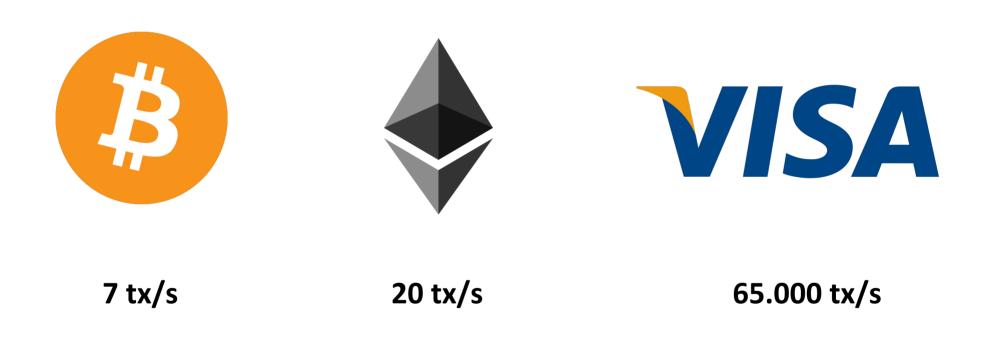
Designing Secure Watchtowers

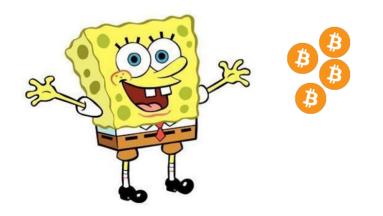
Zeta Avarikioti

ETH Zurich – Distributed Computing – www.disco.ethz.ch

## **Can cryptocurrencies scale?**



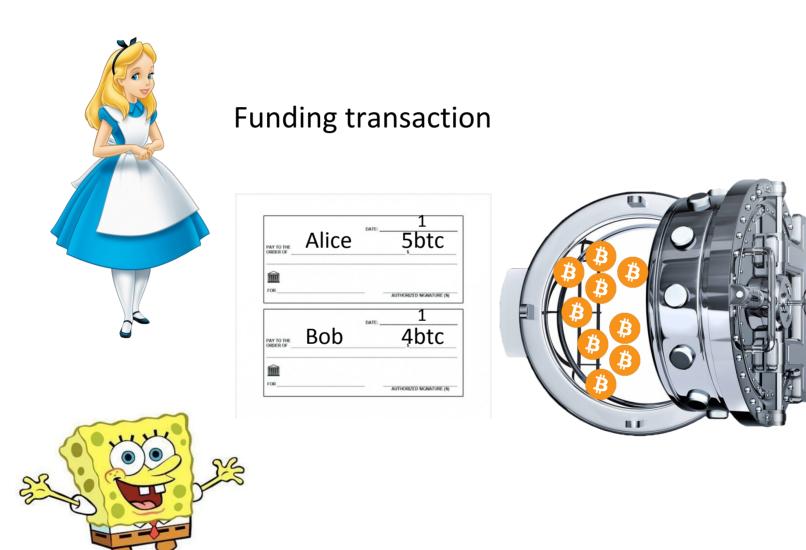














Funding transaction

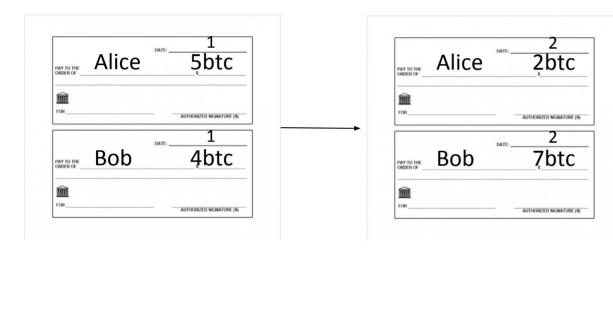
PAY TO THE ORDER OF	Alice	DATE:	5ptc
FOR			AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE (S)
		DATE:	1
PAY TO THE ORDER OF	Bob		4btc
Î			
FOR			AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE (SI





#### Funding transaction

#### Alice sends 3btc



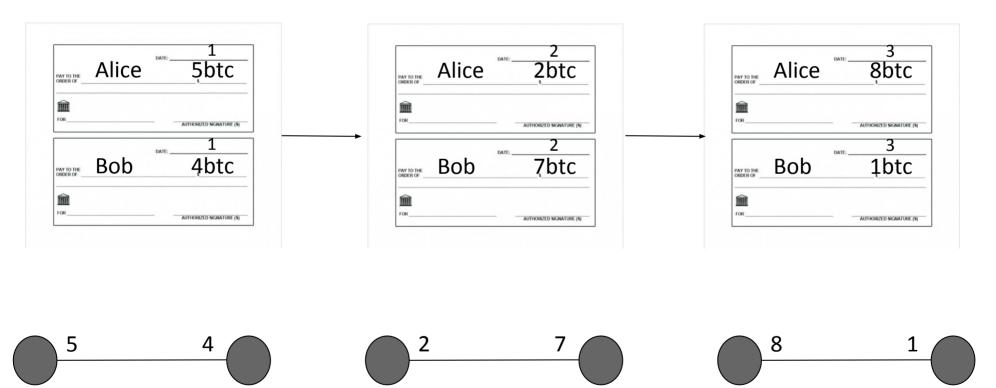




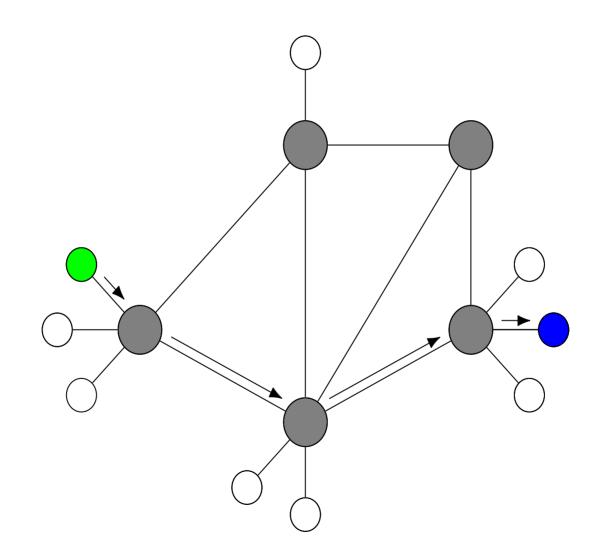
#### Funding transaction

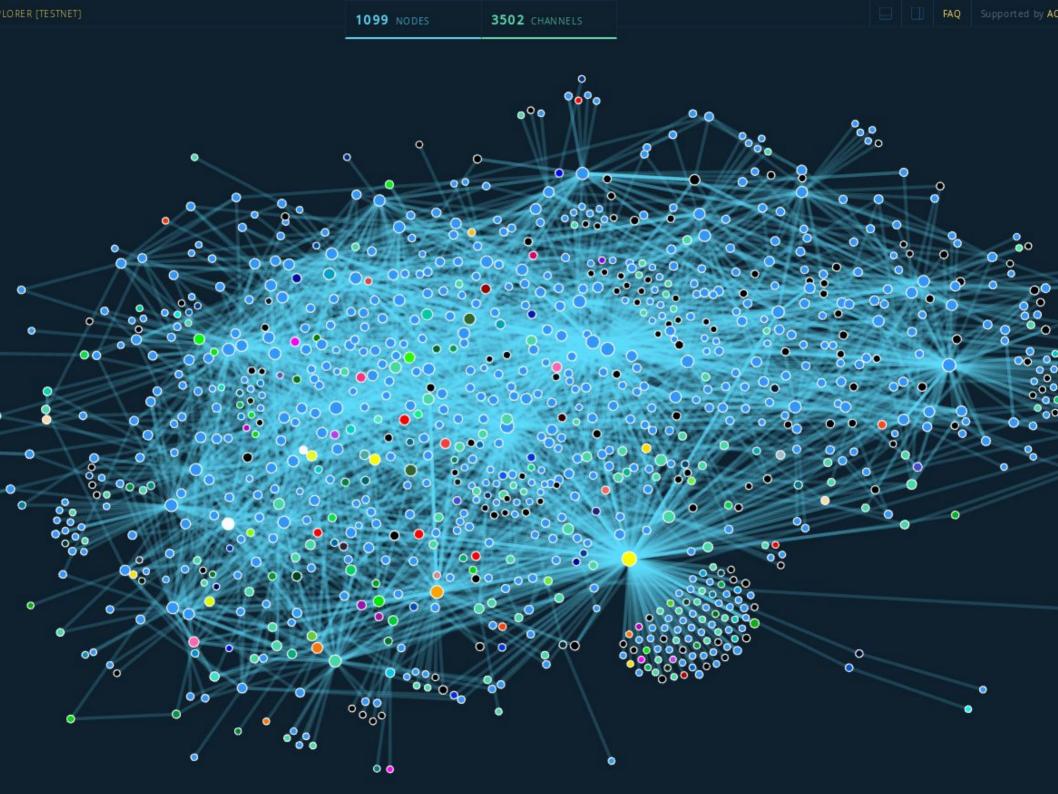
#### Alice sends 3btc

#### Bob sends 6btc

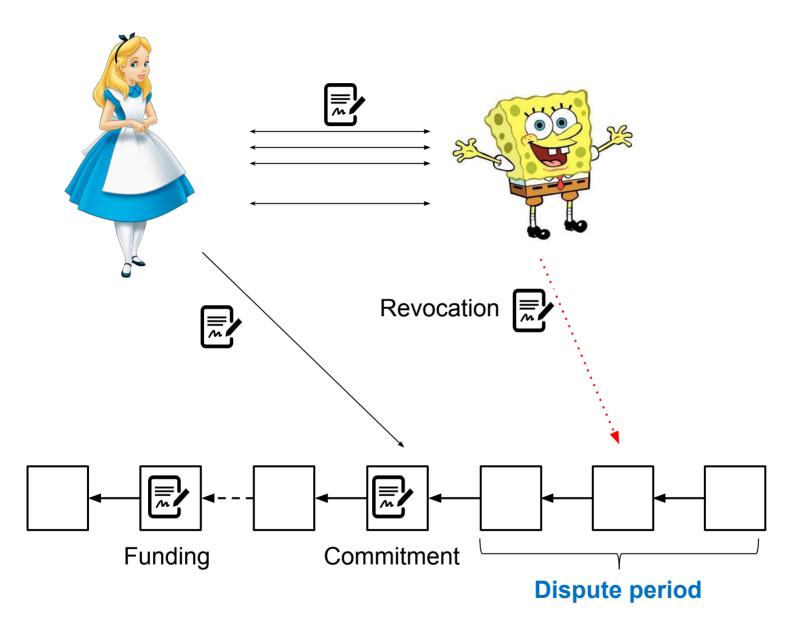


# **Payment Network**

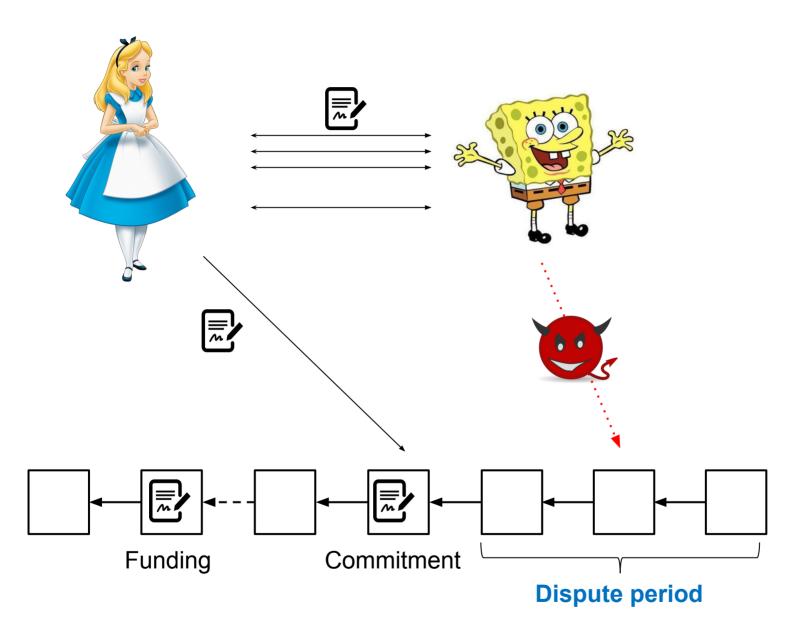




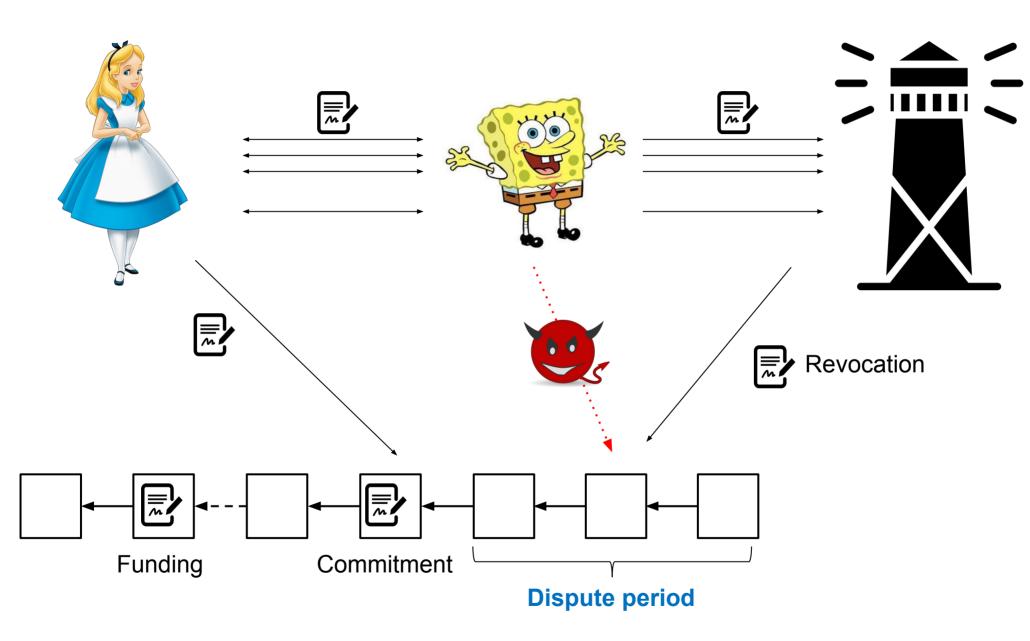
# **Lightning Channels**



#### **Attack**



## Watchtowers





Assuming rational parties and watchtowers...

- Will a party commit fraud?
- Will a watchtower get paid?
- Will a party commit fraud?
- Will a watchtower get paid?
- Will a party commit fraud? ...









Watchtowers → Parties ↓	Active	Inactive
Fraud	<	<b>↑</b>
No Fraud	↓	



### Premiums

Watchtowers → Parties ↓	Active	Inactive
Fraud	<	<b>↑</b>
No Fraud	·(	

### Why be an active Watchtower?



#### Collateral

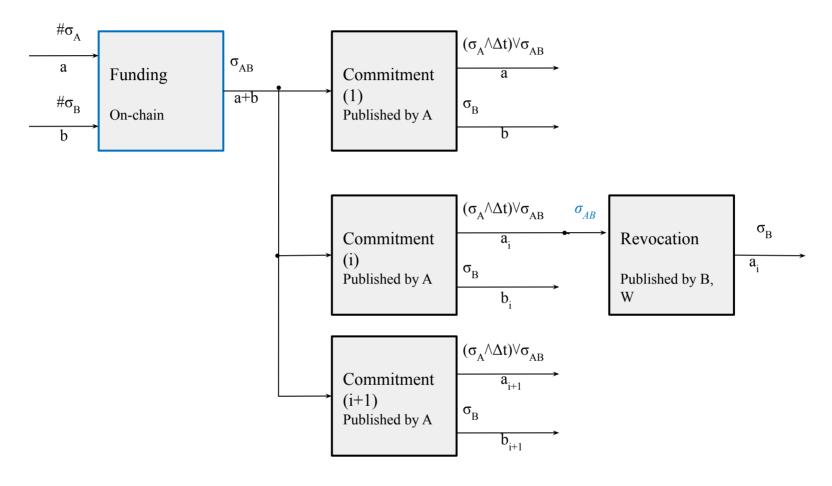


#### **Bitcoin**

- → UTXO-based (Unspent Transaction Output)
- ➔ Transaction: consumes & produces UTXOs
- → Multi-signatures:  $\sigma_{AB}$
- → Timelocks: Δt

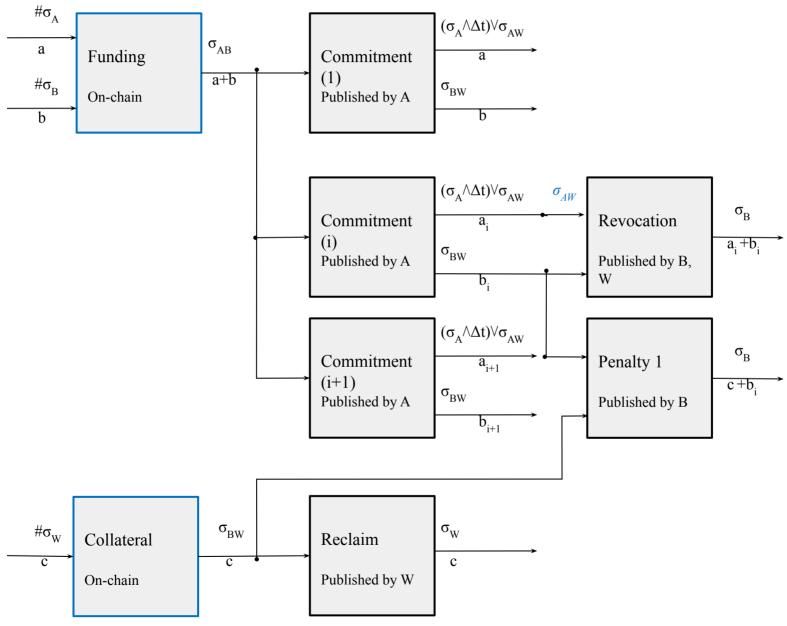
# **Lightning Channels**





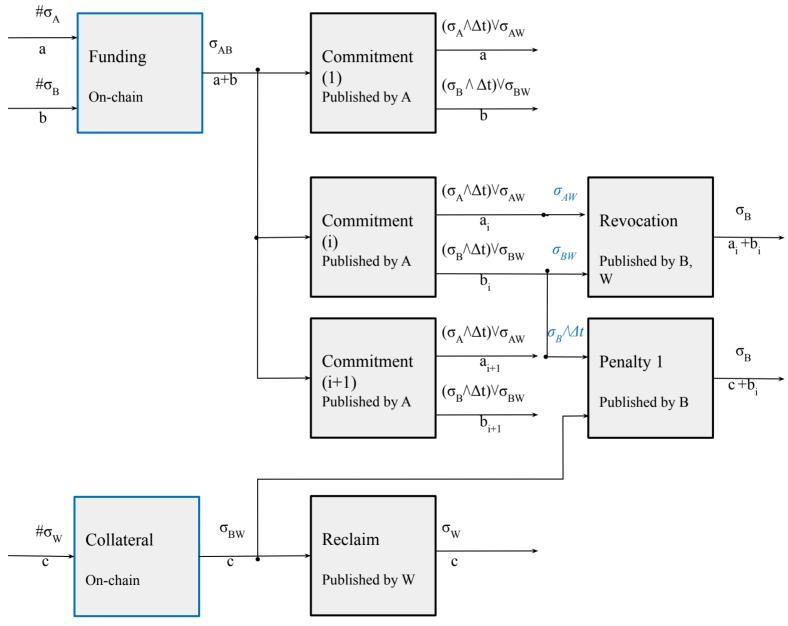
# **Cerberus Channels**





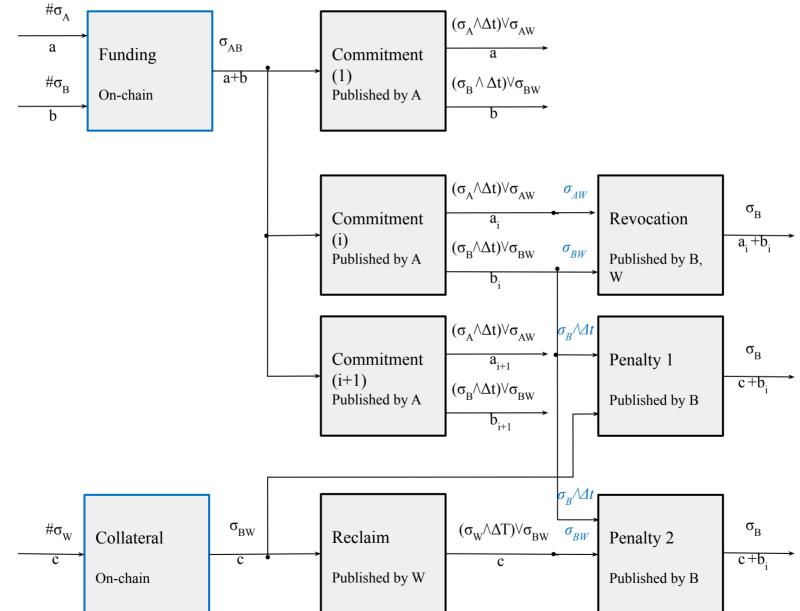
# **Cerberus Channels**





# **Cerberus Channels**



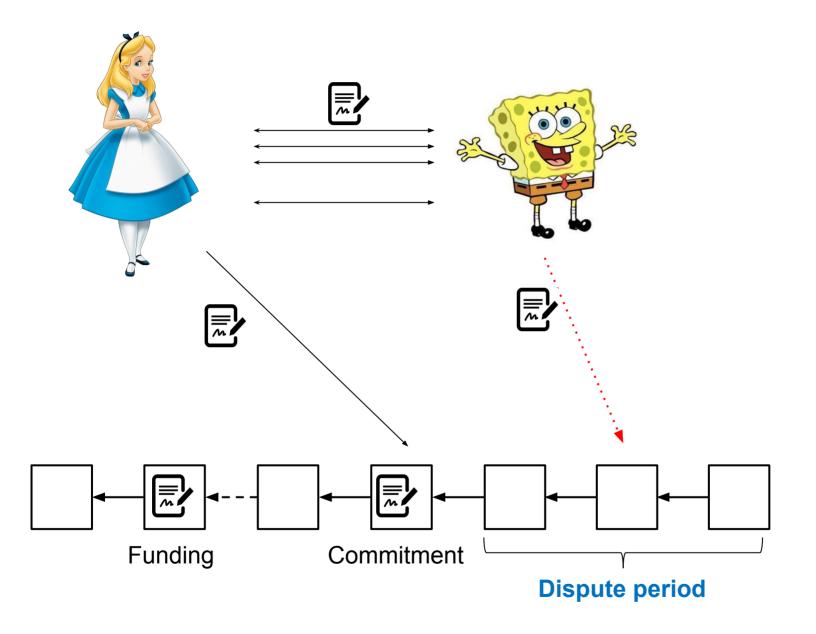


[Avarikioti, Tyfronitis-Litos, Wattenhofer. Cerberus Channels: Incentivizing Watchtowers for Bitcoin.]

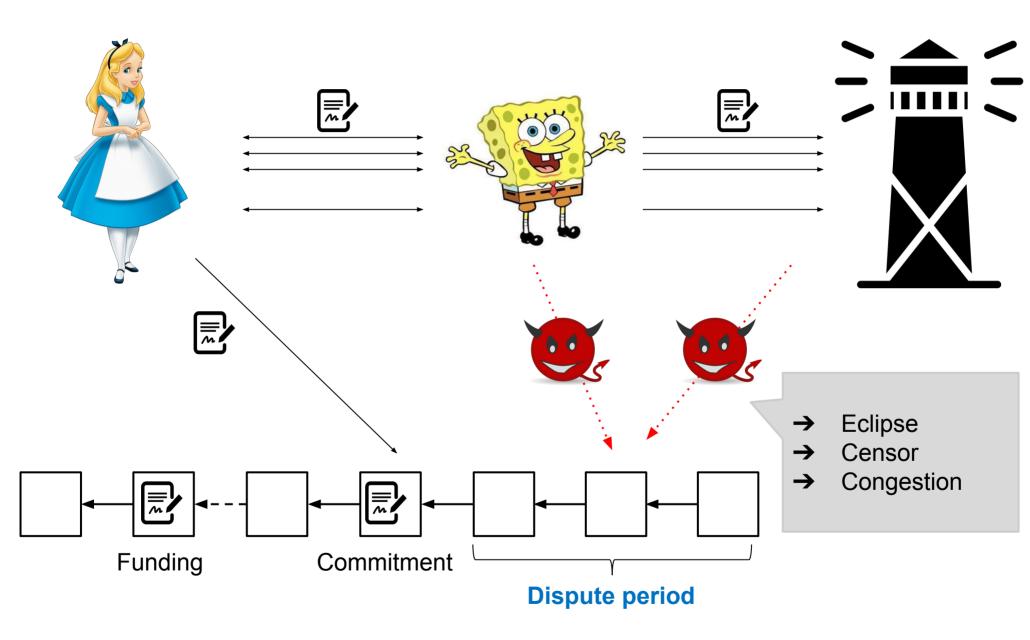
# **Fundamentals of Channels**



## **Fundamentals of Channels**



# **Fundamentals of Channels**



## **Time = CryptoMoney!**



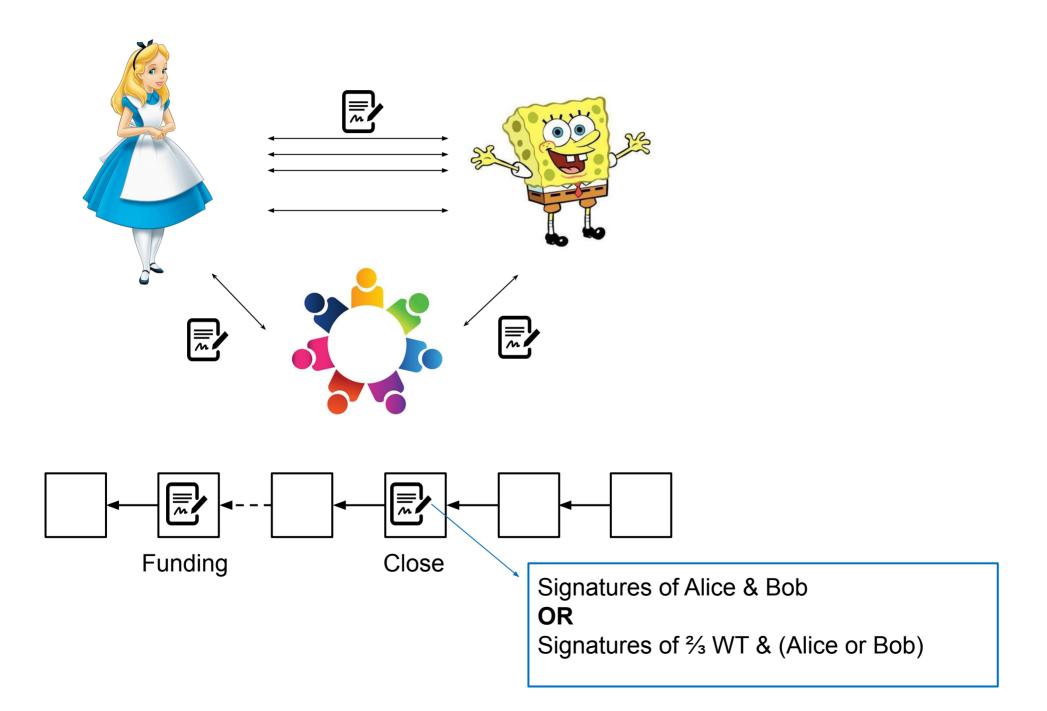
#### **Time = CryptoMoney!**



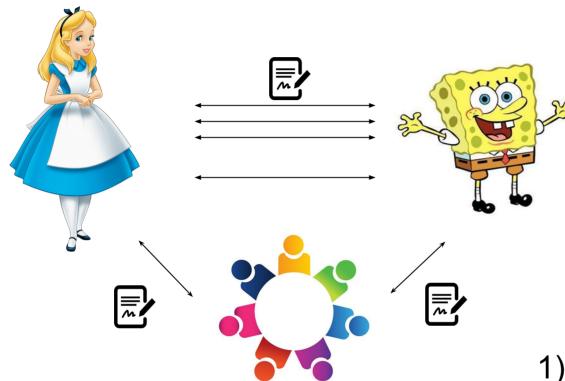
# **Be proactive, not reactive**



#### **Be proactive, not reactive**

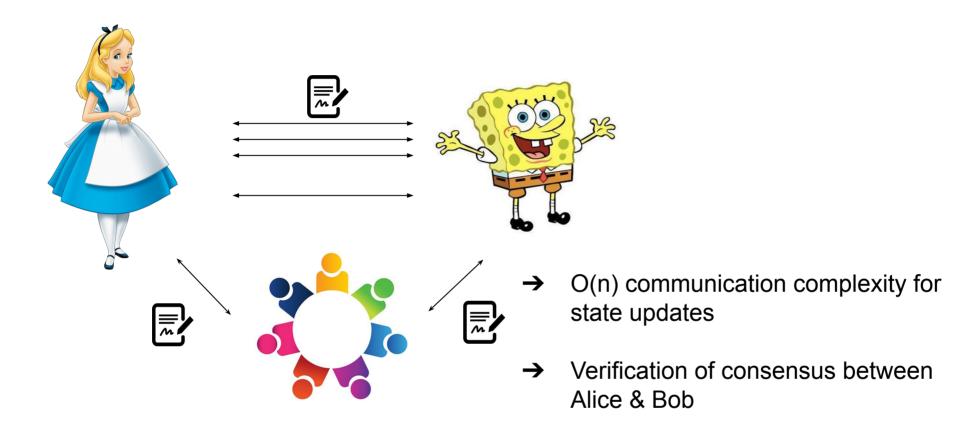


# **Challenges**



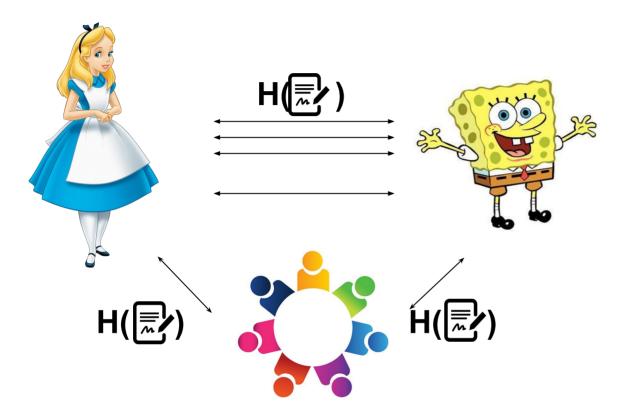
- 1) Consensus is costly
- 2) Privacy is important
- 3) Incentives are critical

## **Consistent Broadcast**



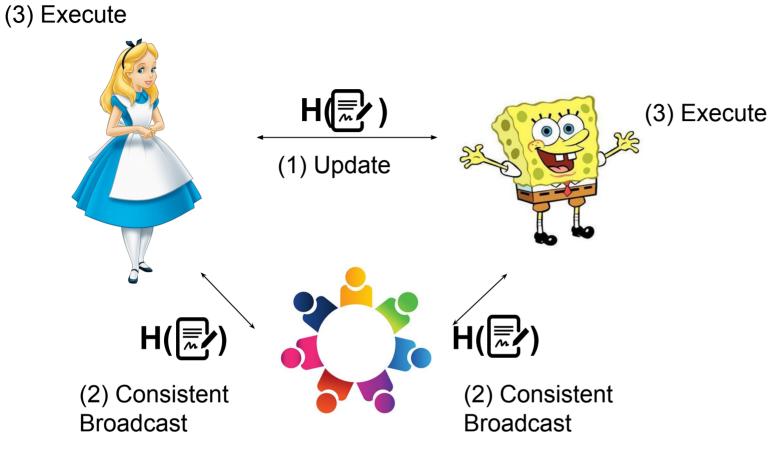
- → No liveness guarantees, if Alice & Bob both misbehave
- → Consensus needed only for closing, if there is a dispute

# **Encrypted State**



- → Privacy preserving
- → Alice/Bob cannot publish a previous transaction

# **Brick Architecture**





#### Incentives

- → Unilateral channel for fees: Repeated game lifts fair exchange impossibility
- → Collateral for anti-bribing: Reduction to fair-exchange WT Committee size ↑ → per WT collateral ↓

# **Brick Advantages**

- → Asynchronous channels
- → Security even under L1 failure
- → Privacy
- → Incentive-compatible
- → Embarrassingly parallel
- → Linear communication



[Avarikioti, Kokoris-Kogias, Wattenhofer. *Brick: Asynchronous State Channels*.]

# Thank you! Questions?

- Avarikioti, Tyfronitis-Litos, Wattenhofer. Cerberus Channels: Incentivizing Watchtowers for Bitcoin. Financial Cryptography and Data Security 2020.
- Avarikioti, Kokoris-Kogias, Wattenhofer. Brick: Asynchronous State Channels.
  ETH Zurich Distributed Computing Group www.disco.ethz.ch