

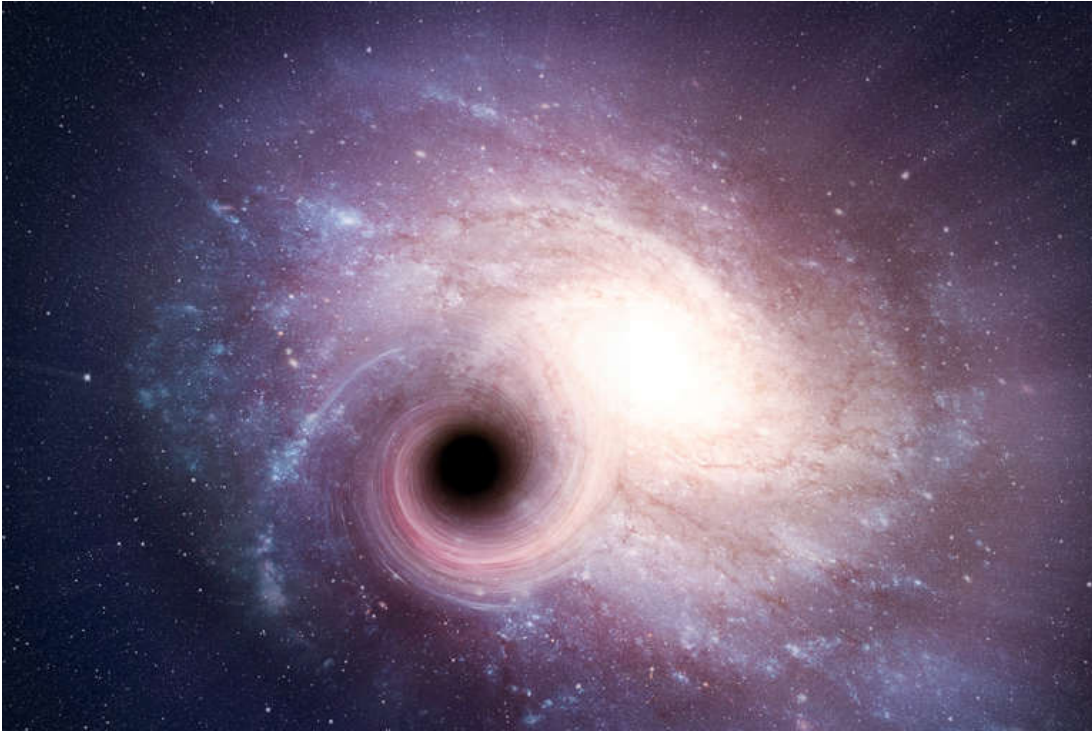
Analyzing two Ramanujan formulas: mathematical connections with various equations concerning some sectors of Black Holes ad Wormholes Physics III

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Abstract

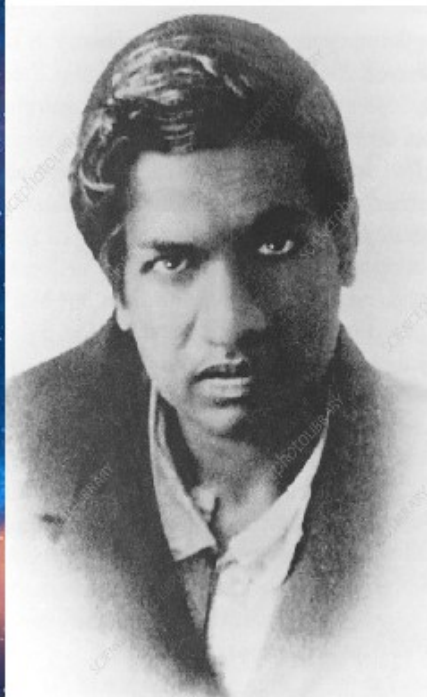
The purpose of this paper is to show how using certain mathematical values and / or constants from two Ramanujan expressions, we obtain some mathematical connections with equations of various sectors of Black Holes and Wormholes Physics

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Monster black hole 100,000 times more massive than the sun is found in the heart of our galaxy (SMBH Sagittarius A = $1,9891 \cdot 10^{35}$)

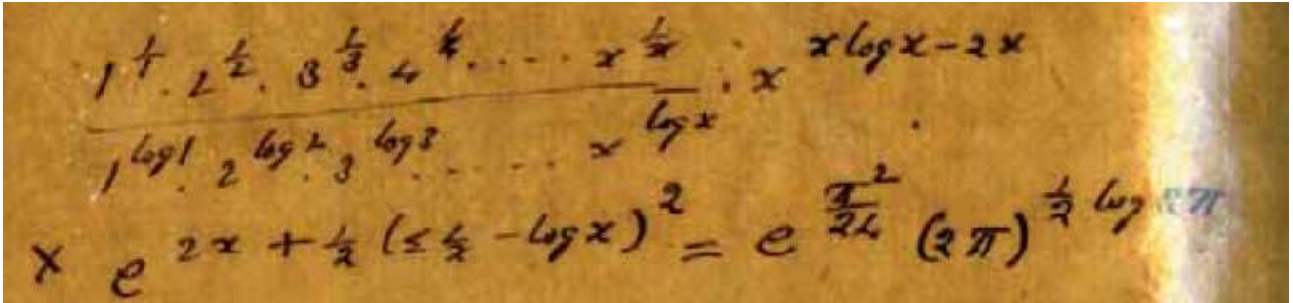
<https://www.seeker.com/space/astronomy/new-class-of-black-hole-100000-times-larger-than-the-sun-detected-in-milky-way>



(N.O.A – Pics. from the web)

From: **Manuscript Book 2 of Srinivasa Ramanujan**

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$$\left(e^{\frac{\pi^2}{24}} \right) (2\pi)^{\frac{1}{2} \ln 2\pi}$$

Input:

$$\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Exact result:

$$e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}$$

Decimal approximation:

8.167228090774159013444084972779671581805396045609743636831...

8.167228090774159.....

Alternate form:

$$e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 (\log(2) + \log(\pi))}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} = \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{\log_e(2\pi)/2}$$

$$\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} = \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(a) \log_a(2\pi)}$$

Series representations:

$$\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} = e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \left(\log(-1+2\pi) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{1-2\pi}\right)^k / k\right)}$$

$$\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} = e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \left(2i\pi \lfloor \text{arg}(2\pi-x)/(2\pi) \rfloor + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-x)^k x^{-k}\right) / k\right)}$$
 for $x < 0$

$$\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} = e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \left(\log(z_0) + \lfloor \text{arg}(2\pi-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor (\log(1/z_0) + \log(z_0)) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}\right) / k\right)}$$

Integral representations:

$$\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} = e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2} \int_1^{2\pi} 1/t dt$$

$$\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} = e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{-i/(4\pi)} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} ((-1+2\pi)^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s)) / \Gamma(1-s) ds$$

for $-1 < \gamma < 0$

$\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

$$1/5((\exp((\pi^2)/24))) (2\pi)^{(1/2 \ln (2\pi))} + 11*1/10^3$$

Input:

$$\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + 11 \times \frac{1}{10^3}$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Exact result:

$$\frac{11}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}$$

Decimal approximation:

1.644445618154831802688816994555934316361079209121948727366...

$$1.6444456181548318\dots \approx \zeta(2) = \frac{\pi^2}{6} = 1.644934 \dots$$

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{11}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 (\log(2)+\log(\pi))}$$

$$\frac{11 + 25 e^{\pi^2/24} 2^{3+1/2 \log(2\pi)} \pi^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}}{1000}$$

$$\frac{11 + 25 e^{\pi^2/24} 2^{3+\log(2)/2+\log(\pi)/2} \pi^{\log(2)/2+\log(\pi)/2}}{1000}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + \frac{11}{10^3} = \frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{\log_e(2\pi)/2} + \frac{11}{10^3}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + \frac{11}{10^3} = \frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(a) \log_a(2\pi)} + \frac{11}{10^3}$$

Series representations:

$$\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + \frac{11}{10^3} = \frac{11}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 (\log(-1+2\pi) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (\frac{-1}{1-2\pi})^k / k)}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + \frac{11}{10^3} = \frac{11}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 (2i\pi [\operatorname{ar}g(2\pi-x)/(2\pi)] + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} ((-1)^k (2\pi-x)^k x^{-k}) / k)} \text{ for } x < 0$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + \frac{11}{10^3} = \frac{11}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 (\log(z_0) + [\operatorname{ar}g(2\pi-z_0)/(2\pi)] (\log(1/z_0) + \log(z_0)) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} ((-1)^k (2\pi-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}) / k)}$$

Integral representations:

$$\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + \frac{11}{10^3} = \frac{11}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2} \int_1^{2\pi} \frac{1}{t} dt$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + \frac{11}{10^3} = \frac{11}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{-i/(4\pi)} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{(-1+2\pi)^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s)}{\Gamma(1-s)} ds \quad \text{for } -1 < \gamma < 0$$

$$1/10^{27} * (((1/5((\exp((\pi^2)/24))) (2\pi)^{(1/2 \ln (2\pi))} + (34+5)*1/10^3)))$$

Input:

$$\frac{1}{10^{27}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + (34 + 5) \times \frac{1}{10^3} \right)$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Exact result:

$$\frac{\frac{39}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}}{1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

Decimal approximation:

$$1.6724456181548318026888169945559343163610792091219487... \times 10^{-27}$$

1.67244561815... * 10⁻²⁷ result practically equal to the proton mass

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{\frac{39}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 (\log(2)+\log(\pi))}}{1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

$$\frac{39}{1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000} + \frac{e^{\pi^2/24} 2^{1/2 \log(2\pi)-27} \pi^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}}{37\,252\,902\,984\,619\,140\,625}$$

$$\frac{39 + 25 e^{\pi^2/24} 2^{3+1/2 \log(2\pi)} \pi^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}}{1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + \frac{34+5}{10^3}}{10^{27}} = \frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{\log_e(2\pi)/2} + \frac{39}{10^3}}{10^{27}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + \frac{34+5}{10^3}}{10^{27}} = \frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + \frac{39}{10^3}}{10^{27}}$$

Series representations:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + \frac{34+5}{10^3}}{10^{27}} = \frac{\frac{39}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \left(\log(-1+2\pi) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{1-2\pi}\right)^k / k\right)}}{1\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + \frac{34+5}{10^3}}{10^{27}} = \frac{\frac{39}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \left(2i\pi \lfloor \text{arg}(2\pi-x)/(2\pi) \rfloor + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-x)^k x^{-k}\right) / k\right)}}{1\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000} \text{ for } x < 0$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + \frac{34+5}{10^3}}{10^{27}} = \frac{\frac{39}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \left(\log(z_0) + i \lfloor \text{arg}(2\pi-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor + \log(1/z_0) + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}\right) / k\right)}}{1\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000}$$

Integral representations:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + \frac{34+5}{10^3}}{10^{27}} = \frac{39 + 25 \times 2^{3+1/2} \int_1^{2\pi} 1/t dt e^{\pi^2/24} \pi^{1/2} \int_1^{2\pi} 1/t dt}{1\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + \frac{34+5}{10^3}}{10^{27}} = \frac{\frac{39}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{-i/(4\pi)} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left((-1+2\pi)^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s)\right) / \Gamma(1-s) ds}{1\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000} \text{ for } -1 < \gamma < 0$$

Γ(x) is the gamma function

$$1/10^{19} * (((1/5((\exp((\text{Pi}^2)/24)))) (2\text{Pi})^{(1/2 \ln (2\text{Pi}))-(34-3)*1/10^3}))$$

Input:

$$\frac{1}{10^{19}} \left(\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - (34-3) \times \frac{1}{10^3} \right)$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Exact result:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{31}{1000}}{10\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

Decimal approximation:

$$1.6024456181548318026888169945559343163610792091219487... \times 10^{-19}$$

1.60244561815483... * 10⁻¹⁹ result practically equal to the value to the elementary charge

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 (\log(2)+\log(\pi))} - \frac{31}{1000}}{10\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

$$\frac{e^{\pi^2/24} 2^{1/2 \log(2\pi)-19} \pi^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}}{95\,367\,431\,640\,625} - \frac{31}{10\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

$$\frac{25 e^{\pi^2/24} 2^{3+1/2 \log(2\pi)} \pi^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - 31}{10\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{34-3}{10^3}}{10^{19}} = \frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{\log e(2\pi)/2} - \frac{31}{10^3}}{10^{19}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{34-3}{10^3}}{10^{19}} = \frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(\alpha) \log_{\alpha}(2\pi)} - \frac{31}{10^3}}{10^{19}}$$

Series representations:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{34-3}{10^3}}{10^{19}} = \frac{-\frac{31}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \left(\log(-1+2\pi) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{1-2\pi}\right)^k / k\right)}}{10\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{34-3}{10^3}}{10^{19}} = \frac{-\frac{31}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \left(2i\pi [\text{arg}(2\pi-x)/(2\pi)] + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-x)^k x^{-k}\right) / k\right)}}{10\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000} \quad \text{for } x < 0$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{34-3}{10^3}}{10^{19}} = \frac{-\frac{31}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 (\log(z_0) + [\text{arg}(2\pi - z_0)]/(2\pi)) (\log(1/z_0) + \log(z_0)) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} ((-1)^k (2\pi - z_0)^k z_0^{-k})/k}}{10\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

Integral representations:

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{34-3}{10^3}}{10^{19}} = \frac{-31 + 25 \times 2^{3+1/2} \int_1^{2\pi} \frac{1}{t} dt e^{\pi^2/24} \pi^{1/2} \int_1^{2\pi} \frac{1}{t} dt}{10\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{34-3}{10^3}}{10^{19}} = \frac{-\frac{31}{1000} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{-i/(4\pi) \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} ((-1+2\pi)^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s)) / \Gamma(1-s) ds}}{10\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000} \text{ for } -1 < \gamma < 0$$

Γ(x) is the gamma function

$$1/5((\exp((\pi^2)/24))) (2\pi)^{(1/2 \ln (2\pi))} - (11+4) * 1/10^3$$

Input:

$$\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - (11 + 4) \times \frac{1}{10^3}$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Exact result:

$$\frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{3}{200}$$

Decimal approximation:

1.618445618154831802688816994555934316361079209121948727366...

1.61844561815483..... result that is a very good approximation to the value of the golden ratio 1,618033988749...

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 (\log(2) + \log(\pi))} - \frac{3}{200}$$

$$\frac{1}{200} \left(5 e^{\pi^2/24} 2^{3+1/2 \log(2\pi)} \pi^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - 3 \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{200} \left(5 e^{\pi^2/24} 2^{3+\log(2)/2+\log(\pi)/2} \pi^{\log(2)/2+\log(\pi)/2} - 3 \right)$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{11+4}{10^3} = \frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{\log_{\mathbb{R}}(2\pi)/2} - \frac{15}{10^3}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{11+4}{10^3} = \frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(\alpha) \log_{\mathbb{R}}(2\pi)} - \frac{15}{10^3}$$

$\log_b(x)$ is the base- b logarithm

Series representations:

$$\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{11+4}{10^3} = -\frac{3}{200} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \left(\log(-1+2\pi) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{1-2\pi} \right)^k / k \right)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{11+4}{10^3} = \\ -\frac{3}{200} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \left(2i\pi \left[\text{arg}(2\pi-x)/(2\pi) \right] + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-x)^k x^{-k} \right) / k \right)} \text{ for } x < 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{11+4}{10^3} = \\ -\frac{3}{200} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \left(\log(z_0) + \left[\text{arg}(2\pi-z_0)/(2\pi) \right] (\log(1/z_0) + \log(z_0)) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-z_0)^k z_0^{-k} \right) / k \right)} \end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

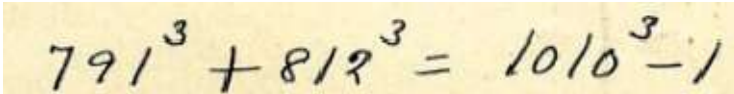
$$\frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{11+4}{10^3} = -\frac{3}{200} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2} \int_1^{2\pi} 1/t \, dt$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{5} \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - \frac{11+4}{10^3} = \\ -\frac{3}{200} + \frac{1}{5} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{-i/(4\pi)} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \left((-1+2\pi)^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s) \right) / \Gamma(1-s) \, ds \text{ for } -1 < \gamma < 0 \end{aligned}$$

$\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

$$1010 * 1 / (\exp(\pi^2/24) (2\pi)^{1/2 \ln(2\pi)}) + \sqrt{3}$$

where 1010 is in the following Ramanujan expression (Ramanujan taxicab numbers):



$$1010 = (1 + 791^3 + 812^3)^{1/3}$$

Thence:

$$(1 + 791^3 + 812^3)^{1/3} * 1 / (\exp(\pi^2/24) (2\pi)^{1/2 \ln(2\pi)}) + \sqrt{3}$$

Input:

$$\sqrt[3]{1 + 791^3 + 812^3} \times \frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{3}$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Exact result:

$$\sqrt{3} + 505 e^{-\pi^2/24} 2^{1-1/2 \log(2\pi)} \pi^{-1/2 \log(2\pi)}$$

Decimal approximation:

125.3970187470480415667978421155190314138214151057746339643...

125.397018747..... result very near to the dilaton mass calculated as a type of Higgs boson: 125 GeV for T = 0 and to the Higgs boson mass 125.18 GeV

Alternate forms:

$$\sqrt{3} + 505 e^{-\pi^2/24} 2^{1-\log(2)/2-\log(\pi)/2} \pi^{-\log(2)/2-\log(\pi)/2}$$

$$e^{-\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{-1/2 \log(2\pi)} \left(1010 + \sqrt{3} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{3} + 505 e^{-\pi^2/24} 2^{1+1/2(-\log(2)-\log(\pi))} \pi^{1/2(-\log(2)-\log(\pi))}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{1+791^3+812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2\log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{3} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+791^3+812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{\log_e(2\pi)/2}} + \sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{1+791^3+812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2\log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{3} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+791^3+812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2\log(a)\log_a(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{3}$$

Series representations:

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{1+791^3+812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2\log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{3} = e^{-\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{-1/2\log(-1+2\pi)}$$

$$\left(505 \times 2^{1+1/2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{1-2\pi}\right)^k/k} \frac{1}{\pi} {}_{1/2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{1-2\pi}\right)^k/k} + \sqrt{3} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2\log(-1+2\pi)} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{1+791^3+812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2\log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{3} = e^{-\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{-i\pi[\operatorname{arg}(2\pi-x)/(2\pi)]-\log(x)/2}$$

$$\left(505 \times 2^{1+1/2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-x)^k x^{-k}\right)/k} \frac{1}{\pi} {}_{1/2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-x)^k x^{-k}\right)/k} + \sqrt{3} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{i\pi[\operatorname{arg}(2\pi-x)/(2\pi)]+\log(x)/2} \right) \text{ for } x < 0$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{1+791^3+812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2\log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{3} = e^{-\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{-1/2\log(z_0)-1/2[\operatorname{arg}(2\pi-z_0)/(2\pi)](\log(1/z_0)+\log(z_0))}$$

$$\left(505 \times 2^{1+1/2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}\right)/k} \frac{1}{\pi} {}_{1/2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}\right)/k} + \sqrt{3} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{\log(z_0)/2+1/2[\operatorname{arg}(2\pi-z_0)/(2\pi)](\log(1/z_0)+\log(z_0))} \right)$$

Integral representations:

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{1+791^3+812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2\log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{3} =$$

$$e^{-\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{-1/2\int_1^{2\pi} 1/t dt} \left(1010 + \sqrt{3} e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2\int_1^{2\pi} 1/t dt} \right)$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{1 + 791^3 + 812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{3} = e^{-\pi^2/24} \left(\sqrt{3} e^{\pi^2/24} + 505 \times 2^{1+i/(4\pi) \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} ((-1+2\pi)^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s)) / \Gamma(1-s) ds} \pi^{i/(4\pi) \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} ((-1+2\pi)^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s)) / \Gamma(1-s) ds} \right) \text{ for } -1 < \gamma < 0$$

$\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

$$(1+791^3+812^3)^{1/3} * 1 / (((((\exp((\pi^2)/24))) (2\pi)^{(1/2 \ln (2\pi))})))) + \sqrt{8} + 13$$

Input:

$$\sqrt[3]{1 + 791^3 + 812^3} \times \frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{8} + 13$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Exact result:

$$13 + 2\sqrt{2} + 505 e^{-\pi^2/24} 2^{1-1/2 \log(2\pi)} \pi^{-1/2 \log(2\pi)}$$

Decimal approximation:

139.4933950642253543708737732224325552040179536027181494826...

139.493395064..... result practically equal to the rest mass of Pion meson 134.9766 MeV

Alternate forms:

$$13 + 2\sqrt{2} + 505 e^{-\pi^2/24} 2^{1-\log(2)/2-\log(\pi)/2} \pi^{-\log(2)/2-\log(\pi)/2}$$

$$13 + 2\sqrt{2} + 505 e^{-\pi^2/24} 2^{1+1/2(-\log(2)-\log(\pi))} \pi^{1/2(-\log(2)-\log(\pi))}$$

$$e^{-\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{-1/2 \log(2\pi)} \left(1010 + e^{\pi^2/24} 2^{3/2+1/2 \log(2\pi)} \pi^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} + 13 e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right)$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{1 + 791^3 + 812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{8} + 13 = 13 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{1 + 791^3 + 812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{\log_e(2\pi)/2}} + \sqrt{8}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{1+791^3+812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2\log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{8} + 13 = 13 + \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+791^3+812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2\log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{8}$$

Series representations:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+791^3+812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2\log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{8} + 13 = \\ & e^{-\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{-1/2\log(-1+2\pi)} \left(2^{3/2+1/2\log(-1+2\pi)} e^{\pi^2/24} \pi^{1/2\log(-1+2\pi)} + \right. \\ & \left. 505 \times 2^{1+1/2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{1-2\pi}\right)^k/k} \pi^{1/2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{1-2\pi}\right)^k/k} + 13 e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2\log(-1+2\pi)} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+791^3+812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2\log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{8} + 13 = e^{-\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{-i\pi[\operatorname{arg}(2\pi-x)/(2\pi)]-\log(x)/2} \\ & \left(2^{3/2+i\pi[\operatorname{arg}(2\pi-x)/(2\pi)]+\log(x)/2} e^{\pi^2/24} \pi^{i\pi[\operatorname{arg}(2\pi-x)/(2\pi)]+\log(x)/2} + \right. \\ & \left. 505 \times 2^{1+1/2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-x)^k x^{-k}\right)/k} \pi^{1/2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-x)^k x^{-k}\right)/k} + \right. \\ & \left. 13 e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{i\pi[\operatorname{arg}(2\pi-x)/(2\pi)]+\log(x)/2} \right) \text{ for } x < 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+791^3+812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2\log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{8} + 13 = \\ & e^{-\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{-1/2\log(z_0)-1/2[\operatorname{arg}(2\pi-z_0)/(2\pi)](\log(1/z_0)+\log(z_0))} \\ & \left(2^{3/2+\log(z_0)/2+1/2[\operatorname{arg}(2\pi-z_0)/(2\pi)](\log(1/z_0)+\log(z_0))} \right. \\ & \left. e^{\pi^2/24} \pi^{\log(z_0)/2+1/2[\operatorname{arg}(2\pi-z_0)/(2\pi)](\log(1/z_0)+\log(z_0))} + \right. \\ & \left. 505 \times 2^{1+1/2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}\right)/k} \pi^{1/2\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-z_0)^k z_0^{-k}\right)/k} + \right. \\ & \left. 13 e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{\log(z_0)/2+1/2[\operatorname{arg}(2\pi-z_0)/(2\pi)](\log(1/z_0)+\log(z_0))} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+791^3+812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2\log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{8} + 13 = e^{-\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{-1/2\int_1^{2\pi} 1/t dt} \\ & \left(1010 + 2^{3/2+1/2\int_1^{2\pi} 1/t dt} e^{\pi^2/24} \pi^{1/2\int_1^{2\pi} 1/t dt} + 13 e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2\int_1^{2\pi} 1/t dt} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{1 + 791^3 + 812^3}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} + \sqrt{8} + 13 =$$

$$e^{-\pi^2/24} \left(13 e^{\pi^2/24} + 2\sqrt{2} e^{\pi^2/24} + 505 \times 2^{1+i/(4\pi)} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} ((-1+2\pi)^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s)) / \Gamma(1-s) ds \right.$$

$$\left. \pi^{i/(4\pi)} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} ((-1+2\pi)^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s)) / \Gamma(1-s) ds \right) \text{ for } -1 < \gamma < 0$$

$\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

$$6 \ln(\exp(\pi^2/24) (2\pi)^{1/2 \ln(2\pi)})$$

Input:

$$6 \log\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right)$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Exact result:

$$6 \log\left(e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right)$$

Decimal approximation:

12.60077743397260478105221031419608739434580285170838080087...

[12.60077743.... result very near to the black hole entropy 12.5664](#)

Alternate forms:

$$6 \left(\frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (\log(2) + \log(\pi))^2 \right)$$

$$\frac{\pi^2}{4} + 3 (\log^2(2) + \log(\pi) \log(4\pi))$$

$$\frac{\pi^2}{4} + 3 \log^2(2) + \log(\pi) (\log(64) + 3 \log(\pi))$$

Alternative representations:

$$6 \log\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right) = 6 \log_e\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right)$$

$$6 \log\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right) = 6 \log(a) \log_a\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right)$$

Series representations:

$$6 \log \left(\exp \left(\frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right) =$$

$$6 \log \left(-1 + e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right) - 6 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{-1 + e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} \right)^k}{k}$$

$$6 \log \left(\exp \left(\frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right) = 12 i \pi \left[\frac{\arg \left(e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - x \right)}{2\pi} \right] +$$

$$6 \log(x) - 6 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - x \right)^k x^{-k}}{k} \quad \text{for } x < 0$$

$$6 \log \left(\exp \left(\frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right) =$$

$$12 i \pi \left[\frac{\pi - \arg \left(\frac{1}{z_0} \right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] + 6 \log(z_0) - 6 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} - z_0 \right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k}$$

Integral representations:

$$6 \log \left(\exp \left(\frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right) = 6 \int_1^{e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} \frac{1}{t} dt$$

$$6 \log \left(\exp \left(\frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right) =$$

$$-\frac{3i}{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{\left(-1 + e^{\pi^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right)^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s)}{\Gamma(1-s)} ds \quad \text{for } -1 < \gamma < 0$$

$\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

We note that:

$$8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi} \right) \left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \ln(2\pi)} \right)^{2e}$$

Input:

$$8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi} \right) \left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right)^{2e}$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Exact result:

$$8 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi} \right) (2\pi)^{e \log(2\pi)}$$

Decimal approximation:

196883.8594170949388885780813427654669997355011537993536876...

196883.859417.... 196884 is a fundamental number of the following j -invariant

$$j(\tau) = q^{-1} + 744 + 196884q + 21493760q^2 + 864299970q^3 + 20245856256q^4 + \dots$$

(In mathematics, Felix Klein's j -invariant or j function, regarded as a function of a complex variable τ , is a modular function of weight zero for $SL(2, Z)$ defined on the upper half plane of complex numbers. Several remarkable properties of j have to do with its q expansion (Fourier series expansion), written as a Laurent series in terms of $q = e^{2\pi i \tau}$ (the square of the nome), which begins:

$$j(\tau) = q^{-1} + 744 + 196884q + 21493760q^2 + 864299970q^3 + 20245856256q^4 + \dots$$

Note that j has a simple pole at the cusp, so its q -expansion has no terms below q^{-1} .

All the Fourier coefficients are integers, which results in several almost integers, notably Ramanujan's constant:

$$e^{\pi\sqrt{163}} \approx 640320^3 + 744.$$

The asymptotic formula for the coefficient of q^n is given by

$$\frac{e^{4\pi\sqrt{n}}}{\sqrt{2} n^{3/4}},$$

as can be proved by the Hardy–Littlewood circle method)

Alternate forms:

$$8 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} (3\pi^2 - 16) (2\pi)^{e \log(2\pi) - 1}$$

$$8 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi} \right) (2\pi)^{e(\log(2) + \log(\pi))}$$

$$8 - e^{(e\pi^2)/12} 2^{3+e \log(2\pi)} \pi^{e \log(2\pi) - 1} + 3 e^{(e\pi^2)/12} 2^{e \log(2\pi) - 1} \pi^{1+e \log(2\pi)}$$

Alternative representations:

$$8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi} \right) \left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right)^{2e} = 8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi} \right) \left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{\log_e(2\pi)/2} \right)^{2e}$$

$$8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi} \right) \left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right)^{2e} = 8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi} \right) \left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(\alpha) \log_{\alpha}(2\pi)} \right)^{2e}$$

Series representations:

$$8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi} \right) \left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right)^{2e} = 8 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} (2\pi)^{e \left(\log(-1+2\pi) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{1-2\pi} \right)^k / k \right)} \left(-\frac{8}{\pi} + \frac{3\pi}{2} \right)$$

$$8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi} \right) \left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right)^{2e} = 8 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} (2\pi)^{e \left(2i\pi \lfloor \text{arg}(2\pi-x)/(2\pi) \rfloor + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-x)^k x^{-k} \right) / k \right)} \left(-\frac{8}{\pi} + \frac{3\pi}{2} \right) \text{ for } x < 0$$

$$8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi} \right) \left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right)^{2e} = 8 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} (2\pi)^{e \left(\log(z_0) + \lfloor \text{arg}(2\pi-z_0)/(2\pi) \rfloor (\log(1/z_0) + \log(z_0)) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-z_0)^k z_0^{-k} \right) / k \right)} \left(-\frac{8}{\pi} + \frac{3\pi}{2} \right)$$

Integral representations:

$$8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi} \right) \left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} \right)^{2e} = 8 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} (2\pi)^{-1+e} \int_1^{2\pi} 1/t dt (-16 + 3\pi^2)$$

$$8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi}\right) \left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right)^{2e} = 8 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} (2\pi)^{-i e/(2\pi)} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} ((-1+2\pi)^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s))/\Gamma(1-s) ds \left(-\frac{8}{\pi} + \frac{3\pi}{2}\right) \text{ for } -1 < \gamma < 0$$

$\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

and:

$$\ln(\left(\left(\left(8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi}\right) \left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \ln(2\pi)}\right)^{2e}\right)\right)\right))$$

Input:

$$\log\left(8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi}\right) \left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right)^{2e}\right)$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Exact result:

$$\log\left(8 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi}\right) (2\pi)^{e \log(2\pi)}\right)$$

Decimal approximation:

12.19036928776337087619295426122724036070286571656595853816...

[12.190369287...](#) result practically equal to the black hole entropy 12.1904

Alternate forms:

$$\log\left(8 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} (3\pi^2 - 16) (2\pi)^{e \log(2\pi) - 1}\right)$$

$$\log\left(8 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi}\right) (2\pi)^{e(\log(2) + \log(\pi))}\right)$$

$$\log\left(\frac{16\pi - e^{(e\pi^2)/12} 2^{4+e \log(2\pi)} \pi^{e \log(2\pi)} + 3 e^{(e\pi^2)/12} 2^{e \log(2\pi)} \pi^{2+e \log(2\pi)}}{2\pi}\right)$$

Alternative representations:

$$\log\left(8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi}\right)\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right)^{2^e}\right) = \log_e\left(8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi}\right)\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right)^{2^e}\right)$$

$$\log\left(8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi}\right)\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right)^{2^e}\right) = \log(a) \log_a\left(8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi}\right)\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right)^{2^e}\right)$$

Series representations:

$$\log\left(8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi}\right)\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right)^{2^e}\right) = \log\left(7 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} (2\pi)^{e \log(2\pi)} \left(-\frac{8}{\pi} + \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)\right) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{7 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} (2\pi)^{e \log(2\pi)} \left(-\frac{8}{\pi} + \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)}\right)^k}{k}$$

$$\log\left(8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi}\right)\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right)^{2^e}\right) = 2i\pi \left[\frac{\pi - \arg\left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right) - \arg(z_0)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(z_0) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(8 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} (2\pi)^{e \log(2\pi)} \left(-\frac{8}{\pi} + \frac{3\pi}{2}\right) - z_0\right)^k z_0^{-k}}{k}$$

$$\log\left(8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi}\right)\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right)^{2^e}\right) = 2i\pi \left[\frac{\arg\left(8 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} (2\pi)^{e \log(2\pi)} \left(-\frac{8}{\pi} + \frac{3\pi}{2}\right) - x\right)}{2\pi} \right] + \log(x) - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(8 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} (2\pi)^{e \log(2\pi)} \left(-\frac{8}{\pi} + \frac{3\pi}{2}\right) - x\right)^k x^{-k}}{k} \quad \text{for } x < 0$$

Integral representations:

$$\log\left(8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi}\right)\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right)^{2^e}\right) = \int_1^{8 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} (2\pi)^{e \log(2\pi)} \left(-\frac{8}{\pi} + \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)} \frac{1}{t} dt$$

$$\log\left(8 + \left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \frac{8}{\pi}\right)\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}\right)^{2^e}\right) =$$

$$-\frac{i}{2\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{\left(7 + e^{(e\pi^2)/12} (2\pi)^{e \log(2\pi)} \left(-\frac{8}{\pi} + \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)\right)^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s)}{\Gamma(1-s)} ds \quad \text{for } -1 < \gamma < 0$$

$\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

$$\left(\left(\frac{1}{\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)\right)}\right) (2\pi)^{(1/2 \ln(2\pi))}\right)^{1/64}$$

Input:

$$\sqrt[64]{\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}}}$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Exact result:

$$e^{-\pi^2/1536} (2\pi)^{-1/128 \log(2\pi)}$$

Decimal approximation:

0.967718030864941413992713190507503998528600334220001452837...

0.96771803086494.... result very near to the spectral index n_s , to the mesonic Regge slope, to the inflaton value at the end of the inflation 0.9402 and to the value of the following Rogers-Ramanujan continued fraction:

$$\frac{e^{-\frac{\pi}{5}}}{\sqrt{(\varphi-1)\sqrt{5}} - \varphi + 1} = 1 - \frac{e^{-\pi}}{1 + \frac{e^{-2\pi}}{1 + \frac{e^{-3\pi}}{1 + \frac{e^{-4\pi}}{1 + \dots}}}}} \approx 0.9568666373$$

From:

Astronomy & Astrophysics manuscript no. ms c ESO 2019 - September 24, 2019
Planck 2018 results. VI. Cosmological parameters

The primordial fluctuations are consistent with Gaussian purely adiabatic scalar perturbations characterized by a power spectrum with a spectral index $n_s = 0.965 \pm 0.004$, consistent with the predictions of slow-roll, single-field, inflation.

Alternate form:

$$e^{-\pi^2/1536} (2\pi)^{1/128 (-\log(2)-\log(\pi))}$$

All 64th roots of $e^{(-\pi^2/24)} (2\pi)^{(-1/2 \log(2\pi))}$:

$$e^{-\pi^2/1536} e^0 (2\pi)^{-1/128 \log(2\pi)} \approx 0.967718 \text{ (real, principal root)}$$

$$e^{-\pi^2/1536} e^{(i\pi)/32} (2\pi)^{-1/128 \log(2\pi)} \approx 0.96306 + 0.09485 i$$

$$e^{-\pi^2/1536} e^{(i\pi)/16} (2\pi)^{-1/128 \log(2\pi)} \approx 0.94912 + 0.18879 i$$

$$e^{-\pi^2/1536} e^{(3i\pi)/32} (2\pi)^{-1/128 \log(2\pi)} \approx 0.92605 + 0.28091 i$$

$$e^{-\pi^2/1536} e^{(i\pi)/8} (2\pi)^{-1/128 \log(2\pi)} \approx 0.89405 + 0.37033 i$$

Alternative representations:

$$\sqrt[64]{\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}}} = \sqrt[64]{\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{\log_e(2\pi)/2}}}$$

$$\sqrt[64]{\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}}} = \sqrt[64]{\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(\alpha) \log_\alpha(2\pi)}}$$

$\log_b(x)$ is the base- b logarithm

Series representations:

$$\sqrt[64]{\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}}} = e^{-\pi^2/1536} (2\pi)^{1/128 \left(-\log(-1+2\pi) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{-1}{1-2\pi}\right)^k / k\right)}$$

$$\sqrt[64]{\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}}} = e^{-\pi^2/1536} (2\pi)^{1/128 \left(-2i\pi [\text{ai g}(2\pi-x)/(2\pi)] - \log(x) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi-x)^k x^{-k}\right) / k\right)} \text{ for } x < 0$$

$$\sqrt[64]{\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}}} = e^{-\pi^2/1536} (2\pi)^{1/128 \left(-\log(z_0) - [\arg(2\pi - z_0)/(2\pi)](\log(1/z_0) + \log(z_0)) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left((-1)^k (2\pi - z_0)^k z_0^{-k}\right)/k\right)}$$

Integral representations:

$$\sqrt[64]{\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}}} = e^{-\pi^2/1536} (2\pi)^{-1/128} \int_1^{2\pi} 1/t dt$$

$$\sqrt[64]{\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}}} = e^{-\pi^2/1536} (2\pi)^{i/(256\pi) \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} ((-1+2\pi)^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s))/\Gamma(1-s) ds}$$

for $-1 < \gamma < 0$

$\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

log base 0.96771803086494141399271319((((1/(((exp((Pi^2)/24)))) (2Pi)^(1/2 ln (2Pi))))))

Input interpretation:

$$\log_{0.96771803086494141399271319} \left(\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)(2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} \right)$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

$\log_b(x)$ is the base- b logarithm

Result:

64.000000000000000000000000000000000000...

64

Alternative representations:

$$\log_{0.967718030864941413992713190000} \left(\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} \right) = \frac{\log \left(\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} \right)}{\log(0.967718030864941413992713190000)}$$

$$\log_{0.967718030864941413992713190000} \left(\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} \right) = \log_{0.967718030864941413992713190000} \left(\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{\log_e(2\pi)/2}} \right)$$

$$\log_{0.967718030864941413992713190000} \left(\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} \right) = \log_{0.967718030864941413992713190000} \left(\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(a) \log_a(2\pi)}} \right)$$

Series representations:

$$\log_{0.967718030864941413992713190000} \left(\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} \right) = \frac{\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(-1 + \frac{2^{-1/2 \log(2\pi)} \pi^{-1/2 \log(2\pi)}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)} \right)^k}{k}}{\log(0.967718030864941413992713190000)}$$

$$\log_{0.967718030864941413992713190000} \left(\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} \right) = \log_{0.967718030864941413992713190000} \left(\frac{2^{1/2 \left(-\log(-1+2\pi) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (-1+2\pi)^{-k}}{k} \right)} \pi^{1/2 \left(-\log(-1+2\pi) + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (-1+2\pi)^{-k}}{k} \right)}}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)} \right)$$

Integral representations:

$$\log_{0.967718030864941413992713190000} \left(\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} \right) =$$

$$\log_{0.967718030864941413992713190000} \left(\frac{2^{-1/2} \int_1^{2\pi} 1/t dt \cdot \pi^{-1/2} \int_1^{2\pi} 1/t dt}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)} \right)$$

$$\log_{0.967718030864941413992713190000} \left(\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} \right) =$$

$$\log_{0.967718030864941413992713190000} \left(\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)} 2^{-1/(4i\pi) \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} ((-1+2\pi)^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s)) / \Gamma(1-s) ds} \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{1}{\pi^{-1/(4i\pi) \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} ((-1+2\pi)^{-s} \Gamma(-s)^2 \Gamma(1+s)) / \Gamma(1-s) ds}} \right) \text{ for } -1 < \gamma < 0$$

$\Gamma(x)$ is the gamma function

$$\left(\left(\left(\log_{\text{base } 0.96771803086494141399271319} \left(\frac{1}{\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) \right)} \right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \ln(2\pi)} \right) \right) \right)^{1/2}$$

Input interpretation:

$$\sqrt{\log_{0.96771803086494141399271319} \left(\frac{1}{\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)}} \right)}$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm
 $\log_b(x)$ is the base- b logarithm

Result:

8.000000000000000000000000000000...

8

In conclusion, we have that:

$$\left(\frac{\exp(x^2/24)}{24} \right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \ln(2\pi)} = 8.16722809077415901344408$$

Input interpretation:

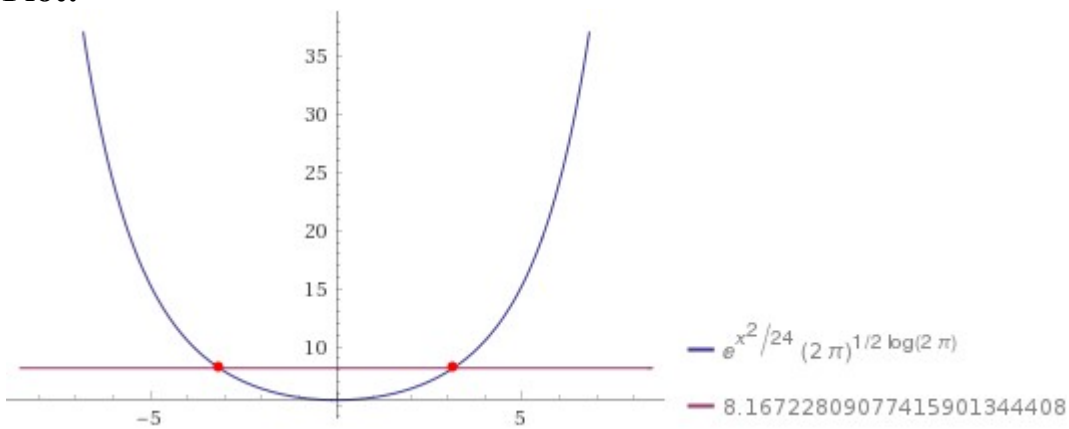
$$\exp\left(\frac{x^2}{24}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} = 8.16722809077415901344408$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Result:

$$e^{x^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} = 8.16722809077415901344408$$

Plot:



Alternate forms:

$$e^{x^2/24} = 1.5086776168637665894968$$

$$e^{x^2/24} (2\pi)^{1/2 (\log(2)+\log(\pi))} = 8.16722809077415901344408$$

Alternate form assuming x is positive:

$$1.00000000000000000000000000 e^{x^2/24} = 1.50867761686376658949680$$

Alternate form assuming x is real:

$$\sqrt[24]{e^{x^2}} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} = 8.16722809077415901344408$$

Real solutions:

$$x \approx -3.14159265358979323846264$$

$$x \approx 3.14159265358979323846264$$

Solutions:

$$x \approx 4.89897948556635619639457, \quad n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\sqrt{6.2831853071795864769253 i n + 0.4112335167120566091181}$$

$$x \approx -4.89897948556635619639457, \quad n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\sqrt{6.2831853071795864769253 i n + 0.4112335167120566091181}$$

\mathbb{Z} is the set of integers

Possible closed forms:

$$\pi \approx 3.1415926535897932384626433832 = \pi$$

$$\sqrt{6 \zeta(2)} \approx 3.1415926535897932384626433832$$

$$\frac{1}{2 \mathcal{P}_A} \approx 3.1415926535897932384626433832$$

$$\frac{1}{2 C_{\text{PTH}}} \approx 3.1415926535897932384626433832$$

$$\log(\mathcal{G}_{\text{Ge}}) \approx 3.1415926535897932384626433832$$

$$\frac{128}{45 \bar{s}_{\text{ld}}} \approx 3.1415926535897932384626433832$$

$$\frac{3(-50 - 81 e + 299 e^2)}{79 - 427 e + 397 e^2} \approx 3.1415926535897932384603988$$

$$\log\left(\frac{1}{63} \left(23(\sqrt{2} - 6) + 114 e + 303 e^2 - 210 \pi - 33 \pi^2\right)\right) \approx$$

$$3.141592653589793238424714$$

root of $108 x^4 + 1717 x^3 - 6952 x^2 + 258 x + 4045$ near $x = 3.14159$	≈
3.141592653589793238452342	

root of $15\,134 x^3 - 53\,597 x^2 + 28\,993 x - 31\,352$ near $x = 3.14159$	≈
3.141592653589793238428911	

1	≈
root of $4045 x^4 + 258 x^3 - 6952 x^2 + 1717 x + 108$ near $x = 0.31831$	≈
3.141592653589793238452342	

1

root of $31\,352x^3 - 28\,993x^2 + 53\,597x - 15\,134$ near $x = 0.31831$ \approx

3.141592653589793238428911

root of $305x^5 - 1062x^4 + 316x^3 - 159x^2 + 97x + 1579$ near $x = 3.14159$ \approx

3.141592653589793238493361

$\zeta(2)$ is zeta of 2

\mathcal{P}_A is Plouffe's A-constant

C_{PTH} is the Pythagorean triple constant for hypotenuses

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

\mathcal{G}_{Ge} is Gelfond's constant

\bar{s}_{ld} is the mean line-in-disk length

and:

$$\left(\left(\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{x}\right)\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \ln(2\pi)}\right) = 8.16722809077415901344408$$

Input interpretation:

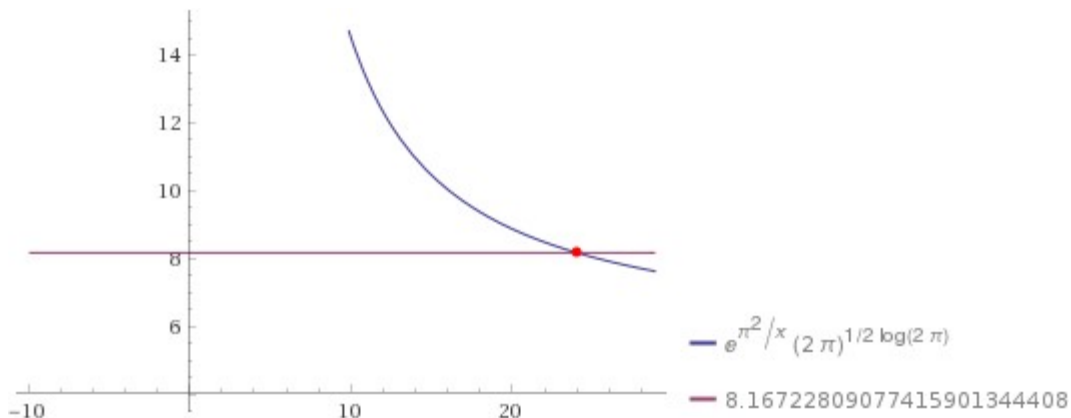
$$\exp\left(\frac{\pi^2}{x}\right) (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} = 8.16722809077415901344408$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Result:

$$e^{\pi^2/x} (2\pi)^{1/2 \log(2\pi)} = 8.16722809077415901344408$$

Plot:



Alternate forms:

$$e^{\pi^2/x} = 1.5086776168637665894968$$

$$e^{\pi^2/x} (2 \pi)^{1/2 (\log(2)+\log(\pi))} = 8.16722809077415901344408$$

Alternate form assuming x is positive:

$$1.0000000000000000000000 e^{\pi^2/x} = 1.50867761686376658949680$$

Real solution:

$$x \approx 24.00000000000000000000000$$

24

This value is linked to the "Ramanujan function" (an elliptic modular function that satisfies the need for "conformal symmetry") that has 24 "modes" corresponding to the physical vibrations of a bosonic string.

Solution:

$$x \approx -\frac{9.8696044010893586188345 \ i}{6.2831853071795864769253 \ n - 0.411233516712056609118103 \ i},$$

$$i(6.2831853071795864769253 \ n - 0.411233516712056609118103 \ i) \neq 0, \quad n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

\mathbb{Z} is the set of integers

Integer solution:

$$x = 24$$

24 as above

Now, we have that

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For $x = 1/2$, $C_0 = 0.582879670292435$ and $C_1 = 0.072815845483680$, we obtain:

$$0.072815845483680 - (\pi^2)/24 + 1/2 (0.582879670292435 + \ln(2\pi)) (0.582879670292435 - \ln(\pi/(2\sin(1/2*\pi)))) - ((\ln(1)/1 \cos(\pi) + \ln(2)/2 \cos(2\pi)))$$

Input interpretation:

$$0.072815845483680 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.582879670292435 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi\right)}\right) \right) - \left(\frac{\log(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\log(2)}{2} \cos(2\pi) \right)$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Result:

-0.526072255238618...

-0.526072255...

Alternative representations:

$$0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) =$$

$$0.0728158454836800000 + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \cos(0)}\right) \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(1) (e^{-i\pi} + e^{i\pi}) - \frac{1}{4} \log(2) (e^{-2i\pi} + e^{2i\pi}) - \frac{\pi^2}{24}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \\
& \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) = \\
& 0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(i\pi) \log(a) \log_a(1) - \frac{1}{2} \cosh(2i\pi) \log(a) \log_a(2) + \\
& \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(a) \log_a(2\pi)) \\
& \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log(a) \log_a\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \\
& \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) = \\
& 0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(-i\pi) \log(a) \log_a(1) - \frac{1}{2} \cosh(-2i\pi) \log(a) \log_a(2) + \\
& \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(a) \log_a(2\pi)) \\
& \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log(a) \log_a\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24}
\end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \\
& \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) = \\
& -0.0416666666666666667 \left(-5.82456481209093279 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& \quad \left. 24.0000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3t) \right) dt - \right. \\
& \quad \left. 6.99455604350922000 \log(2\pi) + 6.99455604350922000 \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right) dt}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2\pi) \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right) dt}\right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \\
& \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}\right) \right) - \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) = \\
& -0.0416666666666666667 \left(-5.82456481209093279 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \int_0^1 \pi (\log(1) \sin(\pi t) + \log(2) \sin(2\pi t)) dt + \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \log(1) + 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2) - \\
& \quad 6.99455604350922000 \log(2\pi) + 6.99455604350922000 \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2\pi) \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt}\right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \\
& \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}\right) \right) - \\
& \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) = \\
& -0.0416666666666666667 \left(-5.82456481209093279 + \right. \\
& \quad 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - 24.0000000000000000000 \\
& \quad \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/s+s} \left(2 e^{(3\pi^2)/(4s)} \log(1) + \log(2) \right) \sqrt{\pi}}{4 i \pi \sqrt{s}} ds - \\
& \quad 6.99455604350922000 \log(2\pi) + \\
& \quad 6.99455604350922000 \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2\pi) \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt}\right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

Multiple-argument formulas:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \\
 & \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2\sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}\right) \right) - \\
 & \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) = 0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} - \\
 & 0.5000000000000000000 (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \\
 & \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\pi}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}\right) \right) + \\
 & \log(1) \left(-1 + 2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \left(-1 + 2 \sin^2(\pi) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \\
 & \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2\sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}\right) \right) - \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) = \\
 & 0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \log(1) - 2 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \log(1) - \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \left(-1 + 2 \cos^2(\pi) \right) \log(2) - \\
 & 0.5000000000000000000 (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \\
 & \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\pi}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}\right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \\
 & \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2\sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}\right) \right) - \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) = \\
 & 0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \left(3 - 4 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \right) \log(1) + \\
 & \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) \left(3 - 4 \cos^2\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) \right) \log(2) - \\
 & 0.5000000000000000000 (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \\
 & \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\pi}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}\right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$-\left(\frac{311431943 \pi}{1149415279} \right) / \left(\left(\left(\left(0.072815845483680 - (\pi^2)/24 + 1/2 (0.582879670292435 + \ln(2\pi)) (0.582879670292435 - \ln(\pi/(2\sin(1/2*\pi))) \right) - \left(\left(\frac{\ln(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\ln(2)}{2} \cos(2\pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

Input interpretation:

$$-\left(\frac{311431943 \pi}{1149415279} \right) / \left(\left(0.072815845483680 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \log(2 \pi)) \left(0.582879670292435 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{1}{2} \pi)} \right) \right) - \left(\frac{\log(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\log(2)}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right)$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Result:

1.61804525500240...

1.6180452550024... result that is a very good approximation to the value of the golden ratio 1,618033988749...

Alternative representations:

$$-\left(\frac{311431943 \pi}{ \left(\left(\left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) = -\left(\frac{311431943 \pi}{ \left(1149415279 \left(0.0728158454836800000 + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \cos(0)} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(1) (e^{-i \pi} + e^{i \pi}) - \frac{1}{4} \log(2) (e^{-2i \pi} + e^{2i \pi}) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \right) \right) =$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left((311431943 \pi) / \right. \\
& \quad \left(\left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) 1149415279 \right) = \\
& - \left((311431943 \pi) / \left(1149415279 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(-i \pi) \log_e(1) - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{1}{2} \cosh(-2 i \pi) \log_e(2) + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log_e(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log_e \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left((311431943 \pi) / \right. \\
& \quad \left(\left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) 1149415279 \right) = \\
& - \left((311431943 \pi) / \left(1149415279 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \cosh(i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(1) - \frac{1}{2} \cosh(2 i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(2) + \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(a) \log_a(2 \pi)) \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log(a) \log_a \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \left((311431943 \pi) / \right. \\
 & \quad \left(\left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \quad \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) 1149415279 \right) \Bigg) = \\
 & (6.5027555910886756 i \pi^2) / \left(-5.8245648120909328 i \pi + \right. \\
 & \quad 1.00000000000000000000 i \pi^3 + 1.000000000000000000 \\
 & \quad \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{1}{\sqrt{s}} e^{-\pi^2/s+s} \left(12.000000000000000 e^{(3 \pi^2)/(4s)} \log(1) + \right. \\
 & \quad \quad \left. 6.000000000000000 \log(2) \right) \sqrt{\pi} ds - \\
 & \quad 6.9945560435092200 i \pi \log(2 \pi) + 6.9945560435092200 \\
 & \quad \left. i \pi \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{2} \right) dt} \right) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 12.000000000000000000 i \pi \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{2} \right) dt} \right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left((311431943 \pi) / \right. \\
& \quad \left(\left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) 1.149415279 \right) \right) = \\
& (6.5027555910886756 \pi) / \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. 12.0000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left((311431943 \pi) / \right. \\
& \left. \left(\left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) 1149415279 \right) \right) = \\
& (6.5027555910886756 \pi) / \left(-5.8245648120909328 + \right. \\
& 1.00000000000000000000 \pi^2 + 24.00000000000000000000 \log(1) - \\
& 24.00000000000000000000 \pi \log(1) \int_0^1 \sin(\pi t) dt + \\
& 12.00000000000000000000 \log(2) - \\
& 24.00000000000000000000 \pi \log(2) \int_0^1 \sin(2 \pi t) dt - \\
& 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \left. 12.00000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left((311431943 \pi) / \right. \\
& \left. \left(\left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) 1149415279 \right) = \\
& (6.5027555910886756 \pi) / \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& 24.0000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) dt - \\
& 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2s} \pi^{1-2s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma(\frac{3}{2}-s)} ds} \right) + \\
& 12.0000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \\
& \left. \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2s} \pi^{1-2s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma(\frac{3}{2}-s)} ds} \right) \right) \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -16 / (((((0.072815845483680 - (\pi^2)/24 + 1/2 (0.582879670292435 + \ln(2\pi)) \\
& (0.582879670292435 - \ln(\pi/(2\sin(1/2*\pi)))) - (((\ln(1)/1 \cos(\pi) + \ln(2)/2 \\
& \cos(2\pi))))))))))
\end{aligned}$$

Input interpretation:

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(16 / \left(\left(0.072815845483680 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \log(2 \pi)) \left(0.582879670292435 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{1}{2} \pi) \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(\frac{\log(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\log(2)}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Result:

30.4140730492290...

30.41407304... result very near to the black hole entropy 30.4615

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\left[16 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)\right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2)\right)\right) \Big] = \\
& -\left[16 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \cos(0)}\right)\right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{2} \log(1) \left(e^{-i \pi} + e^{i \pi}\right) - \frac{1}{4} \log(2) \left(e^{-2 i \pi} + e^{2 i \pi}\right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \Big] \\
& -\left[16 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)\right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2)\right)\right) \Big] = \\
& -\left[16 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(-i \pi) \log_e(1) - \frac{1}{2} \cosh(-2 i \pi) \log_e(2) + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log_e(2 \pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log_e\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)\right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \Big]
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(16 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2) \right) \right) \right) = \\
& - \left(16 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(1) - \frac{1}{2} \cosh(2 i \pi) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \log(a) \log_a(2) + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(a) \log_a(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log(a) \log_a \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(16 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2) \right) \right) \right) = \\
& (384.0000000000000000 i \pi) / \left(-5.8245648120909328 i \pi + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 1.000000000000000000 i \pi^3 + 1.000000000000000000 \right. \\
& \quad \left. \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{1}{\sqrt{s}} e^{-\pi^2/s+s} \left(12.0000000000000000 e^{(3\pi^2)/(4s)} \log(1) + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. 6.0000000000000000 \log(2) \right) \sqrt{\pi} ds - 6.9945560435092200 \right. \\
& \quad \left. i \pi \log(2 \pi) + 6.9945560435092200 i \pi \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 12.000000000000000000 i \pi \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(16 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2) \right) \right) \right) = \\
& 384.000000000000000 / \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& 24.0000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) dt - \\
& 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& 12.0000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \Bigg) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(16 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) \right) \right) = \\
& 384.0000000000000000 / \left(-5.8245648120909328 + \right. \\
& 1.0000000000000000 \pi^2 + 24.0000000000000000 \log(1) - \\
& 24.0000000000000000 \pi \log(1) \int_0^1 \sin(\pi t) dt + \\
& 12.0000000000000000 \log(2) - 24.0000000000000000 \pi \log(2) \\
& \int_0^1 \sin(2\pi t) dt - 6.9945560435092200 \log(2\pi) + \\
& 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4i\pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16s)+s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& 12.0000000000000000 \log(2\pi) \log \left(\frac{4i\pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16s)+s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \Bigg) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(16 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \right) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2) \right) \right) \right) = \\
& 384.0000000000000000 / \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& 24.0000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) dt - \\
& 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + 6.9945560435092200 \\
& \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2 s} \pi^{1-2 s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma \left(\frac{3}{2} - s \right)} ds} \right) + 12.0000000000000000 \\
& \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2 s} \pi^{1-2 s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma \left(\frac{3}{2} - s \right)} ds} \right) \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$10^{39} * (((-7 / (((0.072815845483680 - (\pi^2) / 24 + 1 / 2 (0.582879670292435 + \ln(2 \pi)) (0.582879670292435 - \ln(\pi / (2 \sin(1 / 2 * \pi)))))) - (((\ln(1) / 1 \cos(\pi) + \ln(2) / 2 \cos(2 \pi)))))) - 18 * 1 / 10^2)))$$

Input interpretation:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^{39} \left(- \left(7 / \left(0.072815845483680 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(0.582879670292435 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{1}{2} \pi \right)} \right) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\frac{\log(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\log(2)}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) - 18 \times \frac{1}{10^2}
\end{aligned}$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Result:

$$1.31261569590377... \times 10^{40}$$

1.31261569590377... * 10⁴⁰ result practically equal to the SMBH87 mass

$$1.312806 * 10^{40}$$

Alternative representations:

$$10^{39} \left(-7 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) - \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{18}{10^2} \right) = 10^{39}$$

$$\left(-\frac{18}{10^2} - 7 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \cos(0)}\right) - \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \frac{1}{2} \log(1) (e^{-i\pi} + e^{i\pi}) - \frac{1}{4} \log(2) (e^{-2i\pi} + e^{2i\pi}) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$10^{39} \left(-7 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) - \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{18}{10^2} \right) =$$

$$10^{39} \left(-\frac{18}{10^2} - 7 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(-i\pi) \log_e(1) - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{1}{2} \cosh(-2i\pi) \log_e(2) + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log_e(2\pi)) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log_e\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^{39} \left(- \left(7 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{18}{10^2} \Big) = \\
& 10^{39} \left(- \frac{18}{10^2} - 7 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(1) - \frac{1}{2} \cosh(2 i \pi) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \log(a) \log_a(2) + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(a) \log_a(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log(a) \log_a \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 10^{39} \left(- \left(7 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{18}{10^2} = \\
 & - \left(\left(1.8000000000000000000 \times 10^{38} \left(-939.15789814542427 + \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \quad 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - 24.00000000000000000 \\
 & \quad \left. \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/s+s} \left(2 e^{(3\pi^2)/(4s)} \log(1) + \log(2) \right) \sqrt{\pi}}{4 i \pi \sqrt{s}} ds - \right. \\
 & \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2\pi) + \\
 & \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right) + \\
 & \quad \left. \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2\pi) \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right) \right) \right) / \right. \\
 & \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
 & \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \\
 & \quad \left. \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/s+s} \left(2 e^{(3\pi^2)/(4s)} \log(1) + \log(2) \right) \sqrt{\pi}}{4 i \pi \sqrt{s}} ds - \right. \\
 & \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2\pi) + \\
 & \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right) + \\
 & \quad \left. \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2\pi) \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right) \right) \right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^{39} \left(- \left(7 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{18}{10^2} = \\
& - \left(\left(1.8000000000000000 \times 10^{38} \left(-939.15789814542427 + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad 1.0000000000000000 \pi^2 - 24.000000000000000 \\
& \quad \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2\pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4i\pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16s)+s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000 \log(2\pi) \log \left(\frac{4i\pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16s)+s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \right) \right) / \\
& \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2\pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4i\pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16s)+s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000 \log(2\pi) \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \log \left(\frac{4i\pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16s)+s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^{39} \left(- \left(7 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{18}{10^2} = \\
& - \left(\left(1.8000000000000000 \times 10^{38} \left(-939.15789814542427 + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad 1.0000000000000000 \pi^2 - 24.000000000000000 \\
& \quad \left. \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3t) \right) dt - \right. \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2\pi) + 6.9945560435092200 \\
& \quad \left. \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2s} \pi^{1-2s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma(\frac{3}{2}-s)} ds} \right) + 12.000000000000000 \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \log(2\pi) \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2s} \pi^{1-2s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma(\frac{3}{2}-s)} ds} \right) \right) \right) / \\
& \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& \quad 24.000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2\pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2s} \pi^{1-2s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma(\frac{3}{2}-s)} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad 12.000000000000000 \log(2\pi) \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2s} \pi^{1-2s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma(\frac{3}{2}-s)} ds} \right) \right) \right) \right) \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^{39} \left(- \left(7 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{18}{10^2} = \\
& - \left(\left(1.8000000000000000 \times 10^{38} \left(-939.15789814542427 + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad 1.0000000000000000 \pi^2 + 24.000000000000000 \log(1) - \\
& \quad 24.000000000000000 \pi \log(1) \int_0^1 \sin(\pi t) dt + \\
& \quad 12.000000000000000 \log(2) - 24.000000000000000 \pi \log(2) \\
& \quad \int_0^1 \sin(2\pi t) dt - 6.9945560435092200 \log(2\pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4i\pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16s)+s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. 12.000000000000000 \log(2\pi) \log \left(\frac{4i\pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16s)+s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \right) \right) / \\
& \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000 \pi^2 + \right. \\
& \quad 24.000000000000000 \log(1) - \\
& \quad 24.000000000000000 \pi \log(1) \int_0^1 \sin(\pi t) dt + \\
& \quad 12.000000000000000 \log(2) - \\
& \quad 24.000000000000000 \pi \log(2) \int_0^1 \sin(2\pi t) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2\pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4i\pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16s)+s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad 12.000000000000000 \log(2\pi) \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \log \left(\frac{4i\pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16s)+s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

We note that:

$$1.31261569e+40 \div 1989100000000000000000000000 =$$

6.599.043.235,634206425 and the Supermassive Black Hole of M87 is about 6,6 billion of M_{\odot} (solar masses), with a mass of $13.12806e+39$. We have obtained:

$$(1.31261569e+40)/(1.9891e+30)$$

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{1.31261569 \times 10^{40}}{1.9891 \times 10^{30}}$$

Result:

$$6.59904323563420642501633904781056759338394248655170680... \times 10^9$$

$$6.599043235634... * 10^9 \approx 6.6 * 10^9 \text{ solar masses}$$

The Schwarzschild radius, obtained from the Hawking radiation calculator, is:

$$1.94973 * 10^{13}$$

From the Ramanujan expression, we obtain also:

$$10^{13} * [1 - ((((((1/2 * 1 / (((((0.072815845483680 - (\pi^2)/24 + 1/2 (0.582879670292435 + \ln(2\pi)) (0.582879670292435 - \ln(\pi/(2\sin(1/2*\pi)))))) - (((\ln(1)/1 \cos(\pi) + \ln(2)/2 \cos(2\pi))))))))))))))]]$$

Input interpretation:

$$10^{13} \left[1 - \frac{1}{2} \times 1 / \left(0.072815845483680 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(0.582879670292435 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi\right)} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(\frac{\log(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\log(2)}{2} \cos(2\pi) \right) \right) \right]$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Result:

$$1.95043978278841... \times 10^{13}$$

$1.9504397... * 10^{13}$ result practically equal to the SMBH87 radius $1.94973 * 10^{13}$

Alternative representations:

$$10^{13} \left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) = 10^{13}$$

$$\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \cos(0)} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(1) (e^{-i \pi} + e^{i \pi}) - \frac{1}{4} \log(2) (e^{-2 i \pi} + e^{2 i \pi}) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$10^{13} \left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) =$$

$$10^{13} \left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(-i \pi) \log_e(1) - \frac{1}{2} \cosh(-2 i \pi) \log_e(2) + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log_e(2 \pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log_e \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

10^{13}

$$\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)\right) - \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi)\right)\right)\right)\right) = 10^{13}$$

$$\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(1) - \frac{1}{2} \cosh(2 i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(2) + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(a) \log_a(2 \pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log(a) \log_a\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 10^{13} \left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \left. \left. \log(2 \pi) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) = \\
 & \left(1.00000000000000000000 \times 10^{13} \left(6.1754351879090672 + \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \left. \frac{1.00000000000000000000 \pi^2 - 24.000000000000000000}{\int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/s+s} \left(2 e^{(3 \pi^2)/(4 s)} \log(1) + \log(2) \right) \sqrt{\pi}}{4 i \pi \sqrt{s}} ds - \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \left. 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \left. 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{2} \right) dt} \right) + \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \left. 12.000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{2} \right) dt} \right) \right) \right) / \\
 & \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.00000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \frac{24.00000000000000000000}{\int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/s+s} \left(2 e^{(3 \pi^2)/(4 s)} \log(1) + \log(2) \right) \sqrt{\pi}}{4 i \pi \sqrt{s}} ds - \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{2} \right) dt} \right) + \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. 12.000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{2} \right) dt} \right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^{13} \left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \log(2 \pi) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) = \\
& \left(1.0000000000000000000 \times 10^{13} \left(6.1754351879090672 + \right. \right. \\
& \quad 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \right) / \\
& \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^{13} \left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \log(2 \pi) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) = \\
& \left(1.0000000000000000000 \times 10^{13} \left(6.1754351879090672 + \right. \right. \\
& \quad 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2 s} \pi^{1-2 s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma(\frac{3}{2}-s)} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2 s} \pi^{1-2 s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma(\frac{3}{2}-s)} ds} \right) \right) \right) \right) / \\
& \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2 s} \pi^{1-2 s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma(\frac{3}{2}-s)} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2 s} \pi^{1-2 s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma(\frac{3}{2}-s)} ds} \right) \right) \right) \right) \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^{13} \left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \log(2 \pi) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) = \\
& \left(1.00000000000000000000 \times 10^{13} \left(6.1754351879090672 + \right. \right. \\
& \quad 1.00000000000000000000 \pi^2 + 24.000000000000000000 \log(1) - \\
& \quad 24.00000000000000000000 \pi \log(1) \int_0^1 \sin(\pi t) dt + \\
& \quad 12.00000000000000000000 \log(2) - 24.00000000000000000000 \pi \log(2) \\
& \quad \int_0^1 \sin(2 \pi t) dt - 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. 12.00000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \right) / \\
& \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.00000000000000000000 \pi^2 + \right. \\
& \quad 24.00000000000000000000 \log(1) - \\
& \quad 24.00000000000000000000 \pi \log(1) \int_0^1 \sin(\pi t) dt + \\
& \quad 12.00000000000000000000 \log(2) - \\
& \quad 24.00000000000000000000 \pi \log(2) \int_0^1 \sin(2 \pi t) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. 12.00000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

Multiple-argument formulas:

10^{13}

$$\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2)\right.\right.\right.$$

$$\left.\left.\left.\pi\right) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)\right) - \right.\right.$$

$$\left.\left.\left.\left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi)\right)\right)\right)\right) = 10\,000\,000\,000\,000$$

$$\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} - 0.5000000000000000000\right.\right.\right.$$

$$\left.\left.\left.\left(0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)\right)\right.\right.\right.$$

$$\left.\left.\left.\left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\pi}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)\right)\right) + \right.\right.\right.$$

$$\left.\left.\left.\left.\log(1) \left(-1 + 2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \left(-1 + 2 \sin^2(\pi)\right)\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

10^{13}

$$\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2)\right.\right.\right.$$

$$\left.\left.\left.\pi\right) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)\right) - \right.\right.$$

$$\left.\left.\left.\left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi)\right)\right)\right)\right) = 10\,000\,000\,000\,000$$

$$\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \log(1) - 2 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \log(1) - \right.\right.\right.$$

$$\left.\left.\left.\frac{1}{2} \left(-1 + 2 \cos^2(\pi)\right) \log(2) - 0.5000000000000000000\right.\right.\right.$$

$$\left.\left.\left.\left(0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)\right)\right.\right.\right.$$

$$\left.\left.\left.\left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\pi}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

10^{13}

$$\left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}\right) - \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2\pi) \right) \right) \right] \right) = 10\,000\,000\,000\,000$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \left(3 - 4 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \right) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) \left(3 - 4 \cos^2\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) \right) \log(2) - 0.50000000000000000000 \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi) \right) \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\pi}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}\right) \right) \right] \right)$$

We note that:

$$10^{13} \left[1 - \left(\left(\left(\left(\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\left(0.072815845483680 - \frac{x}{4} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \ln(2\pi)) (0.582879670292435 - \ln(\pi/(2\sin(1/2*\pi))) \right) \right) - \left(\left(\frac{\ln(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\ln(2)}{2} \cos(2\pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right] = 1.9504397827e+13$$

Input interpretation:

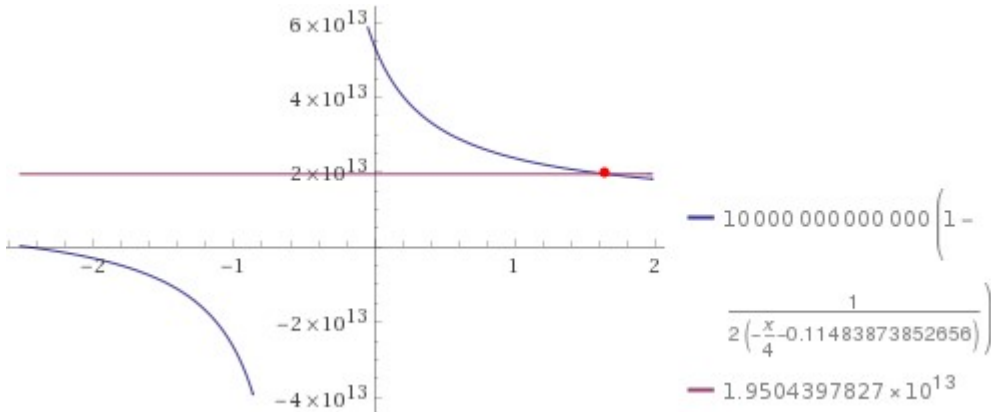
$$10^{13} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \left[2 \left(0.072815845483680 - \frac{x}{4} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.582879670292435 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{1}{2} \pi)}\right) - \left(\frac{\log(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\log(2)}{2} \cos(2\pi) \right) \right) \right] \right) = 1.9504397827 \times 10^{13}$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Result:

$$10\,000\,000\,000\,000 \left(1 - \frac{1}{2 \left(-\frac{x}{4} - 0.11483873852656 \right)} \right) = 1.9504397827 \times 10^{13}$$

Plot:



Alternate form assuming x is real:

$$\frac{2.000000 \times 10^{13}}{1.0000000 x + 0.4593550} = 9.50440 \times 10^{12}$$

Alternate forms:

$$\frac{1.00000000000000 \times 10^{13} (x + 2.4593549541062)}{x + 0.45935495410625} = 1.9504397827 \times 10^{13}$$

$$\frac{1.00000000000000 \times 10^{13} (1.00000000000000 x + 2.459354954106)}{1.00000000000000 x + 0.4593549541062} = 1.9504397827 \times 10^{13}$$

Alternate form assuming x is positive:

$$9.504397827 \times 10^{12} x = 1.5634107772 \times 10^{13} \text{ (for } x \neq -0.4593549541062)$$

Expanded form:

$$10\,000\,000\,000\,000 - \frac{5\,000\,000\,000\,000}{-\frac{x}{4} - 0.11483873852656} = 19\,504\,397\,827\,000$$

Solution:

$$x \approx 1.644934067$$

$$1.644934067 = \zeta(2) = \frac{\pi^2}{6} = 1.644934 \dots$$

From:

$$\frac{1.0000000000000 \times 10^{13} (x + 2.4593549541062)}{x + 0.45935495410625} = 1.9504397827 \times 10^{13}$$

We have also:

$$\frac{(1.0000000000000 \times 10^{13} (x + 2.4593549541062 + 0.027))}{(x + 0.45935495410625 + 0.027)} = 1.9504397827 \times 10^{13}$$

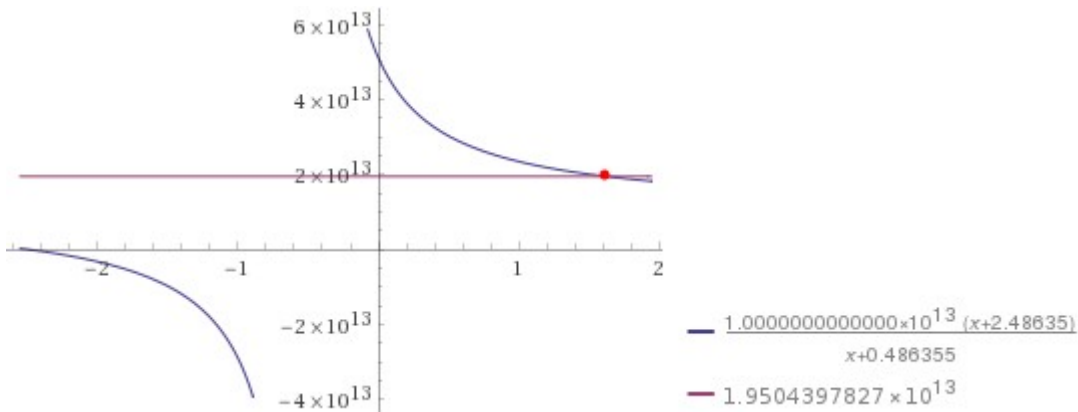
Input interpretation:

$$\frac{1.0000000000000 \times 10^{13} (x + 2.4593549541062 + 0.027)}{x + 0.45935495410625 + 0.027} = 1.9504397827 \times 10^{13}$$

Result:

$$\frac{1.0000000000000 \times 10^{13} (x + 2.48635)}{x + 0.486355} = 1.9504397827 \times 10^{13}$$

Plot:



Alternate form assuming x is real:

$$\frac{2. \times 10^{13}}{x + 0.486355} = 9.5044 \times 10^{12}$$

Alternate form:

$$\frac{1 \times 10^{13} x + 2.48635 \times 10^{13}}{x + 0.486355} = 1.9504397827 \times 10^{13}$$

Alternate form assuming x is positive:

$$9.5044 \times 10^{12} x = 1.53775 \times 10^{13}$$

Expanded form:

$$\frac{10000000000000x}{x + 0.486355} + \frac{2.48635 \times 10^{13}}{x + 0.486355} = 19504397827000$$

Alternate form assuming x>0:

$$\frac{1 \times 10^{13} x + 2.48635 \times 10^{13}}{x + 0.486355} = 1.9504397827 \times 10^{13}$$

Solution:

$$x \approx 1.61793$$

$$1.61793 \approx 1.61803398\dots = \text{golden ratio}$$

The surface area of the SMBH87 is 4.77706×10^{27} . From the previous expression, we have:

$$10^{27} * [-(728)^{1/3} * (((0.072815845483680 - (\pi^2)/24 + 1/2 (0.582879670292435 + \ln(2\pi)) (0.582879670292435 - \ln(\pi/(2\sin(1/2*\pi)))) - (((\ln(1)/1 \cos(\pi) + \ln(2)/2 \cos(2\pi)))))))] + (47-2) * 1/10^3]$$

Input interpretation:

$$10^{27} \left(-\sqrt[3]{728} \left(0.072815845483680 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(0.582879670292435 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \pi\right)}\right) \right) - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(\frac{\log(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\log(2)}{2} \cos(2\pi) \right) \right) + (47 - 2) \times \frac{1}{10^3} \right)$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Result:

$$4.77748440009457\dots \times 10^{27}$$

$$4.77748440009457\dots * 10^{27}$$

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 10^{27} \left(-\sqrt[3]{728} \right. \\
 & \quad \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2) \right) \right) + \frac{47-2}{10^3} \Bigg) = \\
 & 10^{27} \left(-\sqrt[3]{728} \left(0.0728158454836800000 + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \cos(0)} \right) \right) - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \frac{1}{2} \log(1) (e^{-i \pi} + e^{i \pi}) - \frac{1}{4} \log(2) (e^{-2 i \pi} + e^{2 i \pi}) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) + \frac{45}{10^3} \Bigg)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 10^{27} \left(-\sqrt[3]{728} \right. \\
 & \quad \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \\
 & \quad \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2) \right) \right) + \frac{47-2}{10^3} \Bigg) = \\
 & 10^{27} \left(-\sqrt[3]{728} \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(1) - \frac{1}{2} \cosh(2 i \pi) \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \log(a) \log_a(2) + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(a) \log_a(2 \pi)) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log(a) \log_a \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) + \frac{45}{10^3} \Bigg)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^{27} \left(-\sqrt[3]{728} \right. \\
& \quad \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2) \right) \right) + \frac{47-2}{10^3} \right) = \\
& 10^{27} \left(-\sqrt[3]{728} \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(-i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(1) - \frac{1}{2} \cosh(-2 i \pi) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \log(a) \log_a(2) + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(a) \log_a(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log(a) \log_a \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) + \frac{45}{10^3} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^{27} \left(-\sqrt[3]{728} \right. \\
& \quad \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2) \right) \right) + \frac{47-2}{10^3} \right) = \\
& -2.13821262241638459 \times 10^{27} + 3.74828453772951233 \times 10^{26} \pi^2 + \\
& 1.000000000000000000 \\
& \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} (-8.9958828905508296 \times 10^{27} \log(1) \sin(t) - \\
& \quad 1.34938243358262444 \times 10^{28} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t)) dt - \\
& 2.62175862661681234 \times 10^{27} \log(2 \pi) + 2.62175862661681234 \times 10^{27} \\
& \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right) + \\
& 4.49794144527541480 \times 10^{27} \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^{27} \left(-\sqrt[3]{728} \right. \\
& \quad \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) \right) + \frac{47-2}{10^3} \right) = \\
& -2.13821262241638459 \times 10^{27} + 3.74828453772951233 \times 10^{26} \pi^2 + \\
& 1.000000000000000000 \\
& \int_0^1 \pi (-8.9958828905508296 \times 10^{27} \log(1) \sin(\pi t) - \\
& \quad 8.9958828905508296 \times 10^{27} \log(2) \sin(2\pi t)) dt + \\
& 8.9958828905508296 \times 10^{27} \log(1) + 4.49794144527541480 \times 10^{27} \log(2) - \\
& 2.62175862661681234 \times 10^{27} \log(2\pi) + \\
& 2.62175862661681234 \times 10^{27} \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right) dt}\right) + \\
& 4.49794144527541480 \times 10^{27} \log(2\pi) \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right) dt}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^{27} \left(-\sqrt[3]{728} \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left. \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) - \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) \right) + \frac{47-2}{10^3} \right) = \\
& -2.13821262241638459 \times 10^{27} + 3.74828453772951233 \times 10^{26} \pi^2 + \\
& 1.000000000000000000 \\
& \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{1}{i\pi\sqrt{s}} e^{-\pi^2/s+s} \left(4.49794144527541480 \times 10^{27} e^{(3\pi^2)/(4s)} \log(1) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 2.24897072263770740 \times 10^{27} \log(2) \right) \sqrt{\pi} ds - \\
& 2.62175862661681234 \times 10^{27} \log(2\pi) + 2.62175862661681234 \times 10^{27} \\
& \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right) dt}\right) + \\
& 4.49794144527541480 \times 10^{27} \log(2\pi) \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right) dt}\right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

Multiple-argument formulas:

$$10^{27} \left(-\sqrt[3]{728} \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) + \frac{47-2}{10^3} \right) =$$

1 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000

$$\left(\frac{9}{200} - 2 \sqrt[3]{91} \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} - 0.5000000000000000000 (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\pi}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) + \log(1) \left(-1 + 2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \left(-1 + 2 \sin^2(\pi) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$10^{27} \left(-\sqrt[3]{728} \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) + \frac{47-2}{10^3} \right) =$$

1 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000

$$\left(\frac{9}{200} - 2 \sqrt[3]{91} \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \log(1) \left(1 - 2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \left(1 - 2 \sin^2(\pi) \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 10^{27} \left(-\sqrt[3]{728} \right. \\
& \quad \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \quad \left. \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) \right) + \frac{47-2}{10^3} \right) = \\
& 1\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000\,000 \\
& \left(\frac{9}{200} - 2 \sqrt[3]{91} \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \log(1) - 2 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \log(1) - \frac{1}{2} (-1 + 2 \cos^2(\pi)) \log(2) - \\
& \quad 0.5000000000000000000 (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \left. -0.5828796702924350000 + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\pi}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Now, we have that:

From

Traversable wormholes in $f(\mathbf{R}, \mathbf{T})$ gravity with conformal motions

Ayan Banerjee, Ksh. Newton Singh, M. K. Jasim, 4 and Farook Rahaman -

arXiv:1908.04754v1 [gr-qc] 10 Aug 2019

Our aim here is to restrict the dimensions of these wormholes not to arbitrarily large. For this, the exterior Schwarzschild is given by

$$ds^2 = - \left(1 - \frac{2M}{r} \right) dt^2 + \frac{dr^2}{\left(1 - \frac{2M}{r} \right)} + r^2 (d\theta^2 + \sin^2 \theta d\phi^2), \tag{28}$$

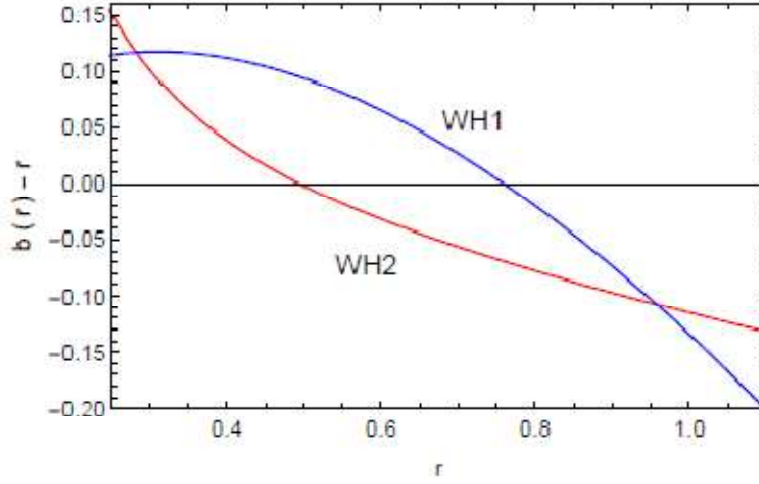


FIG. 3: Variation of $b(r) - r$ with $A = 1.23$, $\chi = -2$, $\omega = -2$, $c_3 = 7.74$ (WH1) and $B = -0.44$, $\chi = -2$, $n = -0.4$, $c_3 = -10$ (WH2).

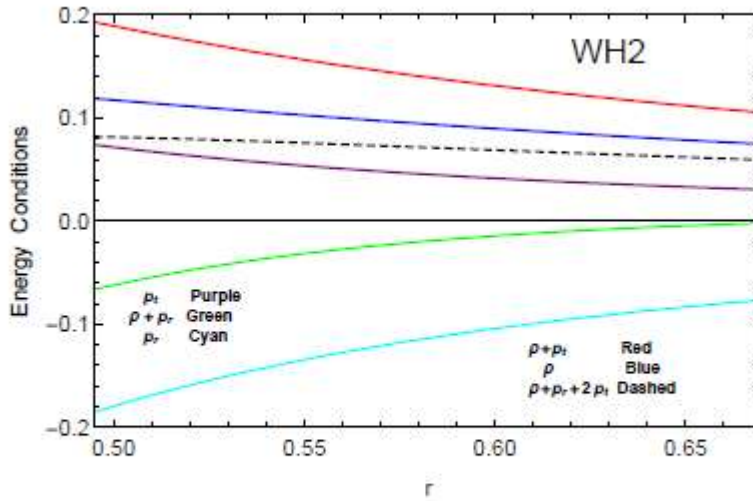


FIG. 6: Variation all the physical quantities and energy conditions with $B = -0.44$, $\chi = -2$, $n = -0.4$, $c_3 = -10$ for WH2.

The case of a isotropic wormhole i.e. when $p_r = p_t$ is particularly simple one, yet it provides enough interesting results [30]. In order to analyze solutions we shall now on take into consideration Eqs. (24) and (25), which yield

$$\psi(r) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\chi + 2\pi(\omega + 3)}} \left\{ \exp \left[4\{\chi + \pi(\omega + 3)\} \left(A + \frac{2 \log r}{\chi - 3\chi\omega - 8\pi\omega} \right) \right] + C_3^2(\chi + 2\pi)(\omega + 1) \right\}^{\frac{1}{2}}, \quad (36)$$

for $A = 1.23$, $\chi = -2$, $\omega = -2$, $r = 1.94973e+13$, $c_3 = 7.74$ or -10 , $B = -0.44$, $n = -0.4$

The Supermassive Black Hole of M87 is about 6,6 billion of M_{\odot} (solar masses), with a mass of $13.12806e+39$

$$6.59904323563420642501633904781056759338394248655170680... \times 10^9$$

$$6.599043235634... * 10^9 \approx 6.6 * 10^9 \text{ solar masses}$$

The Schwarzschild radius is: $1.94973 * 10^{13}$

$$1/(-4+2\pi)^{1/2} * [\exp(((((((4(-2+\pi))) * (1.23 + ((2 \ln(1.94973e+13)) / ((-2-3(4)-8\pi(-2)))))))))) + 7.74^2(-2+2\pi)^{-1}]^{1/2}$$

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{-4+2\pi}} \sqrt{\exp\left(4(-2+\pi) \left(1.23 + 2 \times \frac{\log(1.94973 \times 10^{13})}{-2-3 \times 4-8\pi \times (-2)}\right)\right) + 7.74^2(-2+2\pi) \times (-1)}$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Result:

517.229...

517.229...

From the previous Ramanujan expression

$$0.072815845483680 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.582879670292435 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi\right)}\right) \right) - \left(\frac{\log(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\log(2)}{2} \cos(2\pi) \right)$$

We have also:

$$-\pi^2 \cdot 10^2 \cdot \left(\left(\left(\left(0.072815845483680 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \ln(2\pi)) (0.582879670292435 - \ln(\pi/(2\sin(1/2\pi)))) \right) - \left(\frac{\ln(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\ln(2)}{2} \cos(2\pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) - 2$$

Input interpretation:

$$-\pi^2 \left(10^2 \left(0.072815845483680 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left(0.582879670292435 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2\sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi\right)}\right) \right) - \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(\frac{\log(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\log(2)}{2} \cos(2\pi) \right) \right) \right) - 2$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Result:

517.212504559407...

517.212504559407...

Alternative representations:

$$-\pi^2 \cdot 10^2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \\ \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \\ \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2\pi) \right) \right) - 2 = \\ -2 - 10^2 \pi^2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \\ \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2\cos(0)}\right) \right) - \\ \left. \frac{1}{2} \log(1) (e^{-i\pi} + e^{i\pi}) - \frac{1}{4} \log(2) (e^{-2i\pi} + e^{2i\pi}) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\pi^2 10^2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \\
& \quad \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) - 2 = \\
& -2 - 10^2 \pi^2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(1) - \right. \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} \cosh(2 i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(2) + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(a) \log_a(2 \pi)) \\
& \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log(a) \log_a \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \\
& -\pi^2 10^2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \\
& \quad \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) - 2 = \\
& -2 - 10^2 \pi^2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(-i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(1) - \frac{1}{2} \cosh(-2 i \pi) \right. \\
& \quad \log(a) \log_a(2) + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(a) \log_a(2 \pi)) \\
& \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log(a) \log_a \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\pi^2 10^2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \\
 & \quad \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \\
 & \quad \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) - 2 = \\
 & 4.1666666666666667 \left(-0.4800000000000000000 - \right. \\
 & \quad 5.82456481209093279 \pi^2 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^4 + \\
 & \quad 0.2400000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} -50 \pi^2 (2 \log(1) \sin(t) + 3 \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t)) dt - \\
 & \quad 6.99455604350922000 \pi^2 \log(2 \pi) + \\
 & \quad 6.99455604350922000 \pi^2 \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right) + \\
 & \quad \left. 12.00000000000000000 \pi^2 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & -\pi^2 10^2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \\
 & \quad \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \\
 & \quad \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) - 2 = \\
 & 4.1666666666666667 \left(-0.4800000000000000000 - \right. \\
 & \quad 5.82456481209093279 \pi^2 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^4 + \\
 & \quad 0.2400000000000000000 \int_0^1 -100 \pi^3 (\log(1) \sin(\pi t) + \log(2) \sin(2 \pi t)) dt + \\
 & \quad 24.00000000000000000 \pi^2 \log(1) + 12.00000000000000000 \pi^2 \log(2) - \\
 & \quad 6.99455604350922000 \pi^2 \log(2 \pi) + \\
 & \quad 6.99455604350922000 \pi^2 \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right) + \\
 & \quad \left. 12.00000000000000000 \pi^2 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\pi^2 10^2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2\pi) \right) \right) - 2 = \\
& 4.1666666666666667 \left(-0.4800000000000000000 - 5.82456481209093279 \pi^2 + \right. \\
& \quad 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^4 + 0.2400000000000000000 \\
& \quad \left. \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{25 e^{-\pi^2/s+s} \pi \left(2 e^{(3\pi^2)/(4s)} \log(1) + \log(2) \right) \sqrt{\pi}}{i \sqrt{s}} ds - \right. \\
& \quad 6.99455604350922000 \pi^2 \log(2\pi) + \\
& \quad 6.99455604350922000 \pi^2 \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right) dt}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. 12.00000000000000000 \pi^2 \log(2\pi) \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right) dt}\right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

Multiple-argument formulas:

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\pi^2 10^2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \\
& \quad \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2\pi) \right) \right) - 2 = \\
& -2 - 100 \pi^2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} - \right. \\
& \quad 0.5000000000000000000 (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \\
& \quad \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\pi}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \log(1) \left(-1 + 2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \left(-1 + 2 \sin^2(\pi) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\pi^2 10^2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) - 2 = \\
& -2 - 100 \pi^2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \log(1) - \right. \\
& \quad 2 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \log(1) - \frac{1}{2} (-1 + 2 \cos^2(\pi)) \log(2) - \\
& \quad 0.5000000000000000000 (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \\
& \quad \left. \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\pi}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}\right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\pi^2 10^2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) - 2 = \\
& -2 - 100 \pi^2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \left(3 - 4 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \right) \log(1) + \right. \\
& \quad \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{2 \pi}{3}\right) \left(3 - 4 \cos^2\left(\frac{2 \pi}{3}\right) \right) \log(2) - \\
& \quad 0.5000000000000000000 (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \\
& \quad \left. \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\pi}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}\right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Here, we investigate the wormhole solution for a particularly interesting anisotropy, already explored in [15, 33], given by

$$p_t = np_r, \quad (44)$$

where the state parameter n is a constant. With this assumption and solving the differential equations (33)-(35), as the same procedure for WH1, the function $\psi(r)$ takes the form

$$\psi(r) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2n\chi + \pi(6n - 2)}} \left[e^{4B\Omega r^\Lambda} ((n + 3)\chi + 8\pi)^\Lambda + C_3^2 n (\chi + 2\pi) \right]^{1/2}, \quad (45)$$

where $\Lambda = \frac{8(n\chi + \pi(3n - 1))}{(n + 3)\chi + 8\pi}$ and $\Omega = n\chi + \pi(3n - 1)$.

for $A = 1.23$, $\chi = -2$, $\omega = -2$, $r = 1.94973e+13$, $c_3 = 7.74$ or -10 , $B = -0.44$, $n = -0.4$

$$-0.4(-2) + \text{Pi}((3*(-0.4)-1))$$

Input:

$$-0.4 \times (-2) + \pi(3 \times (-0.4) - 1)$$

Result:

$$-6.11150\dots$$

$$\Omega = -6.11150\dots$$

$$\frac{((8(-0.4*-2 + \text{Pi}((3*-0.4)-1))))}{((-0.4+3)*-2 + 8\text{Pi}))}$$

Input:

$$\frac{8(-0.4 \times (-2) + \pi(3 \times (-0.4) - 1))}{(-0.4 + 3) \times (-2) + 8\pi}$$

Result:

$$-2.45285\dots$$

$$\Lambda = -2.45285\dots$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{8(-0.4(-2) + \pi(3(-0.4) - 1))}{(-0.4 + 3)(-2) + 8\pi} = \frac{8(0.8 - 396.^\circ)}{-5.2 + 1440^\circ}$$

$$\frac{8(-0.4(-2) + \pi(3(-0.4) - 1))}{(-0.4 + 3)(-2) + 8\pi} = \frac{8(0.8 + 2.2 i \log(-1))}{-5.2 - 8 i \log(-1)}$$

$$\frac{8(-0.4(-2) + \pi(3(-0.4) - 1))}{(-0.4 + 3)(-2) + 8\pi} = \frac{8(0.8 - 2.2 \cos^{-1}(-1))}{-5.2 + 8 \cos^{-1}(-1)}$$

Series representations:

$$\frac{8(-0.4(-2) + \pi(3(-0.4) - 1))}{(-0.4 + 3)(-2) + 8\pi} = -\frac{2.2\left(-0.0909091 + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{1+2k}\right)}{-0.1625 + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{1+2k}}$$

$$\frac{8(-0.4(-2) + \pi(3(-0.4) - 1))}{(-0.4 + 3)(-2) + 8\pi} = -\frac{2.2\left(-1.18182 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^k}{\binom{2k}{k}}\right)}{-1.325 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^k}{\binom{2k}{k}}}$$

$$\frac{8(-0.4(-2) + \pi(3(-0.4) - 1))}{(-0.4 + 3)(-2) + 8\pi} = -\frac{2.2\left(-0.363636 + x + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(kx)}{k}\right)}{-0.65 + x + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(kx)}{k}}$$

for $(x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } x > 0)$

Now, we have:

$$1/((((2*(-0.4)(-2)+Pi((6(-0.4)-2))))))^{1/2}$$

Input:

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2 \times (-0.4) \times (-2) + \pi(6 \times (-0.4) - 2)}}$$

Result:

$$-0.286030... i$$

Polar coordinates:

$r = 0.28603$ (radius), $\theta = -90^\circ$ (angle)

0.28603

$$\psi(r) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2n\chi + \pi(6n - 2)}} \left[e^{4B\Omega} r^\Lambda ((n + 3)\chi + 8\pi)^\Lambda + C_3^2 n(\chi + 2\pi) \right]^{1/2}, \tag{45}$$

for $A = 1.23, \chi = -2, \omega = -2, r = 1.94973e+13, c_3 = 7.74$ or $-10, B = -0.44, n = -0.4$

$\Omega = -6.11150... \quad \Lambda = -2.45285...$

$$0.28603 * [e^{(4 * -0.44 * -6.11150)} * (1.94973e+13)^{-2.45285} * (((-0.4+3)*(-2)+8\pi))^{-2.45285} + 7.74^2 * -0.4 * (-2+2\pi)]$$

Input interpretation:

0.28603

$$\left(\frac{e^{4 \times (-0.44) \times (-6.11150)}}{(1.94973 \times 10^{13})^{2.45285} ((-0.4 + 3) \times (-2) + 8\pi)^{2.45285}} + 7.74^2 \times (-0.4) \times (-2 + 2\pi) \right)$$

Result:

-29.3576...

-29.3576...

From the previous Ramanujan expression

$$0.072815845483680 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.582879670292435 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{1}{2}\pi)} \right) \right) - \left(\frac{\log(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\log(2)}{2} \cos(2\pi) \right)$$

We have also:

$$18 / (((((0.072815845483680 - (\pi^2)/24 + 1/2 (0.582879670292435 + \ln(2\pi)) (0.582879670292435 - \ln(\pi/(2\sin(1/2*\pi)))))) - (((\ln(1)/1 \cos(\pi) + \ln(2)/2 \cos(2\pi))))))))) + 5$$

Input interpretation:

$$18 / \left(0.072815845483680 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.582879670292435 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2} \pi\right)}\right) - \left(\frac{\log(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\log(2)}{2} \cos(2\pi)\right) \right) \right) + 5$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Result:

-29.215832180383...

-29.215832180383

Alternative representations:

$$18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) - \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2)\right) \right) \right) + 5 =$$

$$5 + 18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \cos(0)}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \log(1) (e^{-i\pi} + e^{i\pi}) - \frac{1}{4} \log(2) (e^{-2i\pi} + e^{2i\pi}) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \right)$$

$$18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \\ \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \\ \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2) \right) \right) + 5 =$$

$$5 + 18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(-i \pi) \log_e(1) - \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{2} \cosh(-2 i \pi) \log_e(2) + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log_e(2 \pi)) \right. \\ \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log_e \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right)$$

$$18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \\ \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \\ \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2) \right) \right) + 5 =$$

$$5 + 18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(1) - \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{2} \cosh(2 i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(2) + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(a) \log_a(2 \pi)) \right. \\ \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log(a) \log_a \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right)$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) \right) + 5 = \\
 & \left(5.0000000000000000000 \left(-92.224564812090933 i\pi + \right. \right. \\
 & \quad 1.0000000000000000000 i\pi^3 + 1.0000000000000000000 \\
 & \quad \left. \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{1}{\sqrt{s}} e^{-\pi^2/s+s} \left(12.000000000000000 e^{(3\pi^2)/(4s)} \log(1) + \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. 6.000000000000000 \log(2) \right) \sqrt{\pi} ds - 6.9945560435092200 \right. \\
 & \quad \left. i\pi \log(2\pi) + 6.9945560435092200 i\pi \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right) dt}\right) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 12.0000000000000000000 i\pi \log(2\pi) \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right) dt}\right) \right) / \\
 & \left(-5.8245648120909328 i\pi + 1.0000000000000000000 i\pi^3 + \right. \\
 & \quad 1.0000000000000000000 \\
 & \quad \left. \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{1}{\sqrt{s}} e^{-\pi^2/s+s} \left(12.000000000000000 e^{(3\pi^2)/(4s)} \log(1) + \right. \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left. 6.000000000000000 \log(2) \right) \sqrt{\pi} ds - \right. \\
 & \quad 6.9945560435092200 i\pi \log(2\pi) + 6.9945560435092200 \\
 & \quad \left. i\pi \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right) dt}\right) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. 12.0000000000000000000 i\pi \log(2\pi) \log\left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right) dt}\right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}\right) \right) - \\
& \quad \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) + 5 = \\
& \left(5.0000000000000000000 \left(-92.224564812090933 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \right. \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2\pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4i\pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16s)+s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2\pi) \log \left(\frac{4i\pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16s)+s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \right) \right) / \\
& \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2\pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4i\pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16s)+s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2\pi) \log \left(\frac{4i\pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16s)+s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) \right) + 5 = \\
& \left(5.00000000000000000000 \left(-92.224564812090933 + 1.00000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \right. \\
& \quad 24.00000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2\pi) + \\
& \quad \left. 6.9945560435092200 \log\left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2s} \pi^{1-2s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} ds} \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. 12.00000000000000000000 \log(2\pi) \log\left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2s} \pi^{1-2s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} ds} \right) \right) \right) / \\
& \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.00000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& \quad 24.00000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2\pi) + \\
& \quad \left. 6.9945560435092200 \log\left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2s} \pi^{1-2s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} ds} \right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. 12.00000000000000000000 \log(2\pi) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \log\left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i\infty+\gamma}^{i\infty+\gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2s} \pi^{1-2s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} ds} \right) \right) \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right) \right) - \\
& \quad \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2) \right) + 5 = \\
& \left(5.0000000000000000000 \left(-92.224564812090933 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 + \right. \right. \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \log(1) - 24.0000000000000000000 \pi \log(1) \\
& \quad \int_0^1 \sin(\pi t) dt + 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2) - \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \pi \log(2) \int_0^1 \sin(2 \pi t) dt - 6.9945560435092200 \\
& \quad \left. \log(2 \pi) + 6.9945560435092200 \log\left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds}\right) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log\left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds}\right) \right) \right) / \\
& \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 + \right. \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \log(1) - \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \pi \log(1) \int_0^1 \sin(\pi t) dt + \\
& \quad 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2) - \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \pi \log(2) \int_0^1 \sin(2 \pi t) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log\left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds}\right) + \\
& \quad \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log\left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/(16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds}\right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

Multiple-argument formulas:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2) \right) \right) + 5 = \\
 & 5 + 18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} - \right. \\
 & \quad 0.5000000000000000000 (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \\
 & \quad \left. \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \log \left(\frac{\pi}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) + \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \log(1) \left(-1 + 2 \sin^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \left(-1 + 2 \sin^2(\pi) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \\
 & \quad \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2 \pi) \log(2) \right) \right) + 5 = \\
 & 5 + 18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \log(1) - \right. \\
 & \quad 2 \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \log(1) - \frac{1}{2} \left(-1 + 2 \cos^2(\pi) \right) \log(2) - \\
 & \quad 0.5000000000000000000 (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \\
 & \quad \left. \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \log \left(\frac{\pi}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2\pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}\right) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\cos(\pi) \log(1) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2\pi) \log(2) \right) \right) + 5 = \\
& 5 + 18 / \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \left(3 - 4 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \right) \log(1) + \right. \\
& \quad \left. \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) \left(3 - 4 \cos^2\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) \right) \log(2) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. 0.5000000000000000000 (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\pi}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2})}\right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Now, we have that:

$$\begin{aligned}
I_V(WH1) = & \left[a \left(1 - \frac{b(a)}{a} \right) \ln \left(\frac{e^{\nu(a)}}{1 - b/a} \right) \right] - \\
& \left[\frac{r(\chi + 2\pi)(\omega + 1)}{\zeta} - \frac{(\chi + 4\pi)(\omega + 1)e^{4A\zeta}}{C_3^2 \zeta [8\pi - \chi(\omega - 3)]} \right. \\
& \left. r^{q/p} - \frac{r [e^{4A\zeta} r^{-\sigma} + C_3^2 (\chi + 2\pi)(\omega + 1)]}{2C_3^2 \zeta} \right. \\
& \left. \log \left(\frac{2C_2^2 C_3^2 \zeta r^2}{e^{4A\zeta} r^{-\sigma} + C_3^2 (\chi + 2\pi)(\omega + 1)} \right) \right]_{r_0}^a \quad (53)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
I_V(WH2) = & \left[a \left(1 - \frac{b(a)}{a} \right) \ln \left(\frac{e^{\nu(a)}}{1 - b/a} \right) \right] - \\
& \left[\left\{ \frac{2(n-1)(\chi + 4\pi)e^{4B\Omega} r^\Sigma}{(3n\chi + 8\pi n + \chi)[(n+3)\chi + 8\pi]^{-\Sigma}} \right. \right. \\
& \left. - 2C_3^2 n r (\chi + 2\pi)[(n+3)\chi + 8\pi] + \right. \\
& \left. \left(e^{4B\Omega} [(n+3)\chi + 8\pi]^\Lambda r^\tau + C_3^2 n (\chi + 2\pi) \right) \right. \\
& \left. \log \left[\frac{2C_2^2 C_3^2 r^2 \{n\chi + \pi(3n-1)\}}{e^{4B\Omega} r^\Lambda [(n+3)\chi + 8\pi]^\Lambda + C_3^2 n (\chi + 2\pi)} \right] \right\} \\
& \left. \left[\frac{2C_3^2 \{n\chi + \pi(3n-1)\}}{\{(n+3)\chi + 8\pi\}^{-1}} \right]^{-1} \right]_{r_0}^a, \quad (54)
\end{aligned}$$

where $\tau = \frac{8\Omega}{(n+3)\chi + 8\pi}$. It is interesting to note that when

For

$$A = 1.23, \chi = -2, \omega = -2, r = 1.94973e+13, c_3 = 7.74 \text{ or } -10, B = -0.44, n = -0.4$$

$$\Omega = -6.11150\dots \quad \Lambda = -2.45285\dots$$

We have also:

$$\zeta = \chi + \pi(\omega + 3) ; \sigma = \frac{8\zeta}{\chi(3\omega - 1) + 8\pi\omega}$$
$$\eta = C_3^2(\chi + 2\pi)(\omega + 1) ; p = -3\chi\omega + \chi - 8\pi\omega$$
$$q = 3[8\pi - \chi(\omega - 3)].$$

$$-2 + \pi(-2 + 3)$$

Input:

$$-2 + \pi$$

Decimal approximation:

$$1.141592653589793238462643383279502884197169399375105820974\dots$$

Property:

$-2 + \pi$ is a transcendental number

$$\zeta = 1.141592653589\dots$$

$$-3(-2)(-2) + (-2) - (-2 \cdot 8\pi)$$

Input:

$$-3 \times (-2) \times (-2) - 2 - -2 \times 8\pi$$

Result:

$$16\pi - 14$$

Decimal approximation:

36.26548245743669181540229413247204614715471039000169313559...

$$p = 36.265482457\dots$$

$$3((((8\pi - (-2)(-2-3))))))$$

Input:

$$3(8\pi - -2(-2-3))$$

Result:

$$3(8\pi - 10)$$

Decimal approximation:

45.39822368615503772310344119870806922073206558500253970339...

$$q = 45.398223686\dots$$

Property:

$3(-10 + 8\pi)$ is a transcendental number

$$((8 * 1.141592653589)) / (((-2(3 * (-2) - 1) + (8\pi * (-2))))))$$

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{8 \times 1.141592653589}{-2(3 \times (-2) - 1) + 8\pi \times (-2)}$$

Result:

$$-0.2518301318459\dots$$

$$\sigma = -0.2518301318459\dots$$

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{8 \times 1.1415926535890000}{-2(3(-2) - 1) + 8\pi(-2)} = \frac{9.1327412287120000}{14 - 2880^\circ}$$

$$\frac{8 \times 1.1415926535890000}{-2(3(-2) - 1) + 8\pi(-2)} = \frac{9.1327412287120000}{14 + 16i \log(-1)}$$

$$\frac{8 \times 1.1415926535890000}{-2(3(-2) - 1) + 8\pi(-2)} = \frac{9.1327412287120000}{14 - 16 \cos^{-1}(-1)}$$

Series representations:

$$\frac{8 \times 1.1415926535890000}{-2(3(-2) - 1) + 8\pi(-2)} = \frac{0.1426990816986250}{-0.2187500000000000 + 1.0000000000000000 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{1+2k}}$$

$$\frac{8 \times 1.1415926535890000}{-2(3(-2) - 1) + 8\pi(-2)} = \frac{0.2853981633972500}{-1.4375000000000000 + 1.0000000000000000 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^k}{\binom{2k}{k}}}$$

$$\frac{8 \times 1.1415926535890000}{-2(3(-2) - 1) + 8\pi(-2)} = \left[\frac{0.5707963267945000}{-0.8750000000000000 + 1.0000000000000000 x + 2.0000000000000000 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(kx)}{k}} \right] \text{ for } (x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } x > 0)$$

For $A = 1.23, \chi = -2, \omega = -2, r = 1.94973e+13, c_3 = 7.74$ or $-10, B = -0.44, n = -0.4$
 $\zeta = 1.141592653589.. p = 36.265482457.... q = 45.398223686... a = 2, b = 3,$

$b(a) = 5, v(a) = 8$

$$I_V(WH1) = \left[a \left(1 - \frac{b(a)}{a} \right) \ln \left(\frac{e^{\nu(a)}}{1 - b/a} \right) \right] - \left[\frac{r(\chi + 2\pi)(\omega + 1)}{\zeta} - \frac{(\chi + 4\pi)(\omega + 1)e^{4A\zeta}}{C_3^2 \zeta [8\pi - \chi(\omega - 3)]} \right] r^{q/p} - \frac{r [e^{4A\zeta} r^{-\sigma} + C_3^2 (\chi + 2\pi)(\omega + 1)]}{2C_3^2 \zeta} \log \left(\frac{2C_2^2 C_3^2 \zeta r^2}{e^{4A\zeta} r^{-\sigma} + C_3^2 (\chi + 2\pi)(\omega + 1)} \right) \Bigg]_{r_0}^a \quad (53)$$

$$\left(\left(2 \left(1 - \frac{5}{2} \right) \ln \left(\frac{e^8}{1-1.5} \right) \right) - \left(\frac{(1.94973e+13)(-2+2\pi)(-1)}{1.141592653589} \right) - \left(\frac{((-2+4\pi)(-2+1) \exp(4 \times 1.23 \times 1.141592653589))}{((7.74^2 \times 1.141592653589) \times ((8\pi - (-2))((-2-3))))} \right) \right)$$

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{\left(2 \left(1 - \frac{5}{2} \right) \log \left(\frac{e^8}{1-1.5} \right) - \frac{1.94973 \times 10^{13} (-2 + 2\pi) \times (-1)}{1.141592653589} - \frac{(-2 + 4\pi)(-2 + 1) \exp(4 \times 1.23 \times 1.141592653589)}{7.74^2 \times 1.141592653589 (8\pi - -2(-2 - 3))} \right)}{1}$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Result:

$$7.31527... \times 10^{13} - 9.42478... i$$

Polar coordinates:

$$r = 7.31527 \times 10^{13} \text{ (radius), } \theta = -7.38182 \times 10^{-12} \text{ (angle)}$$

$$\frac{(1.94973e+13)^{1.25183} - 1.94973e+13 \left(\frac{\exp(4 \times 1.23 \times 1.141592653589) \times ((1.94973e+13)^{-0.25183}) + 7.74^2(-2+2\pi)(-1)}{2 \times 7.74^2 \times 1.141592653589} \right)}{1}$$

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{(1.94973 \times 10^{13})^{1.25183} - 1.94973 \times 10^{13} \left(\frac{\exp(4 \times 1.23 \times 1.141592653589)}{(1.94973 \times 10^{13})^{0.25183}} + 7.74^2 (-2 + 2\pi) \times (-1) \right)}{2 \times 7.74^2 \times 1.141592653589}$$

Result:

$$4.33666... \times 10^{16} - 4.33666... \times 10^{16} i$$

$$\ln(\frac{2 \cdot (-10)^2 \cdot (7.74)^2 \cdot 1.141592653589 \cdot (1.94973 \times 10^{13})^2}{\exp(4 \cdot 1.23 \cdot 1.141592653589) \cdot ((1.94973 \times 10^{13})^{-0.25183}) + 7.74^2 \cdot (-2 + 2\pi) \cdot (-1)})$$

Input interpretation:

$$\log \left(\frac{2 \cdot (-10)^2 \cdot 7.74^2 \cdot 1.141592653589 \cdot (1.94973 \times 10^{13})^2}{\frac{\exp(4 \cdot 1.23 \cdot 1.141592653589)}{(1.94973 \times 10^{13})^{0.25183}} + 7.74^2 \cdot (-2 + 2\pi) \cdot (-1)} \right)$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Result:

65.17912... +
3.141593... i

Polar coordinates:

r = 65.2548 (radius), θ = 2.75948° (angle)

65.2548

In conclusion:

$$\left[\frac{1.94973 \times 10^{13} \cdot (-2 + 2\pi) \cdot (-1)}{1.14159265} - ((-2 + 4\pi) \cdot (-2 + 1) \cdot \exp(4 \cdot 1.23 \cdot 1.14159265)) \right] \cdot \frac{1}{(7.74^2 \cdot 1.14159265 \cdot ((8\pi - (-2) \cdot (-2 - 3))))} \cdot ((4.33666 \times 10^{16} \cdot 65.2548))$$

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{1.94973 \times 10^{13} \cdot (-2 + 2\pi) \cdot (-1)}{1.14159265} - ((-2 + 4\pi) \cdot (-2 + 1) \cdot \exp(4 \cdot 1.23 \cdot 1.14159265))$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{7.74^2 \cdot 1.14159265 \cdot (8\pi - -2 \cdot (-2 - 3))} \cdot (4.33666 \times 10^{16} \cdot 65.2548) \right)$$

Result:

7.94425... × 10¹⁸

7.94425... * 10¹⁸

$$((2(1-(5/2)) \ln((e^8)/(1-1.5)))) - 7.94425 \times 10^{18}$$

Input interpretation:

$$2\left(1 - \frac{5}{2}\right) \log\left(\frac{e^8}{1-1.5}\right) - 7.94425 \times 10^{18}$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Result:

$$-7.94425... \times 10^{18} - 9.42478... i$$

Polar coordinates:

$$r = 7.94425 \times 10^{18} \text{ (radius), } \theta = -180^\circ \text{ (angle)}$$

$$7.94425 * 10^{18}$$

Or:

$$((2(1-(5/2)) \ln((e^8)/(1-1.5)))) - [(((1.94973e+13(-2+2\pi)(-1)/(1.14159265)))) - (((-2+4\pi)(-2+1)*\exp(4*1.23*1.14159265))) 1/ (((7.74^2*1.14159265*(((8\pi-(-2)((-2-3)))))) * 4.33666e+16 * 65.2548]$$

Input interpretation:

$$2\left(1 - \frac{5}{2}\right) \log\left(\frac{e^8}{1-1.5}\right) - \left(\frac{1.94973 \times 10^{13} (-2 + 2\pi) \times (-1)}{1.14159265} - ((-2 + 4\pi) (-2 + 1) \exp(4 \times 1.23 \times 1.14159265)) \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{7.74^2 \times 1.14159265 (8\pi - -2 (-2 - 3))} \times 4.33666 \times 10^{16} \times 65.2548\right)}\right)$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Result:

$$-7.94425... \times 10^{18} - 9.42478... i$$

Alternate form:

$$-7.94425 \times 10^{18}$$

$$-7.94425 * 10^{18}$$

From which:

$$(-(-7.94425 \times 10^{18}))^{1/64}$$

Input interpretation:

$$\sqrt[64]{-(-7.94425 \times 10^{18})}$$

Result:

1.973846275977010227120406460768144245828246545838693070676...

1.973846275977...

From the Ramanujan expression

$$0.072815845483680 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.582879670292435 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi\right)}\right) \right) - \left(\frac{\log(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\log(2)}{2} \cos(2\pi) \right)$$

we obtain also:

$$[1 - (((((1/2 * 1 / (((((0.072815845483680 - (\pi^2)/24 + 1/2 (0.582879670292435 + \ln(2\pi)) (0.582879670292435 - \ln(\pi/(2\sin(1/2*\pi)))))) - (((\ln(1)/1 \cos(\pi) + \ln(2)/2 \cos(2\pi)))))))))))] + (21+2) * 1/10^3$$

Input interpretation:

$$\left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \times 1 / \left(0.072815845483680 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.582879670292435 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}\pi\right)}\right) \right) - \left(\frac{\log(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\log(2)}{2} \cos(2\pi) \right) \right) \right) + (21 + 2) \times \frac{1}{10^3}$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Result:

1.97343978278841...

[1.97343978278841...](#)**Alternative representations:**

$$\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi))\right.\right.\right. \\ \left.\left.\left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)\right) - \right.\right.\right. \\ \left.\left.\left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi)\right)\right)\right)\right) + \frac{21+2}{10^3} = 1 + \frac{23}{10^3} - \\ 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi))\right.\right. \\ \left.\left.\left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \cos(0)}\right)\right) - \right.\right. \\ \left.\left.\left.\frac{1}{2} \log(1) \left(e^{-i \pi} + e^{i \pi}\right) - \frac{1}{4} \log(2) \left(e^{-2 i \pi} + e^{2 i \pi}\right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)\right)\right)$$

$$\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi))\right.\right.\right. \\ \left.\left.\left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)\right) - \right.\right.\right. \\ \left.\left.\left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi)\right)\right)\right)\right) + \frac{21+2}{10^3} = \\ 1 + \frac{23}{10^3} - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(-i \pi) \log_e(1) - \right.\right. \\ \left.\left.\frac{1}{2} \cosh(-2 i \pi) \log_e(2) + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log_e(2 \pi))\right.\right. \\ \left.\left.\left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log_e\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)\right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24}\right)\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{21 + 2}{10^3} = \\
& 1 + \frac{23}{10^3} - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(1) - \frac{1}{2} \cosh(2 i \pi) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \log(a) \log_a(2) + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(a) \log_a(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log(a) \log_a \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{21 + 2}{10^3} = \\ & \left(1.0230000000000000000 \left(5.9056404665014426 i \pi + 1.0000000000000000000 i \pi^3 + \right. \right. \\ & \quad 1.0000000000000000000 \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{1}{\sqrt{s}} e^{-\pi^2/s+s} \left(12.000000000000000 \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. e^{(3 \pi^2)/(4 s)} \log(1) + 6.000000000000000 \log(2) \right) \sqrt{\pi} ds - \right. \\ & \quad 6.9945560435092200 i \pi \log(2 \pi) + 6.9945560435092200 \\ & \quad \left. i \pi \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{2} \right) dt} \right) + \right. \\ & \quad \left. 12.0000000000000000000 i \pi \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{2} \right) dt} \right) \right) / \\ & \left(-5.8245648120909328 i \pi + 1.0000000000000000000 i \pi^3 + \right. \\ & \quad 1.0000000000000000000 \\ & \quad \left. \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{1}{\sqrt{s}} e^{-\pi^2/s+s} \left(12.000000000000000 e^{(3 \pi^2)/(4 s)} \log(1) + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. 6.000000000000000 \log(2) \right) \sqrt{\pi} ds - \right. \\ & \quad 6.9945560435092200 i \pi \log(2 \pi) + 6.9945560435092200 \\ & \quad \left. i \pi \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{2} \right) dt} \right) + \right. \\ & \quad \left. 12.0000000000000000000 i \pi \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos \left(\frac{\pi t}{2} \right) dt} \right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{21 + 2}{10^3} = \\
& \left(1.0230000000000000000 \left(5.9056404665014426 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \right. \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \right) / \\
& \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{21 + 2}{10^3} = \\
& \left(1.0230000000000000000 \left(5.9056404665014426 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \right. \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2 s} \pi^{1-2 s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2 s} \pi^{1-2 s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} ds} \right) \right) \right) / \\
& \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2 s} \pi^{1-2 s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \\
& \quad \left. \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2 s} \pi^{1-2 s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} ds} \right) \right) \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{21 + 2}{10^3} = \\
& \left(1.0230000000000000000 \left(5.9056404665014426 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 + \right. \right. \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \log(1) - \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \pi \log(1) \int_0^1 \sin(\pi t) dt + \\
& \quad 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2) - 24.0000000000000000000 \pi \log(2) \\
& \quad \int_0^1 \sin(2 \pi t) dt - 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \right) / \\
& \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 + \right. \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \log(1) - \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \pi \log(1) \int_0^1 \sin(\pi t) dt + \\
& \quad 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2) - \\
& \quad 24.0000000000000000000 \pi \log(2) \int_0^1 \sin(2 \pi t) dt - \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \quad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \quad \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

Multiple-argument formulas:

$$\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)\right) - \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi)\right)\right)\right)\right) + \frac{21 + 2}{10^3} =$$

$$\frac{1023}{1000} - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} - 0.50000000000000000000 \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\pi}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)\right) + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left.\log(1) \left(-1 + 2 \sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \left(-1 + 2 \sin^2(\pi)\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

$$\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)\right) - \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi)\right)\right)\right)\right) + \frac{21 + 2}{10^3} =$$

$$\frac{1023}{1000} - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \log(1) - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 2 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \log(1) - \frac{1}{2} (-1 + 2 \cos^2(\pi)) \log(2) - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 0.50000000000000000000 (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log\left(\frac{\pi}{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)}\right)\right)\right)\right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) + \frac{21 + 2}{10^3} = \\
& \frac{1023}{1000} - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{3} \right) \left(3 - 4 \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{3} \right) \right) \log(1) + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{1}{2} \cos \left(\frac{2 \pi}{3} \right) \left(3 - 4 \cos^2 \left(\frac{2 \pi}{3} \right) \right) \log(2) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. 0.5000000000000000000 (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \log \left(\frac{\pi}{\sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right)} \right) \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Now, we have that:

$$\begin{aligned}
I_V(WH2) = & \left[a \left(1 - \frac{b(a)}{a} \right) \ln \left(\frac{e^{\nu(a)}}{1 - b/a} \right) \right] - \\
& \left[\left\{ \frac{2(n-1)(\chi + 4\pi)e^{4B\Omega}r^\Sigma}{(3n\chi + 8\pi n + \chi)[(n+3)\chi + 8\pi]^{-\Sigma}} \right. \right. \\
& \quad - 2C_3^2nr(\chi + 2\pi)[(n+3)\chi + 8\pi] + \\
& \quad \left. \left(e^{4B\Omega}[(n+3)\chi + 8\pi]^\Lambda r^\tau + C_3^2n(\chi + 2\pi) \right) \right. \\
& \quad \left. \log \left[\frac{2C_2^2C_3^2r^2\{n\chi + \pi(3n-1)\}}{e^{4B\Omega}r^\Lambda[(n+3)\chi + 8\pi]^\Lambda + C_3^2n(\chi + 2\pi)} \right] \right\} \\
& \quad \left. \left[\frac{2C_3^2\{n\chi + \pi(3n-1)\}}{\{(n+3)\chi + 8\pi\}^{-1}} \right]^{-1} \right]_{r_0}^a, \quad (54)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{where } \tau = \frac{8\Omega}{(n+3)\chi + 8\pi}.$$

For $A = 1.23$, $\chi = -2$, $\omega = -2$, $r = 1.94973e+13$, $c_3 = 7.74$ or -10 , $B = -0.44$, $n = -0.4$
 $\Omega = -6.11150\dots$ $\Lambda = -2.45285\dots$ $\tau = -2.45285$

$$((8*(-6.11150))) / (((-0.4+3)*(-2)+8\pi))$$

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{8 \times (-6.11150)}{(-0.4 + 3) \times (-2) + 8 \pi}$$

Result:

-2.45285...

-2.45285...

Alternative representations:

$$\frac{8(-6.1115)}{(-0.4 + 3)(-2) + 8\pi} = -\frac{48.892}{-5.2 + 1440^\circ}$$

$$\frac{8(-6.1115)}{(-0.4 + 3)(-2) + 8\pi} = -\frac{48.892}{-5.2 - 8i \log(-1)}$$

$$\frac{8(-6.1115)}{(-0.4 + 3)(-2) + 8\pi} = -\frac{48.892}{-5.2 + 8 \cos^{-1}(-1)}$$

Series representations:

$$\frac{8(-6.1115)}{(-0.4 + 3)(-2) + 8\pi} = -\frac{1.52788}{-0.1625 + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{1+2k}}$$

$$\frac{8(-6.1115)}{(-0.4 + 3)(-2) + 8\pi} = -\frac{3.05575}{-1.325 + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^k}{\binom{2k}{k}}}$$

$$\frac{8(-6.1115)}{(-0.4 + 3)(-2) + 8\pi} = -\frac{6.1115}{-0.65 + x + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(kx)}{k}} \quad \text{for } (x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ and } x > 0)$$

Integral representations:

$$\frac{8(-6.1115)}{(-0.4 + 3)(-2) + 8\pi} = -\frac{3.05575}{-0.325 + \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt}$$

$$\frac{8(-6.1115)}{(-0.4 + 3)(-2) + 8\pi} = -\frac{1.52788}{-0.1625 + \int_0^1 \sqrt{1-t^2} dt}$$

$$\frac{8(-6.1115)}{(-0.4+3)(-2)+8\pi} = -\frac{3.05575}{-0.325 + \int_0^\infty \frac{\sin(t)}{t} dt}$$

From

$$I_V(WH2) = \left[a \left(1 - \frac{b(a)}{a} \right) \ln \left(\frac{e^{\nu(a)}}{1 - b/a} \right) \right] - \left[\left\{ \frac{2(n-1)(\chi + 4\pi)e^{4B\Omega} r^\Sigma}{(3n\chi + 8\pi n + \chi)[(n+3)\chi + 8\pi]^{-\Sigma}} - 2C_3^2 nr(\chi + 2\pi)[(n+3)\chi + 8\pi] + \left(e^{4B\Omega} [(n+3)\chi + 8\pi]^\Lambda r^\tau + C_3^2 n(\chi + 2\pi) \right) \log \left[\frac{2C_2^2 C_3^2 r^2 \{n\chi + \pi(3n-1)\}}{e^{4B\Omega} r^\Lambda [(n+3)\chi + 8\pi]^\Lambda + C_3^2 n(\chi + 2\pi)} \right] \right\} \left[\frac{2C_3^2 \{n\chi + \pi(3n-1)\}}{\{(n+3)\chi + 8\pi\}^{-1}} \right]^{-1} \right]_{r_0}^a, \quad (54)$$

For $A = 1.23, \chi = -2, \omega = -2, r = 1.94973e+13, c_3 = 7.74$ or $-10, B = -0.44, n = -0.4$

$\Omega = -6.11150... \quad \Lambda = -2.45285... \quad \tau = -2.45285$

$\zeta = 1.141592653589.. \quad p = 36.265482457.... \quad q = 45.398223686... \quad a = 2, b = 3,$

$b(a) = 5, \nu(a) = 8 \quad \sigma$ or $\Sigma = -0.2518301318459$

$$\left[a \left(1 - \frac{b(a)}{a} \right) \ln \left(\frac{e^{\nu(a)}}{1 - b/a} \right) \right]$$

$((2(1-(5/2) \ln((e^8)/(1-1.5))))$

Input:

$$2 \left(1 - \frac{5}{2} \right) \log \left(\frac{e^8}{1 - 1.5} \right)$$

$\log(x)$ is the natural logarithm

Result:

-26.0794... -
9.42478... i

Polar coordinates:

$r = 27.7302$ (radius), $\theta = -160.131^\circ$ (angle)
27.7302

$$\left[\left\{ \frac{2(n-1)(\chi + 4\pi)e^{4B\Omega} r^\Sigma}{(3n\chi + 8\pi n + \chi)[(n+3)\chi + 8\pi]^{-\Sigma}} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. - 2C_3^2 nr(\chi + 2\pi)[(n+3)\chi + 8\pi] + \right. \right.$$

$$2(-0.4-1)(-2+4\pi) \cdot \exp(4 \cdot -0.44 \cdot -6.11150) \cdot (1.94973e+13)^{-0.25183} \cdot \frac{1}{(((3(-0.4-2)+8\pi \cdot -0.4-2)))} \cdot \frac{1}{((((-0.4+3) \cdot (-2)+8\pi)))^{-0.25183}} - 2 \cdot 7.74^2 \cdot (-0.4) \cdot (1.94973e+13) \cdot (-2+2\pi) \cdot ((-0.4+3) \cdot (-2)+8\pi)$$

Input interpretation:

$$2(-0.4-1) \times \left((-2+4\pi) \exp(4 \times (-0.44) \times (-6.11150)) \times \frac{1}{3(-0.4 \times (-2)) + 8\pi \times (-0.4) - 2} \times \right. \\ \left. \frac{1}{((-0.4+3) \times (-2) + 8\pi)^{-0.25183}} \right) / \left((1.94973 \times 10^{13})^{0.25183} - 2 \times 7.74^2 \times (-0.4) \times 1.94973 \times 10^{13} \cdot (-2+2\pi) \cdot ((-0.4+3) \times (-2) + 8\pi) \right)$$

Result:

7.97775... $\times 10^{16}$
7.97775 $\times 10^{16}$

$$\left(e^{4B\Omega} [(n+3)\chi + 8\pi]^\Lambda r^\tau + C_3^2 n(\chi + 2\pi) \right)$$

$$\exp((((4 \cdot -0.44 \cdot -6.11150)))) \cdot (((((-0.4+3) \cdot (-2)+8\pi))^{-2.45285})) \cdot (1.94973e+13)^{-2.45285} + 7.74^2 \cdot (-0.4) \cdot (-2+2\pi)$$

Input interpretation:

$$\frac{\exp(4 \times (-0.44) \times (-6.11150))}{((-0.4+3) \times (-2) + 8\pi)^{2.45285}} \cdot (1.94973 \times 10^{13})^{2.45285} + 7.74^2 \times (-0.4) \cdot (-2+2\pi)$$

Result:

-102.638...

-102.638...

$$\log \left[\frac{2C_2^2 C_3^2 r^2 \{n\chi + \pi(3n - 1)\}}{e^{4B\Omega} r^\Lambda [(n + 3)\chi + 8\pi]^\Lambda + C_3^2 n(\chi + 2\pi)} \right] \left\{ \left[\frac{2C_3^2 \{n\chi + \pi(3n - 1)\}}{\{(n + 3)\chi + 8\pi\}^{-1}} \right]^{-1} \right\}^a, \quad (54)$$

$\ln(\frac{(((((2*100*7.74^2*(1.94973e+13)^2((-0.4*-2+Pi(3*(-0.4)-1)))) / (((((((exp(4*-0.44*-6.11150)*(1.94973e+13)^(-2.45285))))*((((-0.4+3)*(-2)+8Pi))))))^-2.45285)+7.74^2*(-0.4)*(-2+2Pi)))))))))$

Input interpretation:

$$\log \left(\frac{2 \times 100 \times 7.74^2 (1.94973 \times 10^{13})^2 (-0.4 \times (-2) + \pi (3 \times (-0.4) - 1))}{\left(\frac{\exp(4 \times (-0.44) \times (-6.11150))}{(1.94973 \times 10^{13})^{2.45285}} \right)^{2.45285} + 7.74^2 \times (-0.4) \times (-2 + 2\pi)} \right)$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Result:

-77.9847... +

3.14159... i

Polar coordinates:

r = 78.048 (radius), θ = 177.693° (angle)

78.048

$\frac{(((((2*7.74^2(((0.4*-2+Pi(3*(-0.4)-1)))/(((0.4+3)*(-2)+8Pi))))^-1))))^-1$

Input:

$$\frac{1}{\frac{2 \times 7.74^2}{\frac{-0.4 \times (-2) + \pi (3 \times (-0.4) - 1)}{(-0.4 + 3) \times (-2) + 8\pi}}}$$

Result:

-0.00255899...

-0.00255899...

$$\begin{aligned}
I_V(WH2) = & \left[a \left(1 - \frac{b(a)}{a} \right) \ln \left(\frac{e^{\nu(a)}}{1 - b/a} \right) \right] - \\
& \left[\left\{ \frac{2(n-1)(\chi + 4\pi)e^{4B\Omega}r^\Sigma}{(3n\chi + 8\pi n + \chi)[(n+3)\chi + 8\pi]^{-\Sigma}} \right. \right. \\
& - 2C_3^2nr(\chi + 2\pi)[(n+3)\chi + 8\pi] + \\
& \left. \left. \left(e^{4B\Omega}[(n+3)\chi + 8\pi]^\Lambda r^\tau + C_3^2n(\chi + 2\pi) \right) \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \log \left[\frac{2C_2^2C_3^2r^2\{n\chi + \pi(3n-1)\}}{e^{4B\Omega}r^\Lambda[(n+3)\chi + 8\pi]^\Lambda + C_3^2n(\chi + 2\pi)} \right] \right\} \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left[\frac{2C_3^2\{n\chi + \pi(3n-1)\}}{\{(n+3)\chi + 8\pi\}^{-1}} \right]^{-1} \right]_a^{r_0} \right], \quad (54)
\end{aligned}$$

$$27.7302 - (((7.97775*10^{16} + (-102.638) *78.048 * (-0.00255899))))$$

Input interpretation:

$$27.7302 - (7.97775 \times 10^{16} - 102.638 \times 78.048 \times (-0.00255899))$$

Result:

$$-7.977749999999999276907719990976 \times 10^{16}$$

Repeating decimal:

$$-7.977749999999999276907719990976 \times 10^{16}$$

$$-7.97774999... * 10^{16}$$

From which:

$$-(((((((27.7302 - (((7.97775*10^{16} + (-102.638) *78.048 * (-0.00255899)))))))))))))^{1/64}$$

Input interpretation:

$$-\sqrt[64]{-(27.7302 - (7.97775 \times 10^{16} - 102.638 \times 78.048 \times (-0.00255899)))}$$

Result:

$$-1.8369269...$$

$$-1.8369269...$$

From the previous Ramanujan expression

$$0.072815845483680 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.582879670292435 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{1}{2}\pi)}\right) \right) - \left(\frac{\log(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\log(2)}{2} \cos(2\pi) \right)$$

we obtain:

$$-([1 - (((1/2 * 1 / (((0.072815845483680 - (\pi^2)/24 + 1/2 (0.582879670292435 + \ln(2\pi)) (0.582879670292435 - \ln(\pi/(2\sin(1/2*\pi)))))) - ((\ln(1)/1 \cos(\pi) + \ln(2)/2 \cos(2\pi)))))))] - (76 + 76/2) * 1/10^3))$$

Input interpretation:

$$-\left(\left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \times 1 / \left(0.072815845483680 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.582879670292435 + \log(2\pi)) \left(0.582879670292435 - \log\left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{1}{2}\pi)}\right) \right) - \left(\frac{\log(1)}{1} \cos(\pi) + \frac{\log(2)}{2} \cos(2\pi) \right) \right) \right) - \left(76 + \frac{76}{2} \right) \times \frac{1}{10^3} \right)$$

log(x) is the natural logarithm

Result:

-1.83643978278841...

[-1.83643978278841...](#)

Alternative representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \left(\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \left. \left. \log(2 \pi) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) - \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{76 + \frac{76}{2}}{10^3} \Big) = -1 + \frac{114}{10^3} + \\
 & 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \cos(0)} \right) \right) \right) - \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \left. \frac{1}{2} \log(1) (e^{-i \pi} + e^{i \pi}) - \frac{1}{4} \log(2) (e^{-2 i \pi} + e^{2 i \pi}) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \left(\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \left. \left. \log(2 \pi) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) - \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{76 + \frac{76}{2}}{10^3} \Big) = \\
 & -1 + \frac{114}{10^3} + 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(-i \pi) \log_e(1) - \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \left. \frac{1}{2} \cosh(-2 i \pi) \log_e(2) + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log_e(2 \pi)) \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log_e \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. \log(2 \pi) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{76 + \frac{76}{2}}{10^3} \Bigg) = \\
& -1 + \frac{114}{10^3} + 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \cosh(i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(1) - \right. \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2} \cosh(2 i \pi) \log(a) \log_a(2) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(a) \log_a(2 \pi)) \\
& \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log(a) \log_a \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \right) - \frac{\pi^2}{24} \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Integral representations:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \left(\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(\right. \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. 2 \pi \right) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) \right) - \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{76 + \frac{76}{2}}{10^3} \Bigg) = \\
 & - \left(\left(0.8860000000000000000 \left(7.7194532465998121 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. 24.0000000000000000000 \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/s+s} \left(2 e^{(3 \pi^2)/(4 s)} \log(1) + \log(2) \right) \sqrt{\pi}}{4 i \pi \sqrt{s}} ds - \\
 & \qquad \qquad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
 & \qquad \qquad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right) + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right) \right) \right) \Bigg) / \\
 & \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. 24.0000000000000000000 \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2/s+s} \left(2 e^{(3 \pi^2)/(4 s)} \log(1) + \log(2) \right) \sqrt{\pi}}{4 i \pi \sqrt{s}} ds - \\
 & \qquad \qquad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
 & \qquad \qquad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right) + \\
 & \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{1}{\int_0^1 \cos(\frac{\pi t}{2}) dt} \right) \right) \right) \Bigg) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(\right. \right. \right. \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. 2 \pi \right) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) \right) \right) - \\
& \qquad \qquad \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \left. \right) \left. \right) - \frac{76 + \frac{76}{2}}{10^3} = \\
& - \left(\left(0.8860000000000000000 \left(7.7194532465998121 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \qquad 24.0000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) \\
& \qquad \qquad dt - 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \qquad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \qquad 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \left. \right) \left. \right) / \\
& \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& \qquad 24.0000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) dt - \\
& \qquad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \qquad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \qquad 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \\
& \qquad \left. \left. \left. \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \right) \right) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(\right. \right. \right. \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. \left. 2 \pi \right) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \right) - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{76 + \frac{76}{2}}{10^3} \right) = \\
& - \left(\left(0.8860000000000000000 \left(7.7194532465998121 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad 24.0000000000000000000 \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) dt - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + 6.9945560435092200 \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2 s} \pi^{1-2 s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} ds} \right) + 12.0000000000000000000 \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2 s} \pi^{1-2 s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} ds} \right) \right) / \\
& \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 - \right. \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad 24.0000000000000000000 \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\pi} \left(\log(1) \sin(t) + \frac{3}{2} \log(2) \sin(-\pi + 3 t) \right) dt - \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2 s} \pi^{1-2 s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} ds} \right) + \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \\
& \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. \log \left(\frac{i \pi^2}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{4^{-1+2 s} \pi^{1-2 s} \Gamma(s)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{3}{2}-s\right)} ds} \right) \right) \right) \right) \text{ for } 0 < \gamma < 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2 \pi)) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin(\frac{\pi}{2})} \right) \right) - \right. \right. \right. \\
& \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{76 + \frac{76}{2}}{10^3} = \\
& - \left(\left(0.8860000000000000000 \left(7.7194532465998121 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 + \right. \right. \right. \\
& 24.0000000000000000000 \log(1) - \\
& 24.0000000000000000000 \pi \log(1) \int_0^1 \sin(\pi t) dt + \\
& 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2) - 24.0000000000000000000 \pi \log(2) \\
& \int_0^1 \sin(2 \pi t) dt - 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \Bigg/ \\
& \left(-5.8245648120909328 + 1.0000000000000000000 \pi^2 + \right. \\
& 24.0000000000000000000 \log(1) - \\
& 24.0000000000000000000 \pi \log(1) \int_0^1 \sin(\pi t) dt + \\
& 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2) - \\
& 24.0000000000000000000 \pi \log(2) \int_0^1 \sin(2 \pi t) dt - \\
& 6.9945560435092200 \log(2 \pi) + \\
& 6.9945560435092200 \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) + \\
& \left. 12.0000000000000000000 \log(2 \pi) \right. \\
& \left. \log \left(\frac{4 i \pi}{\sqrt{\pi} \int_{-i \infty + \gamma}^{i \infty + \gamma} \frac{e^{-\pi^2 / (16 s) + s}}{s^{3/2}} ds} \right) \right) \Bigg) \text{ for } \gamma > 0
\end{aligned}$$

Multiple-argument formulas:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \left(\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. \log(2 \pi) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{76 + \frac{76}{2}}{10^3} \Bigg) = \\
 & - \frac{443}{500} + 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} - 0.50000000000000000000 \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \left. \left. (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \log \left(\frac{\pi}{\sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. \log(1) \left(-1 + 2 \sin^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \left(-1 + 2 \sin^2(\pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) \\
 & - \left(\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. \log(2 \pi) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{76 + \frac{76}{2}}{10^3} \Bigg) = \\
 & - \frac{443}{500} + 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \log(1) - 2 \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \log(1) - \right. \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \left. \frac{1}{2} (-1 + 2 \cos^2(\pi)) \log(2) - \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \left. 0.50000000000000000000 (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \right. \\
 & \qquad \qquad \left. \left. \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \log \left(\frac{\pi}{\sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \left(\left(1 - 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \frac{1}{2} (0.5828796702924350000 + \right. \right. \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left. \log(2 \pi) \left(0.5828796702924350000 - \log \left(\frac{\pi}{2 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) - \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left(\log(1) \cos(\pi) + \frac{1}{2} \log(2) \cos(2 \pi) \right) \right) \right) - \frac{76 + \frac{76}{2}}{10^3} = \\
& - \frac{443}{500} + 1 / \left(2 \left(0.0728158454836800000 - \frac{\pi^2}{24} + \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{3} \right) \left(3 - 4 \cos^2 \left(\frac{\pi}{3} \right) \right) \log(1) + \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \frac{1}{2} \cos \left(\frac{2 \pi}{3} \right) \left(3 - 4 \cos^2 \left(\frac{2 \pi}{3} \right) \right) \log(2) - \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. 0.5000000000000000000 (0.5828796702924350000 + \log(2) + \log(\pi)) \right. \right. \\
& \quad \left. \left. \left(-0.5828796702924350000 + \log \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) + \log \left(\frac{\pi}{\sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Appendix

Three-dimensional AdS gravity and extremal CFTs at $c = 8m$

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m	L_0	d	S	S_{BH}
3	1	196883	12.1904	12.5664
	2	21296876	16.8741	17.7715
	3	842609326	20.5520	21.7656
4	2/3	139503	11.8458	11.8477
	5/3	69193488	18.0524	18.7328
	8/3	6928824200	22.6589	23.6954
5	1/3	20619	9.9340	9.3664
	4/3	86645620	18.2773	18.7328
	7/3	24157197490	23.9078	24.7812
6	1	42987519	17.5764	17.7715
	2	40448921875	24.4233	25.1327
	3	8463511703277	29.7668	30.7812
7	2/3	7402775	15.8174	15.6730
	5/3	33934039437	24.2477	24.7812
	8/3	16953652012291	30.4615	31.3460
8	1/3	278511	12.5372	11.8477
	4/3	13996384631	23.3621	23.6954
	7/3	19400406113385	30.5963	31.3460

Table 1: Degeneracies, microscopic entropies and semiclassical entropies for the first few values of m and L_0 .

Observations

Note that:

$$g_{22} = \sqrt{(1 + \sqrt{2})}.$$

Hence

$$\begin{aligned} 64g_{22}^{24} &= e^{\pi\sqrt{22}} - 24 + 276e^{-\pi\sqrt{22}} - \dots, \\ 64g_{22}^{-24} &= 4096e^{-\pi\sqrt{22}} + \dots, \end{aligned}$$

so that

$$64(g_{22}^{24} + g_{22}^{-24}) = e^{\pi\sqrt{22}} - 24 + 4372e^{-\pi\sqrt{22}} + \dots = 64\{(1 + \sqrt{2})^{12} + (1 - \sqrt{2})^{12}\}.$$

Hence

$$e^{\pi\sqrt{22}} = 2508951.9982\dots$$

Thence:

$$64g_{22}^{-24} = 4096e^{-\pi\sqrt{22}} + \dots$$

And

$$64(g_{22}^{24} + g_{22}^{-24}) = e^{\pi\sqrt{22}} - 24 + 4372e^{-\pi\sqrt{22}} + \dots = 64\{(1 + \sqrt{2})^{12} + (1 - \sqrt{2})^{12}\}$$

That are connected with 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024 and $4096 = 64^2$

(Modular equations and approximations to π - *S. Ramanujan* - Quarterly Journal of Mathematics, XLV, 1914, 350 – 372)

All the results of the most important connections are signed in blue throughout the drafting of the paper. We highlight as in the development of the various equations we use always the constants π , ϕ , $1/\phi$, the Fibonacci and Lucas numbers, linked to the golden ratio, that play a fundamental role in the development, and therefore, in the final results of the analyzed expressions.

In mathematics, the **Fibonacci numbers**, commonly denoted F_n , form a sequence, called the **Fibonacci sequence**, such that each number is the sum of the two preceding ones, starting from 0 and 1. Fibonacci numbers are strongly related to the golden ratio: Binet's formula expresses the n th Fibonacci number in terms of n and the golden ratio, and implies that the ratio of two consecutive Fibonacci numbers tends to the golden ratio as n increases.

Fibonacci numbers are also closely related to Lucas numbers, in that the Fibonacci and Lucas numbers form a complementary pair of Lucas sequences

The beginning of the sequence is thus:

0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, 144, 233, 377, 610, 987, 1597, 2584, 4181, 6765, 10946, 17711, 28657, 46368, 75025, 121393, 196418, 317811, 514229, 832040, 1346269, 2178309, 3524578, 5702887, 9227465, 14930352, 24157817, 39088169, 63245986, 102334155...

The **Lucas numbers** or **Lucas series** are an integer sequence named after the mathematician François Édouard Anatole Lucas (1842–91), who studied both that sequence and the closely related Fibonacci numbers. Lucas numbers and Fibonacci numbers form complementary instances of Lucas sequences.

The Lucas sequence has the same recursive relationship as the Fibonacci sequence, where each term is the sum of the two previous terms, but with different starting values. This produces a sequence where the ratios of successive terms approach the golden ratio, and in fact the terms themselves are roundings of integer powers of the golden ratio.^[1] The sequence also has a variety of relationships with the Fibonacci numbers, like the fact that adding any two Fibonacci numbers two terms apart in the Fibonacci sequence results in the Lucas number in between.

The sequence of Lucas numbers is:

2, 1, 3, 4, 7, 11, 18, 29, 47, 76, 123, 199, 322, 521, 843, 1364, 2207, 3571, 5778, 9349, 15127, 24476, 39603, 64079, 103682, 167761, 271443, 439204, 710647, 1149851, 1860498, 3010349, 4870847, 7881196, 12752043, 20633239, 33385282, 54018521, 87403803.....

All Fibonacci-like integer sequences appear in shifted form as a row of the Wythoff array; the Fibonacci sequence itself is the first row and the Lucas sequence is the second row. Also like all Fibonacci-like integer sequences, the ratio between two consecutive Lucas numbers converges to the golden ratio.

A **Lucas prime** is a Lucas number that is prime. The first few Lucas primes are:

2, 3, 7, 11, 29, 47, 199, 521, 2207, 3571, 9349, 3010349, 54018521, 370248451, 6643838879, ... (sequence A005479 in the OEIS).

In geometry, a **golden spiral** is a logarithmic spiral whose growth factor is ϕ , the golden ratio.^[1] That is, a golden spiral gets wider (or further from its origin) by a factor of ϕ for every quarter turn it makes. Approximate logarithmic spirals can occur in nature, for example the arms of spiral galaxies^[3] - golden spirals are one special case of these logarithmic spirals

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Traversable wormholes in $f(\mathbf{R}, \mathbf{T})$ gravity with conformal motions

Ayan Banerjee, Ksh. Newton Singh, M. K. Jasim, A and Farook Rahaman -

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