

fa1

Richard Schroepel

~~6810~~  
AG055

cat newseqs6  
 From: la.tis.com!fermat!r Sun Jun 30 01:40:08 PDT 1991  
 Received: by gauss; Sun Jun 30 05:23:45 EDT 1991  
 Received: by inet.att.com; Sun Jun 30 05:23 EDT 1991  
 Received: from ferat.UUCP by la.tis.com (4.1/SMI-DDN)  
     id AA13400; Sun, 30 Jun 91 02:23:27 PDT  
 Received: by rhmr.com (3.2/SMI-3.2)  
     id AA20439; Sun, 30 Jun 91 01:40:08 PDT  
 Date: Sun, 30 Jun 91 01:40:08 PDT  
 From: ferat!r@la.tis.com (Richard Schroepel)  
 Message-Id: <9106300840.AA20439@rhmr.com>  
 To: njas@research.att.com  
 Subject: more sequences  
 Status: R

I ran the consecutive-digits primes up to  $10^{100}$ ; these are them:

2  
 3  
 5  
 7  
 23  
 67  
 89  
 4567  
 78901  
 678901  
 23456789  
 45678901  
 9012345678901  
 789012345678901  
 56789012345678901234567890123  
 90123456789012345678901234567  
 678901234567890123456789012345678901  
 9012345678901234567890123456789012345678901  
 789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567  
 2345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123  
 8901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789

The formula makes it likely that they have a distribution similar to Mersenne numbers, thinning out logarithmically.

One page  
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