Community Review of Southern Ocean Satellite Data Needs

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Appendix 1: Southern Ocean Satellite Data Requirements Survey

What are your requirements for Southern Ocean satellite data? Are your data needs being met? Take this quick online survey NOW!

This joint initiative of Southern Ocean Observing System (SOOS), Climate and the Cryosphere (CliC), and World Meteorological Organization Polar Space Task Group (WMO PSTG) aims to identify the satellite data requirements for the Southern Ocean (across all temporal/spatial scales) and to compile this information into a community report of Southern Ocean satellite data requirements.

This is a great opportunity to voice your needs, and feed information directly into the strategic planning for future missions. Provide feedback on current data streams, issues with data access, validation issues, gaps in data products, spatial and temporal coverage etc. This survey is open to all Southern Ocean data users, across all data types (air-sea flux, sea-ice, biological, physical, *etc.*)

If you have any questions please contact Louise Newman (newman@soos.aq) or Jenny Baeseman (jenny.baeseman@npolar.no)

Background Information

This section provides us with some basic information on the expertise and location of people undertaking the survey.

1) Expertise*

Please provide some keywords that explain your expertise (e.g., Remote Sensing Sea Ice)

2) Country*

A) Key Data Requirements

This section of the survey invites information on your satellite product requirements for the Southern Ocean, unrestricted by a specific satellite or technology.

1) Product Description

e.g., Altimetry for sea-level variability

2) Required frequency

e.g., daily

3) Seasonality of required observation

e.g., seasonally continuous (radar), or seasonally restricted (optical)

4) Required Resolution

Low

High (~10m, non-commercial optical satellite)

Very high (m scale, requires commercial satellite and associated costs for data)

5) Is this data already being collected for the Southern Ocean?

Yes

No

I do not know

- 5a) If Yes, are there any issues associated with the existing data product(s)?
- 6) Is there other data that should be collected at the same time to compliment this Satellite data?
- e.g., in situ for validation, or other data, include description of space/time requirements for collocated measurements
- 7) Other Comments on this Data Product?

B) Focussed Satellite Data products for a Specific Geographic Region of high Scientific Interest

This section of the survey invites suggestions of priority regions of the Southern Ocean that could be targeted for a focussed, integrated, multi-product project, beyond the scope of existing satellite products and planning.

- 1) Region include coordinates where possible
- 2) What combination of complementary and overlapping (spatially/temporally) measurements are required? List Product, Frequency, Resolution, Seasonality and any comments for each item
- 3) What is the maximum separation in time between observations?
- 4) Ancillary data requirements e.g., concurrent/complementary in situ data
- 5) General Comments / thoughts

General Comments

Please provide any comments/thoughts or additional information you would like to provide.

Do you want to be kept informed on the outcomes of this survey? If yes, provide your name below and email.

Appendix 2: Acronyms

ACRE: Atmospheric Circulation Reconstructions over the Earth Initiative

AIRS: Atmospheric Infrared Sounder

AMI: Advanced Microwave Instrument

AMSR: Advanced Microwave Scanning Radiometer

AMSR-2: Advanced Microwave Scanning Radiometer 2

AMSR-E: Advanced Microwave Scanning Radiometer – Earth Observing System

AMSU: Advanced Microwave Sounding Unit

AMV: Atmospheric Motion Vector

ARTEMIS: Advanced Data Relay and Technology Mission

ASCAT: Advanced Scatterometer

ASPECT: Antarctic Sea Ice Processes and Climate

ATMS: Advanced Technology Microwave Sounder

AUV: Autonomous Underwater Vehicle

AVHRR: Advanced Very High Resolution Radiometer

AVISO: Archiving, Validation and Interpretation of Satellite Oceanographic data

BYU: Brigham Young University

CALIPSO: Cloud-Aerosol Lidar and Infrared Pathfinder Satellite Observations

CATDS: Centre Aval de Traitement des Données SMOS / SMOS Endorsed Data Processing

Center

CCAMLR: Commission for the Conservation of Antarctic Marine Living Resources

CCI: Climate Change Initiative

CEDA: Centre for Environmental Data Analysis

CERES: Clouds and Earth's Radiant Energy System

CFSR: Climate Forecast System Reanalysis

CliC: Climate and the Cryosphere Project

CONAE: Comisión Nacional de Actividades Espaciales

CZCS: Coastal Zone Color Scanner

DAAC: Distributed Active Archive Center

DCM: Deep Chlorophyll Maximum

DLR: Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt / German Aerospace Center

DMSP: Defense Meteorological Satellite Program

ECMWF: European Centre for Medium-Range Weather Forecasting

ECV: Essential Climate Variable

EOV: Essential Ocean Variable

EM: Electromagnetic

ERA-40: ECMWF reanalysis for the period September 1957 through August 2002

ERA-Interim: ECMWF reanalysis global atmospheric reanalysis from 1979, continuously

updated in real time

ERS-1/2: European Remote Sensing Satellite 1/2

ESA: European Space Agency

ESRL: Earth Systems Research Laboratory

EU: European Union

EUMETSAT: European Organisation for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites

GCOM: Global Change Observation Mission

GCOM-W1: Global Change Observation Mission Water 1, "Shizuku"

GCOM-W2: Global Change Observation Mission Water 2

GCOS: Global Climate Observing System

GES DISC: Goddard Earth Sciences Data and Information Services Center

GHRSST: Group for High Resolution Sea Surface Temperature

GLIMS: Global Land Ice Measurements from Space

GMI: GPM Microwave Imager

GPM: Global Precipitation Measurement

HICO: Hyperspectral Imager for the Coastal Ocean

HOAPS: Hamburg Ocean Atmosphere Parameters and Fluxes from Satellite Data

IAATO: International Association of Antarctica Tour Operators

ICEMAR: Sea Ice Service for Maritime Operations

ICESat: Ice, Cloud, and land Elevation Satellite

ICESat/GLAS: Ice, Cloud, and land Elevation Satellite / Geoscience Laser Altimeter System

IICWG: International Ice Chart Working Group

IMOS: Integrated Marine Observing Systems

INPE: Brazilian National Institute of Space Research

IOCCG: International Ocean Colour Coordinating Group

ISRO: Indian Space Research Organisation

JAXA: Japanese Aerospace Exploration Agency

JPL: Jet Propulsion Laboratory

JRA: Japanese Reanalysis

KNMI: Koninklijk Nederlands Meteorologisch Instituut / Royal Netherlands Meteorological

Institute

LiDAR: Light Data And Ranging

LIMA: Landsat Image Mosaic of Antarctica

MERIS: Medium Resolution Imaging Spectrometer

MERRA: Modern-Era Retrospective Analysis for Research and Application

MIZ: Marginal Ice Zone

MLD: Mixed Layer Depth

MODIS: Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer

NASA: National Aeronautics and Space Administration

NCEP: National Centers for Environmental Prediction

NCAR: National Center for Atmospheric Research

NERC: Natural Environment Research Council

NIC: National Ice Center

NIS: National Ice Service

NISAR: NASA-ISRO SAR Mission

NOAA: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

NSCAT: NASA Scatterometer

NSF: National Science Foundation

NSIDC: National Snow and Ice Data Center

NWP: Numerical Weather Prediction

OBPG: Ocean Biology Processing Group

OCI: Ocean Color Imager

OCM-3: Ocean Color Monitor 3

OCO-2: Orbiting Carbon Observatory 2

OCTS: Ocean Color and Temperature Scanner

OLCI: Ocean and Land Colour Instrument

OOPC: Ocean Observations Panel for Climate Change

OSCAT: OceanSat Scatterometer

OSI-SAF: Oceans & Sea Ice Satellite Application Facility

PGC: Polar Geospatial Center

POC: Particulate Organic Carbon

PODAAC: Physical Oceanography Distributed Active Archive Center

QA4EO: Quality Assurance Framework for Earth Observation

QuikSCAT: Quick Scatterometer

RADAR: Radio Distance and Ranging

READER: REference Antarctic Data for Environmental Research

REMSS: Remote Sensing Systems

SAOCOM: SAtélite Argentino de Observación COn Microondas

SAR: Synthetic Aperture Radar

SASS: Seasat-A Scatterometer System

SCAR: Scientific Committee on Antarctic Research

SCOR: Scientific Committee on Ocean Research

SeaBASS: SeaWiFS Bio-optical Archive and Storage System

SeaWiFS: Sea-Viewing Wide Field-of-View Sensor

SGLI: Second-Generation Global Imager

SIR: Scatterometer Image Reconstruction

SIRF: Scatterometer Image Reconstruction Filter

SIRAL: Synthetic Aperture Interferometric Radar Altimeter

SMAP: Soil Moisture Active Passive (Mission)

SMOS: Soil Moisture and Ocean Salinity

SOCCOM: Southern Ocean Carbon and Climate Observations and Modeling project

SMMR: Scanning Multichannel Microwave Radiometer

SOCRATES: Southern Ocean Clouds, Radiation, Aerosol Transport Experimental Study

SOOS: Southern Ocean Observing System

SSH: Sea Surface Height

SSM/I: Special Sensor Microwave Imager

SSMIS: Special Sensor Microwave Imager Sounder

SSS: Sea Surface Salinity

SST: Sea Surface Temperature

SWOT: Surface Water Ocean Topography

TRMM: Tropical Rainfall Measuring Mission

UAS: Unmanned Aircraft System

ULS: Upward Looking Sonar

USGS: United States Geological Survey

VGPM: Vertically Generalized Primary Production Model

VIIRS: Visible Infrared Imaging Radiometer Suite

VSWIR: Visible/Short Wave Infrared

WCRP: World Climate Research Programme

WMO: World Meteorological Organization