1. <u>Supplementary Figures</u>

1.1 Reaction profile



Supplementary Figure 1. Reaction profile for nitrile hydrogenation (kcal/mol).

1.2 IR spectra



Supplementary Figure 2. ATR-FTIR measurement: a) complex **3**, without solvent; b) reaction residue; c) benzyl amine, pure; d) benzonitrile, pure.

1.3 NMR spectra of Me-3 and intermediates



Supplementary Figure 3a. ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz) spectrum of $\{Fe(H)(HBH_3)[(CH_3)N((CH_2CH_2)P(CH(CH_3)_2)_2)_2]\}$ (Me-3, without CO), C_6D_6 .



Supplementary Figure 3b. ¹³C (DEPT) NMR (75.5 MHz) spectra of $\{Fe(H)(HBH_3)[(CH_3)N((CH_2CH_2)P(CH(CH_3)_2)_2)_2]\}$ (Me-3 without CO), C₆D₆.



Supplementary Figure 3c. ³¹P{¹H} NMR (121.0 MHz) spectrum of $[(CH_3)N((CH_2CH_2)P(CH(CH_3)_2)_2)_2]$ (Me-3, without CO), C₆D₆. The minor peak is due to free ligand $[(CH_3)N((CH_2CH_2)P(CH(CH_3)_2)_2)_2]$.



Supplementary Figure 3d. ¹H NMR (300 .1MHz) spectrum of $\{Fe(H)(HBH_3)(CO)[(CH_3)N((CH_2CH_2)P(CH(CH_3)_2)_2)_2]\}$ (Me-3), C₆D₆.



Supplementary Figure 3e. ¹³C (DEPT) NMR (75.5 MHz) spectra of $\{Fe(H)(HBH_3)(CO)[(CH_3)N((CH_2CH_2)P(CH(CH_3)_2)_2)_2]\}$ (Me-3), C₆D₆.



Supplementary Figure 3f. ³¹P{¹H} NMR (121.0 MHz) spectrum of { $Fe(H)(HBH_3)(CO)[(CH_3)N((CH_2CH_2)P(CH(CH_3)_2)_2)_2]$ } (**Me-3**), C₆D₆. Peak at 52.7 ppm is due to oxidised free ligand.

1.4 Detection of species 8 and 9 under catalytic-like conditions



Supplementary Figure 4. ¹H NMR (400.1 MHz) spectra (THF- d_8 , hydride region) of a solution of **3** and 1.5 eq. PhCN. **Conditions:** Under an argon atmosphere, complex **3** (20 mg, 0.049 mmol) was dissolved in 1 mL THF- d_8 and PhCN (7.6 mg, 0.074 mmol) was added. The resulting yellow orange solution was transferred by means of a gas-tight syringe to a J-Young NMR tube and ¹H and ³¹P NMR spectra were recorded (Supplementary Figures 4 and 5). The relative experimental conditions are reported in the caption of Supplementary Figure 5: only spectra referring to new experimental conditions or showing changes as compared to the one recorded previously are shown.



Supplementary Figure 5. ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$ NMR (161.9 MHz) spectra (THF- d_8) of a solution of **3** and 1.5 eq. PhCN: residual coupling to hydrides is present for some species.

- spectra **a**: **room temperature**, reference spectrum, recorded immediately after sample preparation under **argon**; the sample is then heated to 60° C.
- spectra **b**: recorded after keeping the sample at **60** °C for **15 min** under **argon**: the catalyst precursor **3** is no longer present and new hydrides species appear. One has been confidently identified as the amido complex **9** (*vide infra*). No further spectral changes take place after keeping the sample at 60° C for 90 minutes overall. The sample is cooled to room T. The solution color is deep red. Argon is removed after freezing the sample and replaced by hydrogen (1 bar). The sample is intensively shaken to allow for hydrogen diffusion into the solution, which then turns light orange. It is then placed back into the instrument probe for further measurements.
- spectra c: room temperature, under hydrogen: the amido complex 9 has disappeared and a new species appears which has been confidently identified as the dihydride 8 (*vide infra*). Other hydride species are unaffected.
- spectra d: 60 °C, under hydrogen: when the sample is heated up, the amido complex 9 reappears at the expenses of the dihydride 8. No further spectral changes take place after keeping the sample at 60° C for 90 minutes overall. The sample is therefore cooled down to room T before recording the final spectrum.
- spectra e: room temperature, under hydrogen: when the sample is cooled down the relative concentration of the dihydride species 8 increases at the expenses of the amido complex 9. An equilibrium exists therefore between the two species which is dependent upon temperature and hydrogen concentration.



Supplementary Figure 6. ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz) spectrum (benzene- d_6) of **9**. **Conditions:** Complex **3** (20 mg, 0.049 mmol) and *t*BuOK (6.6 mg, 0.059 mmol) were dissolved in 2 mL *i*PrOH and the resulting yellow suspension stirred at room temperature for 40 min. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the resulting purple solid was dissolved in 1 mL benzene- d_6 . The solution was filtered by means of a syringe PTFE filter and placed in a J-Young NMR tube.



Supplementary Figure 7. ³¹P{¹H} NMR (121.0 MHz) spectrum (benzene- d_6) of **9**: the peaks relative to the amido complex **9** ($\delta = 116.8$ ppm) and unreacted **3** ($\delta = 99.4$ ppm) appear as doublet due to residual coupling to hydride hydrogens. The spectrum also shows the presence of free ligand ($\delta = -1.7$ ppm) and free oxidized ligand ($\delta = 53.9$ ppm).

The above sample was subsequently frozen and argon removed under vacuum. Then hydrogen gas was admitted into the NMR tube, the sample was allowed to thaw and then it was shaken intensively until the solution turned light orange.



Supplementary Figure 8. ¹H NMR (400.1 MHz) spectrum (benzene- d_6) of 8.



Supplementary Figure 9. ³¹P{¹H} NMR (161.9 MHz) spectrum (benzene- d_6) of **8**: insert **a** and **b** show the ³¹P{¹H} NMR spectra, selectively decoupled from ligand hydrogens, showing the residual coupling of the phosphorus atoms to the two hydrides in the molecule. The two spectra have been recorded using different 90° pulse length in order to extend the decoupling frequency range.



Supplementary Figure 10. ¹H NMR (400.1 MHz) spectrum (THF- d_8) of 8.



Supplementary Figure 11. ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$ NMR (161.9 MHz) spectrum (THF- d_8) of 8.

1.5 VT NMR investigations



Supplementary Figure 12. Variable temperature. ¹H NMR (400.1 MHz) spectrum (toluene-*d*₈, hydride region) of **8**.



Supplementary Figure 13. Variable temperature ${}^{31}P{}^{1}H$ NMR (161.9 MHz) spectrum (toluene- d_8) of **8**.







Supplementary Figure 15. ${}^{1}H{}^{31}P{}$ NOESY NMR (400.1/161.9 MHz) spectrum of 8 (toluene- d_8 , hydride region), at 247 K.



Supplementary Figure 16. ¹H-¹³C HMBC NMR (400.1/100.6 MHz) spectrum of **9** (C_6D_6), hydride region showing the twobond coupling between the carbon of the coordinated carbonyl group ($\delta = 224.4$ ppm) and the iron hydrides.



Supplementary Figure 17. ¹H-¹³C HMBC NMR (400.1/100.6 MHz) spectrum (C_6D_6 , hydride region). The correlation signals at F2 206.6 ppm and 208.0 are folded (true chemical shifts 27.4 ppm and 28.9 ppm, ligand moiety carbon, see Suppl. Fig. 12).



Supplementary Figure 18. ¹H and ¹³C NMR of compound 2b.



Supplementary Figure 19. $^1\mathrm{H}$ and $^{13}\mathrm{C}$ NMR of compound 2c.



Supplementary Figure 20. $^1\mathrm{H}$ and $^{13}\mathrm{C}$ NMR of compound 2d.



Supplementary Figure 21. ¹H and ¹³C NMR of compound 2g.



Supplementary Figure 22. ¹H and ¹³C NMR of compound 2p.



Supplementary Figure 23. ¹H and ¹³C NMR of compound 2r.



Supplementary Figure 24. ¹H and ¹³C NMR of compound 2s.



Supplementary Figure 25. ¹H and ¹³C NMR of compound 2x.



Supplementary Figure 26. 1 H and 13 C NMR of compound 8a.



Supplementary Figure 27. $^1\mathrm{H}$ and $^{13}\mathrm{C}$ NMR of compound 8e.



Supplementary Figure 28. $^1\!\mathrm{H}$ and $^{13}\!\mathrm{C}$ NMR of compound 8j.



Supplementary Figure 29. $^1\mathrm{H}$ and $^{13}\mathrm{C}$ NMR of compound 81.



Supplementary Figure 30. $^1\mathrm{H}$ and $^{13}\mathrm{C}$ NMR of compound 10a.

2. <u>Supplementary Methods 1-4</u>

2.1 Computational details

Structure optimizations have been carried out at the B3PW91⁷¹ density functional level of theory with the all-electron TZVP basis set⁷² by using the Gaussian09 program package.⁷³ The B3PW91 functional has been identified suitable for iron carbonyl complexes.^{74,75} The optimized geometries are characterized as energy minimums at the potential energy surface from frequency calculations at the same level of theory, i.e.; energy minimum structure has only real frequencies or authentic transition state have only one imaginary vibration mode, which connects the reactant and product. The Gibbs free energies which are used for discussion and comparison are scaled with the thermal correction to Gibbs free energies at 298 K. The bonding patterns of complexes **8** and **9** have been analyzed by using the method of Natural Bond Orbital (NBO) analysis.⁷⁶

2.2 IR details

IR spectra were recorded on an ATR-FTIR spectrometer (Alpha, Bruker). All spectra were measured with 32 scans at 4 cm⁻¹ resolution.

For IR investigations, the following reaction was performed before:



Afterwards, the solvent of the reaction mixture was slowly evaporated. The residue was measured to give Supplementary Figure 2b. The complex 3 was measured as a solid (Supplementary Figure 2a). Benzonitrile and benzyl amine were measured purely as reference without any solvent (Supplementary Figure 2c and d). The reaction residue (spectra 2b) shows also full conversion of benzonitrile as the signal at v = 2228 cm⁻¹ was not detected.

2.3 NMR analysis of Me-3 and intermediates

a) Synthesis of [(CH₃)N((CH₂CH₂)P(CH(CH₃)₂)₂]₂]

¹**H NMR** (400.1 MHz, C₆D₆): $\delta = 1.01$ (m, 12 H, ³*J*_{PH} = 11.2 Hz, ³*J*_{HH} = 7.0 Hz, PCH(*CH*₃)₂), 1.04 (m, 12 H, ³*J*_{PH} = 13.9 Hz, ³*J*_{HH} = 7.1 Hz, PCH(*CH*₃)₂), 1.57 (m, 4H, ²*J*_{PH} = 2.8 Hz, PC*H*₂), 1.59 (m, 4H, ²*J*_{PH} = 2.1 Hz, ³*J*_{HH} = 7.1 Hz, PCH(*CH*₃)₂), 2.20 (s, 3 H, NC*H*₃), 2.64 (m, 4H, ³*J*_{PH} = 5.6 Hz, NC*H*₂); ¹³**C NMR** (100.6 MHz, C₆D₆): $\delta = 18.99$ (d, ²*J*_{CP} = 9.9 Hz, PCH(*CH*₃)₂), 20.24 (d, ¹*J*_{CP} = 19.5 Hz, PCH₂), 20.30 (d, ²*J*_{CP} = 16.5 Hz, PCH(*CH*₃)₂), 23.67 (d, ¹*J*_{CP} = 14.0 Hz, PCH(*CH*₃)₂), 41.75 (s, N(*CH*₃)), 56.84 (d, ²*J*_{CP} = 28.6 Hz, NC*H*₂), ³¹**P**{¹**H**} **NMR** (161.9 MHz, C₆D₆): $\delta = 1.0$ (s, 95.7 %), -11.8 (s, 4.3 %, unknown impurity).

b) Synthesis of {Fe(H)(HBH₃)[(CH₃)N((CH₂CH₂)P(CH(CH₃)₂)₂)₂]}

¹**H NMR** (300.1 MHz, C₆D₆): δ = -36.07 (bs, 1 H, Fe*H*HBH₂), -23.04 (t, 1 H, Fe*H*, J_{HP} = 53.2 Hz), -12.09 (bs, 1 H, FeH*H*BH₂), 0.77-1.49 (overlapped m, 35 H,) 2.38 (m, 2 H), 2.96 (m, 2 H), 4.49 (b, 2 H, FeHHBH₂); ¹³**C NMR** (75.5 MHz, C₆D₆): δ = 17.3 19.1, 19.3, 20.5, 19.8, 21.9, 26.2, 50.1, 65.9; ³¹P{¹H} **NMR** (121.0 MHz, C₆D₆): δ = 96.7 (s, 99.6 %), 0.9 (s, 0.4 %, free ligand)

c. Synthesis of {Fe(H)(HBH₃)(CO)[(CH₃)N((CH₂CH₂)P(CH(CH₃)₂)₂)₂]}

 $[Fe(H)(HBH_3)(CO)[(CH_3)N((CH_2CH_2)P(CH(CH_3)_2)_2)_2]$ (mixture of two isomers, major isomer ~ 90%, minor isomer 10% according to ³¹P{¹H} NMR) Because of extensive overlap only a few peaks could be assigned in the ¹H NMR. ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, C₆D₆): δ = -20.08 (t, 1 H, FeH, J_{HP} = 51.4 Hz, min), -19.51(t, 1 H, FeH, J_{HP} = 52.1 Hz, maj), - 2.62 ppm (b, 4 H, FeHBH₃, maj + min), 0.88-0.95 (m, PCH(CH₃)₂, maj), 1.08-1.14 (m, PCH(CH₃)₂, maj), 1.18-1.25 (m, PCH(CH₃)₂, maj), 1.67-1.75 (m, PCH(CH₃)₂, maj), 1.97 (s, NCH₃, maj), 2.13 (s, NCH₃, min), 2.92-2.99 (m, 2H, maj), 3.22 (b, 2H, min); ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, C₆D₆): δ (maj) = 18.12, 19.22, 20.62, 21.02, 25.37, 25.53, 28.14, 30.71, 50.65, 65.56 (*The peak of coordinated CO could not be detected, however evidence of its presence was obtained by means of IR*); ³¹P{¹H} NMR (121.0 MHz, C₆D₆): δ = 92.9 (s, maj); 97.2 (s, min). IR ATR: $\bar{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] 2369 (m, ν BH), 2327 (m, ν BH), 2054, (br, ν BH), 1851 (m, ν CO), 1901 (s, ν CO), 1050 (s, δ BH₃). ESI-HRMS (m/z, pos): Calculated for [C17H40FeNP2] 376.198; found: 376.19808 [M-BH₄-CO]⁺.

2.4 Analysis of ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra

Aromatic and heteroaromatic products 2:

 $\int_{NH_3} c_{1} p$ -tolylmethanammonium chloride (2b). ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d_6): $\delta = 2.22$ (s, 3 H), 3.86 (s, 3 H), 7.08-7.16 (m, 2 H), 7.25-7.33 (m, 2 H), 8.39 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d_6) $\delta = 20.8$, 42.0, 129.0, 129.1, 131.1, 137.8. GCMS-EI (70eV): m/z (%) = 121 (M⁺, 33), 120 (86), 106 (58), 105 (24), 103 (100), 93 (36), 91 (37), 79 (14), 77 (24), 36 (12). HRMS (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for C₈H₁₁N (M+H)⁺ 122.0964; found 122.0965.



(4-(*tert*-butyl)phenyl)methanammonium chloride (2c). ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 1.17$ (s, 9 H), 3.77-3.92 (m, 2 H), 7.29-7.36 (m, 4 H), 8.43 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆) $\delta = 31.1$, 34.4, 41.9, 125.4, 128.9, 131.2, 151.0. GCMS-EI (70eV): m/z (%) = 163 (M⁺, 6), 162 (18), 148 (44),

132 (13), 131 (13), 115 (10), 106 (100), 91 (21), 79 (11), 77 (12), 30 (17). **HRMS** (EI, m/z) calcd. for $C_{11}H_{17}N (M+)^+$ 164.1434; found 164.1436.

⁺_{NH₃ Cl} (4-(methylthio)phenyl)methanammonium chloride (2e).⁷⁷ ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 2.44$ (s, 3 H), 4.03 (s, 2 H), 7.23-7.30 (m, 2 H), 7.30-7.38 (m, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆) $\delta = 15.2, 127.6, 130.6, 130.8, 141.9.$

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{(2-methoxyphenyl)methanammonium chloride (2g). }^{1}H \ \textbf{NMR} \ (300.1 \ \textbf{MHz}, \ \textbf{DMSO-d}_{6}): \ \delta = 3.73 \ (\text{s}, \ 3 \ \text{H}), \\ \textbf{3.80-3.89 (m, 2 \ \text{H}), 6.34-6.91 (m, 1 \ \text{H}), 6.94-7.00 \ (m, 1 \ \text{H}), 7.22-7.36 \ (m, 2 \ \text{H}), 8.30 \ (\text{s}, \ 3 \ \text{H}). }^{13}C \ \textbf{NMR} \ (75.5 \ \textbf{MHz}, \ \textbf{DMSO-d}_{6}) \ \delta = 37.6, 55.6, 111.0, 120.3, 121.7, 130.3, 130.3, 157.2. \ \textbf{GCMS-EI} \ (70eV): \ \textbf{m/z} \ (\%) = 137 \end{array}$

 $(M^+, 67)$, 136 (100), 122 (15), 121 (36), 120 (22), 119 (11), 108 (10), 107 (13), 106 (39), 104 (22), 93 (10), 91 (30), 78 (24), 77 (25), 65 (13), 63 (20), 51 (12), 36 (23). **HRMS** (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for C₈H₁₁NO (M+H)⁺ 138.0913; found 138.0911.

^{MeO} (3-methoxyphenyl)methanammonium chloride (2h). ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 2.60$ (s, 3 H), 2.98-3.10 (m, 2 H), 5.96-6.04 (m, 1 H), 6.09-6.16 (m, 1 H), 6.20-6.27 (m, 1 H), 6.33-6.42 (m, 1 H), 7.65 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆) $\delta = 42.1$, 55.3, 144.0, 114.5, 121.0, 129.7, 135.6, 159.4. GCMS-EI (70eV): m/z (%) = 137 (M⁺, 58), 136 (100), 122 (13), 121 (19), 120 (12), 94 (33), 93 (19), 92 (13), 91 (15), 79 (15), 78 (21), 77 (37), 67 (10), 66 (18), 65 (20), 64 (14), 63 (21), 51 (16), 50 (13), 39 (16), 30 (34). HRMS (EI, m/z) calcd. for C₈H₁₁NO (M)⁺ 137.0835; found 137.0831.

 $(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl) methanammonium chloride (2i). ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d_6): \delta = 3.66$ (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 6 H), 3.77-3.86 (m, 2 H), 6.81-6.94 (m, 2 H), 7.13-7.18 (m, 1 H), 8.39 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR $(75.5 MHz, DMSO-d_6) <math>\delta = 30.8, 42.1, 44.7, 55.6, 111.6, 113.0, 121.5, 126.4, 148.7, 148.9.$ **GCMS-EI** (70eV): m/z (%) = 167 (M⁺, 53), 166 (46), 152 (14), 151 (27), 150 (11), 139 (10), 137 (14), 136 (100), 124 (23), 121 (11), 109 (13), 107 (17), 93 (11), 92 (16), 80 (18), 79 (17), 77 (14), 65 (15), 53 (10), 51 (15), 30 (16). **HRMS** (EI, m/z) calcd. for C₉H₁₃NO₂ (M)⁺ 167.0941; found 167.0942.

(6-methoxynaphthalen-2-yl)methanammonium chloride (2j). ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 3.76$ (s, 3 H), 4.00 (s, 2 H), 7.08 (dd, J = 9.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.20-7.26 (m, 1 H), 7.50 (dd, J = 8.5 Hz, 1 H), 7.65-7.78 (m, 2 H), 7.81 (s, 1 H), 8.53 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆) $\delta = 42.4$, 55.3, 105.9, 119.2, 127.1, 127.2, 128.0, 128.0, 129.2, 129.4, 139.1, 157.7. GCMS-EI (70eV): m/z (%) = 188 (11), 187 (M⁺, 91), 186 (100), 172 (12), 171 (32), 159 (17), 156 (15), 144 (29), 143 (13), 128 (27), 127 (17), 116 (14), 115 (39), 114 (13). HRMS (EI, m/z) calcd. for $C_{12}H_{13}NO (M)^{+}$ 187.0992; found 187.0993.



4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)methanammonium (2l). ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ = 4.06 (s, 2 H), 7.64-7.80 (m, 4 H), 8.69 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 41.7, 124.2 (q, *J* = 273 Hz),

125.4 (q, J = 3.6 Hz), 128.9 (q, J = 32 Hz), 129.8, 138.8. **GCMS-EI** (70eV): m/z (%) = 175 (M⁺, 51), 174 (100), 156 (20), 145 (11), 127 (45), 106 (58), 77 (11), 75 (11), 50 (10), 30 (27). **HRMS** (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for C₈H₈F₃N (M+H)⁺ 176.0682; found 176.0680.

 $\int_{\mathsf{F}} \int_{\mathsf{NH}_3} c_{\mathsf{I}} \int_{\mathsf{NH}_3} c_{\mathsf{I}} \int_{\mathsf{NH}_3} (\mathbf{4} - \mathbf{fluorophenyl}) \mathbf{methanammonium chloride (2m).} {}^{1}\mathbf{H} \mathbf{NMR} (300.1 \text{ MHz, DMSO-d}_6): \delta = 3.91 (s, 2 \text{ H}), 7.10-7.25 (m, 2 \text{ H}), 7.45-7.57 (m, 2 \text{ H}), 8.56 (s, 3 \text{ H}). {}^{13}\mathbf{C} \mathbf{NMR} (75.5 \text{ MHz, DMSO-d}_6): \delta = 41.4, 115.4 (d, J = 10.4 \text{ Hz}), 130.5 (d, J = 3.1 \text{ Hz}), 131.4 (d, J = 8.4 \text{ Hz}), 162.1 (d, J = 122.0 \text{ Hz}). \mathbf{GCMS-EI} (70\text{eV}): m/z (\%) = 125 (M^+, 32), 124 (100), 109 (26), 105 (45), 97 (36), 96 (13), 95 (15), 83 (11), 77 (14), 75 (21), 51 (12), 50 (14), 30 (24). \mathbf{HRMS} (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for C₇H₈FN (M+H)⁺ 126.0714; found 126.0712.$

(4-chlorophenyl)methanammonium chloride (2n). ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 3.92$ (s, 2 H), 7.34-7.94 (m, 4 H), 8.46 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 41.5$, 128.6, 131.1, 133.1, 133.2. GCMS-EI (70eV): m/z (%) = 142 (15), 141 (M⁺, 11), 140 (47), 125 (11), 106 (100), 89 (12), 79 (12), 78 (11), 77 (33), 75 (19), 74 (12), 51 (16), 50 (17), 30 (23). HRMS (EI, m/z) calcd. for C₇H₇ClN (R=NH₂)⁺ 140.0262; found 140.0263.

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{(4-bromophenyl)methanammonium chloride (20).} \ ^{1}\text{H NMR} (300.1 \text{ MHz, DMSO-d}_{6}): \delta = 3.91 (s, 2 \text{ H}), 7.37-7.44 (m, 2 \text{ H}), 7.49-7.56 (m, 2 \text{ H}), 8.58 (s, 3 \text{ H}). \ ^{13}\text{C NMR} (75.5 \text{ MHz, DMSO-d}_{6}): \delta = 41.4, 121.7, 131.3, 131.4, 133.6. \text{ GCMS-EI} (70 \text{eV}): m/z (\%) = 186 (22), 184 (M^{+}, 23), 106 (100), 89 (10), 79 (14), 78 (15), 77 (23), 75 (10), 51 (12), 50 (16), 30 (17). \text{ HRMS} (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for C_7H_8BrN (M+H)^+ 185.9913; found 185.9913. \end{array}$

^{Br} $\lambda_{H_3 Cl}^{+}$ (3-bromophenyl)methanammonium chloride (2p). ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, D₂O): $\delta = 4.16$ (s, 2 H), 7.31-7.44 (m, 2 H), 7.56-7.69 (m, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, D₂O): $\delta = 42.4$, 122.2, 127.6, 130.8, 131.6, 132.1, 134.7. GCMS-EI (70eV): m/z (%) = 186 (23), 184 (M⁺, 24), 106 (100), 79 (13), 78 (12), 77 (22), 50 (10), 30 (13). HRMS (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for C₇H₈BrN (M+H)⁺ 185.9913; found 185.9913.

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(6-methoxypyridin-3-yl)methanammonium chloride (2r). ¹**H NMR** (300.1 MHz, D₂O) δ = 4.18 (s, 3 H), 4.30 (s, 2 H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1 H), 8.32-8.50 (m, 2 H). ¹³**C NMR** (75.5 MHz, D₂O) δ = 39.1, 57.8, 111.4, 123.2, 140.3, 148.2, 161.8. **GCMS-EI** (70eV): m/z (%) = 138 (M⁺, 52), 137 (65), 122 (15), 110 (100), 108 (11), 106 (11), 80 (10), 78 (16), 67 (10), 53 (11), 52 (10), 51 (10), 42 (13), 30 (12). **HRMS** (EI, m/z) calcd. for C₇H₁₀NO (M)⁺ 138.0788; found 138.0786.

 $\int_{S} \int_{NH_{3}} ds = \frac{1}{NH_{3}} ds = \frac{1}{N$



(4-(methoxycarbonyl)phenyl)methanammonium chloride (2u). ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, D₂O), $\delta =$ 3.91 (s, 3H), 4.25 (s, 2H), 7.48-7.60 (m, 2H), 7.98-8.11 (m, 2H) (10% iso-propylester present in NMR, signals are not assigned here). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, D_2O): $\delta = 42.6, 52.7, 128.8, 130.0, 137.8, 168.7.$

NMR shows also *iso*-propylester signals not assigned here. **GCMS-EI** (70eV): m/z (%) = 165 (M⁺, 7), 164 (33), 150 (27), 134 (29), 133 (68), 132 (21), 106 (100), 105 (57), 104 (22), 91 (11), 89 (17), 79 (18), 77 (33), 36 (15). HRMS (EI, m/z) calcd. for $C_9H_{11}NO_2$ (R=NH₂)⁺ 164.0706; found 164.0708.

(4-aminophenyl)methanammonium chloride (2v). ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, D₂O), $\delta = 4.22$ (s, 2 H), `NH₃ CI 7.42-7.48 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.61 (m, 2H). ¹³**C NMR** (75.5 MHz, D_2O): $\delta = 42.3$, 123.6, 130.6, 130.9, 133.5. H₂N **GCMS-EI** (70eV): m/z (%) = 122 (M⁺, 89), 121 (100), 16 (68), 94 (40), 93 (14), 78 (16), 77 (22), 65 (10), 63 (15), 36 (16). **HRMS** (EI, m/z) calcd. for $C_7H_{10}BrN(M)^+$ 122.0839; found 122.0835.

(4-acetamidophenyl)methanammonium chloride (2w).⁷⁸¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, D₂O), $\delta = 2.14$ (s, 3 H), 4.14 (s, 2 H), 7.40-7.48 (m, 4 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, D₂O): δ = 22.8, 42.6, 122.2, 129.3, 129.7, 137.6, 173.0.



(1-(4-fluorophenyl)-1,3-dihydroisobenzofuran-5-yl)methanammonium chloride (2x). ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, MeOD), $\delta = 4.14$ (s, 2 H), 5.09-5.23 (m, 1 H), 5.24-5.39 (m, 1 H), 6.16 (s, 1H), 6.97-7.13 (m, 3 H), 7.27-7.48 (m, 4 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, MeOD): $\delta = 44.1$, 73.8, 86.5, 116.3 (d, J = 22.0Hz), 123.0, 124.0, 129.7, 129.86 (d, J = 8.1 Hz), 134.4, 139.5 (d, J = 3.3 Hz), 141.5, 144.4, 164.0 (d, J = 122.5 Hz). **HRMS** (EI, m/z) calcd. for $C_{15}H_{13}ONF (R=NH_2)^+ 242.0976$; found 242.0971.

aliphatic products 5:

3-methylbutan-1-ammonium chloride (8a). ¹**H NMR** (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d₆), $\delta = 0.77$ (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 6 NH₃ CI H), 1.30-1.41 (m, 2 H), 1.45-1.61 (m, 1 H), 2.58-2.72 (m, 2 H), 7.97 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO d_6 : $\delta = 22.2, 25.1, 35.8, 37.2.$ **GCMS-EI** (70eV): m/z (%) = 87 (M⁺, 3), 70 (6), 55 (4), 44 (6), 42 (6), 41 (10), 39 (10), 30 (10), (100). **HRMS** (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for C₅H₁₃rN (M+H)⁺ 88.1121; found 88.1125.

 $c_{eH_{13}} \rightarrow heptan-1-ammonium chloride (8c).$ ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d₆), $\delta = 0.71-0.82$ (m, 3 H), 1.08-1.27 (m, 8 H), 138-1.54 (m, 2 H), 2.54-2.70 (m, 2 H), 7.99 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 14.0, 22.0, 25.9, 27.0, 28.3, 10.13$ 31.1, 38.7. **GCMS-EI** (70eV): m/z (%) = 115 (M⁺, 1), 86 (3), 56 (4), 55 (5), 45 (5), 44 (7), 43 (6), 42 (6), 41 (14), 39 (9), 30 (100), 29 (10). **HRMS** (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for C₇H₁₇BrN (M+H)⁺ 116.1434; found 116.1438.

 $c_{11}H_{23}$ \dot{H}_{3} c_{1} **dodecan-1-ammonium chloride (8d)**. ¹**H NMR** (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d₆), $\delta = 0.71-0.81$ (m, 3 H), 1.08-1.23 (m, 18 H), 1.38-1.53 (m, 2 H), 2.56-2.71 (m, 2 H), 7.96 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 14.0, 22.1, 25.9, 27.0, 12.1, 25.0, 25.$ 28.6, 28.8, 28.9, 29.0, 29.1, 29.1, 31.4, 38.8. GCMS-EI (70eV): m/z (%) = 185 (M⁺, 1), 100 (4), 86 (7), 69 (5), 57 (4), 56 (8), 55 (12), 45 (9), 44 (12), 43 (15), 42 (6), 41 (245), 39 (7), 30 (100), 29 (11). **HRMS** (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for C₁₂H₂₇N (M+H)⁺ 186.2216; found 186.2216.

 $C_{16H_{32}} \wedge h_{H_{3}}^{\dagger} C_{10}^{\dagger}$ heptadecan-1-ammonium chloride (8e). ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, MeOD), $\delta = 0.84-0.94$ (m, 3 H), 1.22-1.44 (m, 28 H), 1.57-1.71 (m, 2 H), 2.86-2.94 (m, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, MeOD): $\delta = 14.5, 23.7, 27.5, 28.6, 30.2, 30.5,$ 30.7, 30.8 (big peak), 33.1, 40.8. **GCMS-EI** (70eV): m/z (%) = 255 (M⁺, 2), 100 (4), 86 (8), 83 (4), 72 (4), 57 (8), 56 (8), 55 (16), 45 (8), 44 (18), 43 (21), 42 (6), 41 (21), 39 (4), 30 (100), 29 (9). **HRMS** (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for $C_{17}H_{37}N$ (M+H)⁺ 256.2999; found 256.2999.

adamantan-1-ylmethanammonium chloride (8f). ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d₆), $\delta = 1.39$ -1.65 (m, 12 H), 1.83-1.91 (m, 3 H), 2.34-2.40, 7.91 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 27.4$, 31.6, 36.1, 38.9, 49.9. **GCMS-EI** (70eV): m/z (%) = 165 (M⁺, 23), 136 (11), 135 (100), 107 (12), 93 (25), 91 (14), 79

(31), 77 (14), 30 (19). **HRMS** (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for $C_{11}H_{19}N (M+H)^+$ 166.1590; found 166.1590.

 $\begin{array}{c} \overbrace{}^{+}_{NH_{3}\text{ Cl}^{-}} & \text{cyclohexylmethanammonium chloride (8g).} \ ^{1}\text{H NMR} \ (300.1 \ \text{MHz}, \ \text{DMSO-d}_{6}), \ \delta = 0.74\text{-}0.92 \ (m, \ 2 \ \text{H}), \\ 0.96\text{-}1.20 \ (m, \ 3 \ \text{H}), \ 1.42\text{-}1.74 \ (m, \ 6 \ \text{H}), \ 2.46\text{-}2.60 \ (m, \ 2 \ \text{H}), \ 8.09 \ (s, \ 3 \ \text{H}). \ ^{13}\text{C NMR} \ (75.5 \ \text{MHz}, \ \text{DMSO-d}_{6}): \ \delta \\ = 25.1, \ 25.7, \ 29.8, \ 35.4, \ 44.4. \ \text{HRMS} \ (\text{ESI-TOF}, \ \text{m/z}) \ \text{calcd. for } \ C_{7}\text{H}_{15}\text{N} \ (\text{M+H})^{+} \ 114.1277; \ \text{found} \ 114.1278. \end{array}$

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2-phenylethanammonium chloride (8i). ¹**H NMR** (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d₆), $\delta = 2.72-2.95$ (m, 4 H), 7.06-7.24 (m, 5 H), 8.14 (s, 3 H). ¹³**C NMR** (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 33.0, 39.8, 126.7, 128.7, 128.7, 137.5$. **GCMS-EI** (70eV): m/z (%) = 121 (M⁺, 6), 92 (11), 91 (37), 89 (7), 65 (22), 63 (10), 51 (12), 50 (7), 39 (13), 30 (100). **HRMS** (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for C₈H₁₁N (M+H)⁺ 122.0964; found 122.0963.

⁺NH₃ ci⁻ **2-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethanammonium chloride (8j)**. ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, D₂O), $\delta = 2.93$ (t, J = 7.4 Hz, J = 7.4 Hz, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 3.23 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H), 3.80 (s, 3 H), 6.94-7.02 (m, 2 H), 7.21-7.30 (m, 2 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, D₂O): $\delta = 31.8$, 40.7, 55.3, 114.4, 129.1, 130.1, 157.9. **GCMS-EI** (70eV): m/z (%) = 151 (M⁺, 4), 123 (8), 122 (100), 121 (63), 107 (9), 91 (15), 89 (7), 79 (7), 78 (27), 77 (23), 65 (7), 52 (9), 51 (11), 39 (6), 30 (56). **HRMS** (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for C₉H₁₃NO (M+H)⁺ 152.1070; found 152.1068.

3-phenylpropan-1-ammonium chloride (8k). ¹**H NMR** (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d₆), $\delta = 1.69-1.82$ (m, 2 H), 2.53 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, J = 7.7 Hz, 2 H), 2.57-2.70 (m, 2 H), 7.03-7.13 (m, 3 H), 7.14-7.22 (m, 2 H), 8.06 (s, 3 H). ¹³**C NMR** (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 28.8$, 31.9, 38.3, 126.1, 128.3, 128.5, 141.0. **GCMS-EI** (70eV): m/z (%) = 135 (M⁺, 4), 119 (9), 118 (100), 117 (62), 115 (7), 104 (11), 103 (15), 92 (14), 91 (47), 79 (10), 78 (17), 77 (25), 65 (21), 63 (11), 51 (21), 50 (10), 39 (15), 30 (98). **HRMS** (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for C₉H₁₃N (M+H)⁺ 136.1121; found 136.1124.

 $(E)-3-phenylprop-2-en-1-ammonium chloride (8l). ¹H NMR (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d₆), \delta 3.42-3.54 (m, 2 H), 6.13-6.27 (m, 1 H), 6.57-6.94 (m, 1 H), 7.08-7.37 (m, 5 H), 8.26 (s, 3 H). ¹³C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d₆): <math>\delta = 40.6$, 122.1, 126.5, 128.3, 128.9, 134.4, 135.8. **GCMS-EI** (70eV): m/z (%) = 133 (M⁺, 100), 132 (82), 130 (12), 117 (18), 116 (16), 115 (50), 91 (14), 78 (17), 77 (15), 63 (17), 56 (21), 51 (10), 36 (15). **HRMS** (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for C₉H₁₃N (M+H)⁺ 136.1121; found 136.1124.

diamine products 7:

 $\vec{c_{H_{3}N_{N+3}C_{I}}} \xrightarrow{hexane-1,6-diammonium chloride (10a). ^{1}H NMR (300.1 MHz, DMSO-d_{6}), \delta = 1.19-1.29 (m, 4 H), 1.48 (p, J = 7.2 Hz, 4 H), 2.62-2.75 (m, 4 H), 7.90 (s, 6 H). ^{13}C NMR (75.5 MHz, DMSO-d_{6}): \delta = 25.4, 26.8, 38.6. GCMS-EI (70eV): m/z (%) = 117 ([M+H]^+, 2), 87 (15), 56 (20), 30 (100). HRMS (ESI-TOF, m/z) calcd. for C₆H₁₆N₂ (M+H)⁺ 117.1386; found 117.1390.$

 $\vec{C_{I}}_{H_{3}N} \xrightarrow{+}{} \vec{C_{I}}_{H_{3}N} \xrightarrow$

3. <u>Supplementary References</u>

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