## natureresearch

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## **Reporting Summary**

X Life sciences

Behavioural & social sciences

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

Statistics					
For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.					
n/a Confirmed					
☐ ☐ The exact sam	ple size $(n)$ for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement				
A statement o	n whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly				
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided  Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.				
A description of	A description of all covariates tested				
A description of	🔀 🔲 A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons				
A full descripti	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)				
For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i> ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.					
For Bayesian a	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings				
For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes					
$\square$ Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's $d$ , Pearson's $r$ ), indicating how they were calculated					
	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.				
Software and c	ode				
Policy information abou	ut <u>availability of computer code</u>				
Data collection	We used a custom Python program to collect the data from the camera				
Data analysis	We used custom Matlab programs to analyze our data. Protein Calculator v3.4 (http://protcalc.sourceforge.net/) was used to calculate protein charge.				
For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.					
Data					
Policy information about <u>availability of data</u> All manuscripts must include a <u>data availability statement</u> . This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:  - Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets  - A list of figures that have associated raw data  - A description of any restrictions on data availability					
The data that support the findings of this study are available from the corresponding author upon reasonable request.					
Field-specific reporting					
Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection					

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

## Life sciences study design

All studies must dis	close on these points even when the disclosure is negative.
Sample size	We collected millions of single molecular displacements to generate diffusion map for a single cell. For exactly the same experiments, we performed measurements on more than 6 cells and obtained consistent results. Numbers of repeats are given in the figure captions.
Data exclusions	No data excluded from the analysis
Replication	Diffusion rate mapping were reproduced for more than 6 cells for exactly the same experiments. All results are consistent and reproducible.
Randomization	We randomly picked single cells
Blinding	We were blinded to group allocation during data analysis and collection

## Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material,

Materials & experimental systems Met		Methods	
n/a	Involved in the study n	/a Involved in the study	
$\boxtimes$	Antibodies	ChiP-seq	
	⊠ Eukaryotic cell lines	Flow cytometry	
$\boxtimes$	Palaeontology	MRI-based neuroimaging	
$\boxtimes$	Animals and other organisms		
$\boxtimes$	Human research participants		
$\boxtimes$	Clinical data		
Eukaryotic cell lines			

Policy information about <u>cell lines</u>

Cell line source(s) Ptk2 and U2OS cells were from the UC-Berkeley Cell Culture Facility, University of California, Berkeley Authentication U2OS cell line is authenticated by the UC-Berkeley Cell Culture Facility. Non-human cell line Ptk2 is not authenticated. All cell lines are tested for mycoplasma contamination and the results are all negative Mycoplasma contamination

Commonly misidentified lines No commonly misidentified cell lines in this study (See ICLAC register)