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# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### SUPPLEMENTARY DATA ANALYSIS

#### Analysis of PTENP1 genomic status

We examined alterations of the PTENP1 genomic locus. Array-based comparative genomic hybridization (aCGH) databases from The Cancer Workbench (https://cgwb.nci.nih.gov/cgi-bin/heatmap) indicated that the PTENP1 locus undergoes copy number (CN) losses in a subset of tumors. For instance, in the TARGET Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL) project (St. Jude/NCI), *PTENP1* is lost in approximately 20% of ALL patient samples (Supplementary Fig. 9a). In these tumors PTENP1 loss is commonly, but not always part of larger losses of the 9p arm. This observation corroborates previous reports in different tumor types, *PTENP1* has been shown to undergo LOH (detected as loss of the microsatellite marker D9S1878)<sup>[1-3]</sup>. Importantly, concomitant loss of CDKN2A with PTENP1, as observed in large losses of 9p, may provide an additional advantage over specific loss of only CDKN2A, because PTEN expression would be consequently decreased.

Furthermore, we mined various databases available through NCBI GEO (http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/) for changes in *PTENP1* genomic status. In a study of 118 breast cancer and 44 normal samples, 11/118 (9.3%) demonstrated significant deletion of a region overlapping with *PTENP1* (chr 9:33592959-33692166) and 11 independent breast cancer samples had significant deletion on chromosome 10 region overlapping with *PTEN* (chr10:89499031-89747774; **Table 1**). The magnitude of deletion was similar for *PTEN* and *PTENP1* with 1.48 and 1.4 copies, respectively compared to normal copy number 2. Upon closer analysis of 9p in the 11 cases of *PTENP1* CN losses, it is apparent that *PTENP1* loses can occur independently of *CDKN2A* loss (**Supplementary Fig. 9b**). However, only 1/11 cases demonstrated a statistically significant loss of the *PTENP1* region only (**Supplementary Fig. 9b, bottom panel**). These findings indicate that both *PTEN* and *PTENP1* copy number losses occur in breast cancer.

- 1. Herbst, R.A., et al., *PTEN and MXI1 allelic loss on chromosome 10q is rare in melanoma in vivo*. Arch Dermatol Res, 1999. **291**(10): p. 567-9.
- 2. Perinchery, G., et al., *High frequency of deletion on chromosome 9p21 may harbor several tumor-suppressor genes in human prostate cancer.* Int J Cancer, 1999. **83**(5): p. 610-4.
- 3. Marsit, C.J., et al., *Alterations of 9p in squamous cell carcinoma and adenocarcinoma of the lung: association with smoking, TP53, and survival.* Cancer Genet Cytogenet, 2005. **162**(2): p. 115-21.

P TE N P TE NP 1	2189 2309	OPEN READING FRAME 3'UTR
P TE N P TE NP 1	2 2 6 9 2 3 8 9	miR-26 A C A C C A TG A A A TA A A C TTG A A TA A A C TG A A A A <mark>T</mark> G G A C C TT TT TT TT TT TA A TG G C A A TA G G A C A T TG TG TC A G A T TA C C A C A C C A TG A A A A <mark>C TA A A C TTG A A TA A C TG A A A A G</mark> G G A C C TT TT TT TT TT T <mark>T - A</mark> A TG G C A A TA G G A C A T TG TG TC A G A T TA C C
P TE N P TE NP 1	2 3 4 9 2 4 6 7	A G TTA T A G <mark>C</mark> A A C A A T T C T C T T T T C <mark>C</mark> T G A C C A A T C T T G T T T T A C C C T A T A C A T C C A C A
P TE N P TE NP 1	2429 2547	T TGAAAAAAAGG TTG TG TAGC TG TG TC A TG TA TA TA C C TTTT TG TG TC AAAAA GGA C A TTTAA AA TTC AA TTA GGA TTAATA T TGAAAAAAAGG T TG TG TAGC TG TG TC A TG TA TA TA C C TTTT TG TG TC AAAAA GGA C A TTTAA AA TTC AA TTA GGA TTAATA miR-17
P TE N P TE NP 1	2509 2627	A AGATG G C A C T TT TC C C G TT TT A TT C C A G TT TT A TA A A A A G T G G A G A C A G A C T G A T G T G T A TA C G T A G G A A T TT TT T C C TT A A G A T G G C A C T T T C C C A TT TT A TT C C A G TT T A TA A A A A G T G G A G A C A G A C T G G T G T G T A miR-19
P TE N P TE NP 1	2589 2787	T T G T G T T C T G T C A C C A A C T G A A G T G G C T A A A G A G C T T T G T G A T A A C T G G T T C A C A T C C C C T T T G C A C T T G T G G C A T T G T G T T C T G T C A C C A A C T G A A G T G G C T A A A G A G C T T T G T G A T A T A C T G G T T C A C A T C A miR-21
P TE N P TE NP 1	2669 2787	A CAGATAAGTTTGCAG TT <mark>G</mark> GC TAAGAGA <mark>G</mark> GTTTC <mark>C</mark> G AAGGG TTTTG CT <mark>A</mark> CA TTC TAATGCA TGTATT <mark>C</mark> GGG TTAGGGGAA A CAGATAAG TT TGCAG TT <mark>A</mark> GC TAAGAGA <u>A</u> GT TTC <mark>T</mark> G AAGGG TTTTG C T <mark>G</mark> CA TTC T – TGCA TG TAT T <mark>T</mark> GGG TTAGG GGAA
P TE N P TE NP 1	2749 2865	T G G A G G G A A T G C T C A G A A A G G A A A T A A T T T T A T G C T G G A C T C T G G A C C A T A T A C C C A G C T A T T A C A C A C C T T T G G A G G G A A T G C T C A G A A A G G A A A T A A T T T T A T G C T G G A C T C T G G A C C A T A T A C C A T C T T A C A C A
P TE N P TE NP 1	2 8 2 9 2 9 4 5	T C TITA G C A TG C TA C A G TTA T TA A TC TG G A C A TTC G A G G A A TTG G C <mark>C</mark> G C TG TC A C TG C TTG TTT <mark>G</mark> C G C A TTTT TTT <mark>T</mark> T C TTTA G C A TG C TA C A G TTA TTA A TC TG G A C A TTC G A G G A A TTG G C <mark>T</mark> G C TG T C A C TG C TTG TT T <mark>T</mark> C G C A TTTT TTT <u>A</u>
P TE N P TE NP 1	2909 3025	T A A A G C A T A T T G G T G C T A G A A A G G C A G C T A A A G G A A G T G A A T C T G T A T T G G G G T A C A G G A A T G A A C C T T C T G C A A C A T C A A A G C A T A T T G G T G C T A G A A A G G C A G C T A A A G G A A G T G A A T C T G T A T T G G G G T A C A G G A A T G A A C C T T C T G C A A C A T C A A A G C A T A T T G G T G C T A G A A A G G C A G C T A A A G G A A G T G A A T C T G T A T T G G G G T A C A G G A A T G A A C C T T C T G C A A C A T C
P TE N P TE NP 1	2989 3104	T TAAGA TC C A C A A A TG A A G G G A TA TA AAAAT AA TG T C A TA G <mark>G</mark> TAAG A A A C A C A G C A A C G A C TA A G C C A TA TA A A TG T T TAAGA TC C A C A A A TG A A G G G A TA TA A A A A T A A TG T C A TA G <mark>A</mark> TA A G A A A C A C A G C A A C A A T G A C C A TA A A C A TG T
P TE N P TE NP 1	3 0 6 9 3 1 8 4	G G A G G C TA TC A A C A A A G A A TG G G C TT G A A A A C A TTA A A A A TTG A C A A TG A TTT <mark>A</mark> TTA A A TA TG TTTC T <mark>C</mark> A A TTG TA A C G G A G G C TA TC A A C A A A G A A TG G G C TT G A A A C A TTA A A A A TTG A C A A TG A TTT <mark>C</mark> TTA A A TA TG TT TTC T TA A TTG TA A C A A A G A A TG G G C TTG A A A C A TTA TA A A A A TTG A C A A TG A TTT <mark>C</mark> TTA A A TA TG TT TTC T <mark>T</mark> A A TTG TA A C
P TE N P TE NP 1	3149 3264	G A C TTC TC C A T C T C T G T G T A A T C A A G G C C A G T G C T <mark>A</mark> A A A <mark>T</mark> T C A G A T G C T <mark>G</mark> T T A G T A C C T A C A T C A A C T T A C A G A C TTC T C C A T C T C C T G T G T A A T C A A G G C C A G T G C T G A A A <mark>G</mark> T C A G A T G C T A T T A G T A C C T A C A T C A G T C A A C T T A C A miR-214
P TE N P TE NP 1	3229 3344	C TTATTTTACTAGTTTTCAATCATAATACCTGCTGTG <mark>G</mark> ATGCTTCATGTGCTGCCTGCAAGCTTCTTTTTTCTCATTAAA C TTATTTTACTAGTTTTCAATCATA <mark>T</mark> TACCTGCTGCTGCTGCATGTGCTGCCTGCAAGCTTCTTTTTCTCATTAAA miR-216
P TE N P TE NP 1	3309 3423	TATAAAATATTTTGTAATGCTGCACAGAAATTTTC - AATTTGAGATTCTACAGTAAGCGTTTTTTTTCTTTGAAGATTA TATAAAATATTTTGTAATGCTAAAAAAAAAA
P TE N P TE NP 1	3388	T GATGC AC TTA TTC AA TAGC I G I C AGC C G I I C C AC C C TI I T GAC C I TACAC A TTC I A TAC AA TGA A TI TI GCAGI I - I T T GGI TA AC I CA TTI I I GAATA I GG I G TAAAG I CAGI I TAATGAI GAAGAAATAA TATA I TA TTI C AACAA ATAGTAC AGAAATT -19 mir-26
P TE N P TE NP 1	3467 3578	G CACA THITTTAAA TG TCA TTAAC IG TTAGC G AAATT TTAC TIGAA TA CIGAA TACA TA TAAA TG TITATA TAAAAA GGAC A AACTA MGCAAAAATA CIATTAATAA IGA MGHTGGA TCATTACCIC ACACCATACCCCAA - ATTAACICAGAACA MGGC miR-217
P TE N P TE NP 1	3547 3657	A T T T G T G T TAA AAAG G AAAT T AGAGT T GC A G TAAAC T T T C A A T GC T GC
P TE N P TE NP 1	3627 3731	A A ATTG TCC FACATGTG - CTTTATTG ATTG C FATTGAAAG AA TAG GG TTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT
P TE N P TE NP 1	3786 3881	TG TG CA GTO TT <del>G A A TC A TTC TTC ATAGTG C TO</del> C C C GA G <b>TT</b> G G GA C TA GG G C TTC A A A TTC AC TTC TTA A A A A A A
P TE N P TE NP 1	3786 3874	TCATATATTTGATATGCCCCAGACTGCATACGAFTTTAAGCGGAGTACAACTACTATTGTAAAGCTAATGTGAAAGCAAGATATTA TGAAAG TCATGTATCT - GATAAGGGACAGTTAAAACTAAATAAAAACACAAACCCATCCAATTAAAATGAATAAAGGG
P TE N P TE NP 1	3 8 6 6 3 9 5 D	T TA AA AA GGTUTTTTTTTCCA GAAA T TTGGTGNOMTCAAA TTA TAC CITCA CCITGA CATI TGAA TA TCCAGCCA T TI TG I TCGAA TAGGTATGTCATC-A GAGAICAUATA GGAATAACCAA TA A GCAAACAA A AGA-TGTTCAA TA TCA TA TCATTA
FTEN FTENFI	3946 4022	TITIC FTAATIGE TATAAAATTC CATTT TCAATAAGTTATEGG TGCTG AAATTG TTCAO TAGCTG GTC TGAC CTGG TC TGAC CTAG TTAA G TTA TTAGAGAAACAAAATTTAAAACCACAATGA-GATGACACTACACATTGCCAGAATGATGATGATTATEAA
FTEN FTENF1	4 0 2 6	TITTAC A MA TAC A GA TI GAALTA GGAC C TAC TAGAGQA GCAIT I A TAGAG TI TGATGG CAAATAG A TI AG G C A GA AC TIC AT A AA GAC CAA G TA TI GGAGA GGAIG IGA AAAAC I GGAA C C ICAC AC A TIGAC GA TAGAA AIGIA AAAIG AAA TAG
FTEN FTENF1	4106 4170	C TAAAAT TATTIC HTA GTA A ATA ATG T TG AC AC G TTTT C CATA C C TTG TC AG T TC AN TC A C AA TTT TTAA A T TTTT AA C C A A TTC A G A A A A C A T ITTA C A A G TTTT C T ITG T ITT G TTTTTA A TTTA TTA TA C C C TTA C C D D C C A A ITT C A G A A A A C A T ITTA C A A G TTTT C T ITG T ITT G TTTTA A TTTA TTA TA A C C C TTA C C C
PTEN PTENPI	4234	A RUC I CHIRUG AI FUI A CACATITIATATITIA A RUTATI GATATATA GAGTATUGRUTUG ATUG CICATAA GUTA AA UU CCUAA TATGACTCAGTAATTCCCACTTCTAGATACCTAC-CAAATAA AA TTAAAGTTTAT-AACTTCACAAAGA

**Supplementary Figure 1. Alignment between** *PTEN* **and** *PTENP1* **3'UTR.** *PTEN* **(NM\_000314)** and *PTENP1* **(NM\_023917)** 3'UTR are shown. Matched nucleotides are in black, unmatched are in white. The seed matches for the different *PTEN*-targeting microRNA families are shown as colored boxes.



**Supplementary Figure 2. Characterization of** *PTEN* **and** *PTENP1* **specific primers. a-b.** Real time PCR primers. **a.** *(upper)* Localization of *PTEN-specific* (black) and *PTENP1-specific* (red) primers used for real time PCR. *PTEN-specific* primers bind to the 3'UTR region that is not present in *PTENP1* (white rectangle). *PTENP1-specific* primers bind to the 3'UTR region that has low homology with the corresponding *PTEN* region (light grey rectangle). *(lower)* Regular PCR performed in DU145 and PC3 cell lines. While DU145 cells express both *PTEN* and *PTENP1*, PC3 cells, which harbor a homozygous deletion of *PTEN*, express only the pseudogene. **b.** Diagnostic restriction analysis performed on the PCR product obtained with the *PTENP1-specific* primers. The Xbal site is present only in the *PTENP1* sequence and not in the *PTEN* sequence. Therefore, the PCR product obtained using the *PTENP1-specific* primers is indeed derived from *PTENP1*. nd: non digested; L: 100bp ladder. **c.** Taqman probes for *PTEN* (*upper*) and *PTENP1* (*lower*).



Supplementary Figure 3. Expression level of *PTEN*, *PTENP1* and the *PTEN*targeting microRNAs in DU145 and PC3 cell lines. a. Real time PCR performed with the isoform-specific primers described in **Supplementary Figure 2a-b** (mean  $\pm$  s.d, n = 3). In DU145, *PTENP1* is expressed at lower level compared to *PTEN*. This line is therefore suitable for *PTENP1* overexpression experiments. b. Real time PCR of the *PTEN*-targeting microRNA family members performed on DU145 (*upper*) and PC3 (*lower*). *miR-17* family: red; *miR-19* family: blue; *miR-21*: green; *miR-26* family: orange; *miR-214*: pink. mean  $\pm$  s.d, n = 3.



**Supplementary Figure 4. Luciferase assay on** *wt* and mutant *PTENP1* 3'UTR. a. Schematic representation of pGLU luciferase plasmid expressing the *wt PTENP1* 3'UTR (pGLU/ $\psi$ 3'UTR) or the 3'UTR in which the seed matches of the 5 *PTEN*-targeting microRNAs have been mutagenized (pGLU/ $\psi$ 3'UTRmut). b. Sequences of the *wt* and the mutagenized seed matches. c. The *wt* and the mutant reporter plasmids were transfected into DU145 cells. 24h later, the luciferase activity of the mutant plasmid was found to be higher than that of the *wt* plasmid. This indicates that the mutations introduced in the seed matches impair the ability of endogenous microRNAs to bind to *PTENP1* 3'UTR, so that the translation of firefly luciferase is increased (mean ± s.d, n > 3).



Supplementary Figure 5. *PTENP1* 3'UTR increases *PTEN* expression level and inhibits cell growth. a. Characterization of pCMV/ $\psi$ 3'UTR plasmid. (*left*) The full ~2kb *PTENP1* 3'UTR was cloned in the multicloning site (MCS) of pCMV-MCS expression plasmid. The 5' region that is highly homologous to *PTEN* 3'UTR and the 3' low homology region are depicted as a dark grey and a light grey rectangle, respectively. (*right*) Increasing amounts of pCMV/ $\psi$ 3'UTR plasmid were transiently transfected in 293T cells and 24h later the expression of the insert was measured by real time PCR. b. *PTENP1* (*left*) and *PTEN* (*right*) mRNA level 24h after the transient transfection of the empty pCMV plasmid or pCMV/ $\psi$ 3'UTR plasmid in DU145 cells. c. Growth curve of DU145 prostate cancer cells transiently transfected with equimolar amounts of pCMV empty plasmid, pCMV/PTEN plasmid (expressing PTEN protein) and pCMV/ $\psi$ 3'UTR plasmid (expressing *PTENP1* 3'UTR). a, b, and c. mean ± s.d, n ≥ 3.

PTEN-specific SMARTpool (si-PTEN):

D-120509-01 GGAAATTAGAGTTGCAGTA D-120509-02 ACTTATTGGTGCTGAAATT D-120509-03 GGCAAATAGATTACCCAGA D-120509-04 GATTCTACAGTAAGCGTTT

**PTENP1**-specific SMARTpool (si-PTENP1):

D-120498-01 TGAATAAAGGGTTCGAATA D-120498-02 GCCAGAATGATGATGATTATTA D-120498-03 CATCAGAGATCATATAGGA D-120498-04 CCTCACACATTGACGATAG

**Supplementary Figure 6. si-PTEN and si-PTENP1.** The sequences of the *PTEN* and *PTENP1*-specific SMARTpools are reported.



**Supplementary Figure 7. Specificity of commercially available siRNAs and Affymetrix probes for** *PTEN* **and** *PTENP1***. a**. The four siRNAs that comprise the Dharmacon SMARTpool against *PTEN* are all complementary to the open reading frame, therefore they match *PTENP1* as well. Only one mismatch in the 3'nt of probe J-003023-12 is present (underlined). We call these bi-specific SMARTpool si-PTEN/PTENP1 b. The Affymetrix microarray platform contains two probes for *PTEN* (yellow and pink boxes) and two probes for *PTENP1* (orange and green boxes). These two probe sets pair to *PTEN* and *PTENP1* in the open reading frame. Due to the high homology between the two molecules in this region, the probes fail to be specific. Black rectangles: *PTEN* 5'UTR, open reading frame and 3'UTR; red rectangles: *PTENP1* 5'UTR, open reading frame and 3'UTR. The region of high and low conservation between *PTEN* and *PTENP1* are shadowed in dark and light grey, respectively.



**Supplementary Figure 8.** *PTENP1* 3'UTR has PTEN-independent functions. a. Growth curve of PC3 cells transiently transfected with a representative member of each of the *PTEN*-targeting microRNA families: *miR-17* (red), *miR-19* (blue), *miR-21* (green), *miR-26* (orange) and *miR-214* (pink). si-PTEN/ PTENP1 is included as positive control b. Western blot of DU145 cells transiently transfected with control siLuc or increasing doses of si-PTENP1. Two among the targets of miR-17 family, PTEN and p21, are detected. c. Growth curve of *PTEN*-null PC3 cells transiently transfected with control siLuc, si-PTEN/ PTENP1, si-PTEN and si-PTENP1. d. Real time PCR of *PTENP1* performed 24h after the transient transfection of the indicated siRNAs in PC3 cells. e. Foci assay of PC3 cells stably infected with **PIG** empty or **PIG/** $\psi$ 3'UTR plasmids. A representative of 3 plates (*left*) and the colony counts (*right*) are shown. a, c, d and e. mean ± s.d, n ≥ 3.





Supplementary Figure 10. PTEN 3'UTR increases PTENP1 expression level and inhibits cell growth. a. Characterization of pCMV/PTEN3'UTR plasmid. A ~3kb PTEN 3'UTR was cloned in the multicloning site (MCS) of pCMV-MCS expression plasmid, so that pCMV/PTEN3'UTR was obtained. The 5' region that is highly homologous to PTENP1 3'UTR and the middle low homology region are depicted as a dark grey and a light grey rectangle, respectively. The 3' region that is not present in PTENP1 3'UTR is depicted as a white rectangle. **b.** *PTEN* mRNA level 24h after the transient transfection of the empty pCMV plasmid or pCMV/PTEN3'UTR plasmid in DU145 cells. c. PTEN level 48h after the transient transfection of the indicated plasmids in DU145. d. Foci assay of DU145 cells PIG/PTEN3'UTR and PIG/w3'UTR plasmids. stably infected with PIG empty, Representative plates (*left*) and the colony counts (*right*) are shown (mean  $\pm$  s.d, n  $\geq$  3).



Supplementary Figure 11. Pseudogenes aberrantly expressed in cancer that maintain the binding sites for validated microRNAs. a. miR-145 binding site is conserved in OCT4 pseudogenes OCT4-pg1, 3, 4 and 5. (upper) Sequence alignment between the two OCT4 transcript variants (tv1 and tv2) and 4 out of 6 OCT4 pseudogenes (OCT4-pg1, 3, 4 and 5).



Supplementary Figure 12. *CDK4* pseudogene *CDK4PS* maintains the validated binding site for *miR-34* family. The reported *CDK4PS* sequence has been extended in the 3'UTR region by Blast search.



Supplementary Figure 13. FOXO3 pseudogene FOXO3B maintains the validated binding site for *miR-182*. Two transcript variants of FOXO3 (*tv1* and *tv2*) are reported.



Supplementary Figure 14. *E2F3* pseudogene *E2F3P1* maintains the validated binding site for *miR-17* family, but not for *miR-34* family. The binding site for *miR-17* and *miR-34* families are reported in **a** and **b**, respectively.

**a** *miR-143* binding sites





**Supplementary Figure 15.** *KRAS* pseudogene *KRAS1P* maintains the validated binding sites for *miR-143* and *let-7* family. a. The two binding sites for *miR-143* are both conserved in *KRAS1P*. b. *let-7* family has 8 binding sites along *KRAS* 3'UTR. All of them show extensive conservation in *KRAS1P*, especially site 3, 5 and 8 in which the seed match is intact. Two transcript variants of *KRAS* (*tv1* and *tv2*) are reported.



Supplementary Figure 16. *DNMT3A* pseudogene *DNMT3AP1* does not maintain the validated binding site for *miR-29* family and *miR-143*. The binding site for *miR-29* family and *miR-143* are reported in **a** and **b**, respectively. Three transcript variants of *DNMT3A* (*tv1*, *tv2* and *tv3*) are reported.



Supplementary Figure 17. *NPM1* pseudogenes *NPM1P1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7* maintain the predicted binding sites for *miR-181* and *miR-182*. No microRNAs have yet been reported to target *NPM1*. Nonetheless, PicTar prediction algorithm (http://pictar.mdc-berlin.de/) predicts *miR-181* and *miR-182* to bind *NPM1* 3'UTR. **a.** The predicted *miR-182* seed match is conserved in all NPM1 pseudogenes except for *NPM1P2*. **b.** The predicted *miR-181* seed match is conserved in *NPM1P3*, *4, 5* and *6*. Two transcript variants of *NPM1* (*tv1* and *tv2*) are reported.



**Supplementary Figure 18.** *KRAS1P* **3'UTR increases** *KRAS* **expression level and promotes cell growth. a.** (*left*) Characterization of **pCMV/K1P3'UTR** expression plasmid. The full ~4kb 3'UTR was cloned in the multicloning site (MCS) of **pCMV-MCS**, so that **pCMV/K1P3'UTR** was obtained. The seed matches for *miR-143* and *let-7* family are indicated as grey and brown lines, respectively. (*right*) *KRAS1P* mRNA level 24h after the transient transfection of the empty **pCMV** plasmid or **pCMV/K1P3'UTR** plasmid in DU145 cells. **b.** Real time PCR (mean ± s.d, n = 3) of *KRAS*-targeting microRNAs in DU145. *miR-143*: grey. *let-7* family: brown. **c.** Regression analysis of *KRAS* and *KRAS1P* expression in 18 human prostate tumor samples.

miRNA	RT primer (5'-3')	PCR primer F (5'-3')		
17	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACctacct	CGGCGGcaaagtgcttacagtgc		
20	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACctacct	CGGCGGtaaagtgcttatagtgc		
93	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACctacct	CGGCGGcaaagtgctgttcgtgc		
106b	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACatctgc	CGGCGGtaaagtgctgacagtgc		
19a	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACtcagtt	CGGCGGtgtgcaaatctatgc		
19b	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACtcagtt	CGGCGGtgtgcaaatccatgc		
21	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACtcaaca	CGGCGGtagcttatcagactgatg		
26a	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACagccta	CGGCGGttcaagtaatccagg		
26b	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACacctat	CGGCGGttcaagtaattcagg		
214	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACactgcc	CGGCGGacagcaggcacagacag		
let-7a	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACaacta	GCCGCtgaggtagtaggttgta		
let-7b	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACaatcac	GCCGCtgaggtagtaggttgtgt		
let-7c	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACaaccat	GCCGCtgaggtagtaggttgta		
let-7d	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACactatg	GCCGCagaggtagtaggttgc		
let-7e	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACactata	TGCCGGtgaggtaggagg		
let-7f	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACaacta	GCCGCtgaggtagtagattgtat		
let-7g	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACaactgt	GCCGCtgaggtagtagtttgtac		
let-7i	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACaacagc	GCCGCtgaggtagtagttgtgc		
98	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACaacaa	GCCGCtgaggtagtaagttgta		
143	GTCGTATCCAGTGCAGGGTCCGAGGTATTC GCACTGGATACGACgagcta	CGGCGGtgagatgaagcactg		

**Supplementary Figure 19. Sequence of the microRNA-specific primers used for the retrotranscription and the real-time PCR.** See Supplementary Methods section for details. The portions of the primers that recognize the microRNAs are in color: red for *miR-17* family, blue for *miR-19* family, green for *miR-21* family, orange for *miR-26* family, pink for *miR-214*, brown for *let-7* family, grey for *miR-143*. In some cases (*miR-17/20/93*; *miR-19a/b*; *let-7a/f*), the RT primer is shared by more than one microRNA of the same family.

chromosos	tart	end	length(br	r Sample Nurr Sample ID	of altera	Copy Num	ber
9	32078636	32253053	174418	5/GSM/17221 8C93 CEL GSM/17251 8C123 CEL GSM/17254 8C126 CEL GSM/17363 8C138 CEL GSM/17385 8C160 CEL	lification	2 697738	
	32127295	32276746	149452	10 GSM417193 BC65 CEL GSM417196 BC68 CEL GSM417205 BC77 CEL GSM417206 BC78 CEL GSM417220 BC92 CEL GSM417234 BC106 CEL GSM417243 BC115 CEL GSM417249 BC121 CEL GSM417256 BC12Dele	tion	1.531107	
9	32253053	32765029	511977	5 GSM417221 BC93 CEL GSM417251 BC123 CEL GSM417254 BC126 CEL GSM417363 BC138 CEL GSM417385 BC160 CEL	lification	2 598098	
9	32276746	32429424	152679	9 (GSM417196 BC68 CEL GSM417205 BC77 CEL GSM417206 BC78 CEL GSM417220 BC92 CEL GSM417234 BC106 CEL GSM417243 BC115 CEL GSM417249 BC121 CEL GSM417256 BC128 CEL GSM417266 BC128 CEL GSM417266 BC128 CEL GSM417266 BC128 CEL GSM417276 BC128 CEL GSM417278 CEL GSM417278 CEL GSM41728 CEL GSM4178 CE	tion	1.574833	
9	32429424	32765029	335606	9 GSM417196 BC68 CEL GSM417205 BC77 CEL GSM417206 BC78 CEL GSM417220 BC92 CEL GSM417234 BC106 CEL GSM417243 BC115 CEL GSM417249 BC121 CEL GSM417256 BC128 CEL GSM417266 BC128 CEL GSM417243 BC106 CEL GSM417243 BC106 CEL GSM417243 BC106 CEL GSM417246 BC128 CEL GSM417266 BC128 CEL GSM417266 BC128 CEL GSM417246 BC128 CEL GSM417248 CEL GSM41728 BC128 CEL GSM41728 BC128 CEL GSM4178 CEL GSM4178 CEL GSM4178 CEL GSM4178	tion	1 537774	
9	32765029	33202543	437515	4 GSM417251 BC123 CEL GSM417254 BC126 CEL GSM417383 BC138 CEL GSM417385 BC160 CEL	lification	2.66008	
9	32765029	32885697	120669	10 GSM417196 BC68 CEL GSM417205 BC77, CEL GSM417206 BC78 CEL GSM417220 BC92, CEL GSM417221 BC93, CEL GSM417234 BC106, CEL GSM417243 BC115, CEL GSM417249 BC121, CEL GSM417256 BC12/Dele	tion	1.53958	
9	32885697	32900858	15162	11 GSM417196 BC68 CEL GSM417205 BC77 CEL GSM417206 BC78 CEL GSM417220 BC92 CEL GSM417211 BC93 CEL GSM417234 BC106 CEL GSM417243 BC115 CEL GSM417249 BC121 CEL GSM417256 BC12 Dele	tion	1.515865	
9	32900858	33202543	301686	10 GSM417196 BC68 CEL GSM417205 BC77. CEL GSM417206 BC78 CEL GSM417220 BC92 CEL GSM417221 BC93 CEL GSM417234 BC106 CEL GSM417243 BC115 CEL GSM417249 BC121 CEL GSM417256 BC12 Dele	tion	1.53958	
9	33202543	33228068	25526	4 GSM417251 BC123.CEL GSM417254 BC126.CEL GSM417363 BC138.CEL GSM417385 BC160.CEL	lification	2.947445	
9	33202543	33232916	30374	11 GSM417196 BC68.CEL GSM417205 BC77.CEL GSM417206 BC78.CEL GSM417220 BC92.CEL GSM417221 BC93.CEL GSM417234 BC106.CEL GSM417243 BC115.CEL GSM417249 BC121.CEL GSM417256 BC12Dele	tion	1.511565	
9	33228068	33905339	677272	4 GSM417251 BC123.CEL GSM417254 BC126.CEL GSM417363 BC138.CEL GSM417385 BC160.CEL	lification	2.664718	
9	33232916	33303397	70482	10 GSM417196 BC68.CEL GSM417205 BC77.CEL GSM417206 BC78.CEL GSM417220 BC92.CEL GSM417221 BC93.CEL GSM417234 BC106.CEL GSM417243 BC115.CEL GSM417249 BC121.CEL GSM417256 BC12Dele	tion	1.53958	
9	33303397	33389254	85858	10 GSM417196 BC68.CEL GSM417205 BC77.CEL GSM417206 BC78.CEL GSM417220 BC92.CEL GSM417221 BC93.CEL GSM417234 BC106.CEL GSM417243 BC115.CEL GSM417249 BC121.CEL GSM417256 BC12Dele	tion	1.51332	
9	33389254	33431670	42417	11 GSM417196 BC68.CEL GSM417205 BC77.CEL GSM417206 BC78.CEL GSM417220 BC92.CEL GSM417221 BC93.CEL GSM417234 BC106.CEL GSM417243 BC115.CEL GSM417249 BC121.CEL GSM417256 BC12Dele	tion	1.493437	
9	33431670	33466451	34782	10 GSM417196 BC68.CEL GSM417205 BC77.CEL GSM417206 BC78.CEL GSM417220 BC92.CEL GSM417221 BC93.CEL GSM417234 BC106.CEL GSM417243 BC115.CEL GSM417249 BC121.CEL GSM417256 BC12 Dele	tion	1.51332	
9	33466451	33592959	126509	10 GSM417196 BC68.CEL GSM417205 BC77.CEL GSM417206 BC78.CEL GSM417220 BC92.CEL GSM417221 BC93.CEL GSM417234 BC106.CEL GSM417243 BC115.CEL GSM417249 BC121.CEL GSM417256 BC121.Dele	tion	1.549747	
9	33592959	33692166	99208	11 GSM417196 BC68.CEL GSM417205 BC77.CEL GSM417206 BC78.CEL GSM417220 BC92.CEL GSM417221 BC93.CEL GSM417234 BC106.CEL GSM417243 BC115.CEL GSM417249 BC121.CEL GSM417256 BC12Dele	tion	1.48509	PTENP1
9	33692166	33795191	103026	10 GSM417196 BC68.CEL GSM417205 BC77.CEL GSM417206 BC78.CEL GSM417220 BC92.CEL GSM417221 BC93.CEL GSM417234 BC106.CEL GSM417243 BC115.CEL GSM417249 BC121.CEL GSM417256 BC121.Dele	tion	1.549747	
9	33795191	33995061	199871	10 GSM417196 BC68.CEL GSM417205 BC77.CEL GSM417206 BC78.CEL GSM417220 BC92.CEL GSM417221 BC93.CEL GSM417234 BC106.CEL GSM417243 BC115.CEL GSM417249 BC121.CEL GSM417256 BC12 Dele	tion	1.517871	
9	33905339	34142613	237275	4 GSM417251 BC123.CEL GSM417254 BC126.CEL GSM417363 BC138.CEL GSM417385_BC160.CEL Amp	lification	2.89649	
9	33995061	34084816	89756	12 GSM417196 BC68.CEL GSM417205 BC77.CEL GSM417206 BC78.CEL GSM417210 BC82.CEL GSM417220 BC92.CEL GSM417221 BC93.CEL GSM417234 BC106.CEL GSM417243 BC115.CEL GSM417247 BC119 Dele	tion	1.501715	
9	34084816	34295732	210917	11 GSM417196 BC68.CEL GSM417205 BC77.CEL GSM417206 BC78.CEL GSM417220 BC92.CEL GSM417221 BC93.CEL GSM417234 BC106.CEL GSM417243 BC115.CEL GSM417247 BC119.CEL GSM417249 BC12 Dele	tion	1.514609	
9	34142613	34340254	197642	4 GSM417251 BC123.CEL GSM417254 BC126.CEL GSM417363 BC138.CEL GSM417385_BC160.CEL Amp	lification	2.636783	
9	34295732	34399591	103860	10 GSM417196 BC68.CEL GSM417205_BC77.CEL GSM417206 BC78.CEL GSM417220_BC92.CEL GSM417221_BC93.CEL GSM417234_BC106.CEL GSM417243_BC115.CEL GSM417249_BC121.CEL GSM417256_BC12Dele	tion	1.517871	
9	34340254	34924481	584228	3 GSM417251_BC123.CEL GSM417254_BC126.CEL GSM417385_BC160.CEL Amp	lification	2.582387	
9	34399591	34990034	590444	10 GSM417196_BC68.CEL GSM417205_BC77.CEL GSM417206_BC78.CEL GSM417220_BC92.CEL GSM417221_BC93.CEL GSM417234_BC106.CEL GSM417243_BC115.CEL GSM417249_BC121.CEL GSM417256_BC12Dele	tion	1.541888	
9	34924481	34990034	65554	4 GSM417203_BC75.CEL GSM417251_BC123.CEL GSM417254_BC126.CEL GSM417385_BC160.CEL Amp	lification	2.647237	
9	34990034	35174234	184201	3 GSM417251_BC123.CEL GSM417254_BC126.CEL GSM417385_BC160.CEL Amp	lification	2.582387	
9	34990034	36060199	1070166	5 11 GSM417196_BC68.CEL GSM417203_BC75.CEL GSM417205_BC77.CEL GSM417206_BC78.CEL GSM417220_BC92.CEL GSM417221_BC93.CEL GSM417234_BC106.CEL GSM417243_BC115.CEL GSM417249_BC121[Dele	rtion	1.54138	
9	35174234	35885245	711012	2 2 GSM417251_BC123.CEL GSM417385_BC160.CEL Amp	lification	2.63522	
9	35885245	35952590	67346	3 GSM417204_BC76.CEL GSM417251_BC123.CEL GSM417385_BC160.CEL Amp	lification	2.868233	
9	35952590	36109866	157277	2 GSM417251_BC123.CEL GSM417385_BC160.CEL Amp	lification	2.63522	
9	36060199	36078512	18314	12 GSM417196 BC68.CEL GSM417203 BC75.CEL GSM417205 BC77.CEL GSM417206 BC78.CEL GSM417220 BC92.CEL GSM417221 BC93.CEL GSM417234 BC106.CEL GSM417243 BC115.CEL GSM417249 BC121 Dele	tion	1.540713	
9	36078512	36123410	44899	12 GSM417196 BC68.CEL GSM417203 BC75.CEL GSM417205 BC77.CEL GSM417206 BC78.CEL GSM417220 BC92.CEL GSM417221 BC93.CEL GSM417234 BC106.CEL GSM417243 BC115.CEL GSM417249 BC121 Dele	tion	1.522727	
9	36109866	36127416	17551	3 GSM417251_BC123.CEL GSM417385_BC160.CEL NA10831_Op1_011206_VnV_B06_r1.CEL  Amp	lification	2.708793	
10	88124601	88180506	55906	10 GSM417185_BC57.CEL GSM417199_BC71.CEL GSM417203_BC75.CEL GSM417204_BC76.CEL GSM417206_BC78.CEL GSM417221_BC93.CEL GSM417247_BC119.CEL GSM417252_BC124.CEL GSM417359_BC134Dele	rtion	1.513198	
10	88180506	88183213	2708	10 GSM417185_BC57.CEL GSM417199_BC71.CEL GSM417203_BC75.CEL GSM417204_BC76.CEL GSM417206_BC78.CEL GSM417221_BC93.CEL GSM417247_BC119.CEL GSM417252_BC124.CEL GSM417359_BC134Dete	tion	1.483394	
10	88183213	88902159	718947	11 GSM417185_BC57.CEL GSM417199_BC71.CEL GSM417201_BC73.CEL GSM417203_BC75.CEL GSM417204_BC76.CEL GSM417206_BC78.CEL GSM417221_BC93.CEL GSM417247_BC119.CEL GSM417222_BC124_Dete	tion	1.490272	
10	88902159	88946942	44/84	10 GSM41/185_BC57.CEL GSM41/199_BC/1.CEL GSM41/201_BC/3.CEL GSM41/203_BC/5.CEL GSM41/204_BC/6.CEL GSM41/205_BC/8.CEL GSM41/221_BC93.CEL GSM41/252_BC124.CEL GSM41/359_BC134_Dete	tion	1.476881	
10	00400570	89123572	1/6631	10 10 10 10 80 477 10 80 577 CEL GSM417221 BC73 CEL GSM417203 BC73 CEL GSM417204 BC78 CEL GSM417204 BC78 CEL GSM417221 BC93 CEL GSM417228 BC78 CEL GSM417228 BC78 CEL GSM417221 BC73 CEL GSM417205 BC78 CEL GSM417221 BC73 CEL GSM417205 BC78 CEL	tion	1.508145	
10	091235/2	091/5140	04547	1 UI SOMM 17 105 BC37 ACEL GOMM 17 199 BC71 ACEL GOMM 17 201 BC73 ACEL GOMM 17 203 BC75 ACEL GOMM 17 204 BC78 ACEL GOMM 17 201 BC73 ACEL GOMM 17 205 BC78 ACEL GOM 17	tion	1.46/46	
10	90250650	09209056	75/20		nuon tion	1.011312	
10	002030000	09207197	/ 042	10 JOINT TO BOUNDEL COMPTTOS DUTINCE COMPTIZIO DUTINCE COMPTIZI	tion	1.4/10/3	
10	90200497	90400021	190545	11 GOMM17105 DC7.CE GOMM17105 DC7.CE GOMM17201 DC73.CEL GOMM17205 DC73.CEL GOMM17204 DC70.CEL GOMM17205 DC73.CEL GOM17205 DC73.CEL GOM1720	tion	1.437335	
10	89309487	80627604	129474		tion	1.472703	DTEN
10						1.342654	DTEN
10						1 208045	DTEN
10						1.342654	DTEN
10					tion	1.410361	PTEN
10			45432			1.432109	PTEN
10	89747774	89763256	15483	13 (GSM417185 BC57 CEL GSM417189 BC61 CEL GSM417193 BC65 CEL GSM417199 BC71 CEL GSM417201 BC73 CEL GSM417203 BC75 CEL GSM417204 BC76 CEL GSM417206 BC78 CEL GSM417207 BC76 CEL GSM417 BC76 CEL GSM417207 BC76 CEL GSM41707 BC76 CEL GSM417 BC	tion	1 446913	1.164
10	89763256	90676196	912941	13 (SSM417185 BC57 CEL GSM417189 BC61 CEL GSM417193 BC65 CEL GSM417199 BC71 CEL GSM417201 BC73 CEL GSM417203 BC75 CEL GSM417204 BC76 CEL GSM417207	tion	1.414049	
10	90676196	91009592	333397	12 GSM417185 BC57 CEL GSM417189 BC61 CEL GSM417193 BC65 CEL GSM417199 BC71 CEL GSM417203 BC75 CEL GSM417206 BC76 CEL GSM417207 BC78 CEL GSM417271 BC78 CEL GSM4178 BC78 BC78 BC78 BC78 BC78 BC78 BC78 BC	tion	1.437568	
10	91009592	91159152	149561	11 GSM417185 BC57 CEL GSM417189 BC61 CEL GSM417193 BC65 CEL GSM417199 BC71 CEL GSM417203 BC75 CEL GSM417204 BC76 CEL GSM417206 BC76 CEL GSM417207 BC33 CEL GSM417255 BC134 CDain	tion	1.468987	
10	91159152	91239000	79849	11 GSM417185 BC57 CEL GSM417189 BC61 CEL GSM417193 BC65 CEL GSM417199 BC71 CEL GSM417203 BC75 CEL GSM417206 BC76 CEL GSM417206 BC78 CEL GSM417207 BC33 CEL GSM417252 BC134 CD ale	tion	1.529715	
10	91239000	91646139	407140	12 (SSM417185 BC57 CEL GSM417189 BC61 CEL GSM417193 BC65 CEL GSM417199 BC71 CEL GSM417203 BC75 CEL GSM417204 BC76 CEL GSM417206	tion	1.536131	
10	91418007	91485537	67531	2 GSM417253 BC125 CEL NA07357 Op1 011206 VnV A07 r1 CEL	lification	2.68051	
10	91646139	92214056	567918	11  GSM417185 BC57.CEL GSM417193 BC65.CEL GSM417199 BC71.CEL GSM417203 BC75.CEL GSM417204 BC76.CEL GSM417206 BC78.CEL GSM417221 BC93.CEL GSM417249 BC121.CEL GSM417252 BC124.IDele	tion	1.528092	
10							

Supplementary Table 1: Genomic status of PTEN and PTENP1 genomic loci in human breast cancer samples

To gain a more detailed understanding of the specific losses at the *PTENP1* locus, Affymetrix GeneChip® Human Mapping 500K Array datasets GSE7545 and GSE16619 were downloaded from NCBI GEO and analyzed with the Partek Genomic Suite (Partek Inc) for detection of genomic regions with alterations and data visualization. 118 breast cancer and 44 normal samples were included in the study. In 11/118 (9.3%) of breast cancer samples significant deletion on region chr9:33592959-33692166 (overlapping with *PTENP1*) was found. In 11 breast cancer samples significant deletion on chromosome 10 region overlapping with *PTEN* (chr10:89499031-89747774) was also found. The magnitude of deletion is similar, with 1.48 copy for PTENP1 and 1.4 copy for PTEN with respect to normal copy number as 2. No amplification was detected in these regions. Rows highlighted in green represent the genomic loci of PTENP1 and PTEN.

Table 2. Pseudogenes aberrantly expressed in human cancer
and validated miRNAs binding to their cognate wt genes.

Pseudogene	Role in human cancer	wt gene	Validated miRNA families	Conservation of the binding site between <i>wt</i> and pseudo
PTENP1	see text	PTEN: see text	miR-17 miR-19 miR-21 miR-26 miR-216 miR-217	yes yes yes yes no no
ψCX43	specifically expressed in breast cell lines (not in normal mammary epithelium) <sup>1</sup>	CONNEXIN 43 (CX43): one of the monomers that compose gap junctions. CX43 expression is aberrantly lost in cancer.	mi <b>R-1</b> ²	yes
NA88-A	specifically expressed in melanoma cell lines (not in normal melanocytes) <sup>3</sup>	HPX42B	-	
OCT4-pg1 OCT4-pg5	specifically expressed in cancer cell lines and tissues (not in normal tissues) <sup>4</sup>	OCT4: transcription factor expressed in embryonic stem cells where it plays a critical role in mantaining the pluripotent and self-renewing state. Oct4 is aberrantly expressed in cancer cells.	<b>miR-145⁵</b> miR-470 <sup>6</sup>	<b>yes</b> <i>miR-470</i> is mouse-spec
NANOGP8	specifically expressed in cancer cell lines and tissues (not in normal fibroblasts and fetal liver) <sup>7</sup>	NANOG: transcription factor expressed in embryonic stem cells where it plays a critical role in mantaining the pluripotent and self-renewing state. Oct4 is aberrantly expressed in cancer cells	miR-134 <sup>8</sup> miR-296 <sup>6</sup>	no* <i>miR-296</i> binding sites are not conserved between human and mouse
$\psi$ BRAF	specifically expressed in thyroid tumor samples (especially if they don't carry BRAF mutations), and not in normal thyroid <sup>9</sup>	BRAF: Ser/Thr kinase that serves as downstream effector of RAS in the MAPK signaling cascade. Mutations that render BRAF constitutively active are common in cancer.	-	-

The conservation of *miR-17*, *19*, *21*, *26* and *214* binding sites in *PTENP1* has been discussed elsewhere (Fig. 1). The asterisk indicates those *wt*/pseudogene pairs that show an overall low sequence conservation (<60%).

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wt genes	corresponding pseudogene(s)	validated miRNA families	conservation of the binding site between <i>wt</i> and pseudo
CCND3	CCND3P	miR-16 <sup>1</sup>	no*
CDK4	CDK4PS	miR-34 <sup>2</sup>	yes
	DNMT2AD1	miR-29 <sup>3</sup>	no
DININITSA	DNWTSAPT	miR-143 <sup>4</sup>	no
E2E2	E2E2D1	miR-17 <sup>5</sup>	yes
EZFS	EZF3P1	miR-34 <sup>6</sup>	no
C MYC	MYCL3	let-7 <sup>7</sup>	no*
C-11/17C		miR-145 <sup>*</sup>	no*
OCT4	OCT4-pg1,2,3,4,5,6	miR-145 <sup>°</sup>	yes
KDAS	KRAS1P	let-7 <sup>10</sup>	yes
AA3		miR-143 <sup>11</sup>	yes
PTEN	PTENP1	miR-17 <sup>12</sup> miR-19 <sup>13,14</sup> miR-21 <sup>15</sup> miR-26 <sup>16</sup> miR-214 <sup>17</sup> miR-216 <sup>18</sup>	yes yes yes yes yes
		miR-217 <sup>18</sup>	no
FOXO3	FOXO3B	miR-182 <sup>19</sup>	yes

### Table 3. Conservation of validated miRNA binding sites in cancer-related target genes.

A list of miRNA families with a well recognized oncogenic or oncosuppressor role was obtained merging the most recent reviews about microRNAs and cancer 20-24.

The validated targets of these miRNAs that have at least 1 pseudogene (http://www.genecards.org) are listed above. The conservation of the binding sites of the validated miRNAs in the pseudogene(s) is also reported. The asterisk indicates those wt/pseudogene pairs that show an overall low sequence conservation (<60%).

The conservation of miR-17, 19, 21, 26 and 214 binding sites in PTENP1 has been discussed elsewhere (Fig. 1). Analogously, the conservation of miR-145 binding sites in OCT4 pseudogenes has been described in Table 2.

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