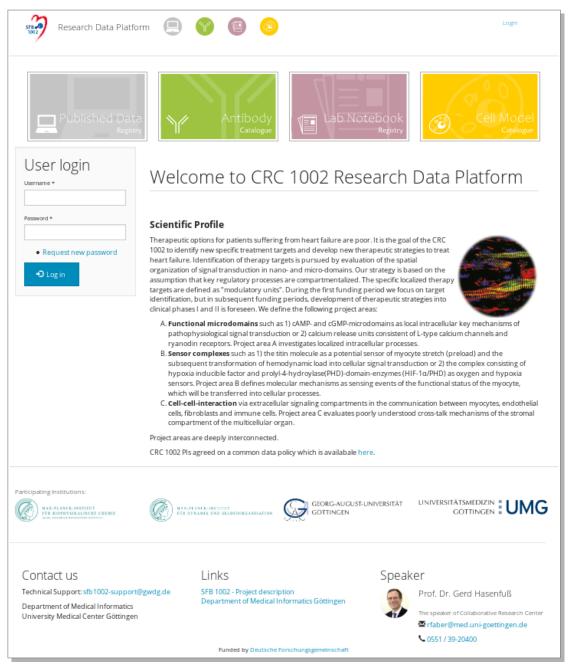


The following pages contain a series of screenshots taken from menoci instances used to support data management for the <u>Collaborative Research Centre 1002</u>. Infomation visible in some pictures may have been altered or blurred because it has not been cleared for publication by the original owners or creators.

The use case depicted is designed to roughly illustrate how menoci supports data management in an advanced light microscopy setting, i.e. how antibodies used for microscopy staining can be documented and referred to in the system. Finally, result data from the experiment is uploaded and the relation to a published scientific article is documented.

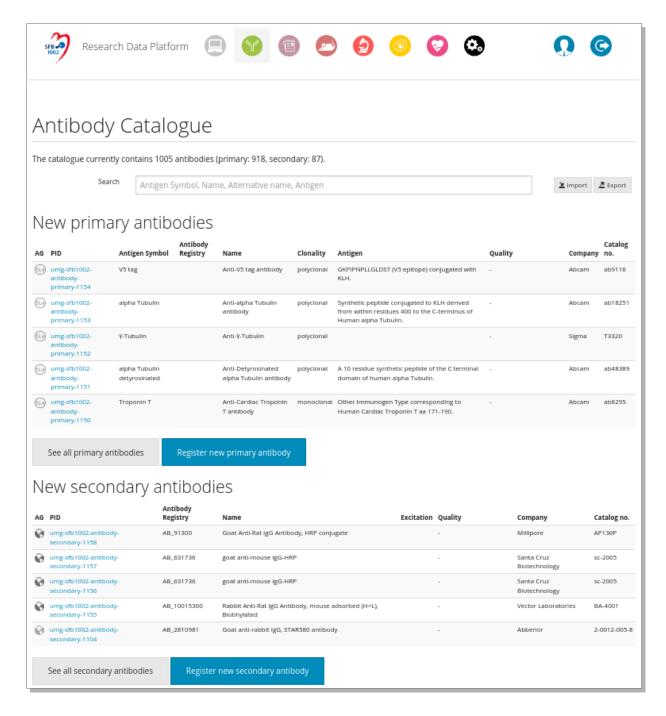
1. Overview of menoci instance start page

The start page of the CRC1002 menoci instance allows access to four menoci modules for non-authorized users: Published Data Registry, Antibody Catalogue, Lab Notebook Registry and Cell Model Catalogue. Following successful login, more modules are available. The startpage further contains a project description as well as contact information for the project speaker, participating instutions and funding agency.

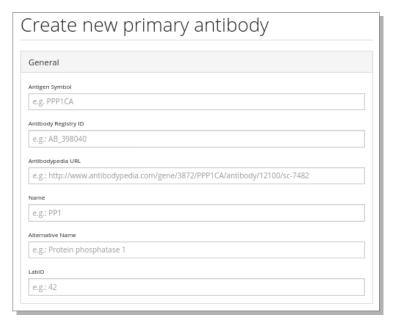


2. Documentation of antibodies

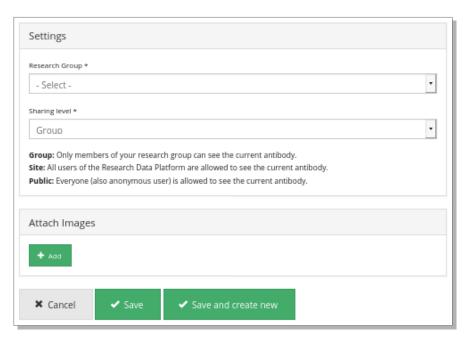
When accessing the Antibody Catalogue module (here as an already logged in user), antibodies registered with the system are displayed split into categories of primary and secondary antibodies. A searchbar allows for quick access to specific information. All data available for the current user based on access privileges may be exported in spreadsheet format. If authorized accordingly, new antibody infomation may be registered by the user.



When inserting new antibody data, multiple descriptive metadata are collected from the user, including manufacturer, catalogue nr., Lot number, and on-site storage information.



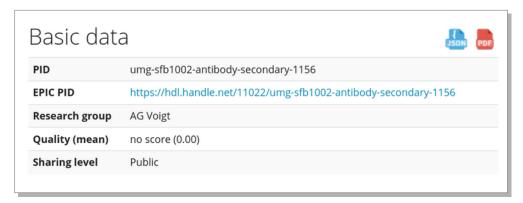
Finally, the user is asked to specificy which of the project's research groups is in possession of the described antibody and which "Sharing level" shall be assigned. Four different "Sharing levels" allow distinction between publically visible data, project-wide, research group-internal, or private data. These same levels provide users of the menoci system with a simple recurring classification of data visibility.



Images may be uploaded and annotated with comments, for example when further detailing antibody performance in Western Blot.

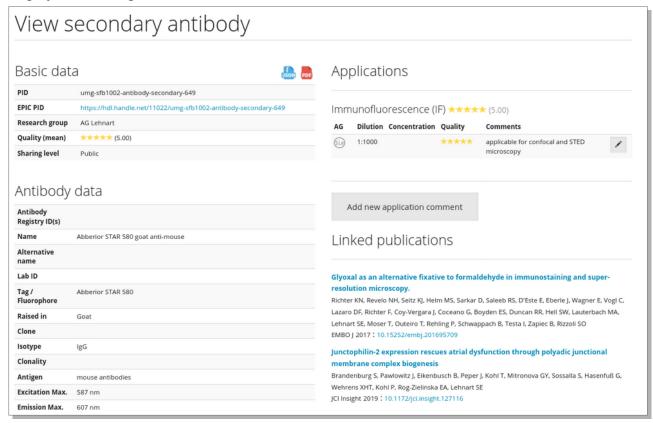
A newly created antibody item will be assigned an internal identifier. When cooperating with a Handle.net compatible Persistent Identifier (PID) provider (i.e. the EPIC consortium), internal IDs may be registered permanently and used for public reference. The PID is display at the top of antibody item display page.

The inserted information may be retrieved as a JSON or PDF document.



Once an antibody has been registered and used in multiple experiments, users have the possibility of adding performance quality rankings. A simple 0-5 star ranking system allows other users to quickly assess how well a certain antibody has performed in their colleagues' experiments.

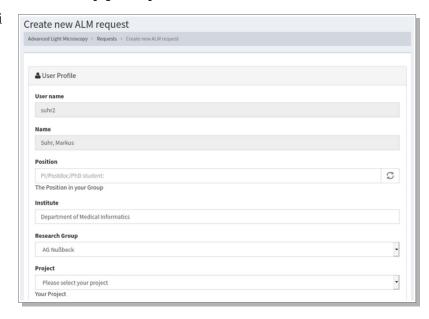
Furthermore, publications registered with the menoci instance that refer to the selected antibody are displayed on the right.

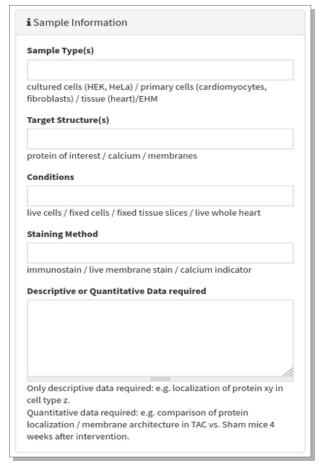


3. Documentation of microscopy experiment

The CRC1002 instance of menoci contains the "Advanced Light Microscopy and Nanoscopy" (ALMN) module that provides workflow support for the local imaging service unit.

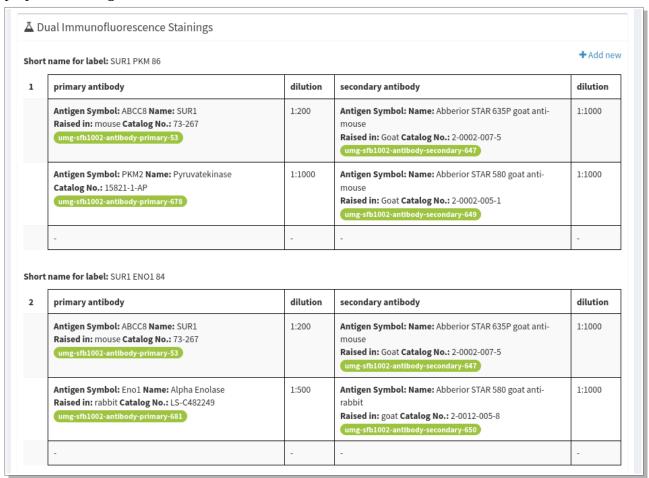
Documentation of microscopy experiments is structured accordingly into "requests" by users, "consultation" documentation by service unit personnel, and data upload functionality for the user.





Information entered when creating a new request spans basic user information as well as a description of the experiment goals and parameters.

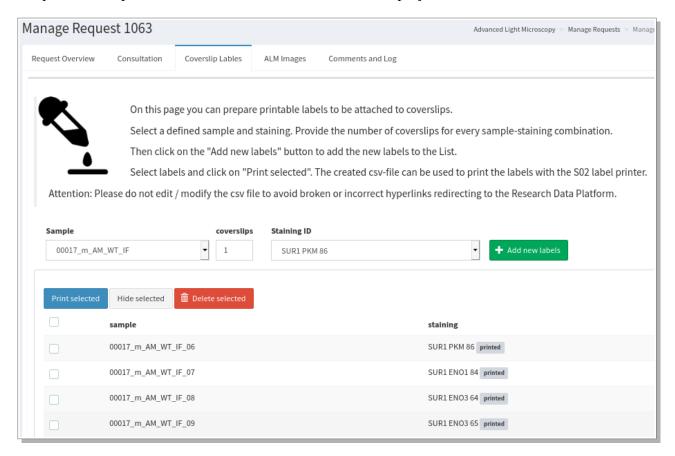
During consultation phase, more in-depth information about the planned imaging procedure are captured. Antibody data from the Antibody Catalogue is referenced to describe and document the prepared stainings.



Furthermore, samples used in the imaging workflow will be documentated.



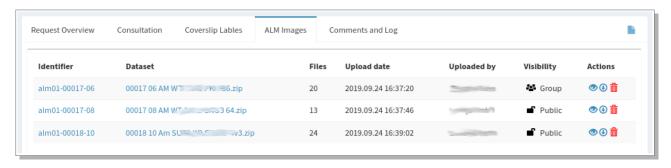
The specific setup at the local Göttingen ALMN facility enables users to print labels for the actual microscopy coverslips. Labels contain a barcode that resolves to a Handle.net registered PID with is unique for each printed label and refers back to the ALMN project.



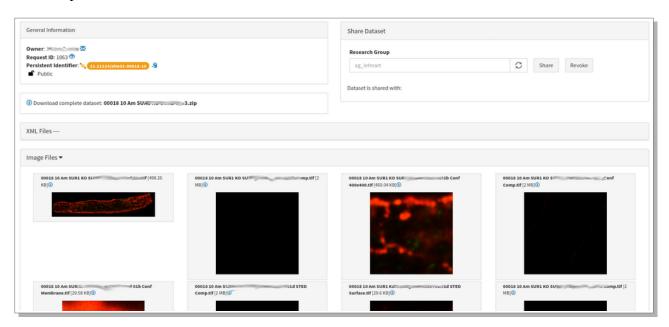
4. Upload of result data

As soon as the microscopic imaging has been performed, users may upload datasets for result documentation and original data preservation. Data uploaded is stored directly in an instance of the CDSTAR storage service that is managed by the Göttingen Campus scientific data centre in case of the CRC1002. Users do not have to put in further effort to store and archive their original data in this setup.

Data uploaded can be accessed by the owner, downloaded, deleted. General access rights may be set according to the common menoci "Sharing levels" (public, site, group, private).

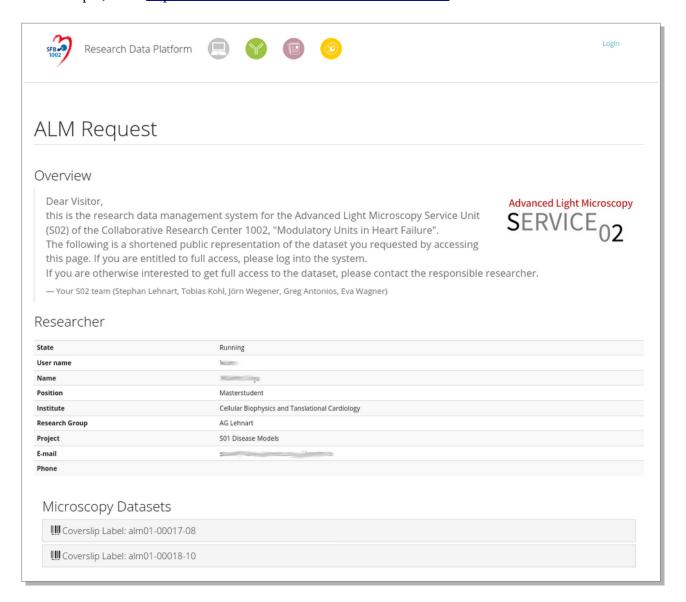


Uploaded data is assigned a Handle.net PID and can be further shared with researchers from specific other research groups within the menoci instance. Previews of uploaded XML and image files are provided.



Using the registered Handle.net PID, metadata about the ALMN project is publicly accessible. If uploaded data has been designated "public" by the user, files may be downloaded by non-authorized users.

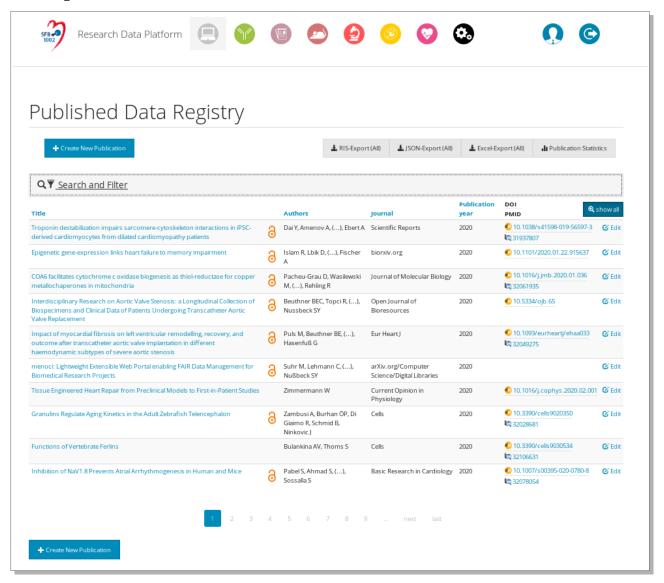
For example, visit: http://hdl.handle.net/21.11124/alm01-00017-06



5. Registration of published article

As soon as research results have been published with a scientific journal or uploaded to a preprint server, articles can be added to the menoci Published Data Registry for the project.

Initially, an overview of all registered articles is displayed with relevant information at a glance, including DOI, PubMeD IDs.

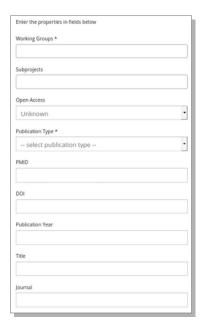


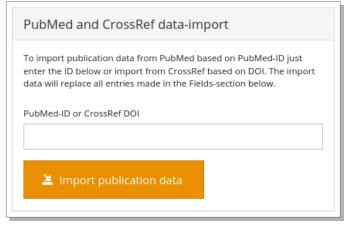
Furthermore, basic live statics of the project publication record are publicly available.



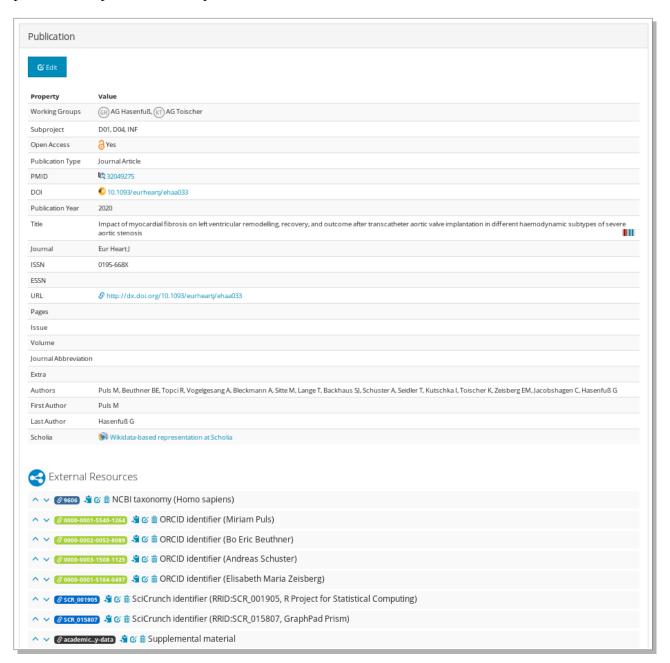
Creating a new entry to the Published Data Registry can be streamlined if the article is already published and assigned a DOI or PubMed ID.

Otherwise, relevant metadata must be inserted using a basic web form.





Once completed, inserted article information is publicly visible at the website. Additional information may be inserted according to instance configuration under the "External Resources" section. This may be used to refer to supplemental material, biomaterial accession numbers at public data repositories, or any other kind of URL-identifiable resource.



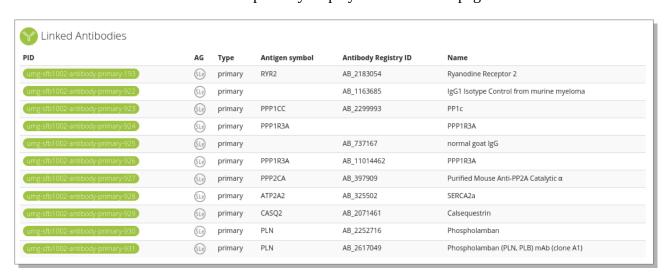
6. Documentation of original data related to publications

Published article information can finally be enriched by providing references to original experimental resources like Antibodies as well as microscopy imaging result data.

Authorized users are presented with searchbars that allow item search and seletion:



Such linked resources will in turn be publicly displayed at the article page:



7. API-based metadata extraction

A feature currently under development is REST API based metadata extraction. Antibody and publication metadata may be retrieved as JSON documents based on schema.org vocabulary definitions.

Feel free to try and test the following examples:

curl https://sfb1002.med.uni-goettingen.de/production/antibodies/api/2/antibody/ umg-sfb1002-antibody-secondary-649

```
▼ 0:
                       "http://schema.org/"
   @context:
                          "Thing"
   additionalType:
                           "Antibody"
                          "649"
   id:
   pid:
                           "umg-sfb1002-antibody-secondary-649"

▼ epic_pid:
                           "https://hdl.handle.net/11022/umg-sfb1002-antibody-secondary-649"
    research_group:
                          "AG Lehnart"
   lab id:
   type:
                           "secondary"
   antigen_symbol:
   antibody_registry_id: ""
                          "Abberior STAR 580 goat anti-mouse"
   alternative name:
                          "Abberior STAR 580"
    tag_flurophore:
   raised_id:
                          "Goat"
   reacts with:
                          ...
                          "IgG"
   isotype:
   clonality:
   demasking:
                          ...
                          "mouse antibodies"
   antigen:
                          "Abberior"
   company:
                           "2-0002-005-1"
   catalog no:
   lot_no:

▼ description:
                          "Abberior STAR 580 is the dye of choice for orange fluorescence. Moreover, the dye is particularly
                           designed and tested for 2-color STED microscopy in combination with Abberior STAR 635 or STAR
                           635P.\r\nThe dye can most effectively be depleted in STED microscopy at 700 to 775 nm.\r\n" ^{"}
    last modified:
```

curl -H "Accept: application/json" "https://sfb1002.med.uni-goettingen.de/production/literature/publications/201"