

12/18

Smoothness

Last time

Λ ring killed by n

$$(n, p) = 1$$

X small

v -stack

$$\mapsto D_{\acute{e}t}(X, \Lambda)$$

($\cong D(X_{\acute{e}t}, \Lambda)$ if X locally spatial

$$+ \dim \text{trg } X < +\infty$$

closed

symmetric

monoidal

triang

category

$$R\text{Hom}_{\Lambda}(-, -) \quad - \otimes_{\Lambda} -$$

$$f: Y \rightarrow X$$

$$\rightsquigarrow f^* \quad Rf_{\Lambda}$$

1.7.

If f rep in

locally spatial diamonds

ampatifiable, (locally) $\dim \text{trg } f < +\infty$

$$\rightarrow Rf_! : D_{\text{ét}}(Y, \Lambda) \rightarrow D_{\text{ét}}(X, \Lambda)$$

with a right adjoint $Rf^!$

?? : these conditions makes

$Rf_!$ commutes with all direct sums
 (So $\left(\begin{smallmatrix} \text{adjoint functor} \\ \Leftrightarrow \\ \text{thm} \end{smallmatrix}\right)$ it has a right adjoint)

If $A_n \in D_{\text{ét}}(Y, \Lambda)$ conc in deg 0
 ($n \geq 0$)

then $\bigoplus A_n[n] \simeq \prod A_n[n]$
 (left completeness)

$$Rf_! \left(\bigoplus A_n[n] \right) \simeq Rf_! \left(\prod_n A_n[n] \right)$$

$$\simeq \prod_n (Rf_! A_n)[n]$$

$$\stackrel{!!}{\simeq} \bigoplus_n Rf_! A_n[n]$$

! can only be true if $Rf_!$ has
finite cohomological dim

Key:

Thm (Scheiderer '94) (No noetherian assumption)
Grothendieck

$\forall T$ any spectral topological space

we have $\text{coh. dim } T \leq \dim T$
(Knull dim)

This is not true for comp^t Hausdorff spaces

(\mathbb{T} \mathbb{R} / \mathbb{Z} \mathbb{N} \mathbb{Z} \mathbb{N})
Knull dim = 0
coh dim = ∞)

So need "locally spatial" assumption
to control cohomological dim \Rightarrow locally spectral

Now we have \mathbb{G} -functor formalism

want to understand $Rf^!$

Def'n Fix $L \neq p$, $f: Y \rightarrow X$ as above
is L -cohomological smooth if after any base change

$$Rf^! \cong \mathbb{D}_f \otimes f^*$$

$$D_{\text{ét}}(X, \mathbb{F}_L) \rightarrow D_{\text{ét}}(Y, \mathbb{F}_L)$$

and \mathbb{D}_f is locally isom to $\mathbb{F}_L[n]$ $n \in \mathbb{Z}$

Remark So $\mathbb{D}_f = Rf^! \mathbb{F}_L$ by definition
and commutes with any base change

Conversely, if $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} Rf^! \mathbb{F}_L \text{ is invertible} \\ Rf^! \mathbb{F}_L \text{ commutes with } \end{array} \right.$ $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{base change} \\ Y \rightarrow X \end{array} \right.$ only this base change
★ (easy criterion)
then f L -cohomological smooth

Def'n Cohomological smooth if L -ohom smooth

Q: independent of L ?

$V \quad L \neq p$

then $Rf^! \Lambda \cong Rf^! \mathbb{Z}/n \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}/n}^L \Lambda$

locally isom to $\Lambda[n]$

Examples

The starting pt of the proof

1) $B_C^\diamond \rightarrow (\text{Spac})^\diamond$ is oho smooth

(follows from Huber)

2) If $f: Y \rightarrow X$ smooth map

of analytic adic spaces / \mathbb{Z}_p locally étale over a ball

then $f^\diamond: Y^\diamond \rightarrow X^\diamond$ is ohom smooth

3) $(\text{Spa } E)^\diamond \longrightarrow (\text{Spa } F_q)^\diamond$ is cohom smooth

$(\text{Div}^1)^d / \Sigma_d = \text{Div } d \longrightarrow *$ is cohom smooth

$(\text{Spa } O_E)^\diamond \longrightarrow (\text{Spa } F_q)^\diamond$ cohom smooth

4) If $Y \longrightarrow X$ coh smooth

\nearrow
 second step of the proof G pro-p-gp acting freely on $Y \rightarrow X$

then $f/\underline{G} : Y/\underline{G} \longrightarrow X$ is still coh smooth

converse not true!

ex $Y = \text{Spa } C \times \underline{G} \longrightarrow X = \text{Spa } C$
 not cohom smooth

but $Y/\underline{G} = \text{Spa } C = \text{Spa } C$

5) $L^+G / (L^+G)_\mu \cong \text{Gr}_{G,\mu} \longrightarrow (\text{Spa } E)^\diamond$
 \nwarrow stabilizer of $(\mu^2 \in \text{Gr } G)$
 open Schubert cell cohom smooth

but $\text{Gr}_{G, \leq \mu}$ is not in general

6) \mathcal{E} vect bundle on X_S

and all fibers have only positive HN slopes
(> 0)

then $\text{BC}(\mathcal{E}) \rightarrow S$

cohomological smooth

not true for slope ≥ 0

$$\mathcal{E} = \mathcal{O}_{X_S}, \quad \text{BC}(\mathcal{E}) = \underline{E}$$

not cohom smooth

7) Being cohom smooth can be checked

v-locally on the target

we can define cohom smooth for Artin stacks

(not on the source)

(+ cohom. smooth localizes)

because the source

on source

can be smooth v-locally
always made

Artin stacks

Def'n A small v -stack X is Artin

if $\Delta_X : X \rightarrow X \times X$

rep in locally spatial diamonds

$\exists f : Y \rightarrow X$ *cohom* smooth surj

with Y locally spatial diamonds

Schemes \rightsquigarrow alg spaces \rightsquigarrow Artin stacks

perf'd space \rightsquigarrow locally spatial diamonds \rightsquigarrow Artin v -stacks

Thm Bun_G is a *cohom. smooth* Artin

v -stack of $\dim = 0$

Here the degree of the dual complex

gives the notion of dimension

(note in practice but fail in general

deg is independent of l
deg is even
 $\dim := \frac{\text{even}}{2}$

i.e $\pi: \text{Bun}_G \rightarrow *$ $R\pi^! \Lambda$ locally isom to $\Lambda[0]$

Sketch of the proof

Show $\text{Gr}_{G, \mu} / \underline{G(E)} \xrightarrow{\quad} \text{Bun}_G$

fibers are open in

is cohom. smooth of $\dim < 2g - \mu >$

and $\text{Gr}_{r, \mu} / \underline{G(E)}$ is also a hom smooth
of dim $\langle 2r, \mu \rangle$

\Rightarrow open image of this map (Q: what is the image of it)
has desired property
(Cohom smooth \Rightarrow open) proof?

Take \bigcup_M : covers Bun_G \square

In particular $[* / \underline{G(E)}] \cong \text{Bun}_G^1$
 $\subseteq \text{Bun}_G$
is a hom smooth / *

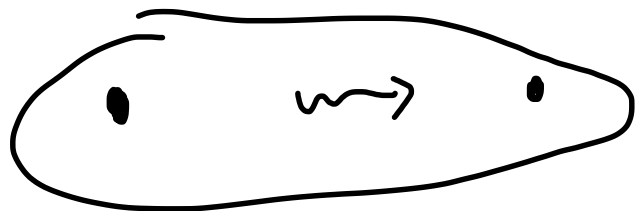
To study Bun_G , need better smooth atlas

Example

$$G = GL_2$$

$$\mathcal{O}(\frac{1}{2})$$

$$\mathcal{O} \oplus \mathcal{O}(1)$$



$$\subseteq \text{Bun}_G$$

\mathcal{U} open

want nice atlas for \mathcal{U}

$$b \in B(G) \mapsto \mathcal{O} \oplus \mathcal{O}(1)$$

Def'n

\mathcal{M}_b is the moduli space of

extensions

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{L} & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{E} & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{L}' & \longrightarrow & 0 \\ & & \uparrow & & & & \uparrow & & \\ & & \text{line bundle} & & & & \text{line bundle} & & \\ & & \text{deg} = 0 & & & & \text{deg} = 1 & & \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow \pi_b: M_b \longrightarrow \text{Bun}_{\text{GL}_2} = \text{Bun}_G$$

$$(\mathcal{L} \longrightarrow \mathcal{E} \longrightarrow \mathcal{L}') \longmapsto \mathcal{E}$$

Thm π_b cohom smooth, image = U

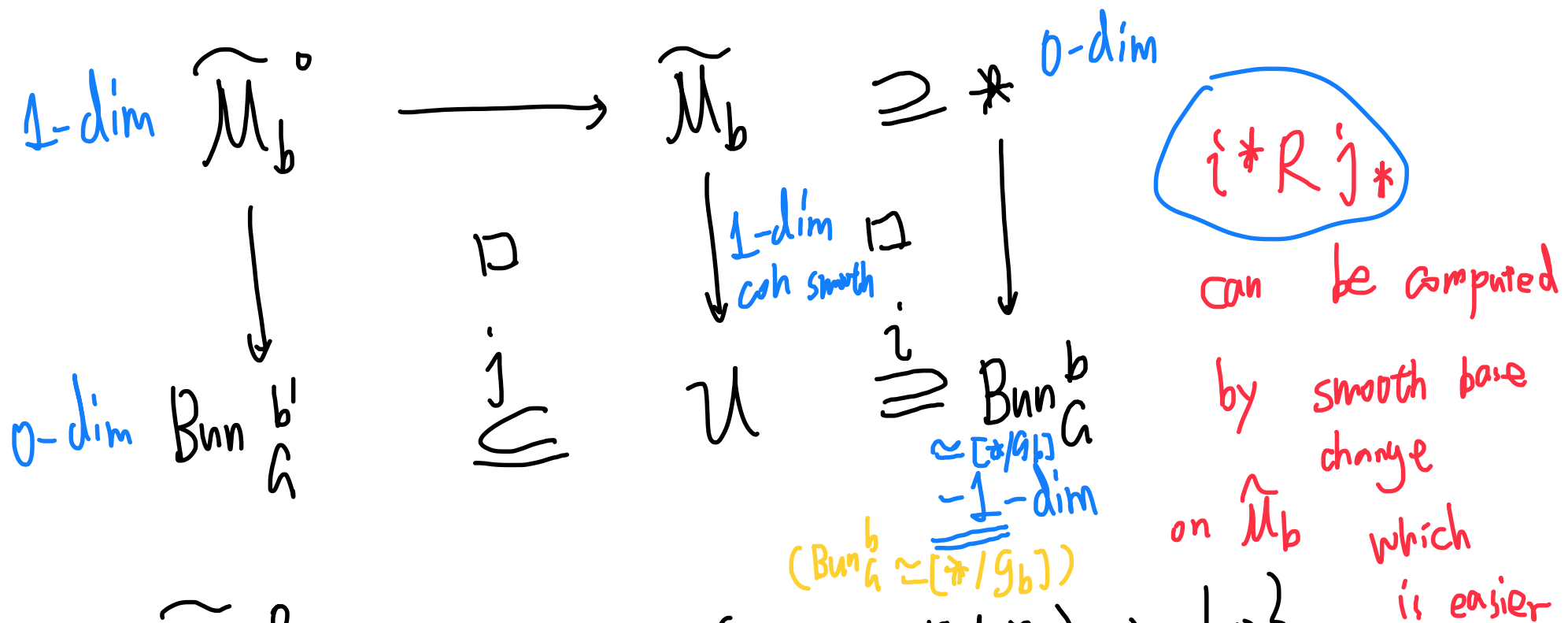
Structure of M_b : $M_b = \widetilde{M}_b / \underline{E}^x \times \underline{E}^x$

\widetilde{M}_b param extensions

$$0 \longrightarrow \mathcal{O} \longrightarrow \mathcal{E} \longrightarrow \mathcal{O}(1) \longrightarrow 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \widetilde{M}_b = \text{BC}(\mathcal{O}(-1)[1])$$

negative Banach-Colmez space



$$\widehat{\mathcal{M}}_b^0 = \text{BC}(O(-1)[1]) \setminus \{0\}$$

$$\cong \underbrace{\text{Spa } k((t))}^{\substack{\text{trivializing} \\ \mathcal{E} \cong O(\frac{1}{2})}} \Big/ \underbrace{SL_1(D_{\frac{1}{2}})}_{\substack{\text{quat div alg} \\ \text{Aut}(\mathcal{E}_{\frac{1}{2}})}}$$

$\text{BC}(O(\frac{1}{2})) \setminus \{0\} \cong \text{Spa } k((t))$

In general will define cohom smooth

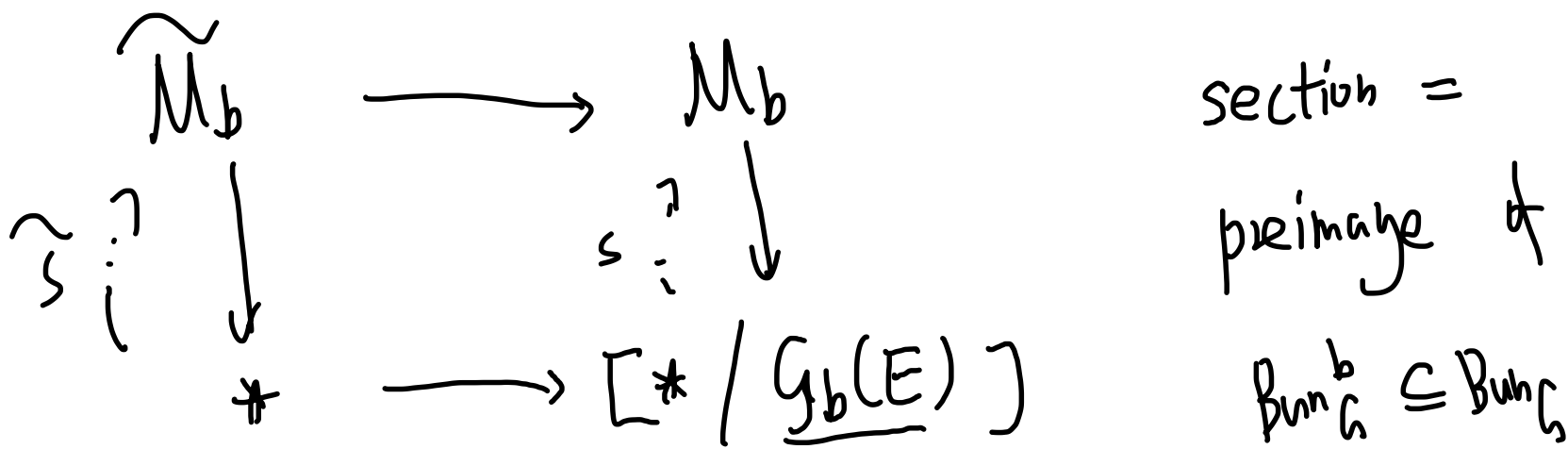
$$\pi_b: \mathcal{M}_b \longrightarrow \text{Bun}_{\mathbb{G}_m} \text{ for any } b \in B(\mathbb{G}_m)$$

$$\pi_b : M_b \longrightarrow \text{Bun}_G$$

" is the strict henselization of Bun_G

at $[\ast / \underline{G_b(E)}] \xrightarrow{\quad} \text{Bun}_G^b \longrightarrow \text{Bun}_G$ "

↑
sh. smooth



$$\widetilde{M}_b^\circ = \widetilde{M}_b \setminus \ast \longrightarrow \underline{\text{Bun}_G^b} \subseteq \text{Bun}_G$$

↑
spatial diamond

Note : $\widetilde{M}_b \longrightarrow \ast$ is repr. in loc spatial diamonds

but \widetilde{M}_b is not a locally spatial diamond

exa

$\text{Spa } k[[t]] \longrightarrow *$ is rep in local spatial diamond

functor: $\text{Spa}(R, R^+) \longmapsto R^\circ$

(as base change to S get open unit disc $|S$)

but $\text{Spa } k[[t]]$ is not a diamond, as it has

non-analytic pt $\text{Spa } k \subseteq \text{Spa } k[[t]]$

$\text{Spa } k[[t]] \setminus \text{Spa } k = \text{Spa } k((t))$

is a spatial diamond

($X \longrightarrow *$ quasi-comp (~~*~~) \times quasi-comp)

Def'n of M_b

For GL_n $b \in B(GL_n)$

$\Rightarrow \mathbb{Q}$ -graded vect bundle

$$\mathcal{E} = \bigoplus_{\lambda \in \mathbb{Q}} \mathcal{E}^\lambda$$

\mathcal{M}_b : param iterated extensions of the \mathcal{E}^λ

In general

Def'n Let \mathcal{M} be the moduli space taking $S \in \text{Perf } \overline{\mathbb{F}}_q$ to (exact- \otimes) functor from $\text{Rep}_E G$ to exact cat of \mathbb{Q} -filtered vector bundle $\mathcal{E} \supseteq \mathcal{E}^{\leq \lambda}$ s.t

each $E^\lambda = E^{\leq \lambda} / \bigcup_{\lambda' < \lambda} E^{\leq \lambda'}$ is semi-stable of slope λ

This is increasing Fil, "opposite" to

HN filtration!

map $(E \geq E^\lambda) \hookrightarrow E$
 $\mathcal{M} \longrightarrow \text{Bun}_G$

$\bigoplus_{\lambda} E^\lambda$
 λ
 $b \in B(\mathfrak{h})$
 $[* / \underline{G_b(E)}]$

exact \otimes -functor w/ values in

isocrystal $s \simeq \mathbb{Q}$ -graded $\forall B$ E^λ ss of slope λ

$$\hookrightarrow M = \bigsqcup_{b \in B(G)} \dots$$

$$\hookrightarrow M_b \longrightarrow [* / \underline{G_b(E)}]$$

Thm $\pi_b: M_b \longrightarrow \text{Bun}_G$

are cohomological smooth

(very hard !!)

Remark For $G = GL_n$: can be proved by linear alg

other classical gp : not just linear alg
e.g. quadratic hypersurf
in BC

Next time: Jacobian Criterion

Q: Why is π_b better?

Quasi-compactness

$$\mathbb{P}^1 / \underline{GL_2(E)} \xrightarrow[\text{smooth}]{\text{coh}} GL_2$$

$$\text{image} = \mathcal{U}$$

$$O(\frac{1}{2}), 0 \oplus O(1)$$

$$\text{Strata} = \frac{\mathbb{P}^1(E)}{\underline{GL_2(E)}} \xrightarrow{i} \frac{\mathbb{P}^1}{\underline{GL_2(E)}}$$
$$\Omega^2 / \underline{GL_2(E)} \xrightarrow{j}$$

Hope to compute $i^* Rj_* \mathcal{F}$

$$= \lim_{\substack{\text{small ball} \\ U \text{ around} \\ P'(E)}} RP(U \setminus P'(E) / \dots, \mathcal{F})$$
$$\lim_{\substack{V \subseteq U \setminus P'(E) \\ \text{or open}}} RP(V / \dots, \mathcal{F})$$

(not quasi-coherent, out of control)
!!

In M_b -chart

see $(i^* Rj_* \mathcal{F})_{\bar{x}} = RP(\widehat{M}_b^0, \mathcal{F})$

so very explicit

Spatial so quasi-coherent
finite dim diamond

Q: Coh smooth map is open

$\Rightarrow Rf_!$ preserve constructible sheaves

↓
has open supports

\int_0 $Rf_! \mathbb{F}_L$ support = $\int_0 f$
is (q) open

Q: $\text{Im} (\mathcal{C}_{h, \mu} \rightarrow \text{Bun}_h)$

is $\bigcup_{b \in B(h, \mu)} \text{Bun}^b$

Q: Classical analogues of
coh smooth ?
for π_b

Thm (Drinfeld - Simpson)

$$\text{Bun}_p^{\text{generic}} \longrightarrow \text{Bun}_h$$

is smooth

$\forall p \leq h$ parabolic

$$\text{Spa } C' \longrightarrow \text{Spa } C$$

not compactifiable



$\frac{h}{h} \longrightarrow *$ is not ok smooth
 \uparrow infinite h set

Exa E vect bundle on X_S

each fiber has only negative slopes

then $BC(E(\mathbb{1})) \rightarrow S$

Q: For LLC

need to understand $D(\text{Bun}_n, N)$

need to understand how the strata interacts

$$i^* Rj_* \mathcal{F}$$

compatible with smooth base change

so use \uparrow coh smooth uniformization