## nature research

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## **Reporting Summary**

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see our <u>Editorial Policies</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

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For	ali st	atistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Coi	nfirmed
	$\boxtimes$	The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
X		A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
		The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided  Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
$\boxtimes$		A description of all covariates tested
		A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	$\boxtimes$	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
		For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
$\times$		For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
X		For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
	$  \times  $	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
		Our web collection on statistics for biologists contains articles on many of the points above.

## Software and code

Policy information about <u>availability of computer code</u>

Data collection

Fastq files from the sequencing data generated for this study were first deposited and downloaded from Illumina BaseSpace. Public datasets used in this study were downloaded from the corresponding public repositories which are described and cited in the Main or Methods sections.

Data analysis

All code used to analyse the data is described in the Methods section. Custom code is available upon request and will be made available through https://github.com/llorenzi90/RNA\_Atlas

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

## Data

Policy information about <u>availability of data</u>

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

All types of RNA entities can be readily explored via the online R2: Genomics analysis and visualization platform (http://r2.amc.nl), and via a dedicated accessible portal (http://r2platform.com/rna\_atlas). This portal includes Genome browser profiles for the total RNA as well as polyA tracks for all samples. All samples can also be used for correlations, differential signals and many more analyses. In addition, the LongHorn results, described in this manuscript can be explored. The raw data (fastq files) and processed expression measurement tables from all RNA biotypes across samples have been deposited in NCBI's Gene Expression Omnibus and are accessible through GEO Series accession number GSE138734 (ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE138734).

Field-spe	ecific re	norting			
Life sciences	_	the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.  Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences			
		Ill sections, see nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf			
Total eleteration copy of	the document with	indications, see interesting declined by interesting defining your interesting seements of the seement of the s			
Life scier	nces stu	ıdy design			
All studies must dis	sclose on these	points even when the disclosure is negative.			
Sample size		the extension of the sample set and sequencing methods applied in this study, it was not feasible to include replicates for the imples. However, when possible, we exploit similarity of samples based on ontology relationships to assess reproducibility.			
Data exclusions	Data exclusion f	from particular analyses and the rationale behind it are described in Methods.			
Replication		he extension of the sample set and sequencing methods applied in this study, it was not feasible to include replicates for the ples. However, when possible, we exploit similarity of samples based on ontology relationships to assess reproducibility.			
Randomization	This is not relev	ant to our study			
Blinding	This is not relev	ant to our study			
We require informati	on from authors a	Decific materials, systems and methods  about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.			
Materials & ex					
n/a Involved in th		n/a Involved in the study			
Antibodies		ChIP-seq			
Eukaryotic cell lines		Flow cytometry			
Palaeontology and archaeology MRI-based neuroimaging					
Animals and other organisms					
Human research participants					
Clinical data  Dual use research of concern					
ZA LES SECTIONS OF CONCESS					
Eukaryotic c	ell lines				
Policy information about <u>cell lines</u>					
Cell line source(s	)	cell lines were obtained from NCI60 or the Center for Medical Genetics Ghent (CMGG), Ghent University			

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Authentication

Mycoplasma contamination

Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)

Cell lines were obtained from NCI60 or the Center for Medical Genetics Ghent (CMGG), Ghent Univeristy

Cell lines were authenticated prior to RNA isolation

Mycoplasma contamination

Cell lines were tested and found to be negative for Mycoplasma contamination