ORACLE

Managing and Monitoring MySQL: What's New?

Sriram Vrinda Product Management - MySQL Observability

Agenda

- Introduction
- Overview of monitoring in MySQL HeatWave service in OCI (MHS)
- New capabilities for Observability and Management of MySQL systems
- Demo
- Q&A



Introduction

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Public cloud, hybrid cloud, and multicloud

Database Management

Unified console for on-premises and cloud databases with lifecycle database management capabilities for monitoring, performance management, tuning, and administration

Stack Monitoring

Stack Monitoring provides discovery and monitoring of databases, hosts and other application tech stack components, enabling correlation of status and performance across the stack

Ops Insights

Predict and plan for future demand, eliminate systemic issues using advanced analytics on curated telemetry and longterm data

Logging Analytics

Proactive, repeatable, and automated problem detection and monitoring in a business context. Simplified IT Ops and DevOps using interactive ML/Al-driven advanced analytics

New Capabilities for MySQL Database Management

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New Capabilities for MySQL Database Management 100% developed, managed, and supported by Oracle



Database Management services for MySQL

Categories	Capabilities
Database Management	 General Availability: October. 2023 for MDS Fleet and single DB dashboard Collects ~40 key metrics with monitoring UI showing 7 days of historical data for correlation Utilizes OCI Monitoring service data store & OCI Alarm capability Performance Hub: Database performance diagnostics and troubleshooting Basic configuration information Configuration parameters organized by categories & searchable with links to MySQL config template for modification
Operations Insights	 General Availability: July 2024 for MDS Capacity Planning and Forecasting SQL Explorer plus Warehouse

Note: Support for On-premises deployment would be GA in July 2024

MySQL Enterprise Monitor

MySQL Enterprise Monitor (MEM) End of Life (EOL) Announcement (Doc ID 3008050.1)

APPLIES TO:

MySQL Enterprise Monitor - Version 1.0 to 8.0 [Release 1.0 to 8.0] Information in this document applies to any platform.

DETAILS

MySQL Enterprise Monitor (MEM) will be end of life and deprecated with obsolescence as of January 1, 2025.

After this date, MySQL Enterprise Monitor will no longer receive security updates, non-security updates, bug fixes, or online technical content updates. It will transition to the Sustaining Support model.

ACTIONS

What to expect when MySQL Enterprise Monitor reaches the end of life (EOL):

- MySQL will cease all bug-fix activities for the product.
- MySQL will cease all security fix activities for the product.
- MySQL will cease all new feature work for the product.

Sustaining Support does not include:

- New program updates, fixes, security alerts, and critical patch updates
- New tax, legal, or regulatory updates
- New upgrade scripts
- · Certification with new third party products/versions
- 24 hour commitment and response guidelines for Severity 1 service requests as defined in "Section 9 Severity Definitions" in the document titled "Oracle Software Technical Support Policies"
- Previously released fixes or updates that Oracle has withdrawn from publication. Older or existing published software bundles will remain available as archived content.

For the set of Oracle Technical Support Policies, visit: <u>https://www.oracle.com/support/policies.html</u> For an explanation of the different support models (like Sustaining Support), visit: <u>https://www.oracle.com/support/lifetime-support</u>/

For customers that are currently using earlier versions of MySQL Enterprise Monitor, your options include:

- Use Enterprise Manager for MySQL. This is a free product for customers with a valid Oracle Support Contract.
 For more info, visit: <a href="https://blogs.oracle.com/observability/post/comprehensive-monitoring-and-compliance-management-for-mysgl-databases-using-enterprise-management-for-mysgl
- Use the database monitoring capabilities of the OCI Database Management service. For MySQL on-premises customers, this is a paid feature that will be released soon.
 For more info, visit: https://blogs.oracle.com/mysql/post/database-management-for-mysql-heatwave

Monitoring MySQL databases in OCI

OCI monitoring service



OCI Console supports native monitoring and management of MySQL DB System in OCI

Metrics

- MySQL metrics to diagnose and troubleshoot problems
- Create alarms on key metrics based on thresholds

Events and Notification

- OCI Events can be used get informed about state change of MySQL resources.
 - Example: create/terminate, backup operations etc.
- Monitoring, events and notification service can also be integrated with third party services like Pager duty and Slack for operations management

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Database Management Service

On-demand subscription based cloud service

Leading database performance diagnostics

- Combines back-end instrumentation and tools with visualizationdriven interfaces
- Single pane of glass management view for databases deployed anywhere

Cloud native

- Fully managed by Oracle
- True cloud elasticity, low operations cost

Key use cases

- Monitor fleet of databases
- Real-time performance diagnostics
- Monitor databases deployed on multicloud or on-premises

Database Management			
Overview Fleet Summary Oracle MySOL Exadata Infrastructure Database Groups Administration	Database Fleet Performance D A single interface to monitor and manage Oracle and descomprehensive database performance diag • Monitor, analyze, and diagnose database perform • Perform management tasks across a fleet or grou Pricing Documentation • Monitor MySOL Databases. Database Manageme performance diagnostics.	iagnostics and Management I MySQL Databases. Database Management service portes and management capabilities to: ance up of databases ant service provides comprehensive database	CET STARTED Enable Databases • Carcele Databases • External Databases • Cloud Databases • Autonomous Databases • My/SQL Databases
Operations Insights Capacity Planning Oracle SQL Warehouse Scope	Oracle Databases Image: Constraint of the state of th	MySQL Databases the state of the state o	Related Services
Compartment eStore endemo (root)/eStore	Fleet Summary Monitor the availability, performance, and resource summary of your fleet of Oracle Databases	Database Groups	Administration Enable Databases Management to monitor your Oracle Databases and MySQL Databases

Fleet monitoring and management

Unified fleet view of databases across Oracle Cloud and on-premises

- On the Fleet Summary page, you can monitor multiple Databases
 - MySQL, Autonomous, On-premises

Native OCI metrics for DevOps event alarms and monitoring

Drill down from the Fleet Summary page to a specific MySQL database of interest

Visualization-driven load and performance analysis

Inventory 2	Version 8.0	Monitoring status	€ Up	Resource CPU 2 avg active Storage 4.81 GB of Memory 8.58 GB of	e usage re CPU of 2 used of 10 used of 16	2 allocated 0 GB alloca GB allocate	ited ed	Alarms (i) No open alarms.
DB system name	Monitoring status	Average statements (i)	Average latency	statement i	CPU utiliz	ation	Storage utilization	Memory utilization
Sales-MDS	🕒 Up	1		10 ms		65%	4%	
HR-MDS	• Up	1		7 ms		64%	4%	6 49%
						(1-2	of 2 items) k	< 1 > >
Database Overview Oracle Data MySQL He Exadata Inf Dashboard Database O Administrat Scope	ACLE Cloud Co Management abase atWave rastructure s iroups ion	Ud Classic >> Search resources, servin MySQL HeatWave fit compartment MySQL databases HeatWave Inventory Shape Shape HeatWave 320B HeatWave 320B	ees, documentation. leet summ a clusters () Monitoring st	and Marketplace harry <i>in</i> DBM atus Up Up Unk	Aonitoring Resource usag Memory I 11.96 GB used o CPU I 1.84% used	IS East (Ashburn) Time Last Toda ge	eriod GO min V 2007 PM - 05 97 PM UTC Alarms (No open alar	 ♥ ♥ ● ms.
Compartmen		Q Search	Manitaving		Lakebouse	Mamani		- 8
DBMonitorii paasdevomc (ro	ng C	Cluster DB system name	status	Nodes		utilization	CPU utilization	
Filters		aws_hw_test_8.1	• Up	1	Disabled	•	9%	12%
Monitoring st	atus	aws_hw_test	🔵 Up	1	Disabled		1%	< 1%

Performance summary

Drill down from the Fleet Summary page to a specific MySQL database of interest to monitor:

- Average statement latency
- CPU utilization
- Disk IOPS
- Memory
- Network throughput

Metrics page for detailed charts of all the available metrics for better co-relation

Configuration variables used by the running instances, view them by various filters, etc.

MDS	Performance Hub MySQL database	a information	
AVAILABLE	Compartment: d DB system name: OCID:bagqha Version: 8.0.36-u	ev/w24 • mysof-asodom Show, <u>Caov</u> 1-cloud	Open alarms: 0 (i) No open alarms.
Resources	Summary		Time period Last 60 min Tosay 01:11 AM - 02:11 AM UTC
Summary Metrics Configuration variables	Monitoring status	strmeline () 01.22 01.52 01.42 01.42	
	Average statem 0.0004 0.0002 0.0002 0.0001 0.0000 01115 Mar 5, 2024	ent latency (seconds) 1120 0125 0130 0138 0140 0145 0150 0155 0200 0205 UTC	02:10 0 01:15 01:20 01:25 01:30 01:35 01:40 01:45 01:50 01:55 02:00 02:05 0
	Connections	■ Active	Current Memory (%) Utilization 100
Resources summary Metrics Configuration	rariables	Summary MySQL database HeatWave cluster Health status timeline () Health status timeline () Mar 8, 2024 urc 21:00 Mar 7	Time period Last 7 days Mar 6 03 27 PM - Mar 13 03 27 PM UTC Image: Comparison of the comparison of
		Aggregate node metrics Nodes All Statement count	C Memory () duster-node-1 (%) 100 80 60 C

Performance Hub for SQL performance management

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Monitor and troubleshoot query performance

- Quickly identify expensive queries that impact the performance of their applications
- Visualize query activity to gain further insight into performance beyond query statistics
- Filter for specific query problems like full table scans and bad indexes using advanced global search options
- Filter for queries offloaded to HeatWave Cluster
- Fix the root causes of poor performance directly in the SQL code



Real-time aggregation of query content and performance statistics without relying on MySQL logs or SHOW PROCESS LIST

- Aggregated and searchable roll-ups of all queries
- Canonical form of all queries
- Total number of query executions
- Total execution time of queries
- Total data size of queries
- Date and time when a query was "first seen"

Top 100 by No index used ×		Columns	▼ Search	
Query	Database	Average statement latency (\hat{i})	Total statement latency (i)	Total
SELECT `employees` . `first_name` , `employees` . `last_name` ,	employees	12.24 s	1.36 h	399
SELECT @@`version_comment` LIMIT ?	-	116.36 µs	46.43 ms	399
SELECT SCHEMA()	-	51.02 µs	20.36 ms	399

	Execution count			Total rows			F ind	T
Total	No index used	Status	Affected	Sent	Examined	Last seen	First seen	lemporary tables
399	0	0	0	399	399	Sep 8, 2023, 4:38:08 PM UTC	Aug 28, 2023, 10:53:01 AM	0
399	0	0	0	399	399	Sep 8, 2023, 4:38:08 PM UTC	Aug 28, 2023, 10:53:01 AM	0
399	399	0	0	44M	3,326M	Sep 8, 2023, 4:38:17 PM UTC	Aug 28, 2023, 10:53:13 AM	399

Analyzes data from Performance Schema to provide data about how statements generate their result sets drill down to specifics like:

- Table Lock time
- How many rows were examined versus returned
- How many temporary tables were created, and whether any were created on disk
- Whether range scans were done, and in what form they were done
- Whether sorting happened, how many rows were sorted, and what form the sort took

Performance Hub		SQL details		
Query	Data	Statement digest: de1370a3414b98926304 Shc Last seen: Mar 5, 2024, 2:10:59 AM UTC Normalized SQL:	Database: wine	First seen: Mar 4, 2024, 6:54:07 PM UTC
SELECT 'ROUND' ('UNIX_TIMESTAMP' (NOW (?))*?) AS TIME	-	UPDATE `A1P_USERS` `U` SET `USR_CHECK	OUT_COUNT` = `USR_CHECKOUT_COUNT	<pre>` + ? WHERE `USR_USERID` = ?</pre>
SELECT 'ROUND' ('UNIX_TIMESTAMP' (NOW (?).) *?) AS TIME	-			
INSERT INTO `wine_purchases` (NAME , `address`, `total`) VALU	wine			
SELECT 'variable_name' , 'variable_value' FROM 'sys' , 'metrics'	mysc			
SHOW VARIABLES LIKE ?	-			
SHOW GLOBAL VARIABLES WHERE 'Variable_name' IN ()	-	Execution time	Rows	Executions
SELECT SCHEMA_NAME . 'digest' . 'digest_text' . 'count_star'	mysc	Average: 367.77 μs Maximum: 587.4 μs	Total sent: 0 Total examined: 0	No index used: 0 No good index used: 0
SHOW GLOBAL STATUS LIKE ?	-	Minimum: 272.72 µs Total lock time: 19 µs		C Errors: 8 A Warnings: 0
UPDATE 'A1P_USERS' 'U' SET 'USR_CHECKOUT_COUNT' = 'U	wine	Quantile 95%: 602.56 μs Quantile 99%: 602.56 μs		
SELECT ('UNIX_TIMESTAMP' (NOW ()) - CAST ('variable_valu	-	Quantile 99.9%: 602.56 µs		
		Temporary tables	Selects	Sorts
		Tables: 0 Disk tables: 0	Full join: 0 Full range join: 0	Merge passes: 0 Range: 0
Close		Close		

Problem scenarios:

- Queries with high execution times
- Queries a high number of rows

t seen	Time range											
st 60 mins 🔻	Mar 5, 2024, 1:19:0	7 AM - 2:19:07 AM	UTC	10				Ľ	MySQL data	base details	Select char	ts 🔻 Refr
Average statement la	ency (seconds)											
0.0005												
0.0004												
0.0002												
0.0001												
01:20 Mar 5, 2024 UTC	01:25	01:30	01:35	01:40	01:45	01:50	01:55	02:00	02:05	5	02:10	02:15
							[object Object]					
								Colur	nns 🔻	Q Search		
op 100 by Average	statement lat \$	(i)										
Top 100 by Average	e statement lat 🗘	(i)				0		0	Execut	ion count		Total rows
Average Query	e statement lat \$	0	Database		Average statement lat	tency (i) 🔺	Total statement latency	<i>(</i> i)	Execut Total	ion count Status	Affected	Total rows Sent
Query SELECT 'ROUND' ('UNIX	e statement lat \$	())) <u>* ?) AS TIME</u>	Database		Average statement lat	tency (i) •	Total statement latency	√ €) 41.08 s	Execut Total 13K	ion count Status	Affected 0	Total rows Sent 163K
Cop 100 by Average Query SELECT 'ROUND' ('UND' SELECT 'ROUND' ('UND') SELECT 'ROUND' ('UND')	a statement lat ≎	()) <u>*?)AS TIME</u>	Database -		Average statement lat	tency (i) • 3.28 ms 3.11 ms	Total statement latency	41.08 s 38.96 s	Execut Total 13K 13K	Status	Affected 0	Total rows Sent 163K 326K
Top 100 by Average Query SELECT 'ROUND' ('UND' SELECT 'ROUND' ('UND' NUSERT INTO 'wine, purc'	timestamp" (NOW (Timestamp" (NOW (Timestamp" (NOW (timestamp" (NOW (() (), 2) AS TIME (), 2) AS TIME (), 2) AS TIME (), 2) AS TIME	Database - -		Average statement lat	tency (i) • 3.28 ms 3.11 ms 2.54 ms	Total statement latency	41.08 s 38.96 s 20.3 ms	Execut Total 13K 13K 8	tion count Status Warning	Affected 0	Total rows Sent 163K 326K

Solution approach using Performance Hub

- Identify queries with high execution times and small result sets
- Check if these queries are querying a large number of rows
- Determine if non-indexed columns are being used in the query
- Optimize the query by simplifying it or using indexed columns
- Monitor the performance of the query after optimization to ensure that the execution time has improved.

MySQL Autopilot indexing (Coming soon)

Recommends secondary indexes for OLTP workloads



Autopilot Indexing (Coming soon)

ML automation with MySQL HeatWave

Features

- ML-based feature designed to help optimize database systems for better cost and performance
- Considers both query and DML performance
- Recommends CREATE and DROP of indexes
- Generates DDLs for index creation/drop
- Provides performance prediction
- Provides storage prediction
- Continuous learning and adapting

Benefits

- DBAs no longer need to manually identify the secondary indexes for the database workload.
- Considers both the query performance and the cost of maintaining the indexes
- Predicts expected improvement without creating the indexes
- Provides explanation for the recommendations
- Oriented by performance objectives: throughput, latency, storage

New Capabilities for MySQL Database Management 100% developed, managed, and supported by Oracle



Predictive Insights

Predict demand from changing workloads

Forecast demand for changing workloads

- Max and average demand forecasts
- Machine learning seasonality models
- Automatic prediction of near-term issues

Quickly isolate the largest, most utilized, and fastest growing databases

Identify under-utilized and over-allocated footprint for right sizing

Insights and recommendations to right size your infrastructure and optimize resource utilization





Predictive Insights

Insights into SQL performance

Detect performance degradation in business-critical SQL

Correlate performance

Aggregate and compare across databases

Identify application scalability and inefficiency issues

Trend and forecast metrics seasonality via custom analytics for solving specific issues

- Detects causes, measure effects, then correlates them
 - Causes: workload changes, configuration changes
 - Effects: regressed SQL, reach resource limits (CPU, I/O, memory)

Top Statements by	Top Statements by Average Latency 🕐									
SCHEMA_NAME	DIGEST	COMMAND_TYPE	LATENCY	AVG_LATENCY_SECS	CPU_TIME	DB_TIME	AVG_ROWS_EXAMINED	AVG_ROWS_AFFECTED	AVG_FULL_SCANS	AVG
performance_schema	582031a417950bf149ff1fd0673fbbe230e3430607b7e2d7cdc15991d83451eb	SELECT	539.742	1.535	504.873	539.742	2,950,261	0	1	i i
performance_schema	29279e78f124ab86d7511d81212802da5aec106b8fc08bb3cc700107c6f8e011	SELECT	33.507	0.098	30.995	33.507	1,816.035	0	1	
sbtest	05c4ea6bb5d4e4e314ab8289b7bd6874a9e404732d4752a236378448a268	SELECT	81.23	0.044	6.318	81.23	400.991	0	0	
sblest	a0aa0018aea9df14946b24a30b55a15c5ae4d48c96e84acc2a5418c37d7e4	SELECT	81.718	0.041	6.448	81.718	400.95	0	0	







Maximizing reliability with automated proactive monitoring

MySQL HeatWave service finds the problems before you do

Oracle Cloud Operations uses continuous monitoring for each database: 8000+ metrics and 1500+ alarms

- Much broader than any on-premises customer
- Consolidated monitoring of entire stack: infrastructure, load balancer, connection manager, database

Automatic service requests are generated for each deviation

- Immediate investigation and resolution by cloud ops
- Root cause analysis for every issue
- Zero customer actions required

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