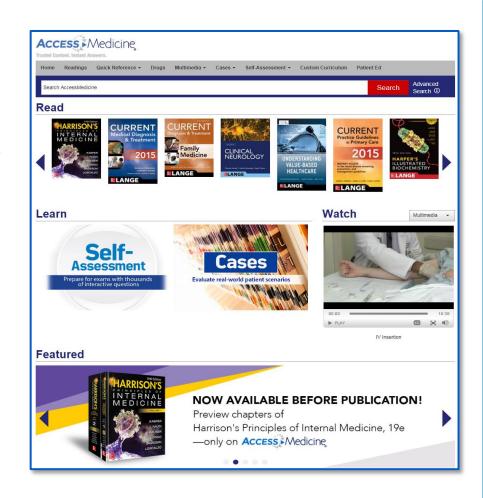


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- Multiple Quick Reference Tools
 - Current Practice Guidelines in Primary Care :

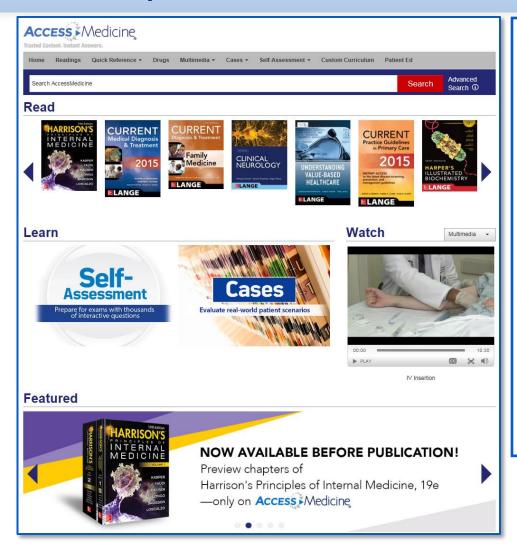
 Digests of evidence-based guidelines for primary care topics
 - Pocket Guide to Diagnostic Tests :

 Quick guide to commonly used diagnostic tests in a clinical setting
 - Quick Medical Dx & Tx : 질병 및 의학실습에 대한 근거중심관련 Outline
- Q&A Harrison's Self-Assessment, William's Obstetrics Study Guide, LANGE 등에서 추출한 Q&A
- Integrated Drug Database 약물정보 데이터베이스
- Clerkship Corner 성공적으로 Resident로 가기 위한 Clerkship을 위한 정보
- Differential Diagnosis Tool 1,000가지 이상의 감별진단 (from Diagnosaurus)
- Cases Case Files 와 Pathophysiology of Disease 로 부터 제공되는 실제 사례 중심의 데이터 베이스
- Patient education material 환자 교육 자료





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- 99종 이상의 저명한 임상 및
 교육 Contents 원문 제공
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- 1,000개 이상의 자세한 감별진단 정보 제공
- 다양한 절차를 시각적으로 학습 하기 위한 Video 및
 Animation 제공
- 환자에게 질병 및 치료에 대한 정보를 제공하기 위한 5,000개 이상의 환자 교육자료를 10개국 언어로 제공





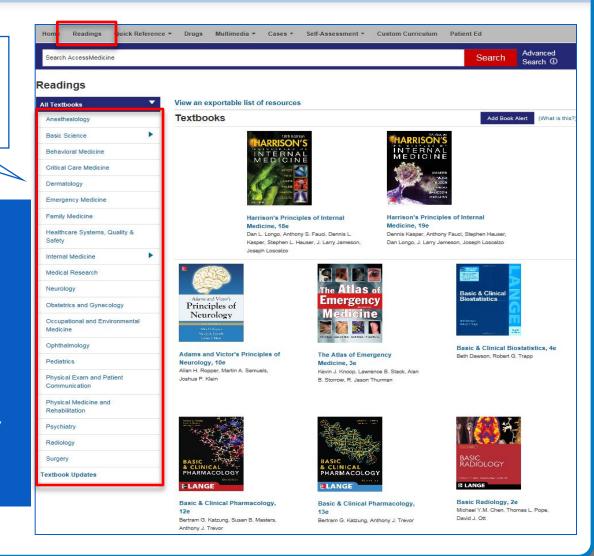
Readings

세계적으로 가장 저명한 Textbook의 최신 Edition 제공

모든 Textbook을 확인하거나 주제별로 Filtering 하여 원문 이용 가능

바이블로 세계적 인정을 받는 콘텐츠 제공

- Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine
- CURRENT Medical Diagnosis & Treatment
- Hurst's the Heart
- Schwartz's Principles of Surgery
- Adams and Victor's Principles of Neurology
- Williams Obstetrics
- Clinical Neuroanatomy
- Endocrine Physiology
- Ganong's Review of Medical Physiology
- Vander's Renal Physiology
- More than a dozen CURRENT titles
- And more...







Readings

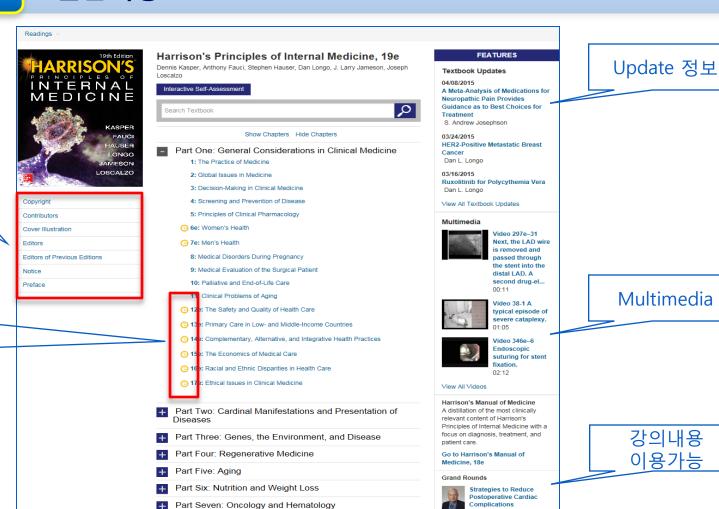
기본정보

Online으로만

이용 가능한

Contents

원문이용



+ Part Eight: Infectious Diseases

by Steven Cohn, MD, FACP

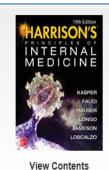




Readings

원문이용

목차 : 클릭하면 해당 페이지로 이동



Chapter 82

IMPACT OF GENETICS AND GENOMICS ON MEDICAL PRACTICE

THE HUMAN GENOME

REGULATION OF GENE EXPRESSION

MODELS OF GENETIC DISEASE

TRANSMISSION OF GENETIC DISEASE

View ▼ 🛔 Print 👿 Email 🗐 Get Citation Q Search Textbook 🛧 Top

82: Genes, the Environment, and Disease

J. Larry Jameson; Peter Kopp

| IMPACT OF GENETICS AND GENOMICS ON MEDICAL PRACTICE

The prevalence of genetic diseases, combined with their potential severity and chronic nature, imposes great human, social, and financial burdens on society. Human genetics refers to the study of individual genes, their role and function in disease, and their mode of inheritance. Genomics refers to an organism's entire genetic information, the *genome*, and the function and interaction of DNA within the genome, as well as with environmental or nongenetic factors, such as a person's lifestyle. With the characterization of the human genome, genomics complements traditional genetics in our efforts to elucidate the etiology and pathogenesis of disease and to improve therapeutic interventions and outcomes. Following impressive advances in genetics, genomics, and health care information technology, the consequences of this wealth of knowledge for the practice of medicine are profound and play an increasingly prominent role in the diagnosis, prevention, and treatment of disease (Chap. 84).

Personalized medicine, the customization of medical decisions to an individual patient, relies heavily on genetic information. For example, a patient's genetic characteristics (genotype) can be used to optimize drug therapy and predict efficacy, adverse events, and drug dosing of selected medications (pharmacogenetics) (Chap. 5). The mutational profile of a malignancy allows the selection of therapies that target mutated or overexpressed signaling molecules. Although still investigational, genomic risk prediction models for common diseases are beginning to emerge.

원문내용 제공





Home > Readings > Quick Medical Diagnosis & Treatment

Quick Medical Diagnosis & Treatment

Quick Medical Diagnosis & Treatment QMDT A B C D E F G H I J K L M N Q P Q R S T U V W Y Z Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Quick Medical Abortion Dx & Rx Abortion, Recurrent Abortion, Spontaneous Acanthamoeba Infections Accelerated Idioventricular Rhythm Acetaminophen Overdose Preface Achalasia Copyright Acidosis, Lactic Acidosis, Metabolic, Decreased or Normal Anion Gap Acidosis, Metabolic, Increased Anion Gap Acidosis, Respiratory Acids. Corrosive Acne Vulgaris

Acromegaly & Gigantism

Actinic Keratosis

시간을 절약할 수 있도록 진단과 치료에 대한 실용적이고 전문적인 정보를 질병 별로 바로 제공



View Contents Α

Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm

Abortion

Abortion, Recurrent

Abortion, Spontaneous

Acanthamoeba Infections

Accelerated Idioventricular Rhythm

Acetaminophen Overdose

Achalasia

Acidosis, Metabolic, Decreased or

Normal Anion Gap

Acidosis, Metabolic, Increased Anion Gap

Acidosis, Respiratory

Acids, Corrosive

Acne Vulgaris

Acromegaly & Gigantism

Actinic Keratosis

Actinomycosis



Kev Features

Essentials of Diagnosis

- · Most aortic aneurysms are asymptomatic until rupture, which is catastrophic
- · Aneurysms measuring 5 cm are palpable in 80% of patients
- · Back or abdominal pain with aneurysmal tenderness may precede rupture
- Hypotension
- · Excruciating abdominal pain that radiates to the back

General Considerations

- The aorta of a healthy young man measures approximately 2 cm
- · An aneurysm is considered present when the aortic diameter exceeds 3 cm
- · Aneurysms rarely cause rupture until diameter exceeds 5 cm
- · 90% of abdominal atherosclerotic aneurysms originate below the renal arteries
- · Aortic bifurcation is usually involved
- · Common iliac arteries are often involved

Demographics

- · Found in 2% of men over age 55
- · Male to female ratio is 4:1

Clinical Findings

Symptoms and Signs

- · Most asymptomatic aneurysms are discovered as incidental findings on ultrasound or CT imaging
- · Symptomatic aneurysms
 - Mild to severe midabdominal pain due to aneurysmal expansion often radiates to lower back
 - Pain may be constant or intermittent, exacerbated by even gentle pressure on aneurysm sack, and may also accompany inflammatory
- · Inflammatory aneurysms have an inflammatory peel, similar to the inflammation seen with retroperitoneal fibrosis, surrounds the aneurysm and encases adjacent retroperitoneal structures, such as the duodenum and, occasionally, the ureters





CURRENT Practice Guidelines in Primary Care

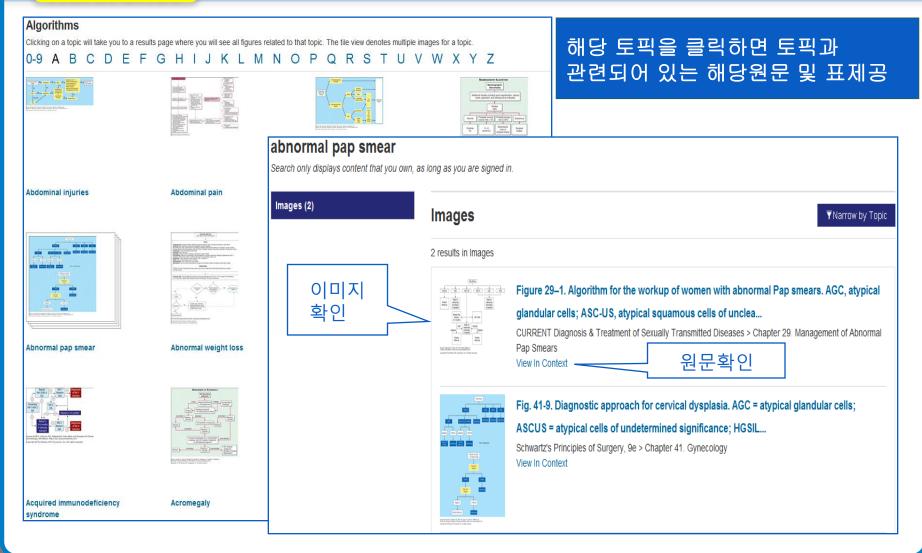
5. Medicare covers one-time limited

Home > Readings > CURRENT Practice Guidelines in Primary Care, 2013 질병에 대한 검사, 예방, 관리에 **CURRENT Practice Guidelines in Primary Care, 2013** 대한 정보 제공 Joseph S. Esherick, Daniel S. Clark, Evan D. Slater **CURRENT PRACTICE** Disease Screening Disease Prevention Disease Management Appendices **Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm GUIDELINES** in Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Falls in the Elderly PRIMARY CARE Alcohol Abuse & Dependence Family Violence and Abdominal Aortic Aneurysm Anemia Gonorrhea Organization Date Population Recommendations Comments Source Screening Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder Group B Streptococo Abdominal USPSTF Men aged One-time screening http://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org 1. Cochrane review (2007): Aortic 65-75 for AAA by Aneurysm ACC/AHA Significant decrease in AAA-J Vasc Surg. 2007;45:1268-76. years who ultrasonography. INSTANT ACCESS Bacteriuria, Asymptomatic Growth Abnormalitie specific mortality in men (OR, 0.60, (AAA) Canadian have ever 95% CI 0.47-0.99) but not for to the latest disease-screening, No recommendation Society for women. (Cochrane Database Syst for or against prevention, and Bacterial Vaginosis Hearing Impairment Vascular screening for AAA in Rev. 2007:2:CD002945: http://www.thecochranelibrary.com) Circulation. 2006;113(11): e463–e654 management guidelines Surgery men aged 65-75 Barrett's Esophagus years who have Hemochromatosis 2. Early mortality benefit of screening never smoked Joseph S, Esherick Daniel S, Clark Evan D, Slater J Vasc Surg. 2007;45:1268-1276 (men aged 65-74 years) Cancer, Bladder Hemoglobinopathies maintained at 7-year follow-up. Cost-effectiveness of screening LANGE Women 2005 Routine screening is improves over time. (Ann Intern Cancer, Breast Hepatitis B Virus Infe not recommended. Med. 2007:146:699) Hepatitis C Virus Infe Cancer, Cervical 3. Surgical repair of AAA should be considered if diameter ≥ 5.5 cm or Men aged Recommend one-time http://www.medicare.gov/navigation/manage Cancer, Colorectal Herpes Simplex Virus if AAA expands ≥ 0.5 cm over 6 Preface 65-75 ultrasound screening health/preventive-services/abdominalaortic-a months to reduce higher risk of vears who for AAA. rupture. Meta-analysis: Cancer, Endometrial Human Immunodefic have endovascular repair associated Copyright smoked at with fewer postoperative adverse least 100 events and lower 30-day and Cancer Gastric Hypertension, Childr cigarettes Abbreviations aneurysm-related mortality but not in their all-cause mortality compared with Cancer, Liver Hypertension, Adults lifetime or open repair. (Br J Surg. 2008;95 Authors who have a family Cancer, Lung Illicit Drug Use history of 4. Asymptomatic AAA between 4.4 How to Cite this Resource and 5.5 cm. should have regular Kidney Disease, Chi Cancer, Oral ultrasound surveillance with surgical intervention when AAA expands > 1 cm per year or diameter reaches 5.5 cm. (Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2008, CD001835) http://www.thecochranelibrary.com/





Algorithms







Quick Reference DDx - 1,000종 이상의 감별진단 Database

Diagnosaurus[®]

All Differential Diagnoses

By Symptom

By Disease

Instructions

About

By Organ System

How to Cite this Resource

Diagnosaurus for mobile

증상/질병/기관계 별로

특정 질병에 대한 증상 및 진단에 대한 정보를 제공



All Differential Diagnoses A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

Abdominal aortic aneurysm Abdominal pain Abdominal pain, generalized Abdominal pain, left lower quadrant Abdominal pain, left upper quadrant Abdominal pain, right lower quadrant Abdominal pain, right upper quadrant Abdominal pain, upper or epigastric Abortion, recurrent Abortion, spontaneous ARPA Abscess, liver

Acanthosis nigricans

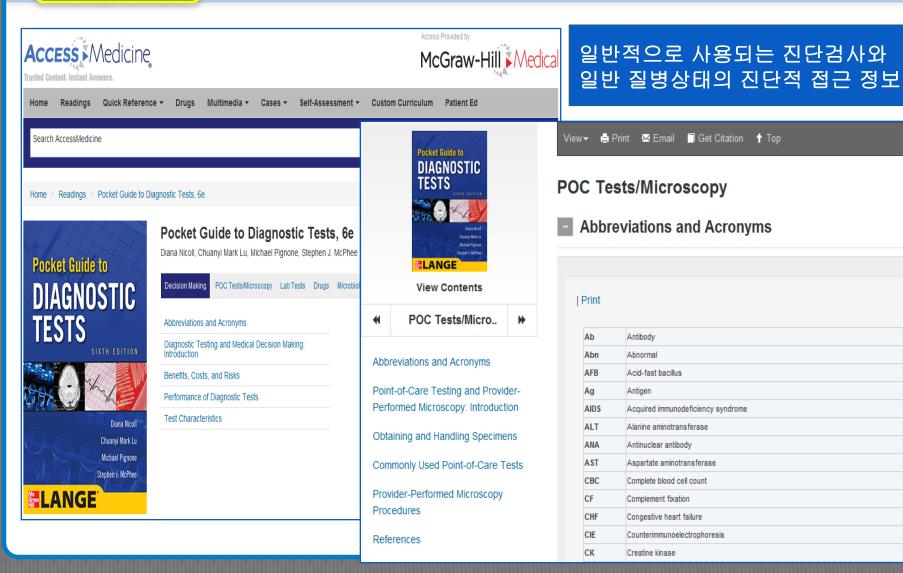
peptic ulcer Search only displays content that you own, as long as you are signed in Readings (1036) Textbooks (955) Updates (37) Diagnosaurus (29) Quick Dx and Rx (14) Diagnostic Tests (1) Images (112) Cases (4) Patient Education (5)

Textbooks ▼ Narrow by Topic 177 results in Textbooks Chapter 293. Peptic Ulcer Disease and Related Disorders Harrison's Online Chapter 81. Peptic Ulcer Disease and Gastritis Tintinalli's Emergency Medicine Chapter 15. Peptic Ulcer Disease CURRENT Diagnosis & Treatment: Gastroenterology, Hepatology, & Endoscopy, 2e





Pocket Guide to Diagnostic Tests







Calculators

Calculators			
Absolute Neutrophil Count	Absolute Neutrophil Count		
Anion Gap	White blood cells:	임상실엄 등	등의 참고를 위한
APACHE II	Count	다양한 수치	기계산법 제공
BEE (Basal Energy Expenditure)	Total neutrophils:		
ВМІ ▶	1		
Body Surface Area	Total bands:		
Calcium Salt Equivalents	Calculate Absolute Neutrophil Count		
Coronary Heart Disease Risk	Clear Answer and Values Entered Above		
Corrected Calcium	Side Allowed and Valdoo Elliotod Alboto		
Creatinine Clearance	Neutrophils (polymorphonuclear cells, PMNs, granulocytes, segmented neutrophils, segs) fight against in	fection and represent a subset of	
Fractional Excretion of Sodium	the white blood count. The ANC is the total number of neutrophil granulocytes present in the blood. ANC > 1800/mm³: = normal		
Free Water Deficit	ANC < 1800/mm ³ : neutropenia		
GFR (Glomerular Filtration Rate)	ANC = 1000-1800/mm³: mild neutropenia, low risk of infection ANC = 500-1000/mm³: moderate neutropenia, moderate risk of infection		
Glasgow Coma Score	ANC < 500/mm³: severe neutropenia, high risk of infection Reference: The Clinician's Ultimate Guide to Drug Therapy (www.globalrph.com)		
IBW (Ideal Body Weight)	Networker. The difficulty difficulty (www.godalph.com)		
IV Infusion Rate			
Mean Arterial Pressure			
Metric Standard Conversion			
Oxygenation			
Pregnancy Due Date			
Serum Osmolality			
SI/CU Conversion			
Sodium Level Correction in Hyperglycemia			
Steroid Equivalence			
Temperature Conversion			



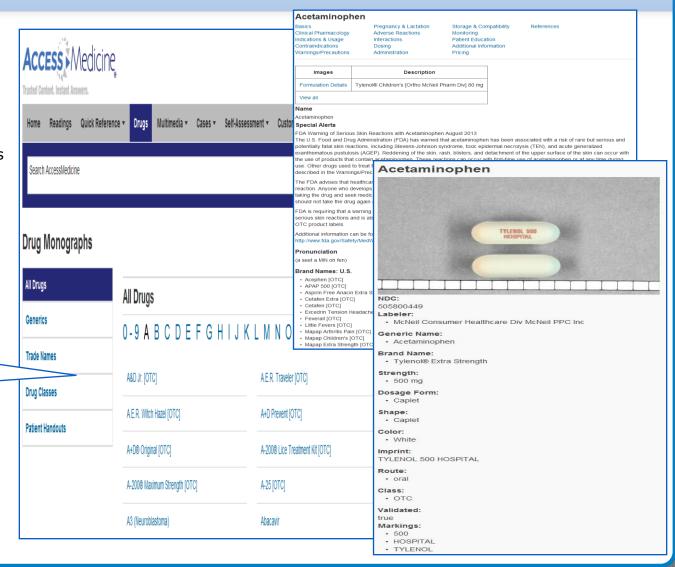


Drugs

약물정보 제공 Database (복용, 적응증, 부작용, 가격 등)

- Indications and Usage
- Contraindications
- Warning/Precautions
- Dosing
- Administration
- Patient Education handouts
- Interactions

약물의 기본적인 정보 및 상세정보까지 제공

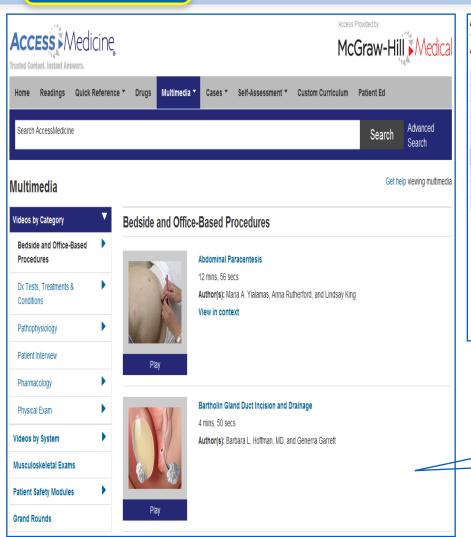






Multimedia

Video 및 Animation 형태의 교육자료 제공



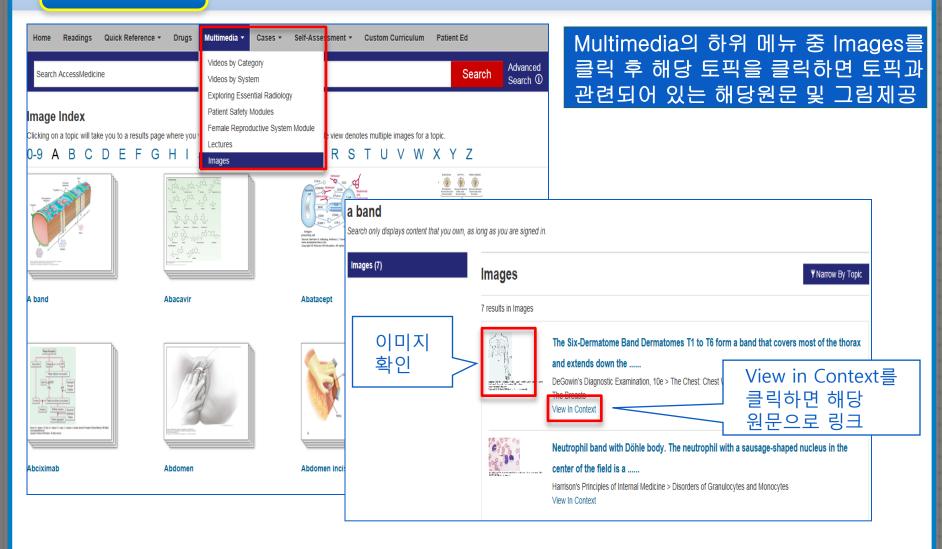


주제 및 특징 별로 분류하여 제공





Multimedia Images





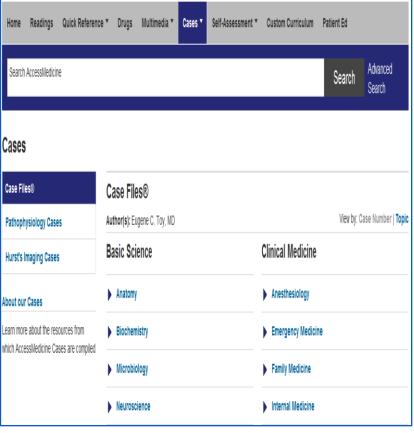


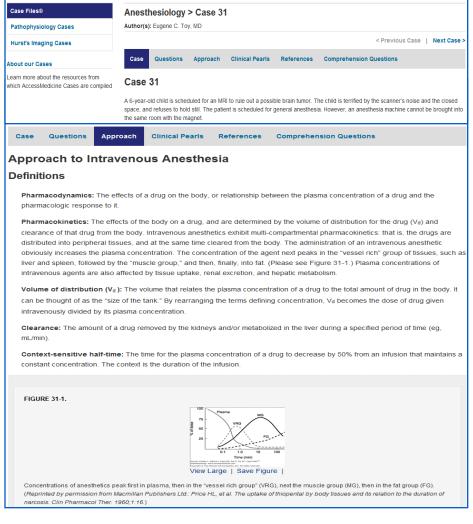
Cases

실제 사례 중심의 데이터 베이스

Cases

Case Files 와 **Pathophysiology of Disease** 로 부터 제공되는 실제 사례 중심의 **Database**



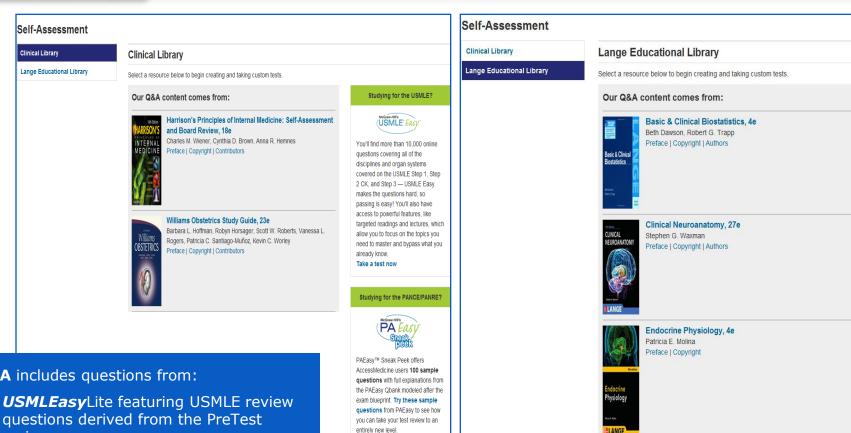






Self-

Q&A Test를 제공하여 내용이 제대로 학습되었는지 확인 및 Assessment 강점 / 약점을 파악할 수 있음



Q&A includes questions from:

- questions derived from the PreTest series
- Harrison's Online Self-Assessment and Board Review
- Williams Obstetrics
- LANGE Educational Library





Self-

Q&A Test를 제공하여 내용이 제대로 학습되었는지 확인 및 Assessment 강점 / 약점을 파악할 수 있음

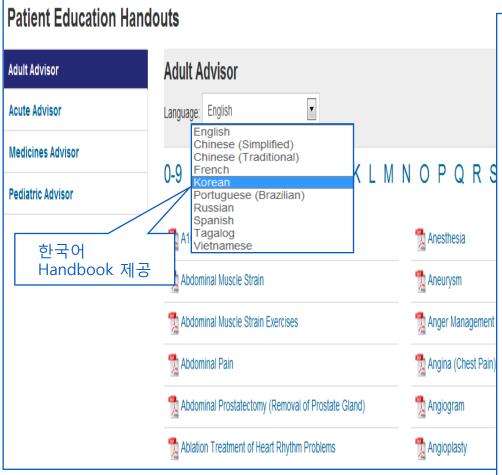
					1
	Self-Assessment		Clinical Library	Question 1 of 5	
	Clinical Library Lange Educational Library	Take Test Step 1: Specify the number and type of questions that you want (click on any resource name	Lange Educational Library	A 25-year-old woman becomes lightheaded and experiences a syncopal event while having her blood drawn during a cholesterol screening. She has no medical history and takes no medications. She experiences a brief loss of consciousness for about 20 seconds. She has no seizure-like activity and mendiately returns to her usual event of functioning. She is diagnosed with visavogal syncope, as no follow-up testing is recommended. Which of the following statements regarding neurally mediated syncope is TRUE?	
		Step 2: Click "Start Test".		 A. Neurally mediated syncope occurs when there are abnormalities of the autonomic nervous system. 	
		·		 B. Proximal and distal myocionus do not occur during neurally mediated syncope and should increase the likelihood of a seizu 	1
		NOTE: A test may not include more than 250 questions		C. The final pathway of neurally mediated syncope results in a surge of the sympathetic nervous system with inhibition of the parasympathetic nervous system.	
		 Harrison's Principles of Internal Medicine: Self-Assessment and Board Re 		D. The primary therapy for neurally mediated syncope is reassurance, avoidance of triggers, and plasma volume expansion.	
	「est를 원하는	of 171 available from Section I. Introduction to Clinical Medicine		E. The usual finding with cardiovascular monitoring is hypotension and tachycardia.	
	section에 문제의	20 of 31 available from Section II. Nutrition		Submit Answer Stop fest and return to Q&A home 문제풀이	
,	개수를 직접 '		Test Results	결과 및	애실
(입력하여 설정	of 122 available from Section III. Oncology and Hematology	Your Score: 33 % You answered 1 of 3 questions of	제공	
		of 250 available from Section IV. Infectious Diseases	·		
		of 86 available from Section V. Disorders of the Cardiovascular System	Question 1: Incorrect		
		of section resident to be set and the set allowed and set and the set allowed and set allowed	A Angiodysplasia of the small bowel ** B Epistaxis C Menorrhagia D Postpartum hemorrhage		
		of 66 available from Section VI. Disorders of the Respiratory System			
		of 36 available from Section VII. Disorders of the Urinary and Kidney Tract			
		of 73 available from Section VIII. Disorders of the Gastrointestinal System			
			Related Topics:		
		of 74 available from Section IX. Rheumatology and Immunology	The correct answer is E. You answered B. Explanation: von Willebrand disease (VWD) is an inherited disorder of platelet adhesion that has several types. The most common type is inherited in an autosomal dominant fashion and is associated with low levels of qualitatively normal von Willebrand factor. As a disorder primary hemostasis associated with the development of a platelet plug, VWD is prima associated with mucosal bleeding. General bleeding symptoms that are more common in VWD include prolonged		
		of 110 available from Section X. Endocrinology and Metabolism			
		of 87 available from Section XI. Neurologic Disorders			ıa
		of 18 available from Section XII. Dermatology	bruising and men- for VWD in women	rigery or dental procedures, menormagia, postpartum hemormage, and large bruises. However, eas normagia are common compiaints and are not specific for VWD in Isolation. Factors that raise conce en with menstrual symptoms include iron-deficiency anemia, need for blood transfusion, passage of I inch in diameter, and need to change a pad or tampon more than hourly. Epistaxis is also a very	er
		▶ Williams Obstetrics Study Guide, 23e		nce in the general population, but it is the most common complaint of males with VWD. Concerning axis that may be more likely to indicate an underlying bleeding diathesis are lack of seasonal variation.	
	Test시작	Start Test	and bleeding that unrelated to the b	to requires medical attention. Although most gastrointestinal bleeding in individuals with VWD is bleeding diathesis, VWD types 2 and 3 are associated with anglodysplasia of the bowel and bleeding. Spontaneous hemarthroses or deep muscle hematomas are seen in clotting factor	
			deficiencies and r	not seen VWD except severe VWD with associated decreased factor VIII levels less than 5%.	





Patient ED

환자에게 질병에 대해 이해시킬 수 있도록 의학 전 분야의 질병/ 증상에 대한 정보를 Handbook 형식으로 제공(한국어 제공)



알츠하이머

(Alzheimer's Disease)

알츠하이머란 무엇입니까?

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어떤 증상을 보입니까?

알츠하이머의 증상은 사람마다 다릅니다. 또한 병이 악화됨에 따라 증상도 달라집니다.

맨 처음 나타나는 증상은 건망증입니다. 거의 모든 사람이 나이가 들면 기억에 문제가 생기기 시작합니다. 그러나 AD 초기 단계인 경우 같은 연령의 다른 사람에 비해기억 문제가 확연하게 나타납니다. 최근에 있었던 일이나 활동, 친하 사람, 물건의 이름이 잘 기억나지 않게 됩니다. 뭔가에 주의를 기울이는 시간도 점점 짧아집니다. 집중도 어려워집니다. 그러나 알츠하이머 초기 단계에는 건망증이 일상생활이나 일에든 영향을 미치지 않습니다. 초기 단계의 기억 문제는 약한 인지장애로 불리는 경우가 많습니다.

시간이 지나면서 기억 문제가 심해집니다. 읽고, 쓰고, 이해하는 능력에 문제가 생깁니다. 물건을 사고 돈을 어떻게 내야 하는지도 모르게 됩니다. 물건을 이상한 곳에 두고 잃어버리는 경우도 늘어날 수 있습니다. 운전을 할 때 또는 심지어는 집에 있으면 서도 여기가 어디인지 모를 수 있습니다.

병이 약화됨에 따라 최근 일뿐만 아니라 과거에 있었던 일도 기억나지 않을 수 있습니다. 그러나 일반적으로 최근 기억이 장기 기억보다 영향을 많이 받습니다.

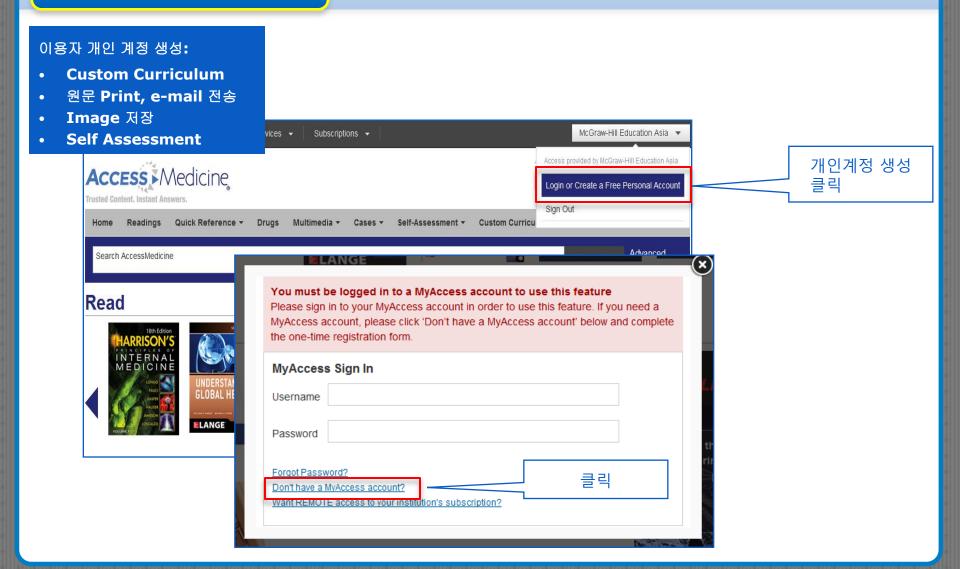
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My AccessAccount

개인 맞춤 페이지 지원 (모든 Access Site에 공용)







My AccessAccount

개인 맞춤 페이지 지원

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사용자 맞춤 커리큘럼

McGraw-Hill Medical의 Custom Curriculum은 교수 및 Director가 학습자를 위한 교육과정을 생성하고 관리하기 위한 Tool입니다.

지도자를 위한 Custom Curriculum

- 구독 중인 모든 Access Online Medical을 통해 Textbook, Video, Case files를 포함한 모든 Source를 이용하여 Assignment를 생성
- O&A Test를 포함하여 기존에 존재하는 문제를 생성하거나 문제를 직접 제작하여 생성
- 각 Curriculum을 학습자에게 제공
- 학습자들의 Report 진행 현황이나 문제의 점수를 확인
- 외부의 Resource를 Link하거나 File을 업로드 하여 Curricula 생성 가능
- 특정한 학습자를 위한 맞춤 교육

학습자를 위한 Custom Curriculum

- 지도자가 생성한 Curricula의 Source에 쉽게 접속 가능
- 지도자가 설정한 학습 기간 및 날짜 확인 가능
- Report 진행현황 및 문제의 점수를 지속적으로 확인하며 학습 진행

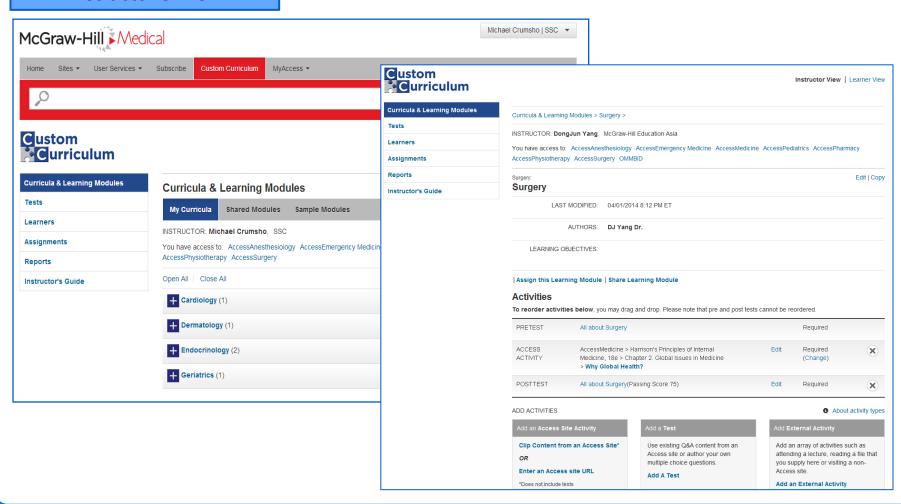






사용자 맞춤 커리큘럼

Instructor's View









사용자 맞춤 커리큘럼

Learner's View



LEARNER: Dr. Noelle Ng

Active Assignments

Submitted.

Assignment

Assignment 1

Instructor: Dr. Noelle Ng

*If this learning module contains only opt

Custom Curriculum

Instructor View | Learner View

LEARNER: 85 Noelle Ng

Active Assignments >

Assignment 1

Assignment

INSTRUCTOR: 85 Noelle Ng | ASSIGNED TO: Class 1

0% of required activities are complete

Rotation

Rotation 1: Perioperative Care of the Surgical Patient

AUTHORS:

LEARNING Rotation OBJECTIVES:

NOTE: If this assignment contains a required test, it will automatically be marked as complete when you pass the test. If a passing score is indicated for a test, then you must attain that score in order for the test to be considered complete.

Access Activity	AccessSurgery > CURRENT Diagnosis & Treatment: Surgery, 13e > Chapter 1. Approach to the Surgical Patient	Optional	Mark as Complete
Access Activity	AccessSurgery > CURRENT Diagnosis & Treatment: Surgery, 13e > Chapter 3. Preoperative Care	Required	Mark as Complete
Access Activity	AccessSurgery > CURRENT Diagnosis & Treatment: Surgery, 13e > Chapter 4. Postoperative Care	Required	Mark as Complete
Access Activity	AccessSurgery > CURRENT Diagnosis & Treatment: Surgery, 13e > Chapter 5. Postoperative Complications	Required	Mark as Complete