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High-Performance, Low-Current SIGFOX™ Gateway

Rev 1.2

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### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

Telecom Design's TD1207R/08R devices are high performance, low current SIGFOX<sup>™</sup> gateways. The combination of a powerful radio transceiver and a state-of-the-art ARM Cortex M3 baseband processor achieves extremely high performance while maintaining ultra-low active and standby current consumption. The TD1207R/08R device offers an outstanding RF sensitivity of -126 dBm while providing an exceptional output power of up to +16 dBm with unmatched TX efficiency. The TD1207R/08R device versatility provides the gateway function from a local Narrow Band ISM network to the long-distance Ultra Narrow Band SIGFOX<sup>™</sup> network at no additional cost. The broad range of analog and digital interfaces available in the TD1207R/08R module allows any application to interconnect easily to the SIGFOX™ network. The LVTTL low-energy UART, the I2C bus, the multiple timers with pulse count input / PWM output capabilities, the high-resolution / highspeed ADC and DAC, along with the numerous GPIOs can control any kind of external sensors or activators. Featuring an AES encryption engine and a DMA controller, the powerful 32-bit ARM Cortex-M3 baseband processor can implement highly complex and secure protocols in an efficient environmental and very low consumption way.

### **BOARD FEATURES**

- > 2.3V to 3.3V Power supply
- > 1.8 µA sleep mode consumption
- LGA25 (25.4×12.7×3.81mm) Land Grid Array package with castellated pads
- High CAF Resistance

### **KEY FEATURES**

- > SIGFOX™ transceiver certified
- > 145 dB maximum link budget
- > (G)FSK, 4(G)FSK, GMSK, OOK modulation
- Receive sensitivity =-126 dBm
- +16 dBm maximum output power
- Frequency range = ISM 868 MHz
- Low active radio power consumption (3.3V)
  - o 13/16 mA RX
  - o 32mA Tx @ +10 dBm
  - 41mA Tx @ +14 dBm
  - 51mA Tx @ +16 dBm

### APPLICATIONS

- > SIGFOX<sup>™</sup> transceiver (fully certified)
- Sensor network
- Health monitors
- Remote control
- Home security and alarm
- > Telemetry
- Industrial control



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### **1** General Description

### 1.1 Simplified Block Diagram

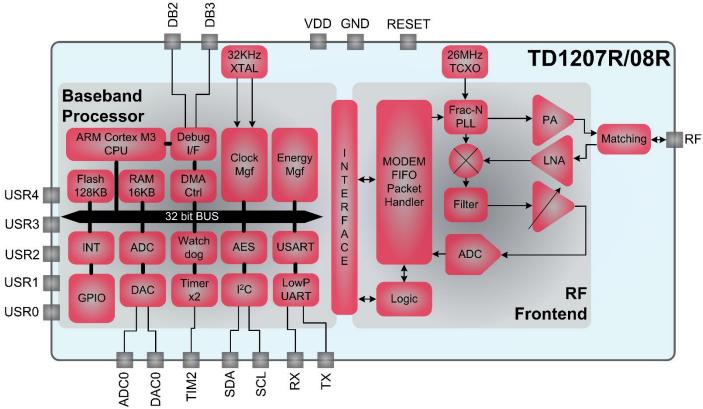


Figure 1. TD1207R/08R block diagram

### 1.2 Product Versions

The features of the two product variants TD1207R and TD1208R are detailed in the following table

### Table 1. TD1207R/08R device variants

Part Number	Description	Package Type	Operating Temperature
TD1207R	ISM SIGFOX™ gateway 128K Flash/ 16K RAM / TCXO, with fixed AT command set	LGA25 Pb-free	-30° to +75°C
TD1208R	ISM SIGFOX <sup>™</sup> gateway 128K Flash/ 16K RAM / TCXO, with fixed AT command set, user customizable firmware	LGA25 Pb-free	-30° to +75°C





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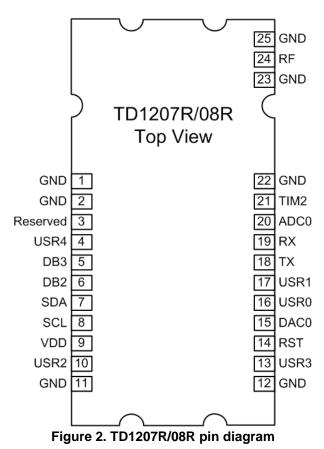
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### 1.3 Pin Diagram

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The following diagram shows the pin arrangement of the LGA package.



SIGFOX<sup>™</sup> Solution 1.4 Pin Description

### TD1207R/08R

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Pin number	Signal Name	Pin Type	Principal function	Remarks	MCU pin name
1	GND	GND	Ground		-
2	GND	GND	Ground		-
3	Reserved	NC	Reserved	Do not connect	-
4	USR4	I/O	General Purpose I/O 4	See note 1	PC14
5	DB3	I	Serial Debug SWDCLK (SWD Clock) Signal	See note 1	PF0
6	DB2	I/O	Serial Debug SWDIO (SWD Data I/O) Signal	See note 1	PF1
7	SDA	I/O	Master Slave I <sup>2</sup> C serial data	See note 1	PA0
8	SCL	I/O	Master Slave I <sup>2</sup> C serial clock	See note 1	PA1
9	VDD	VDD	Power supply voltage	Connect a 10 µF capacitor as close as possible to this input	-
10	USR2	I/O	General Purpose I/O 2	See note 1	PC0
11	GND	GND	Ground		-
12	GND	GND	Ground		-
13	USR3	I/O	General Purpose I/O 3	See note 1	PC1
14	RST	I	Active Low RESET input signal	internally pulled up, can be left floating if not used	-
15	DAC0	I/O	DAC analog output #0	See note 1	PB11
16	USR0	I/O	General Purpose I/O 0	See note 1	PB13
17	USR1	I/O	General Purpose I/O 1	See note 1	PC15
18	ТХ	0	Low-Power UART Data Transmit data	internally pulled up, See note 1	PD4
19	RX	I	Low-Power UART Data Receive data	internally pulled up, See note 1	PD5
20	ADC0	I/O	ADC analog input #6	See note 1	PD6
21	TIM2	I/O	I/O Timer compare #2 function	See note 1	PD7
22	GND	GND	Ground		-
23	GND	GND	Ground		-
24	RF	I/O	Input / Output 50Ω RF signal		-
25	GND	GND	Ground		-

Notes:

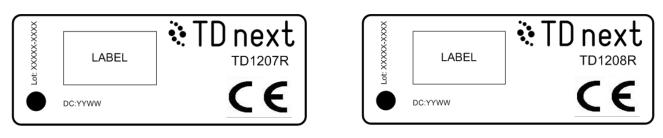
1. This pin may be configured to perform various functions. To obtain a list of the possible alternate functionalities, please refer to the EFM32G210 datasheet.





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### 1.5 Package Marking





### Lot: XXXXX-XXXX : TD Next Lot No

DC : YYWW : Date code

Label : Label with QR code and SIGFOX<sup>™</sup> ID

#### 1.6 Definition of Test Conditions

#### 1.6.1 **Production Test Conditions:**

- $T_{A} = + 25^{\circ}C$
- $V_{DD} = +3.3 \text{ VDC}$
- Production test schematics (unless noted otherwise)
- All RF input and output levels referred to the pins of the TD1207R/08R module

#### 1.6.2 Qualification Test Conditions:

- $T_A = -30$  to +75°C (Typical  $T_A = 25$ °C)
- $V_{DD}$  = +2.3 to 3.6 VDC (Typical  $V_{DD}$  = 3.3 VDC)
- Using TX/RX Split Antenna reference design or production test schematic
- All RF input and output levels referred to the pins of the TD1207R/08R module

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# **Electrical Specifications**

### 2.1 ESD Notice

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TD1207R/08R modules are ESD sensitive devices, appropriate precautions should be taken during TD1207R/08R assembly in the final product. Mechanical impact and harsh tools must be avoided during TD1207R/08R assembly in the final product.

### 2.2 Absolute Maximum Rating

Stresses beyond those listed below may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at or beyond these ratings in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Power Amplifier may be damaged if switched on without proper load or termination connected. TX matching network design will influence TX VRF-peak on RF pin. Caution: ESD sensitive device.

#### Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Voltage	0	3.6	V
VIRF peak	Instantaneous RF Peak	-0.3	8	V
VSRF peak	Sustained RF Peak	-0.3	6.5	V
V <sub>DIN</sub>	Voltage on Digital Inputs	0	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
VAIN	Voltage on Analog Inputs	0	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
PIN_ISM	RX Input Power	-	+10	dBm
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Ambient Temperature Range	-30	+75	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-40	+125	°C
TSOL	Maximum soldering Temperature	-	260	°C

### 2.3 DC Power characteristics

### Table 4. DC Power Supply Characteristics<sup>1</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Voltage Range <sup>2</sup>		2.3	3.3	3.6	V
Sleep	Power Saving Mode <sup>2</sup>	Sleep current using the 32 kHz crystal	1.5	1.8	3.5	μA
Active	Active CPU Mode	CPU performing active loop @ 14 MHz	2.55	3.0	3.45	mA
I <sub>RX</sub>	Active CPU Mode + RX Mode Current <sup>2</sup>		-	13	16	mA
ITX_+16		+16 dBm output power, 868 MHz	-	50	-	mA
I <sub>TX_+14</sub>	Active CPU Mode + TX Mode Current <sup>2</sup>	+14 dBm output power, 868 MHz	-	41	-	mA
I <sub>TX_+10</sub>		+10 dBm output power, 868 MHz	-	32	-	mA

Notes:

1. All specifications guaranteed by production test unless otherwise noted. Production test conditions and max limits are listed in the "Production Test Conditions:" section in "1.6 Definition of Test Conditions" on page 8.

2. Guaranteed by gualification. Qualification test conditions are listed in the "Qualification Test Conditions:" section in "1.6 Definition of Test Conditions" on page 8.



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**TD1207R/08R** 

### 2.4 **RF Power characteristics**

#### 2.4.1 Transmitter RF Characteristics

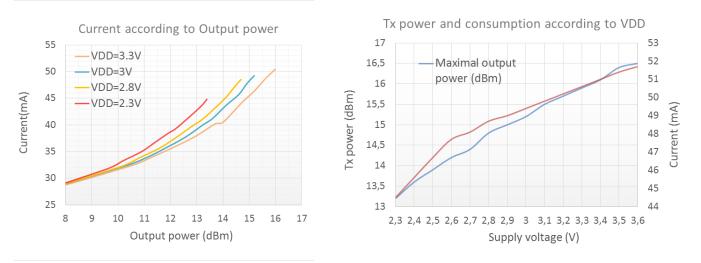
The table below give TX RF performance of TD1207R/08R. It is the responsibility of the user to respect ETSI standard requirement, especially about maximum authorized radiated output power.

Table 5. Transmitter RF Characteristics <sup>1</sup>
--

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Fτx	TX Frequency Range <sup>2</sup>		868.0	-	869.7	MHz
$\Delta f$	Modulation Deviation Range <sup>3</sup>	868.0-869.7 MHz	-	1.5	-	MHz
F <sub>RES</sub>	Modulation Deviation Resolution <sup>3</sup>	868.0-869.7 MHz	-	24.8	-	Hz
Ferr	Frequency Error <sup>2</sup>	868.0-869.7 MHz, -20°C 868.0-869.7 MHz, 25°C 868.0-869.7 MHz, 55°C	-3 -2 -3	- - -	+3 +2 +3	kHz
Ртх	Maximum Conducted power			16.5 15.9 15.2 14.8 13.2		dBm
Ртр	Transient Power <sup>2</sup>	868.0-869.7 MHz, 25°C, BR=4.8kbps, FD=2.5kHz, cable loss 0.2 dB, antenna gain 2 dBi	-	-	3	dBm
P <sub>ACP</sub>	Adjacent Channel Rejection <sup>2</sup>	BR=4.8kbps, FD=2.5kHz, 2dBi Offset=+/-25kHz	-	-57	-	dB
P <sub>OB_TX</sub>	Spurious Emissions <sup>2</sup>	868.0-869.7 MHz, 25°C, BR 4.8kbps, dev 2.5kHz, 2dBi <30MHz <1GHz >1GHz	- -	-80 -70 -42	- -	dBm

#### Notes:

- All specifications guaranteed by production test unless otherwise noted. Production test conditions and max limits are listed in the "Production Test Conditions:" section in "1.6 Definition of Test Conditions" on page 8.
  Guaranteed by gualification. Qualification test conditions are listed in the "Qualification Test Conditions:" section
- in "1.6 Definition of Test Conditions" on page 8.
- 3. Guaranteed by component specification.



#### Figure 4. TD1207R/08R Tx performances



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### 2.4.2 Receiver RF Characteristics

Table 6.	Receiver	RF Ch	naracteristics <sup>1</sup>
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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
F <sub>RX</sub>	RX Frequency Range <sup>2</sup>		868.0	-	869.7	MHz
F <sub>RES</sub>	Synthesizer Frequency Resolution <sup>3</sup>	868.0-869.7 MHz	-	24.8	-	Hz
BI	Blocking <sup>2,4</sup>	Offset=+/-2MHz Offset=+/-10MHz	-	67 79	-	dB
P <sub>OB_RX</sub>	Spurious Emissions <sup>2</sup>	From 9 kHz to 1 GHz From 1 GHz to 6 GHz	-	-84 -70	-	dBm
P <sub>RX</sub>	GFSK RX Sensitivity <sup>3</sup> BER<0.1%, BT=0.5	FDA=0.25 kHz, BR=0.5 kbps FDA=9.6 kHz, BR=2.4 kbps FDA=20 kHz, BR=40 kbps FDA=50 kHz, BR=100 kbps FDA=62.5 kHz, BR=125 kbps FDA=250 kHz, BR=500 kbps FDA=1.25 kHz, BR=1 Mbps	-	-126 -110 -110 -106 -105 -97 -88	-	dBm
Prx_ook	OOK RX Sensitivity <sup>3</sup> BER<0.1%, BT=0.5, PN15 data	BW=350kHz, BR=4.8kbps BW=350kHz, BR=40kbps BW=350kHz, BR=120kbps	-	-109 -104 -99	-	dBm
RESRSSI	RSSI Resolution <sup>3</sup>		-0.5	-	+0.5	dB

Notes:

1. All specifications guaranteed by production test unless otherwise noted. Production test conditions and max limits are listed in the "Production Test Conditions:" section in "1.6 Definition of Test Conditions" on page 8.

- 2. Guaranteed by qualification. Qualification test conditions are listed in the "Qualification Test Conditions:" section in "1.6 Definition of Test Conditions" on page 8.
- 3. Guaranteed by component specification.
- 4. The typical blocking values were obtained while seeking for EN 300-220 Category 2 compliance only. The typical value specified in the component datasheet are -75 dB and -84 dB at 1 and 8 MHz respectively, with desired reference signal 3 dB above sensitivity, BER = 0.1%, interferer is CW, and desired is modulated with 2.4 kbps,  $\Delta F = 1.2$  kHz GFSK with BT = 0.5, RX channel BW = 4.8 kHz. The RF component manufacturer provides a reference design featuring a SAW filter which is EN 300-220 Category 1 compliant. Please contact Telecom Design for more information on EN 300-220 Category 1 compliance.



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### 2.5 Digital characteristics

### Table 7. All Digital I/O DC & AC Characteristics<sup>1</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VIOIL	Input Low Voltage <sup>2</sup>		-	-	0.3V <sub>DD</sub>	V
VIOIH	Input High Voltage <sup>2</sup>		0.7V <sub>DD</sub>	-	-	V
VIOOH	Output High Voltage <sup>2</sup> VDD=3.0V	6 mA, Std Drive Strength 20 mA, High Drive Strength	0.95V <sub>DD</sub> 0.9V <sub>DD</sub>	-	-	V
VIOOL	Output Low Voltage <sup>2</sup> VDD=3.0V	6 mA, Std Drive Strength 20 mA, High Drive Strength	-	-	0.05V <sub>DD</sub> 0.1V <sub>DD</sub>	V
IIOLEAK	Input Leakage Current <sup>2</sup>	High Impedance I/O connected to GND or VDD	-25	-	+25	nA
R <sub>PU</sub>	I/O Pin Pull-Up Resistor <sup>2</sup>		-	40	-	kΩ
Rpd	I/O Pin Pull-Down Resistor <sup>2</sup>		-	40	-	kΩ
RIOESD	Internal ESD Series Resistor <sup>2</sup>		-	200	-	Ω
tioglitch	Pulse Width of Pulses to be Removed by the Glitch Suppression Filter <sup>2</sup>		10	-	50	ns
tioof	Output Fall Time <sup>2</sup>	0.5 mA / $C_L$ = 12.5 to 25 pF 2 mA / $C_L$ = 350 to 600 pF	20+0.1C∟ 20+0.1C∟	-	250 250	ns
VIOHYST	I/O Pin Hysteresis (VIOTHR+ - VIOTHR-) <sup>2</sup>	$V_{DD}$ = 2.3 to 3.3 V	$0.1V_{DD}$	-	-	V

#### Notes:

- 1. All specifications guaranteed by production test unless otherwise noted. Production test conditions and max limits are listed in the "Production Test Conditions:" section in "1.6 Definition of Test Conditions" on page 8.
- 2. Guaranteed by component specification.



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### 2.6.1 ADC Characteristics

#### Table 8. ADC DC & AC Characteristics<sup>1</sup>

2.6 ADC and DAC characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
	Input Voltage Range <sup>2</sup>	Single Ended mode Differential mode	0 -V <sub>REF</sub> /2	-	V <sub>REF</sub> V <sub>REF</sub> /2	V
VADCCMIN	Common Mode Input Range <sup>2</sup>		0	-	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
	Input Current <sup>2</sup>	2 pF Sampling Capacitors	-	100	-	nA
	Analog Input CMRR <sup>2</sup>		-	65	-	dB
IADC	Average Active Current <sup>2</sup>	10ksps/s, 12 bit, Internal 1.25V ref Warmup Mode = 0 Warmup Mode = 1 Warmup Mode = 2	- - -	67 63 64	- - -	μA
IADCREF	Current Consumption of Internal Voltage Reference <sup>2</sup>		-	65	-	μA
CADCIN	Input Capacitance <sup>2</sup>		-	2	-	pF
RADCIN	Input ON Resistance <sup>2</sup>		1	-	-	MΩ
RADCFILT	Input RC Filter Resistance <sup>2</sup>		-	10	-	kΩ
CADCFILT	Input RC Filter/Decoupling Capacitance <sup>2</sup>		-	250	-	fF
fadcclk	ADC Clock Frequency <sup>2</sup>		-	-	13	MHz
t <sub>ADCCONV</sub>	Conversion Time <sup>2</sup>	6 bit 10 bit 12 bit	7 11 13	- - -	- - -	ADC CLK Cycles
tadcacq	Acquisition Time <sup>2</sup>	Programmable	1	-	256	ADC CLK Cycles
tadcacqvdd3	Required Acquisition Time for V <sub>DD</sub> /3 Reference <sup>2</sup>		2	-	-	μs
tadcstart	Startup Time of Reference Generator and ADC Core	NORMAL Mode <sup>2</sup> KEEPADCWARM Mode <sup>2</sup>	-	5 1	-	μs
VADCOFFSET	Offset Voltage after calibration <sup>2</sup>	single ended mode differential mode	-	0.3 0.3	- -	mV
TGRADADCTH	Thermometer Output Gradient <sup>2</sup>	In mV/°C unit In ADC Codes/ °C unit	-	-1.92 -6.3	-	mV/°C C/°C
DNLADC	Differential Non-Linearity (DNL) <sup>2</sup>		-0.7		+0.7	LSB
INLADC	Integral Non-Linearity (INL) <sup>2</sup>	End Point Method	-1.2		+0.2	LSB
MC <sub>ADC</sub>	No Missing Codes <sup>2</sup>		11.999 <sup>3</sup>	12	-	bits
GAIN <sub>ED</sub>	Gain Error Drift <sup>2</sup>	1.25V Reference 2.25V Reference	-	0.01 <sup>4</sup> 0.01 <sup>4</sup>	0.033 <sup>5</sup> 0.03 <sup>5</sup>	%/°C
		1.25V Reference 2.25V Reference	0.07 <sup>5</sup> -	0.2 <sup>4</sup> 0.2 <sup>4</sup>	- 0.62 <sup>5</sup>	LSB/°C

#### Notes:

1. All specifications guaranteed by production test unless otherwise noted. Production test conditions and max limits are listed in the "Production Test Conditions:" section in "1.6 Definition of Test Conditions" on page 8.

2. Guaranteed by component specification.

3. On the average every ADC will have one missing code, most likely to appear around 2048 +/- n\*512 where n can be a value in the set {-3, -2, -1, 1, 2, 3}. There will be no missing code around 2048, and in spite of the June 2016 - Rev 1.2 rfmodules.td-next.com Page 13



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missing code the ADC will be monotonic at all times so that a response to a slowly increasing input will always be a slowly increasing output. Around the one code that is missing, the neighbor codes will look wider in the DNL plot. The spectra will show spurs on the level of -78dBc for a full scale input for chips that have the missing code issue.

- 4. Typical numbers given by abs(Mean) / (85 25).
- 5. Max number given by (abs(Mean) + 3x stddev) / (85 25).

#### 2.6.2 DAC Characteristics

#### Table 9. DAC DC & AC Characteristics<sup>1</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Vdacout	Output Voltage Range <sup>2</sup>	V <sub>DD</sub> voltage reference, Single Ended	0	-	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
VDACCM	Output Common Mode Voltage Range <sup>2</sup>		0	-	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Idac	Active Current Including References for 2 Channels <sup>2</sup>	500 ksps/s 12 bit 500 ksps/s 12 bit 100 ksps/s 12 bit NORMAL		400 200 38		μΑ
SRDAC	Sample Rate <sup>2</sup>		-	-	500	ksps
fdac	DAC Clock Frequency <sup>2</sup>	Continuous Mode Sample/Hold Mode Sample/Off Mode			1000 250 250	kHz
CYCDACCONV	Clock Cycles per Conversion <sup>2</sup>		-	2	-	DAC CLK Cycles
<b>t</b> DACCONV	Conversion Time <sup>2</sup>		2	-	-	μs
<b>t</b> DACSETTLE	Settling Time <sup>2</sup>		-	5	-	μs
SNR <sub>DAC</sub>	Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR) <sup>2</sup>	500 ksps, 12 bit, single ended internal 1.25V reference internal 2.5V reference	-	58 59	-	dB
	Signal to Noise-Pulse Distortion Ratio (SNDR) <sup>2</sup>	500 ksps, 12 bit, single ended internal 1.25V reference internal 2.5V reference	-	57 54	-	dB
SFDR <sub>DAC</sub>	Spurious-Free Dynamic Range(SFDR) <sup>2</sup>	500 ksps, 12 bit, single ended internal 1.25V reference internal 2.5V reference	-	62 56	-	dB
VDACOFFSET	Offset Voltage after calibration <sup>2</sup>	single ended mode	-	2	-	mV
DNLDAC	Differential Non-Linearity <sup>2</sup>		-1	-	+1	LSB
INLDAC	Integral Non-Linearity <sup>2</sup>		-5	-	5	LSB
MCDAC	No Missing Codes <sup>2</sup>		-	12	-	bits

#### Notes:

- 1. All specifications guaranteed by production test unless otherwise noted. Production test conditions and max limits are listed in the "Production Test Conditions:" section in "1.6 Definition of Test Conditions" on page 8.
- 2. Guaranteed by component specification.

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### **3** Functional Description

The TD1207R/08R devices are high-performance, low-current, wireless SIGFOX<sup>TM</sup> gateways. The wide operating voltage range of 2.3–3.3 V and low current consumption make the TD1207R/08R an ideal solution for battery powered applications. The TD1207R/08R operates as a time division duplexing (TDD) transceiver where the device alternately transmits and receives data packets. The device uses a single-conversion mixer to downconvert the 2-level FSK/GFSK or OOK/ASK modulated receive signal to a low IF frequency. Following a programmable gain amplifier (PGA) the signal is converted to the digital domain by a high performance  $\Delta\Sigma$  ADC allowing filtering, demodulation, slicing, and packet handling to be performed in the built-in DSP increasing the receiver's performance and flexibility versus analog based architectures. The demodulated signal is output to the baseband CPU by reading the 64-byte RX FIFO.

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A single high precision local oscillator (LO) is used for both transmit and receive modes since the transmitter and receiver do not operate at the same time. The LO is generated by an integrated VCO and  $\Delta\Sigma$  Fractional-N PLL synthesizer. The synthesizer is designed to support configurable data rates from 0.123 kbps to 1 Mbps. The TD1207R/08R operates in the frequency bands of 868.0–869.7 MHz with a maximum frequency accuracy step size of 28.6 Hz. The transmit FSK data is modulated directly into the  $\Delta\Sigma$  data stream and can be shaped by a Gaussian low-pass filter to reduce unwanted spectral content.

The power amplifier (PA) supports output power up to +14 dBm with very high efficiency, consuming only 37 mA at +10 dBm. The integrated power amplifier can also be used to compensate for the reduced performance of a lower cost, lower performance antenna or antenna with size constraints due to a small form-factor. The PA is single-ended to allow for easy antenna matching and low BOM cost. The PA incorporates automatic ramp-up and ramp-down control to reduce unwanted spectral spreading. A highly configurable packet handler allows for autonomous encoding/decoding of nearly any packet structure.

As both the local Narrow Band ISM network and the long-distance Ultra Narrow Band SIGFOX<sup>™</sup> network can be addressed seamlessly, the TD1207R/08R device provides a natural gateway function at no additional cost. Thus, the same TD1207R/08R module can be used both for local RF communication with peer modules, and also connect to the wide-area SIGFOX<sup>™</sup> RF network.

The broad range of analog and digital interfaces available in the TD1207R/08R module allows any application to interconnect easily to the SIGFOX<sup>™</sup> network. The LVTTL low-energy UART, the I<sup>2</sup>C bus, the multiple timers with pulse count input / PWM output capabilities, the high-resolution/high-speed ADC and DAC, along with the numerous GPIOs can control any kind of external sensors or activators. Featuring an AES encryption engine and a DMA controller, the powerful 32-bit ARM Cortex-M3 baseband processor can implement highly complex and secure protocols in an efficient environmental and very low consumption way. This unique combination of a powerful 32-bit ARM Cortex-M3 CPU including innovative low energy techniques, short wake-up time from energy saving modes, and a wide selection of intelligent peripherals allows any application to connect to the SIGFOX<sup>™</sup> network.

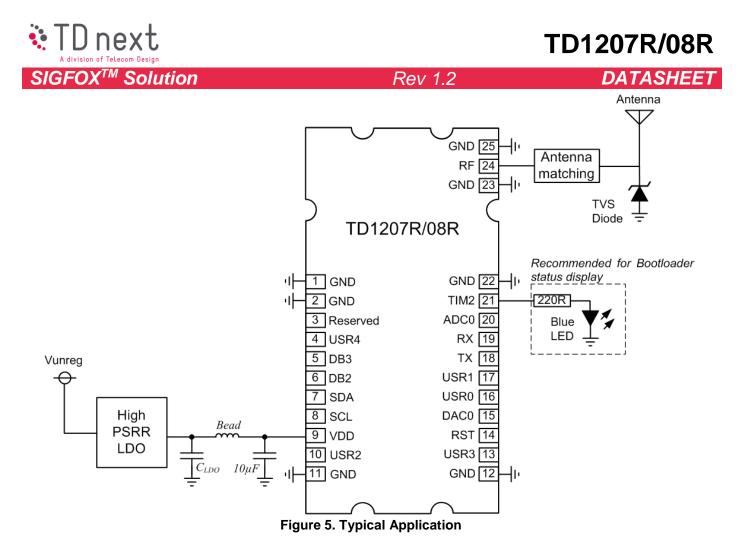
The application shown in Figure 5 shows the minimum interconnection required to operate the TD1207R/08R module.

Basically, only the 5 GND, 2 RF\_GND, V<sub>DD</sub>, TX, RX and RF antenna pin connections are necessary. The RST (reset) pin connection is not mandatory and this pin can be left floating if not used.

A 10  $\mu$ F/6.3V decoupling capacitor must be added as close as possible to the V<sub>DD</sub> pin. The TX/RX pins are LVTTL-compatible and feature internal pull-up resistors.

A 50  $\Omega$  matched RF antenna must be connected to the RF pin, with a low-capacitance (< 0.5 pF) TVS diode to protect the RF input from ESD transients.

The connection of a super-blue LED with series current-limiting resistor of 220  $\Omega$  on pin TIM2 is recommended in order to display the bootloader status at boot time.



### Note:

The TVS diode used for protecting the RF input against ESD must be of low-capacitance (0.5 pF typical) type, e.g. ESD9R3.3ST5G (On Semiconductor), for example.

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### 4 Module Interface

### 4.1 Low-Power UART (Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter)

The TD1207R/08R communicates with the host MCU over a standard asynchronous serial interface consisting of only 2 pins: TX and RX. The TX pin is used to send data from the TD1207R/08R module to the host MCU, and the RX pin is used to receive data into the TD1207R/08R module coming from the host MCU.

This interface allows two-way UART communication to be performed in low energy modes, using only a few µA during active communication and only 150 nA when waiting for incoming data.

This serial interface is designed to operate using the following serial protocol parameters:

- LVTTL electrical level
- 9600 bps
- 8 data bits
- 1 stop bit
- No parity
- No hardware/software flow control

This interface operates using LVTTL signal levels to satisfy the common interface to a low power host MCU. If an EIA RS232-compliant interface voltage level is required, an RS232 level translator circuit must be used. It is also possible to use a common USB/UART interface chip to connect to an USB bus.

Over this serial interface, the TD1207R/08R device provides a standard Hayes "AT" command set used to control the module using ASCII readable commands and get answers, as well as to send or receive data.

The list of available commands with their corresponding arguments and return values, a description of their operation and some examples are detailed into the "*TD1207R/08R Reference Manual*".

### 4.2 I<sup>2</sup>C bus

As a convenience, the TD1207R/08R module is equipped with a popular I<sup>2</sup>C serial bus controller that enables communication with a number of external devices using only two I/O pins: SCL and SDA. The SCL pin is used to interface with the I<sup>2</sup>C clock signal, and the SDA pin to the I<sup>2</sup>C data signal, respectively. When not used for I2C bus, these 2 pins can be configured to perform other functions using "AT" configuration commands, please refer to the "*TD1207R/08R Reference Manual*" for details.

The TD1207R/08R module is capable of acting as both a master and a slave, and supports multi-master buses. Both standard-mode (Sm), fast-mode (Fm) and fast-mode plus (Fm+) speeds are supported, allowing transmission rates all the way from 10 kbit/s up to 1 Mbit/s. Slave arbitration and timeouts are also provided to allow implementation of an SMBus compliant system. Both 7-bit and 10-bit addresses are supported, along with extensive error handling capabilities (clock low/high timeouts, arbitration lost, bus error detection).

The operation of this interface is controlled by the mean of Hayes "AT" commands sent over the UART interface. To obtain a list of the available commands with their corresponding arguments and return values, a description of their operation and some examples, please refer to the "*TD1207R/08R Reference Manual*".

### 4.3 Timer/Counter

The TD1207R/08R provides an interface to an integrated timer/counter using the TIM2 pin. This pin can be configured as either a capture input or a compare/PWM output to the 16-bit internal timer/counter. When not used for timer/counter operation, this pin can be configured to perform other functions using "AT" configuration commands, please refer to the "TD1207R/08R Reference Manual" for details.

The timer consists in a counter that can be configured to up-count, down-count, up/down-count (continuous or one-shot).





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The timer also contains 2 output channels, that can be configured as either an output compare or single/double slope PWM (Pulse-Width Modulation) outputs routed to the TIM2 pin.

The operation of this interface is controlled by the mean of Hayes "AT" commands sent over the UART interface. To obtain a list of the available commands with their corresponding arguments and return values, a description of their operation and some examples, please refer to the "*TD1207R/08R Reference Manual*".

### 4.4 ADC (Analog to Digital Converter)

The TD1207R/08R provides an interface to an integrated low-power SAR (Successive Approximation Register) ADC, capable of a resolution of up to 12 bits at up to 1 Msps or 6 bits at up to 1.86 Msps. The ADC0 pin provides the external interface to the ADC. When not used for ADC operation, this pin can be configured to perform other functions using "AT" configuration commands, please refer to the "*TD1207R/08R Reference Manual*" for details.

Along with the ADC0 analog input channel, the ADC also provides an internal temperature, VDD, and GND input channel that may be used to get a digital representation of analog temperature or voltage values. It is also possible to loopback the analog output of the integrated DAC (see section 4.5, "DAC (Digital to Analog Converter)").

The internal ADC provides an optional input filter consisting of an internal low-pass RC filter or simple internal decoupling capacitor. The resistance and capacitance values are given in the electrical characteristics for the device, named RADCFILT and CADCFILT respectively.

The reference voltage used by the ADC can be selected from several sources, including a 1.25 V internal bandgap, a 2.5 V internal bandgap, V<sub>DD</sub>, a 5 V internal differential bandgap or unbuffered 2V<sub>DD</sub>.

Additionally, to achieve higher accuracy, hardware oversampling can be enabled. With oversampling, each selected input is sampled a number of times, and the results are filtered by a first order accumulate and dump filter to form the end result. Using 16x oversampling minimum, it is thus possible to achieve result resolution of upt to 16 bits.

The operation of this interface is controlled by the mean of Hayes "AT" commands sent over the UART interface. To obtain a list of the available commands with their corresponding arguments and return values, a description of their operation and some examples, please refer to the "TD1207R/08R Reference Manual".

### 4.5 DAC (Digital to Analog Converter)

The TD1207R/08R provides an interface to an integrated DAC that can convert a digital value to a fully rail-to-rail analog output voltage with 12-bit resolution at up to 500 ksps. The DAC may be used for a number of different applications such as sensor interfaces or sound output. The analog DAC output is routed to the DAC0 pin. When not used for ADC operation, this pin can be configured to perform other functions using "AT" configuration commands, please refer to the "TD1207R/08R Reference Manual" for details.

The reference voltage used by the DAC can be selected from several sources, including a 1.25 V internal bandgap, a 2.5 V internal bandgap, or  $V_{DD}$ .

The internal DAC provides support for offset and gain calibration, and contains an automatic sine generation mode as well as a loopback output to the ADC (see section 4.4, "ADC (Analog to Digital Converter)").

### 4.6 GPIO (General Purpose Input/Output)

Apart from the TX and RX UART pins, and the RF pins, all signal pins are available as general-purpose inputs/outputs. This includes of course the generic USR0, USR1, USR2, US3 and USR4 pins, but also the ADC0, TIM2, DAC0, SCL, SDA, DB2, DB3 pins when not used for their main function. This configuration can be performed using "AT" commands, please refer to the "TD1207R/08R Reference Manual" for details.

All the USR0, USR1, USR2, USR3, USR4, ADC0, TIM2, DAC0, SCL, SDA, DB2, DB3 pins can be configured individually as tristate (default reset state), push-pull, open-drain, with/without pull-up or pull-down resistor, and with a programmable drive strength (0.5 mA/2 mA/6 mA/20 mA).

When configured as inputs, these pins feature an optional glitch suppression filter and full (rising, falling or both edges) interrupt with wake-up from low-power mode capabilities. Of course, the pin configuration is retained even when using these low-power modes.

The operation of the GPIOs is controlled by the mean of Hayes "AT" commands sent over the UART interface. To obtain a list of the available commands with their corresponding arguments and return values, a description of their operation and some examples, please refer to the "TD1207R/08R Reference Manual".



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### 4.7 RST (Reset)

The TD1207R/08R module features an active-low RST pin. This pin is held high by an internal pull-up resistor, so when not used, this pin can be left floating.

### 4.8 Debug

The TD1207R/08R module devices include hardware debug support through a 2-pin serial-wire debug interface. The 2 pins DB2 and DB3 are used for this purpose. The DB2 pin is the ARM Cortex-M3's SWDIO Serial Wire data Input/Output. This pin is enabled after a reset and has a built in pull-up. The DB3 pin is the ARM Cortex-M3's SWCLK Serial Wire Clock input. This pin is enabled after reset and has a built-in pull down. When not used for debug operation, these 2 pins can be configured to perform other functions using "AT" configuration commands, please refer to the "TD1207R/08R Reference Manual" for details.

Although the ARM Cortex-M3 supports advanced debugging features, the TD1207R/08R devices only use two port pins for debugging or programming. The systems internal and external state can be examined with debug extensions supporting instruction or data access break- and watch points.

For more information on how to enable the debug pin outputs/inputs the reader is referred to Section 28.3.4.1 (p. 457), the ARM Cortex-M3 Technical Reference Manual and the ARM CoreSight<sup>™</sup> Technical Reference Manual.

### 4.9 RF Antenna

The TD1207R/08R supports a single-ended RF pin with 50  $\Omega$  characteristic impedance for connecting a matchedimpedance external antenna. This pin is physically surrounded by 2 RF GND pins for better noise immunity.

### 4.10 VDD & GND

The TD1207R/08R provides 5 GND pins and 2 RF\_GND pins: all of them must be connected to a good ground plane. A 10  $\mu$ F/6.3 V decoupling capacitor should be placed as closed as possible to the single VDD pin.

### 5 Bootloader

The TD1207R/08R module contains an integrated bootloader which allows reflashing the module firmware either over the RX/TX UART connection, or over the air using the built-in RF transceiver.

The bootloader is automatically activated upon module reset. Once activated, the bootloader will monitor the UART/RF activity for a 200 ms period, and detect an incoming update condition.

If the update condition is met, the TD1207R/08R will automatically proceed to flash the new firmware with safe retry mechanisms, or falls back to normal operation.

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#### Package outline 6

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Figure 6 illustrates the package details for the TD1207R/08R. All dimensions are shown in millimeters (mm).

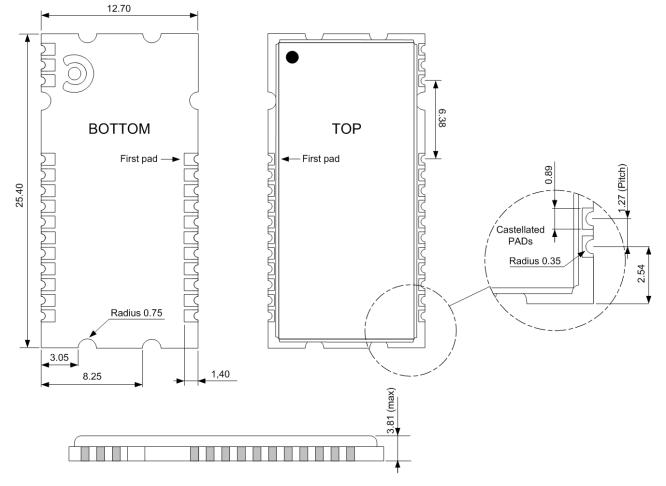


Figure 6. 25-Pin Land Grid Array (LGA)

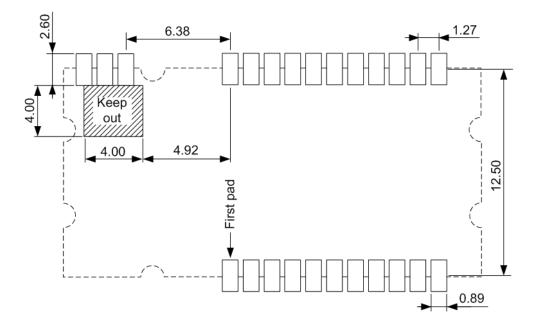


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7 Recommended PCB Land Pattern



#### Notes:

### Figure 7. Recommended Land Pattern

- 1. All dimensions are shown in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.
- 2. This land pattern is for reference purpose only. Consult your manufacturing group to ensure your company's manufacturing guidelines are met

### 8 Ordering Information

Part number	Description	Package Type	Operating Temperature
TD1207R	ISM SIGFOX™ gateway 128K Flash / 16KRAM TCXO	LGA25 Pb-free	-30° to +75°C
TD1208R- C128	ISM SIGFOX™ gateway 128K Flash / 16KRAM TCXO	LGA25 Pb-free	-30° to +75°C

The TD1207R/08R ISM SIGFOX<sup>™</sup> gateway module is available in several conditionings. Please contact TDnext for more information.



### 9.1 Solder Stencil

The TD1207R/08R module is designed for RoHS reflow process surface mounting.

For proper module assembly, the solder paste must be applied on the receiving PCB using a metallic stencil with a recommended 0.150 µm thickness <sup>(1)</sup>.

### 9.2 Reflow soldering profile

The recommendation for lead-free solder reflow from IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D Standard should be followed. For more information on reflow soldering process profiling, please visit the <u>http://kicthermal.com/</u> website.

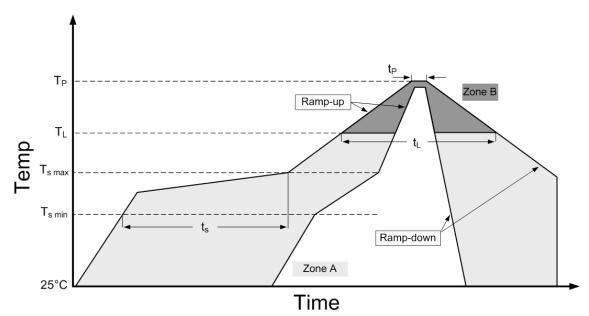


Figure 8. Recommended reflow soldering profile

#### Table 10. Reflow soldering profile characteristics<sup>1</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Ramp-up	Reflow Ramp-up		-	-	3	°C/sec
Ramp-down	Reflow Ramp-down		-	-	6	°C/sec
Ts	Pre-Heating temperature	Solid phase of solder paste	125	-	200	°C
ts	Pre-Heating time	Solid phase of solder paste	60	-	180	sec
TL <sup>(2)</sup>	Phase temperature	Liquid phase temperature transition	-	217	-	°C
t∟	Reflow time	Liquid phase of solder paste	60	-	150	sec
Tp	Peak temperature		-	-	255	°C
tp	Peak temperature time	Close to T <sub>p</sub> Upper at 225°C	20 60	-	40 90	°C

#### Notes:

- 1. This reflow soldering profile is for reference purpose only because it is strongly dependent of process used. Consult your manufacturing group to ensure your company's manufacturing guidelines are met
- 2. Liquid phase temperature of S<sub>n</sub>A<sub>g</sub>C<sub>u</sub> solder paste

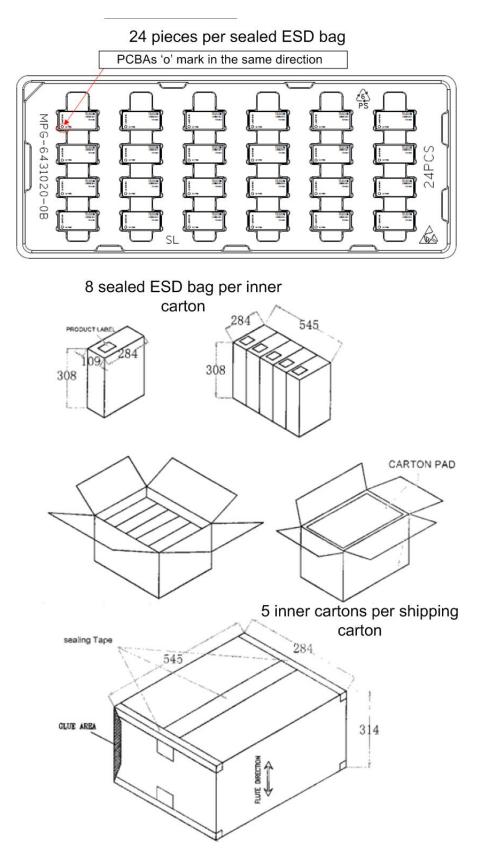


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### 10 Shipping packaging



### DOCUMENT CHANGE LIST

### **Revision 1.0**

TD1208R datasheet

### **Revision 1.1**

■ TD1207R reference added

### **Revision 1.2**

■ Figure 5 updated

### TD1207R/08R

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