#### DISTRICT OF LANTZVILLE BYLAW NO. 180, 2020

# A BYLAW TO REGULATE THE USE, SUBDIVISION, AND DEVELOPMENT OF LAND AND WATER WITHIN THE DISTRICT OF LANTZVILLE

**WHEREAS** section 479 of the *Local Government Act* authorizes the District of Lantzville to enact a Zoning Bylaw;

**AND WHEREAS** section 524 of the *Local Government Act* authorizes the District of Lantzville to enact a bylaw to establish requirements in relation to floodplain areas;

**AND WHEREAS** section 525 of the *Local Government Act* authorizes the District of Lantzville to enact a bylaw to establish off-street parking and loading space requirements;

**AND WHEREAS** section 527 of the *Local Government Act* authorizes the District of Lantzville to enact a bylaw to establish requirements for screening and landscaping to mask or separate uses;

**NOW THEREFORE** the Municipal Council of the District of Lantzville in open meeting assembled enacts as follows:

- 1. This bylaw may be cited for all purposes as the "District of Lantzville Zoning Bylaw No. 180, 2020".
- 2. The District of Lantzville Zoning Bylaw is set out in Schedule 'A' attached to and forming part of this Bylaw.
- 3. If a portion of this Bylaw is held invalid by a Court of competent jurisdiction, then the invalid portion must be severed and the remainder of this Bylaw is deemed to have been adopted without the severed section, subsection, paragraph, subparagraph, clause or phrase.
- 4. District of Lantzville Zoning Bylaw No. 60, 2005 and its amendments are hereby repealed.

#### **General Compliance**

- 5. Land, water, buildings and structures must not be used except in accordance with this bylaw.
- 6. Buildings or structures must not be constructed, reconstructed, altered, extended, moved or sited except in accordance with this bylaw.
- 7. Land, water or buildings must not be subdivided except in accordance with this bylaw.

"District of Lantzville Zoning Bylaw No. 180, 2020" Page 2

- 8. Nothing in this bylaw relieves any person from the responsibility to comply with other legislation that applies to matters regulated in this bylaw.
- 9. Any reference in this bylaw to federal or provincial legislation, or to other District bylaws, include any amendments made to that legislation or to those bylaws.
- 10. Uses not expressly permitted in a zone or otherwise permitted in this bylaw are prohibited.

#### Violation

- 11. A person who contravenes this bylaw, or who allows or permits any act in contravention of this Bylaw, or who fails to do or refrains from doing any act or thing required by this bylaw, commits an offence and is liable to the penalties imposed by the District.
- 12. Each day that a contravention of this bylaw exists constitutes a separate offence.

#### **Zone Boundaries**

- 13. The zoning adjacent to a highway or a lane applies to the highway or lane.
- 14. Where a highway or lane forms a zone boundary, the zoning extends to the centreline of the highway or lane.

#### **Uses and Subdivision**

15. Where dwelling units within a rowhouse, townhouse or duplex are divided by a subdivision line, those dwelling units are considered to be multiple unit housing for the purpose of defining the land use and are not considered to be individual houses on individual parcels.

#### **Diagrams and Illustrations**

16. Diagrams and illustrations in this bylaw are provided as guidelines for interpretation.

# Interpretation

- 17. References to zones in this bylaw that are listed only by the zone designation mean the same as the zone listed by its full title and number.
- 18. All dimensions and measurements in this bylaw are expressed in the Standard Interpretation Units (metric) system as follows:

"District of La Page 3	ntzville Zoning Bylaw No. 180, 20	020″	
(b) m (c) m (d) per (e) sq (f) lit (g) ki  READ A FIF READ A SEC APPROVED this 19 <sup>th</sup> day of PUBLIC HE READ A TH	ectares (ha) netres (m) nillimetres (mm) ercent (%) quare metres (m²) tres (L) ilograms (kg)  RST TIME this 10 <sup>th</sup> day of Febr COND TIME this 10 <sup>th</sup> day of F D BY THE MINISTRY OF TI of February, 2020. EARING HELD this day of this day of, 2020.	ebruary, 2020. <b>RANSPORTATION</b> —, 2020.	AND INFRASTRUCTURE
Mark Swain,	Mayor	Trudy Coates, Director	of Corporate Administration



# **Zoning Bylaw**

Schedule 'A' to Bylaw No. 180, 2020



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART 1:	ZONES	4
1.1	RESIDENTIAL 1 ZONE (R1)	5
1.2	RESIDENTIAL 2 ZONE (R2)	6
1.3	RESIDENTIAL 3 ZONE (R3)	7
1.4	RESIDENTIAL 4 ZONE (R4)	8
1.5	ESTATE ZONE (EST)	9
1.6	RURAL ZONE (RU)	10
1.7	FOOTHILLS ZONE (FH)	11
1.8	FUTURE SPECIAL AREA PLAN ZONE (F-SAP)	14
1.9	FUTURE STUDY AREA ZONE (F-SA)	15
1.10	MOBILE HOME PARK ZONE (MHP)	16
1.11	VILLAGE COMMERCIAL ZONE (VC)	18
1.12	COMMUNITY SERVICES ZONE (CS)	20
1.13	LIGHT INDUSTRY ZONE (LI)	21
1.14	AGRICULTURE ZONE (A)	22
1.15	GOLF COURSE ZONE (G)	24
1.16	FORESTRY ZONE (F)	25
1.17	MARINE ZONE (M)	26
1.18	TRANSPORTATION ZONE (T)	27
1.19	PARK ZONE (P)	28
PART 2:	GENERAL REGULATIONS	29
2.1	SECONDARY SUITES AND CARRIAGE HOUSES	30
2.2	HOME BUSINESSES	31
2.3	FARM ANIMALS	33
2.4	FENCES	34
2.5	RETAINING WALLS	35
2.6	PARKING AND LOADING	36
2.7	HEIGHT EXEMPTIONS	44
2.8	SETBACK PROJECTIONS	45
2.9	FUTURE HIGHWAY ALLOWANCES	47

SCHED	ULE 1 – ZONING MAP	.82
PART 3	: DEFINITIONS	.57
2.18	GENERAL USE PROVISIONS	.56
2.17	SHIPPING CONTAINERS	.55
2.16	RECREATIONAL VEHICLES AND WATERCRAFT	.54
2.15	SUBDIVISION	.53
2.14	LANDSCAPING AND BUFFERING	.52
2.13	FLOOD PROTECTION	.51
2.12	COASTAL PROTECTION	.50
2.11	STREAMSIDE PROTECTION	.49
2.10	INTERSECTION VISIBILITY	.48

# CONVERSION QUICK REFERENCE

Distance		Area		
Metric	Imperial	Metric	Imperial	
0.5 m	1.6 ft	1 m <sup>2</sup>	11 ft <sup>2</sup>	
0.6 m	2.0 ft	5 m <sup>2</sup>	54 ft <sup>2</sup>	
1.0 m	3.3 ft	10 m <sup>2</sup>	108 ft <sup>2</sup>	
1.2 m	3.9 ft	20 m <sup>2</sup>	215 ft <sup>2</sup>	
1.5 m	4.9 ft	25 m <sup>2</sup>	269 ft <sup>2</sup>	
1.8 m	5.9 ft	50 m <sup>2</sup>	538 ft <sup>2</sup>	
2.0 m	6.6 ft	90 m <sup>2</sup>	969 ft <sup>2</sup>	
2.5 m	8.2 ft	100 m <sup>2</sup>	1,076 ft <sup>2</sup>	
3.0 m	9.8 ft	150 m <sup>2</sup>	1,615 ft <sup>2</sup>	
3.5 m	11.5 ft	200 m <sup>2</sup>	2,153 ft <sup>2</sup>	
4.0 m	13.1 ft	250 m <sup>2</sup>	2,691 ft <sup>2</sup>	
4.5 m	14.8 ft	300 m <sup>2</sup>	3,229 ft <sup>2</sup>	
5.0 m	16.4 ft	350 m <sup>2</sup>	3,767 ft <sup>2</sup>	
5.5 m	18.0 ft	400 m <sup>2</sup>	4,306 ft <sup>2</sup>	
6.0 m	19.7 ft	450 m <sup>2</sup>	4,844 ft <sup>2</sup>	
6.5 m	21.3 ft	500 m <sup>2</sup>	5,382 ft <sup>2</sup>	
7.0 m	23.0 ft	600 m <sup>2</sup>	6,458 ft <sup>2</sup>	
7.5 m	24.6 ft	700 m <sup>2</sup>	7,535 ft <sup>2</sup>	
8.0 m	26.2 ft	800 m <sup>2</sup>	8,611 ft <sup>2</sup> / 0.2 ac	
8.5 m	27.9 ft	1,000 m <sup>2</sup>	10,764 ft <sup>2</sup> / 0.25 ac	
9.0 m	29.5 ft	2,000 m <sup>2</sup>	0.5 ac	
9.5 m	31.2 ft	4,000 m <sup>2</sup>	1.0 ac	
10 m	32.8 ft	8,000 m <sup>2</sup>	2.0 ac	
15 m	49.2 ft	1 ha	2.5 ac	
20 m	65.6 ft	2 ha	4.9 ac	
25 m	82.0 ft	4 ha	9.9 ac	
30 m	98.4 ft	10 ha	24.7 ac	
50 m	164.0 ft	20 ha	49.4 ac	

# PART 1: ZONES

The Municipality is divided into zones as follows and as shown on Schedule 1 of this bylaw:

Zone	Abbreviation
Residential 1	R1
Residential 2	R2
Residential 3	R3
Residential 4	R4
Estate	EST
Rural	RU
Foothills	FH
Future Special Area Plan	F-SAP
Future Study Area	F-SA
Mobile Home Park	МНР
Village Commercial	VC
Community Services	CS
Light Industry	LI
Agriculture	Α
Golf Course	G
Forestry	F
Marine	M
Transportation	Т
Park	Р

#### 1.1 RESIDENTIAL 1 ZONE

(R1)

#### **Permitted Uses**

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary Use	Secondary Use	
House	Carriage House	
	Home Business	
	Secondary Suite	

#### **Dwelling Units**

2. The maximum number of dwelling units per parcel is two and is limited to one house and either one secondary suite or one carriage house.

#### Siting

3. The minimum setbacks from parcel lines are as follows:

Structure	Front	Rear	Interior Side	Exterior Side
House	6 m	6 m	2 m	3 m
Carriage House	6 m	3 m	3 m	3 m
Secondary Structure	6 m	1.5 m	1.5 m	3 m

#### Height

4. The maximum heights are as follows:

Structure	Maximum Height		
House	8 m		
Carriage House with Garage Below	7 m		
Carriage House without Garage Below	6 m		
Secondary Structure	6 m		
Fence	1.8 m		

#### Parcel Coverage

5. The maximum parcel coverage is 35%.

#### Subdivision

Criteria	Regulation	
Minimum Parcel Area	2,000 m <sup>2</sup>	
Minimum Parcel Frontage and Width	20 m	

# 1.2 RESIDENTIAL 2 ZONE

(R2)

#### **Permitted Uses**

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary Use Secondary Use		
House	Carriage House	
	Home Business	
	Secondary Suite	

#### **Dwelling Units**

2. The maximum number of dwelling units per parcel is two and is limited to one house and either one secondary suite or one carriage house.

#### Siting

3. The minimum setbacks from parcel lines are as follows:

Structure	Front	Rear	Interior Side	Exterior Side
House	6 m	6 m	2 m	3 m
Carriage House	6 m	3 m	3 m	3 m
Secondary Structure	6 m	1.5 m	1.5 m	3 m

#### Height

4. The maximum heights are as follows:

Structure	Maximum Height
House	8 m
Carriage House with Garage Below	7 m
Carriage House without Garage Below	6 m
Secondary Structure	6 m
Fence	1.8 m

#### Parcel Coverage

5. The maximum parcel coverage is 35%.

#### Subdivision

Criteria	Regulation
Minimum Parcel Area	1,300 m <sup>2</sup>
Minimum Parcel Frontage and Width	20 m

(R3)

#### **Permitted Uses**

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary Use	Secondary Use
House	Carriage House
	Home Business
	Secondary Suite

#### **Dwelling Units**

2. The maximum number of dwelling units per parcel is two and is limited to one house and either one secondary suite or one carriage house.

#### Siting

3. The minimum setbacks from parcel lines are as follows:

Structure	Front	Rear	Interior Side	Exterior Side
House	6 m	6 m	2 m	3 m
Carriage House	6 m	3 m	3 m	3 m
Secondary Structure	6 m	1.5 m	1.5 m	3 m

#### Height

4. The maximum heights are as follows:

Structure	Maximum Height
House	8 m
Carriage House with Garage Below	7 m
Carriage House without Garage Below	6 m
Secondary Structure	6 m
Fence	1.8 m

#### Parcel Coverage

5. The maximum parcel coverage is 35%.

#### Subdivision

Criteria	Regulation
Minimum Parcel Area	1,000 m <sup>2</sup>
Minimum Parcel Frontage and Width	20 m

#### 1.4 RESIDENTIAL 4 ZONE

(R4)

#### **Permitted Uses**

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary Use	Secondary Use
House	Carriage House
	Home Business
	Secondary Suite

#### **Dwelling Units**

2. The maximum number of dwelling units per parcel is two and is limited to one house and either one secondary suite or one carriage house.

#### Siting

3. The minimum setbacks from parcel lines are as follows:

Structure	Front	Rear	Interior Side	Exterior Side
House	6 m	6 m	2 m	3 m
Carriage House	6 m	3 m	3 m	3 m
Secondary Structure	6 m	1.5 m	1.5 m	3 m

#### Height

4. The maximum heights are as follows:

Structure	Maximum Height
House	8 m
Carriage House with Garage Below	7 m
Carriage House without Garage Below	6 m
Secondary Structure	6 m
Fence	1.8 m

#### Parcel Coverage

5. The maximum parcel coverage is 35%.

#### Subdivision

Criteria	Regulation
Minimum Parcel Area	800 m²
Minimum Parcel Frontage and Width	20 m

1.5 ESTATE ZONE (EST)

#### **Permitted Uses**

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary	Secondary
House	Carriage House
	Home Business
	Secondary Suite

#### **Dwelling Units**

2. The maximum number of dwelling units per parcel is as follows:

Parcel Area	Maximum Number of Dwelling Units	Type of Permitted Dwelling Units
Less than	2	1 house and either 1 carriage house or 1 secondary suite
0.8 ha		,
0.8 ha or	2	2 houses, or
larger	2	1 house and either 1 carriage house or 1 secondary suite

#### Siting

- 3. The minimum setback for any structure is 8 m from the front and rear parcel lines and 4 m from any other parcel line.
- 4. The minimum interior side parcel line setback for a house from a parcel line adjoining a Residential zoned parcel is 2 m.

#### Height

5. The maximum heights are as follows:

Structure	Maximum Height
Any Structure	9 m
Fence	2 m

#### Parcel Coverage

6. The maximum parcel coverage is 30%.

#### Subdivision

Criteria	Regulation
Minimum Parcel Area	0.4 ha
Minimum Parcel Frontage and Width	20 m

1.6 RURAL ZONE (RU)

#### **Permitted Uses**

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary	Secondary
House	Carriage House
	Home Business
	Secondary Suite

#### **Dwelling Units**

2. The maximum number of dwelling units per parcel is two.

#### Siting

- 3. The minimum setback for any structure from any parcel line is 8 m.
- 4. The minimum interior side parcel line setback for a house from a parcel line adjoining a Residential zoned parcel is 2 m.

#### Height

5. The maximum heights are as follows:

Structure	Maximum Height	
Any Structure	9 m	
Fence	2 m	

#### Parcel Coverage

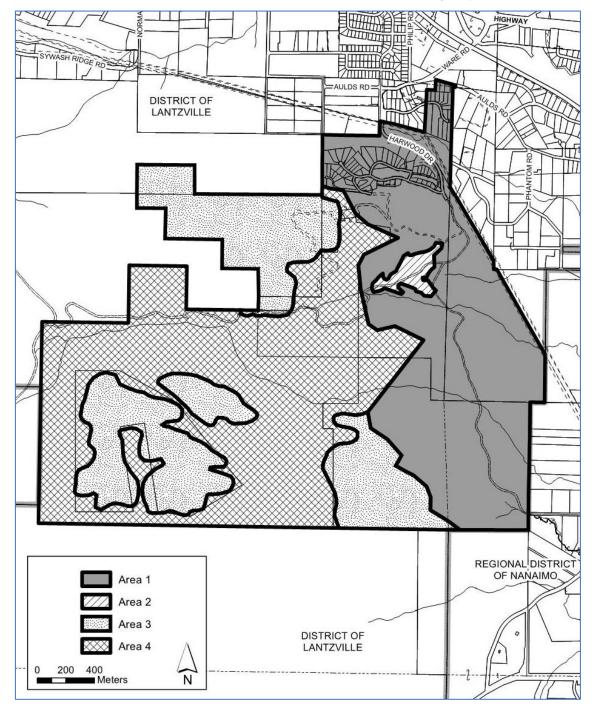
6. The maximum parcel coverage is 30%.

#### Subdivision

Criteria	Regulation
Minimum Parcel Area	1 ha
Minimum Parcel Frontage and Width	20 m

#### **Areas**

1. The Foothills Zone is divided into Areas 1-4, as shown on the following map:



(FH)

# **Permitted Uses**

2. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary	Secondary	
Foothills Area 1 – Scenic Corridor (FH1)		
House	Home Business Secondary Suite	
Foothills Area 2 – Centre (FH2)		
Apartment Assembly Duplex House Indoor Recreation Office Personal Service Place of Worship Food and Beverage Service Retail Rowhouse Townhouse	Home Business Secondary Suite	
Foothills Area 3 – Upland Estates (FH3)		
House	Home Business Secondary Suite	
Foothills Area 4 – Park (FH4)		
Outdoor Recreation Nature Viewing		

# **Dwelling Units**

3. The maximum number of dwelling units, excluding secondary suites, is as follows:

Area	Per Parcel	Total	
Area 1	1	590 Combined in Areas 1 and 2	
Area 2	-	- 590 Combined in Areas 1 and 2	
Area 3	1	140	
All Areas Combined	-	730	

#### Siting

4. The minimum setbacks from parcel lines are as follows:

Area	Front	Rear	Interior Side	Exterior Side	Foothills Park Zone	Adjoining Area 1
Area 1	4.5 m	2 m	2 m	2 m	10 m	-
Area 2	0 m	0 m	0 m	0 m	10 m	2 m
Area 3	4.5 m	2 m	2 m	2 m	10 m	-

# Height

5. The maximum heights in the Foothills Zone are as follows:

Structure	Maximum Height
Apartment, Assembly, Duplex, Indoor Recreation, Office, Personal Service, Place of Worship, Food and Beverage Service, Retail, Rowhouse, Townhouse,	12 m
House or Duplex	9 m
Secondary Structure	6 m
Fence	1.8 m

# Parcel Coverage

- 6. The maximum total combined parcel coverage of all structures on all parcels within the Area 2 is  $5,000 \text{ m}^2$ .
- 7. The maximum parcel coverages are as follows:

Use	Maximum Parcel Coverage
Assembly, Indoor Recreation, Office, Personal Service, Place of Worship, Food and Beverage Service, Retail	100%
Apartment, Duplex, Rowhouse, Townhouse	80%
House	40%

#### Subdivision

Criteria	Area 1	Area 2	Area 3
Minimum Parcel Area	600 m <sup>2</sup>	400 m <sup>2</sup>	1 ha
Maximum Parcel Area	1 ha	1 ha	-

#### 1.8 FUTURE SPECIAL AREA PLAN ZONE

(F-SAP)

#### **Permitted Uses**

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary	Secondary
House	Carriage House
	Home Business
	Secondary Suite

#### **Dwelling Units**

2. The maximum number of dwelling units per parcel is two and is limited to one house and either one secondary suite or one carriage house.

#### Siting

3. The minimum setbacks from parcel lines are as follows:

Structure	Front	Rear	Interior Side	Exterior Side
House	6 m	6 m	2 m	3 m
Carriage House	6 m	3 m	3 m	3 m
Secondary Structure	6 m	1.5 m	1.5 m	3 m

#### Height

4. The maximum heights in the are as follows:

Structure	Maximum Height
House	8 m
Carriage House with Garage Below	7 m
Carriage House with without Garage Below	6 m
Secondary Structure	6 m
Fence	1.8 m

#### Parcel Coverage

5. The maximum parcel coverage is 35%.

#### Subdivision

6. The minimum parcel area is 10 ha.

(F-SA)

#### **Permitted Uses**

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary	Secondary
House	Carriage House
	Home Business
	Secondary Suite

#### **Dwelling Units**

2. The maximum number of dwelling units per parcel is two and is limited to one house and either one secondary suite or one carriage house.

#### Siting

3. The minimum setbacks from parcel lines are as follows:

Structure	Front	Rear	Interior Side	Exterior Side
House	6 m	6 m	2 m	3 m
Carriage House	6 m	3 m	3 m	3 m
Secondary Structure	6 m	1.5 m	1.5 m	3 m

#### Height

4. The maximum heights in the are as follows:

Structure	Maximum Height
House	8 m
Carriage House with Garage Below	7 m
Carriage House with without Garage Below	6 m
Secondary Structure	6 m
Fence	1.8 m

#### Parcel Coverage

5. The maximum parcel coverage is 35%.

#### Subdivision

6. The minimum parcel area is 10 ha.

#### 1.10 MOBILE HOME PARK ZONE

(MHP)

#### **Permitted Uses**

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary	Secondary
House	Mobile Home Park Office
Mobile Home	
Mobile Home Park	
Recreational Vehicle	

#### **Dwelling Units and Recreational Vehicles**

2. The maximum number of dwelling units and recreational vehicles are as follows:

Property	Houses	Mobile Homes	Recreational Vehicles
Parklands Mobile Home Park 6820 Parklands Place	1	29	6
Shoregrove Resort Mobile Home Park 6990 Dickinson Road	1	7	9
Maple Glen Mobile Home Park 7071 Lantzville Road	1	23	6

#### Siting

3. The minimum setbacks from parcel lines are as follows:

Structure	Front	Rear	Interior Side	Exterior Side
Any Structure at least 10 m <sup>2</sup> GFA or Recreational Vehicle	5 m	5 m	5 m	5 m
Any Structure less than 10 m <sup>2</sup> GFA	5 m	2 m	2 m	2 m

4. The minimum setback between mobile homes or recreational vehicles is 3 m.

# Height

5. The maximum heights are as follows:

Structure	Maximum Height
House	8 m
Secondary Structure (for House)	6 m
Mobile Home	6 m
Secondary Structure (for Mobile Home)	3 m
Mobile Home Park Office	8 m
Fence	1.8 m

#### **Secondary Structures**

- 6. The maximum number and area of secondary structures per mobile home space or recreational vehicle space are as follows:
  - (a) 1 secondary structure less than 10 m<sup>2</sup> gross floor area for a mobile home or recreational vehicle,
  - (b) 1 porch or deck addition less than 20 m<sup>2</sup> gross floor area for a mobile home, and
  - (c) 1 set of entrance stairs to a secondary access less than 2 m<sup>2</sup> gross floor area for a mobile home.
- 7. Additions to mobile homes to provide habitable space are not permitted.
- 8. Carports and garages are not permitted for mobile homes or mobile home spaces.
- 9. Porches, decks, additions, carports and garages are not permitted on a recreational vehicle space.

#### Parcel Coverage

10. The maximum total maximum parcel coverage for a mobile home park, excluding the footprint of recreational vehicles, is 40%.

#### Site Area

11. The minimum site areas are as follows:

Structure or Recreational Vehicle	Minimum Site Area
Mobile Home (Double Wide)	350 m²
Mobile Home (Single Wide)	300 m²
Mobile Home (Park Model)	250 m²
Recreational Vehicle	150 m²

#### Subdivision

12. The minimum parcel area is 1 ha.

#### **Permitted Uses**

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary	Secondary
Apartment	Mobile Vending
Assembly	
Assisted Living	
Child Care	
Commercial Training	
Community Care	
Craft Beverage Processing	
Cultural Service	
Financial Service	
Food and Beverage Service	
Funeral Service	
Health Service	
Hotel	
Household Service	
Indoor Recreation	
Market	
Office	
Personal Service	
Retail	
Social Service	
Veterinary Clinic	

# **Building Form**

- 2. Apartments, community care units, and assisted living units are only permitted in a mixed-use building format and must not be located on the first storey of a building.
- 3. The maximum floor area ratio is 2:1.

#### Siting

4. The minimum setbacks from parcel lines are as follows:

Structure	Front	Rear	Interior Side	Exterior Side
Any Structure (parcel not adjoining Residential zone)	1.5 m	3 m	0 m	1.5 m
Any Structure (parcel adjoining Residential zone)	1.5 m	3 m	3 m	3 m
Canopy or Awning	0 m	3 m	0 m	0 m

# Height

5. The minimum and maximum heights are as follows:

Structure	Minimum Height	Maximum Height
Structure (south side of Lantzville Road)	2 storeys	12 m and 3 storeys
Structure (north side of Lantzville Road)	2 storeys	9 m and 2 storeys
Fence	2 m	2 m
Fence (within front yard)	0 m	0 m

# Parcel Coverage

6. The maximum parcel coverage is 100%.

#### Subdivision

Criteria	Regulation
Minimum Parcel Area	600 m <sup>2</sup>
Minimum Parcel Frontage and Width	20 m

# 1.12 COMMUNITY SERVICES ZONE

(CS)

#### **Permitted Uses**

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary	Secondary
Assembly	Food and Beverage Service
Child Care	Mobile Vending
Community Care	
Cultural Service	
Funeral Service	
Health Service	
Indoor Recreation	
Market	
Office	
Outdoor Recreation	
Place of Worship	
School	
Social Service	

# Siting

2. The minimum setback from parcel lines for any structure is 5 m.

# Height

3. The maximum height is 8 m

# Parcel Coverage

4. The maximum parcel coverage is 50%

#### 1.13 LIGHT INDUSTRY ZONE

(LI)

#### **Permitted Uses**

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary	Secondary
Autobody Repair	Dwelling Unit
Automotive Repair	Mobile Vending
Crematorium	
Film and Television Production	
Food and Beverage Processing	
Intensive Retail	
Laboratory	
Light Cannabis Processing	
Light Manufacturing	
Log Home Manufacturing	
Transportation Service	

#### **Dwelling Units**

2. The maximum number of dwelling units per parcel is one.

#### Siting

3. The minimum setbacks from parcel lines are as follows:

Structure	Front	Rear	Interior Side	Exterior Side
Any Structure	5 m	2 m	2 m	5 m

# Height

4. The maximum heights are as follows:

Structure	Maximum Height
Any Structure	12 m
Fence	2 m

#### Parcel Coverage

5. The maximum parcel coverage per parcel is 60%.

#### AGRICULTURAL LAND RESERVE

1. Any use or activity that is regulated under the *Agricultural Land Commission Act* must comply with the Act, and any use or activity that does not comply with the Act is strictly prohibited.

#### Permitted Uses

2. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary	Secondary
Agriculture	Agri-Tourism
Aquaculture	Craft Beverage Processing
Equestrian Facility	Farmgate Sales
House	Gathering for an Event
	Home Business
	Secondary Suite

#### **Dwelling Units**

3. The maximum number of dwelling units per parcel is two and is limited to one house and one secondary suite.

#### **House Size**

4. The maximum gross floor area of a house is  $500 \text{ m}^2$ .

#### Siting

- 5. Cannabis production must not take place within 150 m from any school or park.
- 6. The minimum setbacks from parcel lines are as follows:

Structure	Front	Rear	Interior Side	Exterior Side
Cannabis Production Intensive Agriculture	30 m	30 m	30 m	30 m
Any Other Structure	8 m	8 m	8 m	8 m

7. The minimum interior side parcel line setback for a house from a parcel line adjoining a Residential zoned parcel is 2 m.

#### Height

8. The maximum heights are as follows:

Structure	Maximum Height
House	9 m
Secondary Structure (for House, including shop, shed, garage, carport)	9 m
Any Other Structure	15 m

# Parcel Coverage

9. The maximum parcel coverages are as follows:

Parcel Area	Maximum Parcel Coverage	Additional Parcel Coverage for Greenhouses	Total Maximum Parcel Coverage
Less than 0.4 ha	30%	+45%	75%
0.4 ha or larger	20%	+55%	75%

### Subdivision

10. The minimum parcel area is 12 ha.

# 1.15 GOLF COURSE ZONE

(G)

#### **Permitted Uses**

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary	Secondary
Golf Course	Assembly
	Dwelling Unit
	Golf Retail
	Indoor Recreation
	Food and Beverage Service

#### **Dwelling Units**

2. The maximum number of dwelling units per parcel is one.

#### Siting

3. The minimum setback from parcel lines for any structure is 5 m.

#### Height

4. The maximum heights are as follows:

Structure	Maximum Height
Any Structure	8 m
Fence (Excluding Safety Nets)	2 m
Safety Nets	No Maximum

#### Parcel Coverage

5. The maximum parcel coverage per parcel is 10%

#### Subdivision

6. The minimum parcel area is 8 ha.

# 1.16 FORESTRY ZONE

(F)

#### **Permitted Uses**

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary	Secondary
House	Nature Viewing
Natural Resource Management	Outdoor Recreation

# **Dwelling Units**

2. The maximum number of dwelling units per parcel is one.

#### Siting

3. The minimum setback from parcel lines for any structure is 8 m.

#### Height

4. The maximum height is 9 m.

#### Parcel Coverage

5. The maximum parcel coverage is 10%

#### Subdivision

6. The minimum parcel area is 50 ha.

1.17 MARINE ZONE (M)

#### **Permitted Uses**

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary	Secondary
Short Term Moorage	Mooring Buoy

# 1.18 TRANSPORTATION ZONE

(T)

# Permitted Uses

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary	Secondary
Transportation Infrastructure	-

1.19 PARK ZONE (P)

# Permitted Uses

1. The permitted primary and secondary uses are as follows:

Primary	Secondary
Assembly	Mobile Vending
Market	
Nature Viewing	
Outdoor Recreation	

# PART 2: GENERAL REGULATIONS

#### 2.1 SECONDARY SUITES AND CARRIAGE HOUSES

- 1. A secondary suite is permitted only on a parcel at least 600 m<sup>2</sup> in area.
- 2. A carriage house is permitted only on a parcel at least 1,300 m<sup>2</sup> in area.
- 3. The maximum gross floor area of a secondary suite or a carriage house, excluding the area of the garage, is 90 m<sup>2</sup>.
- 4. A secondary suite or carriage house is permitted only on a parcel with direct vehicle access to a highway, strata road or shared driveway constructed and maintained in accordance with Municipal standards and, in the case of a shared driveway, the driveway must provide access to no more than three parcels, be paved, and be at least 6 m wide.
- 5. Onsite parking for a secondary suite or a carriage house must include signage that states "secondary suite parking only" or "carriage house parking only".
- 6. Onsite parking for a secondary suite or carriage house must remain free and clear of any encumbrance or other parked vehicles that would prevent parking in those spaces or access to and egress from the spaces.
- 7. A secondary suite or carriage house must not be divided from the primary dwelling unit to create two separate parcels within a building strata.
- 8. A secondary suite or carriage house is limited to a maximum of two bedrooms and one kitchen.
- 9. A secondary suite is permitted only within a house.
- 10. A carriage house must not be a mobile home, except on a parcel zoned Rural or Estate.
- 11. A secondary suite or carriage must be connected to the Municipal water and sewer system or, where the Municipal water and system is unavailable, connected to a well that meets Municipal standards and a sewage disposal system approved by a Registered Onsite Wastewater Management Practitioner to accommodate the additional load from the secondary suite or carriage house.

#### 2.2 HOME BUSINESSES

#### General Home Business Regulations

- 1. A home business must be authorized by the property owner and operated by a resident of the parcel on which the home business is taking place.
- 2. A home business is only permitted if the operator has a valid business licence issued by the Municipality for the home business.
- 3. All activities and vehicles associated with a home business must only take place onsite and must not encroach onto a highway or other public property.
- 4. With the exception of market gardening and child care, a home business must only take place within a house or permitted secondary building.
- 5. A home business must not produce odours, vapours, heat, glare, electrical interference, ground vibration or noise that is audible or detectible from beyond the parcel where the home business is taking place to an extent greater than that usually experienced in the applicable zone.
- 6. Signage associated with the home business must not be sited on a highway or other public property and must be in accordance with the Municipal Sign Bylaw.
- 7. The maximum number of home businesses per parcel is two, provided that at least one of the home businesses is an office.
- 8. The maximum number of non-resident employees for all home businesses on a parcel combined is one.
- 9. The maximum number of signs per home business is one and is limited to a non-illuminated sign that does not exceed 1.5 m in height and  $1 \text{ m}^2$  in area.
- 10. The maximum area dedicated to all home businesses on a parcel, including storage, is 50 m<sup>2</sup>, except for bed and breakfast or short-term rental.
- 11. The maximum area dedicated to the sale of good is 15 m<sup>2</sup> and is limited to goods produced onsite or, in the case of personal service, goods associated with the home business.

#### **Business-Specific Regulations**

12. The following regulations must be met and maintained by an operator of a parcel for a home business to be permitted on a parcel:

#### Bed and Breakfast

A bed and breakfast is limited to a maximum of four guest rooms.

The property on which a bed and breakfast is taking must be occupied by the owner of the property.

#### Child Care

Child care is limited to a maximum of eight children in care at any given time.

#### Craft Kitchen

Goods produced in a craft kitchen must not be sold onsite.

#### Fine Wood Working

Fine woodworking is permitted only in the Rural Zone, Estate Zone, Agriculture Zone, or Residential Zone where the parcel is 1000 m<sup>2</sup> or larger.

#### Office

Limited to an office for book-keeping, paperwork, and other similar work that can be completed within a small-scale office room within a house.

Unless otherwise permitted as a home business, all other activities associated with the business including, but not limited to, repairs, materials storage, machine storage, parts storage, vehicle storage and marshalling of vehicles, are prohibited onsite.

#### Short Term Rental

The property on which a short term rental is taking place must be occupied by the owner of the property.

A short term rental must not be operated on the same property on which a bed and breakfast is being operated.

A short term rental must not be operated in a dwelling unit that contains more than three sleeping units.

The maximum number of guests in a short term rental at any given time is 6.

#### Market Gardening

With the exception of buildings and structures associated with the market gardening, including greenhouses, outdoor gardening areas are excluded from the maximum 50 m<sup>2</sup>.

Compost piles, bins and structures must be covered and must be a minimum of 10 m from parcel lines adjoining Residential zoned parcel and 30 m from wells or streams.

Spreading of un-composted manure, the use of noise-scaring devices, and the use of artificial lighting or mechanized ventilation systems that produce noise are prohibited.

The use of mechanized equipment is limited to equipment of the same scale as that which is designed for household outdoor use.

On parcels larger than 0.4 ha, a vegetated landscape buffer at least 3 m wide must be established between the market gardening and parcel lines adjoining residential parcels. A minimum of 25% of the vegetation in the buffer shall be evergreen shrubs with a minimum height of 0.5 m. On parcels larger than 1 ha, the vegetative buffer must include either a fence or a landscape screen, providing at least 75% screening from grade level to a height of 2 m, except where the area used for market gardening operations is more than 7.5 m from the parcel line adjoining the Residential zoned parcel. On parcels larger than 4 ha, the area used for market gardening operations must be 7.5 m from all parcel lines adjoining Residential zoned parcels.

## 2.3 FARM ANIMALS

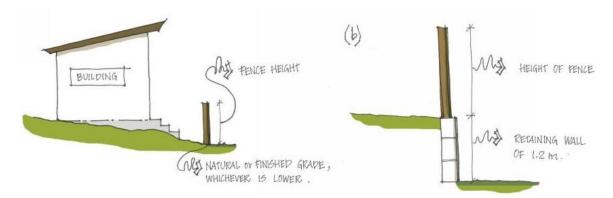
1. Outside of the Agricultural Land Reserve, the keeping of farm animals is permitted only as follows:

Parcel Area	Maximum Number of Poultry	Maximum Number of Other Farm Animals
< 1,000 m <sup>2</sup>	0	0
1,000 ≥ 2,500 m <sup>2</sup>	6	0
2,500 > 8,000 m <sup>2</sup>	10	0
≥ 8,000 m <sup>2</sup>	15	2

- 2. Farm animals are permitted only if all the following requirements are met and maintained:
  - (a) a minimum of 1 m<sup>2</sup> of space is provided for each poultry animal in an enclosure,
  - (b) structures housing farm animals are kept clean, free of odours and free of vermin,
  - (c) diseased poultry are disposed of in accordance with Provincial and Federal legislation,
  - (d) Farm animals are not slaughtered on the parcel on which they are kept,
  - (e) Roosters, cocks, cockerels, peacocks and the like are prohibited,
  - (f) manure and waste products are composted or disposed of to prevent odours,
  - (g) manure must be stored at least 15 m from any parcel line,
  - (h) a structure that houses poultry must be at least 4 m from any parcel line, or in accordance with the setbacks established in the zone, whichever is greater, and
  - (i) a structure that houses a farm animal must be at least 15 m from any parcel line, or in accordance with the setbacks established in the zone, whichever is greater.

### 2.4 FENCES

- 1. Fences may be sited within the minimum setbacks established in a zone.
- 2. Fence height is determined by measuring vertically from either natural grade or finished grade, whichever is lower, to the highest portion of the fence, including lattice or wires on top of the main structure of the fence.
- 3. Where a fence is located on a retaining wall that is at least 1.2 m in height, fence height is measured from finished grade at the top of the retaining wall.



- 4. Where deemed necessary for the construction of a building, as determined by the Building Official, a guardrail up to 1.2 m in height is not included in the total calculation of fence height.
- 5. Except for fences in the Agriculture Zone, Light Industry Zone, or a parcel lawfully used for the enclosure of a farm animal, a fence must not include barbed wire, razor wire, electric wire, ultra-barrier, or any other material intended to deter trespass by threat or cause of personal injury to any animal or person who may come into contact with the fence.
- 6. Swimming pools must be fully enclosed by a perimeter fence at least 1.2 m in height and designed so that it does not facilitate climbing
- 7. Swimming pools must be equipped with self-closing gates and be operated by hinges and a lock and be able to be opened freely only from the inside.

# 2.5 RETAINING WALLS

- 1. Except as required to support the foundation of a house, as determined by a Professional Engineer and approved by the Building Official, or as approved through a Development Permit issued by the Municipality, the maximum height of a single retaining wall is 1.2 m.
- 2. Where a retaining wall is within 1.2 m of another retaining wall, both retaining walls are considered a single retaining wall for the purpose of determining maximum height.

# 2.6 PARKING AND LOADING

# Minimum Vehicle Parking Requirements

1. The minimum number of onsite vehicle parking spaces is as follows:

Use	Long Term Parking Spaces	Short Term Parking	
	Shares	Short Term Parking Spaces	
Housing			
Apartment	1 per bedroom, up to a maximum of 2 per unit	0.25 per dwelling unit	
Assisted Living	0.5 per sleeping unit	0.15 per dwelling unit	
Carriage House	1 per bedroom	-	
Community Care	0.3 per sleeping unit	0.15 per dwelling unit	
Duplex	2 per unit	-	
House, 1-3 bedrooms	2	-	
House, 4 or more bedrooms	4	-	
Manufactured Home	2	-	
Recreational Vehicle (Mobile Home Park)	1	-	
Rowhouse	2 per unit	0.15 per dwelling unit	
Secondary Suite	1 per bedroom	-	
Townhouse	2 per unit	0.15 per dwelling unit	
Commercial			
Artisan Studio (excluding Home Business)	1 per employee	1 per 30 m <sup>2</sup> GFA	
Bed and Breakfast	-	1 per sleeping unit	
Child Care	1 per employee	3	
Commercial Training	1 per employee or work station, whichever is greater	1 per 30 m² GFA	
Craft Beverage Processing	1 per employee 1 per 10 m <sup>2</sup> GFA of sales and tasting		
Farmgate Sales	-	2	
Financial Service	1 per employee or work station, 1 per 20 m <sup>2</sup> G whichever is greater		
Food and Beverage Service	1 per employee	1 per 4 seats	

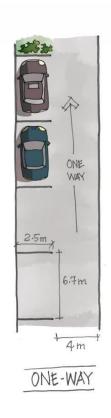
Use	Minimum Number of Long Term Parking Spaces	Minimum Number of Short Term Parking Spaces
Funeral Service	1 per employee	1 per 4 seats in the seating area
Health Service	1 per employee or work station, whichever is greater	1 per 20 m² GFA
Home Business (excluding Bed and Breakfast and Short Term Rental)	-	2 per home business that involves members of the public entering the parcel
Hotel	2, plus 1 per room	2
Household Service	1 per employee or work station, whichever is greater	1 per 20 m² GFA
Market	1 per vendor	1 per vendor
Office (excluding Home Business)	1 per employee or work station, whichever is greater	1 per 20 m² GFA
Personal Service	1 per employee or work station, whichever is greater	1 per 20 m² GFA
Retail	1 per employee	1 per 20 m² GFA
Short Term Rental	-	1 per sleeping unit
Veterinarian Clinic	1 per employee	1 per 20 m² GFA
Community		
Assembly	-	1 per 20 m² GFA
Cultural Service	1 per employee	1 per seat or 1 per 30 m² GFA, whichever is greater
Place of Worship	-	1 per seat or 10 m <sup>2</sup> GFA, whichever is greater
School, Elementary	1.25 per classroom	0.5 per classroom
School, Secondary	2.5 per classroom	0.5 per classroom
Social Service	1 per employee or work station, whichever is greater	1 per 20 m² GFA

Use	Minimum Number of Long Term Parking Spaces	Minimum Number of Short Term Parking Spaces
Recreation		
Golf Course	1 per employee	80 per 9 holes 1 per tee for driving range
Indoor Recreation	1 per employee	1 per 20 m² GFA
Outdoor Recreation	1 per 200 m² site area	1 per 200 m² site area
Industry		
Autobody Repair	1 per service bay	1 per service bay
Automotive Repair	1 per service bay	1 per service bay
Crematorium	1 per employee	-
Food and Beverage Processing	1 per employee	-
Intensive Retail	1 per 50 m <sup>2</sup> GFA or site area	1 per 50 m <sup>2</sup> GFA or site area
Laboratory	1 per employee	-
Light Cannabis Processing	1 per employee	-
Light Manufacturing	1 per employee	-
Log Home Manufacturing	1 per employee	-
Transportation Service	1 per employee	-
Warehouse	1 per 200 m² GFA	1 per 200 m² GFA

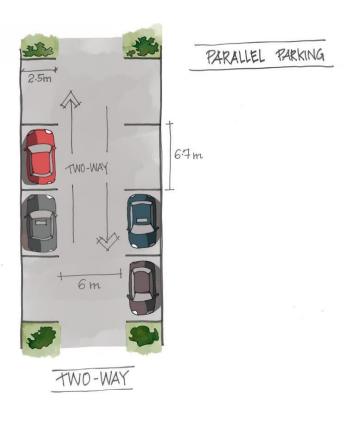
# **Parking Dimensions**

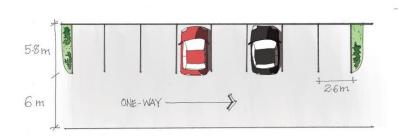
2. The minimum dimensions of required onsite parking spaces and drive aisles are as follows:

Dimension	Parallel	45° Angle	60° Angle	90° Angle
Space Width	2.5 m	2.6 m	2.6 m	2.6 m
Space Length	6.7 m	5.8 m	5.8 m	5.8 m
Aisle Width (1-way)	4 m	4 m	5.2 m	6 m
Aisle Width (2-way)	6 m	7.6 m	7.6 m	7.6 m



5.8 m

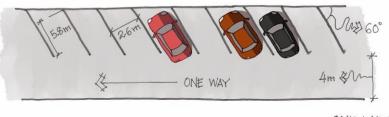




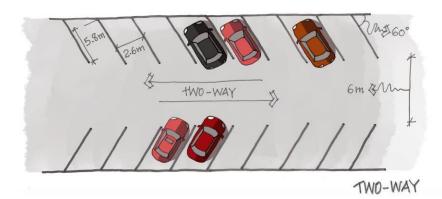
PARKING - 90° ONE-WAY



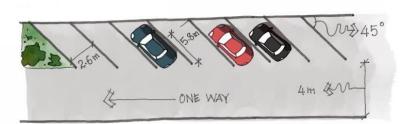
TWO-WAY



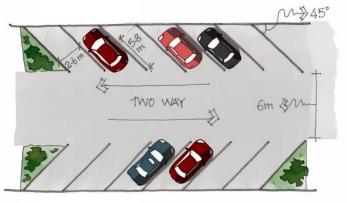
ONE-WAY



PARKING ANGLE 45°



ONE-WAY



TWO-WAY

#### **Small Car Parking Spaces**

3. The minimum space length for up to 25% of the required onsite vehicle parking spaces may be reduced to 5 m for parallel parking and 4.6 m for angled or 90-degree parking.

## **EV Charging Stations**

4. The minimum number of electric vehicle charging stations is as follows:

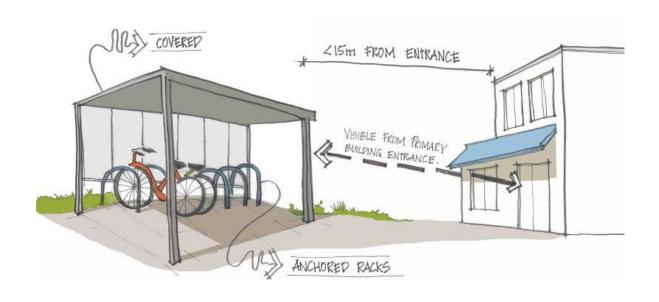
Use	Minimum Number of Level-2 Electric Vehicle Charging Stations
Commercial	1 per parcel + 1 per 20 required parking spaces in excess of the first 20 parking spaces
Community	1 per parcel + 1 per 20 required parking spaces in excess of the first 20 parking spaces
Apartment Rowhouse Townhouse	1 per parcel + 1 per 10 dwelling units

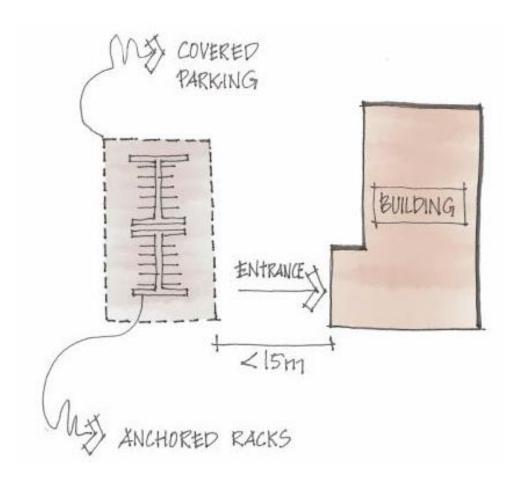
### Minimum Bike Parking Requirements

5. Bike parking spaces must be provided on a parcel when new buildings are developed as of the date of adoption of this Bylaw, excluding additions up to 50 m<sup>2</sup>, as follows:

Use	Minimum Long-Term Bike Parking	Minimum Short-Term Bike Parking
Apartment Rowhouse Townhouse	1 per dwelling unit	1 per 5 dwelling units
Assembly Commercial	1 per 50 m² GFA	1 per 25 m² GFA
Assisted Living Community Care	1 per 5 sleeping units or dwelling units	1 per 5 sleeping units or dwelling units
Craft Beverage Processing	1 per 50 m <sup>2</sup> GFA, excluding the processing area	1 per 25 m <sup>2</sup> GFA, excluding the processing area
Cultural Service Place of Worship	1 per 50 m² GFA	1 per 25 m² GFA

- 6. Long-term bike parking must be in a secure, weather-protected bike storage area with bike racks or lockers and independently accessible only to residents or employees of the building in which it is located.
- 7. Short-term bike parking must:
  - (a) be sited less than 15 m and visible from the entrance of the primary building for which it is required,
  - (b) be provided in permanently anchored racks,
  - (c) be covered and well-lit, and
  - (d) not obstruct pedestrian circulation.





#### Parking Location, Construction and Signage

- 8. Onsite parking must not be obstructed in any way by garbage receptacles, structures, derelict vehicles, refuse, equipment, mobile vending or materials which interfere with the ability of the parking space to serve its function.
- 9. Onsite parking must be cleared and levelled.
- 10. Onsite parking for a duplex, house, secondary suite or carriage house may be stacked up to 2 parking spaces.
- 11. Onsite parking, onsite loading, drive aisles and accesses for all uses except for a house, Secondary Suite or carriage house must be hard-surfaced, painted, signed, bumpered and well-drained.
- 12. Onsite parking spaces designated for accessible parking, family parking, carpool parking or electric vehicle charging must have clear, gender-neutral signage indicating that such spaces are reserved for those types of parking.
- 13. Onsite parking and onsite loading must be provided on the same parcel as the use for which the onsite parking or onsite loading is required.
- 14. Where the minimum number of onsite parking spaces includes a fractional unit, that fractional unit is considered one onsite parking space.

#### Minimum Loading Requirements

15. The minimum number of onsite loading spaces per parcel for commercial uses is as follows:

GFA of Building	Minimum Number of Onsite Loading Spaces per Building	Minimum Width	Minimum Length
Less than 1,000 m <sup>2</sup>	1	2.6 m	5.8 m
1,000 – 2,000 m <sup>2</sup>	1	3 m	12 m
Greater than 2,000 m <sup>2</sup>	2	3 m	12 m

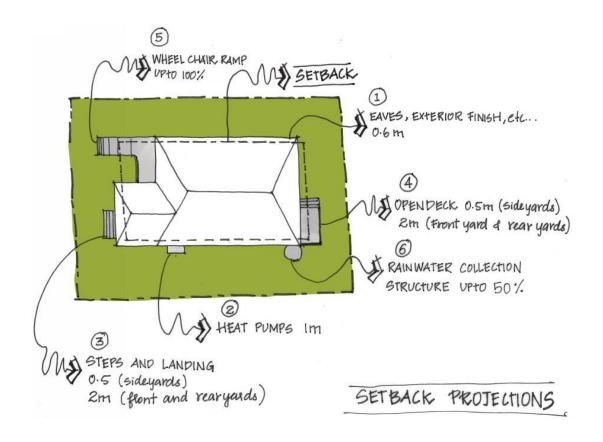
# 2.7 HEIGHT EXEMPTIONS

- 1. The maximum height regulations established in a zone do not apply to a chimney, spire, belfry, flag pole, utility, monument, satellite dish and other similar devices, mechanical devices necessary for the operation of the building on which they are located, green building system, green roof, solar collector, or small wind energy devices, provided that height extent of the blades does not exceed twice the maximum height established in the zone.
- 2. Garbage and recycling collection area screening is exempted from the maximum fence height specified in each zone.

# 2.8 SETBACK PROJECTIONS

1. The maximum permitted projections into minimum required setbacks are as follows:

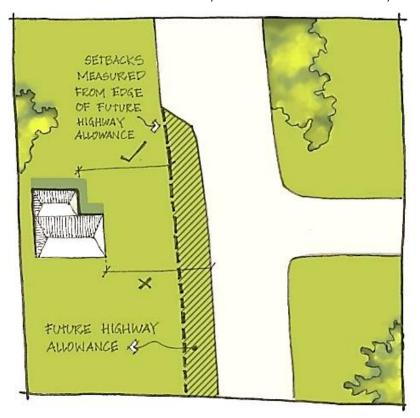
Feature or Structure	Maximum Projection into Required Setback
Eave, exterior finish, green wall, gutter, chimney, cornice, sunlight control projection	0.6 m
Heat Pumps	50%
Steps and landing	0.5 m into required side yards 2 m into required front and rear yards
Open deck, porch or veranda	0.5 m into required side yards 2 m into required front and rear yards
Wheelchair ramp	100%
Rainwater collection structures, equipment and apparatus, including rain barrels and cisterns, that do not require a building permit	50%





# 2.9 FUTURE HIGHWAY ALLOWANCES

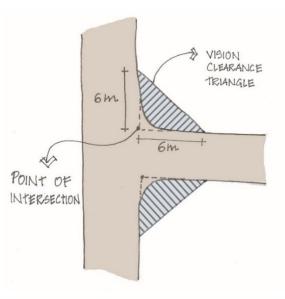
1. Buildings must not be sited on a future highway allowance, based on the future highway locations and designations identified in the Official Community Plan and the ultimate highway widths specified in the Subdivision and Development Works and Services Bylaw.

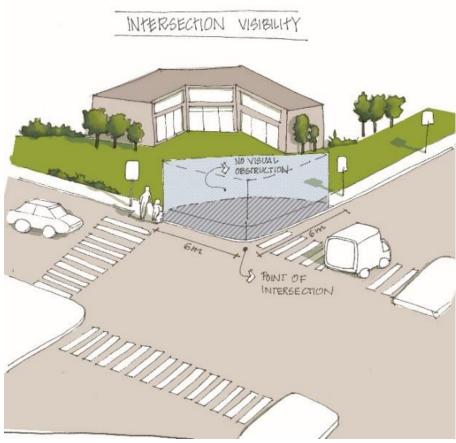


2. Setbacks must be measured from the edge of the future highway allowance, based on the future highway locations and designations identified in the Official Community Plan and the ultimate highway widths specified in the Subdivision and Development Works and Services Bylaw.

# 2.10 INTERSECTION VISIBILITY

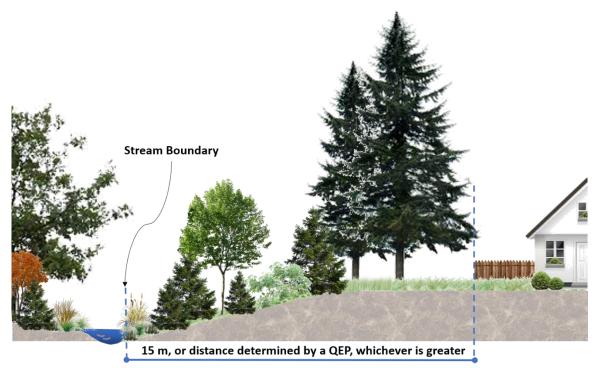
1. Where two highways intersect, there must not be any visual obstruction, either by buildings, structures or vegetation, to the line of vision in an area bounded by the centreline of intersecting parcel lines and a line adjoining each of the parcel lines 6 m from their point of intersection.





# 2.11 STREAMSIDE PROTECTION

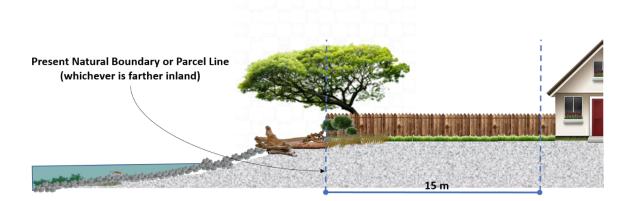
1. Development must not occur within 15 m of a stream boundary or a distance determined by a Qualified Environmental Professional, whichever is greater, in accordance with the *Riparian Area Protection Act* and the Municipality's Development Permit Area requirements.



No development of any kind, including tree and vegetation removal and land alteration

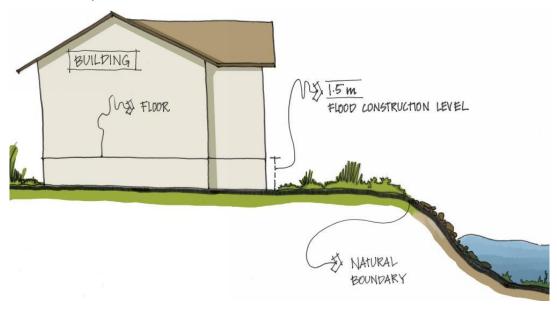
# 2.12 COASTAL PROTECTION

1. Buildings and structures must be sited at least 15 m from the present natural boundary of the sea, or the parcel line adjoining the sea, whichever is farther inland, except that a fence that meets the height regulations in the applicable zoning may be sited within this area, provided that no trees are removed to facilitate construction of the fence.



#### 2.13 FLOOD PROTECTION

- 1. Any parcel that is adjacent to or contains a stream, excluding a ditch is designated a floodplain.
- 2. The minimum flood construction level within the flood plain of a stream is 1.5 m above the stream boundary.



- 3. Any portion of any parcel that is lower than 5 m above the present natural boundary of the sea is designated a flood plain.
- 4. An assessment prepared by a Professional Engineer or Professional Geoscientist to determine the applicable flood construction level is required prior to placement of fill or construction or siting of a building within the flood plain of the sea.
- 5. The underside of any floor system, or the top of any pad supporting any space or room, including a manufactured home, that is used for dwelling purposes, business, storage of goods or belongings, or any other occupancy, must be above the flood construction level.
- 6. Where the underside of the floor system is required to be elevated to a flood construction level, the maximum building height established in a zone is measured from the flood construction level.
- 7. The requirement to provide a flood construction level assessment and to elevate buildings to the flood construction level do not apply in the following circumstances:
  - a) wood sheds, garden sheds, gazebos, decks, carports, garages (attached or unattached to a house) and fabric or plastic coverall structures without a floor, or
  - b) secondary buildings not used for sleeping or living purposes, subject to registration of a Section 219 *Land Title Act* covenant on title in favour of the Municipality to require that the building not be used or sleeping or living purposes and indemnifying the Municipality and the Building Official from any claims arising as a result of damage by flood waters.

### 2.14 LANDSCAPING AND BUFFERING

1. Where a commercial use is occurring on a parcel that abuts a Residential zoned parcel, a 1 m wide buffer must be established along the full length of the parcel line, including a 2 m high solid fence and a hedge or similar landscaping.



- 2. Where an apartment building (excluding a mixed use building), rowhouse, or townhouse use is occuring on a parcel that abuts a Residential zoned parcel, a 3 m wide buffer must be established along the full length of the parcel line, including a 2 m high solid fence and a 3 m wide landscaped area that includes trees, a hedge, and shrubs.
- 3. Where landscaping is required in accordance with a Development Permit issued by the Municipality, the landscaped area:
  - is specifically reserved for landscaping and must not be used for any other purposes unless authorized by a Development Permit Amendment issued by the Municipality, and
  - (b) must be maintained to ensure the survival of any plants.
- 4. Recycling and garbage collection areas must be fully screened from view from public places and accessible from a driveway or lane.

#### 2.15 SUBDIVISION

#### Minimum Parcel Area

- 1. Unless otherwise required in this Bylaw, the minimum parcel area and minimum parcel frontage are established for the purpose of regulating subdivision of land only and do not preclude use of a parcel for a use permitted in the zoning of the parcel, despite the fact that the parcel does not meet the minimum parcel area or the minimum parcel frontage regulations.
- 2. Parcels are exempt from the minimum parcel area specified in this bylaw in the following circumstances, provided that the subdivision is otherwise approved by the Approving Officer:
  - (a) where a parcel is used solely for utilities, public infrastructure, a park, nature reserve or wildlife sanctuary,
  - (b) where parcels are within the Agricultural Land Reserve and the requirements under Section 10 of the Agricultural Land Reserve General Regulation are met to the satisfaction of the Approving Officer,
  - (c) where a parcel is physically separated by highway dedication or a railway corridor, in which case the parcel may be subdivided along the highway dedication or railway corridor boundary, or
  - (d) where a parcel is reduced below the minimum parcel area due to required new highway dedication.

#### Minimum Parcel Width

3. The minimum parcel width specified in a zone must be maintained for at least 50% of the length of the parcel.

#### Parcel Averaging

- 4. Unless otherwise specified in a zone, the maximum parcel averaging is 20%.
- 5. Where a maximum parcel averaging regulation is specified in a zone, a parcel area or parcel width may be reduced by the maximum percentage established in the zone, provided that the average area and width of all parcels created through subdivision, including areas dedicated as parkland or public land, excluding highway dedication, meets the minimum parcel area and minimum parcel width specified in the zone.
- 6. Where parcel averaging provisions are used as of the date of adoption of this Bylaw, the resulting parcels created through subdivision must not be further subdivided.

## 2.16 RECREATIONAL VEHICLES AND WATERCRAFT

- 1. Storage of up to two recreational vehicles or two personal watercraft, or one of each, is permitted on each parcel unless the parcel is at least 2,000 m<sup>2</sup> in area, in which case not more than three recreational or personal watercraft in total may be stored on each parcel.
- 2. Recreational vehicles and personal watercraft that are completely contained within permit buildings are exempt from this Section 2.16.1.
- 3. Recreational vehicles must not be used for dwelling purposes, except as follows:
  - (a) where a permitted as a primary use in a zone, or
  - (b) where used for temporary accommodation during an active building permit for a new house, provided that the use for dwelling purposes discontinues prior to issuance of occupancy for the building permit.
- 4. Recreational vehicles and watercraft must not be stored within highway right-of-way for more than 3 consecutive days and must not encroach onto the paved surface of the highway or impede vehicular, cycling or pedestrian traffic.

# 2.17 SHIPPING CONTAINERS

1. Shipping containers are only permitted on a parcel as follows:

Zone	Maximum Number of Shipping Containers
Foothills	1 for temporary storage associated with an active
Future Special Area Plan	building permit, but the shipping container must
Future Study Area	be removed prior to issuance of occupancy or
Mobile Home Park	completion of final inspection for the building
Village Commercial	that is the subject of the active building permit.
	1, provided that the shipping container is
Residential	screened from highways and meets all other
	provisions of the zone.
Community Services	
Agriculture	
Golf Course	1 for a purpose associated with the permitted
Rural	1 for a purpose associated with the permitted
Estate	primary use in the zone
Transportation	
Park	
Light Industry	5 for a purpose associated with the permitted
Forestry	primary use in the zone

# 2.18 GENERAL USE PROVISIONS

- 1. The following uses are permitted in all zones:
  - (a) Parks, open space, trails, walkways and bikeways
  - (b) Small wind energy systems are permitted secondary structures in all zones but must be sited at least 6 m from any parcel line.
  - (c) Child care within a house, licensed in accordance with the *Community Care and Assisted Living Act*, provided that the number of persons in care does not exceed 8.
  - (d) Community care within a house, licensed in accordance with the *Community Care and Assisted Living Act*, provided that the number of persons in care does not exceed 6.
  - (e) Utilities
- 2. Secondary uses, buildings and structures are permitted in every zone if
  - (a) a primary use occurs on the parcel, or
  - (b) a building for a primary use has been constructed, or is in the process of being constructed, on the parcel through an active building permit.
- 3. Secondary buildings must be sited at least 1.2 m from a primary building, measured between the foundations of each building.
- 4. The entire Municipality is designated a temporary use permit area under Section 492 of the *Local Government Act* for the purpose of allowing the Municipality to consider authorizing temporary uses in any zone.
- 5. The following uses are prohibited in all zones:
  - (a) Auto-Wrecker
  - (b) Cannabis Retail
  - (c) Commercial Composting
  - (d) Drive Through
  - (e) More than 1 Derelict Vehicle per parcel
  - (f) Derelict Watercraft, including wrecked or derelict boats stored on land
  - (g) Float Homes
  - (h) Live-Aboard
  - (i) Camping for residential purposes, including homeless encampments on private land in tents, lean-tos or any other structure.

## PART 3: DEFINITIONS

## 4.1 In this bylaw:

## Α

# Accessible Parking

means parking designed for persons requiring extra space and increased convenience;

# Active Floodplain

means land that is adjacent to a stream, inundated by the 1 in 5-year return period flow of the stream, and capable of supporting plant species that are typical of inundated or saturated soil conditions and distinct from plant species on freely drained upland sites adjacent to the land;

# Agricultural Land Reserve

means the Agricultural Land Reserve designated under the *Agricultural Land Commission Act*;

#### Agriculture

means growing, producing, harvesting and processing of agricultural crops, and includes the use and storage of accessory farm machinery, implements, and agricultural supplies, and includes intensive agriculture and cannabis production;

## Agri-Tourism

has the same meaning as in the Agricultural Land Commission Act;

## **Apartment**

means a building containing three or more dwelling units, where each dwelling unit is accessible from an internal, common hallway, and includes dwelling units in a mixed use building;



# Approving Officer

means the Approving Officer or Deputy Approving Officer appointed by the Council of the Municipality;

Aguaculture	means the growing and	l cultivation of aquati	c plants, or fish, for	commercial
			-	

purposes, in any water environment or in man-made containers of water, and includes the growing and cultivation of shellfish on, in, or under the foreshore or

in the water;

Artisan Studio means the use of a building for the production, display, and sale of art;

Assembly means the assembly, gathering, or meeting of persons for any non-commercial

purpose;

Assisted Living means housing licensed under the Community Care and Assisted Living Act that

includes hospitality services and at least 1 but not more than 2 prescribed services provided through the operator to 3 or more adults who are not related

by blood or marriage;

Autobody Repair means the structural or cosmetic repair of vehicles, including painting or metal

plating, but excludes the wrecking or storage of derelict motor vehicles;

Automotive Repair means the repair of motor vehicles, but excludes autobody repair;

Auto-Wrecker means the storage of vehicles to be disassembled and the parts removed for use

in other vehicles;

В

Bed and Breakfast means the commercial provision of temporary overnight accommodation in sleeping units up to five consecutive nights, where guests are provided only one

daily meal in the morning;

Building means a structure with a roof supported by walls, columns or posts and used or

intended to be use for occupancy by people or animals, or for the storage of

property;

Building Official means a person retained by the Municipality to administer the requirements of

the British Columbia Building Code;

**Building Strata** means the division of a building or buildings into separate building strata parcels;

Cannabis Production	means the federally-licensed and provincially-approved production, manufacturing, processing, testing, packaging, and shipping of cannabis and cannabis products, but excludes retail of cannabis or cannabis products;	
Cannabis Retail	means the retail sale of cannabis, cannabis products, or cannabis paraphernalia;	
Carriage House	means a secondary dwelling unit located in a secondary building;	
Child Care	means the provincially-licensed care of children who require supervision during the day;	
Commercial Composting	means the commercial production of composted materials for wholesale or retail sale;	
Commercial Training	means any type of training or classes offered for financial gain;	
Commercial Vehicle	means any self-propelled or towed vehicle used in commerce to transport cargo or passengers;	
Community Care	means housing licensed under the <i>Community Care and Assisted Living Act</i> in which a person provides care to 3 or more persons who are not related by blood or marriage to the person providing the care;	
Corner Parcel	means a parcel with a front parcel line and an exterior side parcel line;	
Craft Beverage Processing	means a provincially-licensed brewery, distillery, winery, meadery or cidery where the area used for manufacturing does not exceed 275 m <sup>2</sup> , and may include a provincial-licensed tasting and lounge area;	
Craft Kitchen	means the use of a standard-sized, residential kitchen in a house for the commercial production of food and beverages, including catering services;	

**Crematorium** means a facility used for the cremation of bodies;

Cultural means a museum, artisan studio, gallery, visitor centre or theatre for the

**Service** performing arts;

D

Derelict means all or part of any wrecked vehicle or motor vehicle which is not capable of

Vehicle operating under its own power and not validly registered and licensed in

accordance with provincial legislation;

Derelict means any vessel or watercraft that has been abandoned and deserted at sea

Watercraft and is unable to operate under its own power;

**Development** means a building or structure, subdivision, or the addition, removal or alteration

of soil, vegetation or works and services;

Municipality means the District of Lantzville;

Double-Wide means a factory built dwelling unit that conforms to the CSA-Z240 MH86 Series

Mobile Home Mobile Home standard up to 9 m in width;

**Drive Through** means a drive aisle where customers order and receive food, services or retail

goods, or conduct financial transactions, while remaining in their motor vehicles;

Duplex means a building comprised of two attached dwelling units sharing a common

party wall, whether subdivided from each other or not, where each dwelling unit has a separate ground-oriented entrance from the exterior of the building and

where dwelling units may be either side-by-side or stacked vertically;

Dwelling Unit means a self-contained living unit with one or more sleeping units, sanitary

facilities, and only one kitchen;

Ε

# Electric Vehicle Charging Station

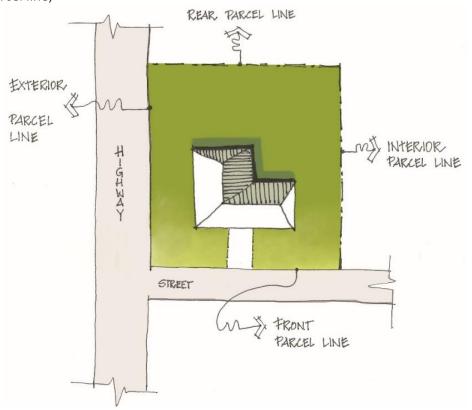
means a parking space that is served by motor vehicle battery charging equipment;

# Equestrian Facilities

means a stable, riding ring or other facilities used for the commercial training or boarding of horses, or for the provision of riding lessons;

# Exterior Side Parcel Line

means any parcel line adjacent to a highway other than a front parcel line or rear parcel line;



### **Exotic Animal**

means an alpaca, llama, musk ox, emu, ostrich, rhea, partridge species pheasant species, quail, silkie or squab, or as prescribed in the *Farm Practices Protection* (*Right to Farm*) *Act*, Specialty Farm Operations Regulation, as amended.

# F

#### **Family Parking**

means parking designed for parents or guardians of small children requiring extra space for convenience;

**Farm Animal** means livestock, poultry, or exotic animals;

Farmgate Sales means the sale of agricultural products produced on a farm;

Fence means a structure used as an enclosure, or for screening or privacy;

Film and Television Production means the production of films and television, including studios, sound stage, construction and storage;

roduction

Financial Service means a bank, credit union, acceptance corporation, trust company, finance company or similar establishment, but excludes a building contain a single bank

machine;

Fine Wood Working means the creation or production of wood cabinetry, furniture, or artwork to be

placed within a dwelling, but excludes the milling of timber;

Finished Grade means the elevation at any point along the surface of a parcel after construction,

but excluding localized depressions immediately adjacent to building features

such as basement window wells and entranceways;

Fish Habitat means water frequented by fish and any other areas on which fish depend

directly or indirectly to carry out their life processes, including spawning grounds

and nursery, rearing, food supply and migration areas;

Float Home means a house incorporating a flotation system for use and siting in a marine

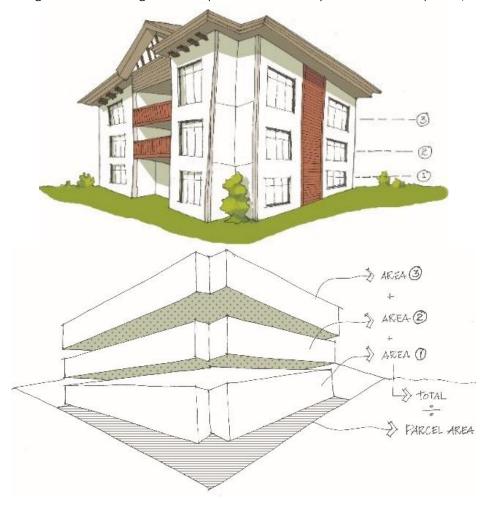
environment;

Flood Construction Level means the designated flood level plus freeboard, or where a designated flood level cannot be determined, a specified height above a stream boundary or the

present natural boundary of the sea.

# Floor Area Ratio

means the figure obtained when the total gross floor area of all storeys of a building above finished grade on a parcel is divided by the area of the parcel;



Food and Beverage Processing

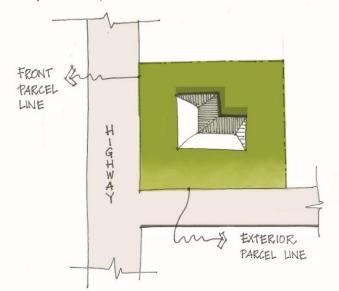
means processing, producing, warehousing and distributing food and beverage products and includes craft beverage processing and production bakeries, but excludes processing of seafood or farm animals;

Food and Beverage Service means mixing, combining, cooking or otherwise preparing and serving food or drinks, including restaurants, cafés, pubs, brew pubs, commercial kitchens, and catering services;

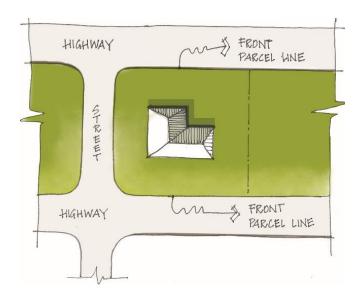
# Front Parcel Line

means the parcel line abutting a highway or strata road, and

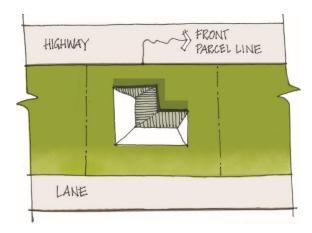
(a) in the case of a corner parcel, the shortest parcel line adjoining a highway is the front parcel line,



(b) in the case of a parcel fronting two approximately parallel highways, both parcel lines abutting the highways are considered front parcel lines,



(c) in the case of a parcel fronting a highway and a lane, the parcel line abutting the highway is the front parcel line;



(d) in the case of a parcel adjoining the sea and with no highway frontage, the parcel line most parallel to the nearest highway is the front parcel line;

# Funeral Service

means a facility for the preparation of the dead for burial or cremation, for viewing of bodies, or for conducting funerals, but excludes crematorium;

# Future Highway Allowance

means the highway allowance or right-of-way width following additional dedication to achieve the ultimate width for the class of highway, as designated in the Official Community Plan or Subdivision and Development Works and Services Bylaw;

#### G

# Gathering for an Event

has the same meaning as in the Agricultural Land Commission Act;

#### **Golf Course**

means a course for golfing, and includes a driving range, clubhouse, and golfing lessons and training;

#### **Golf Retail**

means the retail sale of golf equipment and products related to golfing;

# Green Building System

means equipment that converts, stores and transfers energy from a renewable energy source, including equipment used to support solar collectors, small wind energy systems, heat pump systems, waste heat recovery systems, and biomass systems, or equipment that stores and treats rainwater, grey water or both;

Green Roof	means a roofing system that utilizes vegetation over	er a roof membrane to
------------	--	-----------------------

minimize rainwater runoff and reduce heat absorption;

# Green Wall means a permanent or temporary structure affixed to a building wall used for

growing and cultivating edible or ornamental plants;

# Gross Floor Area (GFA)

means the sum of the total floor area of all floors in a building measured to the extreme outer limits of the building, but specifically excludes parking that is fully

below natural or finished grade, whichever is lower;

#### Н

# Habitable Gross Floor Area

means the gross floor area of all areas used or intended for cooking, eating, sleeping, or human occupancy, but specifically excludes garages and crawl spaces;

# Habitable Room

means a room used or intended for cooking, eating, sleeping, or human occupancy;

#### **Health Service**

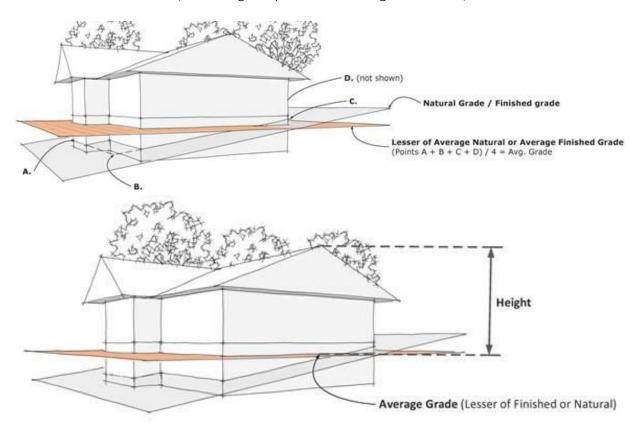
means furnishing medical, surgical, or health-related services to individuals, including physicians, dentists, massage therapists, chiropractors, and other health practitioners;

# Heavy Manufacturing

means processing raw materials and resources, lumber and pulp mills, sawmills, concrete and cement manufacturing, screening, crushing, processing and storage of gravels, fuel storage depot, asphalt manufacturing, recycling centres, scrap yards, and wrecking yards;

# Height

means the vertical distance measured from average natural grade or average finished grade, whichever is lower, or from the finished grade established on a grading plan approved by the Municipality at the time of subdivision or issuance of a Development Permit, recorded at the outermost corners of the building or structure, to the highest point of a building or structure;



### Highway

means a public road and any other public way, including the full extent of the highway dedication, but excludes the area seaward of the present natural boundary of the sea;

## Home Business

means a home occupation, business, or professional practice, and is limited to an artisan studio, bed and breakfast, craft kitchen, child care, fine wood working, market gardening, personal service, office, or short term rental;

#### House

means a building containing only one primary dwelling unit and up to one secondary suite, if permitted in the zoning of the parcel on which the house is located, and includes a modular home;

# Household Service

means a laundromat or dry-cleaning service;

ı

## Indoor Recreation

means facilities for sport, leisure or entertaining activities, including fitness, ball courts, racquet courts, athletic clubs, bowling alleys, pool tables and billiards within a building;

## Intensive Agriculture

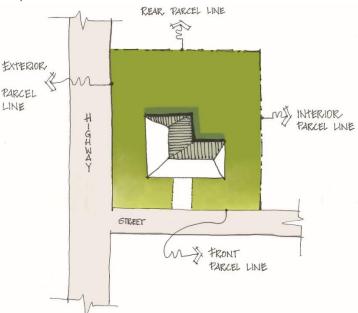
means the confinement, growing, producing, harvesting, slaughtering, and processing of poultry or livestock, or the growing of mushrooms;

## Intensive Retail

means the sale or rental of heavy equipment, recreational vehicles, motor vehicles, watercraft, building supplies, garden supplies, manufactured homes, wholesale and warehouse:

## Interior Side Parcel Line

means any parcel line other than a front parcel line, rear parcel line, and exterior side parcel line;



### K

#### Kitchen

means any room designed or used for cooking, dishwashing, or refrigerating, or any other appliance or equipment used for preparing food, but excludes a room containing only lower cabinets and up to one single-basin sink and one small fridge;

L

Laboratory means a facility that provides controlled conditions in which scientific or

technological research, experiments, and measurement are performed;

means the physical arrangement and maintenance of landscaping materials on a Landscaping

parcel for the enhancement of the functional and aesthetic qualities of site

development;

Lane means a public way that is used for motor vehicle and non-vehicular access to

the rear of a parcel;

Laundromat means a facility with self-service machines for washing and drying clothes;

Light means assembling, fabricating, processing, testing, warehousing, wholesaling or Manufacturing

transporting of goods, but excluded heavy manufacturing;

**Light Cannabis** means the growing, processing, packaging, testing, destroying and shipping of **Processing** cannabis, including the extraction of oils and compounds, where the growing of cannabis is limited to a gross floor area of 300 m<sup>2</sup>, but specifically excludes the

Live-Aboard means any watercraft designed for use in navigation on water and used for

residential purposes, which may or may not be dependent on shore facilities;

growing or production of cannabis plants to a height greater than 10 cm;

Livestock means a domestic animal that is tame or kept, or that has been or is being

> sufficiently tamed or kept, to serve some purpose for the use of people, and designated by order of the Lieutenant Governor in Council to be a domestic animal, and is limited to rabbits, goats, sheep, swine, horses, cattle, poultry kept for the purpose of providing meat or eggs, fur bearing animals as defined in the

Fur Farm Act, or game as defined in the Game Farm Act;

Log Home means the manufacturing of log homes for transport offsite and construction and

assembly on the intended residential parcel;

Long Term means bike parking for residents or employees;

Manufacturing

**Bike Parking** 

Long Term means parking for residents and employees; **Parking** 

## Manufactured Home

means a dwelling unit built in an enclosed factory environment in one or more sections, intended to be occupied in a place other than of its manufacture, and includes mobile homes constructed to the Canadian Standards Association CSA-Z240 MH86 Series Mobile Home standard, park model mobile homes constructed to the CSA-Z241 Park Model standard, or modular homes constructed to the CAN/CS A277-M1990 Modular Home standard;

#### Market

means a market which predominantly sells food, beverages, arts and crafts from a selection of vendors:

## Market Gardening

means growing, harvesting and selling of fruits, vegetables and flowers grown on the parcel on which the market gardening is taking place, but excludes processing of crops, intensive agriculture and cannabis production;

## Mixed Use Building

means a building that is at least two storeys high and where the entire ground floor use is commercial and at least one of the storeys above the ground floor contains apartments;



#### Mobile Home

means a dwelling unit built in an enclosed factory environment in one or more sections, intended to be occupied in a place other than of its manufacture, and includes mobile homes constructed to the CSA-Z240 MH86 Series Mobile Home standard or park model mobile homes constructed to the CSA-Z241 Park Model standard;

### Mobile Home Park

means a site used or intended to be used for providing pads for the accommodation of two or more mobile homes and recreational vehicles;

Mobile Home Space means an area of land situated in a mobile home park and used for the

placement of one mobile home;

Mobile Vending means a vehicle, trailer or cart equipped with facilities for cooking or selling food

or beverages;

Mobile Home Park Office

means an office used for the administration of the mobile home park;

Modular Home means a factory built dwelling unit that conforms to the CSA A277 standard;

**Mooring Buoy** 

means a small floating device used for watercraft moorage that fully complies

with all applicable federal and provincial legislation and standards;

Ν

Natural Grade means the surface elevation of a parcel in its existing state, prior to any

disturbance, alteration of land, excavation or filling, as of June 16, 2018 (note: date of most recent Municipal air photo), as determined by a British Columbia

Land Surveyor;

Natural Resource Management means the management of forest ecosystems in such a way that the ecological integrity and ecological services of the forest are maintained, while still providing for sustainable human cultural and economic needs, including timber harvesting,

but excludes timber processing;

Nature Viewing means viewing wildlife or nature, including elevated walkways, viewing towers,

trails and other similar facilities;

0

Occupancy means the use or intended use of a building or part of a building for sheltering or

supporting persons, animals, or property;

Office means a place of business where the primary function includes professional

services and intellectual activities, but excludes assembly, light manufacturing,

repairing, or servicing of goods;

Official Community Plan means the Official Community Plan of the Municipality;

Onsite Loading means loading and unloading zones for the use of a parcel;

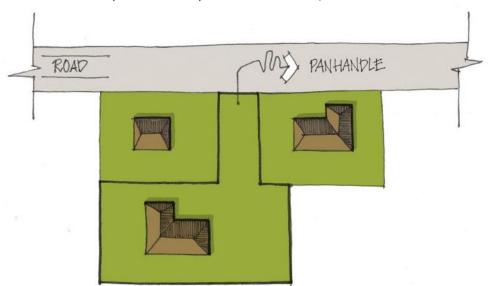
Onsite Parking means parking spaces, including internal drive aisles, required for the use on a parcel on which the parking spaces are located;

Outdoor Recreation means walking, hiking, running, cycling, fitness facilities, tracks, sports fields ball courts, racquet courts, playgrounds, gazebos, washroom facilities, shower facilities, and watersport rentals, training and clubhouses;

Ρ

## Panhandle Parcel

means a parcel connected to a highway or strata road by a strip of land narrower than the minimum parcel width specified in the zone;



Parcel

means any parcel, lot, block or other area in which land is held or into which it is subdivided under the *Land Title Act* or the *Strata Property Act* and includes a water parcel;

Parcel Area

means the area of a parcel except, in the case of a panhandle parcel, the parcel area excludes the area within the panhandle portion of the parcel;

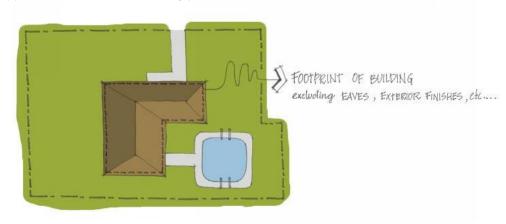
## Parcel Averaging

means creating new parcels with varying areas and widths through the subdivision process, where the average area and width of all parcels in the subdivision meets the minimum parcel area and minimum parcel width established in the zone;

## Parcel Coverage

means the footprint of every building or structure on the parcel measured from the outermost walls or posts of the building or structure, expressed as a percentage of the parcel area, or in square metres, excluding the following:

- (a) eaves, exterior finishes, gutters and cornices,
- (b) steps, landings and wheelchair ramps,
- (c) air conditioners and heat pumps,
- (d) awnings, trellises and unenclosed patio canopies,
- (e) unenclosed and uncovered decks, and
- (f) uncovered swimming pools;



## Parcel Frontage

means the length of the front parcel line;

#### Parcel Line

means a line which marks the legal boundary of a parcel, but excludes a phased strata subdivision boundary;

#### Parcel Width

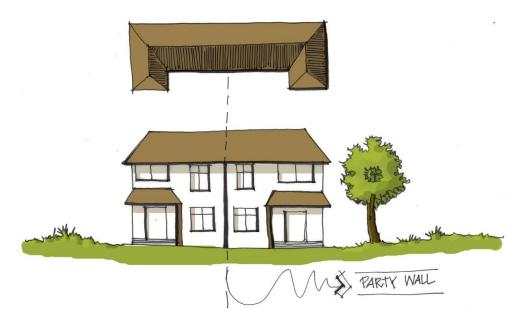
means the distance measured from one side parcel line to another opposing side parcel line, within which the permitted uses of the parcel must be able to take place;

## Park Model Mobile Home

means a mobile home that conforms to the CSA-Z241 Park Model standard;

### Party Wall

means the wall of a building, jointly used under easement agreement or by right in law, and erected at or upon a parcel line separating two parcels or two dwelling units;



#### Permitted Use

means the permissible purpose for which land, water, buildings or structures may be used;

## Personal Service

means the provision of individualized services to a customer, including barbering, hairdressing, tailoring, and aesthetician services;

## Personal Watercraft

means a watercraft that can be towed on a trailer and that is used for small-scale, personal recreational use;

# Place of Worship

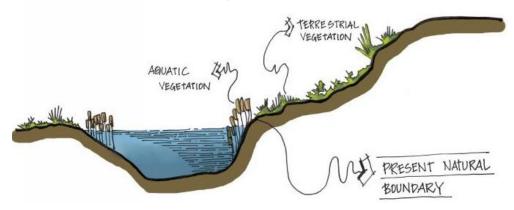
means religious worship or related educational, social, recreational or charitable activities, including a columbarium;

#### **Poultry**

means domesticated birds kept for eggs, meat, feathers, hide, or cosmetic or medicinal purposes, and includes broilers, Cornish hens, layers, breeding stock, replacement pullets, roasters, ducks, geese, turkeys, game birds, and ratites;

## Present Natural Boundary

means the visible high water mark of a waterbody where the presence and action of the water are so common and usual, and so long continued in all ordinary years, as to mark on the soil of the bed of the waterbody a character distinct from that of its banks, in vegetation, as well as in the nature of the soil itself, and includes the active flood plain;



## Primary Building

means a building used or intended to be used to accommodate the primary use;

## **Primary Use**

means the primary, permissible purpose for which land, water, buildings or structures may be used;

# Professional Engineer

means an engineer qualified to practice in a relevant field and registered and in good standing with Engineers and Geoscientists BC;

## Professional Geoscientist

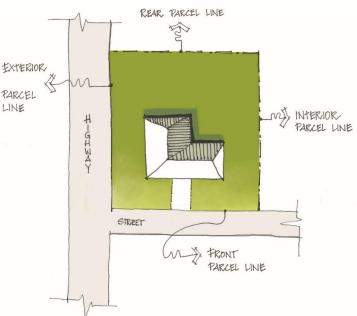
means a geoscientist qualified to practice in a relevant field and registered and in good standing with Engineers and Geoscientists BC;

#### Q

Qualified Environmental Professional has the same meaning as in the Riparian Areas Protection Act;

## Rear Parcel Line

means the parcel line most opposite to and most distant from the front parcel line, or where the rear portion of the parcel is bounded by intersecting side parcel lines, the rear parcel line is the point of intersection of the side parcel lines;



## Recreational Vehicle

means any camper, travel trailer, fifth wheel or motor home constructed to applicable CSA standards with a maximum width of 2.6 m in transit mode which can be used to provide sleeping accommodation and which is capable of being licensed for highway use pursuant to the *Motor Vehicle Act*, but excludes a timber-framed tiny home or tiny house on a trailer bed or permanent foundation;

#### Retail

means the retail sale of goods, wares and products, and includes bakeries, butcher shops and florists, but excludes intensive retail;

#### **Retaining Wall**

means a structure intended to hold back, stabilize or support an earthen bank, regardless of the quantity of material being retained;

### Rowhouse

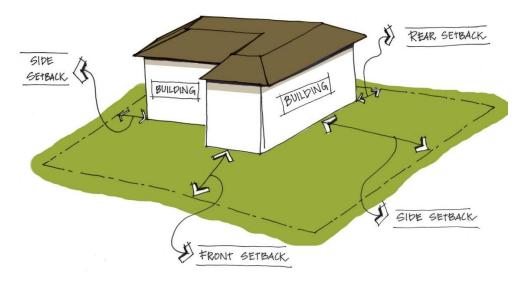
means a building containing at least three attached dwelling units sharing common party walls, whether subdivided from each other or not, where each dwelling unit has a separate ground-oriented entrance from the exterior of the building;



## S

School	means academic training or instruction, and includes both public schools and private schools;
Secondary Building	means a building located on the same parcel as the primary building and used for a purpose subordinate and ancillary to the primary use;
Secondary Structure	means a structure located on the same parcel as the primary building and used for a purpose subordinate and ancillary to the primary use;
Secondary Use	means a use which is subordinate and ancillary to the primary use;

## Setback means the distance between a structure and a parcel line;



Shipping Container

means a container with an assigned gross vehicle weight and designed for transportation of cargo by ship, rail, or truck;

Short Term Bike Parking

means bike parking for visitors and customers;

Short Term Moorage means the temporary moorage of watercraft at a mooring buoy up to 5 days in duration;

Short Term Parking means parking for visitors and customers;

Short Term Rental means the commercial provision of temporary overnight accommodation in a dwelling unit to the travelling public for a period of less than 30 days;

Single-Wide Mobile Home means a factory built dwelling unit that conforms to the CSA-Z240 MH86 Series Mobile Home standard up to 4.5 m in width;

Small Wind Energy System means a wind energy conversion system consisting of a wind turbine, associated structures and mechanical devices with a rated capacity of not more than 5 Kilowatt hours;

**Sleeping Unit** 

means one or more habitable rooms used for sleeping and living purposes but in which there is no kitchen or cooking facilities;

#### Social Service

means the provision of information, referrals, counselling and advocacy services, and may also dispense aid in the nature of food or clothing and provide drop-in or activity space;

#### Solar Collector

means a piece of equipment designed to absorb solar radiation as a source of energy for generating electricity (solar photovoltaic) or heating (solar thermal system);

#### Storey

means that portion of a building which is situated between the top of any floor and the top of the floor next above it, and if there is no floor above it, that portion between the top of such floor and the ceiling above it;



### Strata Road

means a common road contained within the common property of a bare land strata or building strata;

#### Stream

means a watercourse or body of water, whether or not usually containing water, and any of the following that is connected by surface flow to a watercourse or body of water referred to in paragraph (a): (i) a ditch, whether or not usually containing water; a spring, whether or not usually containing water; or a wetland;

## Stream Boundary

the visible high water mark of a stream where the presence and action of the water are so common and usual, and so long continued in all ordinary years, as to mark on the soil of the bed of the stream a character distinct from that of its banks, in vegetation, as well as in the nature of the soil itself, or the boundary of the active floodplain, if any, of the stream, whichever is farther from the centre of the stream;

#### Structure

means anything constructed, placed, or erected on land, including retaining walls greater than 1.2 m in height and heat pumps;

#### Subdivision

means the division of land into two or more parcels under the *Land Title Act* or the *Strata Property Act*, whether by plan, descriptive words or otherwise;

## Secondary Suite

means a secondary dwelling unit located in a house;

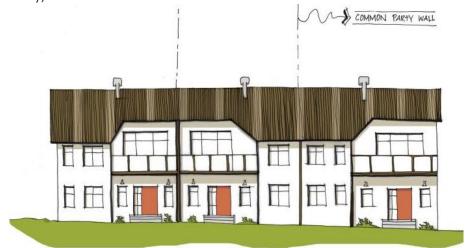
## Swimming Pool

means a structure used for aquatic recreation that is capable of supporting a water depth of at least 0.6 m;

#### Т

#### Townhouse

means a building containing at least three attached dwelling units sharing common party walls, whether subdivided from each other or not, where each dwelling unit has a separate ground-oriented entrance from the exterior of the building and where dwelling units may be either side-by-side or stacked vertically;



## Iransportation Infrastructure

**Transportation** means the use of land for highways and railways;

## Transportation Service

**Transportation** means a taxi service or tow truck operation;

## U

#### Use

means the purpose or function for which land, water, buildings or structures are used or intended to be used or occupied;

#### Utilities

means community utilities that facilitate the production, transmission, delivery or furnishing of water, gas, electricity or communications to the public, or facilitate the collection and disposal of sewage, refuse or other waste;

#### ٧

## Veterinarian Clinic

means the medical, surgical and general health care treatment of animals, including indoor boarding during the period of treatment;

#### W

#### Warehouse

means the receiving, storage and distribution of goods completely contained in a building, but excludes mini-storage;

### Waterbody

means any body of water, whether usually containing water or not, including any lake, pond, spring, wetland and the sea;

#### **Work Station**

means a room, desk or cubicle assigned to an individual to carry out their work as part of a commercial use;

#### Υ

#### Yard

means the area between a parcel line and the minimum parcel line setback for a primary building in a zone;

#### Ζ

#### Zone

means the areas into which the Municipality is divided in accordance with this bylaw, and attached schedules, and for which specific regulations are outlined.

## SCHEDULE 1 – ZONING MAP