explicitly

```

Algorithm 1 Maskomaly, Hyperparameters = {Tmask, Tb, εb, λ}
1: function MASKOMALY(M, P, A, I)
2:   for 1 ≤ n ≤ N do                                     ▷ Add inlier masks to I
3:     if (argmax1 ≤ l ≤ C+1 pn[l]) ≠ C + 1 ∧ (max1 ≤ l ≤ C+1 pn[l]) ≥ Tmask then
4:       I ← I ∪ {n}
5:   for i, j ∈ H × W do                                   ▷ Reject inlier pixels
6:     oreject[i, j] ← minn ∈ I (1 - mn[i, j] · max1 ≤ l ≤ C pn[l])
7:   for {k, n} ⊆ I do                                     ▷ Reject borders
8:     b ← (mk > Tb) ⊙ (mn > Tb})
9:     b ← min(1 - b + εb, 1)
10:    oreject = min(oreject, b)
11:  for i, j ∈ H × W do                                   ▷ Accept anomalous predictions
12:    oaccept[i, j] ← maxn ∈ A (mn[i, j] · pn[C + 1])
13:  return λ · oreject + (1 - λ) · oaccept                 ▷ Interpolate reject and accept scores
    
```

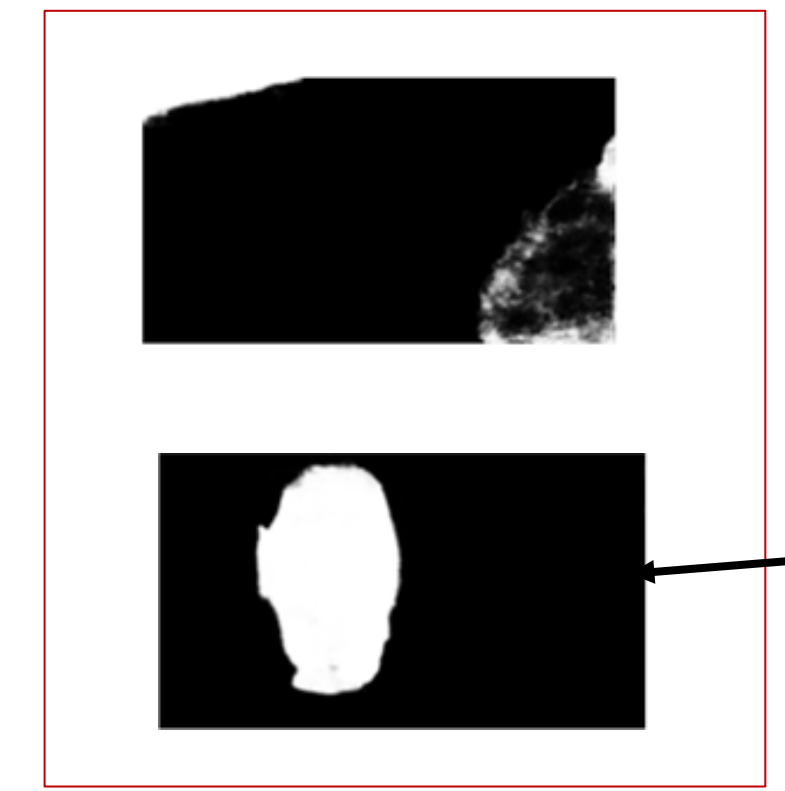
- **Key Insight:** Mask-based Segmentation Networks learn **fixed queries** that predict masks for anomalies which are discarded by the segmentation algorithm



Segmentation



Used



Discarded

Anomaly

MDM – Maximal Detection Margin

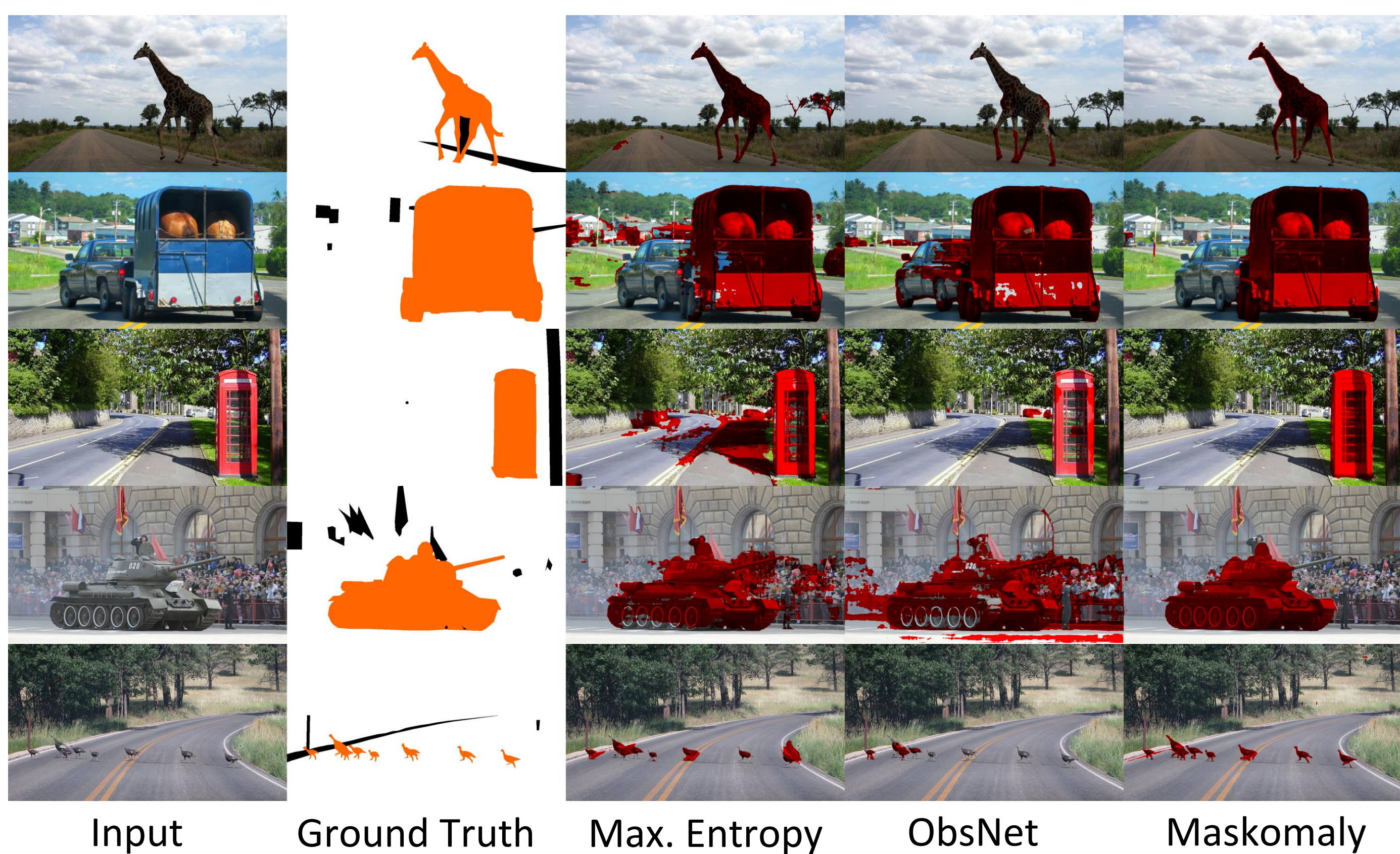
- Designing method around AP is not practical (only requires existence of a good threshold)
- Need for metric that captures robustness regarding threshold choice



Columns: dense prediction, thresholded at 0.3, 0.5, 0.8
Lower column is more desirable, but AP is close (95.5% vs. 98.9%)

$$\text{MDM}_d^{T_{\text{margin}}}(A, B) = \max_{0 \leq x < y \leq 1} (y - x) \cdot \mathbb{1} \{ \forall z \in [x, y] : d(A > z, B) > T_{\text{margin}} \}.$$

Results



- No missing patches inside segmented anomaly
- High accuracy around borders
- No predictions in non-anomalous areas
- Visualization threshold by optimizing F1

Method	Aux. data	SMIYC				
		AP ↑	FPR95 ↓	sIoU gt ↑	PPV ↑	Mean F1 ↑
DenseHybrid	Yes	78.0	9.8	54.2	24.1	31.1
Max. Entropy	Yes	85.5	15.0	49.2	39.5	28.7
EAM	Yes	93.8	4.1	67.1	53.8	60.9
RbA	Yes	94.5	4.6	64.9	47.5	51.9
DenseHybrid	No	51.5	33.2	-	-	-
ObsNet	No	75.4	26.7	44.2	52.6	45.1
EAM	No	76.3	93.9	-	-	-
RbA	No	86.1	15.9	56.3	41.4	42.0
Maskomaly	No	93.4	6.9	55.4	51.5	49.9

Method	Aux. data	RoadAnomaly				FishyScapes Static	
		AP ↑	FPR95 ↓	MDM ↑	MDM ↑	AP ↑	FPR95 ↓
SynBoost	Yes	38.2	64.8	0.0	0.0	66.4	25.6
PEBAL	Yes	45.1	44.6	-	-	92.1	1.5
DenseHybrid	Yes	63.9	43.2	-	-	60.0	4.9
Max. Entropy	Yes	79.7	19.3	25.2	9.2	76.3	7.1
ObsNet	No	54.7	60.0	5.1	0.0	9.4	47.7
GMMSeg	No	57.7	44.3	-	-	82.6	-
EAM	Yes	66.7	13.4	-	-	87.3	2.1
Maskomaly	Yes	70.9	11.9	67.1	35.9	69.5	14.4

Ablations:

Acc.	Rej.	Bord.	Init.	RoadAnomaly			SMIYC	
				AP ↑	FPR95 ↓	AUC ↑	AP ↑	FPR95 ↓
Yes	No	No	No	46.0	26.3	89.2	-	-
No	Yes	No	No	45.3	19.3	91.3	-	-
No	Yes	Yes	No	45.5	15.7	92.0	58.4	23.4
Yes	Yes	Yes	No	63.2	14.8	94.2	-	-
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	70.9	11.9	95.5	93.4	6.9

Experimental configuration:

- Backbone: **Mask2Former/Swin-L** trained on **Cityscapes** for segmentation
- Validation set: **SMIYC Validation**
- Evaluated on: SMIYC, FishyScapes, RoadAnomaly, StreetHazards

Quantitative Results:

- Maskomaly achieves **state-of-the-art** performance
- MDM is more informative than AP.

- Incrementally adding components always leads to an improvement in AP