Supporting Information

On the Precise Tuning of Optical Filtering Features in Nanoporous Anodic Alumina Distributed Bragg Reflectors

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Figure S1. Anodization profiles of non-apodized and logarithmic negative apodized NAA-DBRs as a function of *J*_{Offset}.



Figure S2. Transmission spectra of non-apodized and logarithmic negative apodized NAA-DBRs as a function of J_{Offset} and t_{pw} .

	Non-apodized NAA-DBRs				Logarithmic Negative Apodized NAA-DBRs			
	J _{offset} 0.140 mA cm ⁻²	J _{offset} 0.280 mA cm ⁻²	J _{offset} 0.420 mA cm ⁻²	J _{offset} 0.560 mA cm ⁻²	J _{offset} 0.140 mA cm ⁻²	J _{offset} 0.280 mA cm ⁻²	J _{offset} 0.420 mA cm ⁻²	J _{offset} 0.560 mA cm ⁻²
t _{ρw} = 0 min								
t _{ρw} = 2 min								
t _{ρw} = 4 min								
<i>t_{pw}</i> = 6 min	\bigcirc							

Figure S3. Digital pictures of non-apodized and logarithmic negative apodized NAA-DBRs as a function of J_{Offset} and t_{pw} .



Figure S4. Anodization profiles of non-apodized and logarithmic negative apodized NAA-DBRs as a function of T_P .



Figure S5. Transmission spectra of non-apodized and logarithmic negative apodized NAA-DBRs as a function of T_P and t_{pw} .



Figure S6. Digital pictures of non-apodized and logarithmic negative apodized NAA-DBRs as a function of T_P and t_{pw} .

The amplitudes as a function of time for the corresponding apodization functions applied in this study are given as **Equations S1 - S8**:

(i) Linear positive apodization

For $t \leq t_{an}/2$

$$A(t)_J = A_{min} + \left(\frac{A_{max} - A_{min}}{\frac{t_{an}}{2}}\right) t$$
 Eq. S1

For $t > t_{an}/2$

$$A(t)_J = A_{min} + \left(\frac{A_{max} - A_{min}}{t_{an} - \frac{t_{an}}{2}}\right). (t_{an} - t)$$
 Eq. S2

(ii) Linear negative apodization

For $t \leq t_{an}/2$

$$A(t)_{J} = A_{max} - \left(\frac{A_{max} - A_{min}}{\frac{t_{an}}{2}}\right) t$$
 Eq. S3

For $t > t_{an}/2$

$$A(t)_J = A_{max} + \left(\frac{A_{min} - A_{max}}{t_{an} - \frac{t_{an}}{2}}\right).(t - t_{an})$$
 Eq. S4

(iii) Logarithmic positive apodization

For $t \leq t_{an}/2$

$$A(t)_{J} = A_{min} + \left(\frac{A_{max} - A_{min}}{\log(\frac{t_{an}}{2} + 10) - 1}\right) \cdot (\log(t + 10) - 1)$$
 Eq. S5

For $t > t_{an}/2$

$$A(t)_{J} = \left(\frac{A_{min} - A_{max}}{\log(t_{an} + 10) - \log\left(\frac{t_{an}}{2} + 1\right)}\right) \cdot \left(\log(t + 10) - \log\left(\frac{t_{an}}{2} + 10\right)\right) + A_{max}$$
 Eq. S6

(iv) Logarithmic negative apodization

For $t \leq t_{an}/2$

$$A(t)_{J} = A_{max} + \left(\frac{A_{min} - A_{max}}{\log\left(\frac{t_{an}}{2} + 10\right) - 1}\right) \cdot \left(\log(t + 10) - 1\right)$$
 Eq. S7

For $t > t_{an}/2$

$$A(t)_{J} = \left(\frac{A_{max} - A_{min}}{\log(t_{an} + 10) - \log(\frac{t_{an}}{2} + 10)}\right) \cdot \left(\log(t + 10) - \log(\frac{t_{an}}{2} + 10)\right) + A_{min}$$
 Eq. S8