

Ferrite-based Nanoparticles: Synthesis, Characterization, and Non-enzymatic Electrochemical Sensing Applications.

Original

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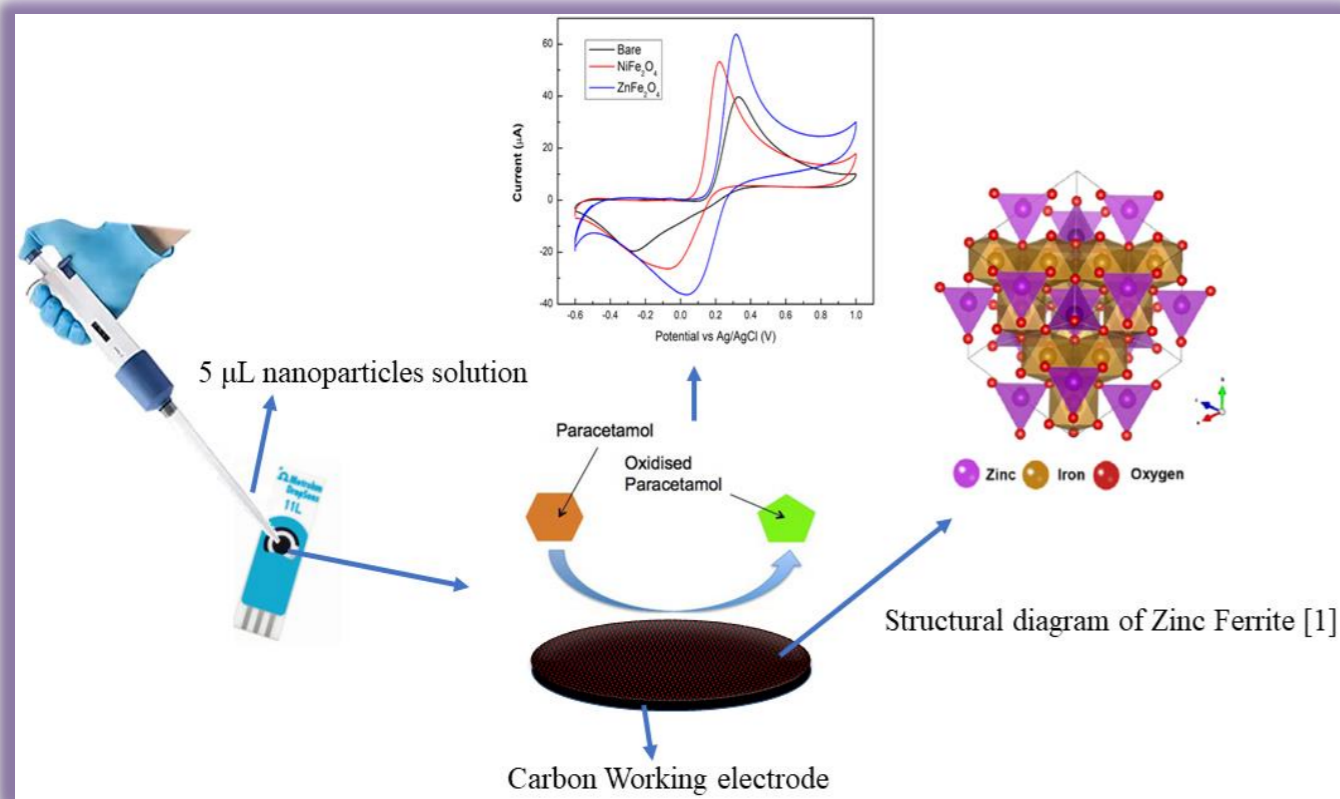
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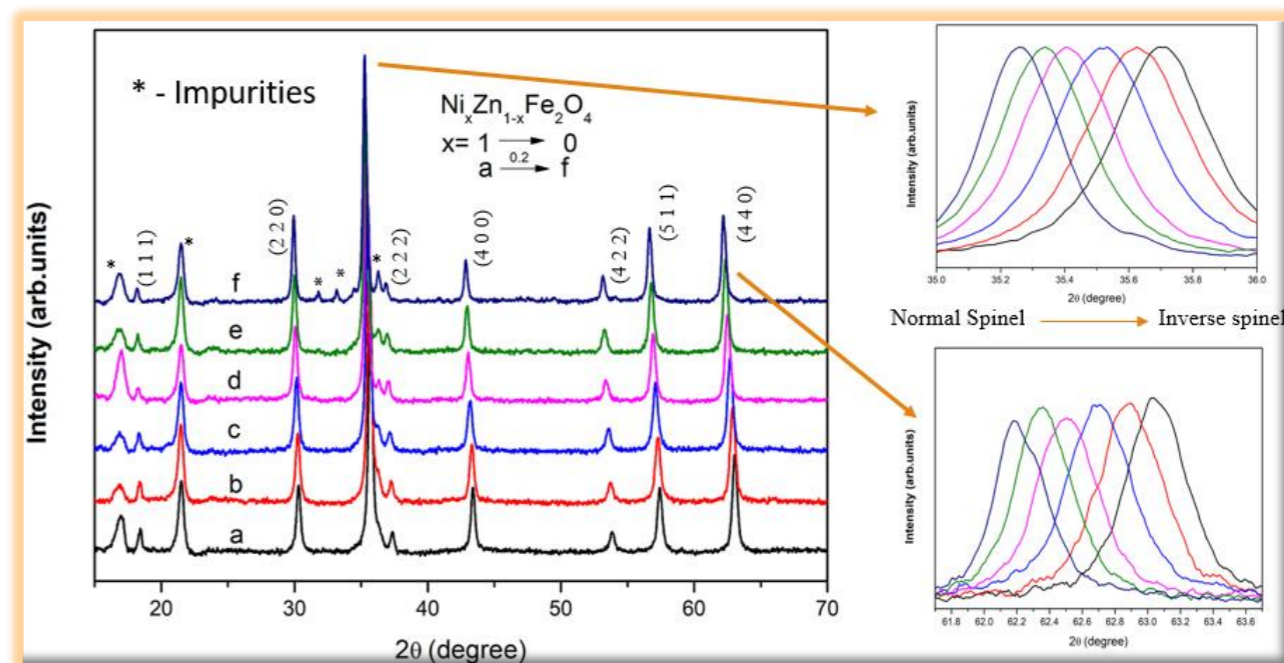
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Graphical abstract



X-ray diffraction spectra of Ni-Zn mixed ferrites and zoomed part of the phases (3 1 1) and (4 4 0) clearly show the transition from spinel to inverse spinel.

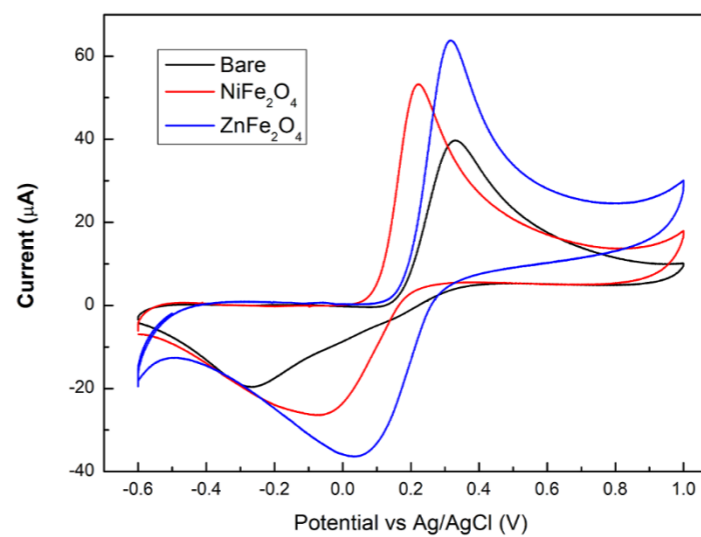


Materials and methods

Materials	Electrodes modification
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Zn(NO₃)₂·6H₂O Ni(NO₃)₂·6H₂O Fe(NO₃)₃·9H₂O CH₄N₂O (Urea) DI Water, Methanol Paracetamol, PBS buffer 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Methanol as solvent 3:1 material to solvent Carbon working electrode 5 μL solution Drop casting Overnight drying
Synthesis	Electrolytic solution
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Autocombustion 600°C [2] Annealed at 600°C (2h) Cooled and grounded 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Paracetamol 0.1M PBS buffer pH 6.9

Electrochemical measurements

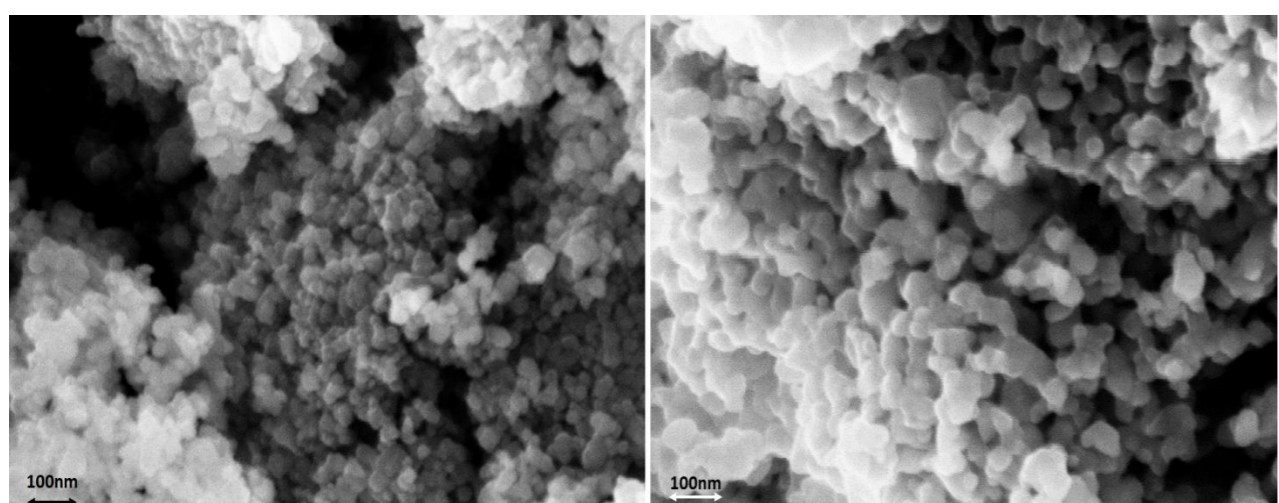
Cyclic voltammograms of 1mM paracetamol in 0.1M PBS pH 6.9 with different electrodes and their corresponding oxidation currents and potentials.



Electrode	Oxidation Potential (mV ± SEM)	Oxidation Current (μA ± SEM)
Bare	326.80 ± 0.73	39.11 ± 0.16
NiFe ₂ O ₄	246.6 ± 3.2	51.53 ± 0.80
ZnFe ₂ O ₄	307.0 ± 6.0	59.17 ± 0.63

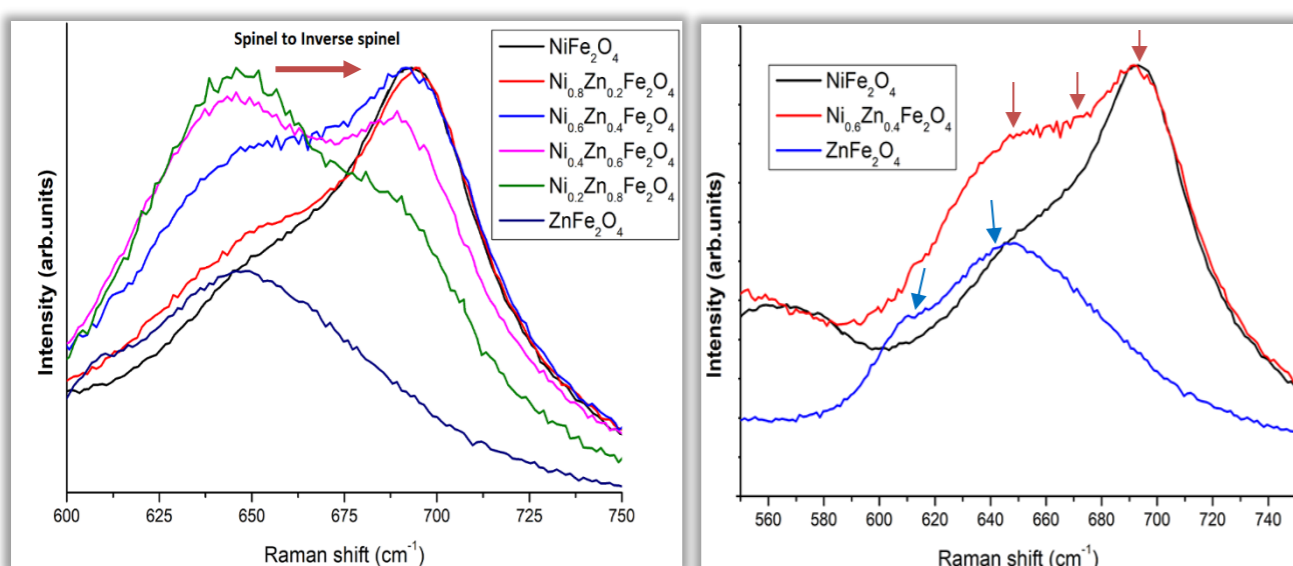
SEM – standard error mean

Materials characterization

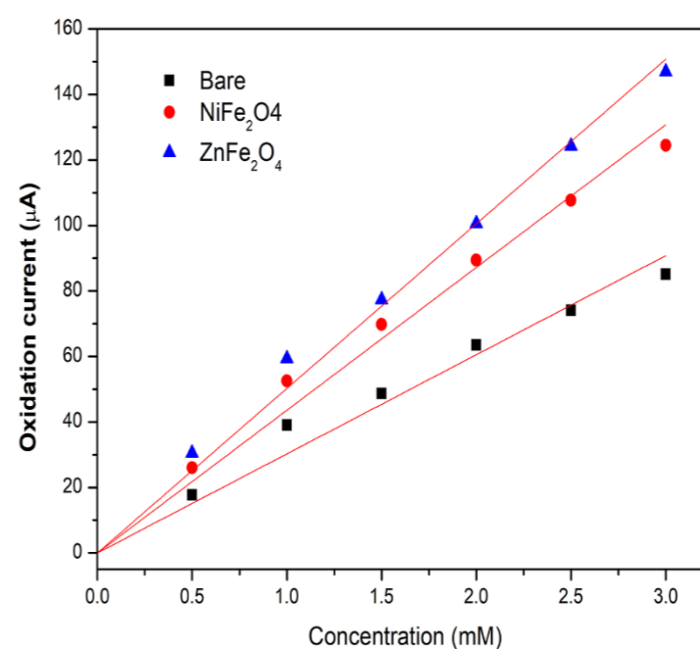


FE-SEM pictures of NiFe₂O₄ (left) and ZnFe₂O₄ (right).

Spherical shape particles with an average particle size of 30 – 40 nm



Microraman spectra of intensive A_{1g} band showing the transition from spinel to inverse spinel (left). The band shows a doublet and triplet-like shape due to pure and mixed ferrites [3, 4, 5]. The right figure shows three red arrows indicating 3 different molecular vibrations due to the presence Fe, Ni, and Zn whereas two blue arrows indicating only two molecular vibrations because of Fe and Zn.



Electrode	Sensitivity (μA/mM ± SEM)	ΔE _p (mV ± SEM)
Bare	30.2 ± 1.0	594.4 ± 1.2
NiFe ₂ O ₄	43.6 ± 1.1	290.6 ± 1.3
ZnFe ₂ O ₄	50.26 ± 0.98	278.3 ± 2.7

ΔE_p – Peak to peak separation

Calibration curves of 3 different electrodes and the slopes indicate the sensitivity of respective electrochemical sensors.

NiFe₂O₄ and ZnFe₂O₄ have lesser peak to peak separation compared to the bare electrode which gives an indication of faster reaction at the interface leading to higher kinetic rate constant.

Future work

Electrochemical measurements of the other mixed ferrite-based sensors.

Calculation of kinetic rate constant (k), electron transfer rate coefficient (α).

Chronoamperometric measurements to calculate the active surface area of the working electrodes.

Computational approach to calculate the kinetic rate constant.

References

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