

(200)

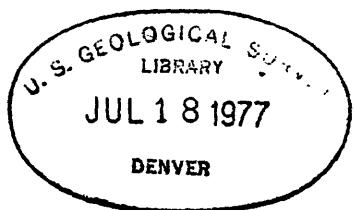
R29o

Preliminary documentation for a FORTRAN program
to compute gravity terrain corrections based
on topography digitized on a geographic grid

by

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This report is preliminary and has not
been edited or reviewed for conformity
with Geological Survey standards and
nomenclature.

INTRODUCTION

The FORTRAN computer program listed in Table 1 has been used by the U.S. Geological Survey since 1972 to obtain terrain corrections to a distance as far as 167 km from gravity stations. This program evolved from earlier versions of the program that were first announced and distributed in 1966 (Plouff, 1966). The digitization for a previous terrain correction program of the U.S. Geological Survey (Kane, 1962) adopted the one-kilometer square grid of the Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) coordinates that are marked on most topographic maps. J. H. Healy (oral communication, 1965) suggested to me that a system based on geographic latitude and longitude coordinates could be more general, more efficient (for storing digital elevations) and more flexible than the one-km UTM grid system. Healy suggested that only one quadrangle map of digitized average elevations needs to be retained in the computer memory at a given time.

I wrote a FORTRAN program in 1965 that implemented Healy's suggestions. That program and its later revisions primarily were used with 15-minute maps digitized in one-minute compartments and with one-by-two degree maps digitized in 3-minute compartments. The version of the program released as a preprint associated with the presentation at the 36th Annual Meeting of the Society of Exploration Geophysicists (Plouff, 1966) included all the basic improvements over previous terrain correction programs. These improvements are the digitization and gravity station locations in a latitude-longitude reference system, the assembly of digitization in quadrangle map units, a tie to an inner circular boundary that permits an exact join to conventional hand terrain corrections, a listing of maps needed but not found in the digital map-input, correction for the effect of the earth's curvature, and use of a gravity formula that is more accurate for those compartments that are closest to the location of the gravity station.

The last improvement was made because the formula used in the previous program was fairly accurate but was based on the assumption that the ground surface is horizontal within every compartment (fig. 1). To a first approximation, however, the ground surface near any point tends to slope through that point, in order to account for the observed difference of elevation

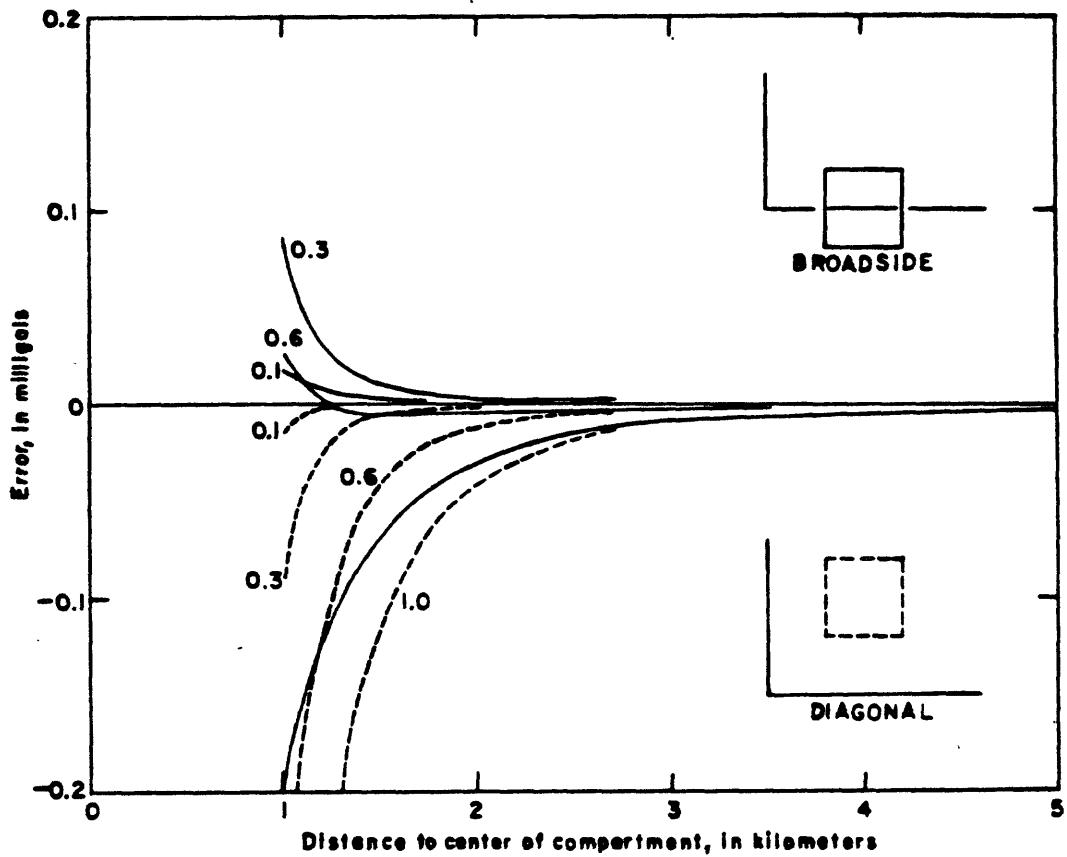


Figure 1.--Comparison of Kane's approximation to gravity effect of flat-topped rectangular prism. Solid lines indicate broadside orientation; dashed lines indicate diagonal orientation. Compartments are one-km squares. Constant height of compartment is distance to center of the compartment times number indicated near curve. Density is 2.67 gm/cm³.

between that point and nearby locations. A simple formula, in which it is assumed that all the mass within a compartment is concentrated along a vertical line mass at the center of the compartment, was found to provide a close approximation to the gravity effect of a ground surface that slopes through a nearby station location (fig. 2). At farther distances from the gravity station-- distances that exceed about 4 compartment widths from the station--the gravity value calculated by using the two formulas are nearly identical.

Further modifications between the time of the 1966 program and the accompanying listed program improved the distance formulas, removed some minor discrepancies, protected the program user against making mistakes, and were in response to a need for a more self sufficient "final" program in terms of punch card and printer output. A program later was written to convert previous one-km digitization to one-minute (about 1.85 by 1.5 km) digitization, so that previous elevation digitization could be adopted for use with the present program. That program (Robbins, and others, 1973) enabled a substantial block of gridded topographic data in southern California to be absorbed into one-minute and three-minute digitization that entirely covers the state of California.

listed in Table 1

Though the program/has been extensively tested, no surety should be implied concerning proper execution of the program. I would welcome receiving the results of independent tests. The program is by no means "final". Only positive values of latitude and longitude have been tested. The terrain corrections for land below sea level and for ocean compartments underlain by rock that does not have a density of 2.67 g/cc are incorrect in the accompanying program. There is no provision of the nearby terrain corrections for gravity observations at or below the surface of the ocean. The effect of water in large inland lakes or seas is not accounted for. An option for using the 1967 Geodetic Reference System for calculating the theoretical value of gravity at sea level has not been provided. None of the advantages of interactive computer usage, such as prompting and storage on disk or tape, are implemented. There is no option to reduce the bulk

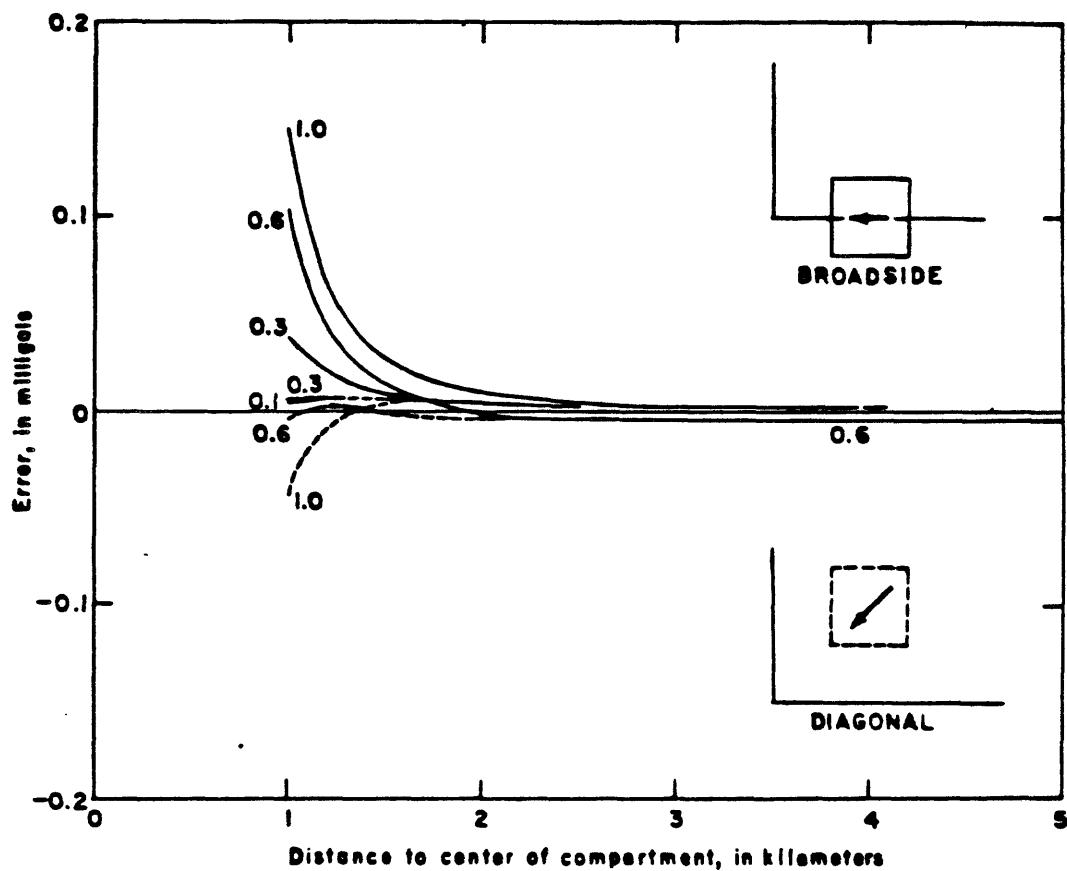


Figure 2.--Comparison of line element approximation to gravity effect of rectangular prism bounded on the top by an inclined plane that passes through the station. Solid lines indicate broadside orientation; dashed lines indicate diagonal orientation. Compartments are one-km squares. Direction of dip indicated by arrow. Numbers indicate slope of inclined plane. Density is 2.67 gm/cm^3 .

of the printed output and the associated specialized input and output formats. The accompanying program, however, is useful for the majority of cases and can be adopted with little or no modification for use on most digital computers.

DIGITAL GRAVITY TERRAIN CORRECTION PROGRAM

General

A generalized program flow chart is shown in Figure 3. The arrangement of the card input to the gravity terrain correction program is shown in Figure 4. "Computer cards" on the illustration for example indicate positions for Job Control Language cards of the IBM system. The accompanying program (Table 1) was written in standard FORTRAN IV language and has been used on an IBM-370 computer system. The program designation, M0400, serves to distinguish this program from all other versions of the program. The "99-cards" shown on Figure 4 are cards with nines punched in all 80 columns. These cards serve as delimiters that indicate the end of the sets of station cards or map cards. The formats of other specific types of cards are described later. Examples of typical punch cards are shown in Figure 5 and punch cards for a test case are listed in Table 2.

Limitations

The total number of gravity stations may not exceed 500. The total number of "map sets" may not exceed 10, but 4 is the expected practical limit. The total number of digital maps within a set may not exceed 80. No more than 13 maps from a given map set can be used to provide the specified map coverage for any gravity station. Map parameter cards may not specify compartment and map sizes such that there are more than 30 compartments along the north-south dimension of a map and no more than 40 compartments along the east-west dimension of a map. There must be an integer number of compartments in a map. Similarly, there must be an integer number--not over 15 in either the north-south or east-west direction--of "blocks" in a map. A block is grouping of compartments that is intermediate in size

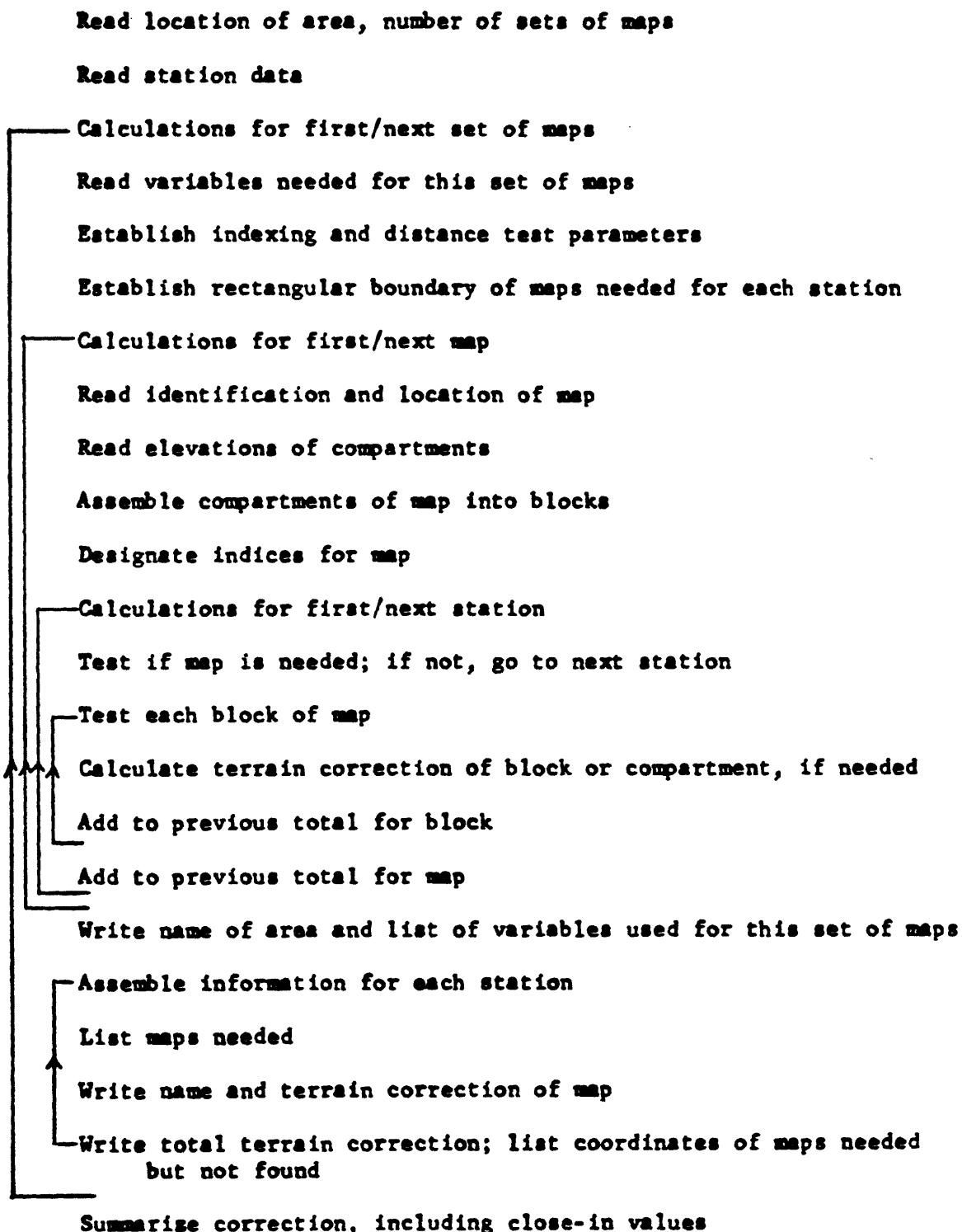


Figure 3.--Flow chart of program.

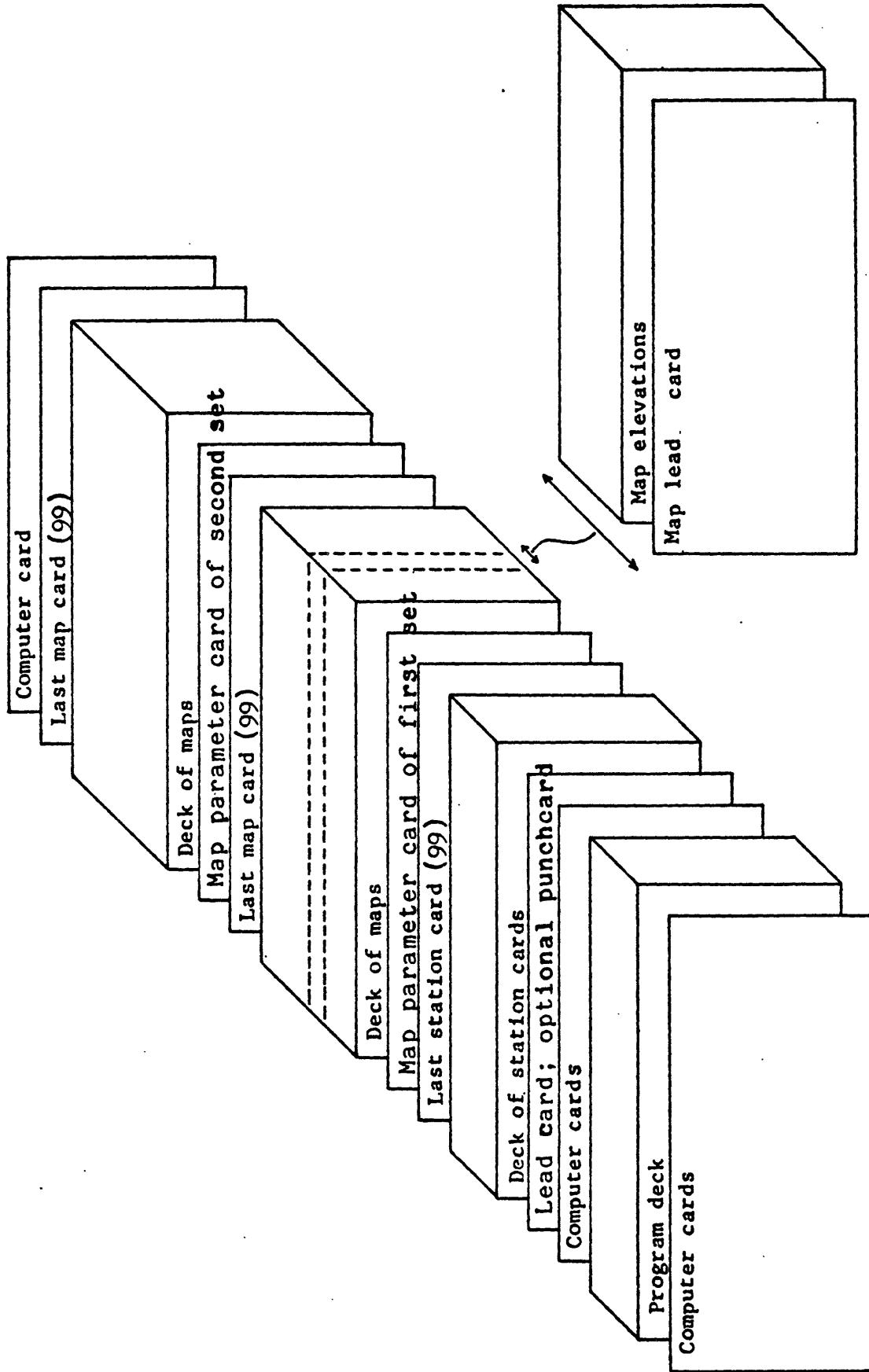


Figure 4.--Assembly of program for input to computer.

Lead card
SAN JUAN MTS., COLORADO -2 0 3 2.5

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80

Special card

SJM

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80

Station card

16573755081065045137180

1188UD5347884138

KXFIS

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79

Map parameter cards

5 53030 60 60 4.1

0.8949 4.0 15.0

160

5 MIN

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80

15 15 1 1 3 3 21.

4.1 14. 14.

0 1

15 MIN

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80

60120 3 3 12 12 166.7

21. 60. 14.

0 1

1-2 DEG

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80

Map lead card

SJM VII B7 37 20 107 50

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80

Map elevation card

9990 9200 9900 10200 10040 9200 8560 8300 7660 7050 DURANGO

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80

Output card

SJM 1657 375508 106504513718078841380534 13357-33431 1188 14060-32019-29130KXFIS

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80

Figure 5.-- Examples of punchcards.

between a "compartment" and a "map". The block size for one-minute digitization (one-by-one minute compartments), for example, usually is three-by-three minutes in anticipation of coarser three-minute digitization provided in another map set.

Definitions

The numbers near the left margin in the following paragraphs refer to inclusive card column numbers. The term "default" is the value or condition assumed if card columns for the specific parameter are left blank or are zero. The term "alpha" refers to any keyboard character. "Integer" is any right justified number without a decimal point. "Decimal" is a number in which a decimal point may be punched or the location of the decimal point is assumed to be located as indicated in the associated description.

Lead card

- 1-24 Alpha. Name of area or a title.
- 25-26 Integer. Indicates format of station cards. The code number minus-2 should be punched if punch card output is desired. The code numbers minus-1, zero, and one also are permitted. A detailed description is given in the next section.
- 27-28 Integer. The number zero indicates that the station elevations are expressed in feet. The number 3 indicates that station elevations are in meters.
- 29-30 Integer. The total number of digital map sets (or types) to follow the station data. The number 2 would indicate that 2 map sets will follow (for example, one-minute and three-minute digitization).
- 31-36 Decimal. Optional second density. The terrain corrections always are calculated for an assumed average rock density of 2.67 g/cm^3 . The terrain correction and corresponding Bouguer anomaly also will be calculated for the optional second average density punched in these columns. The default is a density of 2.50 g/cm^3 .

Station card formats for code numbers in columns 25-26 of the Lead Card

Minus-2 or minus-1 code (Burch format)

The present program produces punch card output only if this code is minus-2 (see description of "special card for punch output" for details of the format of the output card). If this code is minus-1, no output card is produced and alpha columns except 1-5 are ignored.

- 1-5 Alpha. Five-digit station name.

- 6-7 Integer. Latitude degrees (assumed North and positive). Negative numbers would give incorrect results.
- 8-11 Decimal. Latitude minutes with decimal point assumed between columns 9 and 10.
- 12-14 Integer. Longitude degrees (assumed West and positive). Negative numbers would give incorrect results.
- 15-18 Decimal. Longitude minutes with decimal point assumed between columns 16 and 17.
- 19-24 Decimal. Elevation with decimal point assumed between columns 23 and 24.
- 35-39 Decimal. Hand terrain correction in milligals or total terrain correction exclusive of that determined within this program submittal. The assumed density is 2.67 g/. The decimal point is assumed between columns 37 and 38. The default implies a hand correction has not been done. Therefore, it is suggested that the number 1 punched in column 39 (0.01 milligal) rather than zero should be used to indicate that a hand correction has been determined for hand corrections that are less than 0.005 milligal.
- 40 Alpha. An optional code letter that indicates, for example, the distance to which the hand terrain calculation has been determined. The letter "F" may indicate that the hand correction has been done through Hayford's F-ring.
- 41-44 Alpha. An optional code grouping that indicates, for example, a 4-digit accuracy code.
- 45-51 Decimal. The observed gravity in milligals without the leading 9. The decimal point is assumed between columns 49 and 50; therefore, 0.01 milligal units are provided.
- 52-57 Decimal. The free-air anomaly in milligals, with the assumed decimal point between columns 55 and 56. The default condition (or anomalies that are zero) signifies that the program will calculate the free-air anomaly using the International Formula of 1930 to calculate the theoretical value of gravity at sea level and the formula used by Swick (1942) to calculate the free-air correction.
- 69-73 Alpha, Optional information to be passed to the punch output card.

Zero or one codes

- 1-4 Alpha. Four-digit station name.
- 5-23 The same information related to location and elevation as appears in columns 6-24 of the Burch format.
- 24-29 Decimal. Relative observed gravity in milligals with the decimal point assumed between columns 27 and 28. The value is relative to 978,000 milligals if the code number is zero. If the code number is one, then the leading two digits (97 or 98, to cover the range of 975 to 985 gals) have been dropped from the absolute value of observed gravity.
- 71-74 Decimal. Hand terrain correction in milligals with the assumed decimal point between columns 72 and 73.

Special parameter card for punch output

This additional card must be placed between the Lead Card and the first Station Card if the format code is minus-2 in columns 25-26 on the Lead Card. The entire card may be blank or may provide the following supplementary data. The column structure of this card is identical to that of the punch output cards (see later section), but the card lacks numerical values.

- 1-3 Alpha. Three-digit prefix (area or project identifier) that is to precede the 5-digit station name on the output cards.
- 9 Alpha. Prefix, such as "N" or "+", that is to precede the latitude on output cards.
- 16 Alpha. Prefix, such as "W" or "-" or "+" that is to precede the longitude on output cards.
- 63 Alpha. Unless column 63 is left blank, this symbol will replace the symbol punched in column 40 of all station input cards. This symbol signifies the closest distance to which the computer terrain correction is carried.
- 76-80 Alpha. Unless left blank, this group of symbols will replace the data in columns 69-73 of the station input card. This option would rarely be used.

Map parameter card

One of these cards precedes each set of digital maps. The number of such cards therefore is prescribed in columns 29-30 of the Lead Card. See Figure 3 for the position of this type of card and see Figure 5 for an example of a combination of three of these cards.

- 1-3 Integer. North-south dimension of digital "map" in minutes. For example, 15 minutes is convenient for maps of one-minute digitization and 60 minutes for three-minute digitization.
- 4-6 Integer. East-west dimension of digital "map" in minutes. For example, 120 minutes is convenient for maps of three-minute digitization.

The geographic units of measurement (minutes or seconds) of the following four numbers are defined in columns 63-64 of this card. The program execution stops if there is not an integer number of "compartments" in a "block" or if there is not an integer number of "blocks" in a "map".

- 7-8 Integer. North-south dimension of the smallest cell--a "compartment"--of the gridded elevations.
- 9-10 Integer. East-width dimension of a compartment in minutes or seconds.
- 11-13 Integer. North-south dimension of a block of compartments. If the compartment size is one minute, for example, the block size would be three minutes, in order to make an exact join with three-minute gridded topography in another map set.
- 14-16 Integer. East-west dimension of a block in minutes or seconds.
- 17-24 Decimal. Maximum distance in kilometers to which a digital terrain correction is to be calculated by using this set of maps. The contribution to the terrain correction of all blocks of compartments whose centers occur at or beyond this distance are ignored.
- 25-32 Decimal. Minimum distance in kilometers to which a terrain correction is to be calculated by using this set of maps. Note that the minimum distance for the 3-minute set of digital maps should be identical to the maximum distance of the 1-minute set of digital maps, for example. This distance must exceed half the diagonal length of a compartment. The minimum distance selected for the map set with the smallest compartment size usually is equal to the farthest distance to which hand terrain corrections are carried. For example, 0.895 km (Hammer F-ring) is used for half-minute digitization and 2.29 km (Hayford F-ring) or 2.615 km (Hammer H-ring) are used for one-minute digitization.
- 33-40 Decimal. The distance in kilometers beyond which groups of compartments are lumped to form blocks for purposes of calculation of the terrain correction. This distance must be less than the value in columns 17-24 and probably should be greater than twice the maximum dimension of a block.
- 41-48 Decimal. Distance in kilometers beyond which a correction for the earth's curvature will be made. Values less than the default of 14 km produce a warning message, because the assumption of maximum slope upon which the curved-earth approximations are based would not necessarily be valid at shorter distances.
- 61-62 Integer. The number zero (or blank) signifies that the terrain corrections for only those compartments whose centers occur at or beyond the distance given in columns 25-32 are calculated. The number one signifies that an exact join to cylindrical rings of conventional hand terrain corrections will be made by excluding all parts of compartments that are closer to the station than the distance specified in columns 25-32 and including in the terrain

calculation all parts of compartments that are farther from the station than that distance. The latter option may be selected for only one Map Parameter Card of the terrain model.

- 63-64 Integer. The number 60 signifies that the units of compartment and block dimensions given in columns 7-16 are expressed in seconds. The units are expressed in minutes if this number is one.

Map Lead Card

- 1-12 Alpha. Name of map.

The following four numbers specify the geographic coordinates of the northwest corner of the map. Negative numbers should not be used. The purpose of the extra space in each field is to improve readability.

- 13-15 Integer. Latitude degrees.

- 16-18 Integer. Latitude minutes.

- 19-22 Integer. Longitude degrees.

- 23-25 Integer. Longitude minutes.

- 26-27 Integer. Number that defines the units of compartment elevations.
0 or 1. All elevations are expressed in feet.

6 Positive elevations are in feet and negative elevations are in fathoms.

31 Positive elevations are in meters and negative elevations are in feet.

33 All elevations are expressed in meters.

36 Positive elevations are in meters and negative elevations are in fathoms.

Map elevation card

Ten average elevations are punched on each elevation card. Each elevation occupies 7 columns and the decimal point need not be punched if the elevation is a right-adjusted, integer number. In practice the elevations are estimated no closer than the nearest 10 elevation units, so that drum-card control is used to punch the final zero digits. Columns 71-80 often are used to indicate an abbreviated map name and a sequence number.

A blank or a zero elevation indicates that an elevation estimate has not been made and a terrain correction will not be calculated for that compartment. Therefore, a -1 or a +1 should be punched for compartments whose average elevation is near sea level. Negative compartment elevations refer to ocean bottom depths, so that water rather than rock beneath sea level is accounted for. Unfortunately, a small error occurs for land compartments that are beneath sea level, because sea water rather than air is assumed to be present.

The sequence of compartment numbering begins with the compartment in the northwest corner of the map and continues eastward along the northernmost row of compartments. Then, the compartments of the next row to the south and each successive row farther to the south similarly are arranged in west-to-east progression. A total of 23 elevation cards are needed, for example, to digitize 15-minute maps into one-minute compartments.

Format of output cards

- 1-3 Prefix from columns 1-3 on the "Special card".
4-8 Station name (from 1-5 of Station card).
9 From Special Card.
10-15 Latitude in degrees and minutes carried to hundredths, without a decimal point (from 6-11 of Station Card).
16 From Special Card.
17-23 Longitude in degrees and minutes carried to hundredths, without a decimal point (from 12-18 of Station card).
24-29 Elevation to nearest 0.1 foot or meter, without a decimal point from 19-24 of Station card.
30-36 Observed gravity in milligals to nearest hundredth without decimal point (from 45-51 of Station card). *No leading nine.*
37-40 Alpha data from 41-44 of Station card.
41-46 Free-air anomaly in 52-57 of Station card or as calculated during program execution.
47-52 Simple Bouguer anomaly at a reduction density of 2.67 g/cm³.
53-57 Hand terrain correction in milligals in 71-74, expressed to 0.01 milligal.
58-62 Total terrain correction, including hand and digital computer correction at a density of 2.67 g/cm³.
63 Single character from column 40 of the station input card or from the Special Card.
64-69 Complete Bouguer anomaly expressed to 0.01 milligal at a reduction density of 2.67 g/cm³. It is the Simple Bouguer anomaly (47-52) plus the total terrain (58-62) plus a correction for the earth's curvature to 166.7 km.
70-75 Complete Bouguer anomaly expressed to 0.01 milligal at the reduction density specified in columns 31-36 of the Lead Card. That density is assumed instead of 2.67 g/cm³ in making the mass, terrain, and curvature corrections. Note that a simple formula, ($T_2 = D_2 T_1 / 2.67$), is used to convert the total terrain correction (58-62), T_1 , from a density of 2.67 g/cm³ to the equivalent terrain correction, T_2 , at the second density, D_2 . The contribution of sea water compartments to the terrain correction is not correctly obtained for the second density when using this simple formula.
76-80 Optional data from 69-73 of the station input card or 76-80 of the Special Card.

Printout from terrain correction program (Table 3)

An example is attached. The first page includes a listing of the information about the punch card input and the calculated values of the theoretical gravity and free-air anomaly. When the free-air anomaly is provided on the station input card, the value 900,000 is printed for the theoretical gravity. Next, the names and location of maps of the first set are listed. A summary of the terrain corrections is printed, a station at a time. A similar list then is printed for each successive set of maps.

For each station the terrain correction of each map within the indicated range of distances is listed. Where maps are needed but not found in the set of maps, a list of the coordinates of the northwest corner of these maps is printed. Rarely, the coordinates of a map located near the maximum distance may be listed, though the map is included in the set, owing to a slightly abbreviated formula used for relating geographic to rectangular coordinates used in the map indexing part of the program. Later when the omitted maps are found or become available another computation can be made by using these maps and adding the terrain correction to the earlier printed total for each station.

The last pages of printout include a summary of the free-air anomaly and the simple and complete Bouguer anomalies at the two densities. The column labelled "(NEAR)" refers to that part of the computer terrain correction which represents the contribution of compartments that intersect the inner circular radius. If an exceptionally high value is printed, the average elevations in map compartments near the station should be checked. If no error is found, an outward shift of the selected inner circular radius may be considered.

The time of execution for a typical set of 60 stations using 4 sets of maps for terrain corrections in the distance interval 0.068 to 166.7 km is 48 seconds on the IBM-370 Computer. The maximum execution time for 2 sets of maps (1' and 3' digitization) that cover the distance interval 2.3 to 166.7 km is about 0.6 second per station and the length of printout is about 16 lines per station.

Input/output requirements

The program requires a region size of 160,000 bytes on the IBM-370 system. Logical unit 5 is used for reading data cards, unit 6 is used to print the results, and unit 8 is used for punch card output. The time of execution for a typical set of 60 stations using 4 sets of maps for terrain corrections in the distance interval 0.068 to 166.7 km is 48 seconds on the IBM-370 Computer. The maximum execution time for 2 sets of maps (1' and 3' digitization) that cover the distance interval 2.3 to 166.7 km is about 0.6 second per station and the length of printout is about 16 lines per station.

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TABLE 1.--List of gravity terrain correction program (M0400)

```

DOUBLE PRECISION DENTS,G0BS,THG,DENTST,DENTSK          1
DOUBLE PRECISION DATID,DATNM,BLANKN,OBSGR           2
INTEGER*2 NUMS                                       3
DIMENSION BREA(6),DENTS(500),SLATH(500),SLONH(500),ELS(500),
1 NUMS(500,13),GRAV(500,13),BOUG(500),TERH(500),AS(500),BS(500),
2 GV(500),GCEN(500),LTM(500),LNM(500)             4
DIMENSION ACCUR(501),ALPHA(501),DATID(501),OBSGR(501)   5
COMMON /STATN/ DENTS                               6
COMMON RMIN,RMIN2,RMAX2,BL2K,BL2L,QB2B,QA2B,AQM,BQM,ST,SN,
1 A,B, GCEN,GRAV,GV,NUMS                         7
COMMON /BLK2/ SLATH,SLONH,AS,BS,ELS,BREA,LTM,LNM      8
DATA BLANK/' '                                     9
DATA BLANKN/' '                                    10

C 500 STATIONS. 80 MAPS. 1200 (30 NORTH BY 40 WEST) COMPARTMENTS
C PER MAP. BREA-NAME OF AREA.
C LC=0 IS CARD OUTPUT FORMAT OF GRAVITY REDUCTION PROGRAM FIRST USED
C ON WASHINGTON COMPUTER (EXCEPT HAND TERRAIN CORRECTION PUNCHED IN
C COLUMNS 71-74). OBSERVED GRAVITY IN COLUMNS 33-38. OBSERVED GRAVITY
C CARRIED TO 0.01 MGAL. 6 DIGITS RELATIVE TO 978,000. LC=1 FOR FIRST TWO
C SIGNIFICANT FIGURES DROPPED FROM OBSERVED GRAVITY. LC=1 FOR 7 DIGITS
C RELATIVE TO 900,000. LD=3 FOR STATION ELEVATIONS IN METERS.
C LD=0 FOR FEET. D2-SECOND CHOICE OF DENSITY (FIRST IS 2.67).
C NTYPE-NUMBER OF DISTINCT MAP SETS TO FOLLOW STATION DATA (0 IS 1).
C (PROBABLY FIRST RMAX=2ND RMIN, FIRST COMPOSITE BLOCK=2ND COMPART)
C LC=-2 SIMILAR TO LC=-1 FORMAT EXCEPT PROVIDES PUNCH OUTPUT WITH
C ADDITIONAL INFORMATION READ IN AND PUNCHED OUT.
NCIRC=0                                         11
RAD1=10000.0                                     12
RAD2=0.0                                         13
ASMAX=0.0                                         14
READ (5,100)BREA,LC,LD,NTYPE,D2                15

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} \text{Read on unit 5} \\ \text{Print on unit 6} \\ \text{Punch on unit 8} \end{array}}$$

100 FORMAT (6A4,3I2,F6.3)
C INFORMATION FOR CORRESPONDING COLUMNS OF OUTPUT CARD.
ALFA=BLANK                                       16
DATNM=BLANKN                                     17
STDENT=BLANK                                     18
SIGNLT=BLANK                                     19
SIGNLN=BLANK                                     20
IF (LC .EQ. -2) READ (5,106) STDENT,SIGNLT,SIGNLN,ALFA,DATNM 21
106 FORMAT (A3,5X,A1,6X,A1,46X,A1,12X,A5)
IF (NTYPE .LE. 0) NTYPE=1                         22
DEGR= 1.7453292E-2                                23
WRITE (6,206)BREA,NTYPE                           24
206 FORMAT ('1TERRAIN CORRECTION PROGRAM B. PLOUFF 9-1972',/,
1           35HOSUMMARY OF PRELIMINARY VALUES FOR ,6A4,19H TERRAIN COR
2RECTION/,18H WILL BE MADE FOR ,I2,13H SETS OF MAPS/,31H0 STA LATI
3TUDU LONGITUDE ELEV.,4X,40H0BS GRAV THEO GRAV FREE AIR HAND TER
4 )
C READ IN STATION DATA
C DENTQ- IDENTIFICATION. LATSD,SLATH- LATITUDE IN DEGREES, MINUTES.
C LONSD,SLONH- LONGITUDE IN DEGREES, MINUTES. ELS- ELEVATION IN FEET.
DO 6 K=1,502                                     25
NS=K                                           26
IF (NS=501) 77,76,91                            27

```

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

```

76 WRITE (6,216)DENTS(500)                                28
216 FORMAT (9H STATION , A5,20H IS CARD NUMBER 500.)      29
   GO TO 6
77 TN6=0.0                                              30
   ALPHA(K)=BLANK                                         31
   ACCUR(K)=BLANK                                         32
   DATID(K)=BLANK                                         33
   IF (LC .NE. -1 .AND. LC .NE. -2) GO TO 3               34
C BURCH FORMAT. TC-TERRAIN CORRECTION DONE BY HAND (IN MGALS FOR 2.67).
C FA-PREVIOUSLY CALCULATED FREE AIR ANOMALY. S-DIGIT STATION NAME.
   IF (LC .EQ. -1) GO TO 4                               35
C LC=2 OPTION (PUNCH OUTPUT)
   READ  (5,107)DENTST,LT,GT,LN,BN,ELSSIS,TC,ALPHA(K),ACCUR(K),GOBS,
   1 FA,DATID(K)                                         36
107 FORMAT (A5,I2,F4.2,I3,F4.2,F6.1,10X,F5.2,A1,A4,F7.2,F6.2,11X,A5)
   IF (ALFA .NE. BLANK) ALPHA(K)=ALFA                  37
   IF (DATNM .NE. BLANKN) DATID(K)=DATNM                38
   GO TO 52                                              39
4 READ  (5,102)DENTST,LT,GT,LN,BN,ELSSIS,TC,GOBS,FA      40
102 FORMAT (A5,I2,F4.2,I3,F4.2,F6.1,10X,F5.2,5X,F7.2,F6.2)
52 IF (LT=90) 5,7,7                                     41
   5 DEGS=LT+GT/60.0                                    42
   PHI=DEGR+DEGS                                       43
   IF (LD .EQ. 0) GO TO 42                             44
   IF (LD .EQ. 3) GO TO 41                             45
   WRITE (6,201)                                         46
201 FORMAT (30H1STATION ELEVATION UNITS WRONG)
   STOP                                                 47
41 ELKM=ELSSIS/1000.0                                  48
   GO TO 43                                             49
42 ELKM=3.048006E-6*ELSSIS                            50
43 IF (FA) 56,59,56                                     51
C LONG USED FORMAT (EXCEPT TC PLACED IN COLUMNS 71-74)
3 READ  (5,101)DENTST,LT,GT,LN,BN,ELSSIS,GOBS,TC      52
101 FORMAT (A4,I2,F4.2,I3,F4.2,F6.1,F6.2,4IX,F4.2)
   IF (LT=90) 8,7,7                                     53
8 IF (LD .EQ. 0) GO TO 70                             54
   IF (LD .EQ. 3) GO TO 68                             55
   WRITE (6,201)                                         56
   STOP                                                 57
68 ELKM=ELSSIS/1000.0                                  58
   GO TO 75                                             59
70 ELKM=3.048006E-6*ELSSIS                            60
75 IF (LC .EQ. 0) GO TO 58                             61
   IF (LC .EQ. 1) GO TO 57                             62
   WRITE (6,209)                                         63
209 FORMAT (39H1OBSERVED GRAVITY FORMAT NOT RECOGNIZED)
   STOP                                                 64
58 GOBS=GOBS+7.804                                    65
   GO TO 59                                             66
57 KGB=GOBS/1000.000                                   67
   IF (KGB=4) 60,60,61                                 68
60 GOBS=GOBS+8.004                                    69
   GO TO 59                                             70
61 GOBS=GOBS+7.004                                    71

```

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

```

59 DEGS=LT+QT/60.0          72
PHI=DEGR*DEGS             73
55 S=SIN(PHI)              74
S2=S*S                     75
E2=ELKM*ELKM               76
C THG=THEORETICAL GRAVITY RELATIVE TO 900,000 MGALS
THG=7.804904+S2*(5149.232+23.082*S2)           77
C SWICK FORMULA
FA=(GOBS-THG)+ELKM*(308.77 -0.44 +S2)-0.072 *E2 78
56 BOUG(K)=FA              79
C STATION LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE IN MINUTES
JT=QT                      80
JN=QN                      81
SLATM(K)=QT-JT             82
SLONM(K)=QN-JN             83
LTM(K)=60*LT+JT            84
LNM(K)=60*LN+JN            85
ELS(K)=ELKM                86
C AS,BS -EW AND NS CONSTANTS FOR CONVERSION BETWEEN GEOGRAPHIC AND
C RECTANGULAR COORDINATES (UNITS ARE KM/MINUTE).
C=COS(PHI)                 87
C2=C*C                     88
AS(K)=C*(1.861656-0.006343*C2)           89
BS(K)= 1.861656+C2*(0.000160+C2-0.019028) 90
IF (AS(K) .LT. ASMAX) GO TO 83           91
ASMAX=AS(K)                  92
BSMAX=BS(K)                  93
83 GV(K)=0.0                  94
GCEN(K)=0.0                  95
DENTS(K)=BENTST             96
OBSSGR(K)=GOBS              97
GOBS=GOBS+9.0DS             98
THG=THG+9.0DS               99
WRITE (6,214)DENTST, LT,QT,LN,GN,ELSIS,GOBS,THG, FA,TC 100
214 FORMAT (1X,AS,I3,F6.2,I4,F6.2,F7.0,2F11.2,2F10.2)
6 TERH(K)=TC                101
C TOTAL NUMBER OF STATIONS, NS. CARD WITH 99 IN LOCATION FOR LATITUDE
C DEGREES PLACED BEHIND LAST STATION CARD.
7 NS=NS-1                   102
CALL ARRNG(NTYPE,RAD1,RAD2,NCIRC,ASMAX,BSMAX,NS)        103
IF (NCIRC) 63,62,63           104
62 WRITE (6,215)NS,BREA,RAD1           105
215 FORMAT (13H1SUMMARY FOR , I4,13H STATIONS IN , 6A4/,73H COMPUTER
1 TERRAIN CORRECTIONS CARRIED FROM NON-CIRCULAR INNER RADIUS OF ,
2F8.3)
GO TO 69                  106
63 WRITE (6,218)NS,BREA,RAD1           107
218 FORMAT (13H1SUMMARY FOR , I4,13H STATIONS IN , 6A4/,73H COMPUTER
1 TERRAIN CORRECTIONS CARRIED FROM CIRCULAR INNER RADIUS OF ,
2F8.3)
69 WRITE (6,219)      RAD2,02           108
219 FORMAT (4H TO,F8.3,37H KILOMETERS. DENSITIES ARE 2.67 AND ,F5.2,
1 3DH DENSITY OF 2.67 IS USED FOR/, ' VALUES IN COLUMNS LABEL
2LED CC, TC, TER, (NEAR), AND TOT. TC-HAND CORRECTION/, ' TER-TOTA
3L COMPUTER CORRECTION. (NEAR)-PART OF TOTAL THAT REPRESENTS CONTRI

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TABLE 1--CONTINUED

4BUTION'/'S OF COMPARTMENTS THAT INTERSECT INNER CIRCULAR RADIUS
 5. TOT-HAND PLUS COMPUTER TERRAIN.'/'S '0 STATION LATITUDE LONGITUD
 6E ELEV OBS GRAV', 4X,'F.A.',5X,'S.B.1 S.B.2 CC TC',
 7 4X,'TER (NEAR) TOT',4X,'C.B.1 C.B.2 ACC STA')
 D2B=D2/2.67 109
 D2P=0.012774*D2 110
 D0 53 KS=1,NS 111
 ELSIS=3280.833*ELS(KS) 112
 JT=LTM(KS) 113
 JN=LNM(KS) 114
 LT=JT/60 115
 LN=JN/60 116
 JT=JT-60+LT 117
 JN=JN-60+LN 118
 QT=JT+SLATM(KS) 119
 QN=JN+SLONM(KS) 120
 FA=BOUG(KS) 121
 SBA1=FA-3.410658E-2*ELYSIS 122
 SBA2=FA-D2P*ELYSIS 123
 E2=ELYSIS*ELYSIS 124
 TC=TERH(KS) 125
 TER=GV(KS) 126
 CC=ELYSIS*(446200.0-32.82*ELYSIS+1.27E-6*E2)*1.0E-9 127
 TERCOR=TC+TER 128
 A=TERCOR-CC 129
 CBA1=SBA1+A 130
 CBA2=SBA2+A*D2Q 131
 GOBS=OBSSGR(KS)+9.005 132
 IF (LD .EQ. 0) GO TO 67 133
 66 ELSIS=0.3048006*ELYSIS 134
 67 DENTSK=DENTS(KS) 135
 IF (LC .NE. -2) GO TO 53 136
 JT=100.0+QT+0.5 137
 JN=100.0+QN+0.5 138
 LEL=10.0*ELYSIS+0.5 139
 IFA=100.0*FA+0.5 140
 ISB=100.0*SBA1+0.5 141
 ITC=100.0*TC+0.5 142
 ITER=100.0*TERCOR+0.5 143
 ICB1=100.0*CBA1+0.5 144
 ICB2=100.0*CBA2+0.5 145
 LOBGR=1.0D2*OBSSGR(KS)+5.0D-1 146
 IF (IFA .LT. 0) IFA=IFA-1 147
 IF (ISB .LT. 0) ISB=ISB-1 148
 IF (ICB1 .LT. 0) ICB1=ICB1-1 149
 IF (ICB2 .LT. 0) ICB2=ICB2-1 150
 WRITE (8,400) STDENT,DENTSK,SIGNLT,LT,GT,LN,JN,LEL,LOBGR,
 1 ACCUR(KS),IFA,ISB,ITC,ITER,ALPHA(KS),ICB1,ICB2,DATIO(KS) 151
 400 FORMAT (A3,A5,A1,I2,I4,A1,I3,I4,I6,I7,A4,2I6,2I5,A1,2I6,A5)
 53 WRITE (6,211) STDENT,DENTSK, LT,GT,LN,QN,ELYSIS,GOBS, FA,SBA1,
 1 SBA2,CC, TC,TER,GCEN(KS),TERCOR,CBA1,CBA2,ACCUR(KS),DENTSK 152
 211 FORMAT (1X,A3,A5, I3,F6.2,I4,F6.2,F8.1,F10.2,3F9.2,F5.2,4F6.2,
 1 2F8.2,1X,A6,1X,A5)
 799 CONTINUE 153
 91 STOP 154

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

END

155

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SUBROUTINE ARRNG(NTYPE,RAD1,RAD2,NCIRC,ASMAX,BSMAX,NS)          1
DOUBLE PRECISION DENTS,ASTER,RIF(10),RIL(10)
INTEGER*2 NUNS
DIMENSION BREA(6),DENTS(500),LATSD(500),SLATM(500),LONSD(500),
1 SLONM(500),ELS(500),LATNW(500),LONNW(500),LATSE(500),LONSE(500),
2 DENTS(3,81),NUNS(500,13),GRAV(500,13),E(30,40),
3 SLATB(81),LONG(81),BEL(15,15),GV(500),DY(4),AS(500),BS(500)
DIMENSION GCEN(500),LTM(500),LNM(500),MSS(500),LCIRC(10)        4
COMMON /STATM/ DENTS
COMMON /MAP/ LATQ,LONG
COMMON RMIN,RMIN2,RMAX2,BL2K,BL2L,QQ2B,QA2B,AGM,BGM,ST,SN,
1 A,B,GCEN,GRAV,GV,NUNS
COMMON /BLK2/ SLATM,SLONM,AS,BS,ELS,BREA,LTM,LNM
DATA ASTER/'*****'/
DEGM= 1.666667E-2
DEGR= 1.745329E-2
DEGR28=0.125*DEGR*DEGR
DEGR24=0.25 *DEGR*DEGR
C CONSTANT IN TERRAIN CORRECTION FORMULA. DISTANCES IN KM. GRAVITY IN      9
C MGALS. DENSITY IS 2.67
5P=2.67*6.670
14
C LATM,LONM- TOTAL NUMBER OF MINUTES ALONG N-S AND E-W EDGES OF QUAD.
C KCLAT,LCLON- CORRESPONDING SHAPE OF SMALLEST COMPARTMENT IN MIN/SEC.
C MUST BE INTEGRAL NUMBER OF COMPARTMENTS AND BLOCKS ALONG EDGES OF QUAD
C AND EACH ELEMENT MUST DIVIDE BY AN INTEGRAL NUMBER INTO THE LARGER
C ELEMENTS. KBLOK,LBLOK- CORRESPONDING SHAPE OF COMPOSITE BLOCK IN
C MIN/SEC (=KCLAT,LCLON IF COMPARTMENTS OF ONLY ONE SIZE ARE DESIRED).
C RMAX,RMIN-OUTER AND INNER RADII OF TERRAIN CORRECTION, IN KILOMETERS.
C RMED- INTERMEDIATE RADIUS, FOR CONVERSION TO LARGER BLOCKS, IN KM (=RM
C IF NOT USED). RGR- DISTANCE FOR CONVERSION OF GRAVITY FORMULA (WITH
C AND WITHOUT CURVATURE CORRECTION).
C KCIRC=NON-ZERO, IF RMIN JOINS TRUE CIRCULAR BNDY.
C SMALLEST PERMISSABLE QUAD IS 1 MINUTE, COMPARTMENT 1 SECOND.
C COMPARTMENT AND BLOCK SIZES EXPRESSED IN MINUTES (KSEC=1) OR SECONDS
C (KSEC=60). MAP EDGES ALWAYS IN MINUTES.
15
DO 92 NMAP=1,NTYPE
  READ (5,103)LATM,LONM,KCLAT,LCLON,KBLOK,LBLOK,RMAX,RMIN,RMED,RGR,    16
  1 KCIRC,KSEC
103 FORMAT (2I3,2I2,2I3,4F8.4,12X,2I2)
  IF (LATM.EQ.KBLOK.OR.LONM.EQ.LBLOK) GO TO 99
  IF (KCLAT.EQ.KBLOK.OR.LCLON.EQ.LBLOK) GO TO 99
  IF (RMIN.LT.RMED.AND.RMIN.LT.RMAX) GO TO 80
  WRITE (6,221) RMIN,RMED,RMAX
20
221 FORMAT ('INNER RADIUS',F8.2,' IS NOT LESS THAN INTERMEDIATE, OR OUT
1TER RADIUS',2F9.2)
  91 STOP
  80 IF (RGR.EQ.0.0) RGR=14.0
  IF (RGR.GT.13.99) GO TO 81
  WRITE (6,222) RGR
222 FORMAT (///'WARNING. EARTH CURVATURE EFFECT IS ASSUMED NEGIGIBLE
1 FOR DISTANCES LESS THAN 14 KM.', ' YOUR SELECTION BF',F9.2,
2 ' KM MAY LEAD TO INACCURACY IN THE APPROXIMATION USED.')
24

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TABLE 1--CONTINUED

81 IF (NMAP .GT. 10) GO TO 2	25
RIF(NMAP)=RMIN	26
RIL(NMAP)=RMAX	27
LCIRC(NMAP)=KCIRC	28
2 IF (RMIN-RAD1) 94,95,95	29
94 RAD1=RMIN	30
95 IF (RMAX .LE. RAD2) GO TO 97	31
RAD2=RMAX	32
97 NCIRC=NCIRC+KCIRC	33
IF (NCIRC .LE. 1) GO TO 96	34
WRITE (6,210)	35
210 FORMAT (\$1H1MORE THAN ONE CIRCULAR INNER RADIUS CAN NOT BE RUN)	
STOP	36
96 RMAX2=RMAX*RMAX	37
RMED2=RMED*RMED	38
RMIN2=RMIN*RMIN	39
RGR2=RGR*RGR	40
C ROWS (DIFFERING LATITUDE) AND COLUMNS OF SMALL COMPARTMENTS IN LARGE BL	
MCB=KBLOK/KCLAT	41
NCB=LBLOK/LCLON	42
LTES=LBLOK-LCLON+NCB	43
KTES=KBLOK-KCLAT+MCB	44
IF (LTES .NE. 0 .OR. KTES .NE.0) GO TO 99	45
CPNUM=MCB+NCB	46
MCB1=MCB-1	47
NCB1=NCB-1	48
C NUMBER OF COMPARTMENTS AND LARGE BLOCKS IN QUAD, BY ROWS AND COLUMNS	
NIN=(60*LONM)/LCLON	49
NIT=(60*LATH)/KCLAT	50
KBO=(60*LATH)/KBLOK	51
LBO=(60*LONM)/LBLOK	52
C EDGES OF QUAD EXPRESSED IN MINUTES AND IN DEGREES	
BQM=LATH	53
AGM=LONM	54
BDD=BQM/60.0	55
ADD=AGM/60.0	56
KLCMP=KCLAT*LCLON	57
COMP2=KLCMP	58
COMP2=COMP2/3600.0	59
C EDGES AND HALF-EDGES OF LARGE BLOCKS IN MINUTES	
BLOKK=KBLOK	60
BLOKL=LBLOK	61
BLOKK=BLOKK/60.0	62
BLOKL=BLOKL/60.0	63
BLOK2=BLOKK+BLOKL	64
BL2K=0.5*BLOKK	65
BL2L=0.5*BLOKL	66
C HALF-EDGES OF LARGE BLOCKS IN INDEXING UNITS	
BLK2K=BL2K/BQM	67
BLK2L=BL2L/AGM	68
HLATM=0.5*BQM	69
C EDGE OF QUAD MINUS HALF-BLOCK IN MINUTES, FOR TESTING RMAX	
QB2B=BQM-BL2K	70
QA2B=AGM-BL2L	71
C EDGES AND HALF-EDGES OF COMPARTMENTS IN MINUTES OR SECONDS	

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

COMK=KCLAT	72
COML=LCLON	73
CMK2=COMK/120.0	74
CML2=COML/120.0	75
BC2K=BL2K-CMK2	76
BC2L=BL2L-CML2	77
ARCSB=COMP2/BLOK2	78
BQM60=60.0/BQM	79
AQM60=60.0/AQM	80
RN120=RMAX/120.0	81
RMXBQ=RMAX/BQM	82
RMXAQ=RMAX/AQM	83
IF (KSEC .EQ. 1) GO TO 44	84
IF (KSEC .EQ. 60) GO TO 45	85
WRITE (6,213)	86
213 FORMAT (49H1COMPARTMENT UNITS NOT SPECIFIED IN COLUMNS 63-64)	
STOP	87
C MINUTES	
44 BLK2K=60.0*BLK2K	88
BLK2L=60.0*BLK2L	89
NJN=NJN/60	90
NIT=NIT/60	91
KTES=LONM-NJN*LCLON	92
LTES=LATM-NIT*KCLAT	93
IF (LTES .NE. 0 .OR. KTES .NE.0) GO TO 99	94
KBQ=KBQ/60	95
LBQ=LBQ/60	96
KTES=LATM-KBQ*KBLOK	97
LTES=LONM-LBQ*LBLOK	98
IF (LTES .NE. 0 .OR. KTES .NE.0) GO TO 99	99
COMP2=3600.0*COMP2	100
BLOK2=3600.0*BLOK2	101
BL2K=60.0*BL2K	102
BL2L=60.0*BL2L	103
BLOKK=BLOK	104
BLOKL=LBLOK	105
BC2K=60.0*BC2K	106
BC2L=60.0*BC2L	107
BB2B=BQM-BL2K	108
QA2B=AQM-BL2L	109
GO TO 66	110
C SECONDS	
45 COMK=COMK/60.0	111
COML=COML/60.0	112
KTES=60*LONM-NJN*LCLON	113
LTES=60*LATM-NIT*KCLAT	114
IF (LTES .NE. 0 .OR. KTES .NE.0) GO TO 99	115
KTES=60*LATM-KBQ*KBLOK	116
LTES=60*LONM-LBQ*LBLOK	117
IF (LTES .NE. 0 .OR. KTES .NE.0) GO TO 99	118
46 BL1=KBQ-1	119
AC10=0.5*COML+ASMAX	120
BC10=0.5*COMK+BSMAX	121
TEST=AC10+AC10+BC10+BC10	122
IF (RMIN2 .GT. TEST) GO TO 82	123

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

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        WRITE (6,223) RMIN          124
223 FORMAT (' PROGRAM NOT WRITTEN TO INCLUDE CASE WHERE HALF OF COMPAR
    TMENT DIAGONAL-LENGTH IS GREATER THAN INNER RADIUS ', F6.2)
      STOP
82 TEST=RMED-RMIN           125
C HALF DIAGONAL OF LARGEST BLOCK
ADEL=(AC10+NCB)**2+(BC10+NCB)**2           126
ADEL=SQRT(ADEL)
IF (TEST .GT. ADEL) GO TO 84               127
WRITE (6,224) RMIN,RMED                   128
224 FORMAT (' SELECTED RADII',2F8.2,' DO NOT LEAVE ROOM FOR BLOCKS')
      STOP
C ERROR OF 0.001 MINUTE
84 AC10=ASMAX/1000.0                      129
BC10=BSMAX/1000.0                        130
DO 9 IS=1,NS                           131
C FLOATING POINT NOTATION FOR LOCATION OF STATION IN INDEX SYSTEM (QUAD
C INCREMENTS).
90 65 M=1,13                         132
GRAV(IS,M)=0.0                         133
65 NUMS(IS,M)=0                       134
MSS(IS)=0
ST=(SLATM(IS)+LTM(IS))/60.0            135
STIND=8QM60*ST                         136
SNIND=(SLONM(IS)+LNFM(IS))/AQW         137
C NW CORNER OF QUAD IN WHICH STATION IS LOCATED IN INDEX SYSTEM.
C STATIONS ALONG EAST AND SOUTH EDGES INCLUDED IN QUAD TO NORTHEAST.
LATSD(IS)=STIND+1.0                     138
LONSD(IS)=SNIND+1.0                     139
C MAX RADIUS IN DEGREES
RQ2=RM120/BS(IS)                      140
CN=COS(DEGR*(ST+RQ2))                 141
CS=COS(DEGR*(ST-RQ2))                 142
C2N=CN*CN                            143
C2S=CS*CS                            144
RBN=RMXBQ/(1.861656+C2N*(0.000160*(C2N-0.019028))-BLK2K 145
RBS=RMXBQ/(1.861656+C2S*(0.000160*(C2S-0.019028))-BLK2K 146
RAN=RMXAQ/(CN*(1.861656-0.006343*C2N))-BLK2L             147
C NORTH BOUNDARY OF COVERAGE NEEDED, IN INDEX UNITS- REFERRED TO NW
C CORNER OF BOUNDING QUADS. NUMBERS INCREASE TO NW, THEN S, E, AND W.
LATNW(IS)=STIND+RBN +1.0                148
LATSE(IS)=STIND-RBS +1.0                149
LONSE(IS)=SNIND-RAN +1.0                150
9 LONNW(IS)=SNIND+RAN +1.0              151
      WRITE (6,208)
208 FORMAT (1H1)
C CALCULATE TERRAIN CORRECTION, ONE QUAD AT A TIME
DO 10 MQ=1,91                           152
C TOTAL NUMBER OF QUADS COUNTED
MQ=MQ                                     153
C IDENTIFICATION OF QUAD. COORDINATES OF NW CORNER- DEGREES, MINUTES
C OF LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE IN INTEGERS. KFATH IS 6 IF DEPTHS (NEGATIVE
C ELEVATIONS) IN FATHOMS--FEET OTHERWISE. 33 IS FOR ALL DEPTHS IN
C METERS. 36 FOR ELEVATIONS IN METERS AND DEPTHS IN FATHOMS. 31--R, FT
      READ (5,104)(BENTQ(ID,MQ),ID=1,3),LTBQ,LTHQ,LNDQ,LNMQ, KFATH 154

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TABLE 1--CONTINUED

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104 FORMAT (3A4,2I3,I4,I3,I2) 160
  IF (LTDB=90) 74,12,12
74 WRITE (6,212)(BENT0(ID,MN),ID=1,3),LTDB,LTMB,LNDB,LNMB 161
212 FORMAT (1X,3A4,2I3,I4,I3)
  IF (MN=81) 11,73,73 162
73 WRITE (6,217)(DENT0(ID,81),ID=1,3) 163
217 FORMAT (24H 80 MAPS EXCEEDED. MAP ,3A4,14H IS NUMBER 81.)
  STOP 164
C ELEVATIONS OF COMPARTMENTS IN FEET. ONE WEST-TO-EAST ROW AT A TIME,
C STARTING AT NORTHWEST CORNER.
C CARD WITH 99 IN LOCATION FOR LATITUDE DEGREES PLACED BEHIND ELEVATION
C CARDS OF LAST QUADRANGLE IN DATA--THE FINAL DATA CARD
  11 READ  (5,105)((E(I,J),J=1,NJN),I=1,NIT) 165
105 FORMAT ((10F7.0))
  831 DO 307 J=1,NJN 166
    DO 307 I=1,NIT 167
307 E(I,J)=E(I,J)/1000.0 168
  IF (KFATH=31) 300,306,306 169
  300 DO 301 J=1,NJN 170
    DO 301 I=1,NIT 171
301 E(I,J)=0.3048006*E(I,J) 172
  IF (KFATH=6) 305,302,305 173
  306 IF (KFATH=33) 308,305,309 174
  302 DO 304 J=1,NJN 175
    DO 304 I=1,NIT 176
      EIJ=E(I,J) 177
      IF (EIJ) 303,304,304 178
303 E(I,J)=6.0*EIJ 179
304 CONTINUE 180
  GO TO 305 181
  308 DO 310 J=1,NJN 182
    DO 310 I=1,NIT 183
      EIJ=E(I,J) 184
      IF (EIJ) 312,310,310 185
312 E(I,J)=0.3048006*EIJ 186
310 CONTINUE 187
  GO TO 305 188
  309 DO 311 J=1,NJN 189
    DO 311 I=1,NIT 190
      EIJ=E(I,J) 191
      IF (EIJ) 313,311,311 192
313 E(I,J)=1.8288036*EIJ 193
311 CONTINUE 194
C AVERAGE ELEVATION OF COMPARTMENTS USED FOR ELEVATION OF BLOCKS.
  305 DO 86 K=1,KBB 195
    KF=MCB*K
    K1=KF-MCB1 196
    DO 86 L=1,LBB 197
      LF=MCB*L
      L1=LF-MCB1 198
      ELEV=0.0 199
      CPDN1=CPNUM 200
      DO 30 II=K1,KF 201
        DO 30 JJ=L1,LF 202
          EIJ=E(II,JJ) 203
        EIJ=EIJ+ 204
      EIJ=EIJ/ 205

```

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

C PROTECTION AGAINST BLANK ELEVATIONS	
IF (EIJ) 54,31,54	206
31 CPDN1=CPDN1-1.0	207
GO TO 30	208
54 ELEV=ELEV+EIJ	209
30 CONTINUE	210
IF (CPDN1) 32,32,85	211
32 BEL(K,L)=0.0	212
GO TO 86	213
85 BEL(K,L)=ELEV/CPDN1	214
86 CONTINUE	215
C NW CORNER OF QUAD, IN MINUTES	
88 LTNWQ=60*LTDQ+LTHQ	216
LNNWQ=60*LNDQ+LNHQ	217
QT=LTNWQ	218
QN=LNNWQ	219
C IN INDEX UNITS OF ONE-PER-QUAD	
LATQ(MQ)=LTNWQ/LATH	220
LONG(MQ)=LNNWQ/LONM	221
LTQ=LATQ(MQ)	222
LNG=LONG(MQ)	223
LTES=LTNWQ-LTDQ-LATH	224
KTES=LNNWQ-LNQ-LONM	225
IF (LTES .NE. 0 .OR. KTES .NE.0) GO TO 99	226
IF (MQ .EQ. 1) GO TO 3	227
MINUS=MQ-1	228
DO 4 K=1,MINUS	229
IF (LTQ .EQ. LATQ(K) .AND. LNG .EQ. LONG(K)) GO TO 5	230
4 CONTINUE	231
GO TO 3	232
5 WRITE (6,206)	233
206 FORMAT (' THIS MAP WAS SKIPPED. IT ALREADY HAS BEEN USED.')	
GO TO 10	234
C PARAMETERS FOR NORTH AND SOUTHERN BLOCK ROWS OF MAP	
3 DEGTOP=DEGM+(QT-BL2K)	235
CQS=COS(DEGR*DEGTOP)	236
C2=CQS*CQS	237
BT=1.861656+C2*(0.000160+C2-0.019028)	238
AT=CQS*(1.861656-0.006343+C2)	239
DEGBOT=DEGM+(QT-BGM+BL2K)	240
CQS=COS(DEGR*DEGBOT)	241
C2=CQS*CQS	242
BB=1.861656+C2*(0.000160*(C2-0.019028))	243
AB=CQS*(1.861656-0.006343+C2)	244
ADELR=(AB-AT)/BL1	245
BDELRL=(BB-BT)/BL1	246
C COMPUTATION OF TERRAIN CORRECTION FOR ONE QUAD, ONE STATION AT A TIME	
DO 13 IS=1,NS	247
C DETERMINE IF QUAD IS TO BE USED. FIRST OMIT STATIONS WHERE QUAD OCCURS	
C OUTSIDE BORDER OF RMAX-RECTANGLE. SEQUENCE N, S, W, E.	
IF (LTQ -LATNW(IS)) 14,14,13	248
14 IF (LTQ -LATSE(IS)) 13,15,15	249
15 IF (LNG -LONNW(IS)) 16,16,13	250
16 IF (LNG -LONSE(IS)) 13,17,17	251
C LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE OF STATION IN MINUTES	

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

17	ST=SLATM(IS)+LTM(IS)	252
	SN=SLONM(IS)+LNM(IS)	253
	DEGS=ST/60.0	254
	DEGN=SN/60.0	255
C	DIFFERENCE IN LOCATION BETWEEN NW QUAD CORNER AND STATION, IN MINUTES	
	QTST=(LTNWQ-LTM(IS))-SLATM(IS)	256
	QNSN=(LNNWQ-LNM(IS))-SLONM(IS)	257
	QTS2B=QTST-BL2K	258
	QNS2B=QNSN-BL2L	259
	QQNB=QNSN-QA2B	260
	QQTB=QTST-QB2B	261
C	INDEX UNITS FOR CORNER OF QUAD IN WHICH STATION LOCATED	
	LTS=LATS0(IS)	262
	LNS=LONS0(IS)	263
C	TEST IF QUAD OUTSIDE RMAX RADIUS SQUARED	
	IF (LTC-LTS) 19,22,20	264
19	DPHI2=(DEGS-DEGTOP)**2	265
	AQ2=(0.5*(AT+AS(IS))*(1.0+DEGR28*DPHI2))**2	266
	BQ2=(0.5*(BT+BS(IS)))**2	267
	IF (LNG-LNS) 21,22,23	268
20	DPHI2=(DEGS-DEGBOT)**2	269
	AQ2=(0.5*(AB+AS(IS))*(1.0+DEGR28*DPHI2))**2	270
	BQ2=(0.5*(BB+BS(IS)))**2	271
	IF (LNG-LNS) 24,22,25	272
C	SOUTHEAST	
21	DISQ2=BQ2+QTS2B+QTS2B+AQ2+QNS2B+QNS2B	273
	GO TO 26	274
C	SOUTHWEST	
23	DISQ2=BQ2+QTS2B+QTS2B+AQ2+QQNB+QQNB	275
	GO TO 26	276
C	NORTHEAST	
24	DISQ2=BQ2+QQTB+QQTB+AQ2+QNS2B+QNS2B	277
	GO TO 26	278
C	NORTHWEST	
25	DISQ2=BQ2+QQTB+QQTB+AQ2+QQNB+QQNB	279
C	TEST RMAX	
26	IF (DISQ2-RMAX2) 22,13,13	280
22	BCOMK=BS(IS)*COMK	281
	ACOML=AS(IS)*COML	282
	ABC5=0.5*SQR(BCOMK+BCOMK+ACOML+ACOML)	283
	MS=MSS(IS)+1	284
	IF (MS-14) 72,71,71	285
71	WRITE (6,220)DENTS(IS),DEGS,DEGN,(DENT0(ID,MQ),ID=1,3)	286
220	FORMAT (' STATION ',AS,2F8.3,' (RENAMED *****) NEEDS MORE THAN 13 1MAPS',/8X,' MAP ', 3A4,' NEEDED BUT NOT COMPUTED.')	
	DENTS(IS)=ASTER	287
	GO TO 13	288
72	MSS(IS)=MS	289
	NUMS(IS,MS)=MQ	290
	RCS=RMIN+ABC5	291
	RC5=RC5+RC5	292
	ELST=ELS(IS)	293
	DPHI2=(DEGS-DEGTOP)**2	294
	ATOP=0.5*(AT+AS(IS)*(1.0+DEGR28*DPHI2))	295
	BTOP=0.5*(BT+BS(IS))	296

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

```

DPHI2=(DEGS-DEGBOT)**2          297
ABOT=0.5*(AB+AS(IS)*(1.0+DEGR24*DPHI2)) 298
BBOT=0.5*(BB+BS(IS))          299
ADEL =(ABOT-ATOP)/BL1          300
BDEL =(BBOT-BTOP)/BL1          301
A=ATOP-ADEL                  302
B=BTOP-BDEL                  303
AROW=AT-ADEL*R               304
BROW=BT-BDEL*R               305
C START LOOP FOR TESTING BLOCKS OF COMPARTMENTS NORTH TO SOUTH
DO 611 I=1,KBQ                306
KF=MCB*I                      307
K1=KF-MCB1                     308
FK1=I-1                       309
C FOR DISTANCES OF STATION TO BLOCK ROW
B=B+BDEL                      310
A=A+ADEL                      311
C FOR DISTANCES WITHIN BLOCK ROW
AROW=AROW+ADEL*R              312
BROW=BROW+BDEL*R              313
DISTN=B*(QTS2B-FK1*BLOK)      314
IF (DISTN .GE. RMAX) GO TO 611 315
C BLOCK AREA IN SQUARE KILOMETERS
AREAB=AROW*BROW*BLOK2         316
BCOMK=BROW*COMK               317
ACOML=AROW*COML               318
C CONSTANT IN TERRAIN CORRECTION FORMULA
GPA=AREAB*GP                 319
ACS=0.5*ACOML                320
BCS=0.5*BCOMK                321
C EAST TO WEST
DO 60 L=1,LBQ                322
LF=NCB*L                      323
L1=LF-NCB1                     324
FL1=L-1                       325
79 DISTW=A*(QNS2B-FL1*BLOKL)   326
R2B=DISTN+DISTN+DISTW+DISTW  327
IF (R2B-RMAX2) 28,40,40       328
28 IF (R2B-RMED2) 34,29,29    329
C USE LARGE BLOCKS. AVERAGE THE ELEVATIONS OF COMPARTMENTS.
29 ELEV=BEL(I,L)              330
IF (ELEV .NE. 0.0) GO TO 87    331
WRITE (6,211) I, L,DENTS(IS)  332
211 FORMAT (' WARNING. BLOCK', I3,'S,',I3,'E HAS ZERO ELEVATION.'
1,' TC NEEDED BUT NOT CALCULATED FOR STATION ',A5)
60 TO 40                      333
87 G8=G(ELEV,ELST,R2B,RGR2)   334
GO TO 39                      335
C USE SMALL COMPARTMENTS. DISTANCES RELATIVE TO CENTER OF COMPARTMENT
C IN NW CORNER OF BLOCK.
34 DISNC=DISTN+BROW*BC2K       336
DISWC=DISTW+AROW*BC2L         337
FJI=0.0                        338
G8=0.0                         339
DO 35 II=K1,KF                340

```

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

```

FIJ=0.0 341
YC=DISNC-FJI+BCOMK 342
YC2=YC+YC 343
C DISTANCE, IN KM, FROM STATION TO NORTH AND S EDGES OF COMPARTMENT
DYN=YC+BC5 344
DYS=YC-BC5 345
IF (ABS(DYN) .LT. BC10) DYN=0.0 346
IF (ABS(DYS) .LT. BC10) DYS=0.0 347
YN=DYN+DYN 348
YS=DYS+DYS 349
DY(1)=DYN 350
DY(2)=DYN 351
DY(3)=DYS 352
DY(4)=DYS 353
DO 78 JJ=L1,LF 354
ELEV=E(IJ,JJ) 355
IF (ELEV .NE. 0.0) GO TO 38 356
WRITE (6,214) IJ,JJ,BENTS(IS) 357
214 FORMAT (' WARNING. COMPARTMENT',I3,'S,',I3,'E HAS ZERO ELEVATION.')
1, ' TC NEEDED BUT NOT CALCULATED FOR STATION ',A5)
GO TO 78 358
38 XC=DISWC-FIJ+ACORL 359
XC2=XC*XC 360
RC=XC2+YC2 361
C RCS IS RMIN PLUS 0.5* SLANT LENGTH OF COMPARTMENT
C TEST IF THIS MAP GROUP REQUIRES INNER TIE TO CIRCLE
IF (KCIRC) 49,51,49 362
49 IF (RC-RCS5) 64,51,51 363
51 IF (RC-RMIN2) 78,37,37 364
37 GC=G(ELEV,ELST,RC,RGR2)*ARCSB 365
GB=GB+GC 366
GO TO 78 367
64 CALL GINNER(XC,YC,AC5,YS,YN,DY, ELEV,ELST,RC,AREAB,GPA,GB, 368
    1 RGR2,ARCSB,IS,AC10)
78 FIJ=FIJ+1.0 369
FJI=FJI+1.0 370
35 CONTINUE 371
39 GRAV(IS,MS)=GRAV(IS,MS)+GB*AREAB 372
40 CONTINUE 373
411 CONTINUE 374
GRAV(IS,MS)=GRAV(IS,MS)*GP 375
C END STATION LOOP
13 CONTINUE 376
C END MAP LOOP
10 CONTINUE 377
GO TO 12 378
99 WRITE (6,229) KCLAT,LCLON,KBLOK,LBLOK,LATH,LONM,LTDB,LTHQ,LNDB,LNMQ 379
229 FORMAT (1X,2I3,3X,2I4,3X,2I4,4X,2I3,I5,I3/, 4X, 'STOP. ABOVE LISTE
    1D COMPARTMENT, BLOCK, MAP SIZES OR NORTHWEST CORNER OF MAP DO NOT
    2PROGRESS BY INTEGER MULTIPLICATION (EXCLUDING 1).')
      STOP 380
    12 HQ=HQ-1 381
C PRINTOUT
    IF(KCIRC .EQ. 0) GO TO 52 382
    WRITE (6,200) RMIN,RMAX,BREA 383

```

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

```

200 FORMAT ('OMAP COVERAGE FOR ',F8.3,' TO ',F8.3,' KILOMETERS ',  

1 '(CIRCULAR INNER JOIN) OF ',6A4) 384  

   60 TO 53  

52 WRITE (6,209)RMIN,RMAX,BREA 385  

209 FORMAT ('OMAP COVERAGE FOR ',F8.3,' TO ',F8.3,' KILOMETERS ',  

1 '(PIECEMEAL INNER JOIN) OF ',6A4)  

53 IF (KSEC .EQ. 60) GO TO 48 386  

47 WRITE (6,204)KCLAT,LCLON,KBLOK,LBLOK 387  

204 FORMAT (36H SMALLEST COMPARTMENT DIGITIZED ARE ,I2, 4H BY ,I2,  

1 33H AND LARGEST COMPOSITE BLOCKS ARE,I3,3H BY,I3,8H MINUTES)  

   60 TO 50  

48 WRITE (6,205)KCLAT,LCLON,KBLOK,LBLOK 388  

205 FORMAT (36H SMALLEST COMPARTMENT DIGITIZED ARE ,I2, 4H BY ,I2,  

1 33H AND LARGEST COMPOSITE BLOCKS ARE,I3,3H BY,I3,8H SECONDS)  

50 WRITE (6,207)LATH,LONM,RMED,RGR 389  

207 FORMAT(49H IN LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE. QUADRANGLES USED ARE ,I3,  

24H BY , I3,9H MINUTES.,26H CONVERSION TO BLOCKS AT ,F7.2,6H KM./,  

3 25H CURVATURE CORRECTION AT ,F4.0,' KM.',//)  

C BEGIN INDEXING LOOP FOR EACH STATION 390  

   DO 90 IS=1,NS  

   ST=SLATM(IS)+LTM(IS) 391  

   SN=SLONM(IS)+LNM(IS) 392  

   DEGS=ST/60.0 393  

   DEGN=SN/60.0 394  

   WRITE (6,202)BENTS(IS),DEGS,DEGN 395  

202 FORMAT(9H STATION ,A5,' AT',F7.3,Th,F8.3,' DEGREES') 396  

   WRITE (6,203) 397  

203 FORMAT (6X, 2(3HMAP,9X,'NW CORNER (D,M)',7X,'NGLS',11X))  

   A=AS(IS) 398  

   B=BS(IS) 399  

   CALL DEXQB(IS,LATNW(IS),LONNW(IS),BQD,AQD,LATSE(IS),LONSE(IS),  

1 LATSD(IS),LONSD(IS),NQ,      MSS(IS),  

   LATM,LONM) 400  

90 CONTINUE 401  

92 CONTINUE 402  

JN=NTYPE 403  

IF (JN .GT. 10) JN=10 404  

   WRITE (6,201) 405  

201 FORMAT (///,'OLIST OF RADIAL COVERAGE FOR SUCCESSIVE MAP SETS',/  

1 ' INNER BOUNDARY IS PIECEMEAL UNLESS CIRCULAR IS INDICATED. ',/  

2 'ALL OUTER BOUNDARIES ARE PIECEMEAL')  

   DO 6 J=1,JN 406  

   IF(LCIRC(J) .EQ. 0) GO TO 7 407  

   WRITE (6,215) RIF(J),RIL(J) 408  

215 FORMAT (1X,F10.5,' TO ',F10.5,' KM (CIRCULAR INNER JOIN)')  

   GO TO 6 409  

7 WRITE (6,216) RIF(J),RIL(J) 410  

216 FORMAT (1X,F10.5,' TO ',F10.5,' KM')  

6 CONTINUE 411  

   RETURN 412  

   END 413

```

SUBROUTINE GINNER(XC,YC,AC5,YS,YN,DT,ELEV,ELST,RC,AREAB,GPA,GB,
1 RGR2,ARCSB,IS,AC10) *Circular inner join*
DOUBLE PRECISION DENTS

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

```

INTEGER*2 NUMS
DIMENSION DX(4),DY(4),R2(4),          GCEN(500),DENTS(500)      2
DIMENSION GRAV(500,13),NUMS(500,13),GV(500)                      3
COMMON /STATN/ DENTS                                         4
COMMON RMIN,RMIN2,RMAX2,BL2K,BL2L,OB2B,QA2B,AGM,BGM,ST,SN,    5
1 A,B,  GCEN,GRAV,GV,NUMS
64 DXW=XC+ACS                                         6
DXE=XC-ACS                                         7
IF (ABS(DXW) .LT. AC10) DXW=0.0                     8
IF (ABS(DXE) .LT. AC10) DXE=0.0                     9
XW=DXW+DXW                                         10
XE=DXE+DXE                                         11
DX(1)=DXW                                         12
DX(2)=DXE                                         13
DX(3)=DXE                                         14
DX(4)=DXW                                         15
R2(1)=XW+YN                                         16
R2(2)=XE+YN                                         17
R2(3)=XE+YS                                         18
R2(4)=XW+YS                                         19
BIG=0.0                                              20
21
C      NPT-NUMBER OF CORNERS OF COMPARTMENT THAT ARE LOCATED
C OUTSIDE RMIN CIRCLE
NPT=0                                              22
DO 320 K=1,6                                         23
IF (RMIN2 .GE. R2(K)) GO TO 320                   24
NPT=NPT+1                                         25
IF (BIG .GE. R2(K)) GO TO 320                   26
KBIG=K                                         27
BIG=R2(K)                                         28
320 CONTINUE                                         29
IF (NPT .EQ. 0) RETURN                           30
31
C ASSIGN COORDINATES (X2,Y2) TO CORNER FARTHEST FROM STATION
Y2=DY(KBIG)                                         31
X2=DX(KBIG)                                         32
I1=1                                              33
I2=1                                              34
IF (X2 .LT. 0.0) I1=-1                            35
IF (Y2 .LT. 0.0) I2=-1                            36
KTEST=0                                         37
S1=DXW+DXE                                         38
IF (S1 .GE. 0.0) GO TO 337                         39
S1=DY(1)+DY(4)                                     40
IF (S1 .LT. 0.0) KTEST=1                            41
337 S1=I1                                         42
S2=I2                                         43
34
C COORDINATES OF CORNER CLOSEST TO STATION (OPPOSITE FARTHEST CORNER)
KSM1=KBIG+2                                         44
IF (KSM1 .GT. 4) KSM1=KBIG-2                      45
X1=DX(KSM1)                                         46
Y1=DY(KSM1)                                         47
35
C CALCULATE ACCORDING TO HOW MANY CORNERS ARE OUTSIDE CIRCLE
GO TO (322,323,324,325), NPT                      48
36
C ONE CORNER OUTSIDE CIRCLE
322 CALL CENTD(0.0,X2,0.0,Y2,S1, S2,AREA,YN,XM,1) 49

```

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

C ASSUME 0.002-MINUTE LOCATION ACCURACY	
ABAR=ABS(AREA)	50
IF(ABAR .LT. 1.0E-5) RETURN	51
RBAR2=(YM*YM+XM*XM)/(ABAR*ABAR)	52
IF (RBAR2 .LT. R2(KBIG)) GO TO 406	53
RBAR2=R2(KBIG)	54
H=ELST+SQRT(RBAR2/RC)*(ELEV-ELST)	55
GO TO 405	56
C TWO POINTS OUTSIDE CIRCLE.	
C FIND COORDINATES OF SECOND CORNER OUTSIDE CIRCLE-ADJACENT FARTHEST	
323 LBIG=KBIG+1	57
IF (LBIG .EQ. 5) LBIG=1	58
IF (R2(LBIG) .GT. RMIN2) GO TO 65	59
LBIG=KBIG-1	60
IF (LBIG .EQ. 0) LBIG=4	61
65 IF (DY(KBIG) .EQ. DY(LBIG)) GO TO 362	62
C REVERSED ROLES	
IF (Y1) 376,343,377	63
376 LY1=-1	64
GO TO 367	65
377 LY1=1	66
367 L3=I2+LY1	67
IF (L3 .EQ. 0) GO TO 368	68
343 CALL CENTD(Y1,Y2,0.0,X2,S2, S1,AREA,XM,YM,2)	69
GO TO 403	70
342 IF (X1) 346,346,347	71
346 LX1=-1	72
GO TO 351	73
347 LX1=1	74
351 L4=I1+LX1	75
IF (L4 .EQ. 0) GO TO 349	76
344 CALL CENTD(X1,X2,0.0,Y2,S1, S2,AREA,YM,XM,2)	77
GO TO 403	78
C X1 AND X2 ARE OF OPPOSITE SIGN (368 FOR OPP. Y1, Y2)	
349 IF (RMIN-ABS(Y2)) 344,344,330	79
368 IF (RMIN-ABS(X2)) 343,343,330	80
C 3 CORNERS OUTSIDE CIRCLE	
324 IF (R2(KSM1) .EQ. RMIN2) GO TO 37	81
IF (Y1) S1,S2,S3	82
S1 LY1=-1	83
GO TO 354	84
S2 LY1= 0	85
GO TO 354	86
S3 LY1= 1	87
354 L3=I2+LY1+3	88
IF (X1) S6,S7	89
S LX1=-1	90
GO TO 8	91
6 LX1= 0	92
GO TO 8	93
7 LX1= 1	94
8 L4=I1+LX1+3	95
GO TO (101,102,103,102,101), L3	96
101 GO TO (355,121,104,121,355), L4	97
355 CALL CENTD(X1,0.0,Y1,0.0,S1,S2,AREA,YM,XM,3)	98

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

60 TO 400	99
121 CALL CENTD(Y1,0.0,0.0,0.0,S2,S1,AREA,XM,YM,6)	100
60 TO 400	101
122 CALL CENTD(X1,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0,S1,S2,AREA,YM,XM,6)	102
60 TO 400	103
104 IF (ABS(Y2) .GE. RMIN) GO TO 355	104
15 LBIG=KBIG+1	105
IF (LBIG .EQ. 5) LBIG=1	106
IF (DX(LBIG) .EQ. DX(KBIG)) GO TO 108	107
LBIG=KBIG-1	108
IF (LBIG .EQ. 0) LBIG=4	109
108 CALL CENTD(Y1,Y2,0.0,X2,S2, S1,AREA,XM,YM,2)	110
60 TO 114	111
102 GO TO (122,105,106,105,122), L4	112
105 AREA=0.7853982*RMIN2	113
BIG=RMIN=RMIN2/3.0	114
YM=S1*BIG	115
XM=S2*BIG	116
60 TO 400	117
106 IF (ABS(Y2) .LT. RMIN) GO TO 15	118
60 TO 122	119
103 GO TO (111,112,113,112,111), L4	120
111 IF (ABS(X2) .LT. RMIN) GO TO 12	121
356 CALL CENTD(Y1,0.0,X1,0.0,S2,S1,AREA,XM,YM,3)	122
60 TO 600	123
112 IF (ABS(X2) .GE. RMIN) GO TO 121	124
12 LBIG=KBIG+1	125
IF (LBIG .EQ. 5) LBIG=1	126
IF (DY(LBIG) .EQ. DY(KBIG)) GO TO 109	127
LBIG=KBIG-1	128
IF (LBIG .EQ. 0) LBIG=4	129
109 CALL CENTD(X1,X2,0.0,Y2,S1, S2,AREA,YM,XM,2)	130
114 LR=10-(KBIG+LBIG+KSML)	131
CALL CENTD (0.0,DX(LR),0.0,DY(LR),0.0,0.0,AREAR,XE,XM,1)	132
60 TO 115	133
113 IF (ABS(X2) .LT. RMIN) GO TO 107	134
IF (ABS(Y2) .LT. RMIN) GO TO 15	135
CALL CENTD(X1,X2,Y1,Y2,S1, S2,AREA,YM,XM,5)	136
AREAR=AREA	137
60 TO 115	138
107 IF (ABS(Y2) .GE. RMIN) GO TO 12	139
14 LBIG=KBIG+1	140
IF (LBIG .EQ. 5) LBIG=1	141
LR=10-(KBIG+LBIG+KSML)	142
CALL CENTD (0.0,DX(LR),0.0,DY(LR),0.0,0.0,AREAR,XE,XM,1)	143
60 TO 110	144
330 AREAR=0.0	145
110 CALL CENTD (0.0,DX(LBIG),0.0,DY(LBIG),0.0,0.0,AREAR,XE,XM,1)	146
AREAR=AREAR+AREA	147
CALL CENTD (0.0,X2,0.0,Y2,S1,S2,AREA,YM,XM,1)	148
115 AREAR=AREAR+AREA	149
ABAR=ABS(AREAR)	150
RBAR2=(XM+XM+YM+YM)/(AREA*AREA)	151
H=ELEV	152
60 TO 405	153

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

C 4 CORNERS OUTSIDE CIRCLE		
325 IF (X1) 54,37,55	154	
54 LX1=-1	155	
GO TO 56	156	
55 LX1= 1	157	
56 L3=I1+LX1	158	
IF (L3 .NE. 0) GO TO 366	159	
360 IF (Y1) 57,37,58	160	
57 LY1=-1	161	
GO TO 59	162	
58 LY1= 1	163	
59 L4=I2+LY1	164	
IF (L4 .EQ. 0) RETURN	165	
378 IF (ABS(Y1) .GE. RMIN) GO TO 37	166	
361 CALL CENTD(0.0,0.0,Y1,0.0,0.0,S2,AREA,YM,XM,4)	167	
GO TO 600	168	
366 IF (Y1) 16,37,17	169	
16 LY1=-1	170	
GO TO 18	171	
17 LY1= 1	172	
18 L4=I2+LY1	173	
IF (L4 .NE. 0) GO TO 37	174	
C REVERSED ROLES		
19 IF (ABS(X1) .GE. RMIN) GO TO 37	175	
373 CALL CENTD(0.0,0.0,X1,0.0,0.0,S1,AREA,XM,YM,4)	176	
C MOMENT OF RECTANGULAR COMPARTMENT.		
400 AREAR=ABS((X2-X1)*(Y2-Y1))	177	
AREA =AREAR-AREA	178	
C MOMENTS ABOUT Y- AND X-AXES FOR REMAINING AREA		
YM=XC+AREAR-YM	179	
XM=YC+AREAR-XM	180	
403 ABAR=ABS(AREA)	181	
RBAR2=(YM+YM+XM+XM)/(ABAR+ABAR)	182	
406 RBAR=SQRT(RBAR2)	183	
H=ELST+RBAR*(ELEV-ELST)/SQRT(RC)	184	
405 GC=ABAR*G(H,ELST,RBAR2,RGR2)/AREAB	185	
BIG=GC+GPA	186	
IF (KTEST .EQ. 1) WRITE (6,200) DENTS(IS),BIG	187	
200 FORMAT (4X,'STATION ',A5,', IS INSIDE CALCULATED COMPARTMENT. ',		
1 'CORRECTION USED IS',F8.3,' MGAL.')		
404 GCEN(IS)=GCEN(IS)+BIG	188	
GB=GB+GC	189	
RETURN	190	
37 GB=GB+ G(ELEV,ELST,RC,RGR2)*ARCSB	191	
78 RETURN	192	
END	193	
SUBROUTINE CENTD(X1,X2,Y1,Y2,S1,S2,AREA,YM,XM,M)		
INTEGER*2 NUMS	Called by GINNER--circular inner join	1
dimension GRAV(500,13),NUMS(500,13),GV(500),GCEN(500)		2
COMMON R,AA,	RMAX2,BL2K,BL2L,BB2B,BB2B,AAH,BBH,ST,SN,	3
1 A,B, GCEN,GRAV,GV,NUMS		
C NOTE-COMMON STATEMENT NAMES ARE DIFFERENT THAN OTHER SUBROUTINES		
C M-NUMBER OF CORNERS OUTSIDE COMPARTMENT (EXCEPT S=3). ABSOLUTE VALUES		

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

```

C GIVE PROTECTION AGAINST SQUARE ROOTS OF NEGATIVE NUMBERS MEANT TO BE 0
  GO TO (12,12,35,4,35,6), M          4
12  AX2=ABS(X2)                         5
    AY2=ABS(Y2)                         6
    X22=X2*X2                           7
    Y22=Y2*Y2                           8
    AAX2=ABS(AA-X22)                     9
    AAY2=AA-Y22                          10
    SAX2=SQRT(AAX2)                      11
    IF (M .EQ. 2) GO TO 2                12
C 1 CORNER OUTSIDE
  1  AAY2=ABS(AAY2)                      13
    SAY2=SQRT(AAY2)                      14
C FACTOR TERMS TO MINIMIZE LOSS OF SIGNIFICANT FIGURES
  AREA=AX2*(AY2-0.5*SAX2)-0.5*(AY2+SAY2+AA*(ARSIN(AX2/R)-ARSIN(SAY2/
    1 R)))                                15
  YM=S1*(0.5*AY2+(Y22/3.0-AAX2)+AAX2*SAX2/3.0)                  16
  XM=S2*(0.5*AX2+(X22/3.0-AAY2)+AAY2*SAY2/3.0)                  17
  RETURN                                    18
C 2 CORNERS OUTSIDE-CONNECTED AREA
  2  SX=S1*X1                           19
    X11=X1*X1                           20
    AAX1=ABS(AA-X11)                      21
    SAX1=SQRT(AAX1)                      22
    AREA=AY2*(AX2-SX)-0.5*(AX2+SAX2-SX*SAX1+AA*(ARSIN(AX2/R)
    1 -ARSIN(SX/R)))                    23
    YM=S1*(0.5*AY2+(X22-X11)+(AAX2+SAX2-AAX1*SAX1)/3.0)        24
    XM=0.5*S2*(AX2+(X22/3.0-AAY2)-SX*(X11/3.0-AAY2))           25
    RETURN                                    26
C 4 CORNERS OUTSIDE-CONNECTED INSIDE AREA USED
  4  AAY1=ABS(AA-Y1+Y1)                  27
    SAY1=SQRT(AAY1)                      28
    AREA=AA*ARSIN(SAY1/R)-ABS(Y1)*SAY1  29
    YM=0.0                               30
    XM=0.6666667*S2*AAY1*SAY1          31
    RETURN                                    32
  35 AY1=ABS(Y1)                        33
    X11=X1*X1                           34
    Y11=Y1+Y1                           35
    AAX1=ABS(AA-X11)                      36
    AAY1=ABS(AA-Y11)                      37
    SAX1=SQRT(AAX1)                      38
    SAY1=SQRT(AAY1)                      39
    IF (M .EQ. 5) GO TO 5                40
C 3 CORNERS OUTSIDE-1 CORNER INSIDE USED
  3  SX=S1*X1                           41
    IF (SAY1 .EQ. SX) GO TO 10            42
    AREA=SX*(AY1-0.5*SAX1)-0.5*(AY1+SAY1-AA*(ARSIN(SAY1/R)-ARSIN(SX/R)
    1 ))                                43
    YM=S1*(AAX1+SAX1/3.0+0.5*AY1+(Y11/3.0-AAX1))                 44
    XM=S2*(AAY1+SAY1/3.0+0.5*SX*(X11/3.0-AAY1))                 45
    RETURN                                    46
C CASE WHERE A CORNER IS ON CIRCLE AND WHOLE COMPARTMENT IS OUTSIDE
  10 AREA=0.0                            47
    YM=0.0                               48

```

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

```

XH=0.0          49
RETURN          50
C 3 CORNERS OUTSIDE-OCCUPIES 3 QUADRANTS (CLOSE-IN)
5 AX1=ABS(X1)      51
AX2=ABS(X2)      52
AY2=ABS(Y2)      53
X22=X2+X2      54
Y22=Y2+Y2      55
AREA=AX2*(AY1+AY2)+AX1*AY2-0.5*(AX1*SAX1+AY1*SAY1) 56
? +AA=(1.570796+ARSIN(AX1/R)+ARSIN(AY1/R)))
YM=S1*(0.5*(AY1+(Y11/3.0-AA*X22)+AY2*(X22-X11))-AAX1*SAX1/3.0) 57
XM=S2*(0.5*(AX1*(X11/3.0-AA*Y22)+AX2*(Y22-Y11))-AAY1*SAY1/3.0) 58
RETURN          59
C 3 CORNERS OUT, Y1=0.0
6 SX=S1+X1      60
X11=X1+X1      61
AAX1=ABS(AA-X11) 62
SAX1=SQRT(AAX1) 63
AREA=0.5*(AA*(1.570796-ARSIN(SX/R))-SX*SAX1) 64
YM=S1*AAX1*SAX1/3.0 65
XM=S2*(AA*R/3.0+0.5*SX*(X11/3.0-AA)) 66
RETURN          67
END             68

SUBROUTINE DEXBD(IS,LT,LN,BQD,AQD,LTSE,LNSE,LTS,LNS,NS,      MS,
1 LATM,LONM)          1
1 INTEGER=2 NUMS          1
1 DIMENSION IQ(5,7),GCEN(500),GRAV(500,13),GV(500),DENTM(3,13),  2
1 DENTQ(3,81),NUMS(500,13),           LATQ(81),LONG(81),
2 LTDB(13),LTMQ(13),LNDQ(13),LNMQ(13)          2
COMMON /MAP/ DENTQ,LATQ,LONG          3
COMMON RMIN,RMIN2,RMAX2,BL2K,BL2L,QB2B,QA2B,AQM,BQM,ST,SN,  4
1 A,B,   GCEN,GRAV,GV,NUMS
C PREPARE LIST OF QUADRANGLES NEEDED Indexing
DO 41 K=1,5          5
DO 41 L=1,7          6
41 IQ(K,L)=0          7
C NW CORNER OF INDEX MAP IN INDEX UNITS, DEGREES, AND MINUTES.
QTNU=LT          8
QNNW=LN          9
QTNU=BQD=QTNU    10
QNNW=AQD=QNNW    11
QB=60.*QTNU     12
QA=60.*QNNW     13
C FIND QUADS NEEDED. FIRST BY N-S-W-E BOUNDARIES, THEN RADII.
C REFERENCE TO NW CORNER OF QUADS.
KMAX=LT-LTSE+1    14
LMAX=LN-LNSE+1    15
KSM1=LT-LTS       16
LSM1=LN-LNS       17
KSP1=KSM1+2       18
LSP1=LSM1+2       19
DO 42 K=1,KMAX    20
DO 42 L=1,LMAX    21

```

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

42	IQ(K,L)=IQ(K,L)+2	22
	B2=B*B	23
	A2=A*A	24
C	SOUTH CORNERS	25
	QTS2B=ST+BL2K	
C	EAST CORNERS	26
	QNS2B=SN+BL2L	
C	NORTH CORNERS	27
	QTST=ST+QB2B	
C	WEST CORNERS	28
	QNSN=SN+QA2B	
C	NW CORNER	29
	IF (KSM1) 152,152,156	
156	IF (LSM1) 158,158,157	30
157	DO 44 K=1,KSM1	31
	FK=K-1	32
	QT=QB-FK*BQM-QTST	33
	DO 44 L=1,LSM1	34
	FL=L-1	35
	QN=QA-FL*AQM-QNSN	36
	DISQ2=B2+QT+QT+A2*QN*QN	37
	IF (DISQ2-RMAX2) 44,44,43	38
43	IQ(K,L)=IQ(K,L)-2	39
44	CONTINUE	40
C	NE CORNER	41
158	IF (LMAX-LSP1) 152,151,151	
151	DO 46 K=1,KSM1	42
	FK=K-1	43
	QT=QB-FK*BQM-QTST	44
	DO 46 L=LSP1,LMAX	45
	FL=L-1	46
	QN=QA-FL*AQM-QNS2B	47
	DISQ2=B2+QT+QT+A2*QN*QN	48
	IF (DISQ2-RMAX2) 46,46,45	49
45	IQ(K,L)=IQ(K,L)-2	50
46	CONTINUE	51
C	SW CORNER	52
152	IF (KMAX-KSP1) 155,153,153	
153	IF (LSM1) 159,159,160	53
160	DO 48 K=KSP1,KMAX	54
	FK=K-1	55
	QT=QB-FK*BQM-QTS2B	56
	DO 48 L=1,LSM1	57
	FL=L-1	58
	QN=QA-FL*AQM-QNSN	59
	DISQ2=B2+QT+QT+A2*QN*QN	60
	IF (DISQ2-RMAX2) 48,48,47	61
67	IQ(K,L)=IQ(K,L)-2	62
68	CONTINUE	63
C	SE CORNER	64
159	IF (LMAX-LSP1) 155,154,154	
154	DO 50 K=KSP1,KMAX	65
	FK=K-1	66
	QT=QB-FK*BQM-QTS2B	67
	DO 50 L=LSP1,LMAX	68

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

```

FL=L-1          69
QN=QA-FL+AQM-QNS2B    70
DISQ2=B2+QT+QT+A2+QN+QN    71
IF (DISQ2-RMAX2) 50,50,149 72
149 IQ(K,L)=IQ(K,L)-2    73
50 CONTINUE        74
155 CONTINUE        75
C QUADS USED
75 GB=0.          76
M=0              77
IF (MS) 53,53,54 78
54 DO 132 MQ=1,MS 79
M =NUMS (IS,MQ) 80
66 LTQ=LATQ(M)   81
LNQ=LONG(M)      82
LTB=LATM+LTQ    83
LNA=LONGM+LNQ   84
LTD=LTB/60       85
LND=LNA/60       86
LTDB(MQ)=LTD    87
LTMC(MQ)=LTB-60+LTD 88
LNDC(MQ)=LND    89
LNMC(MQ)=LNA-60+LND 90
LTS=LT-LTQ+1    91
LNS=LN-LNQ+1    92
IQ(LTS,LNS)=IQ(LTS,LNS)-1 93
DENTM(1,MQ)=DENTQ(1,M) 94
DENTM(2,MQ)=DENTQ(2,M) 95
DENTM(3,MQ)=DENTQ(3,M) 96
132 GB=GB+GRAV(IS,MQ) 97
68 GV(IS)=GV(IS)+GB 98
IF (MS-1) 53,134,52 99
52 MS5=MS/2        100
MS2=2*MS5         101
MSM=MS-MS2        102
DO 93 M=2,MS2,2 103
M1=M-1           104
93 WRITE (6,204)(DENTM(ID,M1),ID=1,3), LTDB(M1),LTMC(M1),LNDC(M1),
1 LNMC(M1),GRAV(IS,M1), (DENTM(ID,M),ID=1,3),LTDB(M),LTMC(M),
2 LNDC(M),LNMC(M),GRAV(IS,M)
204 FORMAT (2X,2(3A4,I6,I3,I8,I3,F11.3,6X)) 105
IF (MS) 134,133,134
134 WRITE (6,207)(DENTM(ID,MS),ID=1,3),LTDB(MS),LTMC(MS),LNDC(MS),
1 LNMC(MS),GRAV(IS,MS)
207 FORMAT (2X,3A4,I6,I3,I8,I3,F11.3) 106
133 WRITE (6,205)GB 107
205 FORMAT (35X,16HTOTAL CORRECTION,F7.3,10H MILLIGALS)
53 LTDB=LATM
LNA=LN+LONGM
80 136 K=1,5
80 136 L=1,7
IF (IQ(K,L)-2) 136,137,136 108
137 LTMIN=LTB-LATM+(K-1) 109
LNMIN=LNA-LONGM+(L-1) 110
LTBEG=LTMIN/60          111
112
113
114
115
116

```

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

LNDEG=LNMIN/60	117
LTMIN=LTMIN-60+LTDEG	118
LNMIN=LNMIN-60+LNDEG	119
138 WRITE (6,209)LTDEG,LTMIN,LNDEG,LNMIN	120
209 FORMAT (14H NOT FOUND,I6,I3,I8,I3)	
136 CONTINUE	121
RETURN	122
END	123
 FUNCTION G(H,E,R2,RGR2)	
C DETERMINE TERRAIN CORRECTION FOR COMPARTMENT. H,E- ELEVATION OF	
C COMPARTMENT AND STATION IN KM. R2- SQUARE OF DISTANCE IN KM. RGR2-	
C TEST RADIUS FOR USE OF CURVATURE CORRECTION.	
RP2=1.0/R2	1
RP=SQRT(RP2)	2
HKM=E-H	3
HE2=HKM*HKM	4
HR2=HE2*RP2	5
IF (H) 14,25,1	6
1 IF (RGR2-R2) 2,2,5	7
C CURVATURE ACCOUNTED FOR. MODIFIED LINE ELEMENT FORMULA.	
2 EARTH=6371.2	8
C2=R2/EARTH	9
G=0.5*HKM*RP*RP2	10
FG=HKM+C2	11
IF (HR2-0.013) 4,4,3	12
3 FG=FG-0.75*HKM*HR2	13
4 G=G+FG	14
RETURN	15
C NO CURVATURE, LINE ELEMENT FORMULA.	
5 IF (HR2-0.47) 7,6,6	16
6 G=RP*(1.0-1.0/SQRT(1.0+HR2))	17
RETURN	18
7 G=0.5*RP*HR2	19
IF (HR2-0.013) 13,13,8	20
8 FG=1.0-0.75*HR2	21
IF (HR2-0.12) 12,12,9	22
9 HR4=HR2*HR2	23
FG=FG+0.625*HR4	24
IF (HR2-0.26) 12,12,10	25
10 FG=FG-0.546875*HR2*HR4	26
IF (HR2-0.37) 12,12,11	27
11 FG=FG+0.4921875*HR4*HR4	28
12 G=G+FG	29
13 RETURN	30
C SEAWATER COMPARTMENTS (NEGATIVE ELEVATIONS)	
14 E2=E+E	31
IF (RGR2-R2) 15,15,18	32
C WITH CURVATURE	
15 EARTH=6371.2	33
C=0.5*R2/EARTH	34
C2=C*C	35
CE=C+E	36
CEH=C+HKM	37

TABLE 1--CONTINUED

CE2=CE*CE	38
CEH2=CEH*CEH	39
C4=C2*C2	40
CE4=CE2*CE2	41
CEH4=CEH2*CEH2	42
RP4=RP2*RP2	43
FG=-C2+0.3846*CE2+0.6154*CEH2	44
1 -0.75*RP2*(-C4+0.3846*CE4+0.6154*CEH4)+0.625*RP4*(-C2+C4	
2 +0.3846*CE2*CE4+0.6154*CEH2*CEH4)	
17 G=0.5*RP*RP2*FG	45
RETURN	46
C NO CURVATURE	
18 IF (HR2=0.42) 20,20,19	47
19 G=RP*(1.0-0.3846/SQRT(1.0+E2/R2)-0.6154/SQRT(1.0+HE2/R2))	48
RETURN	49
20 FG=0.3846*E2+0.6154*HE2	50
IF (HR2=0.02) 24,24,21	51
21 E4=E2*E2	52
HE4=HE2*HE2	53
FG=FG-0.75*RP2*(0.3846*E4+0.6154*HE4)	54
IF (HR2=0.16) 24,24,22	55
22 RP4=RP2*RP2	56
FG=FG+0.625*RP4*(0.3846*E2*E4+0.6154*HE2*HE4)	57
IF (HR2=0.30) 24,24,23	58
23 FG=FG-0.546875*RP2*RP4*(0.3846*E4*E4+0.6154*HE4*HE4)	59
24 G=0.5*RP*RP2*FG	60
25 RETURN	61
END	62

Table 2. List of punchcards for test case (See Table 3 for printout).

SAN JUAN MTS., COLORADO -203 2.5

SJM

SJM	VIIIB7	37	20	107	50	Kammer F/G	SJ	30	SECOND		
8040	8350	8340	8310	8200	8080	7950	7780	7700	7540	VIIIB7	01
7700	7800	7800	7780	7750	7650	7600	7400	7340	7600	VIIIB7	02
7080	7310	7300	7360	7420	7380	7340	7300	7650	8050	VIIIB7	03
6920	7380	7290	7400	7460	7260	7230	7560	7680	7800	VIIIB7	04
7320	7640	7430	7280	7240	7250	7480	7640	7880	7880	VIIIB7	05
7480	7470	7490	7300	7100	7260	7680	7750	7700	7570	VIIIB7	06
7600	7680	7450	7260	7080	7260	7360	7400	7410	7320	VIIIB7	07
7500	7440	7250	7200	7140	7040	7120	7250	7220	7190	VIIIB7	08
7320	7160	7160	7180	7140	7080	7000	7070	7030	7060	VIIIB7	09
7130	7000	7030	7130	7070	7060	7010	6950	6970	7000	VIIIB7	10

SJM	VIIIB8	37	20	107	55				SJ	30	SECOND				
7500	7150	7000	6960	7250	7700	7520	6650	6550	6690	VIIIB8	01				
7460	7320	6980	7070	7600	7840	7900	7020	6550	6570	VIIIB8	02				
7380	7240	7040	6950	7360	7520	7260	6600	6560	6580	VIIIB8	03				
7440	7140	6150	6880	6850	6720	6550	6540	6550	6740	VIIIB8	04				
7480	7300	7120	6780	6620	6550	6600	6680	6880	6970	VIIIB8	05				
7610	7110	6980	6740	6600	6540	6750	6860	6950	7320	VIIIB8	06				
7270	6900	6850	6690	6570	6740	6860	6940	7260	7340	VIIIB8	07				
6800	6720	6660	6550	6530	6640	6960	7040	7160	7620	VIIIB8	08				
7360	7520	7320	7160	6480	6710	6900	6940	7320	7490	VIIIB8	09				
7440	7300	7080	6940	6580	6640	6880	7080	7280	7250	VIIIB8	10				

SJM	VIIC2	37	15	107	55		SJ	30	SECOND			
7190	7050	6950	6840	6600	6480	6780	6980	7040	7000	VIIC2	01	
6880	6970	7160	7090	6760	6480	6650	6800	6870	6920	VIIC2	02	
6780	6900	7220	7400	7200	6750	6370	6760	6810	6720	VIIC2	03	
6750	6750	6850	6840	6880	6840	6480	6470	6660	6800	VIIC2	04	
7260	7280	7240	6860	6680	6720	6680	6410	6550	6750	VIIC2	05	
7160	7290	6920	6660	6580	6690	6530	6430	6370	6710	VIIC2	06	
6950	6900	6760	6600	6480	6430	6330	6360	6660	6670	VIIC2	07	
6720	6650	6650	6540	6320	6310	6460	6640	6640	6680	VIIC2	08	
6700	6640	6540	6380	6320	6460	6610	6610	6620	6700	VIIC2	09	
6540	6560	6500	6340	6320	6450	6590	6590	6620	6780	VIIC2	10	

TRIAL MAP 37 15 107 55 SJ 30 SECOND

IGNACIO	3	37	15	108	00	7410	7300	7270	7160	7170	7020	7010	6580	6800	6960IGNACIO	3	1.
						6840	6970	7020	6960	6850	7280	7160	7030	6930	6840IGNACIO	3	2.
						6800	7080	6920	6520	6750	6830	6900	6950	6920	6820IGNACIO	3	3.
						7310	7400	7670	7560	7410	7250	6920	6670	6510	6600IGNACIO	3	4.
						6860	6870	6880	6870	6820	7770	7620	7400	7230	6970IGNACIO	3	5.
						6800	6640	6380	6450	6660	6830	6830	6820	6820	6750IGNACIO	3	6.
						7940	7410	7110	6920	6730	6610	6440	6390	6600	6680IGNACIO	3	7.
						6790	6780	6760	6770	6700	8020	7420	7160	6920	6770IGNACIO	3	8.
						6650	6370	6260	6550	6720	6730	6730	6680	6700	6580IGNACIO	3	9.
						7750	7080	6750	6660	6580	6460	6250	6250	6520	6670IGNACIO	3	10.
						6580	6550	6530	6480	6540	7180	7300	6780	6630	6470IGNACIO	3	11.
						6340	6180	6280	6480	6370	6430	6530	6460	6530	6580IGNACIO	3	12.
						6860	7460	7250	6560	6410	6310	6150	6250	6410	6400IGNACIO	3	13.

Table 2.--Continued

Table 2--Continued

8340	8200	8140	7920	7780	7740	7690	7660	7630	7600	38108	24
10920	10030	10980	10110	9990	11240	10200	11650	12410	11720	38108	25
11990	11480	12180	11030	11460	11320	11530	11640	10380	9640	38108	26
10680	11320	10150	10330	10990	9680	8720	8470	8490	8280	38108	27
8100	8020	8010	7870	7770	7750	7700	7660	7630	7600	38108	28
10110	9370	9990	9700	8970	10000	10060	12040	12470	10940	38108	29
12180	11800	11540	10820	11670	11630	11620	11090	10840	10770	38108	30
11460	11340	10800	11230	10650	9440	8860	9950	10050	9640	38108	31
8870	8380	8420	8360	7980	7750	7690	7660	7630	7600	38108	32
9460	9290	10100	9170	8760	11070	11920	12020	11920	10410	38108	33
11900	11170	10570	10600	9990	11040	10050	10980	11420	11480	38108	34
11920	11380	11640	10900	10020	9470	9650	10310	11280	10350	38108	35
9260	9490	9170	8600	8160	7850	7680	7640	7620	7600	38108	36
9430	8700	9380	8860	8440	10270	11040	11200	11450	9980	38108	37
11270	10090	10840	10770	8770	8760	9690	10210	11090	11650	38108	38
10970	10700	11520	10650	10020	10650	10060	10540	11310	10010	38108	39
10180	10890	10100	9030	8380	7980	7730	7630	7610	7600	38108	40
9580	8830	8270	8330	7960	10300	9680	11240	9640	9280	38108	41
9740	9980	10590	9500	9030	8260	8330	8800	10530	11480	38108	42
11050	9580	10370	10870	10510	10570	10580	11240	11510	11230	38108	43
11230	11910	10860	9710	9110	8400	7790	7650	7620	7600	38108	44
9800	9680	8250	7130	8110	9840	8960	9530	8800	8160	38108	45
9220	10040	9550	9200	8630	8140	7920	8670	10300	10040	38108	46
9600	9040	8840	9340	9260	10260	11310	11580	11450	10880	38108	47
10170	11120	10320	9690	9920	8820	7870	7720	7640	7600	38108	48
9170	8720	7960	7530	9080	8930	8450	8520	8020	8800	38108	49
9500	9200	8450	8280	8430	8500	8080	8280	8740	8400	38108	50
8380	8180	8500	8980	10170	10570	11850	11190	10730	10780	38108	51
11090	9970	9730	9410	8680	8410	8000	7840	7710	7620	38108	52
7810	7570	7180	7560	7930	7880	7990	7580	7950	8010	38108	53
8400	9320	8730	8100	9150	8850	8030	7890	7900	7620	38108	54
7690	7850	9230	10310	10940	11180	11520	11320	10740	10630	38108	55
10310	11260	10100	9860	8780	8390	8080	7910	7750	7630	38108	56
7530	7290	6790	7290	7260	7340	7540	7270	7290	7310	38108	57
7690	8090	8000	7940	8990	7850	7900	7670	7590	7340	38108	58
7310	7760	8420	9570	10170	9910	11680	11080	11870	11440	38108	59
10210	10760	9900	9730	8820	8340	7980	7880	7750	7640	38108	60
7310	7130	6780	6840	6880	6940	7060	6950	6930	7180	38108	61
8040	7650	7280	7090	7260	7090	7200	7490	7490	7220	38108	62
7340	7780	8000	8650	8460	9600	10980	11390	11120	10510	38108	63
9780	10200	9750	9690	9210	8600	8230	8120	7900	7680	38108	64
7540	6840	6450	6750	6720	6680	6710	6740	6760	7200	38108	65
8190	7700	6890	6680	6900	7400	7300	7870	7480	7240	38108	66
7440	7500	7930	8430	9490	10300	9510	11000	11770	11160	38108	67
10700	9900	10150	9760	9360	8770	8740	8250	7960	7760	38108	68
7140	6500	6300	6600	6610	6680	6590	6560	6610	7040	38108	69
8020	7290	6470	7130	7460	7830	7090	7280	7300	6950	38108	70
7280	7670	7840	8890	9930	9840	8730	11310	11100	11380	38108	71
11130	9810	9440	9630	9500	9180	8900	8370	8010	7860	38108	72
6890	6610	6220	6610	7140	7130	6680	6430	6460	6610	38108	73
7110	6720	7080	7470	7340	6880	6820	7000	6900	6980	38108	74
7540	7600	7790	7950	8600	8970	8820	10800	10150	10490	38108	75
11010	10670	10470	9710	9290	8660	9010	8410	8010	7910	38108	76
6620	6510	6450	6660	7110	6970	6920	6450	6390	6370	38108	77
6240	6190	6370	6570	6690	6600	6680	6720	7380	7830	38108	78
8380	7450	7780	7600	7750	8060	8970	10080	9420	9920	38108	79
10290	10000	10230	10150	9870	9100	8540	8400	8170	7960	38108	80

Table 3. Example of printout from terrain correction program NO400.

TERRAIN CORRECTION PROGRAM D. Pleuff 9-1972

SUMMARY OF PRELIMINARY VALUES FOR SAN JUAN MTS., COLORADO TERRAIN CORRECTION
WILL BE MADE FOR 3 SETS OF MAPS

STA	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ELEV	OBS GRAY	THEO GRAY	FREE AIR	MANO TER
B217	37 16.47	107 52.67	6557.	979284.77	979940.81	-39.55	0.14
1857	37 55.08	106 50.45	13718.	978841.38	979996.90	133.57	11.88

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SJM VIIB7	37 20 107 50
SJM VIIB8	37 20 107 55

STATION B217 IS INSIDE CALCULATED COMPARTMENT. CORRECTION USED IS 0.000 NGAL.

SJM VIIC2	37 15 107 55
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TRIAL MAP	37 15 107 55
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THIS MAP WAS SKIPPED. IT ALREADY HAS BEEN USED.

MAP COVERAGE FOR 0.895 TO 4.100 KILOMETERS (CIRCULAR INNER JOIN) OF SAN JUAN MTS., COLORADO
SMALLEST COMPARTMENT DIGITIZED ARE 30 BY 30 AND LARGEST COMPOSITE BLOCKS ARE 60 BY 60 SECONDS
IN LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE. QUADRANGLES USED ARE 5 BY 5 MINUTES. CONVERSION TO BLOCKS AT 4.00 KM.
CURVATURE CORRECTION AT 15. KM.

STATION B217 AT 37.274, 107.878 DEGREES

MAP	NW CORNER (D,R)	NGLS	MAP	NW CORNER (D,R)	NGLS
SJM VIIB8	37 20 107 55	0.478	SJM VIIC2	37 15 107 55	0.010

TOTAL CORRECTION 0.488 MILLIGALS

STATION 1857 AT 37.918, 106.861 DEGREES

MAP	NW CORNER (D,R)	NGLS	MAP	NW CORNER (D,R)	NGLS
NOT FOUND	38 0 106 55				
NOT FOUND	38 0 106 50				
NOT FOUND	37 55 106 55				
NOT FOUND	37 55 106 50				

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IGNACIO 3	37 15 108 0
DURANGO	37 30 108 0

MAP COVERAGE FOR 4.100 TO 21.000 KILOMETERS (PIECEWISE INNER JOIN) OF SAN JUAN MTS., COLORADO
SMALLEST COMPARTMENT DIGITIZED ARE 1 BY 1 AND LARGEST COMPOSITE BLOCKS ARE 3 BY 3 MINUTES
IN LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE. QUADRANGLES USED ARE 15 BY 15 MINUTES. CONVERSION TO BLOCKS AT 16.00 KM.
CURVATURE CORRECTION AT 16. KM.

STATION B217 AT 37.274, 107.878 DEGREES

MAP	NW CORNER (D,R)	NGLS	MAP	NW CORNER (D,R)	NGLS
IGNACIO 3	37 15 108 0	0.060	DURANGO	37 30 108 0	0.693

TOTAL CORRECTION 0.753 MILLIGALS

NOT FOUND 37 30 108 15

NOT FOUND 37 30 107 45

NOT FOUND 37 15 108 15

NOT FOUND 37 15 107 45

STATION 1857 AT 37.918, 106.861 DEGREES

MAP	NW CORNER (D,R)	NGLS	MAP	NW CORNER (D,R)	NGLS
NOT FOUND	38 15 107 15				
NOT FOUND	38 15 107 0				
NOT FOUND	38 15 106 45				
NOT FOUND	38 0 107 15				
NOT FOUND	38 0 107 0				
NOT FOUND	38 0 106 45				

Table 3--continued

SUBANGE AMS 38 0 108 0

MAP COVERAGE FOR 21,000 TO 166,700 KILOMETERS (PIECEWISE INNER JOIN) OF SAN JUAN MTGS., COLORADO
SMALLEST COMPARTMENT DIGITIZED ARE 3 BY 3 AND LARGEST COMPOSITE BLOCKS ARE 12 BY 12 MINUTES
IN LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE. QUADRANGLES USED ARE 60 BY 120 MINUTES. CONVERSION TO BLOCKS AT 60.00 KM.
CUDAVUTURE CORRECTION AT 16. KM.

STATION 8217 AT 37.276, 107.878 DEGREES

	MAP	MM CORNER (0,0)	MOLS	MAP	MM CORNER (0,0)	MOLS
SUBANGE AMS	38 0	108 0	0.371			

TOTAL CORRECTION 0.371 MILLIGALS

NOT FOUND

38 0

108 0

0.371

NOT FOUND

39 0

108 0

NOT FOUND

38 0

110 0

NOT FOUND

37 0

110 0

NOT FOUND

37 0

108 0

NOT FOUND

36 0

110 0

NOT FOUND

36 0

108 0

STATION 1857 AT 37.978, 106.841 DEGREES

	MAP	MM CORNER (0,0)	MOLS	MAP	MM CORNER (0,0)	MOLS
SUBANGE AMS	38 0	108 0	2.183			

TOTAL CORRECTION 2.183 MILLIGALS

NOT FOUND

40 0

108 0

NOT FOUND

40 0

106 0

NOT FOUND

39 0

110 0

NOT FOUND

39 0

108 0

NOT FOUND

39 0

106 0

NOT FOUND

38 0

110 0

NOT FOUND

38 0

106 0

NOT FOUND

37 0

110 0

NOT FOUND

37 0

108 0

NOT FOUND

37 0

106 0

LIST OF RADIAL COVERAGE FOR SUCCESSIVE MAP SETS

INNER BOUNDARY IS PIECEWISE UNLESS CIRCULAR IS INDICATED. ALL OUTER BOUNDARIES ARE PIECEWISE
0.89490 TO 4.10000 KM (CIRCULAR INNER JOIN)
4.10000 TO 21.00000 KM } user should check for exact agreement
21.00000 TO 166.70000 KM }

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SUMMARY FOR 2 STATIONS IN SAN JUAN MTGS., COLORADO

COMPUTER TERRAIN CORRECTIONS DERIVED FROM CIRCULAR INNER RADIIUS OF 0.895
TO 166,700 KILOMETERS. DENSITIES ARE 2.67 AND 2.30. DENSITY OF 2.07 IS USED FOR
VALUES IN COLUMNS LABELLED TC, TOT, (TOT), AND TOT. TC=TOTAL CORRECTION
TOT=TOTAL COMPUTER CORRECTION. (MRAO)=PART OF TOTAL THAT REPRESENTS CONTRIBUTION
OF COMPARTMENTS THAT INTERSECT INNER CIRCULAR RADIUS. TOT=MRAO PLUS COMPUTER TERMIN.

STATION	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	ELEV	DOS BRAV	F.A.	0.8.1	3.8.2	CC	TC	TOT (HEAD)	TOT	C.8.1	C.8.2	ACC	STA
SJA 8217	37 16.47	107 52.07	6557.0	979284.77	-39.35	-263.18	-248.96	1.32	8.14	1.61	8.02	1.75	-262.99	-268.72	8217
SJA 1857	37 55.08	106 50.45	13718.0	978841.30	133.57	-334.31	-304.52	0.85	11.88	2.18	8.00	14.06	-328.19	-291.30	6534 1857