

FAPESP Bioenergy Research Program BIOEN: Science and Technology for Sustainable Bioenergy Production



Glaucia Mendes Souza

Instituto de Química - Universidade de São Paulo

Rubens Maciel

Faculdade de Engenharia Química

UNICAMP

Heitor Cantarella

Instituto Agronômico de Campinas

Marie-Anne Van Sluys

Instituto de Biociências Universidade de São Paulo

Andre Nassar

ICONE





"Many governments in the industrialized world are spending less in clean energy research now than they were a few years ago" (Editorial, Nature June 6th, 2012)

"What is missing are solutions that are cheap, scalable and politically viable"

Planet

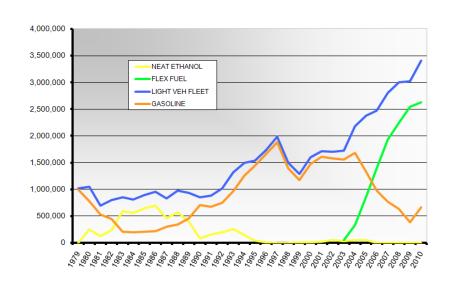
People Profit

Call for serious investment in renewable energy research Increased international cooperation Interdisciplinary and transdisciplinary approach to problems

Energy vs. Biodiversity Protection vs. Environmental Resources

Brazil as an example of a renewable energy matrix and the bioethanol program

The brazilian energy matrix is 47% renewable Bioethanol represents 20% of Brazil's fuel matrix



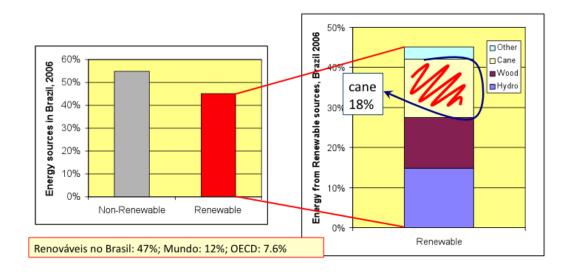
Total brazilian bioethanol production for 2012/13 is projected at 23.9 billion L

Total sugarcane production is estimated to be 571,47 million tons

Co-generation (burning of the bagasse in boilers) contributes to 4.7% of our electricity

15 million flex-fuel vehicles

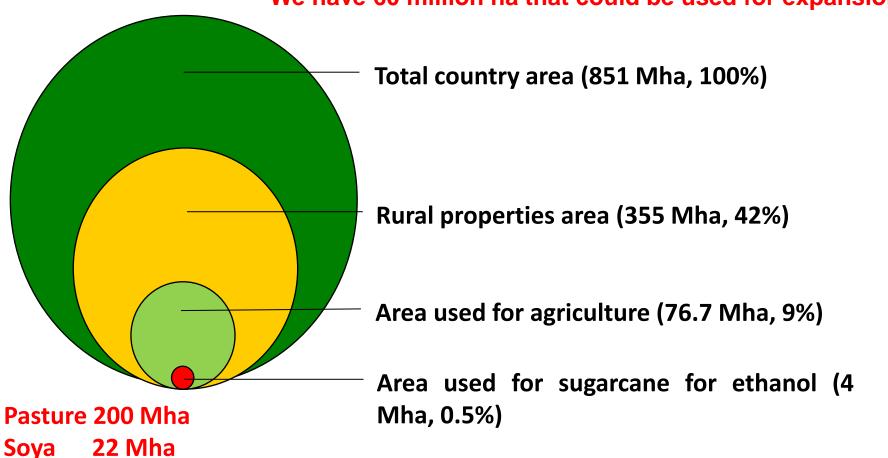
9 million ha sugarcane 405 mills



Small Bioenergy Footprint

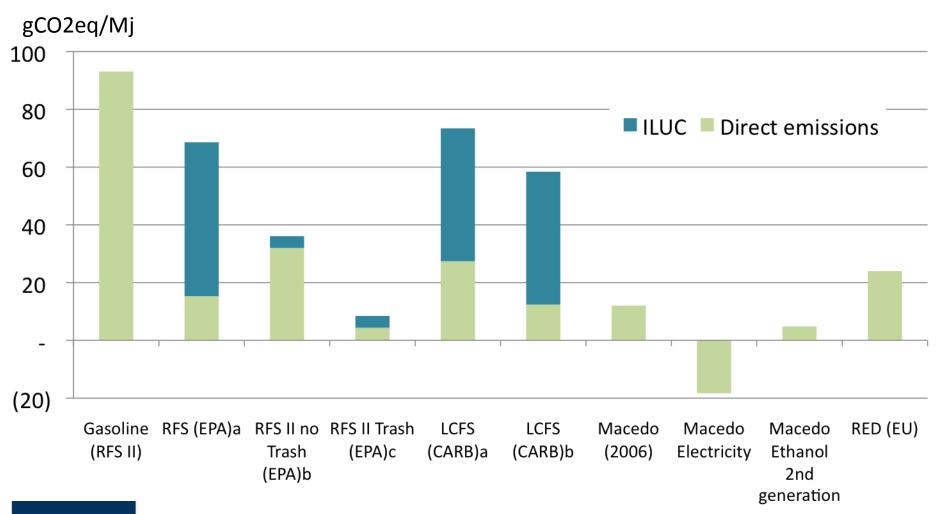
Sugarcane for ethanol uses 2% of agricultural area

We have 60 million ha that could be used for expansion



Source: Horta Nogueira e Seabra (2008)

80% reduction of GHG emissions using sugarcane ethanol



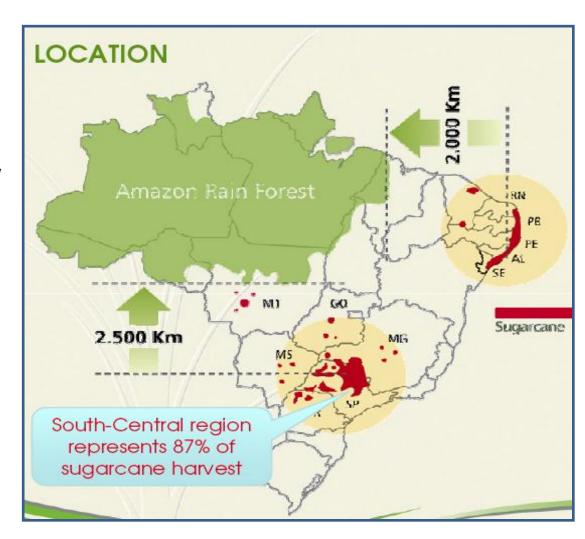


Mandates around the world: demand of 227 billion Liters of EtOH by 2022

Southwest: dry winter

Marginal land, pastureland, and
poor soils

- Drought resistance
- Crop breeding to new environments
- Revise nutritional needs and managing of fertilizers
- Recycle nutrients of crop and industry residues
- Land Use Change Models



FAPESP Bioenergy Research Program BIOEN

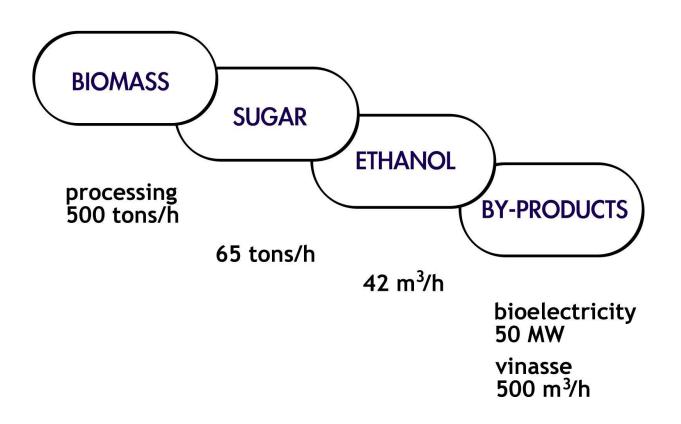
Fundamental knowledge and new technologies for a bio-based society

- Academic Basic and Applied Research (US\$ 30 million)
 59 grants, 300 brazilian researchers, collaborators from 15 countries
 - Regular, Theme and Young Investigator Awards
 Open to foreign scientists who want to come to Brazil
- State of São Paulo Bioenergy Research Center (US\$ 90 million)
- International partnerships
 United States, United Kingdom and The Netherlands
 (Oak Ridge National Laboratories, UKRC, BBSRC, BE-Basic)
- Innovation Technology, Joint industry-university research (5 years)
 (US\$ 83 million)

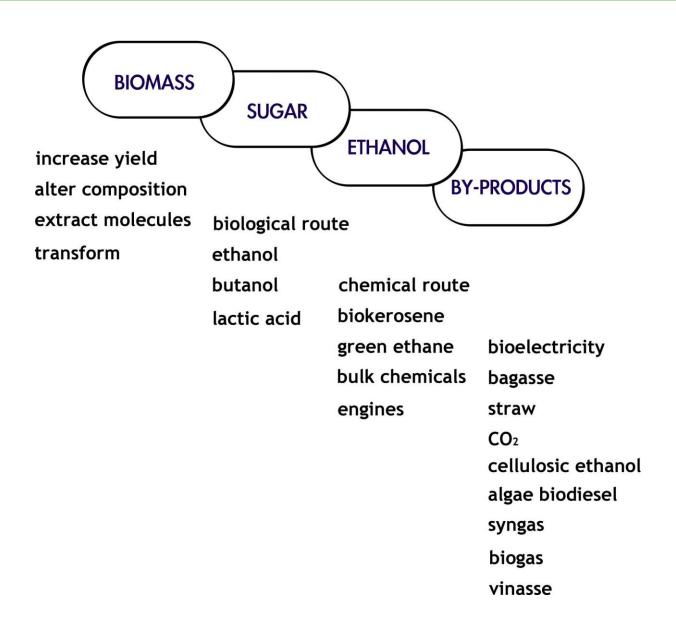
Company	Subject	Value by industry
Oxiteno	Lignocellulosic materials	US\$ 3,000,000
Braskem	Alcohol-chemistry	US\$ 25,000,000
Dedini	Processes	US\$ 50,000,000
ETH	Agricultural practices	US\$ 5,000,000
Microsoft	Computational development	US\$ 500,000

Australia
Austria
Belgium
China
Denmark
Finland
France
Germany
Guatemala
Italy
Portugal
Spain
The Netherlands
United Kingdom
United States

Sugarcane Agro-industry



Research to expand the industrial model

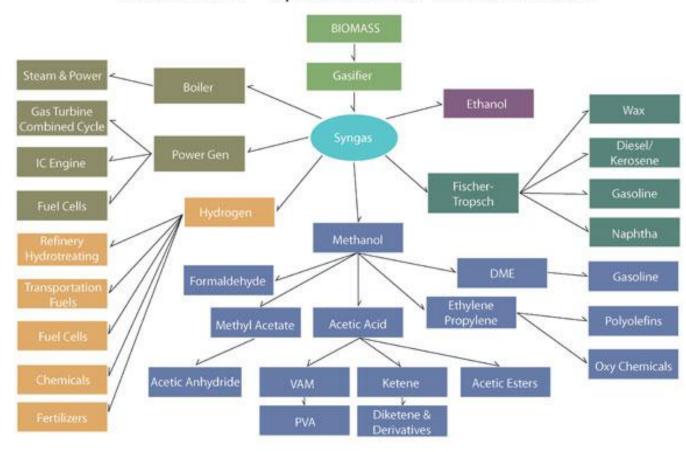


Biomass Gasification

Some advantages

- Almost any biomass can be used to produce Syngas with small adaptations required
- From Syngas many products can be otained (some need improvement)
- Use of Syngas as source of some products is consolidated using coal

Gasification - Options for Bio-based Products



Energy Crops and Green Technologies: a new Green Revolution

Development of biorefinery systems

- Zero-carbon emission biorefinery
- Complete substitution of petro-chemicals with biobased chemicals
- Low water footprint, low polution, low emissions
- •Alcohol chemistry, sugar chemistry, oil chemistry to diversify the biomass industry with co-products



New technologies for biomass processing, fuel production, engines

- Low cost of energy production from biomass
- Significantly positive energy balance
- Significant GHG reduction
- Low polution

Designing crops for energy production

- High yield and fast growth crop
- Able to produce under short growing seasons
- Tolerant to periodic drought and low temperatures
- Low nutrient inputs requirements
- Relatively small energy inputs for growth and harvest
- Ability to grow in sub-prime agricultural lands



Sugarcane: the highest tonnage crop

		Biomass*	
Type of yield	Cane yield (t ha ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹)	(t ha ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹)	$(\mathbf{g} \ \mathbf{m}^{-2} \ \mathbf{d}^{-1})$
Commercial Average	84	39	10.7
Commercial maximum	148	69	18.8
Experimental maximum	212	98	27.0
Theoretical maximum	381	177	48.5

Theoretical maximum: 380 tons/ha Current average: 75 tons/ha



Sugarcane improvement: how far can we go?

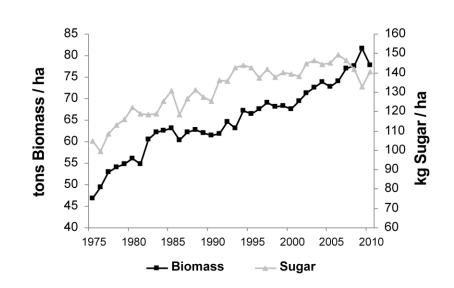
Maximiller Dal-Bianco¹, Monalisa Sampaio Carneiro², Carlos Takeshi Hotta¹, Roberto Giacomini Chapola², Hermann Paulo Hoffmann², Antonio Augusto Franco Garcia³ and Glaucia Mendes Souza¹

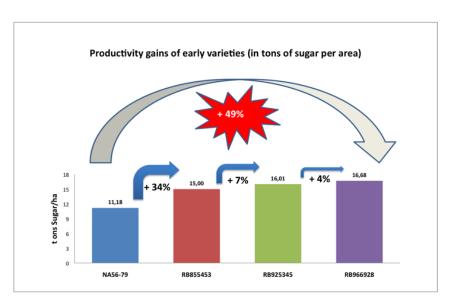


Review article

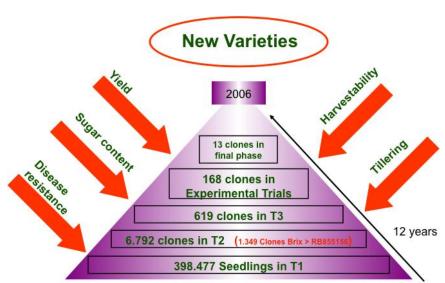
Sugarcane for bioenergy production: an assessment of yield and regulation of sucrose content

Alessandro J. Waclawovsky^{1,†,‡}, Paloma M. Sato^{1,‡}, Carolina G. Lembke¹, Paul H. Moore² and Glaucia M. Souza^{1,*}

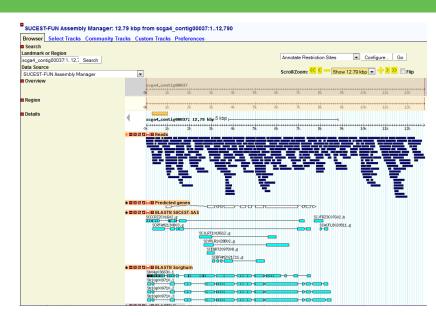




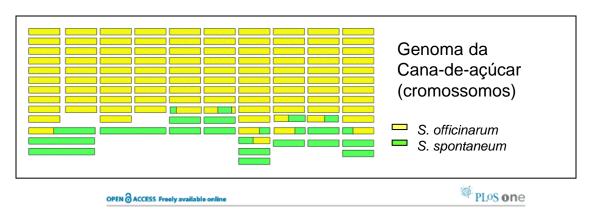
Breeding and Genomics: the challenging sugarcane genome



Total: 406,069 genotypes



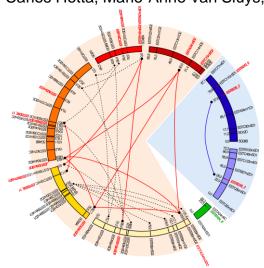
Glaucia Souza, Carlos Hotta, Marie-Anne Van Sluys, USP



Efficient Exact Maximum a Posteriori Computation for Bayesian SNP Genotyping in Polyploids

Oliver Serang^{1,2}*, Marcelo Mollinari³, Antonio Augusto Franco Garcia³

1 Department of Neurobiology, Harvard Medical School, Boston, Massachusetts, United States of America, 2 Department of Pathology, Children's Hospital Boston, Boston, Massachusetts, United States of America, 3 Department of Genetics, University of São Paulo/ESALQ, Piracicaba, São Paulo, Brazil



Augusto Garcia, USP; Anete Pereira, UNICAMP

Giant Genome (n ≅ 750-930 Mpb), Polyploid (2n = 70-120 cromossomos), ~10 Gb

Fuel production and more: a zero-carbon emission biorefinery



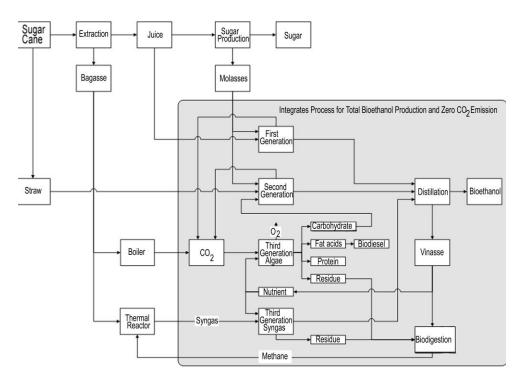
It is possible to have bagasse surplus to produce electricity and ethanol

Integrated bioethanol, biogas and electricity production (double energy output)

Zero carbon emission biorefinery system (consorted bioethanol-biodiesel-biokerosene production)

Bio-based chemicals using a synthetic biology approach (production of lactic acid isomers from sucrose, \$\$\$, 190,000 added value)

Products from ethanol via acetaldehyde and ethylene route (Green Ethane Process to 98.9% purity)



Rubens Maciel, UNICAMP

Cantarella, H., Buckeridge, M. S., Van Sluys, M. A., Souza, A. P., Garcia, A. A. F., Nishiyama-Jr, M. Y., Maciel-Filho, R., Brito Cruz, C. H. and Souza, G. M. (2012). Sugarcane: the most efficient crop for biofuel production.

Handbook of Bioenergy Crop Plants. Taylor & Francis Group, Boca Rotan, Florida, USA. Editors: Chittaranjan Kole, Chandrashekhar P. Joshi and David R. Shonnard. ISBN: 978-1-4398-1684-4.

SUSTAINABILITY AND IMPACTS



Ethanol as a global strategic fuel

Land use changes
GHG emissions
Biomass and soil carbon stocks
Water use
Biodiversity
Regional income generation
Job creation and migration
Integrating tools

Horizontal studies to consolidate sugarcane ethanol as the leading technology path to ethanol and derivatives production

Monitoring water quality and aquatic communities

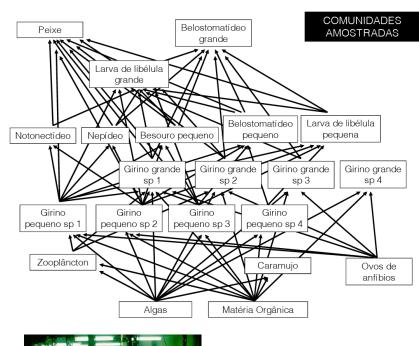




Satelite monitoring of water quality
Capacity to antecipate changes in euthrofization

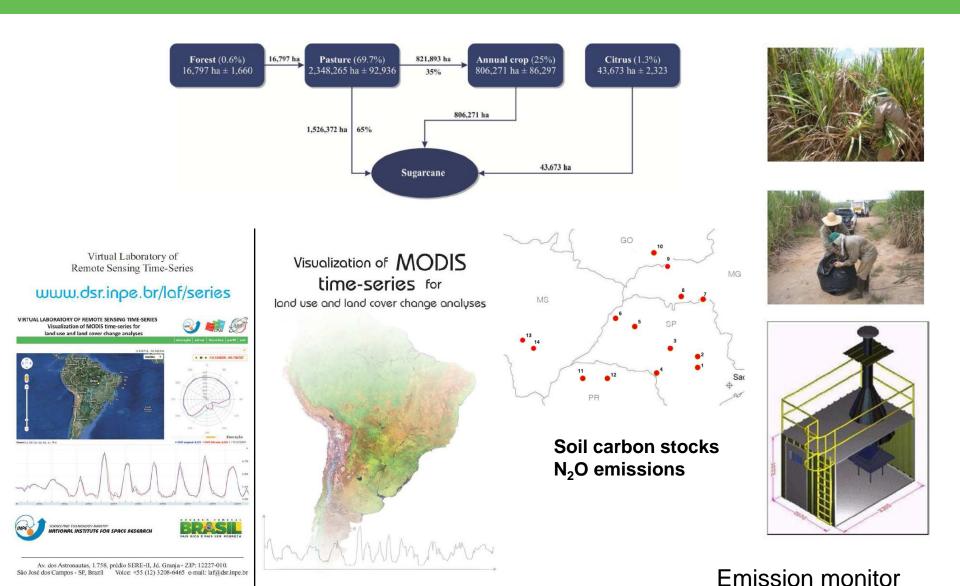








LUC and ILUC: expansion and GHG emissions



Remote sensing series feeding an Economic Model for Food vs. Fuel vs. Land vs. Biodiversity

International bioenergy market, certification and policy implications

Competitive and sustainable production of bioenergy in South America Central America Africa

0.43 GHa @ 10kL/Ha.yr

→Potential 4,300 GL

2050: Available land for biofuels (Doornbosch and Steenblik, 2007)

New-comers insertion does not depend only on the agricultural and economical aptitudes but on their political institutions, and most important on their capacity to implement public policies for the development of biofuels. Internal public policy legitimacy is a condition necessary for competitiveness.

Public regulatory systems orient the private certification systems. NGOs can intervene with public regulation to assure broad sustainability criteria for biofuels production.



Certification systems that will prevail (e.g. Bonsucro) are those that present lower cost of verification, biomass specific, make use of ongoing public regulation, reduced costs of compliance and verification and are legitimated by social-economic interests (NGOs).

Paulo Furquim de Azevedo, Bruno Perosa; FGV



ScienceDirect

Biotechnology

Sugarcane improvement: how far can we go? Maximiller Dal-Bianco¹, Monalisa Sampaio Carneiro²,

Carlos Takeshi Hotta¹, Roberto Giacomini Chapola², Hermann Paulo Hoffmann², Antonio Augusto Franco Garcia³ and Glaucia Mendes Souza¹

Plant Biotechnology Plant Biotechnology Journal (2010) 8, pp. 1-14

doi: 10.1111/j.1467-7652.2009.00491.x

Review article

Sugarcane for bioenergy production: an assessment of yield and regulation of sucrose content

Alessandro J. Waclawovsky^{1,†,‡}, Paloma M. Sato^{1,‡}, Carolina G. Lembke¹, Paul H. Moore² and Glaucia M.

Zanca et al, BMC Plant Biology 2010, 10:260



RESEARCH ARTICLE

Open Access

Identification and expression analysis of microRNAs and targets in the biofuel crop sugarcane

Almir S Zanca^{1†}, Renato Vicentini^{1†}, Fausto A Ortiz-Morea², Luiz EV Del Bem¹, Marcio J da Silva¹, Michel Vincentz^{1,2} , Fabio TS Noqueira^{2,4}



Expression Profile of Signal Transduction Components in a Sugarcane Population Segregating for Sugar Content

Tropical Plant Biolog Publisher Springer New York

1935-9756 (Print) 1935-9764 (Online)

Volume 2, Number 2 / June, 2009 10.1007/s12042-009-9031-8

Subject Collection Biomedical and Life Sciences Wednesday, July 15, 2009 SpringerLink Date



Juliana de Maria Felix^{2, 5}, Flávia Stal Papini-Terzi³, Flávia Riso Rocha³, Ricardo Zorzetto Nicoliello Vêncio³, Renato Vicentini^{1, 2}, Milton Yutaka Nishiyama Jr³, Eugênio César Ulian⁴, Gláucia Mendes Souza³ and Marcelo Menossi² [™]

DOI 10.1007/s12042-010-9050-5

The Biotechnology Roadmap for Sugarcane Improvement

Carlos T. Hotta · Carolina G. Lembke · Douglas S. Domingues · Edgar A. Ochoa · Guilherme M. Q. Cruz · Danila M. Melotto-Passarin · Thiago G. Marconi · Melissa O. Santos · Marcelo Mollinari · Gabriel R. A. Margarido · Augusto César Crivellari • Wanderley D. dos Santos • Amanda P. de Souza • Andrea A. Hoshino • Helaine Carrer • Anete P. Souza • Antônio A. F. Garcia Marcos S. Buckeridge · Marcelo Menossi · Marie-Anne Van Sluvs · Glaucia M. Souz:

BMC Genomics

Marcelo Menossi4 and Glaucia M Souza*1



Research article **Open Access**

Sugarcane genes associated with sucrose content Flávia S Papini-Terzi¹, Flávia R Rocha¹, Ricardo ZN Vêncio², Juliana M Felix^{3,5}, Diana S Branco³, Alessandro J Waclawovsky¹, Luiz EV Del Bem³, Carolina G Lembke¹, Maximiller DL Costa¹, Milton Y Nishiyama Jr¹,

Renato Vicentini^{4,5}, Michel GA Vincentz^{3,4}, Eugênio C Ulian^{5,6},

Characterization of new polymorphic functional markers for

Authors: Oliveira, K. M.; Pinto, L. R.; Marconi, T. G.; Mollinari, M.; Ulian, E. C.; Chabregas, S. M.; Falco, M. C.; Burnquist, W.; Garcia, A. A.F.; Souza, A. P. Source: Genome, Volume 52, Number 2, 1 February 2009, pp. 191-209(19)

Marconi et al. BMC Research Notes 2011, 4:264



SHORT REPORT

sugarcane

Open Access

Functional markers for gene mapping and genetic diversity studies in sugarcane

Thiago G Marconi¹, Estela A Costa¹, Hercília RCAN Miranda¹, Melina C Mancini¹, Cláudio B Cardoso-Silva¹, Karine M Oliveira^{1,5}, Luciana R Pinto², Marcelo Mollinari³, Antônio AF Garcia³ and Anete P Souza^{1,4*}

> Bioresource Technology 102 (2011) 7887-7895 Contents lists available at ScienceDirect



Bioresource Technology journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/bjortech



Production of bioethanol, methane and heat from sugarcane bagasse in a biorefinery concept

S.C. Rabelo a,b,*, H. Carrere b, R. Maciel Filho a, A.C. Costa a

J Ind Microbiol Biotechnol DOI 10.1007/s10295-010-0867-6

ORIGINAL PAPER

Simulation of integrated first and second generation bioethanol production from sugarcane: comparison between different biomass pretreatment methods

Marina O. S. Dias · Marcelo Pereira da Cunha Rubens Maciel Filho · Antonio Bonomi · Charles D. F. Jesus · Carlos E. V. Rossell

Appl Biochem Biotechnol (2010) 161:227-237 DOI 10.1007/s12010-009-8828-0

Production of Lactic Acid from Sucrose: Strain Selection, Fermentation, and Kinetic Modeling

Betânia H. Lunelli · Rafael R. Andrade · Daniel I. P. Atala · Maria Regina Wolf Maciel · Francisco Maugeri Filho · Rubens Maciel Filho

ARTICLE

BIOTECHNOLOGY BIOENGINEERING

Bioproduction of Butanol in Bioreactors: New Insights From Simultaneous In Situ Butanol Recovery to Eliminate Product Toxicity

Adriano Pinto Mariano, 1,2 Nasib Qureshi, Rubens Maciel Filho, 2 Thaddeus Chukwuemeka Ezeii



Sustainability 2012, 4, 574-585; doi:10.3390/su4040574



Article

Remote Sensing Time Series to Evaluate Direct Land Use Change of Recent Expanded Sugarcane Crop in Brazil

Marcos Adami *, Bernardo Friedrich Theodor Rudorff, Ramon Morais Freitas, Daniel Alves Aguiar, Luciana Miura Sugawara and Marcio Pupin Mello

Remote Sensing Division (DSR). National Institute for Space Research (INPE). Av. dos Astronautas 1758 São José dos Campos, São Paulo 12227-010, Brazil; E-Mails: bernardo@dsr.inpe.br (B.F.T.R.); ramon@dsr.inpe.br (R.M.F.); daniel@dsr.inpe.br (D.A.A.); lmiura@dsr.inpe.br (L.M.S.); mello@ieee.org (M.P.M.)

Biofuels and land-use changes: searching for the top

Andre M. Nassar, Leila Harfuch, Luciane C. Bachion and Marcelo R. Moreira

Institute for International Trade Negotiations (ICONE), 740 General Furtado do Nascimento, suite 81, Sao Pau model. Interface Focus 1, 224-232. (doi:10.1098/rsfs.2010.0043)

http://rsfs.royalsocietypublishing.org/content/early/2011/02/04/rsfs.2010.0043.full.html#related-



NATURE | OUTLOOK

Perspective: Lessons from Brazil

Marcia Moraes

Nature 474, S25 (23 June 2011) | doi:10.1038/474S025a Published online 22 June 2011

http://bioenfapesp.org