

# IEEE802.15.3c Beamforming Overview

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## Authors:

Name	Affiliations	Address	Phone	Email
I. Lakkis	Tensorcom	10875 Rancho Bernardo Rd, #108, San Diego, CA 92127	(858) 676-0200	ilakkis@tensorcom.com
S. Kato	NICT	3-4 Hikarino-oka, Yokosuka, 239-0847 Japan		Shu.kato@Nict.go.jp
C. Ngo	Samsung Electronics	75 W. Plumeria Dr., San Jose, CA 94132		Chiu.ngo@samsung.com
J. P. K. Gilb	SiBEAM	555 N. Mathilda, #100, Sunnyvale, CA 94085		gilb@ieee.org

## **Abstract**

- **Antenna configuration independent multi-level BST (Beam Switching/Steering & Tracking)**
- **Supports any antenna(s) system, i.e. supports single antenna element, switched antennas, sectored antennas, 1-D and 2-D beamforming antenna arrays, etc.**
- **Superframe structure with directional beaconing, association, CAP, and CTAP**

# TG3c Beamforming Protocols

- **TG3c has specified two beamforming protocols:**
  - BST (Beam Switching/Steering and Tracking) applicable to all antenna systems;
  - PET (Pattern Estimation and Tracking) applicable to 1-D and 2-D beamforming antenna arrays
- **BST has itself two options**
  - On demand beamforming between two DEVs or DEV and PNC;
  - Pro-active beamforming between PNC and DEVs
- **This presentation gives an overview of the on-demand BST beamforming protocol**

# Beamforming Terminology

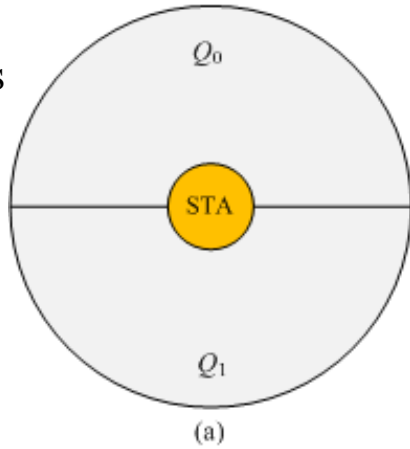
- **Quasi-omni patterns:**
  - 1<sup>st</sup> level resolution pattern
  - Refers to an antenna pattern that covers a very broad area of the Region of Space of Interest (RSI)
  - A STA covers the RSI with a minimal set of, possibly overlapping, Q-omni patterns
- **Sectors**
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> level resolution pattern
  - A pattern that covers a broad area of multiple beams that can be adjacent or not
  - Sectors can overlap

# Beamforming Terminology

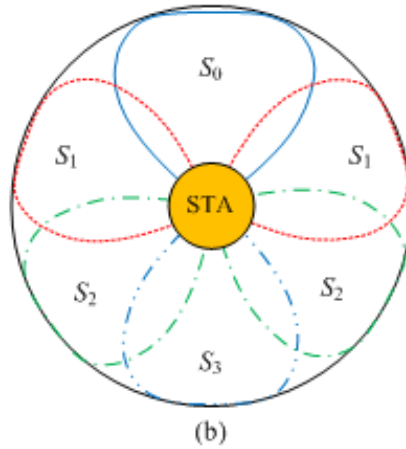
- **Beam**
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> level resolution pattern
  - Beams are a subset of High Resolution Beams (HRBs) or patterns
- **HR Beams**
  - Highest resolution level
  - Adjustment from Beams to HRBs is done during Tracking
- **Cluster**
  - A group of beams around a center beam
  - Clustering is used to facilitate tracking
  - Only the number of beams within a cluster is required

# Beamforming Terminology

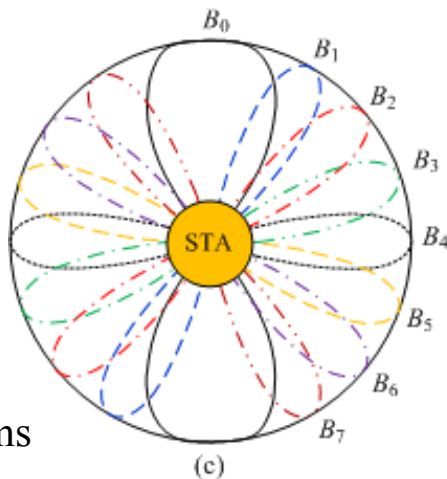
Q-omni Patterns



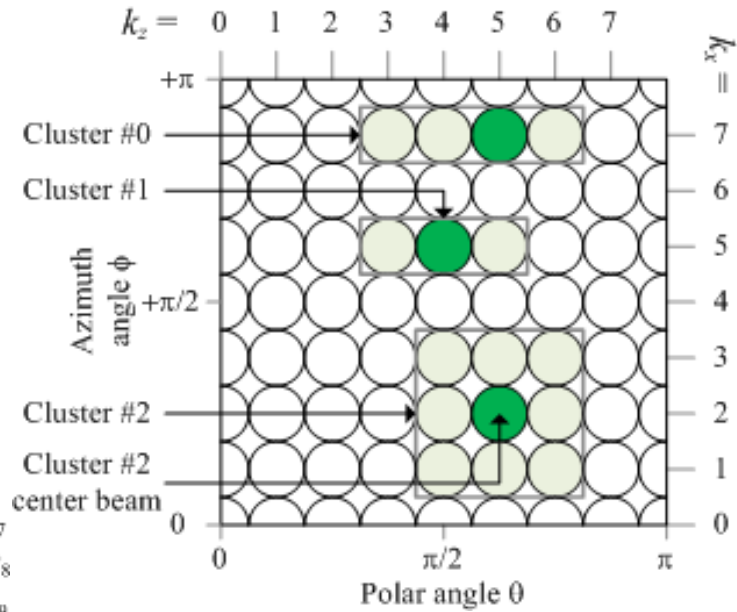
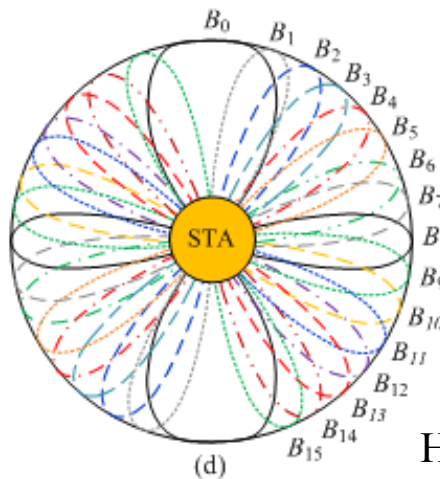
Sectors



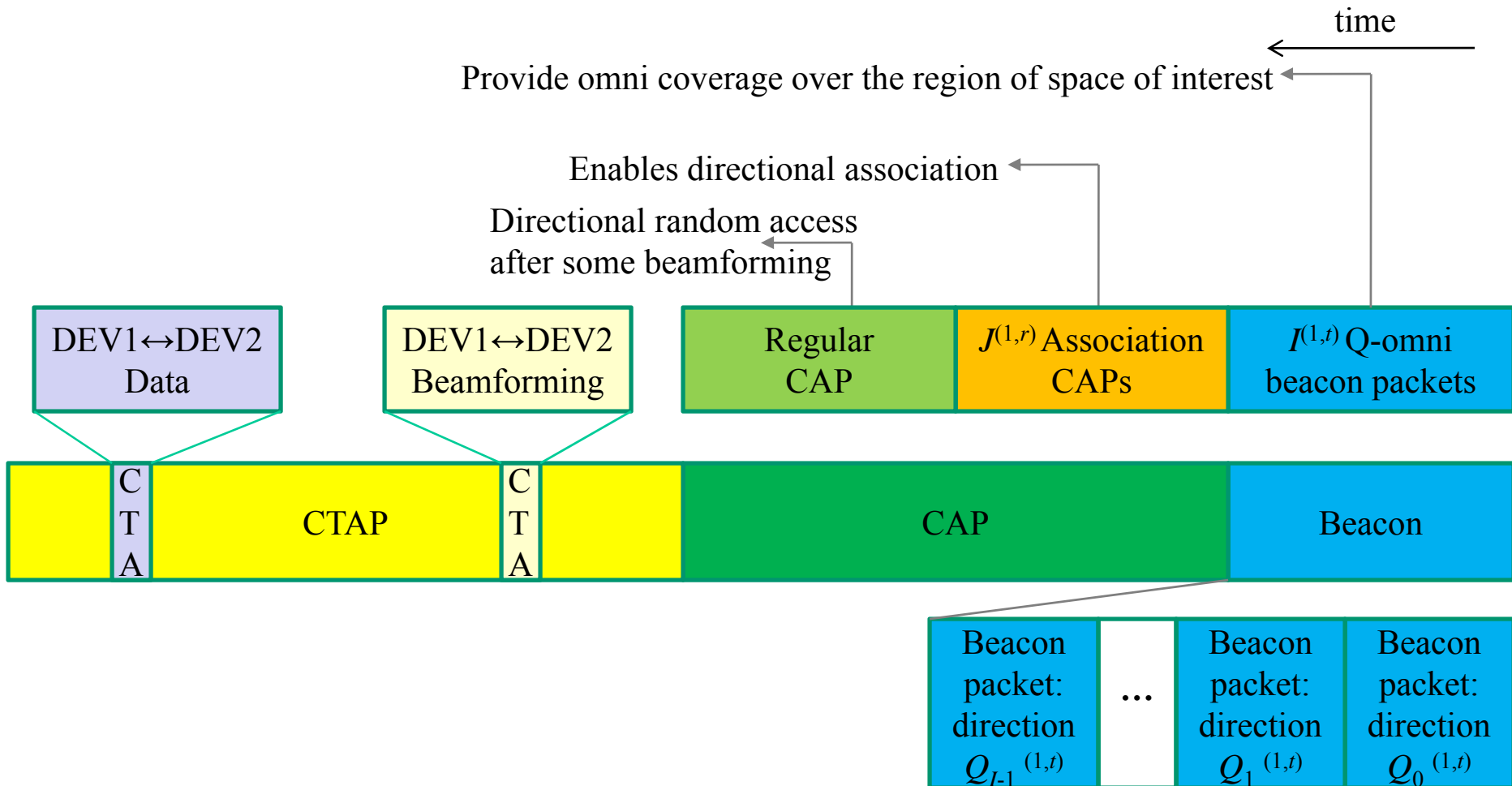
Beams



HR Beams



# Superframe Structure



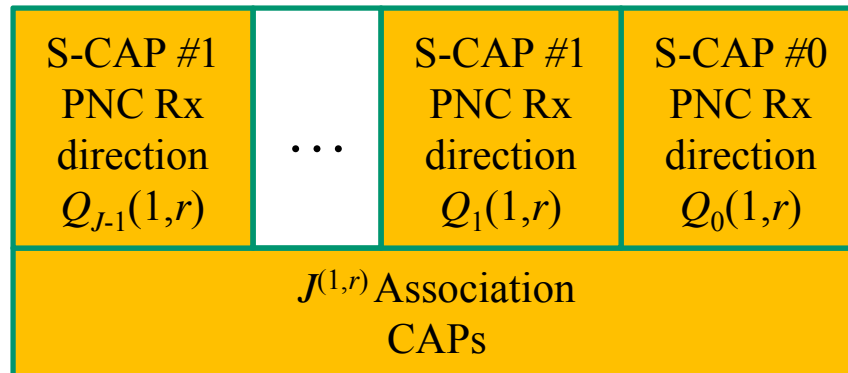
# The Beacon

- **PNC covers the region of space of interest by repeating /sweeping the beacon packet in  $I^{(1,t)}$  Q-omni directions**
- **A STA may detect the beacon in one or multiple BIs (left to the implementer);**
- **The 1<sup>st</sup> beacon packet detected and demodulated by a DEV is not necessarily the best. DEV should measure the link quality from all other beacon packets to find the best PNC Tx direction and track it;**
- **After beacon detection, DEV has acquired knowledge of its best Rx Q-omni direction  $q^{(2,r)}$  and PNC's best Tx sector direction  $q^{(1,t)}$ ;**



# Association

- The association period is divided into  $I^{(1,r)}$  sections corresponding to the PNC  $I^{(1,r)}$  q-omni Rx directions;
- Using a time allocation for association enables a more efficient usage of the regular CAP;
- A DEV sends an “Association Request command” by sweeping over its  $I^{(2,t)}$  Q-omni transmit directions;



# Association

- **The “Association Request” includes the information about the PNC best Tx Q-omni direction index toward the source DEV, i.e.  $q^{(1,t)}$  ;**
- **If the channel between STA and PNC is reciprocal, sweeping is not necessary;**
- **STA uses its best Q-omni Rx direction(found during beacon detection)  $q^{(2,r)}$  to listen for an “Association Response”;**
- **Process is repeated in each association S-CAP until DEV successfully receives an “Association Response”;**

# Association

- **A successful association does not however mean that the PNC has acquired STA's best Tx direction. All we can say is that in the reverse link we have found a working DEV Tx direction;**
- **Fine tuning to find DEV's best Q-omni direction and higher resolution best direction should not be completed in A-CAPs to avoid polluting it;**
- **PNC should poll a DEV to a CTA (from time to time: left to the implementer) to perform at least the 1<sup>st</sup> level of beamforming which allows PNC and STA to track each other's best sector pair of directions**

# Regular CAP

- **Before two peer DEVs communicate in regular CAP, the two DEVs may perform beamforming;**
- **Configurable:**
  - Slotted Aloha
    - Enables spatial reuse
    - DEV $\leftrightarrow$  DEV or DEV $\leftrightarrow$  PNC
  - CSMA/CA for AV PHY
  - PNC based:
    - Directional RTS/CTS

# Beamforming BST Protocol

- **The BST protocol is a very low complexity protocol:**
  - It is independent of antenna configuration, i.e. supports single antenna element, sectored antennas, switched antennas, beamforming antenna arrays of any nature;
  - Does not require any codebook exchange;
  - Requires a very little amount of information to be exchanged between STAs to operate properly, i.e. number of Tx & Rx directions;
- **The BST protocol is a bidirectional multi-level beamforming protocol, the outcome of which is:**
  - The best pair of directions in forward and reverse links and;
  - The start MCS to be used in each direction

# Beamforming Protocol Summary

- **Sector level objective:**
  - Find fwd link (DEV1→DEV2) and reverse link (DEV2→DEV1) best pair of sector directions (in terms of LQI)
  - Optionally second best pair of sector directions
  - Mapping of best pair of sector directions into a set of beam level directions in preparation for level-2;
- **Beam level objective:**
  - Find fwd link (DEV1→DEV2) and reverse link (DEV2→DEV1) best pair of beam directions
  - Mapping of best pair of beam directions into a set of higher resolution beam directions in preparation for nest level or tracking;
- **Tracking objective:**
  - Track the best pair of HR (high resolution beams) by monitoring the adjacent HR beams in the cluster centered around the best beam;
  - Switch to new better high resolution beam if found and re-cluster around the newly found HR beam

# Beamforming

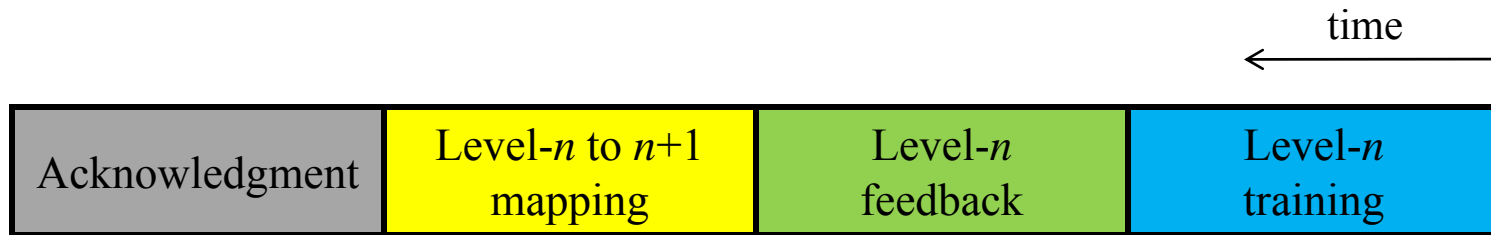
- **Beamforming between two DEVs or a DEV and PNC takes place in a CTA;**
- **DEV1 reserve a CTA from the PNC for the special purpose of beamforming with STA2**
- **The BST beamforming protocol consists of a two-level beamforming, followed by a tracking phase:**
  - Two-level beamforming:
    - Sector level
    - Beam level
  - High resolution beam level (tracking)

# Beamforming CTA Reservation

- **Beamforming between two DEVs or a DEV and PNC takes place in a CTA;**
- **DEV1 reserve a CTA from the PNC for the special purpose of beamforming with STA2;**
- **PNC allocates a CTA & broadcasts the CTA allocation, DEV1's and DEV2's "Beamforming capabilities"**
- **DEV1 and DEV2 start the beamforming process in the allocated CTA;**
- **DEV beamforming capabilities:**
  - #Tx sectors = 1  $\Leftrightarrow$  DEV is Tx omni-capable in (RoSoI)
  - #Rx sectors = 1  $\Leftrightarrow$  DEV is Rx omni-capable in (RoSoI)
  - #Antenna Type (0  $\Leftrightarrow$  no beamforming, etc.)

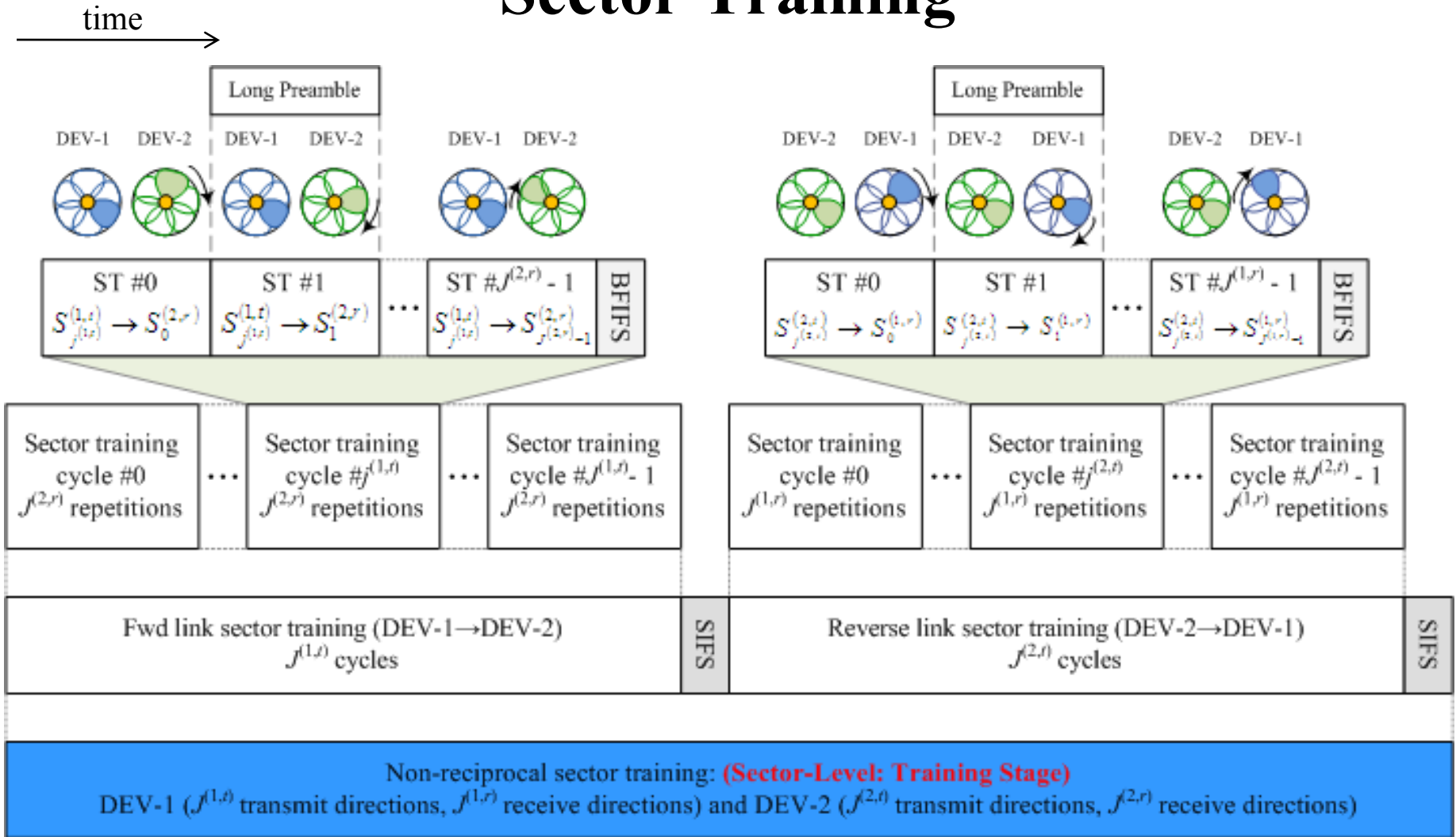


# Sector & Beam Level Format



- **Unified sector and beam level format ( $n=1, 2, 3$ )**
  - *Level- $n$  training*: forward and reverse link sweeping
  - *Level- $n$  feedback*: feedback of best and 2<sup>nd</sup> best directions and associated LQIs;
  - *Level- $n$  mapping*: mapping of best direction results of current level into a set of directions to be used in level  $n+1$  (3 being tracking);
  - *Acknowledgment*: closes the loop

# Sector Training



# Sector Feedback

Fwd Link (DEV1→DEV2) Sector Feedback IE

LQI 2 <sup>nd</sup> best 4b	DEV1 2 <sup>nd</sup> best Tx sector index 4b	LQI best 4b	DEV1 best Tx sector, $S_{j^{(1,t)}}^{(1,t)}$ , index 4b	Length 8b	Element ID 8b
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Rev Link (DEV2→DEV1) Sector Feedback IE

LQI 2 <sup>nd</sup> best 4b	DEV2 2 <sup>nd</sup> best Tx sector index 4b	LQI best 4b	DEV2 best Tx sector, $S_{j^{(2,r)}}^{(2,r)}$ , index 4b	Length 8b	Element ID 8b
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Feedback packet #0 with <b>sector feedback IE</b> & Imp-ACK $S_0^{(1,t)} \rightarrow S_{j^{(2,r)}}^{(2,r)}$	...	Feedback packet # $j^{(1,t)}$ with <b>sector feedback IE</b> & Imp-ACK $S_{j^{(1,t)}}^{(1,t)} \rightarrow S_{j^{(2,r)}}^{(2,r)}$	...	Feedback packet # $j^{(1,t)} - 1$ with <b>sector feedback IE</b> & Imp-ACK $S_{j^{(1,t)}-1}^{(1,t)} \rightarrow S_{j^{(2,r)}}^{(2,r)}$	Feedback packet with <b>sector feedback IE</b> & Imp-ACK $S_{j^{(2,r)}}^{(2,r)} \rightarrow S_{j^{(1,t)}}^{(1,t)}$
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Fwd link feedback (DEV-1→DEV-2) $j^{(1,t)}$ repetitions <b>(No sweeping if DEV-1 is Tx-omni capable)</b>	SIFS	Rev link feedback (DEV-2→DEV-1) $S_{j^{(2,r)}}^{(2,r)} \rightarrow S_{j^{(1,t)}}^{(1,t)}$	SIFS
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Non-reciprocal sector feedback: **(Sector-level: Feedback Stage)**  
DEV-1 ( $j^{(1,t)}$  transmit directions,  $j^{(1,r)}$  receive directions) and DEV-2 ( $j^{(2,t)}$  transmit directions,  $j^{(2,r)}$  receive directions)

# Sector-Level Mapping

- **Sector → Beam mapping IE**
  - Number of DEV Tx beams
  - Number of DEV Rx beams

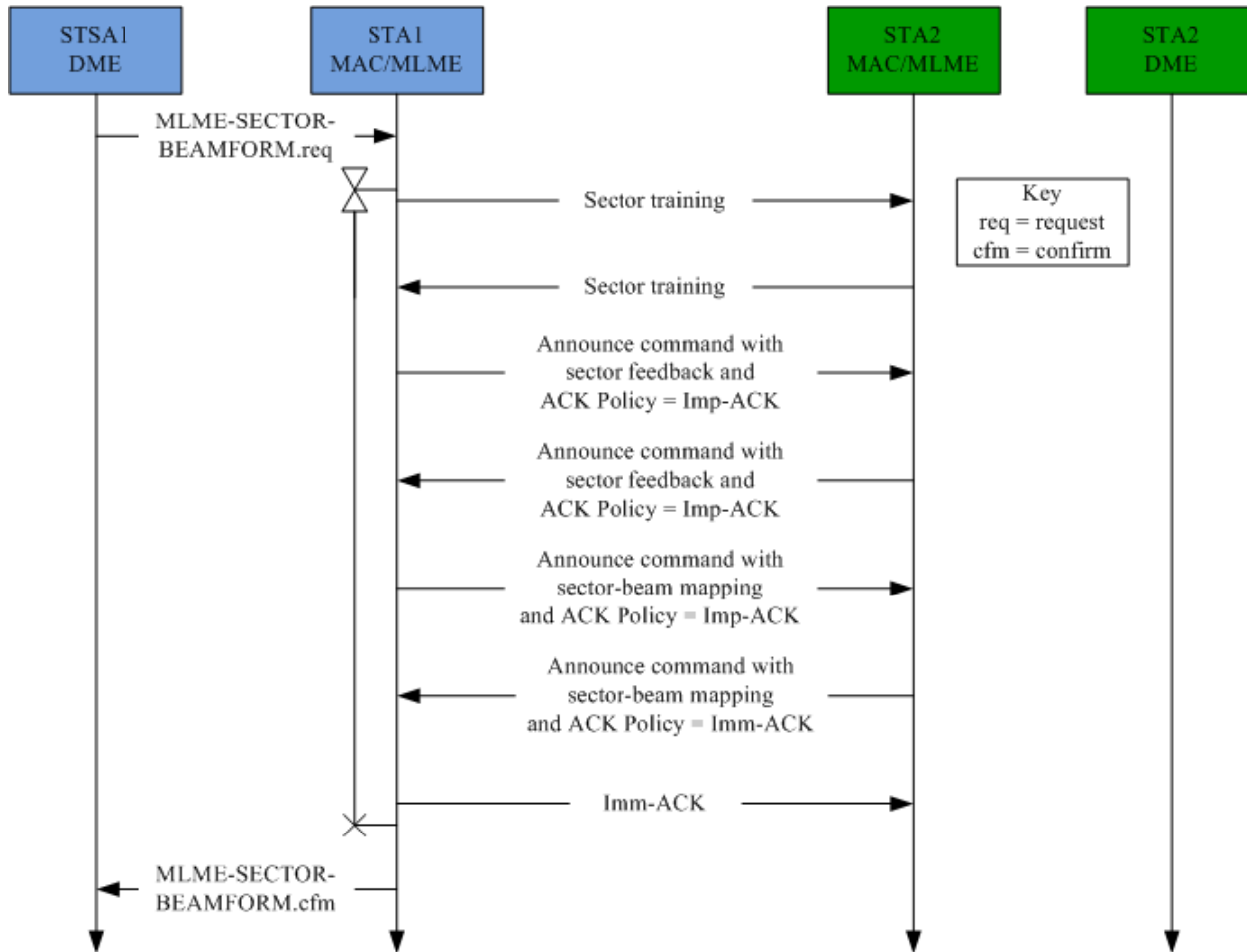
DEV2→DEV1 : Sector Mapping IE

RES	Number of DEV2 Rx beams - 1	HR Beam SYNC Mode	Number of DEV2 Tx beams - 1	Length	Element ID
2b	6b	2b	6b	8b	8b

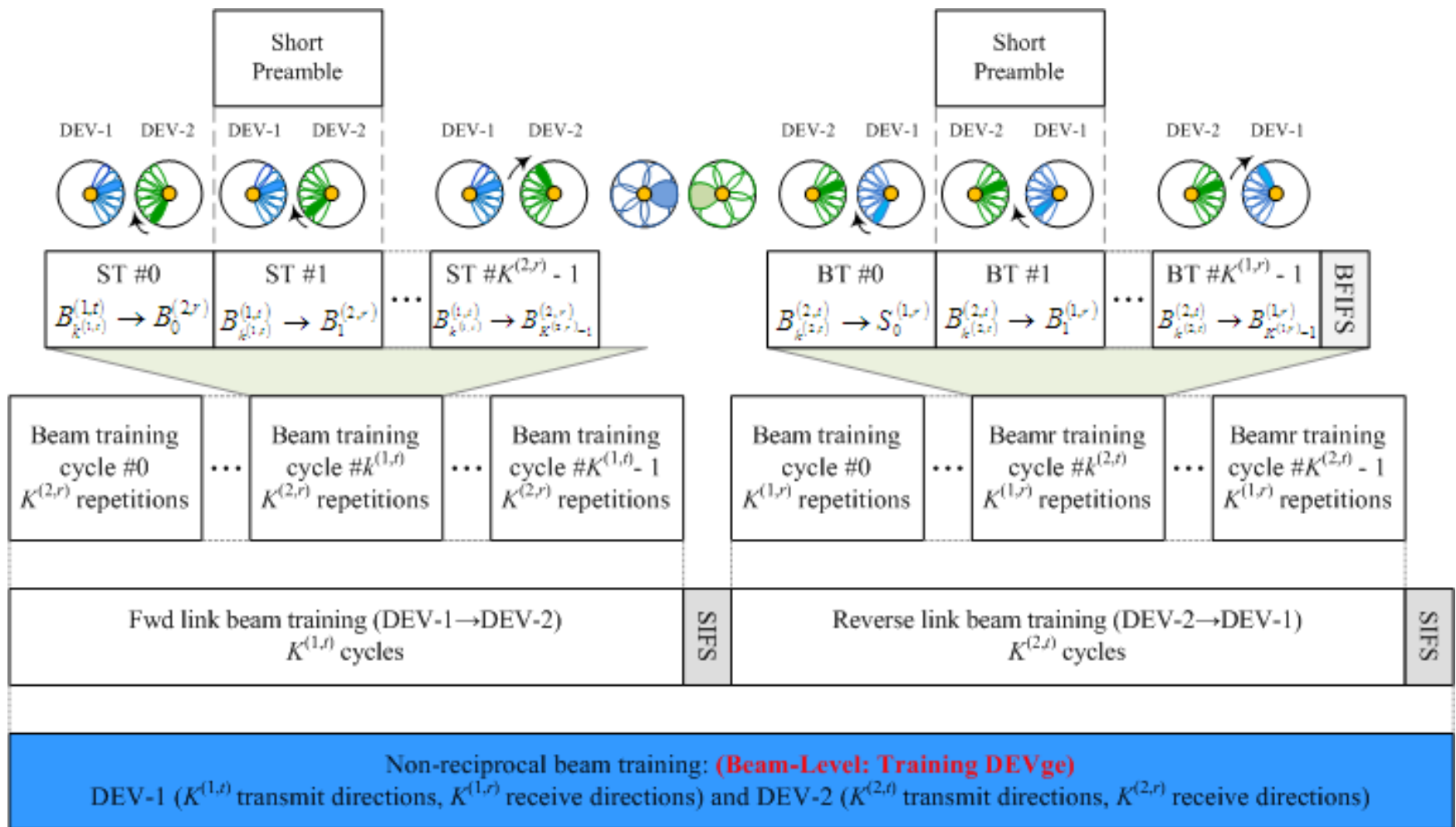
DEV1→DEV2 : Sector Mapping IE

RES	Number of DEV1 Rx beams - 1	HR Beam SYNC Mode	Number of DEV1 Tx beams - 1	Length	Element ID
2b	6b	2b	6b	8b	8b

# Sector-Level Process Summary



# Beam-Level Training



# Beam-Level Feedback

- Feedback Stage:**

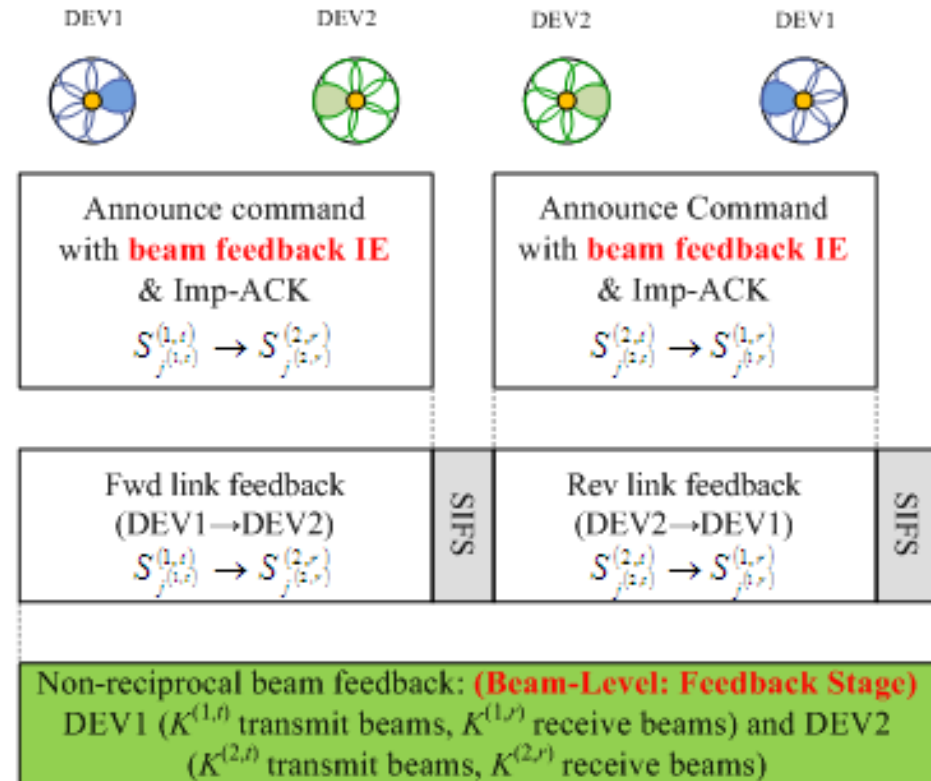
- Fwd link DEV1→DEV2: uses best pair of sectors from 1<sup>st</sup> level
- Fwd link DEV2→DEV1 uses best pair of sectors from 1<sup>st</sup> level

Fwd Link (DEV1→DEV2) Beam Feedback IE

LQI 2 <sup>nd</sup> best 4b	DEV1 2 <sup>nd</sup> best Tx beam index 4b	LQI best 4b	DEV1 best Tx beam, $B_{j^{(1,t)}}^{(1,t)}$ , index 4b	Length 8b	Element ID 8b
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Rev Link (DEV2→DEV1) Beam Feedback IE

LQI 2 <sup>nd</sup> best 4b	DEV2 2 <sup>nd</sup> best Tx beam index 4b	LQI best 4b	DEV2 best Tx beam, $B_{j^{(2,r)}}^{(2,r)}$ , index 4b	Length 8b	Element ID 8b
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# Beam-Level Mapping

- **Beam → HR-Beam mapping IE**

- Number of DEV Tx HR (High Resolution) beams
- Number of DEV Rx HR (High Resolution) beams

DEV2→DEV1 : Beam Mapping IE

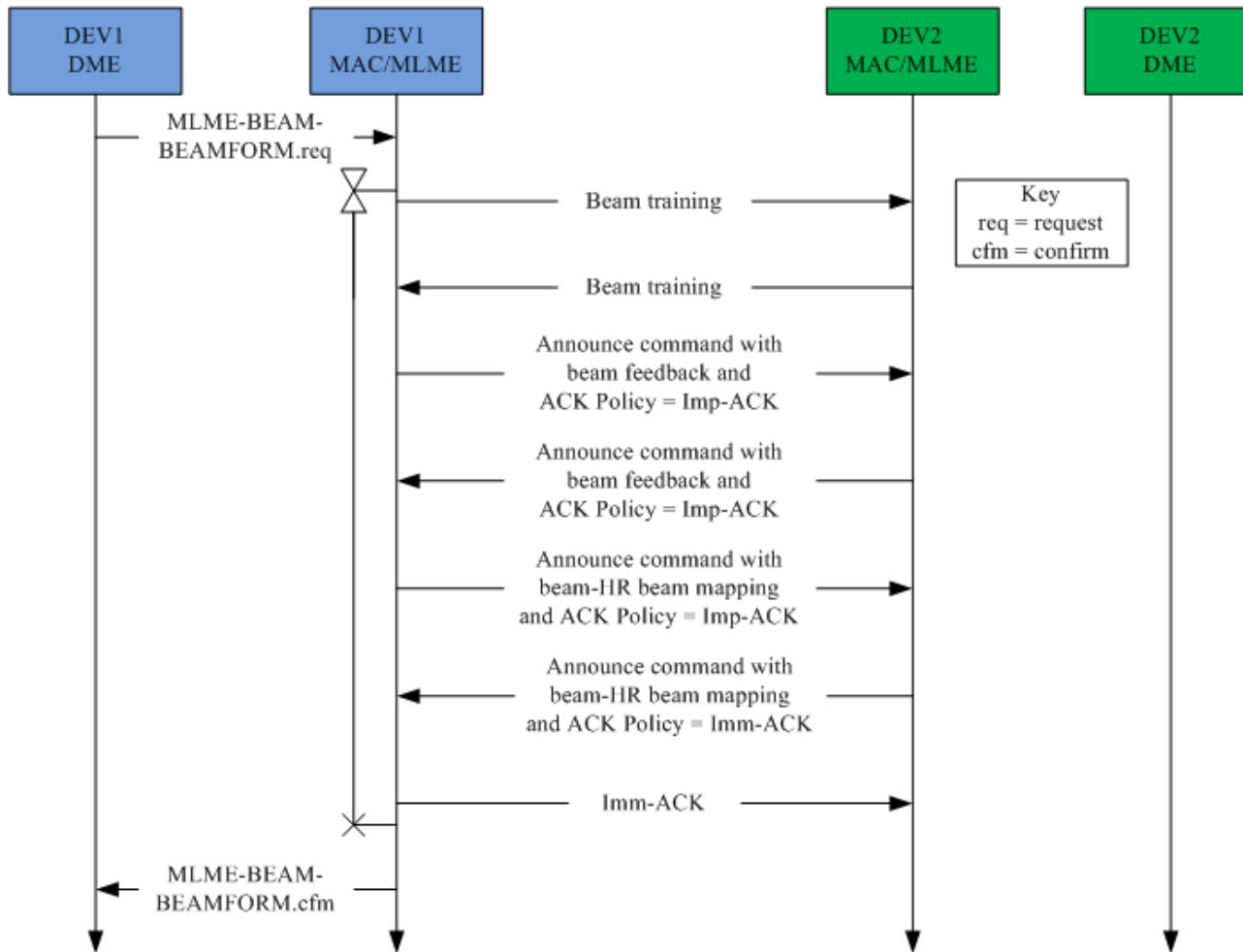
RES	Number of DEV2 Rx HR beams - 1	HR Beam SYNC Mode	Number of DEV2 Tx HR beams - 1	Length	Element ID
2b	6b	2b	6b	8b	8b

DEV1→DEV2 : Beam Mapping IE

RES	Number of DEV1 Rx HR beams - 1	HR Beam SYNC Mode	Number of DEV1 Tx HR beams - 1	Length	Element ID
2b	6b	2b	6b	8b	8b



# Beam-Level Process Summary

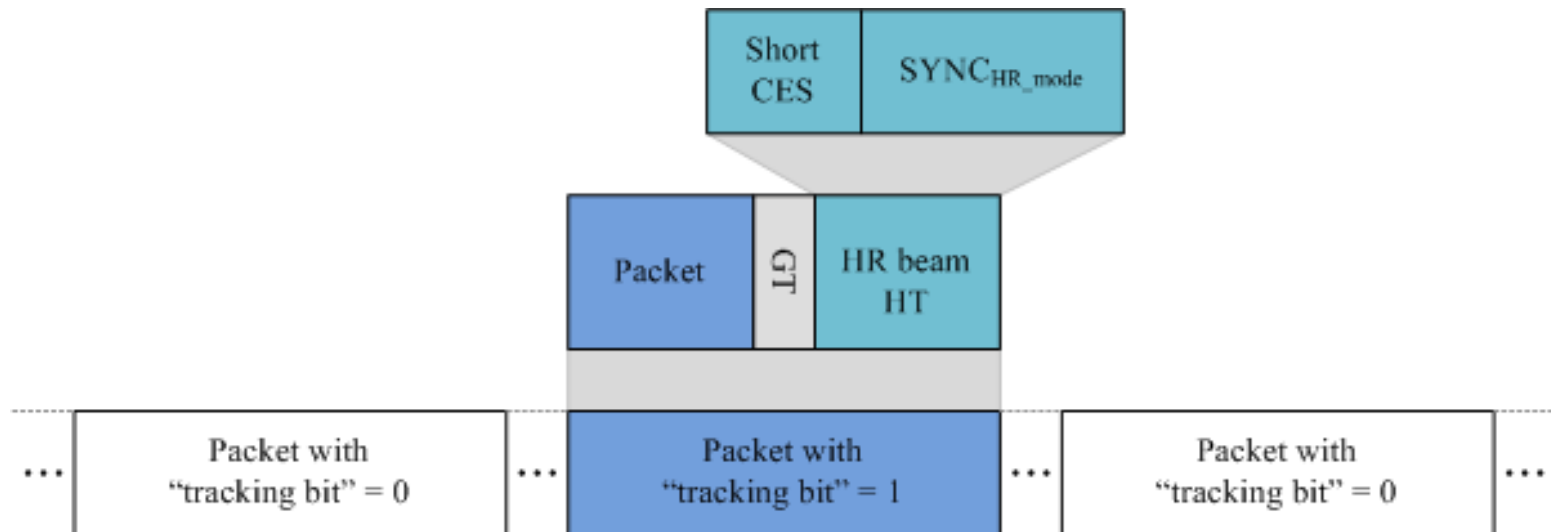


# Tracking

- **Clustering Rules:**
  - Definition: a set of adjacent beams identified by a center beam
  - Clusters are paired, i.e. a cluster-1 from DEV1 is associated to a cluster-1 from DEV2 & cluster-2 from DEV1 is paired with cluster-2 from DEV2
- **Tracking mechanism:**
  - Track center beam in each cluster (re-clustering)
  - Tracking packets are used to enable distributed tracking
  - A tracking packet is a regular packet with “Tracking Bit Field” set to 1 in the PHY header, and followed by beam training sequence (short preamble)

# Tracking

- A Packet with “Tracking Bit” set to one is followed by a short training sequence transmitted in on of the HR beam directions within the cluster;



# Summary

- **BST is one of two beamforming protocols adopted in IEEE802.15.3c;**
- **BST is simple and require only exchange of number of directions within a given stage;**
- **BST is independent of the used antenna system;**
- **BST is based on a two-level beamforming: a sector level and a beam level**
- **Tracking moving DEVs is enables by the distributed cluster of HR beams tracking**

## References

- **15-08-0055-00-003c-Beamforming**
- **15-08-0182-00-003c-Multi-Resolution-Beamforming**
- **15-08-0361-00-003c-Beamforming**
- **15-08-0355-00-003c-Beamforming-Draft**