

Digital Natives und Digital Immigrants – Entwicklung eines Modells digitaler Gewandtheit

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Anhang (online verfügbar unter <http://www.wirtschaftsinformatik.de>)

Anhang I: Inklusionskriterien

Nr.	Kriterium	Begründung
1	Theoretical papers	They provide working assumptions and insights for future research directions.
2	Quantitative and qualitative empirical studies	They provide empirical evidence.
3	Education sector	The “digital natives” idea originated and has been well explored in the education field.
4	Information Systems and science sectors	These two areas are closely related to digital fluency. Note: articles from other fields may be included if the article is very relevant. For example, the marketing sector would be interested in how people with different digital fluency levels react to marketing campaigns.
5	All countries	This allows a cross-country comparison.
6	All contexts (teaching institution or firms)	Ensures that all contexts are considered, not just in teaching institutions.

Anhang II: Exklusionskriterien

Nr.	Kriterium	Begründung
1	Pre-1999	Tapscott coined the term “net generation” in 1998 whereas Prensky defined “digital natives” in 2001.
2	Non peer-reviewed articles	Ensure the articles’ source and validity.
3	Exclude subject fields that are not related to the topic.	Words such as “natives”, “immigrants” and “literacy” sometimes lead to results that are not related to the topic.
4	Digital library research	This is not related to digital fluency
5	Competence in other areas with digital aided training	This is not related to digital fluency