Hawai'i Natural Energy Institute Research Highlights



Electrochemical Power Systems

Battery Electrode Optimization

<u>OBJECTIVE AND SIGNIFICANCE</u>: This project aims at the optimization of battery electrodes to improve performance by understanding local degradation mechanisms and by tuning the electrode architecture.

BACKGROUND: Advanced energy conversion devices typically rely on composites electrodes made of several materials interacting with one another. Understanding their individual and combined impact on degradation is essential in the pursuit of the best possible performance and safety. In this project, we use our expertise in Li-ion battery diagnosis as well as Designs of Experiments (DoE) to optimize formulations and to investigate the importance of process parameters while minimizing resources.

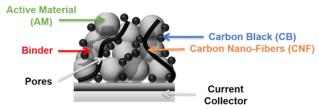


Figure 1. Schematic of the typical electrode architecture for intercalation-based batteries.

Defining new approaches to minimize experiments and time to reach an optimal battery electrode composition is highly beneficial to the field. To this end, we used a DoE mixture design that was applied for the first time in open literature to electrode formulation. Consequently, the relationship between electrode composition, microstructure, and electrochemical performance was uncovered.

In this project, the DoE approach was applied to two types of electrodes: high power electrodes for lithium batteries (ONR funded, in collaboration with the University of Montreal) and sodium intercalation electrodes (DOI then ONR funded, in collaboration with Trevi Systems) to investigate the feasibility of desalination batteries.

PROJECT STATUS/RESULTS: This is an ongoing project. A high-power battery system was optimized in collaboration with the University of Montreal. This work has led to two publications.

Current work is focused on the desalination with the optimization of Prussian blue analogues for Na ion intercalation in seawater. We are currently running

experiments with materials able to intercalate and release sodium ions in real sea water more than 15,000 times with improved performance compared to traditional materials (CDI).

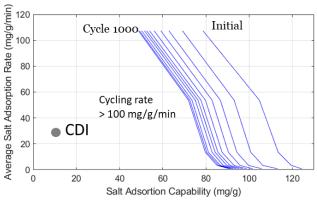


Figure 2. Performance characteristics of novel intercalation materials for desalination batteries.

In addition, our expertise in battery degradation was used to help researchers at the Naval Research Laboratory to characterize the impact of local temperature gradients on individual electrodes and by researchers at Sandia National Laboratories to investigate the impact of overcharge.

Research conducted for this project is completed in the <u>PakaLi Battery Laboratory</u>. This program led to the three publications and a proceeding, which are listed on the following page).

Funding Source: Office of Naval Research; U.S. Department of Interior; Trevi Systems

Collaborations: University of Montreal (Canada); University of Nantes (France); Naval Research Laboratory; Sandia National Laboratories

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Last Updated: November 2023

ADDITIONAL PROJECT RELATED LINKS

PAPERS AND PROCEEDINGS:

- 1. 2021, R. Carter, et al., <u>Directionality of thermal gradients in lithium-ion batteries dictates diverging degradation modes</u>, Cell Reports Physical Science, Vol. 2, Issue 2, Paper 100351. (Open Access: <u>PDF</u>)
- 2. 2021, T.A. Kingston, et al., <u>Altering the Degradation Mode in Li-ion Batteries Through Directional Application of an Interelectrode Thermal Gradient</u>, Presented at the International Mechanical Engineering Congress & Exposition, November 1-5.
- 3. 2020, O. Rynne, et al., <u>Exploiting Materials to Their Full Potential</u>, <u>a Li-Ion Battery Electrode</u> <u>Formulation Optimization Study</u>, ACS Applied Energy Materials, Vol. 3, Issue 3, pp. 2935-2948.
- 4. 2019, O. Rynne, et al., <u>Designs of Experiments for Beginners—A Quick Start Guide for Application</u> to <u>Electrode Formulation</u>, Batteries, Vol. 5, Issue 4, Paper 72. (Open Access: <u>PDF</u>)

PRESENTATIONS:

- 1. 2023, C.T. Love, et al., <u>Evidence of the Interplay of Temperature on Local and Global Battery Phenomena</u>, presented at the 244th Electrochemical Society Meeting, October 8-12. *Keynote presentation*.
- 2. 2022, N. Sahin, et al, <u>Optimization of Prussian Blue Analogues for Na-Ion Desalination</u>
 <u>Batteries</u>, Poster presented at the Material Research Society Spring Meeting, May 8-13. *Best poster award Symposium EN05*.
- 2022, C. T. Love, et al., <u>How Dynamic Thermal Evaluation of Battery Electrodes and Materials Better</u>
 <u>Replicate In-Service Operating Conditions</u>, Presented at the Material Research Society Spring Meeting,
 May 8-13.
- 2021, T.A. Kingston, et al., <u>Altering the Degradation Mode in Li-ion Batteries Through</u> <u>Directional Application of an Interelectrode Thermal Gradient</u>, Presented at the International Mechanical Engineering Congress & Exposition, November 1-5.
- 2021, C. T. Love, et al., <u>Electrode Specific Degradation Tailored By the Directionality of Thermal Gradients in Li-Ion Batteries</u>, Presented virtually at the 240th ECS Meeting, Orlando, FL, October 10-14.
- 6. 2021, C. T. Love, et al., <u>Directionality of Thermal Gradients in Li-Ion Batteries Dictates Diverging Failure Modes</u>, Presented virtually at the 239th ECS meeting, Chicago, IL, May 30 June 3.
- 7. 2019. O. Rynne, et al., <u>Influence of the Formulation on the Microstructure and Thus Performance of Li-Ion Batteries</u>, Presented at the 235th ECS Meeting, Dallas, TX, May 26-30.