# nature portfolio

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## **Reporting Summary**

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

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FOr	all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Confirmed
$\times$	$\Box$ The exact sample size ( $n$ ) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
$\boxtimes$	A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
$\boxtimes$	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
$\boxtimes$	A description of all covariates tested
$\boxtimes$	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
$\boxtimes$	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
$\times$	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
$\times$	$\square$ Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's $d$ , Pearson's $r$ ), indicating how they were calculated
	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.

#### Software and code

Policy information about <u>availability of computer code</u>

Data collection

Provide a description of all commercial, open source and custom code used to collect the data in this study, specifying the version used OR state that no software was used.

Data analysis

Beast 2, v. 2.6.3 for Bayesian phylogenetic inference; R statistical environment v. 4.2.0 with BioGeoBEARS package 1.1.2 for biogeographical analysis; TNT v. 1.5 for parsimony phylogenetic inference. All software and code is available on the online repository DRYAD (https://doi.org/10.5061/dryad.pg4f4qrqd)

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

#### Data

Policy information about <u>availability of data</u>

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our policy

All data files used for analyses are hosted on DRYAD (https://doi.org/10.5061/dryad.pg4f4qrqd). All fossils are reposited in recognized natural history institutions. To preserve the integrity of the fossil localities and the natural history resources of Zimbabwe, we do not present the geographic coordinate data here. Geographic coordinate data are available on request from the Natural History Museum of Zimbabwe (NHMZ), and are recorded in the specimen catalog and records of the NHMZ for full reproducibility.

Field	-specific	reporting

Field-specific	c reporting	
Please select the one below	v that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.	
Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences	
For a reference copy of the docume	ent with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>	
Ecological o	volutionary & environmental sciences study design	
Lcological, e	volutionary & environmental sciences study design	_
	n these points even when the disclosure is negative.	
Study description	Recovery of fossilized material from the Triassic of Zimbabwe; placing material into a phylogeny of early dinosaurs and using this phylogeny to test hypothesis of biogeographic dispersal	
Research sample	Fossils recovered from a single site in the Pebbly Arkose Formation of northern Zimbabwe: a sauropodomorph (Mbiresaurus raathi, gen. et sp. nov.), a herrerasaurid, a hyperodapedontine rhynchosaur, a traversodontid cynodont, aetosaur	
Sampling strategy	Standard palaeontological excavation methods	
Data collection	Anatomical and histological observation	
Timing and spatial scale	Fieldwork proceeded July–August 2017; May–June 2019	
Data exclusions	NA	
Reproducibility	All fossils reposited in recognized natural history museums	
Randomization	NA	
Blinding	NA	
Did the study involve field	d work?	
Field work, collect	tion and transport	
Field conditions	Dry season, warm, mild, no rainfall	
Location	Dande Communal Area, Mbire District, Zimbabwe	
Access & import/export	NA	
Disturbance	NA	)
Reporting fo	r specific materials, systems and methods	
We require information from a	authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material,	-
,	evant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.	
Materials & experime	ental systems  Methods  n/a Involved in the study	
n/a   Involved in the study   Antibodies	ChiP-seq	
Eukaryotic cell lines		
Palaeontology and a		
Animals and other o	organisms	
Human research pai	rticipants	
Clinical data		
Dual use research o	f concern	

### Palaeontology and Archaeology

Specimen provenance

Zimbabwe. All foreign researchers involved in fieldwork (C.T.G., S.T., S.J.N.) were registered with the Research Council of Zimbabwe for 2017 and 2019 field seasons (permit number 02991 and 03266 to C.T.G.; 02992 to S.T.; 03267 to S.J.N.).

Specimen deposition

Detrital zircon dating was attempted, but the obtained age indicated that the processes that created these zircons occurred long before the deposition of our Carnian locality. Dating was therefore based primarily on biostratigraphy

| Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.

Ethics oversight All foreign researchers registered with the Research Council of Zimbabwe.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.