

CopyCat: Near-Duplicates Within and Between the ClueWeb and the Common Crawl

The Resource in a Nutshell

Web crawls contain many near-duplicates (i.e., documents with different URLs but very similar content). ChatNoir-CopyCat-21 is a precision-oriented near-duplicate resource consisting of (1) lists of near-duplicates within the ClueWeb09, the ClueWeb12, and two Common Crawl snapshots, as well as between selections of these crawls, and (2) a software library to deduplicate arbitrary document sets (e.g., TREC runs).

 github.com/chatnoir-eu/copycat

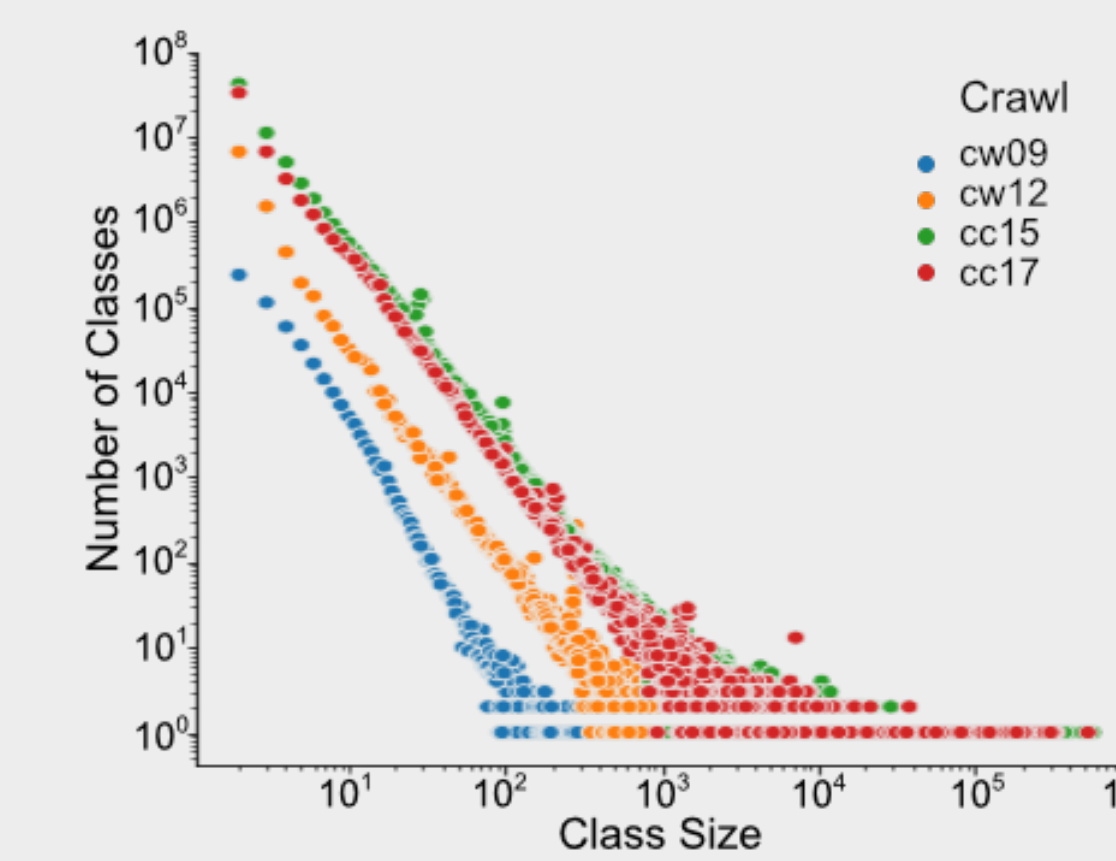
Compilation of Near-Duplicates

We compile the near-duplicates found in the ClueWeb09 (cw09), the ClueWeb12 (cw12), and the Common Crawls 2015-11 (cc15) and 2017-04 (cc17) into inclusion and exclusion lists for easy deduplication.

Statistic	Web crawl				Total
	cw09	cw12	cc15	cc17	
Compressed size	4.0 TB	4.5 TB	28.1 TB	54.0 TB	90.6 TB
Documents	1.0b	731.7m	1.8b	3.1b	6.7b
SimHash duplicates	145.6 m	201.2 m	907.2 m	1.0 b	2.3 b
Canonical links	3.0 m	67.1 m	747.5 m	1.5 b	2.3 b
Crawled duplicates	1.5 m	11.2 m	278.3 m	180.1 m	471.1 m
CopyCat duplicates	145.8 m	204.3 m	951.2 m	1.0 b	2.3 b

Parameter-Tuning on Canonical Links

We conduct a pilot study to semi-automatically label 360 million document pairs sampled from equivalence classes of canonical links.



- Exact all-pairs similarity
- Manual review of document pairs
- Precision-oriented threshold
- CopyCat runs SimHash in:
 - Entire crawls (Pr.: 0.97)
 - Classes of canonical links (Pr.: 0.94)

Deduplication in IR Experiments

Novelty Principle:

A document is irrelevant if it is content-equivalent to a document the user has already seen in the results.

Impact of the Novelty Principle:

- System effectiveness is overestimated
- Ranking of systems changed

Example:

The 47 relevant ClueWeb09 documents for the query designer dog breeds contain 40 near-duplicates of the Wikipedia article on the left.

[Bernstein et al., CIKM'05, Fröbe et al., ECIR'20]

Year	Web track		Near-dupl. in judgment			Near-dupl. in runs		
	Runs	Judg.	All	Relevant	Irrelevant	@10	@100	@1000
2009	71	13 118	0.14	0.18	0.11	0.11	0.17	0.19
2010	56	25 329	0.17	0.21	0.15	0.19	0.25	0.25
2011	37	19 381	0.19	0.21	0.19	0.21	0.24	0.25
2012	28	16 055	0.16	0.25	0.13	0.20	0.18	0.20
2013	34	14 474	0.17	0.13	0.17	0.12	0.19	0.26
2014	30	14 432	0.18	0.19	0.15	0.13	0.21	0.29

Overview of the proportion of near-duplicates (at an similarity threshold determined in the pilot study) in the relevance judgments and in the top-k results of submitted runs for the TREC Web tracks.

Method	All		Relevant		Irrelevant	
	Prec.	Rec.	Prec.	Rec.	Prec.	Rec.
SimHash	0.95	0.33	1.00	0.49	0.93	0.29
Can. Link	0.90	0.08	0.99	0.17	0.79	0.11
CopyCat	0.93	0.36	0.99	0.54	0.87	0.34

Precision and recall of inclusion and exclusion lists for runs submitted to the TREC Web tracks at depth 1,000 (for an similarity threshold determined in a pilot study).

 github.com/chatnoir-eu

Transfer of Relevance Labels

Motivation (cw09 Web Track):

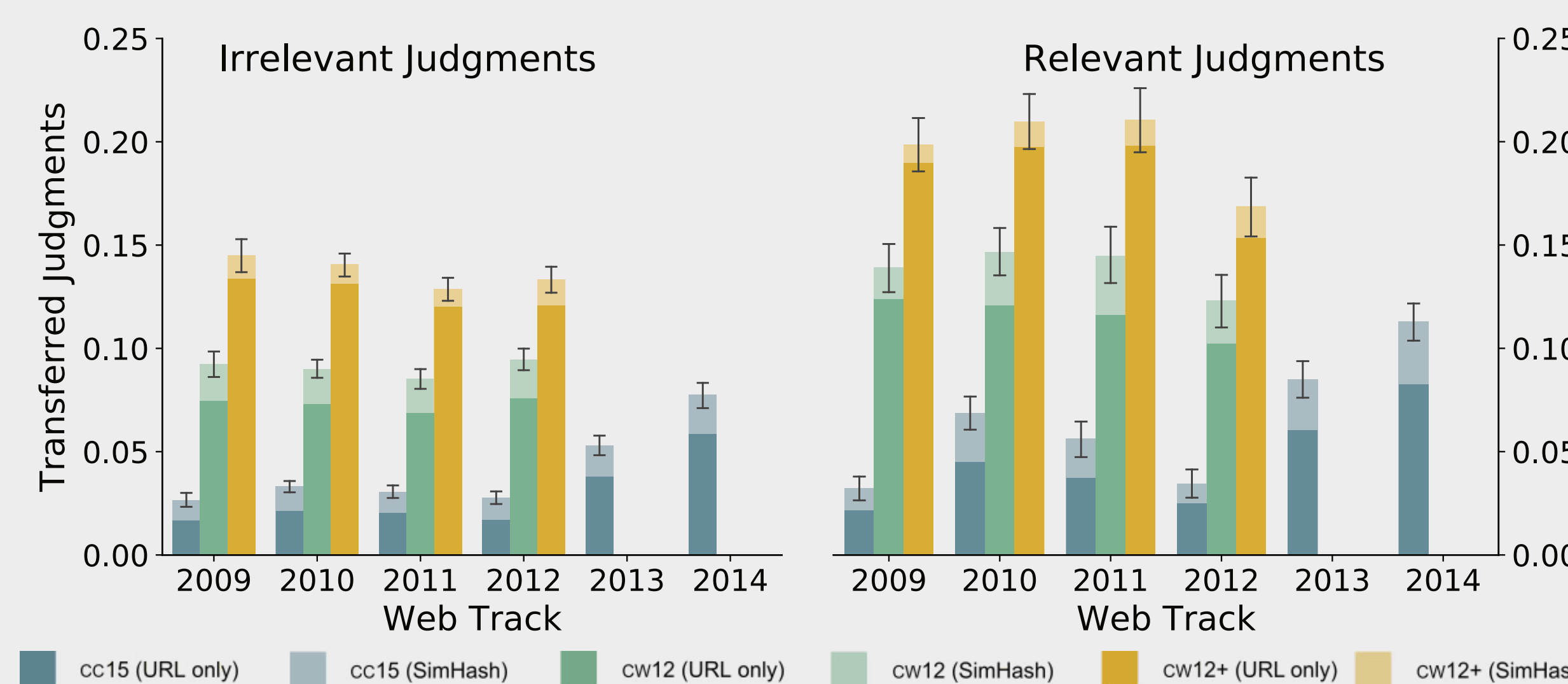
- 73,883 relevance judgments
- Estimated effort: 4 to 8 months

Idea:

Find near-duplicates of documents judged in an older crawl in a newer crawl to reuse existing topics while “saving” relevance judgments.

Example:

The pair shows a ClueWeb09 document judged as relevant for the query used car parts and its ClueWeb12 near-duplicate.



Ratio of successfully transferred (ir)relevant judgments targeting the Common Crawl 2015-11 (cc15), the ClueWeb12 (cw12), and a simulated ClueWeb12 including judged cw09 documents in its URL seeds (cw12+).

Changes in the system rankings in the 2009 Web track when only using transferred judgments.

