

## Supplementary Information

### Distinct Amorphization Resistance in High-entropy MAX-phases (Ti, M)<sub>2</sub>AlC (M=Nb, Ta, V, Zr) Under *in situ* Irradiation

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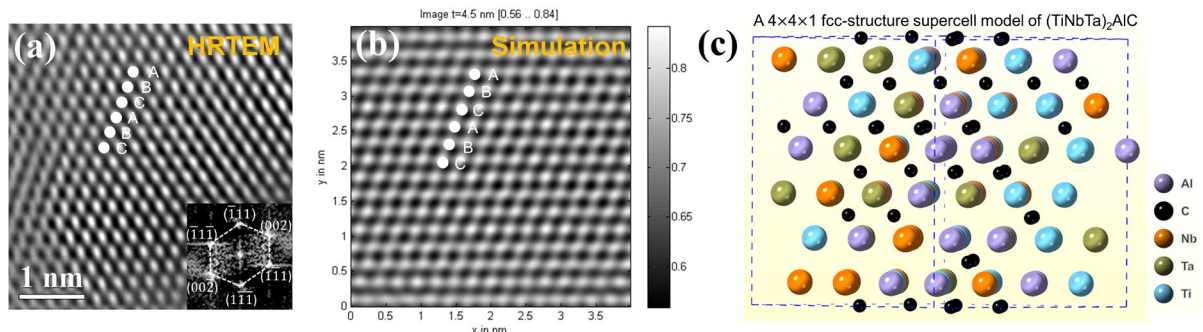
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#### Supplementary Note 1. Phase contrast simulation of the fcc-phase

Supplementary Figure 1(a) shows the HRTEM micrograph of (TiNbTa)<sub>2</sub>AlC irradiated at a dose of 7.2 dpa (derived from a crystalline area in Fig. 3(d)), which exhibits an fcc-structure with ABCABC... stacking sequence. Supplementary Figure 1(b) shows the simulated phase contrast image along  $[11\bar{2}0]$  zone axis of a random fcc-(TiNbTa)<sub>2</sub>AlC SQS supercell (solid-solution in cation sites, as shown in Supplementary Figure 1(c)) via the QSTEM program, the thickness and defocus are set as 4.5 nm and -61.3 nm, respectively. It is revealed that the simulation result is consistent with the experimental HRTEM micrograph. Phase-contrast simulation in (TiNbTaVZr)<sub>2</sub>AlC shows analogous results (not presented in the manuscript).



<sup>1</sup> These authors contributed equally to this work.

Supplementary Figure 1 (a) HRTEM micrograph of  $(\text{TiNbTa})_2\text{AlC}$  irradiated at a dose of 7.2 dpa, with an fcc-structure (crystalline area in Fig. 3(d)). The electron beam is along  $[11\bar{2}0]$  direction and inset shows the corresponding FFT image. (b) The simulated phase contrast image along  $[11\bar{2}0]$  zone axis (thickness and defocus set as 4.5 nm and -61.3 nm, respectively) of the fcc- $(\text{TiNbTa})_2\text{AlC}$  supercell via the QSTEM program. (c) A  $4\times 4\times 1$  fcc-structure supercell model of  $(\text{TiNbTa})_2\text{AlC}$  used for the phase contrast simulation.

### Supplementary Note 2. Proportion of the elemental components:

The proportion of the elemental components in  $(\text{TiNbTa})_2\text{AlC}$  and  $(\text{TiNbTaVZr})_2\text{AlC}$  is given in the Supplementary Table 1, which is cited from Ref 1<sup>1</sup>. The proportions of the elemental components in the M-site of  $(\text{TiNbTa})_2\text{AlC}$  and  $(\text{TiNbTaVZr})_2\text{AlC}$  are close.

**Supplementary Table 1:** The elemental proportion of  $(\text{TiNbTa})_2\text{AlC}$  and  $(\text{TiNbTaVZr})_2\text{AlC}$ <sup>1</sup>

	Elemental proportion (at.%)						
	Ti	Nb	Ta	V	Zr	Al	C
$(\text{TiNbTa})_2\text{AlC}$	7.97	8.50	7.90	-	-	11.54	64.09
$(\text{TiNbTaVZr})_2\text{AlC}$	6.82	7.55	7.85	6.22	4.51	14.59	52.46

## Supplementary References

- 1 Chen, L. *et al.* Multiprincipal Element M<sub>2</sub>FeC (M = Ti, V, Nb, Ta, Zr) MAX Phases with Synergistic Effect of Dielectric and Magnetic Loss. *Advanced Science* **10**, doi:10.1002/advs.202206877 (2023).