

ALEA: a library for reasoning on randomized algorithms in CoQ

Version 7

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1 Misc.v: Preliminaries

```

Set Implicit Arguments.
Require Export Arith.
Require Import Coq.Classes.SetoidTactics.
Require Import Coq.Classes.SetoidClass.
Require Import Coq.Classes.Morphisms.

Open Local Scope signature_scope.

Lemma beq_nat_neq:  $\forall x y : \text{nat}, x \neq y \rightarrow \text{false} = \text{beq\_nat } x y$ .
Lemma if_beq_nat_nat_eq_dec :  $\forall A (x y:\text{nat}) (a b:A),$ 
   $(\text{if beq\_nat } x y \text{ then } a \text{ else } b) = \text{if eq\_nat\_dec } x y \text{ then } a \text{ else } b$ .
Definition ifte A (test:bool) (thn els:A) := if test then thn else els.
Add Parametric Morphism (A:Type) : (@ifte A)
  with signature (eq  $\Rightarrow$  eq  $\Rightarrow$  eq) as ifte_morphism1.
Add Parametric Morphism (A:Type) x : (@ifte A x)
  with signature (eq  $\Rightarrow$  eq  $\Rightarrow$  eq) as ifte_morphism2.
Add Parametric Morphism (A:Type) x y : (@ifte A x y)
  with signature (eq  $\Rightarrow$  eq) as ifte_morphism3.

```

1.1 Definition of iterator *compn*

compn f u n x is defined as $(f(u(n-1)) \dots (f(u(0))x))$

```
Fixpoint compn (A:Type)(f:A → A → A) (x:A) (u:nat → A) (n:nat) {struct n}: A :=
  match n with O ⇒ x | (S p) ⇒ f(u p) (compn f x u p) end.
```

Lemma *comp0* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (f:A \rightarrow A \rightarrow A) (x:A) (u:\text{nat} \rightarrow A), \text{compn } f x u 0 = x.$

Lemma *compS* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (f:A \rightarrow A \rightarrow A) (x:A) (u:\text{nat} \rightarrow A) (n:\text{nat}),$
 $\text{compn } f x u (S n) = f(u n) (\text{compn } f x u n).$

1.2 Reducing if constructs

Lemma *if_then* : $\forall (P:\text{Prop}) (b:\{ P \} + \{ \neg P \})(A:\text{Type})(p q:A),$
 $P \rightarrow (\text{if } b \text{ then } p \text{ else } q) = p.$

Lemma *if_else* : $\forall (P:\text{Prop}) (b:\{ P \} + \{ \neg P \})(A:\text{Type})(p q:A),$
 $\neg P \rightarrow (\text{if } b \text{ then } p \text{ else } q) = q.$

Lemma *if_then_not* : $\forall (P Q:\text{Prop}) (b:\{ P \} + \{ \neg Q \})(A:\text{Type})(p q:A),$
 $\neg Q \rightarrow (\text{if } b \text{ then } p \text{ else } q) = p.$

Lemma *if_else_not* : $\forall (P Q:\text{Prop}) (b:\{ P \} + \{ \neg Q \})(A:\text{Type})(p q:A),$
 $\neg P \rightarrow (\text{if } b \text{ then } p \text{ else } q) = q.$

1.3 Classical reasoning

Definition *class* ($A:\text{Prop}$) := $\neg \neg A \rightarrow A.$

Lemma *class_neg* : $\forall A:\text{Prop}, \text{class } (\neg A).$

Lemma *class_false* : *class False*.

Hint Resolve *class_neg* *class_false*.

Definition *orc* ($A B:\text{Prop}$) := $\forall C:\text{Prop}, \text{class } C \rightarrow (A \rightarrow C) \rightarrow (B \rightarrow C) \rightarrow C.$

Lemma *orc_left* : $\forall A B:\text{Prop}, A \rightarrow \text{orc } A B.$

Lemma *orc_right* : $\forall A B:\text{Prop}, B \rightarrow \text{orc } A B.$

Hint Resolve *orc_left* *orc_right*.

Lemma *class_orc* : $\forall A B, \text{class } (\text{orc } A B).$

Implicit Arguments *class_orc* [].

Lemma *orc_intro* : $\forall A B, (\neg A \rightarrow \neg B \rightarrow \text{False}) \rightarrow \text{orc } A B.$

Lemma *class_and* : $\forall A B, \text{class } A \rightarrow \text{class } B \rightarrow \text{class } (A \wedge B).$

Lemma *excluded_middle* : $\forall A, \text{orc } A (\neg A).$

Definition *exc* ($A:\text{Type})(P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) :=$
 $\forall C:\text{Prop}, \text{class } C \rightarrow (\forall x:A, P x \rightarrow C) \rightarrow C.$

Lemma *exc_intro* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (x:A), P x \rightarrow \text{exc } P.$

Lemma *class_exc* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop}), \text{class } (\text{exc } P).$

Lemma *exc_intro_class* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop}), ((\forall x, \neg P x) \rightarrow \text{False}) \rightarrow \text{exc } P.$

Lemma *not_and_elim_left* : $\forall A B, \neg(A \wedge B) \rightarrow A \rightarrow \neg B.$

Lemma *not_and_elim_right* : $\forall A B, \neg(A \wedge B) \rightarrow B \rightarrow \neg A.$

Hint Resolve *class_orc* *class_and* *class_exc* *excluded_middle*.

Lemma *class_double_neg* : $\forall P Q:\text{Prop}, \text{class } Q \rightarrow (P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow \neg \neg P \rightarrow Q.$

1.4 Extensional equality

```

Definition feq A B (f g : A → B) := ∀ x, f x = g x.
Lemma feq_refl : ∀ A B (f:A→B), feq f f.
Lemma feq_sym : ∀ A B (f g : A → B), feq f g → feq g f.
Lemma feq_trans : ∀ A B (f g h: A → B), feq f g → feq g h → feq f h.
Hint Resolve feq_refl.
Hint Immediate feq_sym.
Hint Unfold feq.

Add Parametric Relation (A B : Type) : (A → B) (feq (A:=A) (B:=B))
  reflexivity proved by (feq_refl (A:=A) (B:=B))
  symmetry proved by (feq_sym (A:=A) (B:=B))
  transitivity proved by (feq_trans (A:=A) (B:=B))
as feq_rel.

```

Computational version of elimination on CompSpec

```

Lemma CompSpec_rect : ∀ (A : Type) (eq lt : A → A → Prop) (x y : A)
  (P : comparison → Type),
  (eq x y → P Eq) →
  (lt x y → P Lt) →
  (lt y x → P Gt)
  → ∀ c : comparison, CompSpec eq lt x y c → P c.

```

Decidability Require Omega.

```

Lemma dec_sig_lt : ∀ P : nat → Prop, (∀ x, {P x}+{¬ P x})
  → ∀ n, {i | i < n ∧ P i}+{∀ i, i < n → ¬ P i}.

```

```

Lemma dec_exists_lt : ∀ P : nat → Prop, (∀ x, {P x}+{¬ P x})
  → ∀ n, {∃ i, i < n ∧ P i}+{¬ ∃ i, i < n ∧ P i}.

```

```
Definition eq_nat2_dec : ∀ p q : nat×nat, { p=q }+{¬ p=q }.
```

Defined.

```

Lemma nat_compare_specT
  : ∀ x y : nat, CompareSpecT (x = y) (x < y)%nat (y < x)%nat (nat_compare x y).

```

2 Ccpo.v: Specification and properties of a cpo

```

Require Export Arith.
Require Export Omega.

Require Export Coq.Classes.SetoidTactics.
Require Export Coq.Classes.SetoidClass.
Require Export Coq.Classes.Morphisms.

Open Local Scope signature_scope.

```

2.1 Ordered type

```
Definition eq_rel {A} (E1 E2:relation A) := ∀ x y, E1 x y ↔ E2 x y.
```

```

Class Order {A} (E:relation A) (R:relation A) :=
  {reflexive :> Reflexive R;
   order_eq : ∀ x y, R x y ∧ R y x ↔ E x y;
   transitive :> Transitive R }.

```

```
Instance OrderEqRefl `{Order A E R} : Reflexive E.
```

```

Save.

Instance OrderEqSym '{Order A E R} : Symmetric E.
Save.

Instance OrderEqTrans '{Order A E R} : Transitive E.
Save.

Instance OrderEquiv '{Order A E R} : Equivalence E.
Save.

Opaque OrderEquiv.

Class ord A :=
{ Oeq : relation A;
  Ole : relation A;
  order_rel :> Order Oeq Ole }.

Lemma OrdSetoid '(o:ord A) : Setoid A.

Add Parametric Relation {A} {o:ord A} : A (@Oeq _ o)
reflexivity proved by OrderEqRefl
symmetry proved by OrderEqSym
transitivity proved by OrderEqTrans
as Oeq_setoid.

Infix "<=" := Ole.
Infix "==" := Oeq : type_scope.

Definition Oge {O} {o:ord O} := fun (x y:O) => y ≤ x.
Infix ">=" := Oge.

Lemma Ole_refl_eq : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} (x y:O), x ≡ y → x ≤ y.
Hint Immediate @Ole_refl_eq.

Lemma Ole_refl_eq_inv : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} (x y:O), x ≡ y → y ≤ x.
Hint Immediate @Ole_refl_eq_inv.

Lemma Ole_trans : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} (x y z:O), x ≤ y → y ≤ z → x ≤ z.

Lemma Ole_refl : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} (x:O), x ≤ x.
Hint Resolve @Ole_refl.

Add Parametric Relation {A} {o:ord A} : A (@Ole _ o)
reflexivity proved by Ole_refl
transitivity proved by Ole_trans
as Ole_setoid.

Lemma Ole_antisym : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} (x y:O), x ≤ y → y ≤ x → x ≡ y.
Hint Immediate @Ole_antisym.

Lemma Oeq_refl : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} (x:O), x ≡ x.
Hint Resolve @Oeq_refl.

Lemma Oeq_refl_eq : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} (x y:O), x = y → x ≡ y.
Hint Resolve @Oeq_refl_eq.

Lemma Oeq_sym : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} (x y:O), x ≡ y → y ≡ x.

Lemma Oeq_le : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} (x y:O), x ≡ y → x ≤ y.

Lemma Oeq_le_sym : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} (x y:O), x ≡ y → y ≤ x.
Hint Resolve @Oeq_le.

Hint Immediate @Oeq_sym @Oeq_le_sym.

Lemma Oeq_trans
: ∀ {O} {o:ord O} (x y z:O), x ≡ y → y ≡ z → x ≡ z.

```

Hint Resolve @Oeq_trans.

Add Parametric Morphism ‘ $(o:\text{ord } A) : (\text{Ole } (\text{ord}:=o))$
with signature $(\text{Oeq } (A:=A) ==> \text{Oeq } (A:=A) ==> \text{iff})$ as Ole_eq_compat_iff .
Save.

Equivalence of orders

Definition $\text{eq_ord } \{O\} (o1\ o2:\text{ord } O) := \text{eq_rel } (\text{Ole } (\text{ord}:=o1)) (\text{Ole } (\text{ord}:=o2))$.

Lemma $\text{eq_ord_equiv} : \forall \{O\} (o1\ o2:\text{ord } O), \text{eq_ord } o1\ o2 \rightarrow \text{eq_rel } (\text{Oeq } (\text{ord}:=o1)) (\text{Oeq } (\text{ord}:=o2))$.

Lemma $\text{Ole_eq_compat} :$

$\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (x1\ x2 : O),$
 $x1 \equiv x2 \rightarrow \forall x3\ x4 : O, x3 \equiv x4 \rightarrow x1 \leq x3 \rightarrow x2 \leq x4$.

Lemma $\text{Ole_eq_right} : \forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (x\ y\ z: O),$
 $x \leq y \rightarrow y \equiv z \rightarrow x \leq z$.

Lemma $\text{Ole_eq_left} : \forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (x\ y\ z: O),$
 $x \equiv y \rightarrow y \leq z \rightarrow x \leq z$.

Add Parametric Morphism ‘ $\{o:\text{ord } A\} : (\text{Oeq } (A:=A))$
with signature $\text{Oeq} ==> \text{Oeq} ==> \text{iff}$ as Oeq_iff_morphism .

Qed.

Add Parametric Morphism ‘ $\{o:\text{ord } A\} : (\text{Ole } (A:=A))$
with signature $\text{Oeq} ==> \text{Oeq} ==> \text{iff}$ as Ole_iff_morphism .

Qed.

Add Parametric Morphism ‘ $\{o:\text{ord } A\} : (\text{Ole } (A:=A))$
with signature $\text{Ole} \rightarrow \text{Ole} ==> \text{Basics.impl}$ as Ole_impl_morphism .

Qed.

2.2 Definition and properties of $x < y$

Definition $\text{Olt } \{o:\text{ord } A\} (r1\ r2:A) : \text{Prop} := (r1 \leq r2) \wedge \neg (r1 \equiv r2)$.

Infix “ $<$ ” := Olt .

Lemma $\text{Olt_eq_compat} \{o:\text{ord } A\} :$

$\forall x1\ x2 : A, x1 \equiv x2 \rightarrow \forall x3\ x4 : A, x3 \equiv x4 \rightarrow x1 < x3 \rightarrow x2 < x4$.

Add Parametric Morphism ‘ $\{o:\text{ord } A\} : (\text{Olt } (A:=A))$
with signature $\text{Oeq} ==> \text{Oeq} ==> \text{iff}$ as Olt_iff_morphism .
Save.

Lemma $\text{Olt_neq} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y:A, x < y \rightarrow \neg x \equiv y$.

Lemma $\text{Olt_neq_rev} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y:A, x < y \rightarrow \neg y \equiv x$.

Lemma $\text{Olt_le} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y, x < y \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Lemma $\text{Olt_notle} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y, x < y \rightarrow \neg y \leq x$.

Lemma $\text{Olt_trans} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y\ z:A, x < y \rightarrow y < z \rightarrow x < z$.

Lemma $\text{Ole_diff_lt} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y : A, x \leq y \rightarrow \neg x \equiv y \rightarrow x < y$.

Hint Immediate @Olt_neq @Olt_neq_rev @Olt_le @Olt_notle.

Hint Resolve @Ole_diff_lt.

Lemma $\text{Olt_antirefl} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x:A, \neg x < x$.

Lemma $\text{Ole_lt_trans} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y\ z:A, x \leq y \rightarrow y < z \rightarrow x < z$.

Lemma $\text{Olt_le_trans} \{o:\text{ord } A\} : \forall x\ y\ z:A, x < y \rightarrow y \leq z \rightarrow x < z$.

Hint Resolve @Olt_antirefl.

Lemma *Ole-not_lt* ‘{o:ord A} : $\forall x y:A, x \leq y \rightarrow \neg y < x$.

Hint Resolve @*Ole-not_lt*.

Add Parametric Morphism ‘{o:ord A} : (Olt (A:=A))

with signature *Ole* \rightarrow *Ole* \Rightarrow Basics.impl as *Olt_le_compat*.

Qed.

2.2.1 Dual order

- *Iord* $x y = y \leq x$

Definition *Iord* : $\forall O \{o:ord O\}, ord O$.

Defined.

Implicit Arguments *Iord* [[o]].

2.2.2 Order on functions

Definition *fun_ext* A B (R:relation B) : relation (A \rightarrow B) :=
fun f g \Rightarrow $\forall x, R(f x)(g x)$.

Implicit Arguments *fun_ext* [B].

- *ford* $f g := \forall x, f x \leq g x$

Instance *ford* A O {o:ord O} : ord (A \rightarrow O) :=
{*Oeq*:=*fun_ext* A (*Oeq* (A:=O)); *Ole*:=*fun_ext* A (*Ole* (A:=O))}.

Defined.

Lemma *ford_le_elim* : $\forall A O (o:ord O) (f g:A \rightarrow O), f \leq g \rightarrow \forall n, f n \leq g n$.

Hint Immediate *ford_le_elim*.

Lemma *ford_le_intro* : $\forall A O (o:ord O) (f g:A \rightarrow O), (\forall n, f n \leq g n) \rightarrow f \leq g$.

Hint Resolve *ford_le_intro*.

Lemma *ford_eq_elim* : $\forall A O (o:ord O) (f g:A \rightarrow O), f \equiv g \rightarrow \forall n, f n \equiv g n$.

Hint Immediate *ford_eq_elim*.

Lemma *ford_eq_intro* : $\forall A O (o:ord O) (f g:A \rightarrow O), (\forall n, f n \equiv g n) \rightarrow f \equiv g$.

Hint Resolve *ford_eq_intro*.

2.3 Monotonicity

2.3.1 Definition and properties

Class *monotonic* ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f : Oa \rightarrow Ob) :=
monotonic_def : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow f x \leq f y$.

Lemma *monotonic_intro* : $\forall ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f : Oa \rightarrow Ob),$
 $(\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow f x \leq f y) \rightarrow$ *monotonic* f.

Hint Resolve @*monotonic_intro*.

Add Parametric Morphism ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f : Oa \rightarrow Ob) {m:monotonic f} : f
with signature (*Ole* (A:=Oa) \Rightarrow *Ole* (A:=Ob))

as *monotonic_morphism*.

Save.

Class *stable* ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f : Oa \rightarrow Ob) :=
stable_def : $\forall x y, x \equiv y \rightarrow f x \equiv f y$.

Hint Unfold *stable*.

Lemma *stable_intro* : $\forall ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f : Oa \rightarrow Ob),$
 $(\forall x y, x \equiv y \rightarrow f x \equiv f y) \rightarrow$ *stable* f.

```

Hint Resolve @stable_intro.

Add Parametric Morphism '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} (f : Oa → Ob) {s:stable f} : f
with signature (Oeq (A:=Oa) ==> Oeq (A:=Ob))
as stable_morphism.
Save.

Typeclasses Opaque monotonic stable.

Instance monotonic_stable '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} (f : Oa → Ob) {m:monotonic f}
: stable f.
Save.

```

2.3.2 Type of monotonic functions

```

Record fmon '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} := mon
  {fmont :> Oa → Ob;
   fmonotonic: monotonic fmont}.

Implicit Arguments mon [[Oa] [o1] [Ob] [o2] [fmonotonic]].
Implicit Arguments fmon [[o1] [o2]].

Hint Resolve @fmonotonic.

Notation "Oa -m> Ob" := (fmon Oa Ob)
  (right associativity, at level 30) : O_scope.
Notation "Oa -m> Ob" := (fmon Oa (o1:=Iord Oa) Ob )
  (right associativity, at level 30) : O_scope.
Notation "Oa -m-> Ob" := (fmon Oa (o1:=Iord Oa) Ob (o2:=Iord Ob))
  (right associativity, at level 30) : O_scope.
Notation "Oa -m-> Ob" := (fmon Oa Ob (o2:=Iord Ob))
  (right associativity, at level 30) : O_scope.

Open Scope O_scope.

Lemma mon_simpl : ∀ '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob){mf: monotonic f} x,
  mon f x = f x.
Hint Resolve @mon_simpl.

Instance fstable '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa -m> Ob) : stable f.
Save.

Hint Resolve @fstable.

Lemma fmon_le : ∀ '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa -m> Ob) x y,
  x ≤ y → f x ≤ f y.
Hint Resolve @fmon_le.

Lemma fmon_eq : ∀ '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa -m> Ob) x y,
  x ≡ y → f x ≡ f y.
Hint Resolve @fmon_eq.

Instance fmono Oa Ob {o1:ord Oa} {o2:ord Ob} : ord (Oa -m> Ob)
  := {Oeq := fun (f g : Oa-m> Ob)=> ∀ x, f x ≡ g x;
      Ole := fun (f g : Oa-m> Ob)=> ∀ x, f x ≤ g x}.
Defined.

Lemma mon_le_compat : ∀ '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} (f g:Oa → Ob)
  {mf:monotonic f} {mg:monotonic g}, f ≤ g → mon f ≤ mon g.
Hint Resolve @ mon_le_compat.

Lemma mon_eq_compat : ∀ '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} (f g:Oa → Ob)
  {mf:monotonic f} {mg:monotonic g}, f ≡ g → mon f ≡ mon g.
Hint Resolve @ mon_eq_compat.

```

Add Parametric Morphism ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob}
: (fmont (Oa:=Oa) (Ob:=Ob))
with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq as fmont_eq_morphism.

Qed.

2.3.3 Monotonicity and dual order

Lemma Imonotonic ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob) {m:monotonic f}
: monotonic (o1:=Iord Oa) (o2:=Iord Ob) f.

Hint Extern 2 (@monotonic _ (Iord _) _ (Iord _) _) ⇒ apply @Imonotonic
: typeclass_instances.

Definition imon ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob) {m:monotonic f}
: Oa -m→ Ob := mon (o1:=Iord Oa) (o2:=Iord Ob) f.

Lemma imon_simpl : ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob) {m:monotonic f} (x:Oa),
imon f x = f x.

- Iord (A → U) corresponds to A → Iord U

Lemma Iord_app {A} ‘{o1:ord Oa} (x: A) : ((A → Oa) -m→ Oa).

- Imon f uses f as monotonic function over the dual order.

Definition Imon : ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob}, (Oa -m> Ob) → (Oa -m→ Ob).
Defined.

Lemma Imon_simpl : ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa -m> Ob)(x:Oa),
imon f x = f x.

2.3.4 Monotonicity and equality

Lemma mon_fun_eq_monotonic
: ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob) (g:Oa -m> Ob),
f ≡ g → monotonic f.

Definition mon_fun_subst ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob) (g:Oa -m> Ob) (H:f ≡ g)
: Oa -m> Ob := mon f (fmonotonic:= mon_fun_eq_monotonic _ _ H).

Lemma mon_fun_eq
: ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob) (g:Oa -m> Ob)
(H:f ≡ g), g ≡ mon_fun_subst f g H.

2.3.5 Monotonic functions with 2 arguments

Class monotonic2 ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc) :=
monotonic2_intro : ∀ (x y:Oa) (z t:Ob), x ≤ y → z ≤ t → f x z ≤ f y t.

Instance mon2_intro ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc)
{m1:monotonic f} {m2: ∀ x, monotonic (f x)} : monotonic2 f | 10.

Save.

Lemma mon2_elim1 ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc)
{m:monotonic2 f} : monotonic f.

Lemma mon2_elim2 ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc)
{m:monotonic2 f} : ∀ x, monotonic (f x).

Hint Immediate @mon2_elim1 @mon2_elim2: typeclass_instances.

Definition mon_comp {A} ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob}

```

(f:A → Oa → Ob) {mf:∀ x, monotonic (f x)} : A → Oa -m> Ob
:= fun x ⇒ mon (f x).

Instance mon_fun_mon ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc)
{m:monotonic2 f} : monotonic (fun x ⇒ mon (f x)).

Save.

Class stable2 ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc) :=
stable2_intro : ∀ (x y:Oa) (z t:Ob), x≡y → z ≡ t → f x z ≡ f y t.

Instance monotonic2_stable2 ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc}
(f:Oa → Ob → Oc) {m:monotonic2 f} : stable2 f.

Save.

Typeclasses Opaque monotonic2 stable2.

Definition mon2 ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc)
{mf:monotonic2 f} : Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc := mon (fun x ⇒ mon (f x)).

Lemma mon2_simpl : ∀ ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob → Oc)
{mf:monotonic2 f} x y, mon2 f x y = f x y.

Hint Resolve @mon2_simpl.

Lemma mon2_le_compat : ∀ ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc}
(f g:Oa → Ob → Oc) {mf: monotonic2 f} {mg:monotonic2 g},
f ≤ g → mon2 f ≤ mon2 g.

Definition fun2 ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob -m> Oc)
: Oa → Ob → Oc := fun x ⇒ f x.

Instance fmon2_mon ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa → Ob -m> Oc) :
∀ x:Oa, monotonic (fun2 f x).

Save.

Instance fun2_monotonic ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc}
(f:Oa → Ob -m> Oc) {mf:monotonic f} : monotonic (fun2 f).

Save.

Hint Resolve @fun2_monotonic.

Instance fmonotonic2 ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc)
: monotonic2 (fun2 f).

Save.

Hint Resolve @fmonotonic2.

Definition mfun2 ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc)
: Oa-m> (Ob → Oc) := mon (fun2 f).

Lemma mfun2_simpl : ∀ ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc) x y,
mfun2 f x y = f x y.

Instance mfun2_mon ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc}
(f:Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc) x : monotonic (mfun2 f x).

Save.

Lemma mon2_fun2 : ∀ ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc}
(f:Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc), mon2 (fun2 f) ≡ f.

Lemma fun2_mon2 : ∀ ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc}
(f:Oa → Ob → Oc) {mf:monotonic2 f} , fun2 (mon2 f) ≡ f.

Hint Resolve @mon2_fun2 @fun2_mon2.

Instance fstable2 ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc} (f:Oa -m> Ob -m> Oc)
: stable2 (fun2 f).

Save.

Hint Resolve @fstable2.

Definition Imon2 : ∀ ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3:ord Oc},

```

$(Oa \dashv\! m\!> Ob \dashv\! m\!> Oc) \rightarrow (Oa \dashv\! m\!> Ob \dashv\! m\!> Oc).$

Defined.

Lemma *Imon2_simpl* : $\forall \{o1: \text{ord } Oa\} \{o2: \text{ord } Ob\} \{o3: \text{ord } Oc\}$
 $(f: Oa \dashv\! m\!> Ob \dashv\! m\!> Oc) (x: Oa) (y: Ob),$
 $\text{Imon2 } f \ x \ y = f \ x \ y.$

Lemma *Imonotonic2* ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3: ord Oc}
 $(f: Oa \rightarrow Ob \rightarrow Oc) \{mf: \text{monotonic2 } f\}$
 $: \text{monotonic2 } (o1:=\text{Iord } Oa) (o2:=\text{Iord } Ob) (o3:=\text{Iord } Oc) f.$

Hint Extern 2 (@monotonic2 _ (Iord _) _ (Iord _) _ (Iord _) _) \Rightarrow apply @*Imonotonic2*
 $: \text{typeclass_instances}.$

Definition *imon2* ‘{o1: ord Oa} ‘{o2: ord Ob} ‘{o3: ord Oc}
 $(f: Oa \rightarrow Ob \rightarrow Oc) \{mf: \text{monotonic2 } f\} : Oa \dashv\! m\!> Ob \dashv\! m\!> Oc :=$
 $\text{mon2 } (o1:=\text{Iord } Oa) (o2:=\text{Iord } Ob) (o3:=\text{Iord } Oc) f.$

Lemma *imon2_simpl* : $\forall \{o1: \text{ord } Oa\} \{o2: \text{ord } Ob\} \{o3: \text{ord } Oc\}$
 $(f: Oa \rightarrow Ob \rightarrow Oc) \{mf: \text{monotonic2 } f\} (x: Oa) (y: Ob),$
 $\text{imon2 } f \ x \ y = f \ x \ y.$

2.3.6 Strict monotonicity

Lemma *inj.strict_mon* : $\forall \{o1: \text{ord } Oa\} \{o2: \text{ord } Ob\} (f: Oa \rightarrow Ob) \{mf: \text{monotonic } f\},$
 $(\forall x \ y, f \ x \equiv f \ y \rightarrow x \equiv y) \rightarrow \forall x \ y, x < y \rightarrow f \ x < f \ y.$

2.4 Sequences

2.4.1 Usual order on natural numbers

Instance *natO* : $\text{ord } \text{nat} :=$
 $\{ \text{Oeq} := \text{fun } n \ m : \text{nat} \Rightarrow n = m;$
 $\text{Ole} := \text{fun } n \ m : \text{nat} \Rightarrow (n \leq m)\% \text{nat} \}.$

Defined.

Lemma *le_Ole* : $\forall n \ m, ((n \leq m)\% \text{nat}) \rightarrow n \leq m.$

Hint Resolve *le_Ole*.

Lemma *nat_monotonic* : $\forall \{O\} \{o: \text{ord } O\}$
 $(f: \text{nat} \rightarrow O), (\forall n, f \ n \leq f \ (S \ n)) \rightarrow \text{monotonic } f.$

Hint Resolve @*nat_monotonic*.

Lemma *nat_monotonic_inv* : $\forall \{O\} \{o: \text{ord } O\}$
 $(f: \text{nat} \rightarrow O), (\forall n, f \ (S \ n) \leq f \ n) \rightarrow \text{monotonic } (o2:=\text{Iord } O) f.$

Hint Resolve @*nat_monotonic_inv*.

Definition *fnatO_intro* : $\forall \{O\} \{o: \text{ord } O\} (f: \text{nat} \rightarrow O), (\forall n, f \ n \leq f \ (S \ n)) \rightarrow \text{nat} \dashv\! m\!> O.$
Defined.

Lemma *fnatO_elim* : $\forall \{O\} \{o: \text{ord } O\} (f: \text{nat} \dashv\! m\!> O) (n: \text{nat}), f \ n \leq f \ (S \ n).$
Hint Resolve @*fnatO_elim*.

- (*mseq_lift_left* f n) k = f (n+k)

Definition *seq_lift_left* {O} (f: $\text{nat} \rightarrow O$) n := $\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f \ (n+k)\% \text{nat}.$

Instance *mon_seq_lift_left*
 $: \forall n \ \{O\} \{o: \text{ord } O\} (f: \text{nat} \rightarrow O) \{m: \text{monotonic } f\}, \text{monotonic } (\text{seq_lift_left } f \ n).$
Save.

Definition *mseq_lift_left* : $\forall \{O\} \{o: \text{ord } O\} (f: \text{nat} \dashv\! m\!> O) (n: \text{nat}), \text{nat} \dashv\! m\!> O.$
Defined.

Lemma *mseq_lift_left_simpl* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow O) (n k:\text{nat}),$
 $mseq_lift_left f n k = f (n+k)\%nat.$
Lemma *mseq_lift_left_le_compat* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (f g:\text{nat} \rightarrow O) (n:\text{nat}),$
 $f \leq g \rightarrow mseq_lift_left f n \leq mseq_lift_left g n.$
Hint Resolve @*mseq_lift_left_le_compat*.
Add Parametric Morphism {O} {o:ord O} : (@*mseq_lift_left* - o)
with signature *Oeq* ==> *eq* ==> *Oeq*
as *mseq_lift_left_eq_compat*.
Save.
Hint Resolve @*mseq_lift_left_eq_compat*.
Add Parametric Morphism {O} {o:ord O} : (@*seq_lift_left* O)
with signature *Oeq* ==> *eq* ==> *Oeq*
as *seq_lift_left_eq_compat*.
Save.
Hint Resolve @*seq_lift_left_eq_compat*.

- (mseq_lift_right f n) k = f (k+n)

Definition *seq_lift_right* {O} (f:nat → O) n := fun k ⇒ f (k+n)%nat.
Instance *mon_seq_lift_right*
: $\forall n \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow O) \{m:\text{monotonic } f\}, \text{monotonic } (\text{seq_lift_right } f n).$
Save.
Definition *mseq_lift_right* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow O) (n:\text{nat}), \text{nat} \rightarrow O$.
Defined.
Lemma *mseq_lift_right_simpl* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow O) (n k:\text{nat}),$
 $mseq_lift_right f n k = f (n+k)\%nat.$
Lemma *mseq_lift_right_le_compat* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (f g:\text{nat} \rightarrow O) (n:\text{nat}),$
 $f \leq g \rightarrow mseq_lift_right f n \leq mseq_lift_right g n.$
Hint Resolve @*mseq_lift_right_le_compat*.
Add Parametric Morphism {O} {o:ord O} : (*mseq_lift_right* (o:=o))
with signature *Oeq* ==> *eq* ==> *Oeq*
as *mseq_lift_right_eq_compat*.
Save.
Add Parametric Morphism {O} {o:ord O} : (@*seq_lift_right* O)
with signature *Oeq* ==> *eq* ==> *Oeq*
as *seq_lift_right_eq_compat*.
Save.
Hint Resolve @*seq_lift_right_eq_compat*.
Lemma *mseq_lift_right_left* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow O) n,$
 $mseq_lift_left f n \equiv mseq_lift_right f n.$

2.4.2 Monotonicity and functions

- (shift f x) n = f n x

Instance *shift_mon_fun* {A} ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob) :
 $\forall x:A, \text{monotonic } (\text{fun } (y:Oa) \Rightarrow f y x).$
Save.
Definition *shift* {A} ‘{o1:ord Oa} ‘{o2:ord Ob} (f:Oa → Ob) : A → Oa → Ob
:= fun x ⇒ (mon (fun y ⇒ f y x)).
Infix "⟨o⟩" := *shift* (at level 30, no associativity) : O_scope.

Lemma *shift_simpl* : $\forall \{A\} \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (f:Oa \rightarrow (A \rightarrow Ob)) x y,$
 $(f < o > x) y = f y x.$

Lemma *shift_le_compat* : $\forall \{A\} \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (f g:Oa \rightarrow (A \rightarrow Ob)),$
 $f \leq g \rightarrow \text{shift } f \leq \text{shift } g.$

Hint Resolve @*shift_le_compat*.

Add Parametric Morphism $\{A\} \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\}$
 $: (\text{shift } (A:=A) (Oa:=Oa) (Ob:=Ob)) \text{ with signature } Oeq \Rightarrow eq \Rightarrow Oeq$
as *shift_eq_compat*.

Save.

Instance *ishift_mon* $\{A\} \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (f:A \rightarrow (Oa \rightarrow Ob)) :$
 $\text{monotonic } (\text{fun } (y:Oa) (x:A) \Rightarrow f x y).$

Save.

Definition *ishift* $\{A\} \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (f:A \rightarrow (Oa \rightarrow Ob)) : Oa \rightarrow (A \rightarrow Ob)$
 $:= \text{mon } (\text{fun } (y:Oa) (x:A) \Rightarrow f x y) (\text{fmonotonic} := \text{ishift_mon } f).$

Lemma *ishift_simpl* : $\forall \{A\} \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (f:A \rightarrow (Oa \rightarrow Ob)) x y,$
 $\text{ishift } f x y = f y x.$

Lemma *ishift_le_compat* : $\forall \{A\} \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (f g:A \rightarrow (Oa \rightarrow Ob)),$
 $f \leq g \rightarrow \text{ishift } f \leq \text{ishift } g.$

Hint Resolve @*ishift_le_compat*.

Add Parametric Morphism $\{A\} \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\}$
 $: (\text{ishift } (A:=A) (Oa:=Oa) (Ob:=Ob)) \text{ with signature } Oeq \Rightarrow eq \Rightarrow Oeq$
as *ishift_eq_compat*.

Save.

Instance *shift_fun_mon* $\{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} (f:Oa \rightarrow (Ob \rightarrow Oc))$
 $\{m:\forall x, \text{monotonic } (f x)\} : \text{monotonic } (\text{shift } f).$

Save.

Instance *shift_mon2* $\{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} (f:Oa \rightarrow Ob \rightarrow Oc)$
 $: \text{monotonic2 } (\text{fun } x y \Rightarrow f y x).$

Save.

Hint Resolve @*shift_mon_fun* @*shift_fun_mon* @*shift_mon2*.

Definition *mshift* $\{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} (f:Oa \rightarrow Ob \rightarrow Oc)$
 $: Ob \rightarrow Oa \rightarrow Oc := \text{mon2 } (\text{fun } x y \Rightarrow f y x).$

- $\text{id } c = c$

Definition *id* $O \{o:\text{ord } O\} : O \rightarrow O := \text{fun } x \Rightarrow x.$

Instance *mon_id* : $\forall \{O:\text{Type}\} \{o:\text{ord } O\}, \text{monotonic } (\text{id } O).$

Save.

- $(\text{cte } c) n = c$

Definition *cte* $A \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} (c:Oa) : A \rightarrow Oa := \text{fun } x \Rightarrow c.$

Instance *mon_cte* : $\forall \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} (c:Ob), \text{monotonic } (\text{cte } Oa c).$

Save.

Definition *mseq_cte* $\{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} (c:O) : \text{nat} \rightarrow O := \text{mon } (\text{cte } \text{nat } c).$

Add Parametric Morphism $\{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} : (@\text{cte } Oa Ob -)$
with signature $Ole \Rightarrow Ole$ as *cte_le_compat*.

Save.

Add Parametric Morphism $\{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} : (@\text{cte } Oa Ob -)$

with signature $Oeq \implies Oeq$ as cte_eq_compat .

Save.

Instance $mon_diag \{o1:ord\ Oa\} \{o2:ord\ Ob\} (f:Oa \multimap (Oa \multimap Ob))$
 $: monotonic (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x x)$.

Save.

Hint Resolve @ mon_diag .

Definition $diag \{o1:ord\ Oa\} \{o2:ord\ Ob\} (f:Oa \multimap (Oa \multimap Ob)) : Oa \multimap Ob$
 $:= mon (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x x)$.

Lemma $fmon_diag_simpl : \forall \{o1:ord\ Oa\} \{o2:ord\ Ob\} (f:Oa \multimap (Oa \multimap Ob)) (x:Oa),$
 $diag f x = f x x$.

Lemma $diag_le_compat : \forall \{o1:ord\ Oa\} \{o2:ord\ Ob\} (f g:Oa \multimap (Oa \multimap Ob)),$
 $f \leq g \rightarrow diag f \leq diag g$.

Hint Resolve @ $diag_le_compat$.

Add Parametric Morphism $\{o1:ord\ Oa\} \{o2:ord\ Ob\} : (diag (Oa:=Oa) (Ob:=Ob))$
with signature $Oeq \implies Oeq$ as $diag_eq_compat$.

Save.

Lemma $diag_shift : \forall \{o1:ord\ Oa\} \{o2:ord\ Ob\} (f: Oa \multimap Oa \multimap Ob),$
 $diag f \equiv diag (mshift f)$.

Hint Resolve @ $diag_shift$.

Lemma $mshift_simpl : \forall \{o1:ord\ Oa\} \{o2:ord\ Ob\} \{o3:ord\ Oc\}$
 $(h:Oa \multimap Ob \multimap Oc) (x:Ob) (y:Oa), mshift h x y = h y x$.

Lemma $mshift_le_compat : \forall \{o1:ord\ Oa\} \{o2:ord\ Ob\} \{o3:ord\ Oc\}$
 $(f g:Oa \multimap Ob \multimap Oc), f \leq g \rightarrow mshift f \leq mshift g$.

Hint Resolve @ $mshift_le_compat$.

Add Parametric Morphism $\{o1:ord\ Oa\} \{o2:ord\ Ob\} \{o3:ord\ Oc\} : (@mshift Oa \multimap Ob \multimap Oc)$
with signature $Oeq \implies Oeq$ as $mshift_eq_compat$.

Save.

Lemma $mshift2_eq : \forall \{o1:ord\ Oa\} \{o2:ord\ Ob\} \{o3:ord\ Oc\} (h: Oa \multimap Ob \multimap Oc),$
 $mshift (mshift h) \equiv h$.

- $(f@g) x = f (g x)$

Instance $monotonic_comp \{o1:ord\ Oa\} \{o2:ord\ Ob\} \{o3:ord\ Oc\}$
 $(f:Ob \rightarrow Oc) \{mf : monotonic f\} (g:Oa \rightarrow Ob) \{mg:monotonic g\} : monotonic (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f (g x))$.

Save.

Hint Resolve @ $monotonic_comp$.

Instance $monotonic_comp_mon \{o1:ord\ Oa\} \{o2:ord\ Ob\} \{o3:ord\ Oc\}$
 $(f:Ob \multimap Oc) (g:Oa \multimap Ob) : monotonic (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f (g x))$.

Save.

Hint Resolve @ $monotonic_comp_mon$.

Definition $comp \{o1:ord\ Oa\} \{o2:ord\ Ob\} \{o3:ord\ Oc\} (f:Ob \multimap Oc) (g:Oa \multimap Ob)$
 $: Oa \multimap Oc := mon (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f (g x))$.

Infix "@" := $comp$ (at level 35) : O_scope .

Lemma $comp_simpl : \forall \{o1:ord\ Oa\} \{o2:ord\ Ob\} \{o3:ord\ Oc\}$
 $(f:Ob \multimap Oc) (g:Oa \multimap Ob) (x:Oa), (f@g) x = f (g x)$.

Add Parametric Morphism $\{o1:ord\ Oa\} \{o2:ord\ Ob\} \{o3:ord\ Oc\} : (@comp Oa \multimap Ob \multimap Oc)$
with signature $Ole \multimap Ole \multimap Ole$
as $comp_le_compat$.

Save.

```

Hint Immediate @comp_le_compat.

Add Parametric Morphism '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} : (@comp Oa - Ob - Oc -)
  with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
  as comp_eq_compat.
Save.

Hint Immediate @comp_eq_compat.

• (f@2 g) h x = f (g x) (h x)

Instance mon_app2 '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} '{o4:ord Od}
  (f:Ob -> Oc -> Od) (g:Oa -> Ob) (h:Oa -> Oc)
  {mf:monotonic2 f}{mg:monotonic g} {mh:monotonic h}
  : monotonic (fun x => f (g x) (h x)).
Save.

Instance mon_app2_mon '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} '{o4:ord Od}
  (f:Ob -m> Oc -m> Od) (g:Oa -m> Ob) (h:Oa -m> Oc)
  : monotonic (fun x => f (g x) (h x)).
Save.

Definition app2 '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} '{o4:ord Od}
  (f:Ob -m> Oc -m> Od) (g:Oa -m> Ob) (h:Oa -m> Oc) : Oa -m> Od
  := mon (fun x => f (g x) (h x)).

Infix "@2" := app2 (at level 70) : O_scope.

Add Parametric Morphism '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} '{o4:ord Od}:
  (@app2 Oa - Ob - Oc - Od -)
  with signature Ole ++> Ole ++> Ole ++> Ole
  as app2_le_compat.
Save.

Hint Immediate @app2_le_compat.

Add Parametric Morphism '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} '{o4:ord Od}:
  (@app2 Oa - Ob - Oc - Od -)
  with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
  as app2_eq_compat.
Save.

Hint Immediate @app2_eq_compat.

Lemma app2_simpl :
  ∀ '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} '{o4:ord Od}
    (f:Ob -m> Oc -m> Od) (g:Oa -m> Ob) (h:Oa -m> Oc) (x:Oa),
    (f@2 g) h x = f (g x) (h x).

Lemma comp_monotonic_right :
  ∀ '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} (f: Ob -m> Oc) (g1 g2:Oa -m> Ob),
    g1 ≤ g2 → f @ g1 ≤ f @ g2.

Hint Resolve @comp_monotonic_right.

Lemma comp_monotonic_left :
  ∀ '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc} (f1 f2: Ob -m> Oc) (g:Oa -m> Ob),
    f1 ≤ f2 → f1 @ g ≤ f2 @ g.

Hint Resolve @comp_monotonic_left.

Instance comp_monotonic2 : ∀ '{o1:ord Oa} '{o2:ord Ob} '{o3:ord Oc},
  monotonic2 (@comp Oa - Ob - Oc -).
Save.

Hint Resolve @comp_monotonic2.

```

Definition $fcomp \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} : (Ob \rightarrow Oa) \rightarrow (Oa \rightarrow Ob) \rightarrow (Oa \rightarrow Oc) := \text{mon2 } (@\text{comp } Oa \rightarrow Ob \rightarrow Oc \rightarrow).$

Implicit Arguments $fcomp [[o1] [o2] [o3]].$

Lemma $fcomp_simpl : \forall \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} (f:Ob \rightarrow Oa) (g:Oa \rightarrow Ob), fcomp _ _ _ f g = f@g.$

Definition $fcomp2 \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} \{o4:\text{ord } Od\} : (Oc \rightarrow Od) \rightarrow (Oa \rightarrow Ob \rightarrow Oc) \rightarrow (Oa \rightarrow Ob \rightarrow Od) := (fcomp Oa (Ob \rightarrow Oa)) @ (fcomp Ob Oc Od).$

Implicit Arguments $fcomp2 [[o1] [o2] [o3] [o4]].$

Lemma $fcomp2_simpl : \forall \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} \{o4:\text{ord } Od\} (f:Oc \rightarrow Od) (g:Oa \rightarrow Ob \rightarrow Oc) (x:Oa) (y:Ob), fcomp2 _ _ _ f g x y = f (g x y).$

Lemma $fmon_le_compat2 : \forall \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} (f:Oa \rightarrow Ob \rightarrow Oc) (x:y:Oa) (z:t:Ob), x \leq y \rightarrow z \leq t \rightarrow f x z \leq f y t.$

Hint Resolve $fmon_le_compat2.$

Lemma $fmon_cte_comp : \forall \{o1:\text{ord } Oa\} \{o2:\text{ord } Ob\} \{o3:\text{ord } Oc\} (c:Oc) (f:Oa \rightarrow Ob), (\text{mon } (\text{cte } Ob c)) @ f \equiv \text{mon } (\text{cte } Oa c).$

2.5 Abstract relational notion of lubs

Record $\text{islub } O \ (o:\text{ord } O) \ I \ (f:I \rightarrow O) \ (x:O) : \text{Prop} := \text{mk_islub}$
 $\{ \text{le_islub} : \forall i, f i \leq x;$
 $\text{islub_le} : \forall y, (\forall i, f i \leq y) \rightarrow x \leq y \}.$

Implicit Arguments $\text{islub } [O o I].$

Implicit Arguments $\text{le_islub } [O o I f x].$

Implicit Arguments $\text{islub_le } [O o I f x].$

Definition $\text{isglb } O \ (o:\text{ord } O) \ I \ (f:I \rightarrow O) \ (x:O) : \text{Prop} := \text{islub } (o:=\text{Iord } O) f x.$

Implicit Arguments $\text{isglb } [O o I].$

Lemma $\text{le_isglb } O \ (o:\text{ord } O) \ I \ (f:I \rightarrow O) \ (x:O) : \text{isglb } f x \rightarrow \forall i, x \leq f i.$

Lemma $\text{isglb_le } O \ (o:\text{ord } O) \ I \ (f:I \rightarrow O) \ (x:O) : \text{isglb } f x \rightarrow \forall y, (\forall i, y \leq f i) \rightarrow y \leq x.$

Implicit Arguments $\text{le_isglb } [O o I f x].$

Implicit Arguments $\text{isglb_le } [O o I f x].$

Lemma $\text{mk_isglb } O \ (o:\text{ord } O) \ I \ (f:I \rightarrow O) \ (x:O) : (\forall i, x \leq f i) \rightarrow (\forall y, (\forall i, y \leq f i) \rightarrow y \leq x) \rightarrow \text{isglb } f x.$

Lemma $\text{islub_eq_compat } O \ (o:\text{ord } O) \ I \ (f:g:I \rightarrow O) \ (x:y:O) : f \equiv g \rightarrow x \equiv y \rightarrow \text{islub } f x \rightarrow \text{islub } g y.$

Lemma $\text{islub_eq_compat_left } O \ (o:\text{ord } O) \ I \ (f:g:I \rightarrow O) \ (x:O) : f \equiv g \rightarrow \text{islub } f x \rightarrow \text{islub } g x.$

Lemma $\text{islub_eq_compat_right } O \ (o:\text{ord } O) \ I \ (f:g:I \rightarrow O) \ (x:y:O) : x \equiv y \rightarrow \text{islub } f x \rightarrow \text{islub } f y.$

Lemma $\text{isglb_eq_compat } O \ (o:\text{ord } O) \ I \ (f:g:I \rightarrow O) \ (x:y:O) : f \equiv g \rightarrow x \equiv y \rightarrow \text{isglb } f x \rightarrow \text{isglb } g y.$

Lemma $\text{isglb_eq_compat_left } O \ (o:\text{ord } O) \ I \ (f:g:I \rightarrow O) \ (x:O) : f \equiv g \rightarrow \text{isglb } f x \rightarrow \text{isglb } g x.$

Lemma $\text{isglb_eq_compat_right } O \ (o:\text{ord } O) \ I \ (f:g:I \rightarrow O) \ (x:y:O) : x \equiv y \rightarrow \text{isglb } f x \rightarrow \text{isglb } f y.$

```

Add Parametric Morphism {O} {o:ord O} I : (@islub _ o I)
with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> iff
as islub_morphism.
Save.

Add Parametric Morphism {O} {o:ord O} I : (@isglb _ o I)
with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> iff
as isglb_morphism.
Save.

Add Parametric Morphism {O} {o:ord O} I : (@islub _ o I)
with signature (@pointwise_relation I O (@Oeq _ _)) ==> Oeq ==> iff
as islub_morphism_ext.
Save.

Add Parametric Morphism {O} {o:ord O} I : (@isglb _ o I)
with signature (@pointwise_relation I O (@Oeq _ _)) ==> Oeq ==> iff
as isglb_morphism_ext.
Save.

```

```

Lemma islub_incr_ext {O} {o:ord O} (f : nat → O) (x:O) (n:nat):
  (forall k, f k ≤ f (S k)) → islub f x → islub (fun k ⇒ f (n + k)) x.

Lemma islub_incr_lift {O} {o:ord O} (f : nat → O) (x:O) (n:nat):
  (forall k, f k ≤ f (S k)) → islub (fun k ⇒ f (n + k)) x → islub f x.

Lemma isglb_decr_ext {O} {o:ord O} (f : nat → O) (x:O) (n:nat):
  (forall k, f (S k) ≤ f k) → isglb f x → isglb (fun k ⇒ f (n + k)) x.

Lemma isglb_decr_lift {O} {o:ord O} (f : nat → O) (x:O) (n:nat):
  (forall k, f (S k) ≤ f k) → isglb (fun k ⇒ f (n + k)) x → isglb f x.

```

Hint Resolve islub_incr_ext isglb_decr_ext.

```

Lemma islub_exch {O} {o:ord O} (F : nat → nat → O) (f g : nat → O) (x:O) :
  (forall m, islub (fun n ⇒ F n m) (f m))
  → (forall n, islub (F n) (g n)) → islub f x → islub g x.

```

```

Lemma islub_decr {O} {o:ord O} {I} (f g : I → O) (x y : O) :
  (f ≤ g) → islub f x → islub g y → x ≤ y.

```

```

Lemma islub_unique_eq {O} {o:ord O} {I} (f g : I → O) (x y : O) :
  (f ≡ g) → islub f x → islub g y → x ≡ y.

```

```

Lemma islub_unique {O} {o:ord O} {I} (f : I → O) (x y : O) :
  islub f x → islub f y → x ≡ y.

```

```

Lemma islub_fun_intro O {o:ord O} {I A} (F : I → A → O) (f : A → O) :
  (forall x, islub (fun i ⇒ F i x) (f x)) → islub F f.

```

2.6 Basic operators of omega-cpos

- Constant : 0
- lub : limit of monotonic sequences

2.6.1 Definition of cpos

```

Class cpo ‘{o:ord D} : Type := mk_cpo
  {D0 : D; lub: ∀ (f:nat -m> D), D;
   Dbot : ∀ x:D, D0 ≤ x;
   le_lub : ∀ (f : nat -m> D) (n:nat), f n ≤ lub f;
   lub_le : ∀ (f : nat -m> D) (x:D), (forall n, f n ≤ x) → lub f ≤ x}.

```

```

Implicit Arguments cpo [[o]].

Notation "0" := D0 : O_scope.

Hint Resolve @Dbot @le_lub @lub_le.

Definition mon_ord_equiv : ∀ {o:ord D1} {o1:ord D2} {o2:ord D2},
  eq_ord o1 o2 → fmon D1 D2 (o2:=o2) → fmon D1 D2 (o2:=o1).
Defined.

Lemma mon_ord_equiv_simpl : ∀ {o:ord D1} {o1:ord D2} {o2:ord D2}
  (H: eq_ord o1 o2) (f:fmon D1 D2 (o2:=o2)) (x:D1),
  mon_ord_equiv H f x = f x.

Definition cpo_ord_equiv {o1:ord D} {o2:ord D}
  : eq_ord o1 o2 → cpo (o:=o1) D → cpo (o:=o2) D.
Defined.

```

2.6.2 Least upper bounds

```

Add Parametric Morphism '{c:cpo D} : (lub (cpo:=c))
  with signature Ole ++> Ole as lub_le_compat.
Save.

Hint Resolve @lub_le_compat.

Add Parametric Morphism '{c:cpo D}: (lub (cpo:=c))
  with signature Oeq ==> Oeq as lub_eq_compat.
Save.

Hint Resolve @lub_eq_compat.

Notation "'mlub' f" := (lub (mon f)) (at level 60) : O_scope.

Lemma mlub_le_compat : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f g:nat → D) {mf:monotonic f} {mg:monotonic g},
  f ≤ g → mlub f ≤ mlub g.
Hint Resolve @mlub_le_compat.

Lemma mlub_eq_compat : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f g:nat → D) {mf:monotonic f} {mg:monotonic g},
  f ≡ g → mlub f ≡ mlub g.
Hint Resolve @mlub_eq_compat.

Lemma le_mlub : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f:nat → D) {m:monotonic f} (n:nat), f n ≤ mlub f.

Lemma mlub_le : ∀ {c:cpo D}(f:nat → D) {m:monotonic f}(x:D), (∀ n, f n ≤ x) → mlub f ≤ x.
Hint Resolve @le_mlub @mlub_le.

Lemma islub_mlub : ∀ {c:cpo D}(f:nat → D) {m:monotonic f},
  islub f (mlub f).

Lemma islub_lub : ∀ {c:cpo D}(f:nat -m> D),
  islub f (lub f).

Hint Resolve @islub_mlub @islub_lub.

Instance lub_mon '{c:cpo D} : monotonic lub.
Save.

Definition Lub '{c:cpo D} : (nat -m> D) -m> D := mon lub.

Instance monotonic_lub_comp {O} {o:ord O} '{c:cpo D} (f:O → nat → D){mf:monotonic2 f}:
  monotonic (fun x => mlub (f x)).
Save.

Lemma lub_cte : ∀ {c:cpo D} (d:D), mlub (cte nat d) ≡ d.
Hint Resolve @lub_cte.

Lemma mlub_lift_right : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f:nat -m> D) n,
  lub f ≡ mlub (seq_lift_right f n).

```

```

Hint Resolve @mlub_lift_right.

Lemma mlub_lift_left : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f:nat -m> D) n,
  lub f ≡ mlub (seq_lift_left f n).

Hint Resolve @mlub_lift_left.

Lemma lub_lift_right : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f:nat -m> D) n,
  lub f ≡ lub (mseq_lift_right f n).

Hint Resolve @lub_lift_right.

Lemma lub_lift_left : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f:nat -m> D) n,
  lub f ≡ lub (mseq_lift_left f n).

Hint Resolve @lub_lift_left.

Lemma lub_le_lift : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f g:nat -m> D)
  (n:nat), (∀ k, n ≤ k → f k ≤ g k) → lub f ≤ lub g.

Lemma lub_eq_lift : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f g:nat -m> D) {m:monotonic f} {m':monotonic g}
  (n:nat), (∀ k, n ≤ k → f k ≡ g k) → lub f ≡ lub g.

Lemma lub_seq_eq : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f:nat → D) (g: nat-m> D) (H:f ≡ g),
  lub g ≡ lub (mon_fun_subst f g H).

Lemma lub_Olt : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f:nat -m> D) (k:D),
  k < lub f → ∃ (n, f n ≤ k).

```

- (lub_fun h) x = lub_n (h n x)

```

Definition lub_fun {A} {c:cpo D} (h : nat -m> (A → D)) : A → D
  := fun x ⇒ mlub (h <o> x).

```

```

Instance lub_shift_mon {O} {o:ord O} {c:cpo D} (h : nat -m> (O -m> D))
  : monotonic (fun (x:O) ⇒ lub (mshift h x)).

```

Save.

Hint Resolve @lub_shift_mon.

2.6.3 Functional cpos

```

Instance fcpo {A: Type} '(c:cpo D) : cpo (A → D) :=
{D0 := fun x:A ⇒ (0:D);
  lub := fun f ⇒ lub_fun f}.

```

Defined.

```

Lemma fcpo_lub_simpl : ∀ {A} {c:cpo D} (h:nat -m> (A → D))(x:A),
  (lub h) x = lub (h <o> x).

```

```

Lemma lub_ishift : ∀ {A} {c:cpo D} (h:A → (nat -m> D)),
  lub (ishift h) ≡ fun x ⇒ lub (h x).

```

2.7 Cpo of monotonic functions

```

Instance fmon_cpo {O} {o:ord O} {c:cpo D} : cpo (O -m> D) :=
{ D0 := mon (cte O (0:D));
  lub := fun h:nat -m> (O -m> D) ⇒ mon (fun (x:O) ⇒ lub (cpo:=c) (mshift h x))}.

```

Defined.

```

Lemma fmon_lub_simpl : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} {c:cpo D}
  (h:nat -m> (O -m> D))(x:O), (lub h) x = lub (mshift h x).

```

Hint Resolve @fmon_lub_simpl.

```

Instance mon_fun_lub : ∀ {O} {o:ord O} {c:cpo D}
  (h:nat -m> (O → D)) {mh:∀ n, monotonic (h n)}, monotonic (lub h).

```

Save.

Link between lubs on ordinary functions and monotonic functions

Lemma *lub_mon_fcpo* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} \{c:\text{cpo } D\} (h:\text{nat} \rightarrow (O \rightarrow D))$,
 $\text{lub } h \equiv \text{mon } (\text{lub } (\text{mfun2 } h))$.

Lemma *lub_fcpo_mon* : $\forall \{O\} \{o:\text{ord } O\} \{c:\text{cpo } D\} (h:\text{nat} \rightarrow (O \rightarrow D))$
 $\{mh:\forall x, \text{monotonic } (h x)\}, \text{lub } h \equiv \text{lub } (\text{mon2 } h)$.

Lemma *double_lub_diag* : $\forall \{c:\text{cpo } D\} (h : \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{nat} \rightarrow D)$,
 $\text{lub } (\text{lub } h) \equiv \text{lub } (\text{diag } h)$.

Hint Resolve @*double_lub_diag*.

Lemma *double_lub_shift* : $\forall \{c:\text{cpo } D\} (h : \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{nat} \rightarrow D)$,
 $\text{lub } (\text{lub } h) \equiv \text{lub } (\text{lub } (\text{mshift } h))$.

Hint Resolve @*double_lub_shift*.

2.8 Continuity

Lemma *lub_comp_le* :
 $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (f:D1 \rightarrow D2) (h : \text{nat} \rightarrow D1)$,
 $\text{lub } (f @ h) \leq f (\text{lub } h)$.

Hint Resolve @*lub_comp_le*.

Lemma *lub_app2_le* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F:D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow D1) (g: \text{nat} \rightarrow D2)$,
 $\text{lub } ((F @^2 f) g) \leq F (\text{lub } f) (\text{lub } g)$.

Hint Resolve @*lub_app2_le*.

Class *continuous* ‘{ $c1:\text{cpo } D1\}$ ‘{ $c2:\text{cpo } D2\}$ ($f:D1 \rightarrow D2$) :=
cont_intro : $\forall (h : \text{nat} \rightarrow D1), f (\text{lub } h) \leq \text{lub } (f @ h)$.

Typeclasses *Opaque continuous*.

Lemma *continuous_eq_compat* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (f g:D1 \rightarrow D2)$,
 $f \equiv g \rightarrow \text{continuous } f \rightarrow \text{continuous } g$.

Add *Parametric Morphism* ‘{ $c1:\text{cpo } D1\}$ ‘{ $c2:\text{cpo } D2\}$: (@*continuous* $D1 \dashv \dashv D2 \dashv \dashv$)
with signature *Oeq* \implies iff

as *continuous_eq_compat_iff*.

Save.

Lemma *lub_comp_eq* :
 $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (f:D1 \rightarrow D2) (h : \text{nat} \rightarrow D1)$,
 $\text{continuous } f \rightarrow f (\text{lub } h) \equiv \text{lub } (f @ h)$.

Hint Resolve @*lub_comp_eq*.

- *mon0 x == 0*

Instance *cont0* ‘{ $c1:\text{cpo } D1\}$ ‘{ $c2:\text{cpo } D2\}$: *continuous* (*mon* (*cte* $D1 (0:D2)$)).

Save.

Implicit Arguments *cont0* [].

- *double_app f g n m = f m (g n)*

Definition *double_app* ‘{ $o1:\text{ord } Oa\}$ ‘{ $o2:\text{ord } Ob\}$ ‘{ $o3:\text{ord } Oc\}$ ‘{ $o4: \text{ord } Od\}$
 $(f:Oa \rightarrow Oc) (g:Ob \rightarrow Od)$ ($g:Ob \rightarrow (Oa \rightarrow Od)$:= *mon* ((*mshift* f) @ g).

2.8.1 Continuity

Class *continuous2* ‘{c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} ‘{c3:cpo D3} (F:D1 -m> D2 -m> D3) :=
continuous2_intro : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow D1) (g : \text{nat} \rightarrow D2),$
 $F (\text{lub } f) (\text{lub } g) \leq \text{lub } ((F @^2 f) g).$

Lemma *continuous2_app* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) \{cF:\text{continuous2 } F\} (k:D1), \text{continuous } (F k).$

Typeclasses Opaque *continuous2*.

Lemma *continuous2_eq_compat* :

$\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\} (f g : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3),$
 $f \equiv g \rightarrow \text{continuous2 } f \rightarrow \text{continuous2 } g.$

Lemma *continuous2_continuous* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3), \text{continuous2 } F \rightarrow \text{continuous } F.$

Hint Immediate @*continuous2_continuous*.

Lemma *continuous2_left* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) (h:\text{nat} \rightarrow D1) (x:D2),$
 $\text{continuous } F \rightarrow F (\text{lub } h) x \leq \text{lub } (\text{mshift } (F @ h) x).$

Lemma *continuous2_right* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) (x:D1) (h:\text{nat} \rightarrow D2),$
 $\text{continuous2 } F \rightarrow F x (\text{lub } h) \leq \text{lub } (F x @ h).$

Lemma *continuous_continuous2* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) (cFr:\forall k:D1, \text{continuous } (F k)) (cF:\text{continuous } F),$
 $\text{continuous2 } F.$

Hint Resolve @*continuous2_app* @*continuous2_continuous* @*continuous_continuous2*.

Lemma *lub_app2_eq* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) \{cFr:\forall k:D1, \text{continuous } (F k)\} \{cF:\text{continuous } F\},$
 $\forall (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow D1) (g:\text{nat} \rightarrow D2),$
 $F (\text{lub } f) (\text{lub } g) \equiv \text{lub } ((F @^2 f) g).$

Lemma *lub_cont2_app2_eq* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) \{cF:\text{continuous2 } F\},$
 $\forall (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow D1) (g:\text{nat} \rightarrow D2),$
 $F (\text{lub } f) (\text{lub } g) \equiv \text{lub } ((F @^2 f) g).$

Lemma *mshift_continuous2* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3), \text{continuous2 } F \rightarrow \text{continuous2 } (\text{mshift } F).$

Hint Resolve @*mshift_continuous2*.

Lemma *monotonic_sym* : $\forall \{o1:\text{ord } D1\} \{o2:\text{ord } D2\} (F : D1 \rightarrow D1 \rightarrow D2),$
 $(\forall x y, F x y \equiv F y x) \rightarrow (\forall k:D1, \text{monotonic } (F k)) \rightarrow \text{monotonic } F.$

Hint Immediate @*monotonic_sym*.

Lemma *monotonic2_sym* : $\forall \{o1:\text{ord } D1\} \{o2:\text{ord } D2\} (F : D1 \rightarrow D1 \rightarrow D2),$
 $(\forall x y, F x y \equiv F y x) \rightarrow (\forall k:D1, \text{monotonic } (F k)) \rightarrow \text{monotonic2 } F.$

Hint Immediate @*monotonic2_sym*.

Lemma *continuous_sym* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (F : D1 \rightarrow D1 \rightarrow D2),$
 $(\forall x y, F x y \equiv F y x) \rightarrow (\forall k:D1, \text{continuous } (F k)) \rightarrow \text{continuous } F.$

Lemma *continuous2_sym* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (F : D1 \rightarrow D1 \rightarrow D2),$
 $(\forall x y, F x y \equiv F y x) \rightarrow (\forall k, \text{continuous } (F k)) \rightarrow \text{continuous2 } F.$

Hint Resolve @*continuous2_sym*.

- continuity is preserved by composition

Lemma *continuous_comp* : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\}$

$(f:D2 \rightarrow D3)(g:D1 \rightarrow D2)$, continuous $f \rightarrow$ continuous $g \rightarrow$ continuous ($\text{mon } (f@g)$).
 Hint Resolve @continuous_comp.

Lemma continuous2_comp : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\} \{c4:\text{cpo } D4\}$
 $(f:D1 \rightarrow D2)(g:D2 \rightarrow D3 \rightarrow D4)$,
 continuous $f \rightarrow$ continuous $g \rightarrow$ continuous $(g @ f)$.

Hint Resolve @continuous2_comp.

Lemma continuous2_comp2 : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\} \{c4:\text{cpo } D4\}$
 $(f:D3 \rightarrow D4)(g:D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3)$,
 continuous $f \rightarrow$ continuous $g \rightarrow$ continuous $(f \text{comp2 } D1 \ D2 \ D3 \ D4 \ f \ g)$.

Hint Resolve @continuous2_comp2.

Lemma continuous2_app2 : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} \{c3:\text{cpo } D3\} \{c4:\text{cpo } D4\}$
 $(F : D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow D3) (f:D4 \rightarrow D1)(g:D4 \rightarrow D2)$, continuous $F \rightarrow$
 continuous $f \rightarrow$ continuous $g \rightarrow$ continuous $((F @^2 f) g)$.

Hint Resolve @continuous2_app2.

2.9 Cpo of continuous functions

Instance lub_continuous ‘{c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2}
 $(f:\text{nat} \rightarrow (D1 \rightarrow D2)) \{cf:\forall n, \text{continuous } (f n)\}$
 : continuous ($\text{lub } f$).

Save.

Record fcont ‘{c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2}: Type
 $:= \text{cont } \{fcontm :> D1 \rightarrow D2; \text{fcontinuous} : \text{continuous } fcontm\}$.

Hint Resolve @fcontinuous.

Implicit Arguments fcont [[o][c1] [o0][c2]].

Implicit Arguments cont [[D1][o][c1] [D2][o0][c2] [fcontinuous]].

Infix "-c>" := fcont (at level 30, right associativity) : O_scope.

Definition fcont_fun ‘{c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} (f:D1 -c> D2) : $D1 \rightarrow D2 := \text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x$.

Instance fcont_ord ‘{c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} : ord (D1 -c> D2)
 $:= \{Oeq := \text{fun } f g \Rightarrow \forall x, f x \equiv g x; Ole := \text{fun } f g \Rightarrow \forall x, f x \leq g x\}$.

Defined.

Lemma fcont_le_intro : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (f g : D1 -c> D2)$,
 $(\forall x, f x \leq g x) \rightarrow f \leq g$.

Lemma fcont_le_elim : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (f g : D1 -c> D2)$,
 $f \leq g \rightarrow \forall x, f x \leq g x$.

Lemma fcont_eq_intro : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (f g : D1 -c> D2)$,
 $(\forall x, f x \equiv g x) \rightarrow f \equiv g$.

Lemma fcont_eq_elim : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (f g : D1 -c> D2)$,
 $f \equiv g \rightarrow \forall x, f x \equiv g x$.

Lemma fcont_le : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (f : D1 -c> D2) (x y : D1)$,
 $x \leq y \rightarrow f x \leq f y$.

Hint Resolve @fcont_le.

Lemma fcont_eq : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\} (f : D1 -c> D2) (x y : D1)$,
 $x \equiv y \rightarrow f x \equiv f y$.

Hint Resolve @fcont_eq.

Definition fcont0 D1 ‘{c1:cpo D1} D2 ‘{c2:cpo D2} : $D1 -c> D2 := \text{cont } (\text{mon } (\text{cte } D1 (0:D2)))$.

Instance fcontm_monotonic : $\forall \{c1:\text{cpo } D1\} \{c2:\text{cpo } D2\}$,
 monotonic ($fcontm (D1:=D1) (D2:=D2)$).

Save.

Definition $Fcontm D1 \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle D2 \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle : (D1 -c> D2) -m> (D1 -m> D2) :=$
 $mon (fcontm (D1:=D1) (D2:=D2)).$

Instance $fcont_lub_continuous :$

$\forall \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle (f:nat -m> (D1 -c> D2)),$
 $continuous (lub (D:=D1 -m> D2) (Fcontm D1 D2 @ f)).$

Save.

Definition $fcont_lub \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle : (nat -m> (D1 -c> D2)) \rightarrow D1 -c> D2 :=$
 $fun f \Rightarrow cont (lub (D:=D1 -m> D2) (Fcontm D1 D2 @ f)).$

Instance $fcont_cpo \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle : cpo (D1-c> D2) :=$
 $\{D0:=fcont0 D1 D2; lub:=fcont_lub (D1:=D1) (D2:=D2)\}.$

Defined.

Definition $fcont_app \{O\} \{o:ord O\} \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle (f: O -m> D1 -c> D2) (x:D1) : O -m> D2$
 $:= mshift (Fcontm D1 D2 @ f) x.$

Infix " $<->$ " := $fcont_app$ (at level 70) : O_scope .

Lemma $fcont_app_simpl : \forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle (f: O -m> D1 -c> D2) (x:D1) (y:O),$
 $(f <-> x) y = f y x.$

Instance $ishift_continuous :$

$\forall \{A:\text{Type}\} \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle (f: A \rightarrow (D1 -c> D2)),$
 $continuous (ishift f).$

Qed.

Definition $fcont_ishift \{A:\text{Type}\} \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle (f: A \rightarrow (D1 -c> D2))$
 $: D1 -c> (A \rightarrow D2) := cont_ (fcontinuous:=ishift_continuous f).$

Instance $mshift_continuous : \forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle (f: O -m> (D1 -c> D2)),$
 $continuous (mshift (Fcontm D1 D2 @ f)).$

Save.

Definition $fcont_mshift \{O\} \{o:ord O\} \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle (f: O -m> (D1 -c> D2))$
 $: D1 -c> O -m> D2 := cont (mshift (Fcontm D1 D2 @ f)).$

Lemma $fcont_app_continuous :$

$\forall \{O\} \{o:ord O\} \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle (f: O -m> D1 -c> D2) (h:nat -m> D1),$
 $f <-> (lub h) \leq lub (D:=O -m> D2) ((fcont_mshift f) @ h).$

Lemma $fcont_lub_simpl : \forall \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle (h:nat -m> D1 -c> D2) (x:D1),$
 $lub h x = lub (h <-> x).$

Instance $cont_app_monotonic : \forall \{o1:ord D1\} \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle \langle c3:cpo D3 \rangle (f:D1 -m> D2 -m> D3)$
 $(p:\forall k, continuous (f k)),$
 $monotonic (Ob:=D2 -c> D3) (\text{fun } (k:D1) \Rightarrow cont_ (fcontinuous:=p k)).$

Qed.

Definition $cont_app \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle \langle c3:cpo D3 \rangle (f:D1 -m> D2 -m> D3)$
 $(p:\forall k, continuous (f k)) : D1 -m> (D2 -c> D3)$
 $:= mon (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow cont (f k) (fcontinuous:=p k)).$

Lemma $cont_app_simpl :$

$\forall \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle \langle c3:cpo D3 \rangle (f:D1 -m> D2 -m> D3) (p:\forall k, continuous (f k))$
 $(k:D1), cont_app f p k = cont (f k).$

Instance $cont2_continuous \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle \langle c3:cpo D3 \rangle (f:D1 -m> D2 -m> D3)$
 $(p:continuous2 f) : continuous (cont_app f (continuous2_app f)).$

Qed.

Definition $cont2 \langle c1:cpo D1 \rangle \langle c2:cpo D2 \rangle \langle c3:cpo D3 \rangle (f:D1 -m> D2 -m> D3)$
 $(p:continuous2 f) : D1 -c> (D2 -c> D3)$
 $:= cont (cont_app f (continuous2_app f)).$

```

Instance Fcontm_continuous '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} : continuous (Fcontm D1 D2).
Save.
Hint Resolve @Fcontm_continuous.

Instance fcont_comp_continuous : ∀ '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} '{c3:cpo D3}
  (f:D2 -c> D3) (g:D1 -c> D2), continuous (f @ g).
Save.

Definition fcont_comp '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} '{c3:cpo D3} (f:D2 -c> D3) (g:D1 -c> D2)
  : D1 -c> D3 := cont (f @ g).

Infix "@_" := fcont_comp (at level 35) : O_scope.

Lemma fcont_comp_simpl : ∀ '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} '{c3:cpo D3}
  (f:D2 -c> D3)(g:D1 -c> D2) (x:D1), (f @_ g) x = f (g x).

Lemma fcontm_fcont_comp_simpl : ∀ '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} '{c3:cpo D3}
  (f:D2 -c> D3)(g:D1 -c> D2), fcontm (f @_ g) = f @ g.

Lemma fcont_comp_le_compat : ∀ '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} '{c3:cpo D3}
  (f g : D2 -c> D3) (k l :D1 -c> D2),
  f ≤ g → k ≤ l → f @_ k ≤ g @_ l.

Hint Resolve @fcont_comp_le_compat.

Add Parametric Morphism '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} '{c3:cpo D3}
  : (@fcont_comp _ _ c1 _ _ c2 _ _ c3)
    with signature Ole ++> Ole ++> Ole as fcont_comp_le_morph.
Save.

Add Parametric Morphism '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} '{c3:cpo D3}
  : (@fcont_comp _ _ c1 _ _ c2 _ _ c3)
    with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq as fcont_comp_eq_compat.
Save.

Definition fcont_Comp D1 '{c1:cpo D1} D2 '{c2:cpo D2} D3 '{c3:cpo D3}
  : (D2 -c> D3) -m> (D1 -c> D2) -m> D1 -c> D3
  := mon2 _ (mf:=fcont_comp_le_compat (D1:=D1) (D2:=D2) (D3:=D3)).

Lemma fcont_Comp_simpl : ∀ '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} '{c3:cpo D3}
  (f:D2 -c> D3) (g:D1 -c> D2), fcont_Comp D1 D2 D3 f g = f @_ g.

Instance fcont_Comp_continuous2
  : ∀ '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} '{c3:cpo D3}, continuous2 (fcont_Comp D1 D2 D3).
Save.

Definition fcont_COMP D1 '{c1:cpo D1} D2 '{c2:cpo D2} D3 '{c3:cpo D3}
  : (D2 -c> D3) -c> (D1 -c> D2) -c> D1 -c> D3
  := cont2 (fcont_Comp D1 D2 D3).

Lemma fcont_COMP_simpl : ∀ '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} '{c3:cpo D3}
  (f: D2 -c> D3) (g:D1 -c> D2),
  fcont_COMP D1 D2 D3 f g = f @_ g.

Definition fcont2_COMP D1 '{c1:cpo D1} D2 '{c2:cpo D2} D3 '{c3:cpo D3} D4 '{c4:cpo D4}
  : (D3 -c> D4) -c> (D1 -c> D2 -c> D3) -c> D1 -c> D2 -c> D4 :=
  (fcont_Comp D1 (D2 -c> D3) (D2 -c> D4)) @_ (fcont_Comp D2 D3 D4).

Definition fcont2_comp '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} '{c3:cpo D3} '{c4:cpo D4}
  (f:D3 -c> D4)(F:D1 -c> D2 -c> D3) := fcont2_COMP D1 D2 D3 D4 f F.

Infix "@@_" := fcont2_comp (at level 35) : O_scope.

Lemma fcont2_comp_simpl : ∀ '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} '{c3:cpo D3} '{c4:cpo D4}
  (f:D3 -c> D4)(F:D1 -c> D2 -c> D3)(x:D1)(y:D2), (f @@_ F) x y = f (F x y).

Lemma fcont_le_compat2 : ∀ '{c1:cpo D1} '{c2:cpo D2} '{c3:cpo D3} (f : D1 -c> D2 -c> D3)
  (x y : D1) (z t : D2), x ≤ y → z ≤ t → f x z ≤ f y t.

```

```

Hint Resolve @fcont_le_compat2.

Lemma fcont_eq_compat2 : ∀ {c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} ‘{c3:cpo D3} (f : D1 -c> D2 -c> D3)
  (x y : D1) (z t : D2), x ≡ y → z ≡ t → f x z ≡ f y t.

Hint Resolve @fcont_eq_compat2.

Lemma fcont_continuous : ∀ {c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} (f:D1 -c> D2)(h:nat -m> D1),
  f (lub h) ≤ lub (f @ h).

Hint Resolve @fcont_continuous.

Instance fcont_continuous2 : ∀ {c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} ‘{c3:cpo D3}
  (f:D1 -c> D2 -c> D3), continuous2 (Fcontm D2 D3 @ f).

Save.

Hint Resolve @fcont_continuous2.

Instance cshift_continuous2 : ∀ {c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} ‘{c3:cpo D3}
  (f:D1 -c> D2 -c> D3), continuous2 (mshift (Fcontm D2 D3 @ f)).

Save.

Hint Resolve @cshift_continuous2.

Definition cshift ‘{c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} ‘{c3:cpo D3} (f:D1 -c> D2 -c> D3)
  : D2 -c> D1 -c> D3 := cont2 (mshift (Fcontm D2 D3 @ f)).

Lemma cshift_simpl : ∀ {c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} ‘{c3:cpo D3}
  (f:D1 -c> D2 -c> D3) (x:D2) (y:D1), cshift f x y = f y x.

Definition fcont_SEQ D1 ‘{c1:cpo D1} D2 ‘{c2:cpo D2} D3 ‘{c3:cpo D3}
  : (D1 -c> D2) -c> (D2 -c> D3) -c> D1 -c> D3 := cshift (fcont_COMP D1 D2 D3).

Lemma fcont_SEQ_simpl : ∀ {c1:cpo D1} ‘{c2:cpo D2} ‘{c3:cpo D3}
  (f: D1 -c> D2) (g:D2 -c> D3), fcont_SEQ D1 D2 D3 f g = g @_- f.

Instance Id_mon : ∀ {o1:ord Oa}, monotonic (fun x:Oa => x).

Save.

Definition Id Oa {o1:ord Oa} : Oa -m> Oa := mon (fun x => x).

Lemma Id_simpl : ∀ {o1:ord Oa} (x:Oa), Id Oa x = x.

```

2.10 Fixpoints

```

Fixpoint iter_ {D} {o} ‘{c: @cpo D o} (f : D -m> D) n {struct n} : D
  := match n with O ⇒ 0 | S m ⇒ f (iter_ f m) end.

Lemma iter_incr : ∀ {c: cpo D} (f : D -m> D) n, iter_ f n ≤ f (iter_ f n).

Hint Resolve @iter_incr.

Instance iter_mon : ∀ {c: cpo D} (f : D -m> D), monotonic (iter_ f).

Save.

Definition iter ‘{c: cpo D} (f : D -m> D) : nat -m> D := mon (iter_ f).

Definition fixp ‘{c: cpo D} (f : D -m> D) : D := mlub (iter_ f).

Lemma fixp_le : ∀ {c: cpo D} (f : D -m> D), fixp f ≤ f (fixp f).

Hint Resolve @fixp_le.

Lemma fixp_eq : ∀ {c: cpo D} (f : D -m> D) {mf:continuous f},
  fixp f ≡ f (fixp f).

Lemma fixp_inv : ∀ {c: cpo D} (f : D -m> D) g, f g ≤ g → fixp f ≤ g.

Definition fixp_cte : ∀ {c:cpo D} (d:D), fixp (mon (cte D d)) ≡ d.

Save.

Hint Resolve @fixp_cte.

Lemma fixp_le_compat : ∀ {c:cpo D} (f g : D -m> D),

```

$f \leq g \rightarrow \text{fixp } f \leq \text{fixp } g.$
 Hint Resolve @fixp_le_compat.
 Instance fixp_monotonic ‘{c:cpo D} : monotonic fixp.
 Save.
 Add Parametric Morphism ‘{c:cpo D} : (fixp (c:=c))
 with signature Oeq ==> Oeq as fixp_eq_compat.
 Save.
 Hint Resolve @fixp_eq_compat.
 Definition Fixp D ‘{c:cpo D} : (D -m> D) -m> D := mon fixp.
 Lemma Fixp_simpl : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (f:D-m>D), Fixp D f = fixp f.
 Instance iter_monotonic ‘{c:cpo D} : monotonic iter.
 Save.
 Definition Iter D ‘{c:cpo D} : (D -m> D) -m> (nat -m> D) := mon iter.
 Lemma IterS_simpl : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} f n, Iter D f (S n) = f (Iter D f n).
 Lemma iterO_simpl : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (f: D-m> D), iter f O = (0:D).
 Lemma iterS_simpl : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} f n, iter f (S n) = f (iter f n).
 Lemma iter_continuous : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (h : nat -m> (D -m> D)),
 (∀ n, continuous (h n)) → iter (lub h) ≤ lub (mon iter @ h).
 Hint Resolve @iter_continuous.
 Lemma iter_continuous_eq : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (h : nat -m> (D -m> D)),
 (∀ n, continuous (h n)) → iter (lub h) ≡ lub (mon iter @ h).
 Lemma fixp_continuous : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (h : nat -m> (D -m> D)),
 (∀ n, continuous (h n)) → fixp (lub h) ≤ lub (mon fixp @ h).
 Hint Resolve @fixp_continuous.
 Lemma fixp_continuous_eq : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (h : nat -m> (D -m> D)),
 (∀ n, continuous (h n)) → fixp (lub h) ≡ lub (mon fixp @ h).
 Definition Fixp_cont D ‘{c:cpo D} : (D -c> D) -m> D := Fixp D @ (Fcontm D D).
 Lemma Fixp_cont_simpl : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (f:D -c> D), Fixp_cont D f = fixp (fcontm f).
 Instance Fixp_cont_continuous : ∀ D ‘{c:cpo D}, continuous (Fixp_cont D).
 Save.
 Definition FIXP D ‘{c:cpo D} : (D -c> D) -c> D := cont (Fixp_cont D).
 Lemma FIXP_simpl : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (f:D -c> D), FIXP D f = Fixp D (fcontm f).
 Lemma FIXP_le_compat : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (f g : D -c> D),
 f ≤ g → FIXP D f ≤ FIXP D g.
 Hint Resolve @FIXP_le_compat.
 Lemma FIXP_eq_compat : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (f g : D -c> D),
 f ≡ g → FIXP D f ≡ FIXP D g.
 Hint Resolve @FIXP_eq_compat.
 Lemma FIXP_eq : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (f:D -c> D), FIXP D f ≡ f (FIXP D f).
 Hint Resolve @FIXP_eq.
 Lemma FIXP_inv : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (f:D -c> D) (g : D), f g ≤ g → FIXP D f ≤ g.

2.10.1 Iteration of functional

Lemma FIXP_comp_com : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (f g:D-c>D),
 g @_- f ≤ f @_- g → FIXP D g ≤ f (FIXP D g).
 Lemma FIXP_comp : ∀ ‘{c:cpo D} (f g:D-c>D),

```

 $g @_- f \leq f @_- g \rightarrow f (\text{FIXP } D g) \leq \text{FIXP } D g \rightarrow \text{FIXP } D (f @_- g) \equiv \text{FIXP } D g.$ 
Fixpoint fcont_compn {D} {o} ‘{c:@cpo D o}(f:D -c> D) (n:nat) {struct n} : D -c> D :=
  match n with O ⇒ f | S p ⇒ fcont_compn f p @_- f end.

```

Lemma fcont_compn_Sn_simpl :

$$\forall ‘{c:cpo D}(f:D -c> D) (n:nat), fcont_compn f (S n) = fcont_compn f n @_- f.$$

Lemma fcont_compn_com : $\forall ‘{c:cpo D}(f:D -c> D) (n:nat),$
 $f @_- (fcont_compn f n) \leq fcont_compn f n @_- f.$

Lemma FIXP_compn :

$$\forall ‘{c:cpo D}(f:D -c> D) (n:nat), \text{FIXP } D (fcont_compn f n) \equiv \text{FIXP } D f.$$

Lemma fixp_double : $\forall ‘{c:cpo D}(f:D -c> D), \text{FIXP } D (f @_- f) \equiv \text{FIXP } D f.$

2.10.2 Induction principle

Definition admissible ‘{c:cpo D}(P:D → Type) :=
 $\forall f : nat -m> D, (\forall n, P (f n)) \rightarrow P (\text{lub } f).$

Lemma fixp_ind : $\forall ‘{c:cpo D}(F:D -m> D)(P:D \rightarrow \text{Type}),$
 $\text{admissible } P \rightarrow P 0 \rightarrow (\forall x, P x \rightarrow P (F x)) \rightarrow P (\text{fixp } F).$

Definition admissible2 ‘{c1:cpo D1}‘{c2:cpo D2}(R:D1 → D2 → Type) :=
 $\forall (f : nat -m> D1) (g:nat -m> D2), (\forall n, R (f n) (g n)) \rightarrow R (\text{lub } f) (\text{lub } g).$

Lemma fixp_ind_rel : $\forall ‘{c1:cpo D1}‘{c2:cpo D2}(F:D1 -m> D1) (G:D2 -m> D2)$
 $(R:D1 \rightarrow D2 \rightarrow \text{Type}),$
 $\text{admissible2 } R \rightarrow R 0 0 \rightarrow (\forall x y, R x y \rightarrow R (F x) (G y)) \rightarrow R (\text{fixp } F) (\text{fixp } G).$

Lemma lub_le_fixp : $\forall ‘{c1:cpo D1}‘{c2:cpo D2}(f:D1 -m> D2) (F:D1 -m> D1)$
 $(s:nat -m> D2),$
 $s O \leq f 0 \rightarrow (\forall x n, s n \leq f x \rightarrow s (S n) \leq f (F x))$
 $\rightarrow \text{lub } s \leq f (\text{fixp } F).$

Lemma fixp_le_lub : $\forall ‘{c1:cpo D1}‘{c2:cpo D2}(f:D1 -m> D2) (F:D1 -m> D1)$
 $(s:nat -m> D2) \{fc:continuous f\},$
 $f 0 \leq s O \rightarrow (\forall x n, f x \leq s n \rightarrow f (F x) \leq s (S n)) \rightarrow f (\text{fixp } F) \leq \text{lub } s.$

Ltac continuity cont Cont Hcont:=
 match goal with
 | $\vdash (\text{Ole } ?x1 (\text{lub } (\text{mon } (\text{fun } (n:nat) \Rightarrow \text{cont } (@?g n)))))) \Rightarrow$
 | let f := fresh "f" in (
 | pose (f:=g); assert (monotonic f) ;
 | [auto | (transitivity (lub (Cont@(mon f))); [rewrite ← Hcont | auto])]
 |)
 end.

Ltac gen_monotonic :=
 match goal with $\vdash \text{context } [(@mon _ _ _ _ ?f ?mf)] \Rightarrow \text{generalize } (mf:\text{monotonic } f)$
 end.

Ltac gen_monotonic1 f :=
 match goal with $\vdash \text{context } [(@mon _ _ _ _ f ?mf)] \Rightarrow \text{generalize } (mf:\text{monotonic } f)$
 end.

2.10.3 Function for conditionnal choice defined as a morphism

Definition fif {A} (b:bool) : A → A → A := fun e1 e2 ⇒ if b then e1 else e2.

Instance fif_mon2 ‘{o:ord A} (b:bool) : monotonic2 (@fif _ b).

Save.

```

Definition Fif '{o:ord A} (b:bool) : A -m> A -m> A := mon2 (@fif _ b).

Lemma Fif_simpl : ∀ '{o:ord A} (b:bool) (x y:A), Fif b x y = fif b x y.

Lemma Fif_continuous_right '{c:cpo A} (b:bool) (e:A) : continuous (Fif b e).

Lemma Fif_continuous_left '{c:cpo A} (b:bool) : continuous (Fif (A:=A) b).

Hint Resolve @Fif_continuous_right @Fif_continuous_left.

Lemma fif_continuous_left '{c:cpo A} (b:bool) (f:nat-m> A):
  fif b (lub f) ≡ lub (Fif b @f).

Lemma fif_continuous_right '{c:cpo A} (b:bool) e (f:nat-m> A):
  fif b e (lub f) ≡ lub (Fif b e @f).

Hint Resolve @fif_continuous_right @fif_continuous_left.

Instance Fif_continuous2 '{c:cpo A} (b:bool) : continuous2 (Fif (A:=A) b).

Save.

Lemma fif_continuous2 '{c:cpo A} (b:bool) (f g : nat-m> A):
  fif b (lub f) (lub g) ≡ lub ((Fif b @2 f) g).

Add Parametric Morphism '{o:ord A} (b:bool) : (@fif A b)
with signature Ole ==> Ole ==> Ole
as fif_le_compat.

Save.

Add Parametric Morphism '{o:ord A} (b:bool) : (@fif A b)
with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
as fif_eq_compat.

Save.

```

3 Utheory.v: Specification of U , interval $[0,1]$

```

Require Export Misc.
Require Export Ccpo.
Set Implicit Arguments.
Open Local Scope O_scope.

```

3.1 Basic operators of U

- Constants : 0 and 1
- Constructor : $[1/1+] n (\equiv \frac{1}{n+1})$
- Operations : $x+y (= \min(x+y, 1))$, $x \times y$, $[1-] x$
- Relations : $x \leq y$, $x == y$

```

Module Type Universe.
Parameter U : Type.
Declare Instance ordU: ord U.
Declare Instance cpoU: cpo U.
Delimit Scope U_scope with U.

Parameters Uplus Umult Udiv: U → U → U.
Parameter Uinv : U → U.
Parameter Unth : nat → U.

Infix "+" := Uplus : U_scope.
Infix "*" := Umult : U_scope.
Infix "/" := Udiv : U_scope.

```

Notation "[1-] x" := (*Uinv* x) (at level 35, right associativity) : *U_scope*.

Notation "[1/]1+n" := (*Unth* n) (at level 35, right associativity) : *U_scope*.

Open Local Scope *U_scope*.

Definition *U1* : *U* := [1-] 0.

Notation "1" := *U1* : *U_scope*.

3.2 Basic Properties

Hypothesis *Udiff_0_1* : $\sim 0 == 1$.

Hypothesis *Uplus_sym* : $\forall x y: U, x + y == y + x$.

Hypothesis *Uplus_assoc* : $\forall x y z: U, x + (y + z) == x + y + z$.

Hypothesis *Uplus_zero_left* : $\forall x: U, 0 + x == x$.

Hypothesis *Umult_sym* : $\forall x y: U, x \times y == y \times x$.

Hypothesis *Umult_assoc* : $\forall x y z: U, x \times (y \times z) == x \times y \times z$.

Hypothesis *Umult_one_left* : $\forall x: U, 1 \times x == x$.

Hypothesis *Uinv_one* : [1-] $1 == 0$.

Hypothesis *Umult_div* : $\forall x y, \neg 0 == y \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow y \times (x/y) == x$.

Hypothesis *Udiv_le_one* : $\forall x y, \neg 0 == y \rightarrow y \leq x \rightarrow (x/y) == 1$.

Hypothesis *Udiv_by_zero* : $\forall x y, 0 == y \rightarrow (x/y) == 0$.

- Property : $1 - (x + y) + x = 1 - y$ holds when $x+y$ does not overflow

Hypothesis *Uinv_plus_left* : $\forall x y, y \leq [1-] x \rightarrow [1-] (x + y) + x == [1-] y$.

- Property : $(x + y) \times z = x \times z + y \times z$ holds when $x+y$ does not overflow

Hypothesis *Udistr_plus_right* : $\forall x y z, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow (x + y) \times z == x \times z + y \times z$.

- Property : $1 - (x y) = (1 - x) \times y + (1-y)$

Hypothesis *Udistr_inv_right* : $\forall x y: U, [1-] (x \times y) == ([1-] x) \times y + [1-] y$.

- Totality of the order

Hypothesis *Ule_class* : $\forall x y: U, \text{class } (x \leq y)$.

Hypothesis *Ule_total* : $\forall x y: U, \text{orc } (x \leq y) (y \leq x)$.

Implicit Arguments *Ule_total* [].

- The relation $x \leq y$ is compatible with operators

Declare Instance *Uplus_mon_right* : $\forall x, \text{monotonic } (\text{Uplus } x)$.

Declare Instance *Umult_mon_right* : $\forall x, \text{monotonic } (\text{Umult } x)$.

Hypothesis *Uinv_le_compat* : $\forall x y: U, x \leq y \rightarrow [1-] y \leq [1-] x$.

- Properties of simplification in case there is no overflow

Hypothesis *Uplus_le_simpl_right* : $\forall x y z, z \leq [1-] x \rightarrow x + z \leq y + z \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Hypothesis *Umult_le_simpl_left* : $\forall x y z: U, \neg 0 == z \rightarrow z \times x \leq z \times y \rightarrow x \leq y$.

- Property of *Unth*: $1 / n+1 == 1 - n \times (1/n+1)$

Hypothesis *Unth_prop* : $\forall n, [1/]1+n == [1-](\text{comprn } \text{Uplus } 0 (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow [1/]1+n) n)$.

- Archimedian property

Hypothesis *archimedian* : $\forall x, \sim 0 == x \rightarrow \text{exc } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow [1/]1+n \leq x)$.

- Stability properties of lubs with respect to + and \times

Hypothesis *Uplus_right_continuous* : $\forall k, \text{continuous } (\text{mon } (\text{Uplus } k))$.

Hypothesis *Umult_right_continuous* : $\forall k, \text{continuous } (\text{mon } (\text{Umult } k))$.

End *Universe*.

Declare Module *Univ*:*Universe*.

Export *Univ*.

Hint Resolve *Udiff_0_1 Unth_prop*.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_sym Uplus_assoc Umult_sym Umult_assoc*.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_one Uinv_plus_left Umult_div Udiv_le_one Udiv_by_zero*.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_zero_left Umult_one_left Udistri_plus_right Udistri_inv_right*.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_mon_right Umult_mon_right Uinv_le_compat*.

Hint Resolve *lub_le le_lub Uplus_right_continuous Umult_right_continuous*.

Hint Resolve *Ule_total Ule_class*.

4 Uprop.v : Properties of operators on [0,1]

Add Rec LoadPath "." as *ALEA*.

Set Implicit Arguments.

Require Export *Utheory*.

Require Export *Arith*.

Require Export *Omega*.

Open Local Scope *U_scope*.

Notation "[1/] n" := (*Unth* (*pred* *n*)) (at level 35, right associativity).

4.1 Direct consequences of axioms

Lemma *Uplus_le_compat_right* : $\forall x y z:U, y \leq z \rightarrow x + y \leq x + z$.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_le_compat_right*.

Instance *Uplus_mon2* : *monotonic2* *Uplus*.

Save.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_mon2*.

Lemma *Uplus_le_compat_left* : $\forall x y z:U, x \leq y \rightarrow x + z \leq y + z$.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_le_compat_left*.

Lemma *Uplus_le_compat* : $\forall x y z t, x \leq y \rightarrow z \leq t \rightarrow x + z \leq y + t$.

Hint Immediate *Uplus_le_compat*.

Lemma *Uplus_eq_compat_left* : $\forall x y z:U, x == y \rightarrow x + z == y + z$.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_eq_compat_left*.

Lemma *Uplus_eq_compat_right* : $\forall x y z:U, x == y \rightarrow (z + x) == (z + y)$.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_eq_compat_left Uplus_eq_compat_right*.

Add Morphism *Uplus* with signature *Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq* as *Uplus_eq_compat*.

Qed.

Hint Immediate *Uplus_eq_compat*.

Add Morphism *Uinv* with signature *Oeq ==> Oeq* as *Uinv_eq_compat*.

Qed.

```

Hint Resolve Uinv_eq_compat.

Lemma Uplus_zero_right : ∀ x:U, x + 0 == x.
Hint Resolve Uplus_zero_right.

Lemma Uinv_opp_left : ∀ x, [1-] x + x == 1.
Hint Resolve Uinv_opp_left.

Lemma Uinv_opp_right : ∀ x, x + [1-] x == 1.
Hint Resolve Uinv_opp_right.

Lemma Uinv_inv : ∀ x : U, [1-] [1-] x == x.
Hint Resolve Uinv_inv.

Lemma Unit : ∀ x:U, x ≤ 1.
Hint Resolve Unit.

Lemma Uinv_zero : [1-] 0 = 1.

Lemma Ueq_class : ∀ x y:U, class (x==y).

Lemma Ueq_double_neg : ∀ x y : U, ¬¬ (x == y) → x == y.
Hint Resolve Ueq_class.

Hint Immediate Ueq_double_neg.

Lemma Ule_orc : ∀ x y : U, orc (x≤y) (¬ x≤y).
Implicit Arguments Ule_orc [].

Lemma Ueq_orc : ∀ x y:U, orc (x==y) (¬ x==y).
Implicit Arguments Ueq_orc [].

Lemma Upos : ∀ x:U, 0 ≤ x.

Lemma Ule_0_1 : 0 ≤ 1.
Hint Resolve Upos Ule_0_1.

```

4.2 Properties of == derived from properties of ≤

```

Definition UPlus : U -m> U -m> U := mon2 Uplus.

Definition UPlus_simpl : ∀ x y, UPlus x y = x+y.
Save.

Instance Uplus_continuous2 : continuous2 (mon2 Uplus).
Save.

Hint Resolve Uplus_continuous2.

Lemma Uplus_lub_eq : ∀ f g : nat -m> U,
    lub f + lub g == lub ((UPlus @2 f) g).

Lemma Umult_le_compat_right : ∀ x y z:U, y ≤ z → x × y ≤ x × z.
Hint Resolve Umult_le_compat_right.

Instance Umult_mon2 : monotonic2 Umult.
Save.

Lemma Umult_le_compat_left : ∀ x y z:U, x ≤ y → x × z ≤ y × z.
Hint Resolve Umult_le_compat_left.

Lemma Umult_le_compat : ∀ x y z t, x ≤ y → z ≤ t → x × z ≤ y × t.
Hint Immediate Umult_le_compat.

Definition UMult : U -m> U -m> U := mon2 Umult.

Lemma Umult_eq_compat_left : ∀ x y z:U, x == y → (x × z) == (y × z).
Hint Resolve Umult_eq_compat_left.

Lemma Umult_eq_compat_right : ∀ x y z:U, x == y → (z × x) == (z × y).

```

```

Hint Resolve Umult_eq_compat_left Umult_eq_compat_right.
Definition UMult_simpl :  $\forall x y, \text{UMult } x y = x \times y$ .
Save.

Instance Umult_continuous2 : continuous2 (mon2 Umult).
Save.
Hint Resolve Umult_continuous2.

Lemma Umult_lub_eq :  $\forall f g : \text{nat} \text{-} m\text{-} > U,$ 
 $\text{lub } f \times \text{lub } g == \text{lub } ((\text{UMult } @2 f) g)$ .
Lemma Umultk_lub_eq :  $\forall (k:U) (f : \text{nat} \text{-} m\text{-} > U),$ 
 $k \times \text{lub } f == \text{lub } (\text{UMult } k @ f)$ .

```

4.3 U is a setoid

```

Add Morphism Umult with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
as Umult_eq_compat.
Qed.
```

```

Hint Immediate Umult_eq_compat.
Instance Uinv_mon : monotonic (o1:=Iord U) Uinv.
Save.

Definition UIInv :  $U \text{-} m\text{-} > U := \text{mon } (\text{o1} := \text{Iord } U) \text{ } U\text{inv}$ .
Definition UIInv_simpl :  $\forall x, \text{UIInv } x = [1\text{-}]x$ .
Save.
```

```

Lemma Ule_eq_compat :
 $\forall x1 x2 : U, x1 == x2 \rightarrow \forall x3 x4 : U, x3 == x4 \rightarrow x1 \leq x3 \rightarrow x2 \leq x4$ .
```

4.4 Properties of $x < y$ on \mathbf{U}

```

Lemma Ult_class :  $\forall x y, \text{class } (x < y)$ .
Hint Resolve Ult_class.

Lemma Ult_notle_equiv :  $\forall x y:U, x < y \leftrightarrow \neg (y \leq x)$ .
Lemma notUle_lt :  $\forall x y:U, \neg (y \leq x) \rightarrow x < y$ .
Hint Immediate notUle_lt.

Lemma notUlt_le :  $\forall x y, \neg x < y \rightarrow y \leq x$ .
Hint Immediate notUlt_le.
```

4.4.1 Properties of $x \leq y$

```

Lemma notUle_le :  $\forall x y:U, \neg (y \leq x) \rightarrow x \leq y$ .
Hint Immediate notUle_le.

Lemma Ule_zero_eq :  $\forall x:U, x \leq 0 \rightarrow x == 0$ .
Lemma Uge_one_eq :  $\forall x:U, 1 \leq x \rightarrow x == 1$ .
Hint Immediate Ule_zero_eq Uge_one_eq.
```

4.4.2 Properties of $x < y$

```

Lemma Ult_neq_zero :  $\forall x, \neg 0 == x \rightarrow 0 < x$ .
Lemma Ult_neq_one :  $\forall x, \neg 1 == x \rightarrow x < 1$ .
```

```

Hint Resolve Ule_total Ult_neq_zero Ult_neq_one.

Lemma not_Ult_eq_zero :  $\forall x, \neg 0 < x \rightarrow 0 == x$ .
Lemma not_Ult_eq_one :  $\forall x, \neg x < 1 \rightarrow 1 == x$ .
Hint Immediate not_Ult_eq_zero not_Ult_eq_one.

Lemma Ule_lt_orc_eq :  $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow orc(x < y) (x == y)$ .
Hint Resolve Ule_lt_orc_eq.

Lemma Udiff_lt_orc :  $\forall x y, \neg x == y \rightarrow orc(x < y) (y < x)$ .
Hint Resolve Udiff_lt_orc.

Lemma Uplus_pos_elim :  $\forall x y,$   

 $0 < x + y \rightarrow orc(0 < x) (0 < y)$ .

```

4.5 Properties of $+$ and \times

```

Lemma Udistr_plus_left :  $\forall x y z, y \leq [1-] z \rightarrow x \times (y + z) == x \times y + x \times z$ .
Lemma Udistr_inv_left :  $\forall x y, [1-](x \times y) == (x \times ([1-] y)) + [1-] x$ .
Hint Resolve Uinv_eq_compat Udistr_plus_left Udistr_inv_left.

Lemma Uplus_perm2 :  $\forall x y z:U, x + (y + z) == y + (x + z)$ .
Lemma Umult_perm2 :  $\forall x y z:U, x \times (y \times z) == y \times (x \times z)$ .
Lemma Uplus_perm3 :  $\forall x y z : U, (x + (y + z)) == z + (x + y)$ .
Lemma Umult_perm3 :  $\forall x y z : U, (x \times (y \times z)) == z \times (x \times y)$ .
Hint Resolve Uplus_perm2 Umult_perm2 Uplus_perm3 Umult_perm3.

Lemma Uinv_simpl :  $\forall x y : U, [1-] x == [1-] y \rightarrow x == y$ .
Hint Immediate Uinv_simpl.

Lemma Umult_decomp :  $\forall x y, x == x \times y + x \times [1-] y$ .
Hint Resolve Umult_decomp.

```

4.6 More properties on $+$ and \times and $Uinv$

```

Lemma Umult_one_right :  $\forall x:U, x \times 1 == x$ .
Hint Resolve Umult_one_right.

Lemma Umult_one_right_eq :  $\forall x y:U, y == 1 \rightarrow x \times y == x$ .
Hint Resolve Umult_one_right_eq.

Lemma Umult_one_left_eq :  $\forall x y:U, x == 1 \rightarrow x \times y == y$ .
Hint Resolve Umult_one_left_eq.

Lemma Udistr_plus_left_le :  $\forall x y z : U, x \times (y + z) \leq x \times y + x \times z$ .
Lemma Uplus_eq_simpl_right :  

 $\forall x y z:U, z \leq [1-] x \rightarrow z \leq [1-] y \rightarrow (x + z) == (y + z) \rightarrow x == y$ .
Lemma Ule_plus_right :  $\forall x y, x \leq x + y$ .
Lemma Ule_plus_left :  $\forall x y, y \leq x + y$ .
Hint Resolve Ule_plus_right Ule_plus_left.

Lemma Ule_mult_right :  $\forall x y, x \times y \leq x$ .
Lemma Ule_mult_left :  $\forall x y, x \times y \leq y$ .
Hint Resolve Ule_mult_right Ule_mult_left.

Lemma Uinv_le_perm_right :  $\forall x y:U, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow y \leq [1-] x$ .
Hint Immediate Uinv_le_perm_right.

```

Lemma *Uinv_le_perm_left* : $\forall x y:U, [1-] x \leq y \rightarrow [1-] y \leq x.$

Hint Immediate *Uinv_le_perm_left*.

Lemma *Uinv_le_simpl* : $\forall x y:U, [1-] x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow y \leq x.$

Hint Immediate *Uinv_le_simpl*.

Lemma *Uinv_double_le_simpl_right* : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow x \leq [1-][1-]y.$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_double_le_simpl_right*.

Lemma *Uinv_double_le_simpl_left* : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow [1-][1-]x \leq y.$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_double_le_simpl_left*.

Lemma *Uinv_eq_perm_left* : $\forall x y:U, x == [1-] y \rightarrow [1-] x == y.$

Hint Immediate *Uinv_eq_perm_left*.

Lemma *Uinv_eq_perm_right* : $\forall x y:U, [1-] x == y \rightarrow x == [1-] y.$

Hint Immediate *Uinv_eq_perm_right*.

Lemma *Uinv_eq* : $\forall x y:U, x == [1-] y \leftrightarrow [1-] x == y.$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_eq*.

Lemma *Uinv_eq_simpl* : $\forall x y:U, [1-] x == [1-] y \rightarrow x == y.$

Hint Immediate *Uinv_eq_simpl*.

Lemma *Uinv_double_eq_simpl_right* : $\forall x y, x == y \rightarrow x == [1-][1-]y.$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_double_eq_simpl_right*.

Lemma *Uinv_double_eq_simpl_left* : $\forall x y, x == y \rightarrow [1-][1-]x == y.$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_double_eq_simpl_left*.

Lemma *Uinv_plus_right* : $\forall x y, y \leq [1-] x \rightarrow [1-] (x + y) + y == [1-] x.$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_plus_right*.

Lemma *Uplus_eq_simpl_left* :

$\forall x y z:U, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow x \leq [1-] z \rightarrow (x + y) == (x + z) \rightarrow y == z.$

Lemma *Uplus_eq_zero_left* : $\forall x y:U, (x \leq [1-] y) \rightarrow (x + y) == y \rightarrow x == 0.$

Lemma *Uplus_le_zero_left* : $\forall x y:U, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow (x + y) \leq y \rightarrow x == 0.$

Lemma *Uplus_le_zero_right* : $\forall x y:U, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow (x + y) \leq x \rightarrow y == 0.$

Lemma *Uinv_le_trans* : $\forall x y z t, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow z \leq x \rightarrow t \leq y \rightarrow z \leq [1-] t.$

Lemma *Uinv_plus_left_le* : $\forall x y, [1-]y \leq [1-](x+y) + x.$

Lemma *Uinv_plus_right_le* : $\forall x y, [1-]x \leq [1-](x+y) + y.$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_plus_left_le* *Uinv_plus_right_le*.

4.7 Disequality

Lemma *neq_sym* : $\forall x y:U, \neg x == y \rightarrow \neg y == x.$

Hint Immediate *neq_sym*.

Lemma *Uinv_neq_compat* : $\forall x y, \neg x == y \rightarrow \neg [1-] x == [1-] y.$

Lemma *Uinv_neq_simpl* : $\forall x y, \neg [1-] x == [1-] y \rightarrow \neg x == y.$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_neq_compat*.

Hint Immediate *Uinv_neq_simpl*.

Lemma *Uinv_neq_left* : $\forall x y, \neg x == [1-] y \rightarrow \neg [1-] x == y.$

Lemma *Uinv_neq_right* : $\forall x y, \neg [1-] x == y \rightarrow \neg x == [1-] y.$

Hint Immediate *Uinv_neq_left* *Uinv_neq_right*.

4.7.1 Properties of $<$

Lemma $\text{Ult_0_1} : (0 < 1)$.

Hint Resolve Ult_0_1 .

Lemma $\text{Ule_neq_zero} : \forall (x\ y:U), \neg 0 == x \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow \neg 0 == y$.

Lemma $\text{Uplus_neq_zero_left} : \forall x\ y, \neg 0 == x \rightarrow \neg 0 == x + y$.

Lemma $\text{Uplus_neq_zero_right} : \forall x\ y, \neg 0 == y \rightarrow \neg 0 == x + y$.

Lemma $\text{Uplus_le_simpl_left} : \forall x\ y\ z : U, z \leq [1-] x \rightarrow z + x \leq z + y \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Lemma $\text{Uplus_lt_compat_left} : \forall x\ y\ z:U, z \leq [1-] y \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow (x + z) < (y + z)$.

Lemma $\text{Uplus_lt_compat_right} : \forall x\ y\ z:U, z \leq [1-] y \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow (z + x) < (z + y)$.

Hint Resolve $\text{Uplus_lt_compat_right}$ $\text{Uplus_lt_compat_left}$.

Lemma $\text{Uplus_one_le} : \forall x\ y, x + y == 1 \rightarrow [1-] y \leq x$.

Hint Immediate Uplus_one_le .

Lemma $\text{Uplus_one} : \forall x\ y, [1-] x \leq y \rightarrow x + y == 1$.

Hint Resolve Uplus_one .

Lemma $\text{Uplus_lt_Uinv_lt} : \forall x\ y, x + y < 1 \rightarrow x < [1-] y$.

Hint Resolve Uplus_lt_Uinv_lt .

Lemma $\text{Uplus_one_lt} : \forall x\ y, x < [1-] y \rightarrow x + y < 1$.

Hint Immediate Uplus_one_lt .

Lemma $\text{Uplus_lt_Uinv} : \forall x\ y, x + y < 1 \rightarrow x \leq [1-] y$.

Hint Immediate Uplus_lt_Uinv_lt .

Lemma $\text{Uplus_Uinv_one_lt} : \forall x\ y, x < y \rightarrow x + [1-] y < 1$.

Hint Immediate Uplus_Uinv_one_lt .

Lemma $\text{Uinv_lt_perm_right} : \forall x\ y, x < [1-] y \rightarrow y < [1-] x$.

Hint Immediate $\text{Uinv_lt_perm_right}$.

Lemma $\text{Uinv_lt_perm_left} : \forall x\ y, [1-] x < y \rightarrow [1-] y < x$.

Hint Immediate Uinv_lt_perm_left .

Lemma $\text{Uplus_lt_compat_left_lt} : \forall x\ y\ z:U, z < [1-] x \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow (x + z) < (y + z)$.

Lemma $\text{Uplus_lt_compat_right_lt} : \forall x\ y\ z:U, z < [1-] x \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow (z + x) < (z + y)$.

Lemma $\text{Uplus_le_lt_compat_lt} :$

$\forall x\ y\ z\ t:U, z < [1-] x \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow z < t \rightarrow (x + z) < (y + t)$.

Lemma $\text{Uplus_lt_le_compat_lt} :$

$\forall x\ y\ z\ t:U, z < [1-] x \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow z \leq t \rightarrow (x + z) < (y + t)$.

Lemma $\text{Uplus_le_lt_compat} :$

$\forall x\ y\ z\ t:U, t \leq [1-] y \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow z < t \rightarrow (x + z) < (y + t)$.

Lemma $\text{Uplus_lt_le_compat} :$

$\forall x\ y\ z\ t:U, t \leq [1-] y \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow z \leq t \rightarrow (x + z) < (y + t)$.

Hint Immediate $\text{Uplus_le_lt_compat_lt}$ $\text{Uplus_lt_le_compat_lt}$ $\text{Uplus_le_lt_compat}$ $\text{Uplus_lt_le_compat}$.

Lemma $\text{Uplus_lt_compat} :$

$\forall x\ y\ z\ t:U, t \leq [1-] y \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow z < t \rightarrow (x + z) < (y + t)$.

Hint Immediate Uplus_lt_compat .

Lemma $\text{Uplus_lt_compat_lt} :$

$\forall x\ y\ z\ t:U, z < [1-] x \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow z < t \rightarrow (x + z) < (y + t)$.

Hint Immediate $\text{Uplus_lt_compat_lt}$.

Lemma $\text{Ult_plus_left} : \forall x\ y\ z : U, x < y \rightarrow x < y + z$.

Lemma $\text{Ult_plus_right} : \forall x\ y\ z : U, x < z \rightarrow x < y + z$.

Hint Immediate *Ult_plus_left Ult_plus_right*.

Lemma *Uplus_lt_simpl_left* : $\forall x y z:U, z + x < z + y \rightarrow x < y$.

Lemma *Uplus_lt_simpl_right* : $\forall x y z:U, (x + z) < (y + z) \rightarrow x < y$.

Lemma *Uplus_eq_zero* : $\forall x, x < 1 \rightarrow (x + x) == x \rightarrow x == 0$.

Lemma *Umult_zero_left* : $\forall x, 0 \times x == 0$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_zero_left*.

Lemma *Umult_zero_right* : $\forall x, (x \times 0) == 0$.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_eq_zero Umult_zero_right*.

Lemma *Umult_zero_left_eq* : $\forall x y, x == 0 \rightarrow x \times y == 0$.

Lemma *Umult_zero_right_eq* : $\forall x y, y == 0 \rightarrow x \times y == 0$.

Lemma *Umult_zero_eq* : $\forall x y z, x == 0 \rightarrow x \times y == x \times z$.

4.7.2 Compatibility of operations with respect to order.

Lemma *Umult_le_simpl_right* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 == z \rightarrow (x \times z) \leq (y \times z) \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_le_simpl_right*.

Lemma *Umult_simpl_right* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 == z \rightarrow (x \times z) == (y \times z) \rightarrow x == y$.

Lemma *Umult_simpl_left* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 == x \rightarrow (x \times y) == (x \times z) \rightarrow y == z$.

Lemma *Umult_lt_compat_left* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 == z \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow (x \times z) < (y \times z)$.

Lemma *Umult_lt_compat_right* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 == z \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow (z \times x) < (z \times y)$.

Lemma *Umult_lt_simpl_right* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 == z \rightarrow (x \times z) < (y \times z) \rightarrow x < y$.

Lemma *Umult_lt_simpl_left* : $\forall x y z, \neg 0 == z \rightarrow (z \times x) < (z \times y) \rightarrow x < y$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_lt_compat_left Umult_lt_compat_right*.

Lemma *Umult_zero_simpl_right* : $\forall x y, 0 == x \times y \rightarrow \neg 0 == x \rightarrow 0 == y$.

Lemma *Umult_zero_simpl_left* : $\forall x y, 0 == x \times y \rightarrow \neg 0 == y \rightarrow 0 == x$.

Lemma *Umult_neq_zero* : $\forall x y, \neg 0 == x \rightarrow \neg 0 == y \rightarrow \neg 0 == x \times y$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_neq_zero*.

Lemma *Umult_lt_zero* : $\forall x y, 0 < x \rightarrow 0 < y \rightarrow 0 < x \times y$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_lt_zero*.

Lemma *Umult_lt_compat* : $\forall x y z t, x < y \rightarrow z < t \rightarrow x \times z < y \times t$.

4.7.3 More Properties

Lemma *Uplus_one_right* : $\forall x, x + 1 == 1$.

Lemma *Uplus_one_left* : $\forall x:U, 1 + x == 1$.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_one_right Uplus_one_left*.

Lemma *Uinv_mult_simpl* : $\forall x y z t, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow (x \times z) \leq [1-] (y \times t)$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_mult_simpl*.

Lemma *Umult_inv_plus* : $\forall x y, x \times [1-] y + y == x + y \times [1-] x$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_inv_plus*.

Lemma *Umult_inv_plus_le* : $\forall x y z, y \leq z \rightarrow x \times [1-] y + y \leq x \times [1-] z + z$.

Hint Resolve *Umult_inv_plus_le*.

Lemma *Uinv_lt_compat* : $\forall x y : U, x < y \rightarrow [1-] y < [1-] x$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_lt_compat*.

Lemma *Uinv_lt_simpl* : $\forall x y : U, [1-] y < [1-] x \rightarrow x < y$.

Hint Immediate *Uinv_lt_simpl*.

Lemma *Ult_inv_Uplus* : $\forall x y, x < [1-]y \rightarrow x + y < 1.$
 Hint Immediate *Uplus_lt_Uinv_Uinv_lt_perm_left Uinv_lt_perm_right Ult_inv_Uplus*.
 Lemma *Uinv_lt_one* : $\forall x, 0 < x \rightarrow [1-]x < 1.$
 Lemma *Uinv_lt_zero* : $\forall x, x < 1 \rightarrow 0 < [1-]x.$
 Hint Resolve *Uinv_lt_one Uinv_lt_zero*.
 Lemma *orc_inv_plus_one* : $\forall x y, \text{orc } (x <= [1-]y) \ (x + y == 1).$
 Lemma *Umult_lt_right* : $\forall p q, p < 1 \rightarrow 0 < q \rightarrow p \times q < q.$
 Lemma *Umult_lt_left* : $\forall p q, 0 < p \rightarrow q < 1 \rightarrow p \times q < p.$
 Hint Resolve *Umult_lt_right Umult_lt_left*.

4.8 Definition of x^n

Fixpoint *Uexp* ($x:U$) ($n:\text{nat}$) {struct n } : $U :=$
 match n with $0 \Rightarrow 1 \mid (S p) \Rightarrow x \times \text{Uexp } x \ p$ end.
 Infix " \wedge " := *Uexp* : *U_scope*.
 Lemma *Uexp_1* : $\forall x, x^1 == x.$
 Lemma *Uexp_0* : $\forall x, x^0 == 1.$
 Lemma *Uexp_zero* : $\forall n, (0 < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow 0^n == 0.$
 Lemma *Uexp_one* : $\forall n, 1^n == 1.$
 Lemma *Uexp_le_compat_right* :
 $\forall x n m, (n \leq m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow x^m \leq x^n.$
 Lemma *Uexp_le_compat_left* : $\forall x y n, x \leq y \rightarrow x^n \leq y^n.$
 Hint Resolve *Uexp_le_compat_left Uexp_le_compat_right*.
 Lemma *Uexp_le_compat* : $\forall x y (n m:\text{nat}),$
 $x \leq y \rightarrow n \leq m \rightarrow x^m \leq y^n.$
 Instance *Uexp_mon2* : *monotonic2* ($o1:=\text{Iord } U$) ($o3:=\text{Iord } U$) *Uexp*.
 Save.
 Definition *UExp* : $U -m> (\text{nat} -m\rightarrow U) := \text{mon2 } \text{Uexp}.$
 Add Morphism *Uexp* with signature *Oeq ==> eq ==> Oeq* as *Uexp_eq_compat*.
 Save.
 Lemma *Uexp_inv_S* : $\forall x n, ([1-]x^n(S n)) == x \times ([1-]x^n) + [1-]x.$
 Lemma *Uexp_lt_compat* : $\forall p q n, (0 < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow p < q \rightarrow (p^n < q^n).$
 Hint Resolve *Uexp_lt_compat*.
 Lemma *Uexp_lt_zero* : $\forall p n, (0 < p) \rightarrow (0 < p^n).$
 Hint Resolve *Uexp_lt_zero*.
 Lemma *Uexp_lt_one* : $\forall p n, (0 < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow p < 1 \rightarrow (p^n < 1).$
 Hint Resolve *Uexp_lt_one*.
 Lemma *Uexp_lt_antimon* : $\forall p n m,$
 $(n < m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow 0 < p \rightarrow p < 1 \rightarrow p^m < p^n.$
 Hint Resolve *Uexp_lt_antimon*.

4.9 Properties of division

Lemma *Udiv_mult* : $\forall x y, \neg 0 == y \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow (x/y) \times y == x.$
 Hint Resolve *Udiv_mult*.
 Lemma *Umult_div_le* : $\forall x y, y \times (x / y) \leq x.$

```

Hint Resolve Umult_div_le.
Lemma Udiv_mult_le :  $\forall x y, (x/y) \times y \leq x$ .
Hint Resolve Udiv_mult_le.
Lemma Udiv_le_compat_left :  $\forall x y z, x \leq y \rightarrow x/z \leq y/z$ .
Hint Resolve Udiv_le_compat_left.
Lemma Udiv_eq_compat_left :  $\forall x y z, x == y \rightarrow x/z == y/z$ .
Hint Resolve Udiv_eq_compat_left.
Lemma Umult_div_le_left :  $\forall x y z, \neg 0 == y \rightarrow x \times y \leq z \rightarrow x \leq z/y$ .
Lemma Udiv_le_compat_right :  $\forall x y z, \neg 0 == y \rightarrow y \leq z \rightarrow x/z \leq x/y$ .
Hint Resolve Udiv_le_compat_right.
Lemma Udiv_eq_compat_right :  $\forall x y z, y == z \rightarrow x/z == x/y$ .
Hint Resolve Udiv_eq_compat_right.
Add Morphism Udiv with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq as Udiv_eq_compat.
Save.

Add Morphism Udiv with signature Ole ++> Oeq ==> Ole as Udiv_le_compat.
Save.

Lemma Umult_div_eq :  $\forall x y z, \neg 0 == y \rightarrow x \times y == z \rightarrow x == z/y$ .
Lemma Umult_div_le_right :  $\forall x y z, x \leq y \times z \rightarrow x/z \leq y$ .
Lemma Udiv_le :  $\forall x y, \neg 0 == y \rightarrow x \leq x/y$ .
Lemma Udiv_zero :  $\forall x, 0/x == 0$ .
Hint Resolve Udiv_zero.
Lemma Udiv_zero_eq :  $\forall x y, 0 == x \rightarrow x/y == 0$ .
Hint Resolve Udiv_zero_eq.
Lemma Udiv_one :  $\forall x, x/1 == x$ .
Hint Resolve Udiv_one.
Lemma Udiv_refl :  $\forall x, \neg 0 == x \rightarrow x/x == 1$ .
Hint Resolve Udiv_refl.
Lemma Umult_div_assoc :  $\forall x y z, y \leq z \rightarrow (x \times y) / z == x \times (y/z)$ .
Lemma Udiv_mult_assoc :  $\forall x y z, x \leq y \times z \rightarrow x/(y \times z) == (x/y)/z$ .
Lemma Udiv_inv :  $\forall x y, \neg 0 == y \rightarrow [1-](x/y) \leq ([1-]x)/y$ .
Lemma Uplus_div_inv :  $\forall x y z, x+y \leq z \rightarrow x <= [1-]y \rightarrow x/z \leq [1-](y/z)$ .
Hint Resolve Uplus_div_inv.
Lemma Udiv_plus_le :  $\forall x y z, x/z + y/z \leq (x+y)/z$ .
Hint Resolve Udiv_plus_le.
Lemma Udiv_plus :  $\forall x y z, (x+y)/z == x/z + y/z$ .
Hint Resolve Udiv_plus.
Lemma Umult_div_simpl_r :  $\forall x y, \neg 0 == y \rightarrow (x \times y) / y == x$ .
Hint Resolve Umult_div_simpl_r.
Lemma Umult_div_simpl_l :  $\forall x y, \neg 0 == x \rightarrow (x \times y) / x == y$ .
Hint Resolve Umult_div_simpl_l.
Instance Udiv_mon :  $\forall k, \text{monotonic } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow (x/k))$ .
Save.

Definition UDiv ( $k:U$ ) :  $U \text{-m}> U := \text{mon } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow (x/k))$ .
Lemma UDiv_simpl :  $\forall (k:U) x, \text{UDiv } k x = x/k$ .

```

4.10 Definition and properties of x & y

A conjunction operation which coincides with min and mult on 0 and 1, see Morgan & McIver

Definition $Uesp(x y : U) := [1-] ([1-] x + [1-] y)$.

Infix " $\&$ " := $Uesp$ (left associativity, at level 40) : U_scope .

Lemma $Uinv_plus_esp : \forall x y, [1-] (x + y) == [1-] x \& [1-] y$.

Hint Resolve $Uinv_plus_esp$.

Lemma $Uinv_esp_plus : \forall x y, [1-] (x \& y) == [1-] x + [1-] y$.

Hint Resolve $Uinv_esp_plus$.

Lemma $Uesp_sym : \forall x y : U, x \& y == y \& x$.

Lemma $Uesp_one_right : \forall x : U, x \& 1 == x$.

Lemma $Uesp_one_left : \forall x : U, 1 \& x == x$.

Lemma $Uesp_zero : \forall x y, x \leq [1-] y \rightarrow x \& y == 0$.

Hint Resolve $Uesp_sym$ $Uesp_one_right$ $Uesp_one_left$ $Uesp_zero$.

Lemma $Uesp_zero_right : \forall x : U, x \& 0 == 0$.

Lemma $Uesp_zero_left : \forall x : U, 0 \& x == 0$.

Hint Resolve $Uesp_zero_right$ $Uesp_zero_left$.

Add **Morphism** $Uesp$ with signature $Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq$ as $Uesp_eq_compat$.

Save.

Lemma $Uesp_le_compat : \forall x y z t, x \leq y \rightarrow z \leq t \rightarrow x \& z \leq y \& t$.

Hint Immediate $Uesp_le_compat$ $Uesp_eq_compat$.

Lemma $Uesp_assoc : \forall x y z, x \& (y \& z) == x \& y \& z$.

Hint Resolve $Uesp_assoc$.

Lemma $Uesp_zero_one_mult_left : \forall x y, \text{orc } (x == 0) (x == 1) \rightarrow x \& y == x \times y$.

Lemma $Uesp_zero_one_mult_right : \forall x y, \text{orc } (y == 0) (y == 1) \rightarrow x \& y == x \times y$.

Hint Resolve $Uesp_zero_one_mult_left$ $Uesp_zero_one_mult_right$.

Instance $Uesp_mon : \text{monotonic2 } Uesp$.

Save.

Definition $UEsp : U \dashv\vdash U \dashv\vdash U := mon2 Uesp$.

Lemma $UEsp_simpl : \forall x y, UEsp x y = x \& y$.

Lemma $Uesp_le_left : \forall x y, x \& y \leq x$.

Lemma $Uesp_le_right : \forall x y, x \& y \leq y$.

Hint Resolve $Uesp_le_left$ $Uesp_le_right$.

Lemma $Uesp_plus_inv : \forall x y, [1-] y \leq x \rightarrow x == x \& y + [1-] y$.

Hint Resolve $Uesp_plus_inv$.

Lemma $Uesp_le_plus_inv : \forall x y, x \leq x \& y + [1-] y$.

Hint Resolve $Uesp_le_plus_inv$.

Lemma $Uplus_inv_le_esp : \forall x y z, x \leq y + ([1-] z) \rightarrow x \& z \leq y$.

Hint Immediate $Uplus_inv_le_esp$.

Lemma $Ult_esp_left : \forall x y z, x < z \rightarrow x \& y < z$.

Lemma $Ult_esp_right : \forall x y z, y < z \rightarrow x \& y < z$.

Hint Immediate Ult_esp_left Ult_esp_right .

Lemma $Uesp_lt_compat_left : \forall x y z, [1-] x \leq z \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow x \& z < y \& z$.

Hint Resolve $Uesp_lt_compat_left$.

Lemma *Uesp_lt_compat_right* : $\forall x y z, [1\text{-}]x \leq y \rightarrow y < z \rightarrow x \& y < x \& z$.
Hint Resolve *Uesp_lt_compat_left*.

Lemma *Uesp_le_one_right* : $\forall x y, [1\text{-}]x \leq y \rightarrow (x \leq x \& y) \rightarrow y == 1$.

Lemma *Uesp_eq_one_right* : $\forall x y, [1\text{-}]x \leq y \rightarrow (x == x \& y) \rightarrow y == 1$.

Lemma *Uesp_le_one_left* : $\forall x y, [1\text{-}]x \leq y \rightarrow y \leq x \& y \rightarrow x == 1$.

4.11 Definition and properties of $x - y$

Definition *Uminus* ($x y:U$) := $[1\text{-}]\ ([1\text{-}]\ x + y)$.

Infix `"-"` := *Uminus* : *U_scope*.

Lemma *Uminus_le_compat_left* : $\forall x y z, x \leq y \rightarrow x - z \leq y - z$.

Lemma *Uminus_le_compat_right* : $\forall x y z, y \leq z \rightarrow x - z \leq x - y$.

Hint Resolve *Uminus_le_compat_left* *Uminus_le_compat_right*.

Lemma *Uminus_le_compat* : $\forall x y z t, x \leq y \rightarrow t \leq z \rightarrow x - z \leq y - t$.

Hint Immediate *Uminus_le_compat*.

Add Morphism *Uminus* with signature *Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq* as *Uminus_eq_compat*.

Save.

Hint Immediate *Uminus_eq_compat*.

Lemma *Uminus_zero_right* : $\forall x, x - 0 == x$.

Lemma *Uminus_one_left* : $\forall x, 1 - x == [1\text{-}] x$.

Lemma *Uminus_le_zero* : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow x - y == 0$.

Hint Resolve *Uminus_zero_right* *Uminus_one_left* *Uminus_le_zero*.

Lemma *Uminus_zero_left* : $\forall x, 0 - x == 0$.

Hint Resolve *Uminus_zero_left*.

Lemma *Uminus_one_right* : $\forall x, x - 1 == 0$.

Hint Resolve *Uminus_one_right*.

Lemma *Uminus_eq* : $\forall x, x - x == 0$.

Hint Resolve *Uminus_eq*.

Lemma *Uminus_le_left* : $\forall x y, x - y \leq x$.

Hint Resolve *Uminus_le_left*.

Lemma *Uminus_le_inv* : $\forall x y, x - y \leq [1\text{-}]y$.

Hint Resolve *Uminus_le_inv*.

Lemma *Uminus_plus_simpl* : $\forall x y, y \leq x \rightarrow (x - y) + y == x$.

Lemma *Uminus_plus_zero* : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow (x - y) + y == y$.

Hint Resolve *Uminus_plus_simpl* *Uminus_plus_zero*.

Lemma *Uminus_plus_le* : $\forall x y, x \leq (x - y) + y$.

Hint Resolve *Uminus_plus_le*.

Lemma *Uesp_minus_distr_left* : $\forall x y z, (x \& y) - z == (x - z) \& y$.

Lemma *Uesp_minus_distr_right* : $\forall x y z, (x \& y) - z == x \& (y - z)$.

Hint Resolve *Uesp_minus_distr_left* *Uesp_minus_distr_right*.

Lemma *Uesp_minus_distr* : $\forall x y z t, (x \& y) - (z + t) == (x - z) \& (y - t)$.

Hint Resolve *Uesp_minus_distr*.

Lemma *Uminus_esp_simpl_left* : $\forall x y, [1\text{-}]x \leq y \rightarrow x - (x \& y) == [1\text{-}]y$.

Lemma *Uplus_esp_simpl* : $\forall x y, (x - (x \& y)) + y == x + y$.

```

Hint Resolve Uminus_esp_simpl_left Uplus_esp_simpl.
Lemma Uplus_esp_simpl_right : ∀ x y, x + (y - (x & y)) == x + y.
Hint Resolve Uplus_esp_simpl_right.
Lemma Uminus_esp_le_inv : ∀ x y, x - (x & y) ≤ [1-]y.
Hint Resolve Uminus_esp_le_inv.
Lemma Uplus_esp_inv_simpl : ∀ x y, x ≤ [1-]y → (x + y) & [1-]y == x.
Hint Resolve Uplus_esp_inv_simpl.
Lemma Uplus_inv_esp_simpl : ∀ x y, x ≤ y → (x + [1-]y) & y == x.
Hint Resolve Uplus_inv_esp_simpl.

```

4.12 Definition and properties of max

```

Definition max (x y : U) : U := (x - y) + y.
Lemma max_eq_left : ∀ x y : U, y ≤ x → max x y == x.
Lemma max_eq_right : ∀ x y : U, x ≤ y → max x y == y.
Hint Resolve max_eq_left max_eq_right.
Lemma max_eq_case : ∀ x y : U, orc (max x y == x) (max x y == y).
Add Morphism max with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq as max_eq_compat.
Save.
Lemma max_le_right : ∀ x y : U, x ≤ max x y.
Lemma max_le_left : ∀ x y : U, y ≤ max x y.
Hint Resolve max_le_right max_le_left.
Lemma max_le : ∀ x y z : U, x ≤ z → y ≤ z → max x y ≤ z.
Lemma max_le_compat : ∀ x y z t: U, x ≤ y → z ≤ t → max x z ≤ max y t.
Hint Immediate max_le_compat.
Lemma max_idem : ∀ x, max x x == x.
Hint Resolve max_idem.
Lemma max_sym_le : ∀ x y, max x y ≤ max y x.
Hint Resolve max_sym_le.
Lemma max_sym : ∀ x y, max x y == max y x.
Hint Resolve max_sym.
Lemma max_assoc : ∀ x y z, max x (max y z) == max (max x y) z.
Hint Resolve max_assoc.
Lemma max_0 : ∀ x, max 0 x == x.
Hint Resolve max_0.
Instance max_mon : monotonic2 max.
Save.
Definition Max : U -m> U -m> U := mon2 max.
Lemma max_eq_mult : ∀ k x y, max (k×x) (k×y) == k × max x y.
Lemma max_eq_plus_cte_right : ∀ x y k, max (x+k) (y+k) == (max x y) + k.
Hint Resolve max_eq_mult max_eq_plus_cte_right.

```

4.13 Definition and properties of min

```

Definition min (x y : U) : U := [1-] ((y - x) + [1-]y).
Lemma min_eq_left : ∀ x y : U, x ≤ y → min x y == x.

```

Lemma `min_eq_right` : $\forall x y : U, y \leq x \rightarrow \min x y == y$.

Hint Resolve `min_eq_right` `min_eq_left`.

Lemma `min_eq_case` : $\forall x y : U, \text{orc } (\min x y == x) (\min x y == y)$.

Add Morphism `min` with signature `Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq as min_eq_compat`.

Save.

Hint Immediate `min_eq_compat`.

Lemma `min_le_right` : $\forall x y : U, \min x y \leq x$.

Lemma `min_le_left` : $\forall x y : U, \min x y \leq y$.

Hint Resolve `min_le_right` `min_le_left`.

Lemma `min_le` : $\forall x y z : U, z \leq x \rightarrow z \leq y \rightarrow z \leq \min x y$.

Lemma `Uinv_min_max` : $\forall x y, [1-](\min x y) == \max ([1-x] ([1-y]))$.

Lemma `Uinv_max_min` : $\forall x y, [1-](\max x y) == \min ([1-x] ([1-y]))$.

Lemma `min_idem` : $\forall x, \min x x == x$.

Lemma `min_mult` : $\forall x y k,$

$$\min(k \times x) (k \times y) == k \times (\min x y).$$

Hint Resolve `min_mult`.

Lemma `min_plus` : $\forall x1 x2 y1 y2,$

$$(\min x1 x2) + (\min y1 y2) \leq \min(x1+y1) (x2+y2).$$

Hint Resolve `min_plus`.

Lemma `min_plus_cte` : $\forall x y k, \min(x+k) (y+k) == (\min x y) + k$.

Hint Resolve `min_plus_cte`.

Lemma `min_le_compat` : $\forall x1 y1 x2 y2,$

$$x1 \leq y1 \rightarrow x2 \leq y2 \rightarrow \min x1 x2 \leq \min y1 y2.$$

Hint Immediate `min_le_compat`.

Lemma `min_sym_le` : $\forall x y, \min x y \leq \min y x$.

Hint Resolve `min_sym_le`.

Lemma `min_sym` : $\forall x y, \min x y == \min y x$.

Hint Resolve `min_sym`.

Lemma `min_assoc` : $\forall x y z, \min x (\min y z) == \min (\min x y) z$.

Hint Resolve `min_assoc`.

Lemma `min_0` : $\forall x, \min 0 x == 0$.

Hint Resolve `min_0`.

Instance `min_mon2` : `monotonic2 min`.

Save.

Definition `Min` : $U \text{-m} > U \text{-m} > U := \text{mon2 min}$.

Lemma `Min_simpl` : $\forall x y, \text{Min } x y = \min x y$.

Lemma `incr_decomp_aux` : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \text{-m} > U,$

$$\forall n1 n2, (\forall m, \neg((n1 \leq m) \% \text{nat} \wedge f n1 \leq g m)) \\ \rightarrow (\forall m, \neg((n2 \leq m) \% \text{nat} \wedge g n2 \leq f m)) \rightarrow (n1 \leq n2) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{False}.$$

Lemma `incr_decomp` : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \text{-m} > U,$

$$\text{orc } (\forall n, \text{exc } (\text{fun } m \Rightarrow (n \leq m) \% \text{nat} \wedge f n \leq g m)) \\ (\forall n, \text{exc } (\text{fun } m \Rightarrow (n \leq m) \% \text{nat} \wedge g n \leq f m)).$$

4.14 Other properties

Lemma `Uplus_minus_simpl_right` : $\forall x y, y \leq [1-] x \rightarrow (x + y) - y == x$.

Hint Resolve `Uplus_minus_simpl_right`.

Lemma *Uplus_minus_simpl_left* : $\forall x y, y \leq [1-]x \rightarrow (x + y) - x == y.$

Lemma *Uminus_assoc_left* : $\forall x y z, (x - y) - z == x - (y + z).$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_assoc_left*.

Lemma *Uminus_perm* : $\forall x y z, (x - y) - z == (x - z) - y.$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_perm*.

Lemma *Uminus_le_perm_left* : $\forall x y z, y \leq x \rightarrow x - y \leq z \rightarrow x \leq z + y.$

Lemma *Uplus_le_perm_left* : $\forall x y z, x \leq y + z \rightarrow x - y \leq z.$

Lemma *Uminus_eq_perm_left* : $\forall x y z, y \leq x \rightarrow x - y == z \rightarrow x == z + y.$

Lemma *Uplus_eq_perm_left* : $\forall x y z, y \leq [1-]z \rightarrow x == y + z \rightarrow x - y == z.$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_le_perm_left* *Uminus_eq_perm_left*.

Hint Resolve *Uplus_le_perm_left* *Uplus_eq_perm_left*.

Lemma *Uminus_le_perm_right* : $\forall x y z, z \leq y \rightarrow x \leq y - z \rightarrow x + z \leq y.$

Lemma *Uplus_le_perm_right* : $\forall x y z, z \leq [1-]x \rightarrow x + z \leq y \rightarrow x \leq y - z.$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_le_perm_right* *Uplus_le_perm_right*.

Lemma *Uminus_le_perm* : $\forall x y z, z \leq y \rightarrow x \leq [1-]z \rightarrow x \leq y - z \rightarrow z \leq y - x.$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_le_perm*.

Lemma *Uminus_eq_perm_right* : $\forall x y z, z \leq y \rightarrow x == y - z \rightarrow x + z == y.$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_eq_perm_right*.

Lemma *Uminus_plus_perm* : $\forall x y z, y \leq x \rightarrow z \leq [1-]x \rightarrow (x - y) + z == (x + z) - y.$

Lemma *Uminus_zero_le* : $\forall x y, x - y == 0 \rightarrow x \leq y.$

Lemma *Uminus_lt_non_zero* : $\forall x y, x < y \rightarrow \neg 0 == y - x.$

Hint Immediate *Uminus_zero_le* *Uminus_lt_non_zero*.

Lemma *Ult_le_nth_minus* : $\forall x y, x < y \rightarrow \text{exc } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow x \leq y - [1/]1+n).$

Lemma *Uinv_plus_minus_left* : $\forall x y, [1-](x + y) == [1-]x - y.$

Lemma *Uinv_plus_minus_right* : $\forall x y, [1-](x + y) == [1-]y - x.$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_plus_minus_left* *Uinv_plus_minus_right*.

Lemma *Ult_le_nth_plus* : $\forall x y, x < y \rightarrow \text{exc } (\text{fun } n : \text{nat} \Rightarrow x + [1/]1+n \leq y).$

Lemma *Uminus_distr_left* : $\forall x y z, (x - y) \times z == (x \times z) - (y \times z).$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_distr_left*.

Lemma *Uminus_distr_right* : $\forall x y z, x \times (y - z) == (x \times y) - (x \times z).$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_distr_right*.

Lemma *Uminus_assoc_right* : $\forall x y z, y \leq x \rightarrow z \leq y \rightarrow x - (y - z) == (x - y) + z.$

Lemma *Uplus_minus_assoc_right* : $\forall x y z,$

$y \leq [1-]x \rightarrow z \leq y \rightarrow x + (y - z) == (x + y) - z.$

Hint Resolve *Uplus_minus_assoc_right*.

Lemma *Uplus_minus_assoc_le* : $\forall x y z, (x + y) - z \leq x + (y - z).$

Hint Resolve *Uplus_minus_assoc_le*.

Lemma *Udiv_minus* : $\forall x y z, \sim 0 == z \rightarrow x \leq z \rightarrow (x - y) / z == x/z - y/z.$

Lemma *Umult_inv_minus* : $\forall x y, x \times [1-]y == x - x \times y.$

Hint Resolve *Umult_inv_minus*.

Lemma *Uinv_mult_minus* : $\forall x y, ([1-]x) \times y == y - x \times y.$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_mult_minus*.

Lemma *Uminus_plus_perm_right* : $\forall x y z, y \leq x \rightarrow y \leq z \rightarrow (x - y) + z == x + (z - y).$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_plus_perm_right*.

Lemma *Uminus_plus_simpl_mid* :

$$\forall x y z, z \leq x \rightarrow y \leq z \rightarrow x - y == (x - z) + (z - y).$$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_plus_simpl_mid*.

- triangular inequality

Lemma *Uminus_triangular* : $\forall x y z, x - y \leq (x - z) + (z - y)$.

Hint Resolve *Uminus_triangular*.

Lemma *Uesp_plus_right_perm* : $\forall x y z,$

$$x \leq [1\text{-}]y \rightarrow y \leq [1\text{-}]z \rightarrow x \& (y + z) == (x + y) \& z.$$

Hint Resolve *Uesp_plus_right_perm*.

Lemma *Uplus_esp_assoc* : $\forall x y z,$

$$x \leq [1\text{-}]y \rightarrow [1\text{-}]z \leq y \rightarrow x + (y \& z) == (x + y) \& z.$$

Hint Resolve *Uplus_esp_assoc*.

Lemma *Uesp_plus_left_perm* : $\forall x y z,$

$$[1\text{-}]x \leq y \rightarrow [1\text{-}]z \leq y \rightarrow x \& y \leq [1\text{-}]z \rightarrow (x \& y) + z == x + (y \& z).$$

Hint Resolve *Uesp_plus_left_perm*.

Lemma *Uesp_plus_left_perm_le* : $\forall x y z,$

$$[1\text{-}]x \leq y \rightarrow [1\text{-}]z \leq y \rightarrow (x \& y) + z \leq x + (y \& z).$$

Hint Resolve *Uesp_plus_left_perm_le*.

Lemma *Uesp_plus_assoc* : $\forall x y z,$

$$[1\text{-}]x \leq y \rightarrow y \leq [1\text{-}]z \rightarrow x \& (y + z) == (x \& y) + z.$$

Hint Resolve *Uesp_plus_assoc*.

Lemma *Uminus_assoc_right_perm* : $\forall x y z,$

$$x \leq [1\text{-}]z \rightarrow z \leq y \rightarrow x - (y - z) == x + z - y.$$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_assoc_right_perm*.

Lemma *Uminus_lt_left* : $\forall x y, \neg 0 == x \rightarrow \neg 0 == y \rightarrow x - y < x.$

Hint Resolve *Uminus_lt_left*.

Lemma *Uesp_mult_le* :

$$\begin{aligned} \forall x y z, [1\text{-}]x \leq y \rightarrow x \times z \leq [1\text{-}](y \times z) \\ \rightarrow (x \& y) \times z == x \times z + y \times z - z. \end{aligned}$$

Hint Resolve *Uesp_mult_le*.

Lemma *Uesp_mult_ge* :

$$\begin{aligned} \forall x y z, [1\text{-}]x \leq y \rightarrow [1\text{-}](x \times z) \leq y \times z \\ \rightarrow (x \& y) \times z == (x \times z) \& (y \times z) + [1\text{-}]z. \end{aligned}$$

Hint Resolve *Uesp_mult_ge*.

4.15 Definition and properties of generalized sums

Definition *sigma* : $(nat \rightarrow U) \rightarrow nat \multimap U.$

Defined.

Lemma *sigma_0* : $\forall (f : nat \rightarrow U), sigma f O == 0.$

Lemma *sigma_S* : $\forall (f : nat \rightarrow U) (n:nat), sigma f (S n) == (f n) + (sigma f n).$

Lemma *sigma_1* : $\forall (f : nat \rightarrow U), sigma f (S 0) == f O.$

Lemma *sigma_incr* : $\forall (f : nat \rightarrow U) (n m:nat), (n \leq m) \% nat \rightarrow sigma f n \leq sigma f m.$

Hint Resolve *sigma_incr*.

Lemma *sigma_eq_compat* : $\forall (f g : nat \rightarrow U) (n:nat),$
 $(\forall k, (k < n) \% nat \rightarrow f k == g k) \rightarrow sigma f n == sigma g n.$

Lemma *sigma_le_compat* : $\forall (f g : nat \rightarrow U) (n:nat),$

$(\forall k, (k < n) \rightarrow f k \leq g k) \rightarrow \text{sigma } f n \leq \text{sigma } g n.$
Lemma *sigma_S_lift* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}),$
 $\text{sigma } f (S n) == (f O) + (\text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f (S k)) n).$
Lemma *sigma_plus_lift* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n m : \text{nat}),$
 $\text{sigma } f (n+m) \equiv \text{sigma } f n + \text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f (n+k)) m.$
Lemma *sigma_zero* : $\forall f n,$
 $(\forall k, (k < n) \rightarrow f k == 0) \rightarrow \text{sigma } f n == 0.$
Lemma *sigma_not_zero* : $\forall f n k, (k < n) \rightarrow 0 < f k \rightarrow 0 < \text{sigma } f n.$
Lemma *sigma_zero_elim* : $\forall f n,$
 $(\text{sigma } f n) == 0 \rightarrow \forall k, (k < n) \rightarrow f k == 0.$
Hint Resolve *sigma_eq_compat sigma_le_compat sigma_zero*.
Lemma *sigma_le* : $\forall f n k, (k < n) \rightarrow f k \leq \text{sigma } f n.$
Hint Resolve *sigma_le*.
Lemma *sigma_minus_decr* : $\forall f n, (\forall k, f (S k) \leq f k) \rightarrow$
 $\text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k - f (S k)) n == f O - f n.$
Lemma *sigma_minus_incr* : $\forall f n, (\forall k, f k \leq f (S k)) \rightarrow$
 $\text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f (S k) - f k) n == f n - f O.$

4.16 Definition and properties of generalized products

Definition *prod* ($\alpha : \text{nat} \rightarrow U$) ($n : \text{nat}$) := $\text{compn } U \text{mult } 1 \alpha n.$
Lemma *prod_0* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{prod } f 0 = 1.$
Lemma *prod_S* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), \text{prod } f (S n) = (f n) \times (\text{prod } f n).$
Lemma *prod_1* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{prod } f (S 0) == f O.$
Lemma *prod_S_lift* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}),$
 $\text{prod } f (S n) == (f O) \times (\text{prod } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f (S k)) n).$
Lemma *prod_decr* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n m : \text{nat}), (n \leq m) \rightarrow \text{prod } f m \leq \text{prod } f n.$
Hint Resolve *prod_decr*.
Lemma *prod_eq_compat* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}),$
 $(\forall k, (k < n) \rightarrow f k == g k) \rightarrow (\text{prod } f n) == (\text{prod } g n).$
Lemma *prod_le_compat* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}),$
 $(\forall k, (k < n) \rightarrow f k \leq g k) \rightarrow \text{prod } f n \leq \text{prod } g n.$
Lemma *prod_zero* : $\forall f n k, (k < n) \rightarrow f k == 0 \rightarrow \text{prod } f n == 0.$
Lemma *prod_not_zero* : $\forall f n,$
 $(\forall k, (k < n) \rightarrow 0 < f k) \rightarrow 0 < \text{prod } f n.$
Lemma *prod_zero_elim* : $\forall f n,$
 $\text{prod } f n == 0 \rightarrow \text{exc } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow (k < n) \wedge f k == 0).$
Hint Resolve *prod_eq_compat prod_le_compat prod_not_zero*.
Lemma *prod_le* : $\forall f n k, (k < n) \rightarrow \text{prod } f n \leq f k.$
Lemma *prod_minus* : $\forall f n, \text{prod } f n - \text{prod } f (S n) == ([1]f n) \times \text{prod } f n.$
Definition *Prod* : $(\text{nat} \rightarrow U) \rightarrow \text{nat} \rightarrow U.$
Defined.
Lemma *Prod_simpl* : $\forall f n, \text{Prod } f n = \text{prod } f n.$
Hint Resolve *Prod_simpl*.

4.17 Properties of *Unth*

Lemma *Unth_eq_compat* : $\forall n m, n = m \rightarrow [1/]1+n == [1/]1+m$.

Hint Resolve *Unth_eq_compat*.

Lemma *Unth_zero* : $[1/]1+0 == 1$.

Notation "[1/2]" := (*Unth* 1).

Lemma *Unth_one* : $\frac{1}{2} == [1-] \frac{1}{2}$.

Hint Resolve *Unth_zero* *Unth_one*.

Lemma *Unth_one_plus* : $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} == 1$.

Hint Resolve *Unth_one_plus*.

Lemma *Unth_one_refl* : $\forall t, \frac{1}{2} \times t + \frac{1}{2} \times t == t$.

Lemma *Unth_not_null* : $\forall n, \neg (0 == [1/]1+n)$.

Hint Resolve *Unth_not_null*.

Lemma *Unth_lt_zero* : $\forall n, 0 < [1/]1+n$.

Hint Resolve *Unth_lt_zero*.

Lemma *Unth_inv_lt_one* : $\forall n, [1-][1/]1+n < 1$.

Hint Resolve *Unth_inv_lt_one*.

Lemma *Unth_not_one* : $\forall n, \neg (1 == [1-][1/]1+n)$.

Hint Resolve *Unth_not_one*.

Lemma *Unth_prop_sigma* : $\forall n, [1/]1+n == [1-] (\sigma (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow [1/]1+n) n)$.

Hint Resolve *Unth_prop_sigma*.

Lemma *Unth_sigma_n* : $\forall n : \text{nat}, \neg (1 == \sigma (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow [1/]1+n) n)$.

Lemma *Unth_sigma_Sn* : $\forall n : \text{nat}, 1 == \sigma (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow [1/]1+n) (S n)$.

Hint Resolve *Unth_sigma_n* *Unth_sigma_Sn*.

Lemma *Unth_decr* : $\forall n m, (n < m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow [1/]1+m < [1/]1+n$.

Hint Resolve *Unth_decr*.

Lemma *Unth_decr_S* : $\forall n, [1/]1+(S n) < [1/]1+n$.

Hint Resolve *Unth_decr_S*.

Lemma *Unth_le_compat* :

$\forall n m, (n \leq m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow [1/]1+m \leq [1/]1+n$.

Hint Resolve *Unth_le_compat*.

Lemma *Unth_le_equiv* :

$\forall n m, [1/]1+n \leq [1/]1+m \leftrightarrow (m \leq n) \% \text{nat}$.

Lemma *Unth_eq_equiv* :

$\forall n m, [1/]1+n == [1/]1+m \leftrightarrow (m = n) \% \text{nat}$.

Lemma *Unth_le_half* : $\forall n, [1/]1+(S n) \leq \frac{1}{2}$.

Hint Resolve *Unth_le_half*.

Lemma *Unth_lt_one* : $\forall n, [1/]1+(S n) < 1$.

Hint Resolve *Unth_lt_one*.

4.17.1 Mean of two numbers : $\frac{1}{2} x + \frac{1}{2} y$

Definition *mean* ($x y : U$) := $\frac{1}{2} \times x + \frac{1}{2} \times y$.

Lemma *mean_eq* : $\forall x : U, \text{mean } x x == x$.

Lemma *mean_le_compat_right* : $\forall x y z, y \leq z \rightarrow \text{mean } x y \leq \text{mean } x z$.

Lemma *mean_le_compat_left* : $\forall x y z, x \leq y \rightarrow \text{mean } x z \leq \text{mean } y z$.

Hint Resolve *mean_eq* *mean_le_compat_left* *mean_le_compat_right*.

Lemma `mean_lt_compat_right` : $\forall x y z, y < z \rightarrow \text{mean } x y < \text{mean } x z$.
 Lemma `mean_lt_compat_left` : $\forall x y z, x < y \rightarrow \text{mean } x z < \text{mean } y z$.
 Hint Resolve `mean_eq mean_le_compat_left mean_le_compat_right`.
 Hint Resolve `mean_lt_compat_left mean_lt_compat_right`.
 Lemma `mean_le_up` : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow \text{mean } x y \leq y$.
 Lemma `mean_le_down` : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow x \leq \text{mean } x y$.
 Lemma `mean_lt_up` : $\forall x y, x < y \rightarrow \text{mean } x y < y$.
 Lemma `mean_lt_down` : $\forall x y, x < y \rightarrow x < \text{mean } x y$.
 Hint Resolve `mean_le_up mean_le_down mean_lt_up mean_lt_down`.

4.17.2 Properties of $\frac{1}{2}$

Lemma `le_half_inv` : $\forall x, x \leq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow x \leq [1-] x$.
 Hint Immediate `le_half_inv`.
 Lemma `ge_half_inv` : $\forall x, \frac{1}{2} \leq x \rightarrow [1-] x \leq x$.
 Hint Immediate `ge_half_inv`.
 Lemma `Uinv_le_half_left` : $\forall x, x \leq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \leq [1-] x$.
 Lemma `Uinv_le_half_right` : $\forall x, \frac{1}{2} \leq x \rightarrow [1-] x \leq \frac{1}{2}$.
 Hint Resolve `Uinv_le_half_left Uinv_le_half_right`.
 Lemma `half_twice` : $\forall x, x \leq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times (x + x) == x$.
 Lemma `half_twice_le` : $\forall x, \frac{1}{2} \times (x + x) \leq x$.
 Lemma `Uinv_half` : $\forall x, \frac{1}{2} \times ([1-] x) + \frac{1}{2} == [1-] (\frac{1}{2} \times x)$.
 Lemma `Uinv_half_plus` : $\forall x, [1-] x + \frac{1}{2} \times x == [1-] (\frac{1}{2} \times x)$.
 Lemma `half_esp` :
 $\forall x, ([1/2] \leq x) \rightarrow ([1/2]) \times (x \& x) + \frac{1}{2} == x$.
 Lemma `half_esp_le` : $\forall x, x \leq \frac{1}{2} \times (x \& x) + \frac{1}{2}$.
 Hint Resolve `half_esp_le`.
 Lemma `half_le` : $\forall x y, y \leq [1-] y \rightarrow x \leq y + y \rightarrow ([1/2]) \times x \leq y$.
 Lemma `half_Unth_le` : $\forall n, \frac{1}{2} \times ([1/]1+n) \leq [1/]1+(S n)$.
 Hint Resolve `half_le half_Unth_le`.
 Lemma `half_exp` : $\forall n, [1/2]^n == [1/2]^(S n) + [1/2]^(S n)$.

4.18 Diff function : $| x - y |$

Definition `diff` ($x y:U$) := $(x - y) + (y - x)$.
 Lemma `diff_eq` : $\forall x, \text{diff } x x == 0$.
 Hint Resolve `diff_eq`.
 Lemma `diff_sym` : $\forall x y, \text{diff } x y == \text{diff } y x$.
 Hint Resolve `diff_sym`.
 Lemma `diff_zero` : $\forall x, \text{diff } x 0 == x$.
 Hint Resolve `diff_zero`.
 Add Morphism `diff` with signature `Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq as diff_eq_compat`.
 Qed.
 Hint Immediate `diff_eq_compat`.
 Lemma `diff_plus_ok` : $\forall x y, x - y \leq [1-](y - x)$.

```

Hint Resolve diff_plus_ok.

Lemma diff_Uminus : ∀ x y, x ≤ y → diff x y == y - x.

Lemma diff_Uplus_le : ∀ x y, x ≤ diff x y + y.
Hint Resolve diff_Uplus_le.

Lemma diff_triangular : ∀ x y z, diff x y ≤ diff x z + diff y z.
Hint Resolve diff_triangular.

```

4.19 Density

```

Lemma Ule_lt_lim : ∀ x y, (∀ t, t < x → t ≤ y) → x ≤ y.

Lemma Ule_nth_lim : ∀ x y, (∀ p, x ≤ y + [1/]1+p) → x ≤ y.

```

4.20 Properties of least upper bounds

```

Lemma lub_un : mlub (cte nat 1) == 1.
Hint Resolve lub_un.

Lemma UPlusk_eq : ∀ k, UPlus k == mon (Uplus k).

Lemma UMultk_eq : ∀ k, UMult k == mon (Umult k).

Lemma UPlus_continuous_right : ∀ k, continuous (UPlus k).
Hint Resolve UPlus_continuous_right.

Lemma UPlus_continuous_left : continuous UPlus.
Hint Resolve UPlus_continuous_left.

Lemma UMult_continuous_right : ∀ k, continuous (UMult k).
Hint Resolve UMult_continuous_right.

Lemma UMult_continuous_left : continuous UMult.
Hint Resolve UMult_continuous_left.

Lemma lub_eq_plus_cte_left : ∀ (f:nat -m> U) (k:U), lub ((UPlus k) @ f) == k + lub f.
Hint Resolve lub_eq_plus_cte_left.

Lemma lub_eq_mult : ∀ (k:U) (f:nat -m> U), lub ((UMult k) @ f) == k × lub f.
Hint Resolve lub_eq_mult.

Lemma lub_eq_plus_cte_right : ∀ (f : nat -m> U) (k:U),
    lub ((mshift UPlus k) @ f) == lub f + k.
Hint Resolve lub_eq_plus_cte_right.

Lemma min_lub_le : ∀ f g : nat -m> U,
    lub ((Min @2 f) g) ≤ min (lub f) (lub g).

Lemma min_lub_le_incr_aux : ∀ f g : nat -m> U,
    (forall n, exists m (fun m => (n ≤ m) %nat ∧ f n ≤ g m))
    → min (lub f) (lub g) ≤ lub ((Min @2 f) g).

Lemma min_lub_le_incr : ∀ f g : nat -m> U,
    min (lub f) (lub g) ≤ lub ((Min @2 f) g).

Lemma min_continuous2 : continuous2 Min.
Hint Resolve min_continuous2.

Lemma lub_eq_esp_right :
    ∀ (f : nat -m> U) (k : U), lub ((mshift UEsp k) @ f) == lub f & k.
Hint Resolve lub_eq_esp_right.

Lemma Udiv_continuous : ∀ (k:U), continuous (UDiv k).
Hint Resolve Udiv_continuous.

```

4.21 Greatest lower bounds

Definition $glb\ (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow U) := [1-](lub\ (UIInv @ f))$.

Lemma $glb_le: \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), glb\ f \leq (f\ n)$.

Lemma $le_glb: \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (x:U), (\forall n : \text{nat}, x \leq f\ n) \rightarrow x \leq glb\ f$.

Hint Resolve $glb_le\ le_glb$.

Definition $Uopp : cpo\ (o:=Iord\ U)$

Defined.

Lemma $Uopp_lub_simpl$

$\forall h : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, lub\ (cpo:=Uopp)\ h = glb\ h$.

Lemma $Uopp_mon_seq: \forall f:\text{nat} \rightarrow U,$

$\forall n m:\text{nat}, (n \leq m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f\ m \leq f\ n$.

Hint Resolve $Uopp_mon_seq$.

Infinite product: $\prod_{i=0}^{\infty} f i$ **Definition** $prod_inf\ (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) : U := glb\ (Prod\ f)$.

Properties of glb

Lemma $glb_le_compat:$

$\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, (\forall x, f\ x \leq g\ x) \rightarrow glb\ f \leq glb\ g$.

Hint Resolve glb_le_compat .

Lemma $glb_eq_compat:$

$\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, f == g \rightarrow glb\ f == glb\ g$.

Hint Resolve glb_eq_compat .

Lemma $glb_cte: \forall c : U, glb\ (\text{mon}\ (\text{cte}\ \text{nat}\ (o1:=(Iord\ U))\ c)) == c$.

Hint Resolve glb_cte .

Lemma $glb_eq_plus_cte_right:$

$\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (k : U), glb\ (\text{Imon}\ (\text{mshift}\ UPlus\ k) @ f) == glb\ f + k$.

Hint Resolve $glb_eq_plus_cte_right$.

Lemma $glb_eq_plus_cte_left:$

$\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (k : U), glb\ (\text{Imon}\ (UPlus\ k) @ f) == k + glb\ f$.

Hint Resolve $glb_eq_plus_cte_left$.

Lemma $glb_eq_mult:$

$\forall (k : U) (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), glb\ (\text{Imon}\ (\text{UMult}\ k) @ f) == k \times glb\ f$.

Lemma $Imon2_plus_continuous$

$: \text{continuous2}\ (c1:=Uopp) (c2:=Uopp) (c3:=Uopp) (\text{imon2}\ Uplus)$.

Hint Resolve $Imon2_plus_continuous$.

Lemma $Uinv_continuous : \text{continuous}\ (c1:=Uopp)\ UIInv$.

Lemma $Uinv_lub_eq : \forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, [1-](lub\ (cpo:=Uopp)\ f) == lub\ (UIInv @ f)$.

Lemma $Uinvopp_mon : \text{monotonic}\ (o2:=Iord\ U)\ Uinv$.

Hint Resolve $Uinvopp_mon$.

Definition $UInvopp : U \rightarrow U$

$:= \text{mon}\ (o2:=Iord\ U)\ Uinv\ (\text{fmonotonic}:=Uinvopp_mon)$.

Lemma $UInvopp_simpl : \forall x, UInvopp\ x = [1-]x$.

Lemma $UInvopp_continuous : \text{continuous}\ (c2:=Uopp)\ UInvopp$.

Lemma $UInvopp_lub_eq$

$: \forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, [1-](lub\ f) == lub\ (cpo:=Uopp)\ (UInvopp @ f)$.

Hint Resolve $Uinv_continuous\ Uinvopp_continuous$.

Instance $Uminus_mon2 : \text{monotonic2}\ (o2:=Iord\ U)\ Uminus$.

Save.

Definition $UMinus : U \rightarrow U$:= $\lambda f. f - f$.

Lemma $UMinus_simpl : \forall x y, UMinus x y = x - y$.

Lemma $UMinus_continuous2 : continuous2 (c2:=Uopp) UMinus$.

Hint Resolve $UMinus_continuous2$.

Lemma $glb_le_esp : \forall f g : nat \rightarrow U, (glb f) \& (glb g) \leq glb ((imod2 Uesp @2 f) g)$.

Hint Resolve glb_le_esp .

Lemma $Uesp_min : \forall a1 a2 b1 b2, min a1 b1 \& min a2 b2 \leq min (a1 \& a2) (b1 \& b2)$.

Defining lubs of arbitrary sequences

Fixpoint $seq_max (f:nat \rightarrow U) (n:nat) : U := \text{match } n \text{ with}$
 $O \Rightarrow f O \mid S p \Rightarrow max (seq_max f p) (f (S p)) \text{ end.}$

Lemma $seq_max_incr : \forall f n, seq_max f n \leq seq_max f (S n)$.

Hint Resolve seq_max_incr .

Lemma $seq_max_le : \forall f n, f n \leq seq_max f n$.

Hint Resolve seq_max_le .

Instance $seq_max_mon : \forall (f:nat \rightarrow U), \text{monotonic} (seq_max f)$.

Save.

Definition $sMax (f:nat \rightarrow U) : nat \rightarrow U := mon (seq_max f)$.

Lemma $sMax_mult : \forall k (f:nat \rightarrow U), sMax (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow k \times f n) == UMult k @ sMax f$.

Lemma $sMax_plus_cte_right : \forall k (f:nat \rightarrow U),$
 $sMax (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f n + k) == mshift UPlus k @ sMax f$.

Definition $Ulub (f:nat \rightarrow U) := lub (sMax f)$.

Lemma $le_Ulub : \forall f n, f n \leq Ulub f$.

Lemma $Ulub_le : \forall f x, (\forall n, f n \leq x) \rightarrow Ulub f \leq x$.

Hint Resolve le_Ulub $Ulub_le$.

Lemma $Ulub_le_compat : \forall f g : nat \rightarrow U, f \leq g \rightarrow Ulub f \leq Ulub g$.

Hint Resolve $Ulub_le_compat$.

Add Morphism $Ulub$ with signature $Oeq ==> Oeq$ as $Ulub_eq_compat$.

Save.

Hint Resolve $Ulub_eq_compat$.

Lemma $Ulub_eq_mult : \forall k (f:nat \rightarrow U), Ulub (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow k \times f n) == k \times Ulub f$.

Lemma $Ulub_eq_plus_cte_right : \forall (f:nat \rightarrow U) k, Ulub (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f n + k) == Ulub f + k$.

Hint Resolve $Ulub_eq_mult$ $Ulub_eq_plus_cte_right$.

Lemma $Ulub_eq_esp_right :$

$\forall (f : nat \rightarrow U) (k : U), Ulub (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f n \& k) == Ulub f \& k$.

Hint Resolve $lub_eq_esp_right$.

Lemma $Ulub_le_plus : \forall f g, Ulub (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f n + g n) \leq Ulub f + Ulub g$.

Hint Resolve $Ulub_le_plus$.

Definition $Uglb (f:nat \rightarrow U) : U := [1-] Ulub (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow [1-](f n))$.

Lemma $Uglb_le : \forall (f : nat \rightarrow U) (n : nat), Uglb f \leq f n$.

Lemma $le_Uglb : \forall (f : nat \rightarrow U) (x : U),$

$(\forall n : nat, x \leq f n) \rightarrow x \leq Uglb f$.

Hint Resolve $Uglb_le$ le_Uglb .

Lemma $Uglb_le_compat : \forall f g : nat \rightarrow U, f \leq g \rightarrow Uglb f \leq Uglb g$.

Hint Resolve $Uglb_le_compat$.

Add Morphism Uglb with signature $\text{Oeq} ==> \text{Oeq}$ as Uglb_eq_compat .

Save.

Hint Resolve Uglb_eq_compat .

Lemma $\text{Uglb_eq_plus_cte_right}$:

$$\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (k : U), \text{Uglb} (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f n + k) == \text{Uglb} f + k.$$

Hint Resolve $\text{Uglb_eq_plus_cte_right}$.

Lemma Uglb_eq_mult :

$$\forall (k : U) (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{Uglb} (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow k \times f n) == k \times \text{Uglb} f.$$

Hint Resolve Uglb_eq_mult $\text{Uglb_eq_plus_cte_right}$.

Lemma $\text{Uglb_le_plus} : \forall f g, \text{Uglb} f + \text{Uglb} g \leq \text{Uglb} (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f n + g n)$.

Hint Resolve Uglb_le_plus .

Lemma $\text{Ulub_lub} : \forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{Ulub} f == \text{lub} f$.

Hint Resolve Ulub_lub .

Lemma $\text{Uglb_glb} : \forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{Uglb} f == \text{glb} f$.

Hint Resolve Uglb_glb .

Lemma $\text{Uglb_glb_mon} : \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) \{ \text{Hf:monotonic } (o2:=\text{Iord } U) f \}, \text{Uglb} f == \text{glb} (\text{mon } f)$.

Hint Resolve @ Uglb_glb_mon .

Lemma $\text{lub_le_plus} : \forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{lub} ((\text{UPlus} @2 f) g) \leq \text{lub} f + \text{lub} g$.

Hint Resolve lub_le_plus .

Lemma $\text{glb_le_plus} : \forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{glb} f + \text{glb} g \leq \text{glb} ((\text{Imon2 } \text{UPlus} @2 f) g)$.

Hint Resolve glb_le_plus .

Lemma $\text{lub_eq_plus} : \forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{lub} ((\text{UPlus} @2 f) g) == \text{lub} f + \text{lub} g$.

Hint Resolve lub_eq_plus .

Lemma $\text{glb_mon} : \forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{Uglb} f == f O$.

Lemma $\text{lub_inv} : \forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), (\forall n, f n \leq [1-] g n) \rightarrow \text{lub} f \leq [1-] (\text{lub} g)$.

Lemma $\text{glb_lift_left} : \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) n,$

$$\text{glb } f == \text{glb} (\text{mon} (\text{seq_lift_left } f n)).$$

Hint Resolve glb_lift_left .

Lemma $\text{Ulub_mon} : \forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{Ulub} f == f O$.

Lemma $\text{lub_glb_le} : \forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$

$$(\forall n, f n \leq g n) \rightarrow \text{lub} f \leq \text{glb} g.$$

Lemma $\text{lub_lub_inv_le} : \forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U,$

$$(\forall n, f n \leq [1-] g n) \rightarrow \text{lub} f \leq [1-] \text{lub} g.$$

Lemma $\text{Uplus_opp_continuous_right}$:

$$\forall k, \text{continuous } (c1:=\text{Uopp}) (c2:=\text{Uopp}) (\text{Imon } (\text{UPlus} k)).$$

Lemma $\text{Uplus_opp_continuous_left}$:

$$\text{continuous } (c1:=\text{Uopp}) (c2:=\text{fmon_cpo } (o:=\text{Iord } U) (c:=\text{Uopp})) (\text{Imon2 } \text{UPlus}).$$

Hint Resolve $\text{Uplus_opp_continuous_right}$ $\text{Uplus_opp_continuous_left}$.

Instance $\text{Uplusopp_continuous2} : \text{continuous2 } (c1:=\text{Uopp}) (c2:=\text{Uopp}) (c3:=\text{Uopp}) (\text{Imon2 } \text{UPlus})$.

Save.

Lemma $\text{Uplusopp_lub_eq} : \forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$

$$\text{lub } (\text{cpo}:=\text{Uopp}) f + \text{lub } (\text{cpo}:=\text{Uopp}) g == \text{lub } (\text{cpo}:=\text{Uopp}) ((\text{Imon2 } \text{UPlus} @2 f) g).$$

Lemma $\text{glb_eq_plus} : \forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{glb} ((\text{Imon2 } \text{UPlus} @2 f) g) == \text{glb} f + \text{glb} g$.

Hint Resolve glb_eq_plus .

Instance $\text{UEsp_continuous2} : \text{continuous2 } \text{UEsp}$.

Save.

Lemma $\text{Uesp_lub_eq} : \forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{lub} f \& \text{lub} g == \text{lub } ((\text{UEsp} @2 f) g)$.

```

Instance sigma_mon :monotonic sigma.
Save.

Definition Sigma : (nat → U) -m> nat-m> U
  := mon sigma (fmonotonic:=sigma_mon).

Lemma Sigma_simpl : ∀ f, Sigma f = sigma f.

Lemma sigma_continuous1 : continuous Sigma.

Lemma sigma_lub1 : ∀ (f : nat -m> (nat → U)) n,
  sigma (lub f) n == lub ((mshift Sigma n) @ f).

Definition MF (A:Type) : Type := A → U.

Definition MFcpo (A:Type) : cpo (MF A) := fcpo cpoU.

Definition MFopp (A:Type) : cpo (o:=Iord (A → U)) (MF A).
Defined.

Lemma MFopp_lub_eq : ∀ (A:Type) (h:nat-m→ MF A),
  lub (cpo:=MFopp A) h == fun x ⇒ glb (Iord_app x @ h).

Lemma fle_intro : ∀ (A:Type) (f g : MF A), (∀ x, f x ≤ g x) → f ≤ g.
Hint Resolve fle_intro.

Lemma feq_intro : ∀ (A:Type) (f g : MF A), (∀ x, f x == g x) → f == g.
Hint Resolve feq_intro.

Definition fplus (A:Type) (f g : MF A) : MF A :=
  fun x ⇒ f x + g x.

Definition fmult (A:Type) (k:U) (f : MF A) : MF A :=
  fun x ⇒ k × f x.

Definition finv (A:Type) (f : MF A) : MF A :=
  fun x ⇒ [1-] f x.

Definition fzero (A:Type) : MF A :=
  fun x ⇒ 0.

Definition fdiv (A:Type) (k:U) (f : MF A) : MF A :=
  fun x ⇒ (f x) / k.

Definition flub (A:Type) (f : nat -m> MF A) : MF A := lub f.

Lemma fplus_simpl : ∀ (A:Type)(f g : MF A) (x : A),
  fplus f g x = f x + g x.

Lemma fplus_def : ∀ (A:Type)(f g : MF A),
  fplus f g = fun x ⇒ f x + g x.

Lemma fmult_simpl : ∀ (A:Type)(k:U) (f : MF A) (x : A),
  fmult k f x = k × f x.

Lemma fmult_def : ∀ (A:Type)(k:U) (f : MF A),
  fmult k f = fun x ⇒ k × f x.

Lemma fdiv_simpl : ∀ (A:Type)(k:U) (f : MF A) (x : A),
  fdiv k f x = f x / k.

Lemma fdiv_def : ∀ (A:Type)(k:U) (f : MF A),
  fdiv k f = fun x ⇒ f x / k.

Implicit Arguments fzero [].

Lemma fzero_simpl : ∀ (A:Type)(x : A), fzero A x = 0.

Lemma fzero_def : ∀ (A:Type), fzero A = fun x:A ⇒ 0.

Lemma finv_simpl : ∀ (A:Type)(f : MF A) (x : A), finv f x = [1-]f x.

```

```

Lemma finv_def : ∀ (A:Type)(f : MF A), finv f = fun x ⇒ [1-](f x).
Lemma flub_simpl : ∀ (A:Type)(f:nat -m> MF A) (x:A),
  (flub f) x = lub (f <o> x).
Lemma flub_def : ∀ (A:Type)(f:nat -m> MF A),
  (flub f) = fun x ⇒ lub (f <o> x).

Hint Resolve fplus_simpl fmult_simpl fzero_simpl finv_simpl flub_simpl.

Definition fone (A:Type) : MF A := fun x ⇒ 1.
Implicit Arguments fone [].

Lemma fone_simpl : ∀ (A:Type) (x:A), fone A x = 1.
Lemma fone_def : ∀ (A:Type), fone A = fun (x:A) ⇒ 1.

Definition fcte (A:Type) (k:U) : MF A := fun x ⇒ k.
Implicit Arguments fcte [].

Lemma fcte_simpl : ∀ (A:Type) (k:U) (x:A), fcte A k x = k.
Lemma fcte_def : ∀ (A:Type) (k:U), fcte A k = fun (x:A) ⇒ k.

Definition fminus (A:Type) (f g :MF A) : MF A := fun x ⇒ f x - g x.
Lemma fminus_simpl : ∀ (A:Type) (f g: MF A) (x:A), fminus f g x = f x - g x.
Lemma fminus_def : ∀ (A:Type) (f g: MF A), fminus f g = fun x ⇒ f x - g x.

Definition fesp (A:Type) (f g :MF A) : MF A := fun x ⇒ f x & g x.
Lemma fesp_simpl : ∀ (A:Type) (f g: MF A) (x:A), fesp f g x = f x & g x.
Lemma fesp_def : ∀ (A:Type) (f g: MF A) , fesp f g = fun x ⇒ f x & g x.

Definition fconj (A:Type)(f g:MF A) : MF A := fun x ⇒ f x × g x.
Lemma fconj_simpl : ∀ (A:Type) (f g: MF A) (x:A), fconj f g x = f x × g x.
Lemma fconj_def : ∀ (A:Type) (f g: MF A), fconj f g = fun x ⇒ f x × g x.

Lemma MF_lub_simpl : ∀ (A:Type) (f : nat -m> MF A) (x:A),
  lub f x = lub (f <o> x).
Hint Resolve MF_lub_simpl.

Lemma MF_lub_def : ∀ (A:Type) (f : nat -m> MF A),
  lub f = fun x ⇒ lub (f <o> x).

```

4.21.1 Defining morphisms

```

Lemma fplus_eq_compat : ∀ A (f1 f2 g1 g2:MF A),
  f1==f2 → g1==g2 → fplus f1 g1 == fplus f2 g2.

Add Parametric Morphism (A:Type) : (@fplus A)
  with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
  as fplus_eq_compat_morph.

Save.

Instance fplus_mon2 : ∀ A, monotonic2 (fplus (A:=A)).
Save.

Hint Resolve fplus_mon2.

Lemma fplus_le_compat : ∀ A (f1 f2 g1 g2:MF A),
  f1≤f2 → g1≤g2 → fplus f1 g1 ≤ fplus f2 g2.

Add Parametric Morphism A : (@fplus A) with signature Ole ++> Ole ++> Ole
  as fplus_le_compat_morph.

Save.

Lemma finv_eq_compat : ∀ A (f g:MF A), f==g → finv f == finv g.

```

```

Add Parametric Morphism A : (@finv A) with signature Oeq ==> Oeq
    as finv-freq-compat-morph.
Save.

Instance finv-mon : ∀ A, monotonic (o2:=Iord (MF A)) (finv (A:=A)).
Save.
Hint Resolve finv-mon.

Lemma finv-le_compat : ∀ A (f g:MF A), f ≤ g → finv g ≤ finv f.

Add Parametric Morphism A: (@finv A)
    with signature Ole -> Ole as finv-fle_compat_morph.
Save.

Lemma fmult_eq_compat : ∀ A k1 k2 (f1 f2:MF A),
    k1 == k2 → f1 == f2 → fmult k1 f1 == fmult k2 f2.

Add Parametric Morphism A : (@fmult A)
    with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq as fmult-freq_compat_morph.
Save.

Instance fmult_mon2 : ∀ A, monotonic2 (fmult (A:=A)).
Save.
Hint Resolve fmult_mon2.

Lemma fmult_le_compat : ∀ A k1 k2 (f1 f2:MF A),
    k1 ≤ k2 → f1 ≤ f2 → fmult k1 f1 ≤ fmult k2 f2.

Add Parametric Morphism A : (@fmult A)
    with signature Ole ++> Ole ++> Ole as fmult-fle_compat_morph.
Save.

Lemma fminus_eq_compat : ∀ A (f1 f2 g1 g2:MF A),
    f1 == f2 → g1 == g2 → fminus f1 g1 == fminus f2 g2.

Add Parametric Morphism A : (@fminus A)
    with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq as fminus-freq_compat_morph.
Save.

Instance fminus_mon2 : ∀ A, monotonic2 (o2:=Iord (MF A)) (fminus (A:=A)).
Save.
Hint Resolve fminus_mon2.

Lemma fminus_le_compat : ∀ A (f1 f2 g1 g2:MF A),
    f1 ≤ f2 → g1 ≤ g2 → fminus f1 g1 ≤ fminus f2 g2.

Add Parametric Morphism A : (@fminus A)
    with signature Ole ++> Ole -> Ole as fminus-fle_compat_morph.
Save.

Lemma fesp_eq_compat : ∀ A (f1 f2 g1 g2:MF A),
    f1 == f2 → g1 == g2 → fesp f1 g1 == fesp f2 g2.

Add Parametric Morphism A : (@fesp A) with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq as fesp-freq_compat_morph.
Save.

Instance fesp_mon2 : ∀ A, monotonic2 (fesp (A:=A)).
Save.
Hint Resolve fesp_mon2.

Lemma fesp_le_compat : ∀ A (f1 f2 g1 g2:MF A),
    f1 ≤ f2 → g1 ≤ g2 → fesp f1 g1 ≤ fesp f2 g2.

Add Parametric Morphism A : (@fesp A)
    with signature Ole ++> Ole ++> Ole as fesp-fle_compat_morph.
Save.

Lemma fconj_eq_compat : ∀ A (f1 f2 g1 g2:MF A),

```

```

 $f1 == f2 \rightarrow g1 == g2 \rightarrow fconj\ f1\ g1 == fconj\ f2\ g2.$ 
Add Parametric Morphism A : (@fconj A)
  with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
  as fconj-feq-compat-morph.
Save.

Instance fconj-mon2 : \forall A, monotonic2 (fconj (A:=A)).
Save.

Hint Resolve fconj-mon2.

Lemma fconj_le_compat : \forall A (f1 f2 g1 g2:MF A),
  f1 \leq f2 \rightarrow g1 \leq g2 \rightarrow fconj f1 g1 \leq fconj f2 g2.

Add Parametric Morphism A : (@fconj A) with signature Ole ++> Ole ++> Ole
  as fconj-fle-compat-morph.
Save.

Hint Immediate fplus_le_compat fplus_eq_compat fesp_le_compat fesp_eq_compat
  fmult_le_compat fmult_eq_compat fminus_le_compat fminus_eq_compat
  fconj_eq_compat.

Hint Resolve finv_eq_compat.

```

4.21.2 Elementary properties

```

Lemma fle_fplus_left : \forall (A:Type) (f g : MF A), f \leq fplus f g.
Lemma fle_fplus_right : \forall (A:Type) (f g : MF A), g \leq fplus f g.
Lemma fle_fmult : \forall (A:Type) (k:U)(f : MF A), fmult k f \leq f.
Lemma fle_zero : \forall (A:Type) (f : MF A), fzero A \leq f.
Lemma fle_one : \forall (A:Type) (f : MF A), f \leq fone A.
Lemma feq_finv_finv : \forall (A:Type) (f : MF A), finv (finv f) == f.
Lemma fle_fesp_left : \forall (A:Type) (f g : MF A), fesp f g \leq f.
Lemma fle_fesp_right : \forall (A:Type) (f g : MF A), fesp f g \leq g.
Lemma fle_fconj_left : \forall (A:Type) (f g : MF A), fconj f g \leq f.
Lemma fle_fconj_right : \forall (A:Type) (f g : MF A), fconj f g \leq g.
Lemma fconj_decomp : \forall A (f g : MF A),
  f == fplus (fconj f g) (fconj f (finv g)).
Hint Resolve fconj_decomp.

```

4.21.3 Compatibility of addition of two functions

```

Definition fplusok (A:Type) (f g : MF A) := f \leq finv g.
Hint Unfold fplusok.

Lemma fplusok_sym : \forall (A:Type) (f g : MF A) , fplusok f g \rightarrow fplusok g f.
Hint Immediate fplusok_sym.

Lemma fplusok_inv : \forall (A:Type) (f : MF A) , fplusok f (finv f).
Hint Resolve fplusok_inv.

Lemma fplusok_le_compat : \forall (A:Type)(f1 f2 g1 g2:MF A),
  fplusok f2 g2 \rightarrow f1 \leq f2 \rightarrow g1 \leq g2 \rightarrow fplusok f1 g1.

Hint Resolve fle_fplus_left fle_fplus_right fle_zero fle_one feq_finv_finv finv_le_compat
  fle_fmult fle_fesp_left fle_fesp_right fle_fconj_left fle_fconj_right.

Lemma fconj_fplusok : \forall (A:Type)(f g h:MF A),
  fplusok g h \rightarrow fplusok (fconj f g) (fconj f h).

```

```

Hint Resolve fconj_fplusok.

Definition Fconj A : MF A -m> MF A -m> MF A := mon2 (fconj (A:=A)).

Lemma Fconj_simpl : ∀ A f g, Fconj A f g = fconj f g.

Lemma fconj_sym : ∀ A (f g : MF A), fconj f g == fconj g f.

Hint Resolve fconj_sym.

Lemma Fconj_sym : ∀ A (f g : MF A), Fconj A f g == Fconj A g f.

Hint Resolve Fconj_sym.

Lemma lub_MF_simpl : ∀ A (h : nat -m> MF A) (x:A), lub h x = lub (h <o> x).

Instance fconj_continuous2 A : continuous2 (Fconj A).

Save.

Definition Fmult A : U -m> MF A -m> MF A := mon2 (fmult (A:=A)).

Lemma Fmult_simpl : ∀ A k f, Fmult A k f = fmultiplication k f.

Lemma Fmult_simpl2 : ∀ A k f x, Fmult A k f x = k × (f x).

Lemma fmultiplication_continuous2 : ∀ A, continuous2 (Fmult A).

Lemma Umult_sym_cst:
  ∀ A : Type,
  ∀ (k : U) (f : MF A), (fun x : A ⇒ f x × k) == (fun x : A ⇒ k × f x).

```

4.22 Fixpoints of functions of type $A \rightarrow U$

```

Section FixDef.

Variable A : Type.

Variable F : MF A -m> MF A.

Definition mufix : MF A := fixp F.

Definition G : MF A -m→ MF A := Imon F.

Definition nufix : MF A := fixp (c:=MFopp A) G.

Lemma mufix_inv : ∀ f : MF A, F f ≤ f → mufix ≤ f.

Hint Resolve mufix_inv.

Lemma nufix_inv : ∀ f : MF A, f ≤ F f → f ≤ nufix.

Hint Resolve nufix_inv.

Lemma mufix_le : mufix ≤ F mufix.

Hint Resolve mufix_le.

Lemma nufix_sup : F nufix ≤ nufix.

Hint Resolve nufix_sup.

Lemma mufix_eq : continuous F → mufix == F mufix.

Hint Resolve mufix_eq.

Lemma nufix_eq : continuous (c1:=MFopp A) (c2:=MFopp A) G → nufix == F nufix.

Hint Resolve nufix_eq.

End FixDef.

Hint Resolve mufix_le mufix_eq nufix_sup nufix_eq.

Definition Fcte (A:Type) (f:MF A) : MF A -m> MF A := mon (cte (MF A) f).

Lemma mufix_cte : ∀ (A:Type) (f:MF A), mufix (Fcte f) == f.

Lemma nufix_cte : ∀ (A:Type) (f:MF A), nufix (Fcte f) == f.

Hint Resolve mufix_cte nufix_cte.

```

4.23 Properties of (pseudo-)barycenter of two points

Lemma *Uinv_bary* :

$$\forall a b x y : U, a \leq [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow [1\text{-}](a \times x + b \times y) == a \times [1\text{-}]x + b \times [1\text{-}]y + [1\text{-}](a + b).$$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_bary*.

Lemma *Uinv_bary_le* :

$$\forall a b x y : U, a \leq [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow a \times [1\text{-}]x + b \times [1\text{-}]y \leq [1\text{-}](a \times x + b \times y).$$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_bary_le*.

Lemma *Uinv_bary_eq* : $\forall a b x y : U, a == [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow [1\text{-}](a \times x + b \times y) == a \times [1\text{-}]x + b \times [1\text{-}]y.$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_bary_eq*.

Lemma *bary_refl_eq* : $\forall a b x : U, a == [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow a \times x + b \times x == x.$

Hint Resolve *bary_refl_eq*.

Lemma *bary_refl_feq* : $\forall A a b (f:A \rightarrow U), a == [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow a \times f x + b \times f x) == f.$

Hint Resolve *bary_refl_feq*.

Lemma *bary_le_left* : $\forall a b x y, [1\text{-}]b \leq a \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow x \leq a \times x + b \times y.$

Lemma *bary_le_right* : $\forall a b x y, a \leq [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow a \times x + b \times y \leq y.$

Hint Resolve *bary_le_left* *bary_le_right*.

Lemma *bary_up_eq* : $\forall a b x y : U, a == [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow a \times x + b \times y == x + b \times (y - x).$

Lemma *bary_up_le* : $\forall a b x y : U, a \leq [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow a \times x + b \times y \leq x + b \times (y - x).$

Lemma *bary_anti_mon* : $\forall a b a' b' x y : U, a == [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow a' == [1\text{-}]b' \rightarrow a \leq a' \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow a' \times x + b' \times y \leq a \times x + b \times y.$

Hint Resolve *bary_anti_mon*.

Lemma *bary_Uminus_left* :

$$\forall a b x y : U, a \leq [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow (a \times x + b \times y) - x \leq b \times (y - x).$$

Lemma *bary_Uminus_left_eq* :

$$\forall a b x y : U, a == [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow (a \times x + b \times y) - x == b \times (y - x).$$

Lemma *Uminus_bary_left*

$$: \forall a b x y : U, [1\text{-}]a \leq b \rightarrow x - (a \times x + b \times y) \leq b \times (x - y).$$

Lemma *Uminus_bary_left_eq*

$$: \forall a b x y : U, a == [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow y \leq x \rightarrow x - (a \times x + b \times y) == b \times (x - y).$$

Hint Resolve *bary_up_eq* *bary_up_le* *bary_Uminus_left* *Uminus_bary_left* *Uminus_bary_left_eq* *Uminus_bary_left_eq*.

Lemma *bary_le_simpl_right*

$$: \forall a b x y : U, a == [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow \neg 0 == a \rightarrow a \times x + b \times y \leq y \rightarrow x \leq y.$$

Lemma *bary_le_simpl_left*

$$: \forall a b x y : U, a == [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow \neg 0 == b \rightarrow x \leq a \times x + b \times y \rightarrow x \leq y.$$

Lemma *diff_bary_left_eq*

$$: \forall a b x y : U, a == [1\text{-}]b \rightarrow \text{diff } x (a \times x + b \times y) == b \times \text{diff } x y.$$

Hint Resolve *diff_bary_left_eq*.

Lemma *Uinv_half_bary* :

$$\forall x y : U, [1\text{-}](\lfloor 1/2 \rfloor \times x + \frac{1}{2} \times y) == \frac{1}{2} \times [1\text{-}]x + \frac{1}{2} \times [1\text{-}]y.$$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_half_bary*.

Lemma *Uinv_Umult* : $\forall x y, [1\text{-}]x \times [1\text{-}]y == [1\text{-}](x - x \times y + y).$

Hint Resolve *Uinv_Umult*.

4.24 Properties of generalized sums *sigma*

Lemma *sigma_plus* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n:\text{nat}),$
 $\sigma(\text{fun } k \Rightarrow (f k) + (g k)) n == \sigma f n + \sigma g n.$

Definition *retract* ($f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U$) ($n : \text{nat}$) := $\forall k, (k < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f k \leq [1-] (\sigma f k).$

Lemma *retract_class* : $\forall f n, \text{class} (\text{retract } f n).$

Hint `Resolve retract_class.`

Lemma *retract0* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{retract } f 0.$

Lemma *retract_pred* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), \text{retract } f (S n) \rightarrow \text{retract } f n.$

Lemma *retractS* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), \text{retract } f (S n) \rightarrow f n \leq [1-] (\sigma f n).$

Hint `Immediate retract_pred retractS.`

Lemma *retractS_inv* :
 $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), \text{retract } f (S n) \rightarrow \sigma f n \leq [1-] f n.$

Hint `Immediate retractS_inv.`

Lemma *retractS_intro* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}),$
 $\text{retract } f n \rightarrow f n \leq [1-] (\sigma f n) \rightarrow \text{retract } f (S n).$

Hint `Resolve retract0 retractS_intro.`

Lemma *retract_lt* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}), \sigma f n < 1 \rightarrow \text{retract } f n.$

Lemma *retract_unif* :
 $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}),$
 $(\forall k, (k \leq n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f k \leq [1/]1+n) \rightarrow \text{retract } f (S n).$

Hint `Resolve retract_unif.`

Lemma *retract_unif_Nnth* :
 $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n : \text{nat}),$
 $(\forall k, (k \leq n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f k \leq [1/]n) \rightarrow \text{retract } f n.$

Hint `Resolve retract_unif_Nnth.`

Lemma *sigma_mult* :
 $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) n c, \text{retract } f n \rightarrow \sigma(\text{fun } k \Rightarrow c \times (f k)) n == c \times (\sigma f n).$

Hint `Resolve sigma_mult.`

Lemma *sigma_mult_perm* :
 $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) n c1 c2, \text{retract } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow c1 \times (f k)) n \rightarrow \text{retract } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow c2 \times (f k)) n$
 $\rightarrow c1 \times (\sigma(\text{fun } k \Rightarrow c2 \times (f k)) n) == c2 \times (\sigma(\text{fun } k \Rightarrow c1 \times (f k)) n).$

Hint `Resolve sigma_mult_perm.`

Lemma *sigma_prod_maj* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) n,$
 $\sigma(\text{fun } k \Rightarrow (f k) \times (g k)) n \leq \sigma f n.$

Hint `Resolve sigma_prod_maj.`

Lemma *sigma_prod_le* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (c:U), (\forall k, (f k) \leq c)$
 $\rightarrow \forall n, \text{retract } g n \rightarrow \sigma(\text{fun } k \Rightarrow (f k) \times (g k)) n \leq c \times (\sigma g n).$

Lemma *sigma_prod_ge* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (c:U), (\forall k, c \leq (f k))$
 $\rightarrow \forall n, (\text{retract } g n) \rightarrow c \times (\sigma g n) \leq (\sigma(\text{fun } k \Rightarrow (f k) \times (g k)) n).$

Hint `Resolve sigma_prod_maj sigma_prod_le sigma_prod_ge.`

Lemma *sigma_inv* : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (n:\text{nat}), (\text{retract } f n) \rightarrow$
 $[1-] (\sigma(\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k \times g k) n) == (\sigma(\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k \times [1-] (g k)) n) + [1-] (\sigma f n).$

Lemma *sigma_inv_simpl* : $\forall (n:\text{nat}) (f: \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\sigma(\text{fun } i \Rightarrow [1/]1+n \times [1-] (f i)) (S n) == [1-] \sigma(\text{fun } i \Rightarrow [1/]1+n \times (f i)) (S n).$

4.25 Product by an integer

4.25.1 Definition of $Nmult\ n\ x$ written $n\ */\ x$

```
Fixpoint Nmult (n: nat) (x : U) {struct n} : U :=
  match n with O ⇒ 0 | (S O) ⇒ x | S p ⇒ x + (Nmult p x) end.
```

4.25.2 Condition for $n\ */\ x$ to be exact : $n = 0$ or $x \leq 1/n$

```
Definition Nmult_def (n: nat) (x : U) :==>
  match n with O ⇒ True | S p ⇒ x ≤ [1/]1+p end.
```

Lemma Nmult_def_O : ∀ x, Nmult_def O x.

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_O.

Lemma Nmult_def_1 : ∀ x, Nmult_def (S O) x.

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_1.

Lemma Nmult_def_intro : ∀ n x, x ≤ [1/]1+n → Nmult_def (S n) x.

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_intro.

Lemma Nmult_def_Unth_le : ∀ n m, (n ≤ S m)%nat → Nmult_def n ([1/]1+m).

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_Unth_le.

Lemma Nmult_def_le : ∀ n m x, (n ≤ S m)%nat → x ≤ [1/]1+m → Nmult_def n x.

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_le.

Lemma Nmult_def_Unth : ∀ n, Nmult_def (S n) ([1/]1+n).

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_Unth.

Lemma Nmult_def_Nnth : ∀ n, Nmult_def n ([1/]n).

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_Nnth.

Lemma Nmult_def_pred : ∀ n x, Nmult_def (S n) x → Nmult_def n x.

Hint Immediate Nmult_def_pred.

Lemma Nmult_defS : ∀ n x, Nmult_def (S n) x → x ≤ [1/]1+n.

Hint Immediate Nmult_defS.

Lemma Nmult_def_class : ∀ n p, class (Nmult_def n p).

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_class.

Infix "*/" := Nmult (at level 60) : U_scope.

Add Morphism Nmult_def with signature eq ==> Oeq ==> iff as Nmult_def_eq_compat.

Save.

Lemma Nmult_def_zero : ∀ n, Nmult_def n 0.

Hint Resolve Nmult_def_zero.

4.25.3 Properties of $n\ */\ x$

Lemma Nmult_0 : ∀ (x:U), O */ x = 0.

Lemma Nmult_1 : ∀ (x:U), (S O) */ x = x.

Lemma Nmult_zero : ∀ n, n */ 0 == 0.

Lemma Nmult_SS : ∀ (n:nat) (x:U), S (S n) */ x = x + (S n */ x).

Lemma Nmult_2 : ∀ (x:U), 2 */ x = x + x.

Lemma Nmult_S : ∀ (n:nat) (x:U), S n */ x == x + (n */ x).

Hint Resolve Nmult_0 Nmult_zero Nmult_1 Nmult_SS Nmult_2 Nmult_S.

Add Morphism Nmult with signature eq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq as Nmult_eq_compat.

Save.

Hint Immediate Nmult_eq_compat.

Lemma *Nmult_eq_compat_left* : $\forall (n:\text{nat}) (x\ y:U), x == y \rightarrow n^*/x == n^*/y$.
 Lemma *Nmult_eq_compat_right* : $\forall (n\ m:\text{nat}) (x:U), (n = m)\%{\text{nat}} \rightarrow n^*/x == m^*/x$.
 Hint Resolve *Nmult_eq_compat_right*.
 Lemma *Nmult_le_compat_right* : $\forall n\ x\ y, x \leq y \rightarrow n^*/x \leq n^*/y$.
 Lemma *Nmult_le_compat_left* : $\forall n\ m\ x, (n \leq m)\%{\text{nat}} \rightarrow n^*/x \leq m^*/x$.
 Hint Resolve *Nmult_eq_compat_right* *Nmult_le_compat_right* *Nmult_le_compat_left*.
 Lemma *Nmult_le_compat* : $\forall (n\ m:\text{nat}) x\ y, n \leq m \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow n^*/x \leq m^*/y$.
 Hint Immediate *Nmult_le_compat*.
 Instance *Nmult_mon2* : *monotonic2 Nmult*.
 Save.
 Definition *NMult* : $\text{nat} \multimap U \multimap U := \text{mon2 } \text{Nmult}$.
 Lemma *Nmult_sigma* : $\forall (n:\text{nat}) (x:U), n^*/x == \text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow x) n$.
 Hint Resolve *Nmult_sigma*.
 Lemma *Nmult_Unth_prop* : $\forall n:\text{nat}, [1/]1+n == [1-] (n^*/([1/]1+n))$.
 Hint Resolve *Nmult_Unth_prop*.
 Lemma *Nmult_n_Unth* : $\forall n:\text{nat}, n^*/[1/]1+n == [1-] ([1/]1+n)$.
 Lemma *Nmult_Sn_Unth* : $\forall n:\text{nat}, S n^*/[1/]1+n == 1$.
 Hint Resolve *Nmult_n_Unth* *Nmult_Sn_Unth*.
 Lemma *Nmult_ge_Sn_Unth* : $\forall n\ k, (S n \leq k)\%{\text{nat}} \rightarrow k^*/[1/]1+n == 1$.
 Lemma *Nmult_n_Nnth* : $\forall n : \text{nat}, (0 < n)\%{\text{nat}} \rightarrow n^*/[1/]n == 1$.
 Hint Resolve *Nmult_n_Nnth*.
 Lemma *Nnth_S* : $\forall n, [1/](S n) == [1/]1+n$.
 Lemma *Nmult_le_n_Unth* : $\forall n\ k, (k \leq n)\%{\text{nat}} \rightarrow k^*/[1/]1+n \leq [1-] ([1/]1+n)$.
 Hint Resolve *Nmult_ge_Sn_Unth* *Nmult_le_n_Unth*.
 Lemma *Nmult_def_inv* : $\forall n\ x, \text{Nmult_def } (S n) x \rightarrow n^*/x \leq [1-] x$.
 Hint Resolve *Nmult_def_inv*.
 Lemma *Nmult_Umult_assoc_left* : $\forall n\ x\ y, \text{Nmult_def } n x \rightarrow n^*/(x \times y) == (n^*/x) \times y$.
 Hint Resolve *Nmult_Umult_assoc_left*.
 Lemma *Nmult_Umult_assoc_right* : $\forall n\ x\ y, \text{Nmult_def } n y \rightarrow n^*/(x \times y) == x \times (n^*/y)$.
 Hint Resolve *Nmult_Umult_assoc_right*.
 Lemma *plus_Nmult_distr* : $\forall n\ m\ x, (n + m)^*/x == (n^*/x) + (m^*/x)$.
 Lemma *Nmult_Uplus_distr* : $\forall n\ x\ y, n^*/(x + y) == (n^*/x) + (n^*/y)$.
 Lemma *Nmult_mult_assoc* : $\forall n\ m\ x, (n \times m)^*/x == n^*/(m^*/x)$.
 Lemma *Nmult_Unth_simpl_left* : $\forall n\ x, (S n)^*/([1/]1+n \times x) == x$.
 Lemma *Nmult_Unth_simpl_right* : $\forall n\ x, (S n)^*/(x \times [1/]1+n) == x$.
 Hint Resolve *Nmult_Umult_assoc_right* *plus_Nmult_distr* *Nmult_Uplus_distr*
Nmult_mult_assoc *Nmult_Unth_simpl_left* *Nmult_Unth_simpl_right*.
 Lemma *Uinv_Nmult* : $\forall k\ n, [1-] (k^*/[1/]1+n) == ((S n) - k)^*/[1/]1+n$.
 Lemma *Nmult_neq_zero* : $\forall n\ x, \sim 0 == x \rightarrow \sim 0 == S n^*/x$.
 Hint Resolve *Nmult_neq_zero*.
 Lemma *Nmult_le_simpl* : $\forall (n:\text{nat}) (x\ y:U),$
 $\text{Nmult_def } (S n) x \rightarrow \text{Nmult_def } (S n) y \rightarrow (S n^*/x) \leq (S n^*/y) \rightarrow x \leq y$.
 Lemma *Nmult_Unth_le* : $\forall (n1\ n2\ m1\ m2:\text{nat}),$
 $(n2 \times S n1 \leq m2 \times S m1)\%{\text{nat}} \rightarrow n2^*/[1/]1+m1 \leq m2^*/[1/]1+n1$.

Lemma *Nmult_Unth_eq* :
 $\forall (n1\ n2\ m1\ m2:\text{nat}),$
 $(n2 \times S\ n1 = m2 \times S\ m1) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow n2 * [1/]1+m1 == m2 * [1/]1+n1.$

Hint Resolve *Nmult_Unth_le Nmult_Unth_eq*.

Lemma *Nmult_Unth_factor* :
 $\forall (n\ m1\ m2:\text{nat}),$
 $(n \times S\ m2 = S\ m1) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow n * [1/]1+m1 == [1/]1+m2.$

Hint Resolve *Nmult_Unth_factor*.

Lemma *Unth_eq* : $\forall n\ p, n * / p == [1-]p \rightarrow p == [1/]1+n.$

Lemma *mult_Nmult_Umult* : $\forall n\ m\ x\ y,$
 $Nmult_def\ n\ x \rightarrow Nmult_def\ m\ y \rightarrow (n \times m) \% \text{nat} * / (x \times y) == (n * / x) * (m * / y).$

Hint Resolve *mult_Nmult_Umult*.

Lemma *minus_Nmult_distr* : $\forall n\ m\ x,$
 $Nmult_def\ n\ x \rightarrow (n - m) * / x == (n * / x) - (m * / x).$

Lemma *Nmult_Uminus_distr* : $\forall n\ x\ y,$
 $Nmult_def\ n\ x \rightarrow n * / (x - y) == (n * / x) - (n * / y).$

Hint Resolve *minus_Nmult_distr Nmult_Uminus_distr*.

Lemma *Umult_Unth* : $\forall n\ m, [1/]1+n \times [1/]1+m == [1/]1+(n+m+n \times m).$

Hint Resolve *Umult_Unth*.

Lemma *Umult_Nnth* : $\forall n\ m,$
 $(0 < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow (0 < m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow [1/]n \times [1/]m == [1/](n \times m) \% \text{nat}.$

Hint Resolve *Umult_Nnth*.

Lemma *Nnth_le_compat* : $\forall n\ m, (n \leq m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow [1/]m \leq [1/]n.$

Hint Resolve *Nnth_le_compat*.

Lemma *Nnth_le_equiv* : $\forall n\ m, (0 < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow (0 < m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow ([1/]n \leq [1/]m \leftrightarrow m \leq n).$

Lemma *Nnth_eq_equiv* : $\forall n\ m, (0 < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow (0 < m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow ([1/]n == [1/]m \leftrightarrow m = n).$

Lemma *half_Unth_eq* : $\forall n, \frac{1}{2} \times [1/]1+n == [1/]1+(2*n+1).$

Lemma *twice_half* : $\forall p, [1/]1+(2 \times p + 1) + [1/]1+(2 \times p + 1) == [1/]1+p.$

Lemma *Nmult_def_lt* : $\forall n\ x, n * / x < 1 \rightarrow Nmult_def\ n\ x.$

Hint Immediate *Nmult_def_lt*.

Lemma *Nmult_lt_simpl* : $\forall n\ x\ y, n * / x < n * / y \rightarrow x < y.$

Lemma *Nmult_lt_compat* :

$\forall n\ x\ y, (0 < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow n * / x < 1 \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow n * / x < n * / y.$

Hint Resolve *Nmult_lt_compat*.

Lemma *Nmult_def_lt_compat* :

$\forall n\ x\ y, (0 < n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow Nmult_def\ n\ y \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow n * / x < n * / y.$

Hint Resolve *Nmult_def_lt_compat*.

4.26 Conversion from booleans to U

Definition *B2U* : MF bool := fun (b:bool) => if b then 1 else 0.

Definition *NB2U* : MF bool := fun (b:bool) => if b then 0 else 1.

Lemma *B2Uinv* : *NB2U* == finv *B2U*.

Lemma *NB2Uinv* : *B2U* == finv *NB2U*.

Hint Resolve *B2Uinv NB2Uinv*.

Lemma *Umult_B2U_andb* : $\forall x\ y, (B2U\ x) \times (B2U\ y) == B2U\ (andb\ x\ y).$

Lemma *Uplus_B2U_orb* : $\forall x\ y, (B2U\ x) + (B2U\ y) == B2U\ (orb\ x\ y).$

4.27 Particular sequences

$pmin\ p\ n = p - \frac{1}{2} \wedge n$

Definition $pmin\ (p:U)\ (n:nat) := p - (\frac{1}{2} \wedge n)$.

Add *Morphism* $pmin$ with signature $Oeq ==> eq ==> Oeq$ as $pmin_eq_compat$.
Save.

4.27.1 Properties of $pmin$

Lemma $pmin_esp_S : \forall p\ n, pmin\ (p \& p)\ n == pmin\ p\ (S\ n) \& pmin\ p\ (S\ n)$.

Lemma $pmin_esp_le : \forall p\ n, pmin\ p\ (S\ n) \leq \frac{1}{2} \times (pmin\ (p \& p)\ n) + \frac{1}{2}$.

Lemma $pmin_plus_eq : \forall p\ n, p \leq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow pmin\ p\ (S\ n) == \frac{1}{2} \times (pmin\ (p + p)\ n)$.

Lemma $pmin_0 : \forall p:U, pmin\ p\ O == 0$.

Lemma $pmin_le : \forall (p:U)\ (n:nat), p - ([1/1+n]) \leq pmin\ p\ n$.

Hint Resolve $pmin_0$ $pmin_le$.

Lemma $pmin_le_compat : \forall p\ (n\ m : nat), n \leq m \rightarrow pmin\ p\ n \leq pmin\ p\ m$.

Hint Resolve $pmin_le_compat$.

Instance $pmin_mon : \forall p, \text{monotonic}\ (pmin\ p)$.

Save.

Definition $Pmin\ (p:U) : nat \multimap U := mon\ (pmin\ p)$.

Lemma $le_p_lim_pmin : \forall p, p \leq lub\ (Pmin\ p)$.

Lemma $le_lim_pmin_p : \forall p, lub\ (Pmin\ p) \leq p$.

Hint Resolve $le_p_lim_pmin$ $le_lim_pmin_p$.

Lemma $eq_lim_pmin_p : \forall p, lub\ (Pmin\ p) == p$.

Hint Resolve $eq_lim_pmin_p$.

Particular case where $p = 1$

Definition $U1min := Pmin\ 1$.

Lemma $eq_lim_U1min : lub\ U1min == 1$.

Lemma $U1min_S : \forall n, U1min\ (S\ n) == [1/2]^*(U1min\ n) + \frac{1}{2}$.

Lemma $U1min_0 : U1min\ O == 0$.

Hint Resolve eq_lim_U1min $U1min_S$ $U1min_0$.

Lemma $glb_half_exp : glb\ (UExp\ [1/2]) == 0$.

Hint Resolve glb_half_exp .

Lemma $Ule_lt_half_exp : \forall x\ y, (\forall p, x \leq y + [1/2]^\wedge p) \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Lemma $half_exp_le_half : \forall p, [1/2]^\wedge(S\ p) \leq \frac{1}{2}$.

Hint Resolve $half_exp_le_half$.

Lemma $twice_half_exp : \forall p, [1/2]^\wedge(S\ p) + [1/2]^\wedge(S\ p) == [1/2]^\wedge p$.

Hint Resolve $twice_half_exp$.

4.27.2 Dyadic numbers

Fixpoint $exp2\ (n:nat) : nat :=$

match n **with** $O \Rightarrow (1\%nat)$ **|** $S\ p \Rightarrow (2 \times (exp2\ p))\%nat$ **end**.

Lemma $exp2_pos : \forall n, (O < exp2\ n)\%nat$.

Hint Resolve $exp2_pos$.

Lemma $S_pred_exp2 : \forall n, S\ (\text{pred}\ (exp2\ n)) = exp2\ n$.

Hint Resolve S_pred_exp2 .

```

Notation "k /2^ p" := (k */ ([1/2])^p) (at level 35, no associativity).
Lemma Unth_half : ∀ n, (O < n)%nat → [1/]1+(pred (n+n)) ==  $\frac{1}{2} \times [1/]1+pred\ n$ .
Lemma Unth_exp2 : ∀ p, [1/2]^p == [1/]1+pred (exp2 p).
Hint Resolve Unth_exp2.
Lemma Nmult_exp2 : ∀ p, (exp2 p)/2^p == 1.
Hint Resolve Nmult_exp2.

Section Sequence.
Variable k : U.
Hypothesis kless1 : k < 1.
Lemma Ult_one_inv_zero : ¬ 0 == [1-]k.
Hint Resolve Ult_one_inv_zero.

Lemma Umult_simpl_zero : ∀ x, x ≤ k × x → x == 0.
Lemma Umult_simpl_one : ∀ x, k × x + [1-]k ≤ x → x == 1.
Lemma bary_le_compat : ∀ k' x y, x ≤ y → k ≤ k' → k' × x + [1-]k' × y ≤ k × x + [1-]k × y.
Lemma bary_one_le_compat : ∀ k' x, k ≤ k' → k' × x + [1-]k' ≤ k × x + [1-]k.
Lemma glb_exp_0 : glb (UExp k) == 0.
Instance Uinvexp_mon : monotonic (fun n ⇒ [1-]k ^ n).
Save.
Lemma lub_inv_exp_1 : mlub (fun n ⇒ [1-]k ^ n) == 1.
End Sequence.
Hint Resolve glb_exp_0 lub_inv_exp_1 bary_one_le_compat bary_le_compat.

```

4.28 Tactic for simplification of goals

```

Ltac Usimpl := match goal with
  | ⊢ context [(Uplus 0 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_zero_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uplus ?x 0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_zero_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uplus 1 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_one_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uplus ?x 1)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_one_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Umult 0 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_zero_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Umult ?x 0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_zero_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Umult 1 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_one_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Umult ?x 1)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_one_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uesp 0 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uesp_zero_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uesp ?x 0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uesp_zero_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uesp 1 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uesp_one_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uesp ?x 1)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uesp_one_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uminus 0 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uminus_zero_left x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uminus ?x 0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uminus_zero_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uminus ?x 1)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uminus_one_right x)
  | ⊢ context [(Uminus ?x ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uminus_eq x)
  | ⊢ context [[1/2] + [1/2]] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Unth_one_plus
  | ⊢ context [[1/2] × ?x +  $\frac{1}{2} \times ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Unth_one_refl x)
  | ⊢ context [[1-][1/2]] ⇒ setoid_rewrite ← Unth_one
  | ⊢ context [[(1-)(1-)?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uinv_inv x)
  | ⊢ context [?x + ((1-)?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uinv_opp_right x)
  | ⊢ context [((1-)?x) + ?x] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uinv_opp_left x)
  | ⊢ context [[(1-) 1]] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Uinv_one
  | ⊢ context [[(1-) 0]] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Uinv_zero
  | ⊢ context [[(1/]1+O)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Unth_zero$ 
```

```

| ⊢ context [(0/?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Udiv_zero x)
| ⊢ context [/?x/1] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Udiv_one x)
| ⊢ context [/?x/0] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Udiv_by_zero x); [idtac|reflexivity]
| ⊢ context [?x^O] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uexp_0 x)
| ⊢ context [?x^(S O)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uexp_1 x)
| ⊢ context [0^(?n)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Uexp_zero; [idtac|omega]
| ⊢ context [U1^(?n)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Uexp_one
| ⊢ context [(Nmult 0 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Nmult_0
| ⊢ context [(Nmult 1 ?x)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Nmult_1
| ⊢ context [(Nmult ?n 0)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite Nmult_zero
| ⊢ context [(sigma ?f O)] ⇒ setoid_rewrite sigma_0
| ⊢ context [(sigma ?f (S O))] ⇒ setoid_rewrite sigma_1
| ⊢ (Ole (Uplus ?x ?y) (Uplus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Uplus_le_compat_right
| ⊢ (Ole (Uplus ?x ?z) (Uplus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Uplus_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Uplus ?x ?z) (Uplus ?z ?y)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_sym z y);
| | | apply Uplus_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Uplus ?x ?y) (Uplus ?z ?x)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_sym x y);
| | | apply Uplus_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Uinv ?y) (Uinv ?x)) ⇒ apply Uinv_le_compat
| ⊢ (Ole (Uminus ?x ?y) (Uminus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Uminus_le_compat_right
| ⊢ (Ole (Uminus ?x ?z) (Uminus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Uminus_le_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Uinv ?x) == (Uinv ?y)) ⇒ apply Uinv_eq_compat
| ⊢ ((Uplus ?x ?y) == (Uplus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Uplus_eq_compat_right
| ⊢ ((Uplus ?x ?z) == (Uplus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Uplus_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Uplus ?x ?z) == (Uplus ?z ?y)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_sym z y);
| | | apply Uplus_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Uplus ?x ?y) == (Uplus ?z ?x)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Uplus_sym x y);
| | | apply Uplus_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Uminus ?x ?y) == (Uplus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Uminus_eq_compat; [apply Oeq_refl|idtac]
| ⊢ ((Uminus ?x ?z) == (Uplus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Uminus_eq_compat; [idtac|apply Oeq_refl]
| ⊢ (Ole (Umult ?x ?y) (Umult ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Umult_le_compat_right
| ⊢ (Ole (Umult ?x ?z) (Umult ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Umult_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Umult ?x ?z) (Umult ?z ?y)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_sym z y);
| | | apply Umult_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Umult ?x ?y) (Umult ?z ?x)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_sym x y);
| | | apply Umult_le_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Umult ?x ?y) == (Umult ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Umult_eq_compat_right
| ⊢ ((Umult ?x ?z) == (Umult ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Umult_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Umult ?x ?z) == (Umult ?z ?y)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_sym z y);
| | | apply Umult_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Umult ?x ?y) == (Umult ?z ?x)) ⇒ setoid_rewrite (Umult_sym x y);
| | | apply Umult_eq_compat_left

```

end.

```

Ltac Ucompute1 :=
  first [rewrite Uplus_zero_left |
    rewrite Uplus_zero_right |
    rewrite Uplus_one_left |
    rewrite Uplus_one_right |
    rewrite Umult_zero_left |
    rewrite Umult_zero_right |
    rewrite Umult_one_left |
    rewrite Umult_one_right |
    rewrite Uexp_zero_left |
    rewrite Uexp_zero_right |

```

```

rewrite  $U_{esp\_one\_left}$  |
rewrite  $U_{esp\_one\_right}$  |
rewrite  $U_{minus\_zero\_left}$  |
rewrite  $U_{minus\_zero\_right}$  |
rewrite  $U_{minus\_one\_right}$  |
rewrite  $U_{inv\_inv}$  |
rewrite  $U_{inv\_opp\_right}$  |
rewrite  $U_{inv\_opp\_left}$  |
rewrite  $U_{inv\_one}$  |
rewrite  $U_{inv\_zero}$  |
rewrite  $U_{nth\_zero}$  |
rewrite  $U_{exp\_0}$  |
rewrite  $U_{exp\_1}$  |
(rewrite  $U_{exp\_zero}$ ; [idtac|omega]) |
rewrite  $U_{exp\_one}$  |
rewrite  $N_{mult\_0}$  |
rewrite  $N_{mult\_1}$  |
rewrite  $N_{mult\_zero}$  |
rewrite  $\sigma_0$  |
rewrite  $\sigma_1$ 
].
Ltac  $Ucompute :=$ 
first [setoid_rewrite  $U_{plus\_zero\_left}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{plus\_zero\_right}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{plus\_one\_left}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{plus\_one\_right}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{mult\_zero\_left}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{mult\_zero\_right}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{mult\_one\_left}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{mult\_one\_right}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{esp\_zero\_left}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{esp\_zero\_right}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{esp\_one\_left}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{esp\_one\_right}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{minus\_zero\_left}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{minus\_zero\_right}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{minus\_one\_right}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{inv\_inv}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{inv\_opp\_right}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{inv\_opp\_left}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{inv\_one}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{inv\_zero}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{nth\_zero}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{exp\_0}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{exp\_1}$  |
(setoid_rewrite  $U_{exp\_zero}$ ; [idtac|omega]) |
setoid_rewrite  $U_{exp\_one}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $N_{mult\_0}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $N_{mult\_1}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $N_{mult\_zero}$  |
setoid_rewrite  $\sigma_0$  |
setoid_rewrite  $\sigma_1$ 
].

```

Properties of current values Notation "[1/3] := (Unth 2%nat).
Notation "[1/4] := (Unth 3%nat).
Notation "[1/8] := (Unth 7).
Notation "[3/4] := (Uinv [1/4]).

Lemma half_square : [1/2]*[1/2]==[1/4].

Lemma half_cube : [1/2]*[1/2]*[1/2]==[1/8].

Lemma three_quarter_decomp : [3/4]==[1/2]+[1/4].

Hint Resolve half_square half_cube three_quarter_decomp.

Lemma half_dec_mult

$$: \forall p, p \leq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow ([1/2]+p) \times ([1/2]-p) == \frac{1}{4} - (p \times p).$$

Lemma half_Ult_Umult_Uinv :

$$\forall p, p < \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow p \times [1-p] < \frac{1}{4}.$$

Hint Resolve half_Ult_Umult_Uinv.

Lemma half_Ule_Umult_Uinv :

$$\forall p, p \leq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow p \times [1-p] \leq \frac{1}{4}.$$

Hint Resolve half_Ule_Umult_Uinv.

Lemma Ult_Umult_Uinv :

$$\forall p, \neg p == \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow p \times [1-p] < \frac{1}{4}.$$

Lemma Ule_Umult_Uinv : $\forall p, p \times [1-p] \leq \frac{1}{4}$.

Equality is not true, even for monotonic sequences fot instance n/m

Lemma Ulub_Uglb_exch_le : $\forall f : nat \rightarrow nat \rightarrow U,$

$$Ulub (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow Uglb (\text{fun } m \Rightarrow f n m)) \leq Uglb (\text{fun } m \Rightarrow Ulub (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f n m)).$$

4.29 Limits inf and sup

Definition fsup ($f:nat \rightarrow U$) ($n:nat$) := Ulub (fun k $\Rightarrow f (n+k)\%nat$).

Definition finf ($f:nat \rightarrow U$) ($n:nat$) := Uglb (fun k $\Rightarrow f (n+k)\%nat$).

Lemma fsup_incr : $\forall (f:nat \rightarrow U) n, fsup f (S n) \leq fsup f n.$

Hint Resolve fsup_incr.

Lemma finf_incr : $\forall (f:nat \rightarrow U) n, finf f n \leq finf f (S n).$

Hint Resolve finf_incr.

Instance fsup_mon : $\forall f, \text{monotonic } (o2:=Iord U) (fsup f).$

Save.

Instance finf_mon : $\forall f, \text{monotonic } (finf f).$

Save.

Definition Fsup ($f:nat \rightarrow U$) : $nat \rightarrow U := mon (fsup f).$

Definition Finf ($f:nat \rightarrow U$) : $nat \rightarrow U := mon (finf f).$

Lemma fn_fsup : $\forall f n, f n \leq fsup f n.$

Hint Resolve fn_fsup.

Lemma finf_fn : $\forall f n, finf f n \leq f n.$

Hint Resolve finf_fn.

Definition limsup f := glb (Fsup f).

Definition liminf f := lub (Finf f).

Lemma le_liminf_sup : $\forall f, liminf f \leq limsup f.$

Hint Resolve le_liminf_sup.

Definition has_lim f := limsup f $\leq liminf f.$

Lemma `eq_liminf_sup` : $\forall f, \text{has_lim } f \rightarrow \text{liminf } f == \text{limsup } f.$
 Definition `cauchy` $f := \forall (p:\text{nat}), \text{exc } (\text{fun } M:\text{nat} \Rightarrow \forall n m,$
 $(M \leq n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow (M \leq m) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f n \leq f m + [1/2]^p).$
 Definition `is_limit` $f (l:U) := \forall (p:\text{nat}), \text{exc } (\text{fun } M:\text{nat} \Rightarrow \forall n,$
 $(M \leq n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow f n \leq l + [1/2]^p \wedge l \leq f n + [1/2]^p).$
 Lemma `cauchy_lim` : $\forall f, \text{cauchy } f \rightarrow \text{is_limit } f (\text{limsup } f).$
 Lemma `has_limit_cauchy` : $\forall f l, \text{is_limit } f l \rightarrow \text{cauchy } f.$
 Lemma `limit_le_unique` : $\forall f l1 l2, \text{is_limit } f l1 \rightarrow \text{is_limit } f l2 \rightarrow l1 \leq l2.$
 Lemma `limit_unique` : $\forall f l1 l2, \text{is_limit } f l1 \rightarrow \text{is_limit } f l2 \rightarrow l1 == l2.$
 Hint Resolve `limit_unique`.
 Lemma `has_limit_compute` : $\forall f l, \text{is_limit } f l \rightarrow \text{is_limit } f (\text{limsup } f).$
 Lemma `limsup_eq_mult` : $\forall k (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{limsup } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow k \times f n) == k \times \text{limsup } f.$
 Lemma `liminf_eq_mult` : $\forall k (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{liminf } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow k \times f n) == k \times \text{liminf } f.$
 Lemma `limsup_eq_plus_cte_right` : $\forall k (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{limsup } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow (f n) + k) == \text{limsup } f + k.$
 Lemma `liminf_eq_plus_cte_right` : $\forall k (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{liminf } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow (f n) + k) == \text{liminf } f + k.$
 Lemma `limsup_le_plus` : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{limsup } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x + g x) \leq \text{limsup } f + \text{limsup } g.$
 Lemma `liminf_le_plus` : $\forall (f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{liminf } f + \text{liminf } g \leq \text{liminf } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x + g x).$
 Hint Resolve `liminf_le_plus limsup_le_plus`.
 Lemma `limsup_le_compat` : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, f \leq g \rightarrow \text{limsup } f \leq \text{limsup } g.$
 Lemma `liminf_le_compat` : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, f \leq g \rightarrow \text{liminf } f \leq \text{liminf } g.$
 Hint Resolve `limsup_le_compat liminf_le_compat`.
 Lemma `limsup_eq_compat` : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, f == g \rightarrow \text{limsup } f == \text{limsup } g.$
 Lemma `liminf_eq_compat` : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, f == g \rightarrow \text{liminf } f == \text{liminf } g.$
 Hint Resolve `liminf_eq_compat limsup_eq_compat`.
 Lemma `limsup_inv` : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{limsup } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow [1\text{-}]f x) == [1\text{-}] \text{liminf } f.$
 Lemma `liminf_inv` : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{liminf } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow [1\text{-}]f x) == [1\text{-}] \text{limsup } f.$
 Hint Resolve `limsup_inv liminf_inv`.

4.30 Limits of arbitrary sequences

Lemma `liminf_incr` : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{liminf } f == \text{lub } f.$
 Lemma `limsup_incr` : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{limsup } f == \text{lub } f.$
 Lemma `has_limit_incr` : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{has_lim } f.$
 Lemma `liminf_decr` : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{liminf } f == \text{glb } f.$
 Lemma `limsup_decr` : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{limsup } f == \text{glb } f.$
 Lemma `has_limit_decr` : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{has_lim } f.$
 Lemma `has_limit_sum` : $\forall f g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{has_lim } f \rightarrow \text{has_lim } g \rightarrow \text{has_lim } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x + g x).$
 Lemma `has_limit_inv` : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U, \text{has_lim } f \rightarrow \text{has_lim } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow [1\text{-}]f x).$
 Lemma `has_limit_cte` : $\forall c, \text{has_lim } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow c).$

4.31 Definition and properties of series : infinite sums

Definition `serie (f : nat → U) : U := lub (sigma f).`

Lemma `serie_le_compat : ∀ (f g: nat → U),
 $(\forall k, f k \leq g k) \rightarrow \text{serie } f \leq \text{serie } g.$`

Lemma `serie_eq_compat : ∀ (f g: nat → U),
 $(\forall k, f k == g k) \rightarrow \text{serie } f == \text{serie } g.$`

Lemma `serie_sigma_lift : ∀ (f :nat → U) (n:nat),
 $\text{serie } f == \text{sigma } f n + \text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f (n + k)\%nat).$`

Lemma `serie_sigma_decomp : ∀ (f g:nat → U) (n:nat),
 $(\forall k, g k = f (n + k)\%nat) \rightarrow
\text{serie } f == \text{sigma } f n + \text{serie } g.$`

Lemma `serie_lift_le : ∀ (f :nat → U) (n:nat),
 $\text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f (n + k)\%nat) \leq \text{serie } f.$`

Hint Resolve `serie_lift_le.`

Lemma `serie_decomp_le : ∀ (f g:nat → U) (n:nat),
 $(\forall k, g k \leq f (n + k)\%nat) \rightarrow
\text{serie } g \leq \text{serie } f.$`

Lemma `serie_S_lift : ∀ (f :nat → U),
 $\text{serie } f == f O + \text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f (S k)).$`

Lemma `serie_zero : ∀ f, ($\forall k, f k == 0$) \rightarrow \text{serie } f == 0.`

Lemma `serie_not_zero : ∀ f k, 0 < f k \rightarrow 0 < \text{serie } f.`

Lemma `serie_zero_elim : ∀ f, \text{serie } f == 0 \rightarrow \forall k, f k == 0.`

Hint Resolve `serie_eq_compat serie_le_compat serie_zero.`

Lemma `serie_le : ∀ f k, f k \leq \text{serie } f.`

Lemma `serie_minus_incr : ∀ f :nat -m> U, \text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f (S k) - f k) == \text{lub } f - f O.`

Lemma `serie_minus_decr : ∀ f : nat -m→ U,
 $\text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k - f (S k)) == f O - \text{glb } f.$`

Lemma `serie_plus : ∀ (f g : nat → U),
 $\text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow (f k) + (g k)) == \text{serie } f + \text{serie } g.$`

series and lub

Lemma `serie_glb_pos : ∀ f : nat → U, 0 < \text{Uglb } f \rightarrow \text{serie } f == 1.`

Lemma `serie_glb_0 : ∀ f : nat → U, \text{serie } f < 1 \rightarrow \text{Uglb } f == 0.`

Hint Immediate `serie_glb_0.`

Definition `wretract (f : nat → U) := ∀ k, f k \leq [1-] (\text{sigma } f k).`

Lemma `retract_wretract : ∀ f, ($\forall n, \text{retract } f n$) \rightarrow \text{wretract } f.`

Lemma `wretract_retract : ∀ f, \text{wretract } f \rightarrow \forall n, \text{retract } f n.`

Hint Resolve `wretract_retract.`

Lemma `wretract_lt : ∀ (f : nat → U), ($\forall (n : nat), \text{sigma } f n < 1$) \rightarrow \text{wretract } f.`

Hint Immediate `wretract_lt.`

Lemma `wretract_lt_serie : ∀ (f : nat → U), \text{serie } f < 1 \rightarrow \text{wretract } f.`

Hint Immediate `wretract_lt_serie.`

Lemma `retract_zero_wretract :`

$\forall f n, \text{retract } f n \rightarrow (\forall k, (n \leq k)\%nat \rightarrow f k == 0) \rightarrow \text{wretract } f.$

Lemma `wretract_le : ∀ f g : nat → U, f \leq g \rightarrow \text{wretract } g \rightarrow \text{wretract } f.`

Lemma `wretract_lift : ∀ f n, \text{wretract } f \rightarrow`

$\text{sigma } f \ n \leq [1\text{-}] \ \text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f \ (n + k) \% \text{nat}).$

Hint Resolve wretract_lift.

Lemma serie_mult :

$\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) \ c, \text{wretract } f \rightarrow \text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow c \times f \ k) == c \times \text{serie } f.$

Hint Resolve serie_mult.

Lemma serie_prod_maj : $\forall (f \ g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f \ k \times g \ k) \leq \text{serie } f.$

Hint Resolve serie_prod_maj.

Lemma serie_prod_le : $\forall (f \ g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (c : U), (\forall k, f \ k \leq c)$
 $\rightarrow \text{wretract } g \rightarrow \text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f \ k \times g \ k) \leq c \times \text{serie } g.$

Lemma serie_prod_ge : $\forall (f \ g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) (c : U), (\forall k, c \leq (f \ k))$
 $\rightarrow \text{wretract } g \rightarrow c \times \text{serie } g \leq \text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f \ k \times g \ k).$

Hint Resolve serie_prod_le serie_prod_ge.

Lemma serie_inv_le : $\forall (f \ g : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{wretract } f \rightarrow$
 $\text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f \ k \times [1\text{-}] (g \ k)) \leq [1\text{-}] (\text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f \ k \times g \ k)).$

Lemma serie_half : $\forall f, \text{serie } f < 1$
 $\rightarrow \text{exc } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow \text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f \ (n + k) \% \text{nat}) \leq \frac{1}{2} \times \text{serie } f).$

Lemma serie_half_exp : $\forall f \ m, \text{serie } f < 1$
 $\rightarrow \text{exc } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow \text{serie } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f \ (n + k) \% \text{nat}) \leq [1/2]^m).$

Definition Serie : $(\text{nat} \rightarrow U) \ -m > U.$

Defined.

Lemma Serie_simpl : $\forall f, \text{Serie } f = \text{serie } f.$

Lemma serie_continuous : continuous Serie.

Definition fun_cte n (a:U) : nat → U
:= fun p ⇒ if eq_nat_dec p n then a else 0.

Lemma fun_cte_eq : $\forall n \ a, \text{fun_cte } n \ a \ n = a.$

Lemma fun_cte_zero : $\forall n \ a \ p, p \neq n \rightarrow \text{fun_cte } n \ a \ p = 0.$

Lemma sigma_cte_eq : $\forall n \ a \ p, (n < p) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{sigma } (\text{fun_cte } n \ a) \ p == a.$

Hint Resolve sigma_cte_eq.

Lemma serie_cte_eq : $\forall n \ a, \text{serie } (\text{fun_cte } n \ a) == a.$

Section PartialPermutationSerieLe.

Variables f g : nat → U.

Variable s : nat → nat → Prop.

Hypothesis s_dec : $\forall i \ j, \{s \ i \ j\} + \{\sim s \ i \ j\}.$

Hypothesis s_inj : $\forall i \ j \ k : \text{nat}, s \ i \ k \rightarrow s \ j \ k \rightarrow i = j.$

Hypothesis s_dom : $\forall i, \neg f \ i == 0 \rightarrow \exists j, s \ i \ j.$

Hypothesis f_g_perm : $\forall i \ j, s \ i \ j \rightarrow f \ i == g \ j.$

Lemma serie_perm_rel_le : $\text{serie } f \leq \text{serie } g.$

End PartialPermutationSerieLe.

Section PartialPermutationSerieEq.

Variables f g : nat → U.

Variable s : nat → nat → Prop.

Hypothesis s_dec : $\forall i \ j, \{s \ i \ j\} + \{\sim s \ i \ j\}.$

Hypothesis s_fun : $\forall i \ j \ k : \text{nat}, s \ i \ j \rightarrow s \ i \ k \rightarrow j = k.$

Hypothesis s_inj : $\forall i \ j \ k : \text{nat}, s \ i \ k \rightarrow s \ j \ k \rightarrow i = j.$

Hypothesis s_surj : $\forall j, \neg g \ j == 0 \rightarrow \exists i, s \ i \ j.$

```

Hypothesis s_dom :  $\forall i, \neg f i == 0 \rightarrow \exists j, s i j.$ 
Hypothesis f_g_perm :  $\forall i j, s i j \rightarrow f i == g j.$ 
Lemma serie_perm_rel_eq : serie f == serie g.
End PartialPermutationSerieEq.

Section PermutationSerie.
Variable s : nat → nat.
Hypothesis s_inj :  $\forall i j : nat, s i = s j \rightarrow i = j.$ 
Hypothesis s_surj :  $\forall j, \exists i, s i = j.$ 
Variable f : nat → U.
Lemma serie_perm_le : serie (fun i => f (s i)) ≤ serie f.
Lemma serie_perm_eq : serie f == serie (fun i => f (s i)).
End PermutationSerie.
Hint Resolve serie_perm_eq serie_perm_le.

Section SerieProdRel.
Variable f : nat → U.
Variable g : nat → nat → U.
Variable s : nat → nat → nat → Prop.
Hypothesis s_dec :  $\forall k n m, \{s k n m\} + \{\sim s k n m\}.$ 
Hypothesis s_fun1 :  $\forall k n1 m1 n2 m2, s k n1 m1 \rightarrow s k n2 m2 \rightarrow n1 = n2.$ 
Hypothesis s_fun2 :  $\forall k n1 m1 n2 m2, s k n1 m1 \rightarrow s k n2 m2 \rightarrow m1 = m2.$ 
Hypothesis s_inj :  $\forall k1 k2 n m, s k1 n m \rightarrow s k2 n m \rightarrow k1 = k2.$ 
Hypothesis s_surj :  $\forall n m, \neg g n m == 0 \rightarrow \exists k, s k n m.$ 
Hypothesis f_g_perm :  $\forall k n m, s k n m \rightarrow f k == g n m.$ 
Section SPR.
Hypothesis s_dom :  $\forall k, \neg f k == 0 \rightarrow \exists n, \exists m, s k n m.$ 
Lemma serie_le_rel_prod : serie f ≤ serie (fun n => serie (g n)).
End SPR.

Variable s_fst : nat → nat.
Hypothesis s_fst_ex :  $\forall k, \exists m, s k (s_fst k) m.$ 
Lemma s_dom :  $\forall k, \exists n, \exists m, s k n m.$ 
Hint Resolve s_dom.

Lemma serie_rel_prod_le : serie (fun n => serie (g n)) ≤ serie f.
Lemma serie_rel_prod_eq : serie f == serie (fun n => serie (g n)).
End SerieProdRel.

Section SerieProd.
Variable f : (nat × nat) → U.
Variable s : nat → nat × nat.
Variable s_inj :  $\forall n m, s n = s m \rightarrow n = m.$ 
Variable s_surj :  $\forall m, \exists n, s n = m.$ 
Lemma serie_enum_prod_eq : serie (fun k => f (s k)) == serie (fun n => serie (fun m => f (n, m))).
End SerieProd.
Hint Resolve serie_enum_prod_eq.

```

5 Monads.v: Monads for randomized constructions

Require Export Uprop.

5.1 Definition of monadic operators as the cpo of monotonic oerators

Definition M ($A:\text{Type}$) := $MF\ A \dashv\! m > U$.

Instance app_mon ($A:\text{Type}$) ($x:A$) : $\text{monotonic}(\text{fun}(f:MF\ A) \Rightarrow f\ x)$.

Save.

Definition unit ($A:\text{Type}$) ($x:A$) : $M\ A := \text{mon}(\text{fun}(f:MF\ A) \Rightarrow f\ x)$.

Definition star : $\forall(A\ B:\text{Type}), M\ A \rightarrow (A \rightarrow M\ B) \rightarrow M\ B$.

Defined.

Lemma star_simpl : $\forall(A\ B:\text{Type})(a:M\ A)(F:A \rightarrow M\ B)(f:MF\ B),$
 $\text{star}\ a\ F\ f = a(\text{fun}\ x \Rightarrow F\ x\ f)$.

5.2 Properties of monadic operators

Lemma law1 : $\forall(A\ B:\text{Type})(x:A)(F:A \rightarrow M\ B)(f:MF\ B), \text{star}(\text{unit}\ x)\ F\ f == F\ x\ f$.

Lemma law2 :

$\forall(A:\text{Type})(a:M\ A)(f:MF\ A), \text{star}\ a(\text{fun}\ x:A \Rightarrow \text{unit}\ x)\ f == a(\text{fun}\ x:A \Rightarrow f\ x)$.

Lemma law3 :

$\forall(A\ B\ C:\text{Type})(a:M\ A)(F:A \rightarrow M\ B)(G:B \rightarrow M\ C)(f:MF\ C), \text{star}(\text{star}\ a\ F)\ G\ f == \text{star}\ a(\text{fun}\ x:A \Rightarrow \text{star}(F\ x)\ G)\ f$.

5.3 Properties of distributions

5.3.1 Expected properties of measures

Definition stable_inv ($A:\text{Type}$) ($m:M\ A$) : Prop := $\forall f:MF\ A, m(finv\ f) \leq [1-](m\ f)$.

Definition stable_plus ($A:\text{Type}$) ($m:M\ A$) : Prop :=
 $\forall f\ g:MF\ A, fplusok\ f\ g \rightarrow m(fplus\ f\ g) == (m\ f) + (m\ g)$.

Definition le_plus ($A:\text{Type}$) ($m:M\ A$) : Prop :=
 $\forall f\ g:MF\ A, fplusok\ f\ g \rightarrow (m\ f) + (m\ g) \leq m(fplus\ f\ g)$.

Definition le_esp ($A:\text{Type}$) ($m:M\ A$) : Prop :=
 $\forall f\ g:MF\ A, (m\ f) \& (m\ g) \leq m(fesp\ f\ g)$.

Definition le_plus_cte ($A:\text{Type}$) ($m:M\ A$) : Prop :=
 $\forall(f:MF\ A)(k:U), m(fplus\ f(fcte\ A\ k)) \leq m\ f + k$.

Definition stable_mult ($A:\text{Type}$) ($m:M\ A$) : Prop :=
 $\forall(k:U)(f:MF\ A), m(fm mult\ k\ f) == k \times (m\ f)$.

5.3.2 Stability for equality

Lemma $\text{stable_minus_distr}$: $\forall(A:\text{Type})(m:M\ A),$
 $\text{stable_plus}\ m \rightarrow \text{stable_inv}\ m \rightarrow$
 $\forall(f\ g:MF\ A), g \leq f \rightarrow m(fminus\ f\ g) == m\ f - m\ g$.

Hint Resolve $\text{stable_minus_distr}$.

Lemma inv_minus_distr : $\forall(A:\text{Type})(m:M\ A),$
 $\text{stable_plus}\ m \rightarrow \text{stable_inv}\ m \rightarrow$
 $\forall(f:MF\ A), m(finv\ f) == m(fone\ A) - m\ f$.

Hint Resolve inv_minus_distr .

Lemma le_minus_distr : $\forall(A:\text{Type})(m:M\ A),$
 $\forall(f\ g:A \rightarrow U), m(fminus\ f\ g) \leq m\ f$.

Hint Resolve le_minus_distr .

Lemma le_plus_distr : $\forall(A:\text{Type})(m:M\ A),$

```

stable_plus m → stable_inv m → ∀ (f g:MF A), m (fplus f g) ≤ m f + m g.
Hint Resolve le_plus_distr.

Lemma le_esp_distr : ∀ (A : Type) (m:M A),
stable_plus m → stable_inv m → le_esp m.

Lemma unit_stable_eq : ∀ (A:Type) (x:A), stable (unit x).

Lemma star_stable_eq : ∀ (A B:Type) (m:M A) (F:A → M B), stable (star m F).

Lemma unit_monotonic : ∀ (A:Type) (x:A) (f g : MF A),
f ≤ g → unit x f ≤ unit x g.

Lemma star_monotonic : ∀ (A B:Type) (m:M A) (F:A → M B) (f g : MF B),
f ≤ g → star m F f ≤ star m F g.

Lemma star_le_compat : ∀ (A B:Type) (m1 m2:M A) (F1 F2:A → M B),
m1 ≤ m2 → F1 ≤ F2 → star m1 F1 ≤ star m2 F2.

Hint Resolve star_le_compat.

```

5.3.3 Stability for inversion

```

Lemma unit_stable_inv : ∀ (A:Type) (x:A), stable_inv (unit x).

Lemma star_stable_inv : ∀ (A B:Type) (m:M A) (F:A → M B),
stable_inv m → (∀ a:A, stable_inv (F a)) → stable_inv (star m F).

```

5.3.4 Stability for addition

```

Lemma unit_stable_plus : ∀ (A:Type) (x:A), stable_plus (unit x).

Lemma star_stable_plus : ∀ (A B:Type) (m:M A) (F:A → M B),
stable_plus m →
(∀ a:A, ∀ f g, fplusok f g → (F a f) ≤ Uinv (F a g))
→ (∀ a:A, stable_plus (F a)) → stable_plus (star m F).

Lemma unit_le_plus : ∀ (A:Type) (x:A), le_plus (unit x).

Lemma star_le_plus : ∀ (A B:Type) (m:M A) (F:A → M B),
le_plus m →
(∀ a:A, ∀ f g, fplusok f g → (F a f) ≤ Uinv (F a g))
→ (∀ a:A, le_plus (F a)) → le_plus (star m F).

```

5.3.5 Stability for product

```

Lemma unit_stable_mult : ∀ (A:Type) (x:A), stable_mult (unit x).

Lemma star_stable_mult : ∀ (A B:Type) (m:M A) (F:A → M B),
stable_mult m → (∀ a:A, stable_mult (F a)) → stable_mult (star m F).

```

5.3.6 Continuity

```

Lemma unit_continuous : ∀ (A:Type) (x:A), continuous (unit x).

Lemma star_continuous : ∀ (A B : Type) (m : M A)(F: A → M B),
continuous m → (∀ x, continuous (F x)) → continuous (star m F).

```

6 Probas.v: The monad for distributions

Require Export Monads.

6.1 Definition of distribution

Distributions are monotonic measure functions such that

- $\mu(1-f) \leq 1 - \mu f$
- $f \leq 1 - g \Rightarrow \mu(f+g) == \mu f + \mu g$
- $\mu(k \times f) = k \times \mu(f)$
- $\mu(\text{lub } f_{\neg n}) \leq \text{lub } \mu(f_{\neg n})$

```
Record distr (A:Type) : Type :=
{μ : M A;
 μ_stable_inv : stable_inv μ;
 μ_stable_plus : stable_plus μ;
 μ_stable_mult : stable_mult μ;
 μ_continuous : continuous μ}.
```

Hint Resolve mu_stable_plus mu_stable_inv mu_stable_mult mu_continuous.

6.2 Properties of measures

Lemma mu_monotonic : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A), \text{monotonic } (\mu m)$.

Hint Resolve mu_monotonic.

Implicit Arguments mu_monotonic [A].

Lemma mu_stable_eq : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A), \text{stable } (\mu m)$.

Hint Resolve mu_stable_eq.

Implicit Arguments mu_stable_eq [A].

Lemma mu_zero : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A), \mu m (\text{fzero } A) == 0$.

Hint Resolve mu_zero.

Lemma mu_zero_eq : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) f,$
 $(\forall x, f x == 0) \rightarrow \mu m f == 0$.

Lemma mu_one_inv : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A),$
 $\mu m (\text{fone } A) == 1 \rightarrow \forall f, \mu m (\text{finv } f) == [\text{l-}] (\mu m f)$.

Hint Resolve mu_one_inv.

Lemma mu_fplusok : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) f g, \text{fplusok } f g \rightarrow$
 $\mu m f \leq [\text{l-}] \mu m g$.

Hint Resolve mu_fplusok.

Lemma mu_le_minus : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) (f g : \text{MF } A),$
 $\mu m (\text{fminus } f g) \leq \mu m f$.

Hint Resolve mu_le_minus.

Lemma mu_le_plus : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) (f g : \text{MF } A),$
 $\mu m (\text{fplus } f g) \leq \mu m f + \mu m g$.

Hint Resolve mu_le_plus.

Lemma mu_eq_plus : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) (f g : \text{MF } A),$
 $\text{fplusok } f g \rightarrow \mu m (\text{fplus } f g) == \mu m f + \mu m g$.

Hint Resolve mu_eq_plus.

Lemma mu_plus_zero : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) (f g : \text{MF } A),$
 $\mu m f == 0 \rightarrow \mu m g == 0 \rightarrow \mu m (\text{fplus } f g) == 0$.

Hint Resolve mu_plus_zero.

Lemma mu_plus_pos : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m : \text{distr } A) (f g : \text{MF } A),$
 $0 < \mu m (\text{fplus } f g) \rightarrow \text{orc } (0 < \mu m f) (0 < \mu m g)$.

Lemma *mu_fcte* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m:(\text{distr } A)) (c:U),$
 $\mu m (\text{fcte } A c) == c \times \mu m (\text{fone } A).$
Hint Resolve *mu_fcte*.

Lemma *mu_fcte_le* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m:\text{distr } A) (c:U), \mu m (\text{fcte } A c) \leq c.$

Lemma *mu_fcte_eq* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m:\text{distr } A) (c:U),$
 $\mu m (\text{fone } A) == 1 \rightarrow \mu m (\text{fcte } A c) == c.$

Hint Resolve *mu_fcte_le mu_fcte_eq*.

Lemma *mu_cte* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m:(\text{distr } A)) (c:U),$
 $\mu m (\text{fun } _ \Rightarrow c) == c \times \mu m (\text{fone } A).$

Hint Resolve *mu_cte*.

Lemma *mu_cte_le* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m:\text{distr } A) (c:U), \mu m (\text{fun } _ \Rightarrow c) \leq c.$

Lemma *mu_cte_eq* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m:\text{distr } A) (c:U),$
 $\mu m (\text{fone } A) == 1 \rightarrow \mu m (\text{fun } _ \Rightarrow c) == c.$

Hint Resolve *mu_cte_le mu_cte_eq*.

Lemma *mu_stable_mult_right* : $\forall (A : \text{Type})(m:\text{distr } A) (c:U) (f : MF A),$
 $\mu m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow (f x) \times c) == (\mu m f) \times c.$

Lemma *mu_stable_minus* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (m:\text{distr } A)(f g : MF A),$
 $g \leq f \rightarrow \mu m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x - g x) == \mu m f - \mu m g.$

Lemma *mu_inv_minus* :
 $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (m:\text{distr } A)(f: MF A), \mu m (\text{finv } f) == \mu m (\text{fone } A) - \mu m f.$

Lemma *mu_stable_le_minus* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (m:\text{distr } A)(f g : MF A),$
 $\mu m f - \mu m g \leq \mu m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x - g x).$

Lemma *mu_inv_minus_inv* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (m:\text{distr } A)(f: MF A),$
 $\mu m (\text{finv } f) + [1-](\mu m (\text{fone } A)) == [1-](\mu m f).$

Lemma *mu_le_esp_inv* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (m:\text{distr } A)(f g : MF A),$
 $([1-]\mu m (\text{finv } f)) \& \mu m g \leq \mu m (\text{fesp } f g).$

Hint Resolve *mu_le_esp_inv*.

Lemma *mu_stable_inv_inv* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (m:\text{distr } A)(f : MF A),$
 $\mu m f \leq [1-] \mu m (\text{finv } f).$

Hint Resolve *mu_stable_inv_inv*.

Lemma *mu_stable_div* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (m:\text{distr } A)(k:U)(f : MF A),$
 $\neg 0 == k \rightarrow f \leq \text{fcte } A k \rightarrow \mu m (\text{fdinv } k f) == \mu m f / k.$

Lemma *mu_stable_div_le* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (m:\text{distr } A)(k:U)(f : MF A),$
 $\neg 0 == k \rightarrow \mu m (\text{fdinv } k f) \leq \mu m f / k.$

Lemma *mu_le_esp* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (m:\text{distr } A)(f g : MF A),$
 $\mu m f \& \mu m g \leq \mu m (\text{fesp } f g).$

Hint Resolve *mu_le_esp*.

Lemma *mu_esp_one* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(m:\text{distr } A)(f g:MF A),$
 $1 \leq \mu m f \rightarrow \mu m g == \mu m (\text{fesp } f g).$

Lemma *mu_esp_zero* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(m:\text{distr } A)(f g:MF A),$
 $\mu m (\text{finv } f) \leq 0 \rightarrow \mu m g == \mu m (\text{fesp } f g).$

Lemma *mu_stable_mult2*:
 $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (d : \text{distr } A), \forall (k : U)$
 $(f : MF A), (\mu d) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow k \times f x) == k \times (\mu d) f.$

Lemma *mu_stable_plus2*:
 $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (d : \text{distr } A) (f g: MF A),$
 $fplusok f g \rightarrow (\mu d) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x + g x) == (\mu d) f + (\mu d) g.$

Lemma *mu_fzero_eq* : $\forall A m, @\mu A m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow 0) == 0.$

```

Lemma fplusok_plus_esp : ∀ (A : Type) (f g : MF A),
  fplusok f (fminus g (fesp f g)).
Hint Resolve fplusok_plus_esp.

Lemma mu_eq_plus_esp :
  ∀ (A : Type) (m : distr A) (f g : MF A),
    μ m (fplus f g) == μ m f + (μ m g - (μ m (fesp f g))).
Hint Resolve mu_eq_plus_esp.

```

```

Instance Ordistr (A:Type) : ord (distr A) :=
  {Ole := fun (f g : distr A) => μ f ≤ μ g;
   Oeq := fun (f g : distr A) => μ f == μ g}.
Defined.

```

Probability of termination

```

Definition pone A (m:distr A) := μ m (fone A).
Add Parametric Morphism A : (pone (A:=A) )
  with signature Oeq ==> Oeq as pone_eq_compat.
Save.
Hint Resolve pone_eq_compat.

```

6.3 Monadic operators for distributions

```

Definition Munit : ∀ A:Type, A → distr A.
Defined.

```

```

Definition Mlet : ∀ A B:Type, distr A → (A → distr B) → distr B.
Defined.

```

```

Lemma Munit_simpl : ∀ (A:Type) (q:A → U) x, μ (Munit x) q = q x.

```

```

Lemma Mlet_simpl : ∀ (A B:Type) (m:distr A) (M:A → distr B) (f:B → U),
  μ (Mlet m M) f = μ m (fun x => (μ (M x) f)).

```

6.4 Operations on distributions

```

Lemma Munit_eq_compat : ∀ A (x y : A), x = y → Munit x == Munit y.

```

```

Lemma Mlet_le_compat : ∀ (A B : Type) (m1 m2:distr A) (M1 M2 : A → distr B),
  m1 ≤ m2 → M1 ≤ M2 → Mlet m1 M1 ≤ Mlet m2 M2.

```

Hint Resolve Mlet_le_compat.

```

Add Parametric Morphism (A B : Type) : (Mlet (A:=A) (B:=B))
  with signature Ole ==> Ole ==> Ole
  as Mlet_le_morphism.

```

Save.

```

Add Parametric Morphism (A B : Type) : (Mlet (A:=A) (B:=B))
  with signature Ole ==> (@pointwise_relation A (distr B) (@Ole _ _)) ==> Ole
  as Mlet_le_pointwise_morphism.

```

Save.

```

Instance Mlet_mon2 : ∀ (A B : Type), monotonic2 (@Mlet A B).
Save.

```

```

Definition MLet (A B : Type) : distr A -m> (A → distr B) -m> distr B
  := mon2 (@Mlet A B).

```

```

Lemma MLet_simpl0 : ∀ (A B:Type) (m:distr A) (M:A → distr B),
  MLet A B m M = Mlet m M.

```

```

Lemma MLet_simpl : ∀ (A B:Type) (m:distr A) (M:A → distr B) (f:B → U),

```

$\mu (Mlet A B m M) f = \mu m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \mu (M x) f).$
Lemma *Mlet_eq_compat* : $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (m1 m2 : \text{distr } A) (M1 M2 : A \rightarrow \text{distr } B),$
 $m1 == m2 \rightarrow M1 == M2 \rightarrow Mlet m1 M1 == Mlet m2 M2.$
Hint Resolve *Mlet_eq_compat*.
Add Parametric Morphism ($A B : \text{Type}$) : ($Mlet (A:=A) (B:=B)$)
with signature $Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq$
as *Mlet_eq_morphism*.
Save.
Add Parametric Morphism ($A B : \text{Type}$) : ($Mlet (A:=A) (B:=B)$)
with signature $Oeq ==> (@pointwise_relation A (\text{distr } B) (@Oeq _ _)) ==> Oeq$
as *Mlet_Oeq_pointwise_morphism*.
Save.
Lemma *mu_le_compat* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m1 m2 : \text{distr } A),$
 $m1 \leq m2 \rightarrow \forall f g : A \rightarrow U, f \leq g \rightarrow \mu m1 f \leq \mu m2 g.$
Lemma *mu_eq_compat* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m1 m2 : \text{distr } A),$
 $m1 == m2 \rightarrow \forall f g : A \rightarrow U, f == g \rightarrow \mu m1 f == \mu m2 g.$
Hint Immediate *mu_le_compat* *mu_eq_compat*.
Add Parametric Morphism ($A : \text{Type}$) : ($\mu (A:=A)$)
with signature $Ole ==> Ole$
as *mu_le_morphism*.
Save.
Add Parametric Morphism ($A : \text{Type}$) : ($\mu (A:=A)$)
with signature $Oeq ==> Oeq$
as *mu_eq_morphism*.
Save.
Add Parametric Morphism ($A : \text{Type}$) ($a : \text{distr } A$) : ($@\mu A a$)
with signature $(@pointwise_relation A U (@eq _)) ==> Oeq$ as *mu_distr_eq_morphism*.
Save.
Add Parametric Morphism ($A : \text{Type}$) ($a : \text{distr } A$) : ($@\mu A a$)
with signature $(@pointwise_relation A U (@Oeq _ _)) ==> Oeq$ as *mu_distr_Oeq_morphism*.
Save.
Add Parametric Morphism ($A : \text{Type}$) ($a : \text{distr } A$) : ($@\mu A a$)
with signature $(@pointwise_relation _ _ (@Ole _ _)) ==> Ole$ as *mu_distr_le_morphism*.
Save.
Add Parametric Morphism ($A B : \text{Type}$) : ($@Mlet A B$)
with signature $(Ole ==> @pointwise_relation _ _ (@Ole _ _)) ==> Ole$ as *mlet_distr_le_morphism*.
Save.
Add Parametric Morphism ($A B : \text{Type}$) : ($@Mlet A B$)
with signature $(Oeq ==> @pointwise_relation _ _ (@Oeq _ _)) ==> Oeq$ as *mlet_distr_eq_morphism*.
Save.

6.5 Properties of monadic operators

Lemma *Mlet_unit* : $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (x : A) (m : A \rightarrow \text{distr } B), Mlet (Munit x) m == m x.$
Lemma *Mlet_ext* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (m : \text{distr } A), Mlet m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow Munit x) == m.$
Lemma *Mlet_assoc* : $\forall (A B C : \text{Type}) (m1 : \text{distr } A) (m2 : A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (m3 : B \rightarrow \text{distr } C),$
 $Mlet (Mlet m1 m2) m3 == Mlet m1 (\text{fun } x : A \Rightarrow Mlet (m2 x) m3).$
Lemma *let_indep* : $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (m1 : \text{distr } A) (m2 : \text{distr } B) (f : MF B),$
 $\mu m1 (\text{fun } _ \Rightarrow \mu m2 f) == \text{pone } m1 \times (\mu m2 f).$

6.6 A specific distribution

Definition `distr_null` : $\forall A : \text{Type}, \text{distr } A$.
Defined.

Lemma `le_distr_null` : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (m : \text{distr } A), \text{distr_null } A \leq m$.
Hint Resolve `le_distr_null`.

6.7 Scaling a distribution

Definition `Mmult` $A (k:MF A) (m:M A) : M A$.
Defined.

Lemma `Mmult_simpl` : $\forall A (k:MF A) (m:M A) f, \text{Mmult } k m f = m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow k x \times f x)$.

Lemma `Mmult_stable_inv` : $\forall A (k:MF A) (d:distr A), \text{stable_inv} (\text{Mmult } k (\mu d))$.

Lemma `Mmult_stable_plus` : $\forall A (k:MF A) (d:distr A), \text{stable_plus} (\text{Mmult } k (\mu d))$.

Lemma `Mmult_stable_mult` : $\forall A (k:MF A) (d:distr A), \text{stable_mult} (\text{Mmult } k (\mu d))$.

Lemma `Mmult_continuous` : $\forall A (k:MF A) (d:distr A), \text{continuous} (\text{Mmult } k (\mu d))$.

Definition `distr_mult` $A (k:MF A) (d:distr A) : \text{distr } A$.

Defined.

Lemma `distr_mult_assoc` : $\forall A (k1 k2:MF A) (d:distr A), \text{distr_mult } k1 (\text{distr_mult } k2 d) == \text{distr_mult} (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow k1 x \times k2 x) d$.

Add Parametric Morphism $(A B : \text{Type}) : (\text{distr_mult } (A:=A))$
with signature `Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq`

as `distr_mult_eq_compat`.

Save.

Scaling with a constant functions

Definition `distr_scale` $A (k:U) (d:distr A) : \text{distr } A := \text{distr_mult} (\text{fcte } A k) d$.

Lemma `distr_scale_assoc` : $\forall A (k1 k2:U) (d:distr A), \text{distr_scale } k1 (\text{distr_scale } k2 d) == \text{distr_scale} (k1 \times k2) d$.

Lemma `distr_scale_simpl` : $\forall A (k:U) (d:distr A) (f:MF A), \mu (distr_scale k d) f == k \times \mu d f$.

Add Parametric Morphism $A : (\text{distr_scale } (A:=A))$
with signature `Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq`
as `distr_scale_eq_compat`.

Save.

Hint Resolve `distr_scale_eq_compat`.

Lemma `distr_scale_one` : $\forall A (d:distr A), \text{distr_scale } 1 d == d$.

Lemma `distr_scale_zero` : $\forall A (d:distr A), \text{distr_scale } 0 d == \text{distr_null } A$.

Hint Resolve `distr_scale_simpl distr_scale_assoc distr_scale_one distr_scale_zero`.

Lemma `let_indep_distr` : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (m1:distr A) (m2: \text{distr } B), \text{Mlet } m1 (\text{fun } _ \Rightarrow m2) == \text{distr_scale} (\text{pone } m1) m2$.

Definition `Mdiv` $A (k:U) (m:M A) : M A := \text{UDiv } k @ m$.

Lemma `Mdiv_simpl` : $\forall A k (m:M A) f, \text{Mdiv } k m f = m f / k$.

Lemma `Mdiv_stable_inv` : $\forall A (k:U) (d:distr A) (dk : \mu d (\text{fone } A) \leq k), \text{stable_inv} (\text{Mdiv } k (\mu d))$.

Lemma `Mdiv_stable_plus` : $\forall A (k:U) (d:distr A), \text{stable_plus} (\text{Mdiv } k (\mu d))$.

Lemma `Mdiv_stable_mult` : $\forall A (k:U) (d:distr A) (dk : \mu d (\text{fone } A) \leq k), \text{stable_mult} (\text{Mdiv } k (\mu d))$.

Lemma *Mdiv_continuous* : $\forall A (k:U)(d:distr A)$, *continuous* (*Mdiv k (μ d)*).

Definition *distr_div A* ($k:U$) ($d:distr A$) ($dk : \mu d (\text{fone } A) \leq k$)
 $: distr A$.

Defined.

Lemma *distr_div_simpl* : $\forall A (k:U) (d:distr A) (dk : \mu d (\text{fone } A) \leq k) f$,
 $\mu (\text{distr_div } - dk) f = \mu d f / k$.

6.8 Conditional probabilities

Definition *mcond A* ($m:M A$) ($f:MF A$) : $M A$.

Defined.

Lemma *mcond_simpl* : $\forall A (m:M A) (f g: MF A)$,
 $mcond m f g = m (\text{fconj } f g) / m f$.

Lemma *mcond_stable_plus* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f: MF A)$, *stable_plus* (*mcond (μ m) f*).

Lemma *mcond_stable_inv* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f: MF A)$, *stable_inv* (*mcond (μ m) f*).

Lemma *mcond_stable_mult* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f: MF A)$, *stable_mult* (*mcond (μ m) f*).

Lemma *mcond_continuous* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f: MF A)$, *continuous* (*mcond (μ m) f*).

Definition *Mcond A* ($m:distr A$) ($f:MF A$) : *distr A* :=

$$\text{Build_distr} (\text{mcond_stable_inv } m f) (\text{mcond_stable_plus } m f) \\ (\text{mcond_stable_mult } m f) (\text{mcond_continuous } m f).$$

Lemma *Mcond_total* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f:MF A)$,
 $\neg 0 == \mu m f \rightarrow \mu (\text{Mcond } m f) (\text{fone } A) == 1$.

Lemma *Mcond_simpl* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f g:MF A)$,
 $\mu (\text{Mcond } m f) g = \mu m (\text{fconj } f g) / \mu m f$.

Hint Resolve *Mcond_simpl*.

Lemma *Mcond_zero_stable* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f g:MF A)$,
 $\mu m g == 0 \rightarrow \mu (\text{Mcond } m f) g == 0$.

Lemma *Mcond_null* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f g:MF A)$,
 $\mu m f == 0 \rightarrow \mu (\text{Mcond } m f) g == 0$.

Lemma *Mcond_conj* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f g:MF A)$,
 $\mu m (\text{fconj } f g) == \mu (\text{Mcond } m f) g \times \mu m f$.

Lemma *Mcond_decomp* :

$$\forall A (m:distr A) (f g:MF A), \\ \mu m g == \mu (\text{Mcond } m f) g \times \mu m f + \mu (\text{Mcond } m (\text{finv } f)) g \times \mu m (\text{finv } f).$$

Lemma *Mcond_bayes* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f g:MF A)$,
 $\mu (\text{Mcond } m f) g == (\mu (\text{Mcond } m g) f \times \mu m g) / (\mu m f)$.

Lemma *Mcond_mult* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f g h:MF A)$,
 $\mu (\text{Mcond } m h) (\text{fconj } f g) == \mu (\text{Mcond } m (\text{fconj } g h)) f \times \mu (\text{Mcond } m h) g$.

Lemma *Mcond_conj_simpl* : $\forall A (m:distr A) (f g h:MF A)$,
 $(\text{fconj } f f == f) \rightarrow \mu (\text{Mcond } m f) (\text{fconj } f g) == \mu (\text{Mcond } m f) g$.

Hint Resolve *Mcond_mult Mcond_conj_simpl*.

6.9 Least upper bound of increasing sequences of distributions

Lemma *M_lub_simpl* : $\forall A (h: nat \rightarrow M A) (f:MF A)$,
 $\text{lub } h f = \text{lub } (\text{mshift } h f)$.

Section *Lubs*.

Variable *A* : Type.

```

Definition Mu : distr A -m> M A.
Defined.

Lemma Mu_simpl : ∀ d f, Mu d f = μ d f.

Variable muf : nat -m> distr A.

Definition mu_lub: distr A.

Defined.

Lemma mu_lub_le : ∀ n:nat, muf n ≤ mu_lub.

Lemma mu_lub_sup : ∀ m: distr A, (∀ n:nat, muf n ≤ m) → mu_lub ≤ m.

End Lubs.

Hint Resolve mu_lub_le mu_lub_sup.

```

6.9.1 Distributions seen as a Ccpo

```

Instance cdistr (A:Type) : cpo (distr A) :=
{D0 := distr_null A; lub:=mu_lub (A:=A)}.

Defined.

Lemma distr_lub_simpl : ∀ A (h : nat -m> distr A) (f:MF A),
μ (lub h) f = lub (mshift (Mu A @ h) f).

Hint Resolve distr_lub_simpl.

```

6.10 Fixpoints

```

Definition Mfix (A B:Type) (F: (A → distr B) -m> (A → distr B))
: A → distr B := fixp F.

Definition MFix (A B:Type) : ((A → distr B) -m> (A → distr B)) -m> (A → distr B)
:= Fixp (A → distr B).

Lemma Mfix_le : ∀ (A B:Type) (F: (A → distr B) -m> (A → distr B)) (x:A),
Mfix F x ≤ F (Mfix F) x.

Lemma Mfix_eq : ∀ (A B:Type) (F: (A → distr B) -m> (A → distr B)),
continuous F → ∀ (x:A), Mfix F x == F (Mfix F) x.

Hint Resolve Mfix_le Mfix_eq.

Lemma Mfix_le_compat : ∀ (A B:Type) (F G : (A → distr B)-m> (A → distr B)),
F ≤ G → Mfix F ≤ Mfix G.

Definition Miter (A B:Type) := Ccpo.iter (D:=A → distr B).

Lemma Mfix_le_iter : ∀ (A B:Type) (F:(A → distr B) -m> (A → distr B)) (n:nat),
Miter F n ≤ Mfix F.

```

6.11 Continuity

```

Section Continuity.

Variables A B:Type.

Instance Mlet_continuous_right
: ∀ a:distr A, continuous (D1:= A → distr B) (D2:=distr B) (MLet A B a).

Save.

Lemma Mlet_continuous_left
: continuous (D1:=distr A) (D2:=(A → distr B) -m> distr B) (MLet A B).

Hint Resolve Mlet_continuous_right Mlet_continuous_left.

```

Lemma *Mlet_continuous2* : *continuous2* (*D1:=distr A*) (*D2:=A→distr B*) (*D3:=distr B*) (*MLet A B*).
 Hint Resolve *Mlet_continuous2*.

Lemma *Mlet_lub_le* : $\forall (mun:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{distr } A) (Mn : \text{nat} \rightarrow (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B))$,
 $\text{Mlet} (\text{lub } mun) (\text{lub } Mn) \leq \text{lub } ((\text{MLet } A B @2 mun) Mn).$

Lemma *Mlet_lub_le_left* : $\forall (mun:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{distr } A)$
 $(M : A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)$,
 $\text{Mlet} (\text{lub } mun) M \leq \text{lub } (\text{mshift } (\text{MLet } A B @ mun) M).$

Lemma *Mlet_lub_le_right* : $\forall (m:\text{distr } A)$
 $(Mun : \text{nat} \rightarrow (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B))$,
 $\text{Mlet } m (\text{lub } Mun) \leq \text{lub } ((\text{MLet } A B m) @ Mun).$

Lemma *Mlet_lub_fun_le_right* : $\forall (m:\text{distr } A)$
 $(Mun : A \rightarrow \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{distr } B)$,
 $\text{Mlet } m (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{lub } (Mun x)) \leq \text{lub } ((\text{MLet } A B m) @ (\text{ishift } Mun)).$

Lemma *Mfix_continuous* :
 $\forall (Fn : \text{nat} \rightarrow (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B))$,
 $(\forall n, \text{continuous } (Fn n)) \rightarrow$
 $\text{Mfix } (\text{lub } Fn) \leq \text{lub } (\text{Mfix } A B @ Fn).$

End Continuity.

6.12 Exact probability : probability of full space is 1

Class *Term A* (*m:distr A*) := *term_def* : $\mu m (\text{fone } A) == 1$.

Hint Resolve @*term_def*.

Lemma *Mlet_indep_term* : $\forall A B (d1:\text{distr } A) (d2:\text{distr } B) \{T:\text{Term } d1\}$,
 $\text{Mlet } d1 (\text{fun } _ \Rightarrow d2) == d2$.

Hint Resolve *Mlet_indep_term*.

Lemma *mu_stable_inv_term* : $\forall A (d:\text{distr } A) \{T:\text{Term } d\} f, \mu d (\text{finv } f) == [1-](\mu d f).$

Instance *Munit_term* : $\forall A (a:A), \text{Term } (\text{Munit } a)$.

Save.

Hint Resolve *Munit_term*.

Instance *Mlet_term* : $\forall A B (d1:\text{distr } A) (d2: A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)$
 $\{T1:\text{Term } d1\} \{T2:@ x, \text{Term } (d2 x)\}, \text{Term } (\text{Mlet } d1 d2).$

Save.

Hint Resolve *Mlet_term*.

Lemma *fplusok_mu_term* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (d:\text{distr } B) (f f':A \rightarrow MF B) \{T:\text{Term } d\}$,
 $(\forall x:A, \text{fplusok } (f x) (f' x)) \rightarrow$
 $\text{fplusok } (\text{fun } x : A \Rightarrow \mu d (f x)) (\text{fun } x : A \Rightarrow \mu d (f' x)).$

6.13 distribution for *flip*

The distribution associated to *flip ()* is $f \rightarrow [1/2] (f \text{ true}) + [1/2] (f \text{ false})$

Definition *flip* : $M \text{ bool} := \text{mon } (\text{fun } (f : \text{bool} \rightarrow U) \Rightarrow [1/2] \times (f \text{ true}) + [1/2] \times (f \text{ false}))$.

Lemma *flip_stable_inv* : *stable_inv flip*.

Lemma *flip_stable_plus* : *stable_plus flip*.

Lemma *flip_stable_mult* : *stable_mult flip*.

Lemma *flip_continuous* : *continuous flip*.

Lemma *flip_true* : *flip B2U == [1/2]*.

Lemma *flip_false* : *flip NB2U == [1/2]*.

```

Hint Resolve flip_true flip_false.

Definition Flip : distr bool.
Defined.

Lemma Flip_simpl : ∀ f, μ Flip f = [1/2] × (f true) + [1/2] × (f false).

Instance flip_term : Term Flip.
Save.

Hint Resolve flip_term.

```

6.14 Uniform distribution between 0 and n

Require Arith.

6.14.1 Definition of fnth

$\text{fnth } n \ k$ is defined as $[1/]1+n$

```

Definition fnth (n:nat) : nat → U := fun k ⇒ [1/]1+n.

```

6.14.2 Basic properties of fnth

Lemma Unth_eq : $\forall n, \text{Unth } n == [1-] (\text{sigma } (\text{fnth } n) \ n)$.

```

Hint Resolve Unth_eq.

```

Lemma sigma_fnth_one : $\forall n, \text{sigma } (\text{fnth } n) \ (S \ n) == 1$.

```

Hint Resolve sigma_fnth_one.

```

Lemma Unth_inv_eq : $\forall n, [1-] ([1/]1+n) == \text{sigma } (\text{fnth } n) \ n$.

Lemma sigma_fnth_sup : $\forall n \ m, (m > n) \rightarrow \text{sigma } (\text{fnth } n) \ m == \text{sigma } (\text{fnth } n) \ (S \ n)$.

Lemma sigma_fnth_le : $\forall n \ m, (\text{sigma } (\text{fnth } n) \ m) \leq (\text{sigma } (\text{fnth } n) \ (S \ n))$.

Hint Resolve sigma_fnth_le.

fnth is a retract Lemma fnth_retract : $\forall n:\text{nat}, (\text{retract } (\text{fnth } n) \ (S \ n))$.

Implicit Arguments fnth_retract [].

6.15 Distributions and general summations

Definition sigma_fun A (f:nat → MF A) (n:nat) : MF A := fun x ⇒ sigma (fun k ⇒ f k x) n.

```

Definition serie_fun A (f:nat → MF A) : MF A := fun x ⇒ serie (fun k ⇒ f k x).

```

Definition Sigma_fun A (f:nat → MF A) : nat -m> MF A :=
 $\text{ishift } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{Sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k x))$.

Lemma Sigma_fun_simpl : $\forall A \ (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{MF } A) \ (n:\text{nat}),$
 $\text{Sigma_fun } f \ n = \text{sigma_fun } f \ n$.

Lemma serie_fun_lub_sigma_fun : $\forall A \ (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{MF } A),$
 $\text{serie_fun } f == \text{lub } (\text{Sigma_fun } f)$.

Hint Resolve serie_fun_lub_sigma_fun.

Lemma sigma_fun_0 : $\forall A \ (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{MF } A), \text{sigma_fun } f \ 0 == \text{fzero } A$.

Lemma sigma_fun_S : $\forall A \ (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{MF } A) \ (n:\text{nat}),$
 $\text{sigma_fun } f \ (S \ n) == \text{fplus } (f \ n) \ (\text{sigma_fun } f \ n)$.

Lemma mu_sigma_le : $\forall A \ (d:\text{distr } A) \ (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{MF } A) \ (n:\text{nat}),$
 $\mu d \ (\text{sigma_fun } f \ n) \leq \text{sigma } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow \mu d \ (f \ k)) \ n$.

Lemma retract_fplusok : $\forall A \ (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{MF } A) \ (n:\text{nat}),$
 $(\forall x, \text{retract } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f \ k \ x) \ n) \rightarrow$
 $\forall k, (k < n) \rightarrow \text{fplusok } (f \ k) \ (\text{sigma_fun } f \ k)$.

```

Lemma mu_sigma_eq : ∀ A (d:distr A) (f:nat → MF A) (n:nat),
  (forall x, retract (fun k ⇒ f k x) n) →
  μ d (sigma_fun f n) == sigma (fun k ⇒ μ d (f k)) n.

Lemma mu_serie_le : ∀ A (d:distr A) (f:nat → MF A),
  μ d (serie_fun f) ≤ serie (fun k ⇒ μ d (f k)).

Lemma mu_serie_eq : ∀ A (d:distr A) (f:nat → MF A),
  (forall x, wretract (fun k ⇒ f k x)) →
  μ d (serie_fun f) == serie (fun k ⇒ μ d (f k)).

Lemma wretract_fplusok : ∀ A (f:nat → MF A),
  (forall x, wretract (fun k ⇒ f k x)) →
  ∀ k, fplusok (f k) (sigma_fun f k).

```

6.16 Discrete distributions

```

Instance discrete_mon : ∀ A (c : nat → U) (p : nat → A),
  monotonic (fun f : A → U ⇒ serie (fun k ⇒ c k × f (p k))).
```

Save.

```

Definition discrete A (c : nat → U) (p : nat → A) : M A :=
  mon (fun f : A → U ⇒ serie (fun k ⇒ c k × f (p k))).
```

```

Lemma discrete_simpl : ∀ A (c : nat → U) (p : nat → A) f,
  discrete c p f = serie (fun k ⇒ c k × f (p k)).
```

```

Lemma discrete_stable_inv : ∀ A (c : nat → U) (p : nat → A),
  wretract c → stable_inv (discrete c p).
```

```

Lemma discrete_stable_plus : ∀ A (c : nat → U) (p : nat → A),
  stable_plus (discrete c p).
```

```

Lemma discrete_stable_mult : ∀ A (c : nat → U) (p : nat → A),
  wretract c → stable_mult (discrete c p).
```

```

Lemma discrete_continuous : ∀ A (c : nat → U) (p : nat → A),
  continuous (discrete c p).
```

```

Record discr (A:Type) : Type :=
  {coeff : nat → U; coeff_retr : wretract coeff; points : nat → A}.
```

Hint Resolve coeff_retr.

```

Definition Discrete : ∀ A, discr A → distr A.
```

Defined.

```

Lemma Discrete_simpl : ∀ A (d:discr A),
  μ (Discrete d) = discrete (coeff d) (points d).
```

```

Definition is_discrete (A:Type) (m: distr A) :=
  ∃ d : discr A, m == Discrete d.
```

6.16.1 Distribution for random n

The distribution associated to *random n* is $f \rightarrow \text{sigma } (i=0..n) [1]1+n (f i)$ we cannot factorize $[1]/1+n$ because of possible overflow

```

Instance random_mon : ∀ n, monotonic (fun (f:MF nat) ⇒ sigma (fun k ⇒ Unth n × f k) (S n)).
Save.
```

```

Definition random (n:nat):M nat := mon (fun (f:MF nat) ⇒ sigma (fun k ⇒ Unth n × f k) (S n)).
```

```

Lemma random_simpl : ∀ n (f : MF nat),
  random n f = sigma (fun k ⇒ Unth n × f k) (S n).
```

6.16.2 Properties of *random*

```

Lemma random_stable_inv : ∀ n, stable_inv (random n).
Lemma random_stable_plus : ∀ n, stable_plus (random n).
Lemma random_stable_mult : ∀ n, stable_mult (random n).
Lemma random_continuous : ∀ n, continuous (random n).
Definition Random (n:nat) : distr nat.
Defined.

Lemma Random_simpl : ∀ (n:nat), μ (Random n) = random n.
Instance Random_total : ∀ n : nat, Term (Random n).
Save.
Hint Resolve Random_total.

Lemma Random_inv : ∀ f n, μ (Random n) (finv f) == [1-] (μ (Random n) f).
Hint Resolve Random_inv.

```

6.17 Tactics

```

Ltac mu_plus d :=
  match goal with
  | ⊢ context [fmont (μ d) (fun x ⇒ (Uplus (@?f x) (@?g x)))] ⇒
    rewrite (mu_stable_plus d (f:=f) (g:=g))
  end.

Ltac mu_mult d :=
  match goal with
  | ⊢ context [fmont (μ d) (fun x ⇒ (Umult ?k (@?f x)))] ⇒
    rewrite (mu_stable_mult d k f)
  end.

```

7 SProbas.v: Definition of the monad for sub-distributions

Add Rec LoadPath ". " as ALEA.

Require Export Probas.

7.1 Definition of (sub)distribution

Subdistributions are measure functions μ such that

- $\mu(1-f) \leq 1 - \mu f$
- $f \leq 1-g \rightarrow \mu f + \mu g \leq \mu(f+g)$
- $\mu f \& \mu g \leq \mu(f \& g) - [\mu(f+k) \leq \mu f + k] - [\mu(k \times f) = k \times \mu(f)] - [\mu(\text{lub } f_{-n}) \leq \mu(f_{-n})]$

```

Record sdistr (A:Type) : Type :=
{smu : M A;
 smu_stable_inv : stable_inv smu;
 smu_le_plus : le_plus smu;
 smu_le_esp : le_esp smu;
 smu_le_plus_cte : le_plus_cte smu;
 smu_stable_mult : stable_mult smu;

```

```

smu_continuous : continuous smu}.
Hint Resolve smu_le_plus smu_stable_inv smu_le_esp smu_stable_mult
smu_continuous.

```

7.2 Properties of sub-measures

```
Lemma smu_monotonic : ∀ (A : Type)(m: sdistr A), monotonic (smu m).
```

```
Hint Resolve smu_monotonic.
```

```
Implicit Arguments smu_monotonic [A].
```

```
Lemma smu_stable : ∀ (A : Type)(m: sdistr A), stable (smu m).
```

```
Hint Resolve smu_stable.
```

```
Implicit Arguments smu_stable [A].
```

```
Lemma smu_zero : ∀ (A : Type)(m: sdistr A), smu m (fzero A) == 0.
```

```
Hint Resolve smu_zero.
```

```
Lemma smu_stable_mult_right : ∀ (A : Type)(m:(sdistr A)) (c:U) (f : A → U),
smu m (fun x ⇒ (f x) × c) == (smu m f) × c.
```

```
Lemma smu_le_minus_left : ∀ (A : Type)(m:sdistr A) (f g:A → U),
smu m (fminus f g) ≤ smu m f.
```

```
Hint Resolve smu_le_minus_left.
```

```
Lemma smu_le_minus : ∀ (A:Type) (m:sdistr A)(f g: A → U),
g ≤ f → smu m (fminus f g) ≤ smu m f - smu m g.
```

```
Hint Resolve smu_le_minus.
```

```
Lemma smu_cte : ∀ (A : Type)(m:(sdistr A)) (c:U),
smu m (fcte A c) == c × smu m (fone A).
```

```
Hint Resolve smu_cte.
```

```
Lemma smu_cte_le : ∀ (A : Type)(m:(sdistr A)) (c:U),
smu m (fcte A c) ≤ c.
```

```
Lemma smu_cte_eq : ∀ (A : Type)(m:(sdistr A)) (c:U),
smu m (fone A) == 1 → smu m (fcte A c) == c.
```

```
Hint Resolve smu_cte_le smu_cte_eq.
```

```
Lemma smu_le_minus_cte : ∀ (A:Type) (m:sdistr A)(f: A → U) (k:U),
smu m f - k ≤ smu m (fminus f (fcte A k)).
```

```
Lemma smu_inv_le_minus :
```

```
∀ (A:Type) (m:sdistr A)(f: A → U), smu m (finv f) ≤ smu m (fone A) - smu m f.
```

```
Lemma smu_inv_minus_inv : ∀ (A:Type) (m:sdistr A)(f: A → U),
smu m (finv f) + [1-](smu m (fone A)) ≤ [1-](smu m f).
```

```
Definition stable_plus_sdistr : ∀ A (m:M A),
stable_plus m → stable_inv m → stable_mult m → continuous m → sdistr A.
```

```
Defined.
```

```
Definition distr_sdistr : ∀ A, distr A → sdistr A.
```

```
Defined.
```

```
Definition Sunit A (x:A) : sdistr A := distr_sdistr (Munit x).
```

```
Lemma Sunit_unit : ∀ A (x:A), smu (Sunit x) = unit x.
```

```
Lemma Sunit_simpl : ∀ A (x:A) (f : MF A), smu (Sunit x) f = f x.
```

```
Definition Slet : ∀ A B:Type, (sdistr A) → (A → sdistr B) → sdistr B.
```

```
Defined.
```

```
Lemma Slet_star : ∀ (A B:Type) (m:sdistr A) (M : A → sdistr B),
```

$\text{smu} (\text{Slet } m \ M) = \text{star} (\text{smu } m) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{smu} (M \ x)).$

Lemma $\text{Slet_simpl} : \forall A \ B \ (m:\text{sdistr } A) \ (M : A \rightarrow \text{sdistr } B) \ (f:\text{MF } B),$
 $\text{smu} (\text{Slet } m \ M) \ f = \text{smu } m \ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{smu} (M \ x) \ f).$

Non deterministic choice

Definition $\text{Smin} (A:\text{Type}) (m1 \ m2 : \text{sdistr } A) : \text{sdistr } A.$
Save.

7.3 Operations on sub-distributions

Instance $\text{Osdistr} (A : \text{Type}) : \text{ord} (\text{sdistr } A) :=$
 $\{ \text{Ole} := \text{fun } f \ g \Rightarrow \text{smu } f \leq \text{smu } g;$
 $\text{Oeq} := \text{fun } f \ g \Rightarrow \text{smu } f == \text{smu } g \}.$

Defined.

Lemma $\text{Sunit_compat} : \forall A \ (x \ y : A), x = y \rightarrow \text{Sunit } x == \text{Sunit } y.$

Lemma $\text{Slet_compat} : \forall (A \ B : \text{Type}) \ (m1 \ m2:\text{sdistr } A) \ (M1 \ M2 : A \rightarrow \text{sdistr } B),$
 $m1 == m2 \rightarrow M1 == M2 \rightarrow \text{Slet } m1 \ M1 == \text{Slet } m2 \ M2.$

Lemma $\text{le_sdistr_gen} : \forall (A:\text{Type}) \ (m1 \ m2:\text{sdistr } A),$
 $m1 \leq m2 \rightarrow \forall f \ g, f \leq g \rightarrow \text{smu } m1 \ f \leq \text{smu } m2 \ g.$

7.4 Properties of monadic operators

Lemma $\text{Slet_unit} : \forall (A \ B:\text{Type}) \ (x:A) \ (m:A \rightarrow \text{sdistr } B), \text{Slet } (\text{Sunit } x) \ m == m \ x.$

Lemma $\text{M_ext} : \forall (A:\text{Type}) \ (m:\text{sdistr } A), \text{Slet } m \ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{Sunit } x) == m.$

Lemma $\text{Mcomp} : \forall (A \ B \ C:\text{Type}) \ (m1:(\text{sdistr } A)) \ (m2:A \rightarrow \text{sdistr } B) \ (m3:B \rightarrow \text{sdistr } C),$
 $\text{Slet } (\text{Slet } m1 \ m2) \ m3 == \text{Slet } m1 \ (\text{fun } x:A \Rightarrow (\text{Slet } (m2 \ x) \ m3)).$

Lemma $\text{Slet_le_compat} : \forall (A \ B:\text{Type}) \ (m1 \ m2: \text{sdistr } A) \ (f1 \ f2 : A \rightarrow \text{sdistr } B),$
 $m1 \leq m2 \rightarrow f1 \leq f2 \rightarrow \text{Slet } m1 \ f1 \leq \text{Slet } m2 \ f2.$

7.5 A specific subdistribution

Definition $\text{sdistr_null} : \forall A : \text{Type}, \text{sdistr } A.$

Defined.

Lemma $\text{le_sdistr_null} : \forall (A:\text{Type}) \ (m : \text{sdistr } A), \text{sdistr_null } A \leq m.$

Hint Resolve $\text{le_sdistr_null}.$

7.6 Least upper bound of increasing sequences of sdistributions

Section $\text{Lubs}.$

Variable $A : \text{Type}.$

Definition $\text{Smu} : \text{sdistr } A \ -m > M \ A.$

Defined.

Lemma $\text{Smu_simpl} : \forall d \ f, \text{Smu } d \ f = \text{smu } d \ f.$

Variable $\text{smuf} : \text{nat} \ -m > \text{sdistr } A.$

Definition $\text{smu_lub} : \text{sdistr } A.$

Defined.

Lemma $\text{smu_lub_simpl} : \text{smu } \text{smu_lub} = \text{lub } (\text{Smu } @ \text{smuf}).$

Lemma $\text{smu_lub_le} : \forall n:\text{nat}, \text{smuf } n \leq \text{smu_lub}.$

Lemma $\text{smu_lub_sup} : \forall m:\text{sdistr } A, (\forall n:\text{nat}, \text{smuf } n \leq m) \rightarrow \text{smu_lub} \leq m.$

End $\text{Lubs}.$

7.7 Sub-distribution for *flip*

The distribution associated to *flip* () is $f \mapsto \frac{1}{2}f(\text{true}) + \frac{1}{2}f(\text{false})$ **Definition** $S\text{flip} : \text{sdistr} \text{ bool} := \text{distr_sdistr} \text{ Flip}$.

Lemma $S\text{flip_simpl} : \text{smu } S\text{flip} = \text{flip}$.

7.8 Uniform sub-distribution between 0 and n

Require *Arith*.

7.8.1 Distribution for *Srandom n*

The sdistribution associated to *Srandom n* is $f \mapsto \sum_{i=0}^n \frac{f(i)}{n+1}$ we cannot factorize $\frac{1}{n+1}$ because of possible overflow

Definition $S\text{random} (n:\text{nat}) : \text{sdistr} \text{ nat} := \text{distr_sdistr} (\text{Random} n)$.

Lemma $S\text{random_simpl} : \forall n, \text{smu } (S\text{random} n) = \text{random } n$.

8 Prog.v: Composition of distributions

Add *Rec LoadPath ". "* as *ALEA*.

Require Export *Probas*.

8.1 Conditional

Definition $Mif (A:\text{Type}) (b:\text{distr} \text{ bool}) (m1 m2: \text{distr } A)$
 $:= Mlet b (\text{fun } x:\text{bool} \Rightarrow \text{if } x \text{ then } m1 \text{ else } m2)$.

Lemma $Mif_le_compat : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (b1 b2:\text{distr} \text{ bool}) (m1 m2 n1 n2: \text{distr } A),$
 $b1 \leq b2 \rightarrow m1 \leq m2 \rightarrow n1 \leq n2 \rightarrow Mif b1 m1 n1 \leq Mif b2 m2 n2$.

Hint Resolve *Mif_le_compat*.

Instance $Mif_mon2 : \forall (A:\text{Type}) b, \text{monotonic2 } (Mif (A:=A) b)$.

Save.

Definition $MIf : \forall (A:\text{Type}), \text{distr} \text{ bool} \multimap \text{distr } A \multimap \text{distr } A \multimap \text{distr } A$.
Defined.

Lemma $MIf_simpl : \forall A b d1 d2, MIf A b d1 d2 = Mif b d1 d2$.

Instance $if_mon : \forall \{o:\text{ord } A\} (b:\text{bool}), \text{monotonic2 } (\text{fun } (x y:A) \Rightarrow \text{if } b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y)$.
Save.

Definition $If \{o:\text{ord } A\} (b:\text{bool}) : A \multimap A \multimap A := mon2 (\text{fun } (x y:A) \Rightarrow \text{if } b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y)$.

Instance $Mif_continuous2 : \forall (A:\text{Type}) b, \text{continuous2 } (MIf A b)$.
Save.

Hint Resolve *Mif_continuous2*.

Instance $Mif_cond_continuous : \forall (A:\text{Type}), \text{continuous } (MIf A)$.

Save.

Hint Resolve *Mif_cond_continuous*.

Add *Parametric Morphism* $(A:\text{Type}) : (Mif (A:=A))$
with signature $Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq$
as *Mif_eq_compat*.

Save.

Hint Immediate *Mif_eq_compat*.

Add *Parametric Morphism* $(A:\text{Type}) : (Mif (A:=A))$

```

with signature Ole ==> Ole ==> Ole ==> Ole
as Mif_le_compat_morph.
Save.

Lemma Mif_lub_eq_left : ∀ (A:Type) b h (d: distr A),
  Mif b (lub h) d == lub (Mif _ b @ h) d.

Lemma Mif_lub_eq_right : ∀ (A:Type) b h (d: distr A),
  Mif b d (lub h) == lub (Mif _ b d @ h).

Lemma Mif_lub_eq2 : ∀ (A:Type) b (h1 h2 : nat -m> distr A),
  Mif b (lub h1) (lub h2) == lub ((Mif _ b @2 h1) h2).

Instance Mif_term : ∀ (A:Type) b (d1 d2:distr A)
  {Tb : Term b} {T1:Term d1} {T2:Term d2}, Term (Mif b d1 d2).
Save.
Hint Resolve Mif_term.

```

8.2 Probabilistic choice

The distribution associated to $pchoice p m1 m2$ is $f \rightarrow p (m1 f) + (1-p) (m2 f)$

Definition $pchoice : \forall A, U \rightarrow M A \rightarrow M A \rightarrow M A$.

Defined.

```

Lemma pchoice_simpl : ∀ A p (m1 m2:M A) f,
  pchoice p m1 m2 f = p × m1 f + [1-]p × m2 f.

```

Definition $Mchoice (A:Type) (p:U) (m1 m2: distr A) : distr A$.

Defined.

```

Lemma Mchoice_simpl : ∀ A p (m1 m2:distr A) f,
  mu (Mchoice p m1 m2) f = p × mu m1 f + [1-]p × mu m2 f.

```

```

Lemma Mchoice_le_compat : ∀ (A:Type) (p:U) (m1 m2 n1 n2: distr A),
  m1 ≤ m2 → n1 ≤ n2 → Mchoice p m1 n1 ≤ Mchoice p m2 n2.

```

Hint Resolve Mchoice_le_compat.

```

Add Parametric Morphism (A:Type) : (Mchoice (A:=A))
  with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
as Mchoice_eq_compat.

```

Save.

Hint Immediate Mchoice_eq_compat.

Instance Mchoice_mon2 : ∀ (A:Type) (p:U), monotonic2 (Mchoice (A:=A) p).

Save.

```

Definition MChoice A (p:U) : distr A -m> distr A -m> distr A :=
  mon2 (Mchoice (A:=A) p).

```

```

Lemma MChoice_simpl : ∀ A (p:U) (m1 m2 : distr A),
  MChoice A p m1 m2 = Mchoice p m1 m2.

```

```

Lemma Mchoice_sym_le : ∀ (A:Type) (p:U) (m1 m2: distr A),
  Mchoice p m1 m2 ≤ Mchoice ([1-]p) m2 m1.

```

Hint Resolve Mchoice_sym_le.

```

Lemma Mchoice_sym : ∀ (A:Type) (p:U) (m1 m2: distr A),
  Mchoice p m1 m2 == Mchoice ([1-]p) m2 m1.

```

Lemma Mchoice_continuous_right

: ∀ (A:Type) (p:U) (m: distr A), continuous (D1:=distr A) (D2:=distr A) (MChoice A p m).

Hint Resolve Mchoice_continuous_right.

```

Lemma Mchoice_continuous_left : ∀ (A:Type) (p:U),
  continuous (D1:=distr A) (D2:=distr A -m> distr A) (MChoice A p).

```

```

Lemma Mchoice_continuous :
   $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (p:U), \text{continuous2 } (D1:=\text{distr } A) (D2:=\text{distr } A) (D3:=\text{distr } A) (\text{MChoice } A p).$ 
Instance Mchoice_term :  $\forall A p (d1 d2:\text{distr } A) \{ T1:\text{Term } d1 \} \{ T2:\text{Term } d2 \},$ 
   $\text{Term } (\text{Mchoice } p d1 d2).$ 
Save.
Hint Resolve Mchoice_term.

```

8.3 Image distribution

```

Definition im_distr (A B : Type) (f:A → B) (m:distr A) : distr B :=
  Mlet m (fun a ⇒ Munit (f a)).

Lemma im_distr_simpl :  $\forall A B (f:A \rightarrow B) (m:\text{distr } A)(h:B \rightarrow U),$ 
   $\mu u (\text{im\_distr } f m) h = \mu u m (\text{fun } a \Rightarrow h (f a)).$ 

Add Parametric Morphism (A B : Type) : (im_distr (A:=A) (B:=B))
with signature (feq (A:=A) (B:=B)) ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
as im_distr_eq_compat.
Save.

Lemma im_distr_comp :  $\forall A B C (f:A \rightarrow B) (g:B \rightarrow C) (m:\text{distr } A),$ 
   $\text{im\_distr } g (\text{im\_distr } f m) == \text{im\_distr } (\text{fun } a \Rightarrow g (f a)) m.$ 

Lemma im_distr_id :  $\forall A (f:A \rightarrow A) (m:\text{distr } A), (\forall x, f x = x) \rightarrow$ 
   $\text{im\_distr } f m == m.$ 

Instance im_distr_term :  $\forall A B (f:A \rightarrow B) (d:\text{distr } A)\{ T:\text{Term } d \},$ 
   $\text{Term } (\text{im\_distr } f d).$ 
Save.
Hint Resolve im_distr_term.

```

8.4 Product distribution

```

Definition prod_distr (A B : Type)(d1:distr A)(d2:distr B) : distr (A×B) :=
  Mlet d1 (fun x ⇒ Mlet d2 (fun y ⇒ Munit (x,y))).

Add Parametric Morphism (A B : Type) : (prod_distr (A:=A) (B:=B))
with signature Ole ++> Ole ++> Ole
as prod_distr_le_compat.
Save.

Hint Resolve prod_distr_le_compat.

Add Parametric Morphism (A B : Type) : (prod_distr (A:=A) (B:=B))
with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
as prod_distr_eq_compat.
Save.

Hint Immediate prod_distr_eq_compat.

Instance prod_distr_mon2 :  $\forall (A B :\text{Type}), \text{monotonic2 } (\text{prod\_distr } (A:=A) (B:=B)).$ 
Save.

Definition Prod_distr (A B : Type): distr A -m> distr B -m> distr (A×B) :=
  mon2 (prod_distr (A:=A) (B:=B)).

Lemma Prod_distr_simpl :  $\forall (A B :\text{Type})(d1: \text{distr } A) (d2:\text{distr } B),$ 
   $\text{Prod\_distr } A B d1 d2 = \text{prod\_distr } d1 d2.$ 

Lemma prod_distr_rect :  $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2:\text{distr } B) (f:A \rightarrow U)(g:B \rightarrow U),$ 
   $\mu u (\text{prod\_distr } d1 d2) (\text{fun } xy \Rightarrow f (\text{fst } xy) \times g (\text{snd } xy)) == \mu u d1 f \times \mu u d2 g.$ 

Lemma prod_distr_fst :  $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2:\text{distr } B) (f:A \rightarrow U),$ 
   $\mu u (\text{prod\_distr } d1 d2) (\text{fun } xy \Rightarrow f (\text{fst } xy)) == \text{pone } d2 \times \mu u d1 f.$ 

```

Lemma *prod_distr_snd* : $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (g: B \rightarrow U),$
 $\mu (prod_distr d1 d2) (\text{fun } xy \Rightarrow g (\text{snd } xy)) == pone d1 \times \mu d2 g.$

Lemma *prod_distr_fst_eq* : $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B),$
 $pone d2 == 1 \rightarrow im_distr (\text{fst } (A:=A) (B:=B)) (prod_distr d1 d2) == d1.$

Lemma *prod_distr_snd_eq* : $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B),$
 $pone d1 == 1 \rightarrow im_distr (\text{snd } (A:=A) (B:=B)) (prod_distr d1 d2) == d2.$

Definition *swap* $A B (x: A \times B) : B \times A := (\text{snd } x, \text{fst } x).$

Definition *arg_swap* $A B (f : MF (A \times B)) : MF (B \times A) := \text{fun } z \Rightarrow f (\text{swap } z).$

Definition *Arg_swap* $A B : MF (A \times B) -m > MF (B \times A).$

Defined.

Lemma *Arg_swap_simpl* : $\forall A B f, Arg_swap A B f = arg_swap f.$

Definition *prod_distr_com* $A B (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f : MF (A \times B)) :=$
 $\mu (prod_distr d1 d2) f == \mu (prod_distr d2 d1) (arg_swap f).$

Lemma *prod_distr_com_eq_compat* : $\forall A B (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f g: MF (A \times B)),$
 $f == g \rightarrow prod_distr_com d1 d2 f \rightarrow prod_distr_com d1 d2 g.$

Lemma *prod_distr_com_rect* : $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: A \rightarrow U) (g: B \rightarrow U),$
 $prod_distr_com d1 d2 (\text{fun } xy \Rightarrow f (\text{fst } xy) \times g (\text{snd } xy)).$

Lemma *prod_distr_com_ete* : $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (c: U),$
 $prod_distr_com d1 d2 (\text{fcte } (A \times B) c).$

Lemma *prod_distr_com_one* : $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B),$
 $prod_distr_com d1 d2 (\text{fone } (A \times B)).$

Lemma *prod_distr_com_plus* : $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f g: MF (A \times B)),$
 $fplusok f g \rightarrow$
 $prod_distr_com d1 d2 f \rightarrow prod_distr_com d1 d2 g \rightarrow$
 $prod_distr_com d1 d2 (fplus f g).$

Lemma *prod_distr_com_mult* : $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (k: U) (f: MF (A \times B)),$
 $prod_distr_com d1 d2 f \rightarrow prod_distr_com d1 d2 (fmult k f).$

Lemma *prod_distr_com_inv* : $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: MF (A \times B)),$
 $prod_distr_com d1 d2 f \rightarrow prod_distr_com d1 d2 (finv f).$

Lemma *prod_distr_com_lub* : $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: nat -m > MF (A \times B)),$
 $(\forall n, prod_distr_com d1 d2 (f n)) \rightarrow prod_distr_com d1 d2 (lub f).$

Lemma *prod_distr_com_sym* : $\forall A B (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: MF (A \times B)),$
 $prod_distr_com d1 d2 f \rightarrow prod_distr_com d2 d1 (arg_swap f).$

Lemma *discrete_commute* : $\forall A B (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: MF (A \times B)),$
 $is_discrete d1 \rightarrow prod_distr_com d1 d2 f.$

Lemma *is_discrete_swap* : $\forall A B C (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: A \rightarrow B \rightarrow \text{distr } C),$
 $is_discrete d1 \rightarrow$
 $Mlet d1 (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow Mlet d2 (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow f x y)) == Mlet d2 (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow Mlet d1 (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x y)).$

Lemma *is_discrete_swap_mu* : $\forall A B (d1: \text{distr } A) (d2: \text{distr } B) (f: A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U),$
 $is_discrete d1 \rightarrow$
 $\mu d1 (\text{fun } x : A \Rightarrow \mu d2 (\text{fun } y : B \Rightarrow f x y)) ==$
 $\mu d2 (\text{fun } y : B \Rightarrow \mu d1 (\text{fun } x : A \Rightarrow f x y)).$

Definition *fst_distr* $A B (m : \text{distr } (A \times B)) : \text{distr } A := im_distr (\text{fst } (B:=B)) m.$

Definition *snd_distr* $A B (m : \text{distr } (A \times B)) : \text{distr } B := im_distr (\text{snd } (B:=B)) m.$

Add Parametric Morphism $(A B : \text{Type}) : (fst_distr (A:=A) (B:=B))$
with signature *Oeq* ==> *Oeq* as *fst_distr_eq_compat*.

Save.

Add Parametric Morphism $(A B : \text{Type}) : (snd_distr (A:=A) (B:=B))$

with signature $Oeq ==> Oeq$ as $snd_distr_eq_compat$.

Save.

Lemma $fst_prod_distr : \forall A B (m1:distr A) (m2:distr B),$
 $fst_distr (prod_distr m1 m2) == distr_scale (pone m2) m1.$

Lemma $snd_prod_distr : \forall A B (m1:distr A) (m2:distr B),$
 $snd_distr (prod_distr m1 m2) == distr_scale (pone m1) m2.$

Lemma $pone_prod : \forall A B (m1:distr A) (m2:distr B),$
 $pone (prod_distr m1 m2) == pone m1 \times pone m2.$

Instance $prod_distr_term : \forall A B (d1:distr A) (d2:distr B)$
 $\{T1:Term d1\} \{T2:Term d2\}, Term (prod_distr d1 d2).$

Save.

Hint Resolve $prod_distr_term$.

Lemma $fst_prod_distr_term : \forall A B (d1:distr A) (d2:distr B) \{T2:Term d2\},$
 $fst_distr (prod_distr d1 d2) == d1.$

Lemma $snd_prod_distr_term : \forall A B (d1:distr A) (d2:distr B) \{T1:Term d1\},$
 $snd_distr (prod_distr d1 d2) == d2.$

Hint Resolve $fst_prod_distr_term$ $snd_prod_distr_term$.

8.5 Independance of distribution

Definition $prod_indep A B (m:distr (A \times B)) :=$
 $distr_scale (pone m) m == prod_distr (fst_distr m) (snd_distr m).$

Lemma $prod_distr_indep : \forall A B (m1:distr A) (m2:distr B), prod_indep (prod_distr m1 m2).$

Add Parametric Morphism $A B : (prod_indep (A:=A) (B:=B))$
with signature $Oeq ==> Basics.impl$
as $prod_indep_eq_compat$.

Save.

Hint Resolve $prod_indep_eq_compat$.

Lemma $distr_indep_mult$
 $: \forall A B (m:distr (A \times B)), prod_indep m \rightarrow$
 $\forall (f1 : MF A) (f2:MF B),$
 $pone m \times mu m (\text{fun } p \Rightarrow f1 (\text{fst } p) \times f2 (\text{snd } p)) ==$
 $mu (fst_distr m) f1 \times mu (snd_distr m) f2.$

8.6 Range of a distribution

Definition $range A (P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (d: distr A) :=$
 $\forall f, (\forall x, P x \rightarrow 0 == f x) \rightarrow 0 == mu d f.$

Lemma $range_le : \forall A (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (d:distr A), range P d \rightarrow$
 $\forall f g, (\forall a, P a \rightarrow f a \leq g a) \rightarrow mu d f \leq mu d g.$

Lemma $range_eq : \forall A (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (d:distr A), range P d \rightarrow$
 $\forall f g, (\forall a, P a \rightarrow f a == g a) \rightarrow mu d f == mu d g.$

Lemma $im_range A B (f : A \rightarrow B) :$
 $\forall (d : distr A) (P : B \rightarrow \text{Prop}),$
 $range (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow P (f x)) d \rightarrow range P (im_distr f d).$

Hint Resolve im_range .

Lemma $range_impl A (P Q : A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) :$
 $\forall (d:distr A), (\forall x, P x \rightarrow Q x)$
 $\rightarrow range P d \rightarrow range Q d.$

Lemma $im_range_map A B (f : A \rightarrow B) :$

```

 $\forall (d : \text{distr } A) (P : B \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (Q : A \rightarrow \text{Prop}),$ 
 $(\forall x, Q x \rightarrow P (f x)) \rightarrow$ 
 $\text{range } Q d \rightarrow \text{range } P (\text{im\_distr } f d).$ 

Lemma im_range_prop  $A B (f : A \rightarrow B) :$ 
 $\forall (d : \text{distr } A) (P : B \rightarrow \text{Prop}),$ 
 $(\forall x, P (f x)) \rightarrow \text{range } P (\text{im\_distr } f d).$ 

Lemma range_le_compat :  $\forall A (P : A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (d1 d2 : \text{distr } A),$ 
 $d1 \leq d2 \rightarrow \text{range } P d2 \rightarrow \text{range } P d1.$ 

Add Parametric Morphism  $A (P : A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) : (\text{range } P)$ 
with signature Oeq ==> iff as range_distr_morph.
Save.

```

9 Prog.v: Axiomatic semantics

9.1 Definition of correctness judgements

- *ok p e q* is defined as $p \leq \text{mu } e q$
- *up p e q* is defined as $\text{mu } e q \leq p$

```

Definition ok  $(A:\text{Type}) (p:U) (e:\text{distr } A) (q:A \rightarrow U) := p \leq \text{mu } e q.$ 
Definition okfun  $(A B:\text{Type})(p:A \rightarrow U)(e:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)(q:A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U)$ 
 $:= \forall x:A, \text{ok } (p x) (e x) (q x).$ 

Definition okup  $(A:\text{Type}) (p:U) (e:\text{distr } A) (q:A \rightarrow U) := \text{mu } e q \leq p.$ 
Definition upfun  $(A B:\text{Type})(p:A \rightarrow U)(e:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)(q:A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U)$ 
 $:= \forall x:A, \text{okup } (p x) (e x) (q x).$ 

```

9.2 Stability properties

```

Lemma ok_le_compat :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (p p':U) (e:\text{distr } A) (q q':A \rightarrow U),$ 
 $p' \leq p \rightarrow q \leq q' \rightarrow \text{ok } p e q \rightarrow \text{ok } p' e q'.$ 

Lemma ok_eq_compat :  $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (p p':U) (e e':\text{distr } A) (q q':A \rightarrow U),$ 
 $p' == p \rightarrow q == q' \rightarrow e == e' \rightarrow \text{ok } p e q \rightarrow \text{ok } p' e' q'.$ 

```

```

Add Parametric Morphism  $(A:\text{Type}) : (@\text{ok } A)$ 
with signature Ole -> Oeq ==> Ole ==> Basics.impl
as ok_le_morphism.
Save.

```

```

Add Parametric Morphism  $(A:\text{Type}) : (@\text{ok } A)$ 
with signature Oeq -> Oeq ==> Oeq ==> iff
as ok_eq_morphism.
Save.

```

```

Lemma okfun_le_compat :
 $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (p p':A \rightarrow U) (e:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (q q':A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U),$ 
 $p' \leq p \rightarrow q \leq q' \rightarrow \text{okfun } p e q \rightarrow \text{okfun } p' e q'.$ 

```

```

Lemma okfun_eq_compat :
 $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (p p':A \rightarrow U) (e e':A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (q q':A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U),$ 
 $p' == p \rightarrow q == q' \rightarrow e == e' \rightarrow \text{okfun } p e q \rightarrow \text{okfun } p' e' q'.$ 

```

```

Add Parametric Morphism  $(A B:\text{Type}) : (@\text{okfun } A B)$ 
with signature Ole -> Oeq ==> Ole ==> Basics.impl
as okfun_le_morphism.

```

Save.

Add *Parametric Morphism* (A B :Type) : (@okfun A B)
with signature $Oeq \rightarrow Oeq ==> Oeq ==> iff$
as *okfun_eq_morphism*.

Save.

Lemma *ok_mult* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(k p:U)(e:\text{distr } A)(f : A \rightarrow U)$,
 $ok p e f \rightarrow ok (k \times p) e (fmult k f)$.

Lemma *ok_inv* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(p:U)(e:\text{distr } A)(f : A \rightarrow U)$,
 $ok p e f \rightarrow mu e (\text{finv } f) \leq [1-]p$.

Lemma *okup_le_compat* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (p p':U) (e:\text{distr } A) (q q':A \rightarrow U)$,
 $p \leq p' \rightarrow q' \leq q \rightarrow okup p e q \rightarrow okup p' e q'$.

Lemma *okup_eq_compat* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (p p':U) (e e':\text{distr } A) (q q':A \rightarrow U)$,
 $p == p' \rightarrow q == q' \rightarrow e == e' \rightarrow okup p e q \rightarrow okup p' e' q'$.

Lemma *upfun_le_compat* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type}) (p p':A \rightarrow U) (e:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)$
 $(q q':A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U)$,
 $p \leq p' \rightarrow q' \leq q \rightarrow upfun p e q \rightarrow upfun p' e q'$.

Lemma *okup_mult* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(k p:U)(e:\text{distr } A)(f : A \rightarrow U)$, $okup p e f \rightarrow okup (k \times p) e (fmult k f)$.

9.3 Basic rules

9.3.1 Rules for application:

- $ok r a p$ and $\forall x, ok (p x) (f x) q$ implies $ok r (f a) q$
- $up r a p$ and $\forall x, up (p x) (f x) q$ implies $up r (f a) q$

Lemma *apply_rule* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type})(a:(\text{distr } A))(f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)(r:U)(p:A \rightarrow U)(q:B \rightarrow U)$,
 $ok r a p \rightarrow okfun p f (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow q) \rightarrow ok r (\text{Mlet } a f) q$.

Lemma *okup_apply_rule* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type})(a:\text{distr } A)(f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)(r:U)(p:A \rightarrow U)(q:B \rightarrow U)$,
 $okup r a p \rightarrow upfun p f (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow q) \rightarrow okup r (\text{Mlet } a f) q$.

9.3.2 Rules for abstraction

Lemma *lambda_rule* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type})(f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)(p:A \rightarrow U)(q:A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U)$,
 $(\forall x:A, ok (p x) (f x) (q x)) \rightarrow okfun p f q$.

Lemma *okup_lambda_rule* : $\forall (A B:\text{Type})(f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)(p:A \rightarrow U)(q:A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U)$,
 $(\forall x:A, okup (p x) (f x) (q x)) \rightarrow upfun p f q$.

9.3.3 Rules for conditional

- $ok p1 e1 q$ and $ok p2 e2 q$ implies $ok (p1 \times mu b (\chi \text{ true}) + p2 \times mu b (\chi \text{ false})) (\text{if } b \text{ then } e1 \text{ else } e2) q$
- $up p1 e1 q$ and $up p2 e2 q$ implies $up (p1 \times mu b (\chi \text{ true}) + p2 \times mu b (\chi \text{ false})) (\text{if } b \text{ then } e1 \text{ else } e2) q$

Lemma *combiok* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) p q (f1 f2 : A \rightarrow U)$, $p \leq [1-]q \rightarrow fplusok (fmult p f1) (fmult q f2)$.
Hint Extern 1 \Rightarrow apply *combiok*.

Lemma *fmult_fplusok* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) p q (f1 f2 : A \rightarrow U)$, $fplusok f1 f2 \rightarrow fplusok (fmult p f1) (fmult q f2)$.
Hint Resolve *fmult_fplusok*.

Lemma *ifok* : $\forall f1 f2, fplusok (fmult f1 B2U) (fmult f2 NB2U)$.
Hint Resolve *ifok*.

Lemma *Mif_eq* : $\forall (A:\text{Type})(b:(\text{distr bool}))(f1\ f2:\text{distr } A)(q:\text{MF } A),$
 $(\mu u (\text{Mif } b\ f1\ f2)\ q) == (\mu u\ f1\ q) \times (\mu u\ b\ B2U) + (\mu u\ f2\ q) \times (\mu u\ b\ NB2U).$

Lemma *Mif_eq2* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (b : \text{distr bool}) (f1\ f2 : \text{distr } A) (q : \text{MF } A),$
 $(\mu u (\text{Mif } b\ f1\ f2)\ q) == \mu u\ b\ B2U \times \mu u\ f1\ q + \mu u\ b\ NB2U \times \mu u\ f2\ q.$

Lemma *ifrule* :

$\forall (A:\text{Type})(b:(\text{distr bool}))(f1\ f2:\text{distr } A)(p1\ p2:U)(q:A \rightarrow U),$
 $ok\ p1\ f1\ q \rightarrow ok\ p2\ f2\ q$
 $\rightarrow ok\ (p1 \times (\mu u\ b\ B2U) + p2 \times (\mu u\ b\ NB2U)) (\text{Mif } b\ f1\ f2)\ q.$

Lemma *okup_ifrule* :

$\forall (A:\text{Type})(b:(\text{distr bool}))(f1\ f2:\text{distr } A)(p1\ p2:U)(q:A \rightarrow U),$
 $okup\ p1\ f1\ q \rightarrow okup\ p2\ f2\ q$
 $\rightarrow okup\ (p1 \times (\mu u\ b\ B2U) + p2 \times (\mu u\ b\ NB2U)) (\text{Mif } b\ f1\ f2)\ q.$

9.3.4 Rule for fixpoints

with $\phi x = F \phi x$, p an increasing sequence of functions starting from 0

$\forall f\ i, (\forall x, ok\ (p\ i\ x)\ f\ q \Rightarrow \forall x, ok\ p\ (i+1)\ x\ (F\ f\ x)\ q)$ implies $\forall x, ok\ (\text{lub } p\ x)\ (\phi\ x)\ q$ **Section Fixrule**.

Variables $A\ B : \text{Type}$.

Variable $F : (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) \text{-m}> (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)$.

Section *Ruleseq*.

Variable $q : A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U$.

Lemma *fixrule_Ulub* : $\forall (p : A \rightarrow \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall x:A, p\ x\ O == 0) \rightarrow$
 $(\forall (i:\text{nat}) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B),$
 $(\text{okfun } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ i)\ f\ q) \rightarrow \text{okfun } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ (S\ i)) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F\ f\ x)\ q)$
 $\rightarrow \text{okfun } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{lub } (p\ x)) (\text{Mfix } F)\ q.$

Lemma *fixrule* : $\forall (p : A \rightarrow \text{nat} \text{-m}> U),$
 $(\forall x:A, p\ x\ O == 0) \rightarrow$
 $(\forall (i:\text{nat}) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B),$
 $(\text{okfun } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ i)\ f\ q) \rightarrow \text{okfun } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ (S\ i)) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F\ f\ x)\ q)$
 $\rightarrow \text{okfun } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{lub } (p\ x)) (\text{Mfix } F)\ q.$

Lemma *fixrule_up_Ulub* : $\forall (p : A \rightarrow \text{nat} \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall (i:\text{nat}) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B),$
 $(\text{upfun } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ i)\ f\ q) \rightarrow \text{upfun } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ (S\ i)) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F\ f\ x)\ q)$
 $\rightarrow \text{upfun } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{lub } (p\ x)) (\text{Mfix } F)\ q.$

Lemma *fixrule_up_lub* : $\forall (p : A \rightarrow \text{nat} \text{-m}> U),$
 $(\forall (i:\text{nat}) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B),$
 $(\text{upfun } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ i)\ f\ q) \rightarrow \text{upfun } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ (S\ i)) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F\ f\ x)\ q)$
 $\rightarrow \text{upfun } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{lub } (p\ x)) (\text{Mfix } F)\ q.$

Lemma *okup_fixrule_glb* :

$\forall p : A \rightarrow \text{nat} \text{-m}> U,$
 $(\forall (i:\text{nat}) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B),$
 $(\text{upfun } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ i)\ f\ q) \rightarrow \text{upfun } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p\ x\ (S\ i)) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F\ f\ x)\ q)$
 $\rightarrow \text{upfun } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{glb } (p\ x)) (\text{Mfix } F)\ q.$

End *Ruleseq*.

Lemma *okup_fixrule_inv* : $\forall (p : A \rightarrow U) (q : A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B), \text{upfun } p\ f\ q \rightarrow \text{upfun } p\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F\ f\ x)\ q)$
 $\rightarrow \text{upfun } p\ (\text{Mfix } F)\ q.$

9.3.5 Rules using commutation properties

Section *TransformFix*.

Section *Fix_muF*.

Variable $q : A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U$.

Variable $\mu F : MF A \dashv M F A$.

Definition *admissible* ($P : (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) \rightarrow \text{Prop}$) := $P 0 \wedge \forall f, P f \rightarrow P (F f)$.

Lemma *admissible_true* : *admissible* ($\text{fun } f \Rightarrow \text{True}$).

Lemma *admissible_le_fix* :

continuous ($D1 := A \rightarrow \text{distr } B$) ($D2 := A \rightarrow \text{distr } B$) $F \rightarrow \text{admissible}$ ($\text{fun } f \Rightarrow f \leq Mfix F$).

BUG: rewrite fails

Lemma *muF_stable* : *stable* μF .

Definition *mu_muF_commutate_le* :=

$\forall f x, f \leq Mfix F \rightarrow \mu (F f x) (q x) \leq \mu F (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow \mu (f y) (q y)) x$

Hint *Unfold mu_muF_commutate_le*.

Section *F_muF_results*.

Hypothesis *F_muF_le* : *mu_muF_commutate_le*.

Lemma *mu_mufix_le* : $\forall x, \mu (Mfix F x) (q x) \leq mufix \mu F x$.

Hint *Resolve mu_mufix_le*.

Lemma *muF_le* : $\forall f, \mu F f \leq f$

$\rightarrow \forall x, \mu (Mfix F x) (q x) \leq f x$.

Hypothesis *muF_F_le* :

$\forall f x, f \leq Mfix F \rightarrow \mu F (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow \mu (f y) (q y)) x \leq \mu (F f x) (q x)$.

Lemma *mufix_mu_le* : $\forall x, mufix \mu F x \leq \mu (Mfix F x) (q x)$.

End *F_muF_results*.

Hint *Resolve mu_mufix_le mufix_mu_le*.

Lemma *mufix_mu* :

$(\forall f x, f \leq Mfix F \rightarrow \mu (F f x) (q x) == \mu F (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow \mu (f y) (q y)) x)$

$\rightarrow \forall x, mufix \mu F x == \mu (Mfix F x) (q x)$.

Hint *Resolve mufix_mu*.

End *Fix_muF*.

Section *Fix_Term*.

Definition *pterm* : $MF A := \text{fun } (x:A) \Rightarrow \mu (Mfix F x) (\text{fone } B)$.

Variable *muFone* : $MF A \dashv M F A$.

Hypothesis *F_muF_eq_one* :

$\forall f x, f \leq Mfix F \rightarrow \mu (F f x) (\text{fone } B) == \mu Fone (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow \mu (f y) (\text{fone } B)) x$.

Hypothesis *muF_cont* : *continuous* $\mu Fone$.

Lemma *muF_pterm* : *pterm* == *muFone pterm*.

Hint *Resolve muF_pterm*.

End *Fix_Term*.

Section *Fix_muF_Term*.

Variable $q : A \rightarrow B \rightarrow U$.

Definition *qinv* $x y := [1-]q x y$.

Variable *muFqinv* : $MF A \dashv M F A$.

Hypothesis *F_muF_le_inv* : *mu_muF_commutate_le qinv muFqinv*.

Lemma *muF_le_term* : $\forall f, \mu F qinv (finv f) \leq finv f \rightarrow$

$\forall x, f x \& \text{pterm } x \leq \mu (Mfix F x) (q x)$.

```

Lemma muF_le_term_minus :
 $\forall f, f \leq pterm \rightarrow muFqinv (fminus pterm f) \leq fminus pterm f \rightarrow$ 
 $\forall x, f x \leq mu (Mfix F x) (q x).$ 

Variable muFq : MF A -m> MF A.

Hypothesis F_muF_le : mu_muF_commute_le q muFq.

Lemma muF_eq :  $\forall f, muFq f \leq f \rightarrow muFqinv (finv f) \leq finv f \rightarrow$ 
 $\forall x, pterm x == 1 \rightarrow mu (Mfix F x) (q x) == f x.$ 

End Fix_muF_Term.

End TransformFix.

Section LoopRule.

Variable q : A → B → U.

Variable stop : A → distr bool.

Variable step : A → distr A.

Variable a : U.

Definition Loop : MF A -m&ampgt MF A.

Defined.

Lemma Loop_eq :
 $\forall f x, Loop f x = mu (stop x) (\text{fun } b \Rightarrow \text{if } b \text{ then } a \text{ else } mu (step x) f).$ 

Definition loop := mufix Loop.

Lemma Mfixvar :
 $(\forall (f:A \rightarrow distr B),$ 
 $okfun (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow Loop (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow mu (f y) (q y)) x) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F f x) q)$ 
 $\rightarrow okfun loop (Mfix F) q.$ 

Definition up_loop : MF A := nufix Loop.

Lemma Mfixvar_up :
 $(\forall (f:A \rightarrow distr B),$ 
 $upfun (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow Loop (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow mu (f y) (q y)) x) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F f x) q)$ 
 $\rightarrow upfun up_loop (Mfix F) q.$ 

End LoopRule.

End Fixrule.

```

9.4 Rules for *Flip*

```

Lemma Flip_true : mu Flip B2U == [1/2].
Lemma Flip_false : mu Flip NB2U == [1/2].
Lemma ok_Flip :  $\forall q : \text{bool} \rightarrow U, ok ([1/2] \times q \text{ true} + [1/2] \times q \text{ false}) \text{ Flip } q.$ 
Lemma okup_Flip :  $\forall q : \text{bool} \rightarrow U, okup ([1/2] \times q \text{ true} + [1/2] \times q \text{ false}) \text{ Flip } q.$ 
Hint Resolve ok_Flip okup_Flip Flip_true Flip_false.

Lemma Flip_eq :  $\forall q : \text{bool} \rightarrow U, mu \text{ Flip } q == [1/2] \times q \text{ true} + [1/2] \times q \text{ false}.$ 
Hint Resolve Flip_eq.

```

9.5 Rules for total (well-founded) fixpoints

```

Section Wellfounded.

Variables A B : Type.
Variable R : A → A → Prop.
Hypothesis Rwf : well_founded R.
Variable F :  $\forall x, (\forall y, R y x \rightarrow distr B) \rightarrow distr B.$ 

```

```

Definition WfFix : A → distr B := Fix Rwf (fun _ ⇒ distr B) F.
Hypothesis Fext : ∀ x f g, (∀ y (p:R y x), f y p == g y p) → F f == F g.
Lemma Acc_iter_distr :
  ∀ x, ∀ r s : Acc R x, Acc_iter (fun _ ⇒ distr B) F r == Acc_iter (fun _ ⇒ distr B) F s.
Lemma WfFix_eq : ∀ x, WfFix x == F (fun (y:A) (p:R y x) ⇒ WfFix y).
Variable P : distr B → Prop.
Hypothesis Pext : ∀ m1 m2, m1 == m2 → P m1 → P m2.
Lemma WfFix_ind :
  (∀ x f, (∀ y (p:R y x), P (f y p)) → P (F f))
  → ∀ x, P (WfFix x).
End Wellfounded.

Ltac distrsimpl := match goal with
| ⊢ (Ole (fmont (mu ?d1) ?f) (fmont (mu ?d2) ?g)) ⇒ apply (mu_le_compat (m1:=d1) (m2:=d2) (Ole_refl d1) (f:=f) (g:=g)); intro
| ⊢ (Oeq (fmont (mu ?d1) ?f) (fmont (mu ?d2) ?g)) ⇒ apply (mu_eq_compat (m1:=d1) (m2:=d2) (Oeq_refl d1) (f:=f) (g:=g)); intro
| ⊢ (Oeq (Munit ?x) (Munit ?y)) ⇒ apply (Munit_eq_compat x y)
| ⊢ (Oeq (Mlet ?x1 ?f) (Mlet ?x2 ?g))
  ⇒ apply (Mlet_eq_compat (m1:=x1) (m2:=x2) (M1:=f) (M2:=g) (Oeq_refl x1)); intro
| ⊢ (Ole (Mlet ?x1 ?f) (Mlet ?x2 ?g))
  ⇒ apply (Mlet_le_compat (m1:=x1) (m2:=x2) (M1:=f) (M2:=g) (Ole_refl x1)); intro
| ⊢ context [(fmont (mu (Mlet ?m ?M)) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Mlet_simpl m M f)
| ⊢ context [(fmont (mu (Munit ?x)) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Munit_simpl f x)
| ⊢ context [(Mlet (Mlet ?m ?M) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Mlet_assoc m M f)
| ⊢ context [(Mlet (Munit ?x) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Mlet_unit x f)
| ⊢ context [(fmont (mu Flip) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Flip_simpl f)
| ⊢ context [(fmont (mu (Discrete ?d)) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Discrete_simpl d);
  rewrite (discrete_simpl (coeff d) (points d) f)
| ⊢ context [(fmont (mu (Random ?n)) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Random_simpl n);
  rewrite (random_simpl n f)
| ⊢ context [(fmont (mu (Mif ?b ?f ?g)) ?h)] ⇒ unfold Mif
| ⊢ context [(fmont (mu (Mchoice ?p ?m1 ?m2)) ?f)] ⇒ rewrite (Mchoice_simpl p m1 m2 f)
| ⊢ context [(fmont (mu (im_distr ?f ?m)) ?h)] ⇒ rewrite (im_distr_simpl f m h)
| ⊢ context [(fmont (mu (prod_distr ?m1 ?m2)) ?h)] ⇒ unfold prod_distr
| ⊢ context [((mon ?f (fmonotonic:=?mf)) ?x)] ⇒ rewrite (mon_simpl f (mf:=mf) x)
end.

Set Implicit Arguments.
Require Export Setoid.
Require Omega.

```

10 Sets.v: Definition of sets as predicates over a type A

```

Section sets.
Variable A : Type.
Variable decA : ∀ x y :A, {x=y}+{x≠y}.
Definition set := A → Prop.
Definition full : set := fun (x:A) ⇒ True.
Definition empty : set := fun (x:A) ⇒ False.
Definition add (a:A) (P:set) : set := fun (x:A) ⇒ x=a ∨ (P x).
Definition singl (a:A) :set := fun (x:A) ⇒ x=a.

```

```

Definition union (P Q:set) :set := fun (x:A) => (P x) ∨ (Q x).
Definition compl (P:set) :set := fun (x:A) => ¬P x.
Definition inter (P Q:set) :set := fun (x:A) => (P x) ∧ (Q x).
Definition rem (a:A) (P:set) :set := fun (x:A) => x ≠ a ∧ (P x).

```

10.1 Equivalence

```

Definition eqset (P Q:set) := ∀ (x:A), P x ↔ Q x.
Implicit Arguments full [].
Implicit Arguments empty [].
Lemma eqset_refl : ∀ P:set, eqset P P.
Lemma eqset_sym : ∀ P Q:set, eqset P Q → eqset Q P.
Lemma eqset_trans : ∀ P Q R:set,
  eqset P Q → eqset Q R → eqset P R.
Hint Resolve eqset_refl.
Hint Immediate eqset_sym.

```

10.2 Setoid structure

```

Lemma set_setoid : Setoid_Theory set eqset.
Add Setoid set eqset set_setoid as Set_setoid.
Add Morphism add : eqset_add.
Save.
Add Morphism rem : eqset_rem.
Save.
Hint Resolve eqset_add eqset_rem.
Add Morphism union : eqset_union.
Save.
Hint Immediate eqset_union.
Lemma eqset_union_left :
  ∀ P1 Q P2,
  eqset P1 P2 → eqset (union P1 Q) (union P2 Q).
Lemma eqset_union_right :
  ∀ P Q1 Q2 ,
  eqset Q1 Q2 → eqset (union P Q1) (union P Q2).
Hint Resolve eqset_union_left eqset_union_right.
Add Morphism inter : eqset_inter.
Save.
Hint Immediate eqset_inter.
Add Morphism compl : eqset_compl.
Save.
Hint Resolve eqset_compl.
Lemma eqset_add_empty : ∀ (a:A) (P:set), ¬eqset (add a P) empty.

```

10.3 Finite sets given as an enumeration of elements

```

Inductive finite (P: set) : Type :=
  fin_eq_empty : eqset P empty → finite P
  | fin_eq_add : ∀ (x:A)(Q:set),
    ¬ Q x → finite Q → eqset P (add x Q) → finite P.

```

```

Hint Constructors finite.

Lemma fin_empty : (finite empty).

Lemma fin_add :  $\forall (x:A)(P:\text{set}),$   

 $\neg P x \rightarrow \text{finite } P \rightarrow \text{finite } (\text{add } x P).$ 

Lemma fin_eqset:  $\forall (P Q : \text{set}), (\text{eqset } P Q) \rightarrow (\text{finite } P) \rightarrow (\text{finite } Q).$ 

Hint Resolve fin_empty fin_add.

```

10.3.1 Emptiness is decidable for finite sets

```

Definition isempty (P:set) := eqset P empty.

Definition notempty (P:set) := not (eqset P empty).

Lemma isempty_dec :  $\forall P, \text{finite } P \rightarrow \{\text{isempty } P\} + \{\text{notempty } P\}.$ 

```

10.3.2 Size of a finite set

```

Fixpoint size (P:set) (f:finite P) {struct f}: nat :=  

  match f with  

  fin_eq_empty _  $\Rightarrow 0\%nat$   

  | fin_eq_add _ Q _ f' _  $\Rightarrow S (\text{size } f')$   

  end.  

  

Lemma size_eqset :  $\forall P Q (f:\text{finite } P) (e:\text{eqset } P Q),$   

 $(\text{size } (\text{fin_eqset } e f)) = (\text{size } f).$ 

```

10.4 Inclusion

```

Definition incl (P Q:set) :=  $\forall x, P x \rightarrow Q x.$ 

Lemma incl_refl :  $\forall (P:\text{set}), \text{incl } P P.$ 

Lemma incl_trans :  $\forall (P Q R:\text{set}),$   

 $\text{incl } P Q \rightarrow \text{incl } Q R \rightarrow \text{incl } P R.$ 

Lemma eqset_incl :  $\forall (P Q : \text{set}), \text{eqset } P Q \rightarrow \text{incl } P Q.$ 

Lemma eqset_incl_sym :  $\forall (P Q : \text{set}), \text{eqset } P Q \rightarrow \text{incl } Q P.$ 

Lemma eqset_incl_intro :  

 $\forall (P Q : \text{set}), \text{incl } P Q \rightarrow \text{incl } Q P \rightarrow \text{eqset } P Q.$ 

Hint Resolve incl_refl incl_trans eqset_incl_intro.  

Hint Immediate eqset_incl eqset_incl_sym.

```

10.5 Properties of operations on sets

```

Lemma incl_empty :  $\forall P, \text{incl } \text{empty } P.$ 

Lemma incl_empty_false :  $\forall P a, \text{incl } P \text{empty} \rightarrow \neg P a.$ 

Lemma incl_add_empty :  $\forall (a:A) (P:\text{set}), \neg \text{incl } (\text{add } a P) \text{empty}.$ 

Lemma eqset_empty_false :  $\forall P a, \text{eqset } P \text{empty} \rightarrow P a \rightarrow \text{False}.$ 

Hint Immediate incl_empty_false eqset_empty_false incl_add_empty.

Lemma incl_rem_stable :  $\forall a P Q, \text{incl } P Q \rightarrow \text{incl } (\text{rem } a P) (\text{rem } a Q).$ 

Lemma incl_add_stable :  $\forall a P Q, \text{incl } P Q \rightarrow \text{incl } (\text{add } a P) (\text{add } a Q).$ 

Lemma incl_rem_add_iff :  

 $\forall a P Q, \text{incl } (\text{rem } a P) Q \leftrightarrow \text{incl } P (\text{add } a Q).$ 

Lemma incl_rem_add:  

 $\forall (a:A) (P Q:\text{set}),$ 

```

$(P \ a) \rightarrow incl \ Q \ (rem \ a \ P) \rightarrow incl \ (add \ a \ Q) \ P.$
Lemma *incl_add_rem* :
 $\forall (a:A) (P \ Q:\text{set}),$
 $\neg Q \ a \rightarrow incl \ (add \ a \ Q) \ P \rightarrow incl \ Q \ (rem \ a \ P) .$
Hint Immediate *incl_rem_add incl_add_rem*.
Lemma *eqset_rem_add* :
 $\forall (a:A) (P \ Q:\text{set}),$
 $(P \ a) \rightarrow eqset \ Q \ (rem \ a \ P) \rightarrow eqset \ (add \ a \ Q) \ P.$
Lemma *eqset_add_rem* :
 $\forall (a:A) (P \ Q:\text{set}),$
 $\neg Q \ a \rightarrow eqset \ (add \ a \ Q) \ P \rightarrow eqset \ Q \ (rem \ a \ P).$
Hint Immediate *eqset_rem_add eqset_add_rem*.
Lemma *add_rem_eq_eqset* :
 $\forall x \ (P:\text{set}), eqset \ (add \ x \ (rem \ x \ P)) \ (add \ x \ P).$
Lemma *add_rem_diff_eqset* :
 $\forall x \ y \ (P:\text{set}),$
 $x \neq y \rightarrow eqset \ (add \ x \ (rem \ y \ P)) \ (rem \ y \ (add \ x \ P)).$
Lemma *add_eqset_in* :
 $\forall x \ (P:\text{set}), P \ x \rightarrow eqset \ (add \ x \ P) \ P.$
Hint Resolve *add_rem_eq_eqset add_rem_diff_eqset add_eqset_in*.
Lemma *add_rem_eqset_in* :
 $\forall x \ (P:\text{set}), P \ x \rightarrow eqset \ (add \ x \ (rem \ x \ P)) \ P.$
Hint Resolve *add_rem_eqset_in*.
Lemma *rem_add_eq_eqset* :
 $\forall x \ (P:\text{set}), eqset \ (rem \ x \ (add \ x \ P)) \ (rem \ x \ P).$
Lemma *rem_add_diff_eqset* :
 $\forall x \ y \ (P:\text{set}),$
 $x \neq y \rightarrow eqset \ (rem \ x \ (add \ y \ P)) \ (add \ y \ (rem \ x \ P)).$
Lemma *rem_eqset_notin* :
 $\forall x \ (P:\text{set}), \neg P \ x \rightarrow eqset \ (rem \ x \ P) \ P.$
Hint Resolve *rem_add_eq_eqset rem_add_diff_eqset rem_eqset_notin*.
Lemma *rem_add_eqset_notin* :
 $\forall x \ (P:\text{set}), \neg P \ x \rightarrow eqset \ (rem \ x \ (add \ x \ P)) \ P.$
Hint Resolve *rem_add_eqset_notin*.
Lemma *rem_not_in* : $\forall x \ (P:\text{set}), \neg rem \ x \ P \ x.$
Lemma *add_in* : $\forall x \ (P:\text{set}), add \ x \ P \ x.$
Lemma *add_in_eq* : $\forall x \ y \ P, x=y \rightarrow add \ x \ P \ y.$
Lemma *add_intro* : $\forall x \ (P:\text{set}) \ y, P \ y \rightarrow add \ x \ P \ y.$
Lemma *add_incl* : $\forall x \ (P:\text{set}), incl \ P \ (add \ x \ P).$
Lemma *add_incl_intro* : $\forall x \ (P \ Q:\text{set}), (Q \ x) \rightarrow (incl \ P \ Q) \rightarrow (incl \ (add \ x \ P) \ Q).$
Lemma *rem_incl* : $\forall x \ (P:\text{set}), incl \ (rem \ x \ P) \ P.$
Hint Resolve *rem_not_in add_in rem_incl add_incl*.
Lemma *union_sym* : $\forall P \ Q : \text{set},$
 $eqset \ (union \ P \ Q) \ (union \ Q \ P).$
Lemma *union_empty_left* : $\forall P : \text{set},$
 $eqset \ P \ (union \ P \ empty).$

```

Lemma union_empty_right : ∀ P : set,
  eqset P (union empty P).

Lemma union_add_left : ∀ (a:A) (P Q: set),
  eqset (add a (union P Q)) (union P (add a Q)).

Lemma union_add_right : ∀ (a:A) (P Q: set),
  eqset (add a (union P Q)) (union (add a P) Q).

Hint Resolve union_sym union_empty_left union_empty_right
union_add_left union_add_right.

Lemma union_incl_left : ∀ P Q, incl P (union P Q).

Lemma union_incl_right : ∀ P Q, incl Q (union P Q).

Lemma union_incl_intro : ∀ P Q R, incl P R → incl Q R → incl (union P Q) R.

Hint Resolve union_incl_left union_incl_right union_incl_intro.

Lemma incl_union_stable : ∀ P1 P2 Q1 Q2,
  incl P1 P2 → incl Q1 Q2 → incl (union P1 Q1) (union P2 Q2).

Hint Immediate incl_union_stable.

Lemma inter_sym : ∀ P Q : set,
  eqset (inter P Q) (inter Q P).

Lemma inter_empty_left : ∀ P : set,
  eqset empty (inter P empty).

Lemma inter_empty_right : ∀ P : set,
  eqset empty (inter empty P).

Lemma inter_add_left_in : ∀ (a:A) (P Q: set),
  (P a) → eqset (add a (inter P Q)) (inter P (add a Q)).

Lemma inter_add_left_out : ∀ (a:A) (P Q: set),
  ¬ P a → eqset (inter P Q) (inter P (add a Q)).

Lemma inter_add_right_in : ∀ (a:A) (P Q: set),
  Q a → eqset (add a (inter P Q)) (inter (add a P) Q).

Lemma inter_add_right_out : ∀ (a:A) (P Q: set),
  ¬ Q a → eqset (inter P Q) (inter (add a P) Q).

Hint Resolve inter_sym inter_empty_left inter_empty_right
inter_add_left_in inter_add_left_out inter_add_right_in inter_add_right_out.

```

10.6 Generalized union

```

Definition gunion (I:Type)(F:I→set) : set := fun z ⇒ ∃ i, F i z.

Lemma gunion_intro : ∀ I (F:I→set) i, incl (F i) (gunion F).

Lemma gunion_elim : ∀ I (F:I→set) (P:set), (∀ i, incl (F i) P) → incl (gunion F) P.

Lemma gunion_monotonic : ∀ I (F G : I → set),
  (∀ i, incl (F i) (G i)) -> incl (gunion F) (gunion G).

```

10.7 Decidable sets

```

Definition dec (P:set) := ∀ x, {P x} + {¬ P x}.

Definition dec2bool (P:set) : dec P → A → bool :=
  fun p x ⇒ if p x then true else false.

Lemma compl_dec : ∀ P, dec P → dec (compl P).

Lemma inter_dec : ∀ P Q, dec P → dec Q → dec (inter P Q).

```

Lemma *union_dec* : $\forall P Q, \text{dec } P \rightarrow \text{dec } Q \rightarrow \text{dec } (\text{union } P Q).$

Hint *Resolve compl_dec inter_dec union_dec.*

10.8 Removing an element from a finite set

Lemma *finite_rem* : $\forall (P:\text{set}) (a:A),$
 $\text{finite } P \rightarrow \text{finite } (\text{rem } a P).$

Lemma *size_finite_rem* :
 $\forall (P:\text{set}) (a:A) (f:\text{finite } P),$
 $(P a) \rightarrow \text{size } f = S (\text{size } (\text{finite_rem } a f)).$

Require Import Arith.

Lemma *size_incl* :
 $\forall (P:\text{set})(f:\text{finite } P) (Q:\text{set})(g:\text{finite } Q),$
 $(\text{incl } P Q) \rightarrow \text{size } f \leq \text{size } g.$

Lemma *size_unique* :
 $\forall (P:\text{set})(f:\text{finite } P) (Q:\text{set})(g:\text{finite } Q),$
 $(\text{eqset } P Q) \rightarrow \text{size } f = \text{size } g.$

Lemma *finite_incl* : $\forall P:\text{set},$
 $\text{finite } P \rightarrow \forall Q:\text{set}, \text{dec } Q \rightarrow \text{incl } Q P \rightarrow \text{finite } Q.$

Lemma *finite_dec* : $\forall P:\text{set}, \text{finite } P \rightarrow \text{dec } P.$

Lemma *fin_add_in* : $\forall (a:A) (P:\text{set}), \text{finite } P \rightarrow \text{finite } (\text{add } a P).$

Lemma *finite_union* :
 $\forall P Q, \text{finite } P \rightarrow \text{finite } Q \rightarrow \text{finite } (\text{union } P Q).$

Lemma *finite_full_dec* : $\forall P:\text{set}, \text{finite full} \rightarrow \text{dec } P \rightarrow \text{finite } P.$

Require Import Lt.

10.8.1 Filter operation

Lemma *finite_inter* : $\forall P Q, \text{dec } P \rightarrow \text{finite } Q \rightarrow \text{finite } (\text{inter } P Q).$

Lemma *size_inter_empty* : $\forall P Q (\text{decP:dec } P) (e:\text{eqset } Q \text{ empty}),$
 $\text{size } (\text{finite_inter decP } (\text{fin_eq_empty } e)) = O.$

Lemma *size_inter_add_in* :
 $\forall P Q R (\text{decP:dec } P)(x:A)(nq:\sim Q x)(FQ:\text{finite } Q)(e:\text{eqset } R (\text{add } x Q)),$
 $P x \rightarrow \text{size } (\text{finite_inter decP } (\text{fin_eq_add } nq FQ e)) = S (\text{size } (\text{finite_inter decP } FQ)).$

Lemma *size_inter_add_notin* :
 $\forall P Q R (\text{decP:dec } P)(x:A)(nq:\sim Q x)(FQ:\text{finite } Q)(e:\text{eqset } R (\text{add } x Q)),$
 $\neg P x \rightarrow \text{size } (\text{finite_inter decP } (\text{fin_eq_add } nq FQ e)) = \text{size } (\text{finite_inter decP } FQ).$

Lemma *size_inter_incl* : $\forall P Q (\text{decP:dec } P)(FP:\text{finite } P)(FQ:\text{finite } Q),$
 $(\text{incl } P Q) \rightarrow \text{size } (\text{finite_inter decP } FQ) = \text{size } FP.$

10.8.2 Selecting elements in a finite set

```
Fixpoint nth_finite (P:set) (k:nat) (PF : finite P) {struct PF}: (k < size PF) → A :=
  match PF as F return (k < size F) → A with
    fin_eq_empty H ⇒ (fun (e : k < 0) ⇒ match lt_n_O k e with end)
    | fin_eq_add x Q nqx fq eqq ⇒
      match k as k0 return k0 < S (size fq) → A with
        O ⇒ fun e ⇒ x
      | (S k1) ⇒ fun (e:S k1 < S (size fq)) ⇒ nth_finite fq (lt_S_n k1 (size fq) e)
```

```

    end
end.

A set with size > 1 contains at least 2 different elements

Lemma select_non_empty : ∀ (P:set), finite P → notempty P → sigT P.

Lemma select_diff : ∀ (P:set) (FP:finite P),
  (1 < size FP)%nat → sigT (fun x ⇒ sigT (fun y ⇒ P x ∧ P y ∧ x≠y)).

End sets.

Hint Resolve eqset_refl.
Hint Resolve eqset_add eqset_rem.
Hint Immediate eqset_sym finite_dec finite_full_dec eqset_incl eqset_incl_sym eqset_incl_intro.
Hint Resolve incl_refl.
Hint Immediate incl_union_stable.
Hint Resolve union_incl_left union_incl_right union_incl_intro incl_empty rem_incl
incl_rem_stable incl_add_stable.
Hint Constructors finite.
Hint Resolve add_in add_in_eq add_intro add_incl add_incl_intro union_sym union_empty_left union_empty_right
union_add_left union_add_right finite_union eqset_union_left
eqset_union_right.
Implicit Arguments full [].
Implicit Arguments empty [].

Add Parametric Relation (A:Type) : (set A) (eqset (A:=A))
  reflexivity proved by (eqset_refl (A:=A))
  symmetry proved by (eqset_sym (A:=A))
  transitivity proved by (eqset_trans (A:=A))
as eqset_rel.

Add Parametric Relation (A:Type) : (set A) (incl (A:=A))
  reflexivity proved by (incl_refl (A:=A))
  transitivity proved by (incl_trans (A:=A))
as incl_rel.

```

11 Cover.v: Characteristic functions

```

Add Rec LoadPath ".." as ALEA.

Require Export Prog.
Set Implicit Arguments.
Require Export Sets.
Require Export Arith.
Require Import Setoid.

```

Properties of zero_one functions

```

Definition zero_one (A:Type)(f:MF A) := ∀ x, orc (f x == 0) (f x == 1).
Hint Unfold zero_one.

Lemma zero_one_not_one :
  ∀ (A:Type)(f:MF A) x, zero_one f → ¬ 1 ≤ f x → f x == 0.

Lemma zero_one_not_zero :
  ∀ (A:Type)(f:MF A) x, zero_one f → ¬ f x ≤ 0 → f x == 1.

Hint Resolve zero_one_not_one zero_one_not_zero.

Lemma B2U_zero_one: zero_one B2U.

Lemma NB2U_zero_one: zero_one NB2U.

```

```

Lemma B2U_zero_one2: ∀ b:bool,
  orc ((if b then 1 else 0) == 0) ((if b then 1 else 0) == 1).
Lemma NB2U_zero_one2: ∀ b:bool,
  orc ((if b then 0 else 1) == 0) ((if b then 0 else 1) == 1).
Hint Immediate B2U_zero_one NB2U_zero_one B2U_zero_one2 NB2U_zero_one2.
Definition fesp_zero_one : ∀ (A:Type)(f g:MF A),
  zero_one f → zero_one g → zero_one (fesp f g).
Save.
Lemma fesp_conj_zero_one : ∀ (A:Type)(f g:MF A),
  zero_one f → fesp f g == fconj f g.
Lemma fconj_zero_one : ∀ (A:Type)(f g:MF A),
  zero_one f → zero_one g → zero_one (fconj f g).
Lemma fplus_zero_one : ∀ (A:Type)(f g:MF A),
  zero_one f → zero_one g → zero_one (fplus f g).
Lemma finv_zero_one : ∀ (A:Type)(f :MF A),
  zero_one f → zero_one (finv f).
Lemma fesp_zero_one_mult_left : ∀ (A:Type)(f:MF A)(p:U),
  zero_one f → ∀ x, f x & p == f x × p.
Lemma fesp_zero_one_mult_right : ∀ (A:Type)(p:U)(f:MF A),
  zero_one f → ∀ x, p & f x == p × f x.
Hint Resolve fesp_zero_one_mult_left fesp_zero_one_mult_right.

```

11.1 Covering functions

```

Definition cover (A:Type)(P:set A)(f:MF A) :=
  ∀ x, (P x → 1 ≤ f x) ∧ (¬ P x → f x ≤ 0).
Lemma cover_eq_one : ∀ (A:Type)(P:set A)(f:MF A) (z:A),
  cover P f → P z → f z == 1.
Lemma cover_eq_zero : ∀ (A:Type)(P:set A)(f:MF A) (z:A),
  cover P f → ¬ P z → f z == 0.
Lemma cover_orc_0_1 : ∀ (A:Type)(P:set A)(f:MF A),
  cover P f → ∀ x, orc (f x == 0) (f x == 1).
Lemma cover_zero_one : ∀ (A:Type)(P:set A)(f:MF A),
  cover P f → zero_one f.
Lemma zero_one_cover : ∀ (A:Type)(f:MF A),
  zero_one f → cover (fun x ⇒ 1 ≤ f x) f.
Lemma cover_esp_mult_left : ∀ (A:Type)(P:set A)(f:MF A)(p:U),
  cover P f → ∀ x, f x & p == f x × p.
Lemma cover_esp_mult_right : ∀ (A:Type)(P:set A)(p:U)(f:MF A),
  cover P f → ∀ x, p & f x == p × f x.
Hint Immediate cover_esp_mult_left cover_esp_mult_right.
Lemma cover_elim : ∀ (A:Type)(P:set A)(f:MF A),
  cover P f → ∀ x, orc (¬ P x ∧ f x == 0) (P x ∧ f x == 1).
Lemma cover_eq_one_elim_class : ∀ (A:Type)(P Q:set A)(f:MF A),
  cover P f → ∀ z, f z == 1 → class (Q z) → incl P Q → Q z.
Lemma cover_eq_one_elim : ∀ (A:Type)(P:set A)(f:MF A),
  cover P f → ∀ z, f z == 1 → ¬¬ P z.
Lemma cover_eq_zero_elim : ∀ (A:Type)(P:set A)(f:MF A) (z:A),

```

$\text{cover } P f \rightarrow f z == 0 \rightarrow \neg P z.$

Lemma $\text{cover_unit} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f:\text{MF } A)(a:A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow P a \rightarrow 1 \leq \mu u (\text{Munit } a) f.$

Lemma $\text{compose_let} : \forall (A B:\text{Type})(m1: \text{distr } A)(m2: A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (P:\text{set } A)(cP:\text{MF } A)(f:\text{MF } B)(p:U),$
 $\text{cover } P cP \rightarrow (\forall x:A, P x \rightarrow p \leq \mu u (m2 x) f) \rightarrow (\mu u m1 (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p \times cP x)) \leq \mu u (\text{Mlet } m1 m2) f.$

Lemma $\text{compose_mu} : \forall (A B:\text{Type})(m1: \text{distr } A)(m2: A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (P:\text{set } A)(cP:\text{MF } A)(f:\text{MF } B)(p:U),$
 $\text{cover } P cP \rightarrow (\forall x:A, P x \rightarrow p \leq \mu u (m2 x) f) \rightarrow (\mu u m1 (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p \times cP x)) \leq \mu u m1 (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \mu u (m2 x) f).$

Lemma $\text{cover_let} : \forall (A B:\text{Type})(m1: \text{distr } A)(m2: A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (P:\text{set } A)(cP:\text{MF } A)(f:\text{MF } B)(p:U),$
 $\text{cover } P cP \rightarrow (\forall x:A, P x \rightarrow p \leq \mu u (m2 x) f) \rightarrow (\mu u m1 cP) \times p \leq \mu u (\text{Mlet } m1 m2) f.$

Lemma $\text{cover_mu} : \forall (A B:\text{Type})(m1: \text{distr } A)(m2: A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (P:\text{set } A)(cP:\text{MF } A)(f:\text{MF } B)(p:U),$
 $\text{cover } P cP \rightarrow (\forall x:A, P x \rightarrow p \leq \mu u (m2 x) f) \rightarrow (\mu u m1 cP) \times p \leq \mu u m1 (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \mu u (m2 x) f).$

Lemma $\text{cover_let_one} : \forall (A B:\text{Type})(m1: \text{distr } A)(m2: A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (P:\text{set } A)(cP:\text{MF } A)(f:\text{MF } B)(p:U),$
 $\text{cover } P cP \rightarrow 1 \leq \mu u m1 cP \rightarrow (\forall x:A, P x \rightarrow p \leq \mu u (m2 x) f) \rightarrow p \leq \mu u (\text{Mlet } m1 m2) f.$

Lemma $\text{cover_incl_fle} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(f g:\text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } Q g \rightarrow \text{incl } P Q \rightarrow f \leq g.$

Lemma $\text{cover_same_eq} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f g:\text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } P g \rightarrow f == g.$

Lemma $\text{cover_incl_le} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(f g:\text{MF } A) x,$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } Q g \rightarrow \text{incl } P Q \rightarrow f x \leq g x.$

Lemma $\text{cover_same_eq} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f g:\text{MF } A) x,$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } P g \rightarrow f x == g x.$

Lemma $\text{cover_eqset_stable} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(EQ:\text{eqset } P Q)(f:\text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } Q f.$

Lemma $\text{cover_eq_stable} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f g:\text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow f == g \rightarrow \text{cover } P g.$

Lemma $\text{cover_eqset_eq_stable} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(f g:\text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{eqset } P Q \rightarrow f == g \rightarrow \text{cover } Q g.$

Add *Parametric Morphism* $(A:\text{Type}) : (\text{cover } (A:=A))$
with signature $\text{eqset } (A:=A) ==> \text{Oeq} ==> \text{iff}$ as $\text{cover_eqset_compat}.$
Save.

Lemma $\text{cover_union} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(f g : \text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } Q g \rightarrow \text{cover } (\text{union } P Q) (\text{fplus } f g).$

Lemma $\text{cover_inter_esp} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(f g : \text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } Q g \rightarrow \text{cover } (\text{inter } P Q) (\text{fesp } f g).$

Lemma $\text{cover_inter_mult} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P Q:\text{set } A)(f g : \text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } Q g \rightarrow \text{cover } (\text{inter } P Q) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow f x \times g x).$

Lemma $\text{cover_compl} : \forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(f:\text{MF } A),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } (\text{compl } P) (\text{finv } f).$

Lemma $\text{cover_empty} : \forall (A:\text{Type}), \text{cover } (\text{empty } A) (\text{fzero } A).$

Lemma $\text{cover_full} : \forall (A:\text{Type}), \text{cover } (\text{full } A) (\text{fone } A).$

Lemma $\text{cover_comp} : \forall (A B:\text{Type})(h:A \rightarrow B)(P:\text{set } B)(f:\text{MF } B),$
 $\text{cover } P f \rightarrow \text{cover } (\text{fun } a \Rightarrow P (h a)) (\text{fun } a \Rightarrow f (h a)).$

Covering and image This direction requires a covering function for the property **Lemma** $\text{im_range_elim } A B$
 $(f : A \rightarrow B) :$

$\forall (d : \text{distr } A) (P : B \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (cP : B \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{cover } P cP \rightarrow \text{range } P (\text{im_distr } f d) \rightarrow \text{range } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow P (f x)) d.$

Hint Resolve *im_range*.

11.2 Caracteristic functions for decidable predicates

Definition *carac* ($A:\text{Type}$) $(P:\text{set } A)(P\text{dec} : \text{dec } P) : MF\ A$
 $\quad := \text{fun } z \Rightarrow \text{if } P\text{dec } z \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0.$

Lemma *carac_incl*: $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P\ Q:A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(P\text{dec}: \text{dec } P)(Q\text{dec}: \text{dec } Q),$
 $\quad \text{incl } P\ Q \rightarrow \text{carac } P\text{dec} \leq \text{carac } Q\text{dec}.$

Lemma *carac_monotonic*: $\forall (A\ B:\text{Type})(P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(Q:B \rightarrow \text{Prop})(P\text{dec}: \text{dec } P)(Q\text{dec}: \text{dec } Q)\ x\ y,$
 $\quad (P\ x \rightarrow Q\ y) \rightarrow \text{carac } P\text{dec } x \leq \text{carac } Q\text{dec } y.$

Hint Resolve *carac_monotonic*.

Lemma *carac_eq_compat*: $\forall (A\ B:\text{Type})(P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(Q:B \rightarrow \text{Prop})(P\text{dec}: \text{dec } P)(Q\text{dec}: \text{dec } Q)\ x\ y,$
 $\quad (P\ x \leftrightarrow Q\ y) \rightarrow \text{carac } P\text{dec } x == \text{carac } Q\text{dec } y.$

Hint Resolve *carac_eq_compat*.

Lemma *carac_one*: $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(P\text{dec}: \text{dec } P)(z:A),$
 $\quad P\ z \rightarrow \text{carac } P\text{dec } z == 1.$

Lemma *carac_zero*: $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(P\text{dec}: \text{dec } P)(z:A),$
 $\quad \neg P\ z \rightarrow \text{carac } P\text{dec } z == 0.$

Hint Resolve *carac_zero* *carac_one*.

Lemma *carac_compl*: $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(P\text{dec}: \text{dec } P),$
 $\quad \text{carac } (\text{compl_dec } P\text{dec}) == \text{finv } (\text{carac } P\text{dec}).$

Hint Resolve *carac_compl*.

Lemma *cover_dec*: $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(P\text{dec}: \text{dec } P), \text{cover } P \ (\text{carac } P\text{dec}).$

Hint Resolve *cover_dec*.

Lemma *carac_zero_one*: $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(P\text{dec}: \text{dec } P), \text{zero_one } (\text{carac } P\text{dec}).$

Hint Resolve *carac_zero_one*.

Lemma *cover_mult_fun*: $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(cP : MF\ A)(f\ g:A \rightarrow U),$
 $\quad (\forall x, P\ x \rightarrow f\ x == g\ x) \rightarrow \text{cover } P\ cP \rightarrow \forall x, cP\ x \times f\ x == cP\ x \times g\ x.$

Lemma *cover_esp_fun*: $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(cP : MF\ A)(f\ g:A \rightarrow U),$
 $\quad (\forall x, P\ x \rightarrow f\ x == g\ x) \rightarrow \text{cover } P\ cP \rightarrow \forall x, cP\ x \& f\ x == cP\ x \& g\ x.$

Lemma *cover_esp_fun_le*: $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P:\text{set } A)(cP : MF\ A)(f\ g:A \rightarrow U),$
 $\quad (\forall x, P\ x \rightarrow f\ x \leq g\ x) \rightarrow \text{cover } P\ cP \rightarrow \forall x, cP\ x \& f\ x \leq cP\ x \& g\ x.$

Hint Resolve *cover_esp_fun_le*.

Lemma *cover_ok*: $\forall (A:\text{Type})(P\ Q:\text{set } A)(f\ g : MF\ A),$
 $\quad (\forall x, P\ x \rightarrow \neg Q\ x) \rightarrow \text{cover } P\ f \rightarrow \text{cover } Q\ g \rightarrow \text{fplusok } f\ g.$

Hint Resolve *cover_ok*.

11.3 Boolean functions

Lemma *cover_bool*: $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (P: A \rightarrow \text{bool}), \text{cover } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow P\ x = \text{true}) \ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow B2U\ (P\ x)).$
 Hint Resolve *cover_bool*.

Like *compose_mu* but with boolean properties Theorem *compositional_reasoning* :

$\forall A\ B\ (m1 : \text{distr } A)\ (m2 : A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)$
 $\quad (P : A \rightarrow \text{bool})\ (f : B \rightarrow U)\ (p : U),$
 $\quad (\forall x, P\ x = \text{true} \rightarrow p \leq mu\ (m2\ x)\ f) \rightarrow$
 $\quad mu\ m1\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow p \times B2U\ (P\ x)) \leq mu\ m1\ (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow mu\ (m2\ x)\ f).$

11.4 Distribution by restriction

Assuming m is a distribution under assumption P and cP is 0 or 1, builds a distribution which is m if cP is 1 and 0 otherwise

Definition *Mrestr* $A\ (cp:U)\ (m:M\ A) : M\ A := UMult\ cp @ m.$

Lemma *Mrestr_simpl* : $\forall A \ cp \ (m:M \ A) \ f, Mrestr \ cp \ m \ f = cp \times (m \ f).$
Lemma *Mrestr0* : $\forall A \ cP \ (m:M \ A), cP \leq 0 \rightarrow \forall f, Mrestr \ cP \ m \ f == 0.$
Lemma *Mrestr1* : $\forall A \ cP \ (m:M \ A), 1 \leq cP \rightarrow \forall f, Mrestr \ cP \ m \ f == m \ f.$
Definition *distr_restr* : $\forall A \ (P:\text{Prop}) \ (cp:U) \ (m:M \ A),$
 $((P \rightarrow 1 \leq cp) \wedge (\sim P \rightarrow cp \leq 0)) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow \text{stable_inv} \ m) \rightarrow$
 $(P \rightarrow \text{stable_plus} \ m) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow \text{stable_mult} \ m) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow \text{continuous} \ m)$
 $\rightarrow \text{distr} \ A.$

Defined.

Lemma *distr_restr_simpl* : $\forall A \ (P:\text{Prop}) \ (cp:U) \ (m:M \ A)$
 $(H_p: (P \rightarrow 1 \leq cp) \wedge (\sim P \rightarrow cp \leq 0)) \ (H_{\text{inv}}: P \rightarrow \text{stable_inv} \ m)$
 $(H_{\text{plus}}: P \rightarrow \text{stable_plus} \ m) \ (H_{\text{mult}}: P \rightarrow \text{stable_mult} \ m) \ (H_{\text{cont}}: P \rightarrow \text{continuous} \ m) \ f,$
 $\mu \text{u} \ (\text{distr_restr} \ cp \ H_p \ H_{\text{inv}} \ H_{\text{plus}} \ H_{\text{mult}} \ H_{\text{cont}}) \ f = cp \times m \ f.$

Modular reasoning on programs

Lemma *range_cover* : $\forall A \ (P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) \ d \ cP, \text{range} \ P \ d \rightarrow \text{cover} \ P \ cP \rightarrow$
 $\forall f, \mu \text{u} \ d \ f == \mu \text{u} \ d \ (\text{fun} \ x \Rightarrow cP \ x \times f \ x).$

Lemma *mu_cut* : $\forall (A:\text{Type}) \ (m:\text{distr} \ A) \ (P:\text{set} \ A) \ (cP \ f \ g:M \ F \ A),$
 $\text{cover} \ P \ cP \rightarrow (\forall x, P \ x \rightarrow f \ x == g \ x) \rightarrow 1 \leq \mu \text{u} \ m \ cP$
 $\rightarrow \mu \text{u} \ m \ f == \mu \text{u} \ m \ g.$

11.5 Uniform measure on finite sets

Section *SigmaFinite*.

Variable *A*:Type.

Variable *decA* : $\forall x \ y:A, \{ x=y \} + \{ \neg x=y \}.$

Section *RandomFinite*.

11.5.1 Distribution for *random_fin* *P* over $\{k:\text{nat} \mid k \leq n\}$

The distribution associated to *random_fin* *P* is $f \rightarrow \text{sigma} \ (a \text{ in } P) \ [1/]1+n \ (f \ a)$ with $[n+1]$ the size of $[P]$ we cannot factorize $[1/]1+n$ because of possible overflow

Fixpoint *sigma_fin* ($f:A \rightarrow U$) ($P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop}$) ($FP:\text{finite} \ P$) {struct *FP*} : $U :=$
match *FP* with
| (*fin_eq_empty* *eq*) $\Rightarrow 0$
| (*fin_eq_add* $x \ Q \ nQx \ FQ \ eq$) $\Rightarrow f \ x + \text{sigma_fin} \ f \ FQ$
end.

Definition *retract_fin* ($P:A \rightarrow \text{Prop}$) ($f:A \rightarrow U$) :=
 $\forall Q \ (FQ: \text{finite} \ Q), \text{incl} \ Q \ P \rightarrow \forall x, \neg(Q \ x) \rightarrow P \ x$
 $\rightarrow f \ x \leq [1-](\text{sigma_fin} \ f \ FQ).$

Lemma *retract_fin_inv* :

$\forall (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) \ (f: A \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{retract_fin} \ P \ f \rightarrow \forall Q \ (FQ: \text{finite} \ Q), \text{incl} \ Q \ P \rightarrow$
 $\forall x, \neg(Q \ x) \rightarrow P \ x \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin} \ f \ FQ \leq [1-]f \ x.$

Hint Immediate *retract_fin_inv*.

Lemma *retract_fin_incl* : $\forall P \ Q \ f, \text{retract_fin} \ P \ f \rightarrow \text{incl} \ Q \ P \rightarrow \text{retract_fin} \ Q \ f$

Lemma *sigma_fin_monotonic* : $\forall (f \ g: A \rightarrow U) \ (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) \ (FP:\text{finite} \ P),$
 $(\forall x, P \ x \rightarrow f \ x \leq g \ x) \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin} \ f \ FP \leq \text{sigma_fin} \ g \ FP.$

Lemma *sigma_fin_eq_compat* :

$\forall (f \ g: A \rightarrow U) \ (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) \ (FP:\text{finite} \ P),$
 $(\forall x, P \ x \rightarrow f \ x == g \ x) \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin} \ f \ FP == \text{sigma_fin} \ g \ FP.$

Instance $\text{sigma_fin_mon} : \forall (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(\text{FP}: \text{finite } P),$
 $\text{monotonic } (\text{fun } (f: MF\ A) \Rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } f\ \text{FP}).$

Save.

Lemma $\text{retract_fin_le} : \forall (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (f\ g: A \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall x, P\ x \rightarrow f\ x \leq g\ x) \rightarrow \text{retract_fin } P\ g \rightarrow \text{retract_fin } P\ f.$

Lemma $\text{sigma_fin_mult} : \forall (f: A \rightarrow U) c (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(\text{FP}: \text{finite } P),$
 $\text{retract_fin } P\ f \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow c \times f\ k)\ \text{FP} == c \times \text{sigma_fin } f\ \text{FP}.$

Lemma $\text{sigma_fin_plus} : \forall (f\ g: A \rightarrow U) (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(\text{FP}: \text{finite } P),$
 $\text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f\ k + g\ k)\ \text{FP} == \text{sigma_fin } f\ \text{FP} + \text{sigma_fin } g\ \text{FP}.$

Lemma $\text{sigma_fin_prod_maj} :$
 $\forall (f\ g : A \rightarrow U)(P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(\text{FP}: \text{finite } P),$
 $\text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f\ k \times g\ k)\ \text{FP} \leq \text{sigma_fin } f\ \text{FP}.$

Lemma $\text{sigma_fin_prod_le} :$
 $\forall (f\ g : A \rightarrow U) (c: U), (\forall k, f\ k \leq c) \rightarrow \forall (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(\text{FP}: \text{finite } P),$
 $\text{retract_fin } P\ g \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f\ k \times g\ k)\ \text{FP} \leq c \times \text{sigma_fin } g\ \text{FP}.$

Lemma $\text{sigma_fin_prod_ge} :$
 $\forall (f\ g : A \rightarrow U) (c: U), (\forall k, c \leq f\ k) \rightarrow$
 $\forall (P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(\text{FP}: \text{finite } P),$
 $\text{retract_fin } P\ g \rightarrow c \times \text{sigma_fin } g\ \text{FP} \leq \text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f\ k \times g\ k)\ \text{FP}.$

Hint Resolve $\text{sigma_fin_prod_maj}$ sigma_fin_prod_ge $\text{sigma_fin_prod_le}.$

Lemma $\text{sigma_fin_inv} : \forall (f\ g : A \rightarrow U)(P: A \rightarrow \text{Prop})(\text{FP}: \text{finite } P),$
 $\text{retract_fin } P\ f \rightarrow$
 $[1-] \text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f\ k \times g\ k)\ \text{FP} ==$
 $\text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f\ k \times [1-] g\ k)\ \text{FP} + [1-] \text{sigma_fin } f\ \text{FP}.$

Lemma $\text{sigma_fin_eqset} : \forall f\ P\ Q\ (\text{FP}: \text{finite } P) (e: \text{eqset } P\ Q),$
 $\text{sigma_fin } f\ (\text{fin_eqset } e\ \text{FP}) = \text{sigma_fin } f\ \text{FP}.$

Lemma $\text{sigma_fin_rem} : \forall f\ P\ (\text{FP}: \text{finite } P) a,$
 $P\ a \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } f\ \text{FP} == f\ a + \text{sigma_fin } f\ (\text{finite_rem decA } a\ \text{FP}).$

Lemma $\text{sigma_fin_incl} : \forall f\ P\ (\text{FP}: \text{finite } P) Q\ (\text{FQ}: \text{finite } Q),$
 $\text{incl } P\ Q \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } f\ \text{FP} \leq \text{sigma_fin } f\ \text{FQ}.$

Lemma $\text{sigma_fin_unique} : \forall f\ P\ Q\ (\text{FP}: \text{finite } P) (\text{FQ}: \text{finite } Q),$
 $\text{eqset } P\ Q \rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } f\ \text{FP} == \text{sigma_fin } f\ \text{FQ}.$

Lemma $\text{sigma_fin_cte} : \forall c\ P\ (\text{FP}: \text{finite } P),$
 $\text{sigma_fin } (\text{fun } _ \Rightarrow c)\ \text{FP} == (\text{size } \text{FP})^*/c.$

Definition $\text{Sigma_fin } P\ (\text{FP}: \text{finite } P) := \text{mon } (\text{fun } (f: MF\ A) \Rightarrow \text{sigma_fin } f\ \text{FP}).$

Lemma $\text{Sigma_fin_simpl} : \forall P\ (\text{FP}: \text{finite } P) f, \text{Sigma_fin } \text{FP } f = \text{sigma_fin } f\ \text{FP}.$

Lemma $\text{sigma_fin_continuous} : \forall P\ (\text{FP}: \text{finite } P),$
 $\text{continuous } (\text{Sigma_fin } \text{FP}).$

11.5.2 Definition and Properties of random_fin

Variable $P : A \rightarrow \text{Prop}.$
Variable $\text{FP} : \text{finite } P.$
Let $s := (\text{size } \text{FP} - 1)\%nat.$

Lemma $\text{pred_size_le} : (\text{size } \text{FP} \leq S\ s)\%nat.$

Hint Resolve $\text{pred_size_le}.$

Lemma $\text{pred_size_eq} : \text{notempty } P \rightarrow \text{size } \text{FP} = S\ s.$

Instance $\text{fmult_mon} : \forall A\ k, \text{monotonic } (\text{fmult } (A:=A)\ k).$

Save.

```

Definition random_fin : M A := Sigma_fin FP @ (Fmult A ([1/]1+s)).
Lemma random_fin_simpl : ∀ (f:MF A),
  random_fin f = sigma_fin (fun x ⇒ ([1/]1+s) × f x) FP.
Lemma fnth_retract_fin:
  ∀ n, (size FP ≤ S n)%nat → retract_fin P (fun _ ⇒ [1/]1+n).
Lemma random_fin_stable_inv : stable_inv random_fin.
Lemma random_fin_stable_plus : stable_plus random_fin.
Lemma random_fin_stable_mult : stable_mult random_fin.
Lemma random_fin_monotonic : monotonic random_fin.
Lemma random_fin_continuous : continuous random_fin.
Definition Random_fin : distr A.
Defined.

Lemma Random_fin_simpl : mu Random_fin = random_fin.
Lemma random_fin_total : notempty P → mu Random_fin (fone A) == 1.
End RandomFinite.

Lemma random_fin_cover :
  ∀ P Q (FP:finite P) (decQ:dec Q),
    mu (Random_fin FP) (carac decQ) == size (finite_inter decQ FP) */ [1/]1+(size FP-1)%nat.
Lemma random_fin_P : ∀ P (FP:finite P) (decP:dec P),
  notempty P → mu (Random_fin FP) (carac decP) == 1.
End SigmaFinite.

```

11.6 Properties of the Random distribution

```

Definition dec_le (n:nat) : dec (fun x ⇒ (x ≤ n)%nat).
Defined.

Definition dec_lt (n:nat) : dec (fun x ⇒ (x < n)%nat).
Defined.

Definition dec_gt : ∀ x, dec (lt x).
Defined.

Definition dec_ge : ∀ x, dec (le x).
Defined.

Definition carac_eq n := carac (eq_nat_dec n).
Definition carac_le n := carac (dec_le n).
Definition carac_lt n := carac (dec_lt n).
Definition carac_gt n := carac (dec_gt n).
Definition carac_ge n := carac (dec_ge n).

Definition is_eq (n:nat) : cover (fun x ⇒ n = x) (carac_eq n) := cover_dec (eq_nat_dec n).
Definition is_le (n:nat) : cover (fun x ⇒ (x ≤ n)%nat) (carac_le n) := cover_dec (dec_le n).
Definition is_lt (n:nat) : cover (fun x ⇒ (x < n)%nat) (carac_lt n) := cover_dec (dec_lt n).
Definition is_gt (n:nat) : cover (fun x ⇒ (n < x)%nat) (carac_gt n) := cover_dec (dec_gt n).
Definition is_ge (n:nat) : cover (fun x ⇒ (n ≤ x)%nat) (carac_ge n) := cover_dec (dec_ge n).

Lemma carac_gt_S :
  ∀ x y, carac_gt (S y) (S x) == carac_gt y x.
Lemma carac_lt_S : ∀ x y, carac_lt (S x) (S y) == carac_lt x y.
Lemma carac_le_S : ∀ x y, carac_le (S x) (S y) == carac_le x y.
Lemma carac_ge_S : ∀ x y, carac_ge (S x) (S y) == carac_ge x y.

```

Lemma *carac_eq_S* : $\forall x y, \text{carac_eq } (S x) (S y) == \text{carac_eq } x y.$

Lemma *carac_lt_0* : $\forall y, \text{carac_lt } 0 y == 0.$

Lemma *carac_lt_zero* : $\text{carac_lt } 0 == fzero __.$

lifting “if then else”. **Lemma** *carac_if_compat* : $\forall A (P:\text{set } A) (Pdec : \text{dec } P) (t:\text{bool}) u v,$
 $(\text{carac } Pdec (\text{if } t \text{ then } u \text{ else } v))$
 $==$
 $(\text{if } t$
 $\text{then } (\text{carac } Pdec u)$
 $\text{else } (\text{carac } Pdec v)).$

Lemma *carac_lt_if_compat* : $\forall x (t:\text{bool}) u v,$

$(\text{carac_lt } x (\text{if } t \text{ then } u \text{ else } v))$

$==$

$(\text{if } t$
 $\text{then } (\text{carac_lt } x u)$
 $\text{else } (\text{carac_lt } x v)).$

Hint Resolve *carac_le_S carac_eq_S carac_lt_S carac_ge_S carac_gt_S carac_lt_0 carac_lt_zero.*

Instance *carac_ge_mon* (*n:nat*) : *monotonic* (*carac_ge n*).

Save.

Definition *Carac_ge* (*n:nat*) : *nat -m> U := mon (carac_ge n)*.

Lemma *dec_inter* : $\forall A (P Q : \text{set } A), \text{dec } P \rightarrow \text{dec } Q \rightarrow \text{dec } (\text{inter } P Q).$

Lemma *dec_union* : $\forall A (P Q : \text{set } A), \text{dec } P \rightarrow \text{dec } Q \rightarrow \text{dec } (\text{union } P Q).$

Lemma *carac_conj* : $\forall A (P Q : \text{set } A) (dP:\text{dec } P) (dQ:\text{dec } Q),$
 $\text{carac } (\text{dec_inter } dP dQ) == fconj (\text{carac } dP) (\text{carac } dQ).$

Lemma *carac_plus* : $\forall A (P Q : \text{set } A) (dP:\text{dec } P) (dQ:\text{dec } Q),$
 $\text{carac } (\text{dec_union } dP dQ) == fplus (\text{carac } dP) (\text{carac } dQ).$

Count the number of elements between 0 and n-1 which satisfy P

Fixpoint *nb_elts* (*P:nat → Prop*) (*Pdec : dec P*) (*n:nat*) {struct *n*} : *nat* :=
match *n* **with**

$0 \Rightarrow 0\%nat$

$| S n \Rightarrow \text{if } Pdec n \text{ then } (S (\text{nb_elts } Pdec n)) \text{ else } (\text{nb_elts } Pdec n)$
end.

Lemma *nb_elts_true* : $\forall (P:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (Pdec : \text{dec } P) (n:\text{nat}),$
 $(\forall k, (k < n)\%nat \rightarrow P k) \rightarrow \text{nb_elts } Pdec n == n.$

Hint Resolve *nb_elts_true*.

Lemma *nb_elts_false* : $\forall P, \forall Pdec:\text{dec } P, \forall n,$
 $(\forall x, (x < n)\%nat \rightarrow \neg P x) \rightarrow \text{nb_elts } Pdec n = 0\%nat.$

- the probability for a random number between 0 and n to satisfy P is equal to the number of elements below n which satisfy P divided by n+1

Lemma *Random_carac* : $\forall (P:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{Prop}) (Pdec : \text{dec } P) (n:\text{nat}),$
 $\mu (Random n) (\text{carac } Pdec) == (\text{nb_elts } Pdec (S n)) */ [1/]1+n.$

Lemma *nb_elts_lt_le* : $\forall k n, (k \leq n)\%nat \rightarrow \text{nb_elts } (\text{dec_lt } k) n == k.$

Lemma *nb_elts_lt_ge* : $\forall k n, (n \leq k)\%nat \rightarrow \text{nb_elts } (\text{dec_lt } k) n == n.$

Lemma *nb_elts_eq_nat_ge* : $\forall n k,$
 $(n \leq k)\%nat \rightarrow \text{nb_elts } (\text{eq_nat_dec } k) n == 0\%nat.$

Lemma *beq_nat_neq* : $\forall x y : \text{nat}, x \neq y \rightarrow \text{false} = \text{beq_nat } x y.$

Lemma *nb_elt_eq* : $\forall n k,$

```

(k < n)%nat → nb_elts (eq_nat_dec k) n = 1%nat.

Hint Resolve nb_elts_lt_ge nb_elts_lt_le nb_elts_eq_nat_ge nb_elt_eq.

Lemma Random_lt : ∀ n k, mu (Random n) (carac_lt k) == k */ [1/]1+n.

Hint Resolve Random_lt.

Lemma Random_le : ∀ n k, mu (Random n) (carac_le k) == (S k) */ [1/]1+n.

Hint Resolve Random_le.

Lemma Random_eq : ∀ n k, (k ≤ n)%nat → mu (Random n) (carac_eq k) == 1 */ [1/]1+n.

Hint Resolve Random_eq.

```

11.7 Properties of distributions and set

```

Section PickElemts.

Variable A : Type.
Variable P : A → Prop.
Variable cP : A → U.
Hypothesis coverP : cover P cP.
Variable ceq : A → A → U.
Hypothesis covereq : ∀ x, cover (eq x) (ceq x).

Variable d : distr A.
Variable k : U.
Hypothesis degP : ∀ x, P x → k ≤ mu d (ceq x).
Lemma d_coverP : ∀ x, P x → k ≤ mu d cP.
Lemma d_coverP_exists : (∃ x, P x) → k ≤ mu d cP.
Lemma d_coverP_not_empty : ¬ (∀ x, ¬ P x) → k ≤ mu d cP.

End PickElemts.

```

12 IsDiscrete.v: distributions over discrete domains

Contributed by David Baelde. This has been adapted from Certicrypt : Santiago Zanella and Benjmain Grégoire.

12.1 Definition of discrete domains and decidable equalities

```

Class Discrete_domain (A:Type) :=
{ points : nat → A ;
  points_surj : ∀ x, ∃ n, points n = x }.

Class DecideEq (A:Type) :=
{ eq_dec : ∀ x y : A, { x=y } + { x≠y } }.

```

12.2 Useful functions on discrete domains

```

Section Discrete.

Variable A : Type.
Hypothesis A_discrete : Discrete_domain A.
Hypothesis A_decidable : DecideEq A.

Definition uequiv : A → MF A := fun a ⇒ carac (eq_dec a).

Lemma cover_uequiv : ∀ a, cover (eq a) (uequiv a).

```

`not_first_repr k` decide if `points k` is not the first point in `is_class`, in that case `points k` is not the representant of the class

```
Definition not_first_repr k := sigma (fun i => uequiv (points k) (points i)) k.
```

```
Lemma cover_not_first_repr :
```

```
cover (fun k => exc (fun k0 => (k0 < k)%nat ∧ (points k) = (points k0))) not_first_repr.
```

`in_classes a` decides if `a` is in relation with one element of `points` **Definition** `in_classes a := serie (fun k => uequiv a (points k)).`

```
Definition In_classes a := exc (fun k => a = (points k)).
```

```
Lemma cover_in_classes : cover In_classes in_classes.
```

`in_class a k` decides if `a` is in relation with `points k` and `points k` is the representant of it class **Definition** `in_class a k := [1-] (not_first_repr k) × uequiv (points k) a.`

```
Definition In_class a k :=
```

```
(points k) = a ∧  
(∀ k0, (k0 < k)%nat → ¬(points k = points k0)).
```

```
Lemma cover_in_class : ∀ a, cover (In_class a) (in_class a).
```

```
Lemma in_class_wretract : ∀ x, wretract (in_class x).
```

```
Lemma in_classes_refl : ∀ k, in_classes (points k) == 1.
```

```
Lemma cover_serie_in_class : cover (fun a => exc (In_class a)) (fun a => serie (in_class a)).
```

```
Lemma in_classes_in_class : ∀ a, in_classes a == serie (in_class a).
```

12.3 Any distribution on a discrete domain is discrete

```
Variable d : distr A.
```

```
Lemma range_in_classes : range In_classes d.
```

```
Definition coeff k := ([1-] (not_first_repr k)) × mu d (uequiv (points k)).
```

```
Lemma mu_discrete : mu d == discrete coeff points.
```

```
Lemma coeff_retract : wretract coeff.
```

```
Theorem domain_is_discrete : is_discrete d.
```

```
End Discrete.
```

```
Implicit Arguments domain_is_discrete [[A] [A_discrete] [A_decidable]].
```

12.4 Instances for common discrete and decidable domains

```
Instance nat_discrete : Discrete_domain nat.
```

```
Instance nat_decid_eq : DecidEq nat := Build_DecidEq eq_nat_dec.
```

```
Definition bool_points := beq_nat 0.
```

```
Instance bool_discrete : Discrete_domain bool.
```

```
Require Import Bool.
```

```
Instance bool_decid_eq : DecidEq bool := Build_DecidEq bool_dec.
```

12.5 Building a bijection between `nat` and `nat × nat`

```
Require Import Even.
```

```
Require Import Div2.
```

```
Lemma bij_n_nxn_aux : ∀ k,
```

```
(0 < k)%nat → sigT (fun (i:nat) => {j : nat | k = (exp2 i × (2 × j + 1))%nat}).
```

```
Definition bij_n_nxn k :=
```

```

match @bij_n_nxn_aux (S k) (lt_O_Sn k) with
| existT i (exist j _) => (i, j)
end.

```

```

Lemma mult_eq_reg_l : ∀ n m p,
(0 < p → p × n = p × m → n = m)%nat.

```

```

Lemma even_exp2 : ∀ n, even (exp2 (S n)).

```

```

Lemma odd_2p1 : ∀ n, odd (2 × n + 1).

```

```

Lemma bij_surj : ∀ i j, ∃ k,
bij_n_nxn k = (i, j).

```

12.6 The product of two discrete domains is discrete

```

Instance prod_discrete : ∀ A B,
Discrete_domain A → Discrete_domain B → Discrete_domain (A × B).

```

13 BinCoeff.v: Binomial coefficients

Contributed by David Baelde, 2011

```

Require Import Arith.
```

```

Require Import Omega.
```

13.1 Definition of binomial coefficients

```

Fixpoint comb (k n:nat) {struct n} : nat :=
match n with O ⇒ match k with O ⇒ (1%nat) | (S l) ⇒ O end
| (S m) ⇒ match k with O ⇒ (1%nat)
| (S l) ⇒ ((comb l m) + (comb k m))%nat
end
end.

```

13.2 Properties of binomial coefficients

```

Lemma comb_0_n : ∀ n, comb 0 n = 1%nat.

```

```

Lemma comb_not_le : ∀ n k, (S n ≤ k)%nat → comb k n = 0%nat.

```

```

Lemma comb_Sn_n : ∀ n, comb (S n) n = 0%nat.

```

```

Lemma comb_n_n : ∀ n, comb n n = 1%nat.

```

```

Lemma comb_1_Sn : ∀ n, comb 1 (S n) = S n.

```

```

Lemma comb_inv : ∀ n k, (k ≤ n)%nat → comb k n = comb (n - k) n.

```

```

Lemma comb_n_Sn : ∀ n, comb n (S n) = (S n).

```

```

Notation H := (fun n k ⇒ comb (S k) (S n) × (S k) = comb k (S n) × (S n - k)).

```

```

Notation V := (fun n k ⇒ comb k (S n) × (S n - k) = comb k n × (S n)).

```

```

Lemma comb_relations : ∀ n k, H n k ∧ V n k.

```

```

Lemma comb_incr_n : ∀ n k, comb k (S n) × (S n - k) = comb k n × (S n).

```

```

Lemma comb_incr_k : ∀ n k, comb (S k) (S n) × (S k) = comb k (S n) × (S n - k).

```

```

Lemma comb_fact : ∀ n k, k ≤ n → comb k n × fact k × fact (n - k) = fact n.

```

```

Lemma comb_le_0_lt : ∀ k n, k ≤ n → 0 < comb k n.

```

```

Lemma mult_simpl_right : ∀ m n p, 0 < p → m × p = n × p → m = n.

```

Corollary *comb_symmetric* : $\forall k n, k \leq n \rightarrow \text{comb } k n = \text{comb } (n-k) n.$
Lemma *mult_lt_compat_l* : $\forall n m p : \text{nat}, n < m \rightarrow 0 < p \rightarrow p \times n < p \times m.$
Lemma *comb_monotonic_k* : $\forall k n k', 0 < n \rightarrow k \leq k' \rightarrow 2^k k' \leq n \rightarrow \text{comb } k n \leq \text{comb } k' n.$
Lemma *comb_monotonic_n* : $\forall k n n', k \leq n \rightarrow n \leq n' \rightarrow \text{comb } k n \leq \text{comb } k n'.$
Lemma *comb_monotonic* :
 $\forall k n k' n', 0 < n \rightarrow k \leq n \rightarrow k \leq k' \rightarrow 2^k k' \leq n' \rightarrow n \leq n' \rightarrow \text{comb } k n \leq \text{comb } k' n'.$
Lemma *comb_max_half* : $\forall k n, \text{comb } k n \leq \text{comb } (\text{Div2.div2 } n) n.$

14 Bernoulli.v: Simulating Bernoulli and Binomial distributions

Add *Rec LoadPath* ".," as *ALEA*.

Require Export *Cover*.
Require Export *Misc*.
Require Export *BinCoeff*.

14.1 Program for computing a Bernoulli distribution

bernoulli p gives true with probability *p* and false with probability $(1-p)$

```
let rec bernoulli p =
  if flip
    then (if p < 1/2 then false else bernoulli (2 p - 1))
    else (if p < 1/2 then bernoulli (2 p) else true)
```

Hypothesis *dec_demi* : $\forall x : U, \{x < [1/2]\} + \{[1/2] \leq x\}.$

Instance *Fbern_mon* : *monotonic*

$$(\text{fun } (f:U \rightarrow \text{distr bool}) p \Rightarrow$$

$$\text{Mif } \text{Flip}$$

$$(\text{if dec_demi } p \text{ then Munit false else } f(p \& p))$$

$$(\text{if dec_demi } p \text{ then } f(p + p) \text{ else Munit true})).$$

Save.

Definition *Fbern* : $(U \rightarrow \text{distr bool}) \text{-m} > (U \rightarrow \text{distr bool})$

$$:= \text{mon } (\text{fun } f p \Rightarrow \text{Mif } \text{Flip}$$

$$(\text{if dec_demi } p \text{ then Munit false else } f(p \& p))$$

$$(\text{if dec_demi } p \text{ then } f(p + p) \text{ else Munit true})).$$

Definition *bernoulli* : $U \rightarrow \text{distr bool} := \text{Mfix } Fbern.$

14.2 *fc p n k* is defined as $(C(k,n) p^k (1-p)^{n-k})$

Definition *fc* (*p:U*)(*n k:nat*) := $(\text{comb } k n) * / (p^k \times ([1-p]^k \times (1-p)^{n-k})).$

Lemma *fcp_0* : $\forall p n, \text{fc } p n O == ([1-p]^n).$

Lemma *fcp_n* : $\forall p n, \text{fc } p n n == p^n.$

Lemma *fcp_not_le* : $\forall p n k, (S n \leq k) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{fc } p n k == 0.$

Lemma *fc0* : $\forall n k, \text{fc } 0 n (S k) == 0.$

Hint Resolve *fc0*.

Add Morphism *fc* with signature *Oeq ==> eq ==> eq ==> Oeq*
as *fc_eq_compat*.

Save.

Hint Resolve *fc_eq_compat*.

14.2.1 Sum of *fc* objects

Lemma *sigma_fc0* : $\forall n k, \text{sigma}(\text{fc } 0 \ n) (S \ k) == 1$.

Intermediate results for inductive proof of $[1-]p^n == \text{sigma}(\text{fc } p \ n) \ n$

Lemma *fc_retract* :

$\forall p \ n, [1-]p^n == \text{sigma}(\text{fc } p \ n) \ n \rightarrow \text{retract}(\text{fc } p \ n) (S \ n)$.

Hint Resolve *fc_retract*.

Lemma *fc_Nmult_def* :

$\forall p \ n \ k, ([1-]p^n == \text{sigma}(\text{fc } p \ n) \ n) \rightarrow \text{Nmult_def}(\text{comb } k \ n) (p^k \times ([1-]p)^{(n-k)})$.

Hint Resolve *fc_Nmult_def*.

Lemma *fcp_S* :

$\forall p \ n \ k, ([1-]p^n == \text{sigma}(\text{fc } p \ n) \ n) \rightarrow \text{fc } p (S \ n) (S \ k) == p \times (\text{fc } p \ n \ k) + ([1-]p) \times (\text{fc } p \ n (S \ k))$.

Lemma *sigma_fc_1*

$: \forall p \ n, [1-]p^n == \text{sigma}(\text{fc } p \ n) \ n \rightarrow 1 == \text{sigma}(\text{fc } p \ n) (S \ n)$.

Hint Resolve *sigma_fc_1*.

Main result : $[1-](p^n) == \text{sigma}(\text{fc } p \ n) \ C(k,n) \ p^k (1-p)^{(n-k)}$

Lemma *Uinv_exp* : $\forall p \ n, [1-](p^n) == \text{sigma}(\text{fc } p \ n) \ n$.

Hint Resolve *Uinv_exp*.

Lemma *Nmult_comb*

$: \forall p \ n \ k, \text{Nmult_def}(\text{comb } k \ n) (p^k \times ([1-]p)^{(n-k)})$.

Hint Resolve *Nmult_comb*.

14.3 Program for computing a binomial distribution

Recursive definition of binomial distribution using bernoulli (*binomial p n*) gives *k* with probability $C(k,n) \ p^k (1-p)^{(n-k)}$

```
Fixpoint binomial (p:U)(n:nat) {struct n}: distr nat :=
  match n with O ⇒ Munit O
  | S m ⇒ Mlet (binomial p m)
    (fun x ⇒ Mif (bernoulli p) (Munit (S x)) (Munit x))
  end.
```

14.4 Properties of the Bernoulli program

Lemma *Fbern_simpl* : $\forall f \ p,$

Fbern f p = Mif Flip

(if *dec_demi p* then *Munit false* else *f (p & p)*)
 (if *dec_demi p* then *f (p + p)* else *Munit true*).

14.4.1 Proofs using fixpoint rules

Instance *Mubern_mon* : $\forall (q: \text{bool} \rightarrow U),$

monotonic

(fun *bern (p:U)* ⇒ if *dec_demi p* then $[1/2]^*(q \text{ false}) + [1/2]^*(\text{bern } (p+p))$
 else $[1/2]^*(\text{bern } (p\&p)) + [1/2]^*(q \text{ true})$).

Save.

Definition *Mubern (q: bool → U) : MF U -m> MF U*

$:= \text{mon}(\text{fun } \text{bern } (p:U) \Rightarrow \text{if } \text{dec_demi } p \text{ then } [1/2]^*(q \text{ false}) + [1/2]^*(\text{bern } (p+p))$
 else $[1/2]^*(\text{bern } (p\&p)) + [1/2]^*(q \text{ true}))$.

Lemma *Mubern_simpl* : $\forall (q: \text{bool} \rightarrow U) f p,$
 $Mubern q f p = \text{if } dec_demi p \text{ then } [1/2]^*(q \text{ false}) + [1/2]^*(f(p+p))$
 $\quad \text{else } [1/2]^*(f(p\&p)) + [1/2]^*(q \text{ true}).$

Mubern commutes with the measure of Fbern

Lemma *Mubern_eq* : $\forall (q: \text{bool} \rightarrow U) (f: U \rightarrow \text{distr bool}) (p: U),$
 $\mu(Fbern f p) q == Mubern q (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow \mu(f y) q) p.$

Hint Resolve *Mubern_eq*.

Lemma *Bern_eq* :
 $\forall q: \text{bool} \rightarrow U, \forall p, \mu(\text{bernoulli } p) q == \text{mufix } (Mubern q) p.$

Hint Resolve *Bern_eq*.

Lemma *Bern_commute* : $\forall q: \text{bool} \rightarrow U,$
 $\mu_\mu F_\text{commute_le } Fbern (\text{fun } (x: U) \Rightarrow q) (Mubern q).$

Hint Resolve *Bern_commute*.

bernoulli terminates with probability 1

Lemma *Bern_term* : $\forall p, \mu(\text{bernoulli } p) (\text{fone bool}) == 1.$
Hint Resolve *Bern_term*.

14.4.2 p is an invariant of Mubern qtrue

Lemma *MuBern_true* : $\forall p, Mubern B2U (\text{fun } q \Rightarrow q) p == p.$
Hint Resolve *MuBern_true*.

Lemma *MuBern_false* : $\forall p, Mubern (\text{finv } B2U) (\text{finv } (\text{fun } q \Rightarrow q)) p == [1-p].$
Hint Resolve *MuBern_false*.

Lemma *Mubern_inv* : $\forall (q: \text{bool} \rightarrow U) (f: U \rightarrow U) (p: U),$
 $Mubern (\text{finv } q) (\text{finv } f) p == [1-p] Mubern q f p.$

$\text{prob}(\text{bernoulli} = \text{true}) = p$

Lemma *Bern_true* : $\forall p, \mu(\text{bernoulli } p) B2U == p.$

$\text{prob}(\text{bernoulli} = \text{false}) = 1-p$

Lemma *Bern_false* : $\forall p, \mu(\text{bernoulli } p) NB2U == [1-p].$

14.4.3 Direct proofs using lubs

Invariant $pmin p$ with $pmin p n = p - [1/2] \wedge n$
Property : $\forall p, \text{ok } p (\text{bernoulli } p) \text{ chi } (.=\text{true})$

Definition *qtrue* ($p: U$) := $B2U$.

Definition *qfalse* ($p: U$) := $NB2U$.

Lemma *bernoulli_true* : $\text{okfun } (\text{fun } p \Rightarrow p) \text{ bernoulli qtrue}.$

Property : $\forall p, \text{ok } (1-p) (\text{bernoulli } p) (\text{chi } (.=\text{false}))$

Lemma *bernoulli_false* : $\text{okfun } (\text{fun } p \Rightarrow [1-p]) \text{ bernoulli qfalse}.$

Probability for the result of $(\text{bernoulli } p)$ to be true is exactly p

Lemma *qtrue_qfalse_inv* : $\forall (b:\text{bool}) (x: U), \text{qtrue } x b == [1-] (\text{qfalse } x b).$

Lemma *bernoulli_eq_true* : $\forall p, \mu(\text{bernoulli } p) (\text{qtrue } p) == p.$

Lemma *bernoulli_eq_false* : $\forall p, \mu(\text{bernoulli } p) (\text{qfalse } p) == [1-p].$

Lemma *bernoulli_eq* : $\forall p f,$
 $\mu(\text{bernoulli } p) f == p \times f \text{ true} + ([1-p] \times f \text{ false}).$

Lemma *bernoulli_total* : $\forall p, \mu(\text{bernoulli } p) (\text{fone bool}) == 1.$

14.5 Properties of Binomial distribution

$\text{prob}(\text{binomial } p \ n = k) = C(k,n) \ p^k (1-p)^{n-k}$

Lemma binomial_eq_k :

$$\forall p \ n \ k, \text{mu}(\text{binomial } p \ n) (\text{carac_eq } k) == \text{fc} \ p \ n \ k.$$

$$\text{prob}(\text{binomial } p \ n \leq n) = 1$$

Lemma binomial_le_n :

$$\forall p \ n, 1 \leq \text{mu}(\text{binomial } p \ n) (\text{carac_le } n).$$

$$\text{prob}(\text{binomial } p \ (S \ n) \leq S \ k) = p \ \text{prob}(\text{binomial } p \ n \leq k) + (1-p) \ \text{prob}(\text{binomial } p \ n \leq S \ k)$$

Lemma binomial_le_S : $\forall p \ n \ k,$

$$\text{mu}(\text{binomial } p \ (S \ n)) (\text{carac_le } (S \ k)) ==$$

$$p \times (\text{mu}(\text{binomial } p \ n) (\text{carac_le } k)) + ([1-p]) \times (\text{mu}(\text{binomial } p \ n) (\text{carac_le } (S \ k))).$$

$$\text{prob}(\text{binomial } p \ (S \ n) < S \ k) = p \ \text{prob}(\text{binomial } p \ n < k) + (1-p) \ \text{prob}(\text{binomial } p \ n < S \ k)$$

Lemma binomial_lt_S : $\forall p \ n \ k,$

$$\text{mu}(\text{binomial } p \ (S \ n)) (\text{carac_lt } (S \ k)) ==$$

$$p \times (\text{mu}(\text{binomial } p \ n) (\text{carac_lt } k)) + ([1-p]) \times (\text{mu}(\text{binomial } p \ n) (\text{carac_lt } (S \ k))).$$

15 DistrTactic.v: tactics for reasoning on distributions.

Contributed by Pierre Courtieu CNAM

The tactics to use are

- *simplmu* for one step simplification,
- *rsimplmu* for repeated simplifications.
- These two tactics can be cloned and extended using *simplmu_arg*.

Hint Extern 2 \Rightarrow *Uimpl*.

```
Ltac simpl_mu_rewrite tacsubgoals := first [
progress setoid_rewrite Umult_sym_cst|rewrite Umult_sym_cst|
progress setoid_rewrite Mif_eq2|rewrite Mif_eq2|
progress setoid_rewrite Bern_true|rewrite Bern_true|
progress setoid_rewrite Bern_false|rewrite Bern_false|
progress setoid_rewrite Mlet_simpl|rewrite Mlet_simpl|
progress setoid_rewrite Munit_simpl|rewrite Munit_simpl|
progress setoid_rewrite bary_refl_feq; [| progress auto |] rewrite bary_refl_feq; [| progress auto |]
progress setoid_rewrite Uinv_inv|rewrite Uinv_inv|
progress setoid_rewrite bernoulli_eq|rewrite bernoulli_eq|
progress setoid_rewrite binomial_lt_S|rewrite binomial_lt_S|
progress setoid_rewrite carac_lt_S|rewrite carac_lt_S|
progress setoid_rewrite mu_stable_mult2|rewrite mu_stable_mult2|
progress setoid_rewrite mon_simpl|rewrite mon_simpl|
progress setoid_rewrite im_distr_simpl|rewrite im_distr_simpl|
progress setoid_rewrite Mchoice_simpl|rewrite Mchoice_simpl|
progress setoid_rewrite Random_total|rewrite Random_total|
progress setoid_rewrite discrete_simpl|rewrite discrete_simpl|
```

```

progress setoid_rewrite Discrete_simpl|rewrite Discrete_simpl|
progress setoid_rewrite Flip_simpl|rewrite Flip_simpl|
progress setoid_rewrite (@mu_fzero_eq _ _) | rewrite (@mu_fzero_eq _ _) |
progress setoid_rewrite mu_fzero_eq | rewrite mu_fzero_eq |
progress setoid_rewrite Mlet_unit|rewrite Mlet_unit|
progress setoid_rewrite Mlet_assoc|rewrite Mlet_assoc|
progress setoid_rewrite mu_stable_plus2;[|solve [tacsubgoals] ] | rewrite mu_stable_plus2;[|solve [tacsubgoals] ]]|

progress setoid_rewrite carac_lt_if_compat | rewrite carac_lt_if_compat
].
Try simplification of Oeq and Ole at top level. Ltac simplmu_aux :=
  match goal with
    | ⊢ (Ole (fmont (mu ?d1) ?f) (fmont (mu ?d2) ?g)) ⇒ apply (mu_le_compat (m1:=d1) (m2:=d2) (Ole_refl d1) (f:=f) (g:=g)); intro
    | ⊢ (Oeq (fmont (mu ?d1) ?f) (fmont (mu ?d2) ?g)) ⇒ apply (mu_eq_compat (m1:=d1) (m2:=d2) (Oeq_refl d1) (f:=f) (g:=g)); unfold Oeq;intro
      | ⊢ (Oeq (Munit ?x) (Munit ?y)) ⇒ apply (Munit_eq_compat x y)
      | ⊢ (Oeq (Mlet ?x1 ?f) (Mlet ?x2 ?g))
        ⇒ apply (Mlet_eq_compat (m1:=x1) (m2:=x2) (M1:=f) (M2:=g) (Oeq_refl x1)); intro
      | ⊢ (Ole (Mlet ?x1 ?f) (Mlet ?x2 ?g))
        ⇒ apply (Mlet_le_compat (m1:=x1) (m2:=x2) (M1:=f) (M2:=g) (Ole_refl x1)); intro
    end.
Ltac simplmu_arg tacsidecond :=
  Usimpl || simplmu_aux || simpl_mu_rewrite ltac:tacsidecond.
Ltac simplmu := simplmu_arg idtac.
Ltac rsimplmu := (repeat progress (simplmu;simpl)).

```

16 IterFlip.v: An example of probabilistic termination

```

Add Rec LoadPath ".\" as ALEA.
Require Export Prog.
Set Implicit Arguments.

```

16.1 Definition of a random walk

We interpret the probabilistic program

```

let rec iter x = if flip() then iter (x+1) else x
Require Import ZArith.
Instance Fiter_mon :
  monotonic (fun (f:Z → distr Z) (x:Z) ⇒ Mif Flip (f (Zsucc x)) (Munit x)).
Save.
Definition Fiter : (Z → distr Z) -m> (Z → distr Z)
:= mon (fun f (x:Z) ⇒ Mif Flip (f (Zsucc x)) (Munit x)).
Lemma Fiter_simpl : ∀ f x, Fiter f x = Mif Flip (f (Zsucc x)) (Munit x).
Definition iterflip : Z → distr Z := Mfix Fiter.

```

16.2 Main result

Probability for *iter* to terminate is 1

16.2.1 Auxiliary function *p*

Definition $p_n = 1 - [1/2]^n$

Fixpoint $p_n : n : \text{nat} \rightarrow U := \text{match } n \text{ with } O \Rightarrow 0 \mid (S\ n) \Rightarrow [1/2] \times p_n + [1/2] \text{ end.}$

Lemma $p_incr : \forall n, p_n \leq p_n(S\ n)$.

Hint Resolve *p_incr*.

Definition $p : \text{nat} \rightarrow U := \text{fnatO_intro } p_p_incr$.

Lemma $pS_simpl : \forall n, p(S\ n) = [1/2] \times p\ n + [1/2]$.

Lemma $p_eq : \forall n : \text{nat}, p\ n == [1-][1/2]^n$.

Hint Resolve *p_eq*.

Lemma $p_le : \forall n : \text{nat}, [1-][1/2]^n \leq p\ n$.

Hint Resolve *p_le*.

Lemma $\lim_p_one : 1 \leq \text{lub } p$.

Hint Resolve *lim_p_one*.

16.2.2 Proof of probabilistic termination

Definition $q1(z1 z2 : Z) := 1$.

Lemma $\text{iterflip_term} : \text{okfun } (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow 1) \text{ iterflip } q1$.

17 Choice.v: An example of probabilistic choice

Require Export *Prog*.

Set Implicit Arguments.

17.1 Definition of a probabilistic choice

We interpret the probabilistic program *p* which executes two probabilistic programs *p1* and *p2* and then make a choice between the two computed results.

```
let rec p () = let x = p1 () in let y = p2 () in choice x y

Section CHOICE.
Variable A : Type.
Variables p1 p2 : distr A.
Variable choice : A → A → A.
Definition p : distr A := Mlet p1 (fun x => Mlet p2 (fun y => Munit (choice x y))).
```

17.2 Main result

We estimate the probability for *p* to satisfy *Q* given estimations for both *p1* and *p2*.

17.2.1 Assumptions

We need extra properties on *p1*, *p2* and *choice*.

- *p1* and *p2* terminate with probability 1
- *Q* value on *choice* is not less than the sum of values of *Q* on separate elements.

If Q is a boolean function it means than if one of x or y satisfies Q then ($\text{choice} \neg x \neg y$) will also satisfy Q
Hypothesis $p1_terminates : (\mu p1 \ (fone\ A)) == 1$.
Hypothesis $p2_terminates : (\mu p2 \ (fone\ A)) == 1$.

Variable $Q : MF\ A$.
Hypothesis $\text{choiceok} : \forall x\ y, Q\ x + Q\ y \leq Q\ (\text{choice}\ x\ y)$.

17.2.2 Proof of estimation:

$\text{ok}\ k1\ p1\ Q$ and $\text{ok}\ k2\ p2\ Q$ implies $\text{ok}\ (k1(1-k2)+k2)\ p\ Q$

Lemma $\text{choicerule} : \forall k1\ k2,$
 $k1 \leq \mu p1\ Q \rightarrow k2 \leq \mu p2\ Q \rightarrow (k1 \times ([1-] k2) + k2) \leq \mu p\ Q$.

End CHOICE .

18 RandomList.v : pick uniformely an element in a list

Contributed by David Baelde, 2011

```
Fixpoint choose A (l : list A) : distr A :=
  match l with
    | nil => distr_null A
    | cons hd tl => Mchoice ([1/](length l)) (Munit hd) (choose tl)
  end.
```

Lemma $\text{choose_uniform} : \forall A\ (d : A)\ (l : list\ A)\ f,$
 $\mu u\ (\text{choose}\ l)\ f == \text{sigma}\ (\text{fun}\ i \Rightarrow ([1/](\text{length}\ l)) \times f\ (\text{nth}\ i\ l\ d))\ (\text{length}\ l)$.

Lemma $\text{In_nth} : \forall A\ (x:A)\ l, \text{In}\ x\ l \rightarrow \exists i, (i < \text{length}\ l) \% \text{nat} \wedge \text{nth}\ i\ l\ x = x$.

Lemma $\text{choose_le_Nnth} :$
 $\forall A\ (l:\text{list}\ A)\ x\ f\ \alpha,$
 $\text{In}\ x\ l \rightarrow$
 $\alpha \leq f\ x \rightarrow$
 $[1/](\text{length}\ l) \times \alpha \leq \mu u\ (\text{choose}\ l)\ f$.

18.1 List containing elements from 0 to n

```
Fixpoint lrange n := match n with
  | O => cons O nil
  | S m => cons (S m) (lrange m)
end.
```

Lemma $\text{range_len} : \forall n, \text{length}\ (\text{lrange}\ n) = S\ n$.

Lemma $\text{leq_in_range} : \forall n\ x, (x \leq n) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{In}\ x\ (\text{lrange}\ n)$.

Require Export Arith.

Require Export Omega.

Set Implicit Arguments.

19 Markov rule

19.1 Decidable predicates on natural numbers

Definition $\text{dec}\ (P:\text{nat} \rightarrow \text{Prop}) := \forall n, \{P\ n\} + \{\neg P\ n\}$.

Record $\text{Dec} : \text{Type} := \text{mk_Dec}\ \{\text{prop} :> \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{Prop}; \text{is_dec} : \text{dec}\ \text{prop}\}$.

19.2 Definition of a successor function on predicates

- $\text{PS } P \ n = P \ (n+1)$

Definition $PS : Dec \rightarrow Dec$.

Defined.

19.3 Order on predicates

- $P \leq Q$ iff forall n , $Q \ n \rightarrow \exists m, m < n \wedge P \ m$

Definition $ord \ (P \ Q:Dec) := \forall n, Q \ n \rightarrow \exists m, m < n \wedge P \ m$.

Lemma $ord_eq_compat : \forall (P1 \ P2 \ Q1 \ Q2:Dec),$
 $(\forall n, P1 \ n \rightarrow P2 \ n) \rightarrow (\forall n, Q2 \ n \rightarrow Q1 \ n)$
 $\rightarrow ord \ P1 \ Q1 \rightarrow ord \ P2 \ Q2$.

Lemma $ord_not_0 : \forall P \ Q : Dec, ord \ P \ Q \rightarrow \neg Q \ 0$.

Lemma $ord_0 : \forall P \ Q : Dec, P \ 0 \rightarrow \neg Q \ 0 \rightarrow ord \ P \ Q$.

19.4 Chaining two predicates

- $PP \ P \ Q : \text{first elt of } P \text{ then } Q : PP \ P \ Q \ 0 = P \ 0, PP \ P \ Q \ (n+1) = Q \ n$

Definition $PP : Dec \rightarrow Dec \rightarrow Dec$.

Defined.

Lemma $PP_PS : \forall (P:Dec) \ n, PP \ P \ (PS \ P) \ n \leftrightarrow P \ n$.

Lemma $PS_PP : \forall (P \ Q:Dec) \ n, PS \ (PP \ P \ Q) \ n \leftrightarrow Q \ n$.

Lemma $ord_PS : \forall P : Dec, \neg P \ 0 \rightarrow ord \ (PS \ P) \ P$.

Lemma $ord_PP : \forall (P \ Q: Dec), \neg P \ 0 \rightarrow ord \ Q \ (PP \ P \ Q)$.

Lemma $ord_PS_PS : \forall P \ Q : Dec, ord \ P \ Q \rightarrow \neg P \ 0 \rightarrow ord \ (PS \ P) \ (PS \ Q)$.

19.5 Accessibility of the order relation

Lemma $Acc_ord_equiv : \forall P \ Q : Dec,$
 $(\forall n, P \ n \leftrightarrow Q \ n) \rightarrow Acc \ ord \ P \rightarrow Acc \ ord \ Q$.

Lemma $Acc_ord_0 : \forall P : Dec, P \ 0 \rightarrow Acc \ ord \ P$.

Hint Immediate Acc_ord_0 .

Lemma $Acc_ord_PP : \forall (P \ Q:Dec), Acc \ ord \ Q \rightarrow Acc \ ord \ (PP \ P \ Q)$.

Lemma $Acc_ord_PS : \forall (P:Dec), Acc \ ord \ (PS \ P) \rightarrow Acc \ ord \ P$.

Lemma $Acc_ord : \forall (P:Dec), (\exists n, P \ n) \rightarrow Acc \ ord \ P$.

19.6 Definition of the *minimize* function

```
Fixpoint min_acc (P:Dec) (a:Acc ord P) {struct a} : nat :=
  match is_dec P 0 with
    left _ => 0 | right H => S (min_acc (Acc_inv a (PS P) (ord_PS P H)))
  end.
```

Definition $minimize \ (P:Dec) \ (e:\exists n, P \ n) : nat := min_acc \ (Acc_ord \ P \ e)$.

Lemma $minimize_P : \forall (P:Dec) \ (e:\exists n, P \ n), P \ (minimize \ P \ e)$.

Lemma $minimize_min : \forall (P:Dec) \ (e:\exists n, P \ n) \ (m:nat), m < minimize \ P \ e \rightarrow \neg P \ m$.

Lemma $minimize_incr : \forall (P \ Q:Dec) \ (e:\exists n, P \ n) \ (f:\exists n, Q \ n),$
 $(\forall n, P \ n \rightarrow Q \ n) \rightarrow minimize \ Q \ f \leq minimize \ P \ e$.

20 Rplus.v: Definition of \mathbf{R}^+

```
Add Rec LoadPath ".\" as ALEA.
Require Export Uprop.
Open Local Scope U_scope.
Require Export Omega.
Require Export Arith.
```

20.1 Extra axiom on U : test of order

```
Variable isle :  $U \rightarrow U \rightarrow \text{bool}$ .
Hypothesis isle_true_eq :  $\forall x y, x \leq y \leftrightarrow \text{isle } x y = \text{true}$ .
Lemma isle_true :  $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow \text{isle } x y = \text{true}$ .
Lemma isle_false_iff :  $\forall x y, \neg(x \leq y) \leftrightarrow \text{isle } x y = \text{false}$ .
Lemma isle_false_nle :  $\forall x y, \neg(x \leq y) \rightarrow \text{isle } x y = \text{false}$ .
Lemma isle_false :  $\forall x y, y < x \rightarrow \text{isle } x y = \text{false}$ .
Hint Resolve isle_true_eq isle_false_iff.
Hint Immediate isle_true isle_false isle_false_nle.
Lemma isle_rec :  $\forall (x y:U) (P : \text{bool} \rightarrow \text{Type})$ ,
   $(x \leq y \rightarrow P \text{ true})$ 
   $\rightarrow (y < x \rightarrow P \text{ false})$ 
   $\rightarrow P (\text{isle } x y)$ .
Lemma isle_lt_dec :  $\forall x y : U, \{x \leq y\} + \{y < x\}$ .
Lemma isle_dec :  $\forall x y : U, \{x \leq y\} + \{\neg x \leq y\}$ .
Lemma iseq_dec :  $\forall x y : U, \{x == y\} + \{\neg x == y\}$ .
Hint Resolve isle_dec iseq_dec.
Add Morphism isle with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> eq as isle_eq_compat.
Save.
Definition is0 (x:U) := isle x 0.
Definition is1 (x:U) := isle 1 x.
```

20.2 Definition of Rp with integer part and fractional part in U

```
Record Rp := mkRp { int:nat; frac:U }.
Delimit Scope Rp_scope with Rp.
Open Local Scope Rp_scope.
Lemma int_simpl :  $\forall n x, \text{int } (\text{mkRp } n x) = n$ .
Lemma frac_simpl :  $\forall n x, \text{frac } (\text{mkRp } n x) = x$ .
Lemma mkRp_eta :  $\forall r, r = \text{mkRp } (\text{int } r) (\text{frac } r)$ .
Hint Resolve mkRp_eta.

Avoid two representations of same value (n,1)==(S n,0)

Lemma orc_lt_eq1 :  $\forall x, \text{orc } (x < 1) (x == 1)$ .
Lemma or_lt_eq1 :  $\forall x, (x < 1) \vee (x == 1)$ .
Definition if1 {A} (x:U) (o1 o2:A) : A := if isle_dec U1 x then o1 else o2.
Lemma if1_eq1 :  $\forall \{A\} (x:U) (o1 o2:A), 1 \leq x \rightarrow \text{if1 } x o1 o2 = o1$ .
Lemma if1_lt1 :  $\forall \{A\} (x:U) (o1 o2:A), x < 1 \rightarrow \text{if1 } x o1 o2 = o2$ .
```

```

Hint Resolve @if1_eq1 @if1_lt1.

Lemma if1_elim : ∀ {A} (x:U) (o1 o2:A) (P:A → Type),
  (x == 1 → P o1) → (x < 1 → P o2) → P (if1 x o1 o2).

Add Parametric Morphism {A} {o:ord A} : (if1 (A:=A)) with signature
  Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq as if1_eq_compat_ord.
Save.

Add Parametric Morphism {A} : (if1 (A:=A)) with signature
  Oeq ==> eq ==> eq ==> eq as if1_eq_compat.
Save.

Hint Immediate if1_eq_compat if1_eq_compat_ord.

Definition floor (r : Rp) : nat := if1 (frac r) (S (int r)) (int r).

Definition decimal (r : Rp) : U := if1 (frac r) 0%U (frac r).

Lemma floor_int : ∀ x, frac x < 1%U → floor x = int x.
Hint Resolve floor_int.

Lemma floor_int_equiv : ∀ x, frac x < 1%U ↔ floor x = int x.

Lemma floor_mkRp_int n x : (x < 1)%U → floor (mkRp n x) = n.
Hint Resolve floor_mkRp_int.

Lemma decimal_frac : ∀ x, frac x < 1%U → decimal x = frac x.
Hint Resolve decimal_frac.

Lemma decimal_frac_equiv : ∀ x, frac x < 1%U ↔ decimal x = frac x.

Lemma decimal_mkRp_frac : ∀ n x, (x < 1)%U → decimal (mkRp n x) = x.
Hint Resolve decimal_mkRp_frac.

Lemma floor_S_int : ∀ x, 1%U ≤ frac x → floor x = S (int x).
Hint Resolve floor_S_int.

Lemma floor_S_int_equiv : ∀ x, frac x == 1%U ↔ floor x = S (int x).

Lemma floor_mkRp_S_int n x : (x == 1)%U → floor (mkRp n x) = S n.
Hint Resolve floor_mkRp_S_int.

Lemma decimal_0 : ∀ x, 1%U ≤ frac x → decimal x = 0.
Hint Resolve decimal_0.

Lemma decimal_0_equiv : ∀ x, (frac x == 0 ∨ frac x == 1%U) ↔ decimal x == 0.

Lemma decimal_mkRp_0 : ∀ n x, (x == 1)%U → decimal (mkRp n x) = 0.
Hint Resolve decimal_mkRp_0.

Lemma decimal_lt1 : ∀ x, decimal x < 1%U.
Hint Resolve decimal_lt1.

Lemma int_floor_le : ∀ x, int x ≤ floor x.
Hint Resolve int_floor_le.

Lemma decimal_frac_le : ∀ x, decimal x ≤ frac x.
Hint Resolve decimal_frac_le.

Morphism with Leibniz equality on the argument

Add Morphism frac with signature eq ==> Oeq as frac_eq_compat.
Save.

Add Morphism int with signature eq ==> eq as int_eq_compat.
Save.

```

20.3 From N and U to Rp

Definition N2Rp n := mkRp n 0.

```

Definition U2Rp x := mkRp 0 x.
Coercion U2Rp : U >-> Rp.
Coercion N2Rp : nat >-> Rp.

Notation R0 := (N2Rp 0).
Notation R1 := (N2Rp 1).

Lemma floorN2Rp : ∀ n:nat, floor n = n.

Lemma decimalN2Rp_eq : ∀ n:nat, decimal n = 0.

Hint Resolve decimalN2Rp_eq floorN2Rp.

Lemma decimalN2Rp : ∀ n:nat, decimal n == 0.
Hint Resolve decimalN2Rp.

Lemma floorU2Rp : ∀ x:U, x < 1 → floor x = O.

Lemma decimalU2Rp_eq : ∀ x:U, x < 1 → decimal x = x.

Hint Resolve floorU2Rp decimalU2Rp_eq.

Lemma decimalU2Rp : ∀ x:U, x < 1 → decimal x == x.
Hint Resolve decimalU2Rp.

Lemma floorU1_eq : ∀ x, x==1 → floor x = 1%nat.
Hint Resolve floorU1_eq.

Lemma decimalU1_eq : ∀ x, x==1 → decimal x = 0%U.
Hint Resolve decimalU1_eq.

Lemma floorU1 : floor U1 = 1%nat.

Lemma decimalU1 : decimal U1 = 0%U.
Hint Resolve floorU1 decimalU1.

```

20.4 Order structure on Rp

```

Definition Rpeq r1 r2 := floor r1 = floor r2 ∧ decimal r1 == decimal r2.

Definition Rple r1 r2
  := (floor r1 < floor r2)%nat ∨ (floor r1 = floor r2 ∧ decimal r1 ≤ decimal r2).

Instance Rpord : ord Rp := {Oeq := Rpeq; Ole := Rple}.

Defined.

Lemma Rpeq_simpl
  : ∀ x y : Rp, (x == y) = (floor x = floor y ∧ decimal x == decimal y).

Lemma Rpeq_intro
  : ∀ x y : Rp, floor x = floor y → decimal x == decimal y → x == y.

Lemma Rple_simpl : ∀ x y : Rp,
  (x ≤ y) = ((floor x < floor y)%nat ∨ (floor x = floor y ∧ decimal x ≤ decimal y)).

Lemma Rple_intro_lt : ∀ x y : Rp,
  (floor x < floor y)%nat → x ≤ y.

Lemma Rple_intro_eq : ∀ x y : Rp,
  floor x = floor y → decimal x ≤ decimal y → x ≤ y.

Hint Resolve Rpeq_intro Rple_intro_lt Rple_intro_eq.

Lemma Rple_intro_le_floor : ∀ x y : Rp,
  (floor x ≤ floor y)%nat → decimal x ≤ decimal y → x ≤ y.

Hint Immediate Rple_intro_le_floor.

Lemma Rplt_intro_lt_floor : ∀ x y : Rp,
  (floor x < floor y)%nat → x < y.

```

Hint Resolve *Rplt_intro_lt_floor*.

Lemma *Rplt_intro_lt_decimal* : $\forall x y : Rp,$
 $(\text{floor } x = \text{floor } y) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{decimal } x < \text{decimal } y \rightarrow x < y.$

Hint Resolve *Rplt_intro_lt_decimal*.

Add Morphism *mkRp* with signature *eq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq*
as *mkRp_eq_compat*.

Save.

Add Morphism *mkRp* with signature *le ==> Ole ==> Ole*
as *mkRp_le_compat*.

Save.

Hint Resolve *mkRp_eq_compat* *mkRp_le_compat*.

Lemma *Rpeq_norm* : $\forall n x, (x == 1) \% U \rightarrow \text{mkRp } n x == (S n).$
Hint Resolve *Rpeq_norm*.

Lemma *Rpeq_norm1* : $\forall n, \text{mkRp } n 1 == (S n).$

Hint Resolve *Rpeq_norm1*.

Add Morphism *floor* with signature *Oeq ==> eq* as *floor_eq_compat*.
Save.

Add Morphism *floor* with signature *Ole ==> le* as *floor_le_compat*.
Save.

Hint Resolve *floor_eq_compat* *floor_le_compat*.

Add Morphism *decimal* with signature *Oeq ==> Oeq* as *decimal_eq_compat*.
Save.

Lemma *floor_decimal_mkRp_elim* : $\forall n d (R : Rp \rightarrow \text{Prop}),$
 $(\forall x, x == \text{mkRp } n d \rightarrow R x \rightarrow R (\text{mkRp } n d)) \rightarrow$
 $(d < 1 \rightarrow R (\text{mkRp } n d)) \rightarrow (d == 1 \rightarrow R (S n)) \rightarrow R (\text{mkRp } n d).$

Lemma *floor_decimal_U2Rp_elim* : $\forall (x : U) (R : \text{nat} \rightarrow U \rightarrow \text{Prop}),$
 $(x < 1 \rightarrow R 0 \% \text{nat } x) \rightarrow (x == 1 \rightarrow R 1 \% \text{nat } 0) \rightarrow R (\text{floor } x) (\text{decimal } x).$

Lemma *decimal_eq_R0* : $\forall x, x == R0 \rightarrow \text{decimal } x == 0.$

Lemma *floor_eq_R0* : $\forall x, x == R0 \rightarrow \text{floor } x = O.$

Hint Immediate *floor_eq_R0* *decimal_eq_R0*.

Lemma *floorR0* : $\text{floor } R0 = O.$

Lemma *decimalR0* : $\text{decimal } R0 == 0.$

Hint Resolve *floorR0* *decimalR0*.

Lemma *floor_decimal* : $\forall x, x == \text{mkRp } (\text{floor } x) (\text{decimal } x).$

Hint Resolve *floor_decimal*.

Add Morphism *U2Rp* with signature *Oeq ==> Oeq*
as *U2Rp_eq_compat*.

Save.

Add Morphism *U2Rp* with signature *Ole ==> Ole*
as *U2Rp_le_compat*.

Save.

Hint Resolve *U2Rp_eq_compat* *U2Rp_le_compat*.

Lemma *eq_U2Rp_intro* : $\forall (r : Rp) (x : U),$
 $\text{floor } r = O \rightarrow \text{decimal } r == x \rightarrow r == \text{U2Rp } x.$

Hint Resolve *eq_U2Rp_intro*.

Lemma *U2Rp_eq_intro* : $\forall (r : Rp) (x : U),$
 $\text{floor } r = O \rightarrow \text{decimal } r == x \rightarrow \text{U2Rp } x == r.$

```

Hint Resolve U2Rp_eq_intro.

Lemma U2Rp_le_simpl :  $\forall x y : U, U2Rp x \leq U2Rp y \rightarrow x \leq y$ .
Lemma U2Rp_eq_simpl :  $\forall x y : U, U2Rp x == U2Rp y \rightarrow x == y$ .
Hint Immediate U2Rp_le_simpl U2Rp_eq_simpl.

Add Morphism U2Rp with signature Olt ==> Olt
as U2Rp_lt_compat.
Save.

Hint Resolve U2Rp_lt_compat.

Lemma U2Rp_lt_simpl :  $\forall x y : U, U2Rp x < U2Rp y \rightarrow x < y$ .
Hint Immediate U2Rp_lt_simpl.

Lemma U2Rp_eq_rewrite :  $\forall x y : U, (x == y) \leftrightarrow U2Rp x == U2Rp y$ .
Lemma U2Rp_le_rewrite :  $\forall x y : U, (x \leq y) \leftrightarrow U2Rp x \leq U2Rp y$ .
Lemma U2Rp_lt_rewrite :  $\forall x y : U, (x < y) \leftrightarrow U2Rp x < U2Rp y$ .
Add Morphism N2Rp with signature le ==> Ole
as N2Rp_le_compat.
Save.

Hint Resolve N2Rp_le_compat.

Add Morphism N2Rp with signature eq ==> Oeq
as N2Rp_eq_compat.
Save.

Hint Resolve N2Rp_eq_compat.

Lemma N2Rp_eq_simpl :  $\forall a b, N2Rp a == N2Rp b \rightarrow a = b$ .
Hint Immediate N2Rp_eq_simpl.

Lemma N2Rp_eq_rewrite :  $\forall a b, a = b \leftrightarrow N2Rp a == N2Rp b$ .
Lemma decimal_0_eq_floor :  $\forall x:Rp, decimal x == 0 \rightarrow x == floor x$ .
Hint Resolve decimal_0_eq_floor.

Lemma floor_decimal_R0 :  $\forall x:Rp, floor x = 0 \rightarrow decimal x == 0\%U \rightarrow x == R0$ .
Hint Resolve floor_decimal_R0.

Add Morphism N2Rp with signature lt ==> Olt
as N2Rp_lt_compat.
Save.

Hint Resolve N2Rp_lt_compat.

Lemma N2Rp_le_simpl :  $\forall (x y : nat), N2Rp x \leq N2Rp y \rightarrow (x \leq y)\%nat$ .
Hint Immediate N2Rp_le_simpl.

Lemma N2Rp_le_rewrite :  $\forall (x y : nat), (x \leq y)\%nat \leftrightarrow N2Rp x \leq N2Rp y$ .
Lemma N2Rp_lt_simpl :  $\forall (x y : nat), N2Rp x < N2Rp y \rightarrow (x < y)\%nat$ .
Hint Immediate N2Rp_lt_simpl.

Lemma N2Rp_lt_rewrite :  $\forall (x y : nat), (x < y)\%nat \leftrightarrow N2Rp x < N2Rp y$ .
Lemma Rple_eq_floor_le_decimal
  :  $\forall r1 r2, r1 \leq r2 \rightarrow (floor r1 = floor r2) \rightarrow decimal r1 \leq decimal r2$ .
Hint Immediate Rple_eq_floor_le_decimal.

Lemma Rple_N2Rp_mkRp :  $\forall n m x, (n \leq m)\%nat \rightarrow N2Rp n \leq mkRp m x$ .
Hint Resolve Rple_N2Rp_mkRp.

Lemma U2Rp1_R1 :  $U2Rp 1 == R1$ .
Hint Resolve U2Rp1_R1.

Lemma U2Rp_le_R1 :  $\forall x:U, U2Rp x \leq R1$ .
Hint Resolve U2Rp_le_R1.

```

20.5 Basic relations are classical

Lemma *le_class* : $\forall x y:\text{nat}, \text{class } (x \leq y) \% \text{nat}.$

Lemma *eq_nat_class* : $\forall x y:\text{nat}, \text{class } (x = y).$

Hint Resolve *le_class* *eq_nat_class*.

Lemma *Rple_class* : $\forall x y: Rp, \text{class } (x \leq y).$

Hint Resolve *Rple_class*.

Lemma *Rple_total* : $\forall x y: Rp, \text{orc } (x \leq y) (y \leq x).$

Hint Resolve *Rple_total*.

Lemma *Rpeq_class* : $\forall x y: Rp, \text{class } (x == y).$

Hint Resolve *Rpeq_class*.

Lemma *Rple_zero* : $\forall (x:Rp), R0 \leq x.$

Hint Resolve *Rple_zero*.

Lemma *Rple_dec* : $\forall x y: Rp, \{x \leq y\} + \{\neg x \leq y\}.$

Lemma *Rpeq_dec* : $\forall x y: Rp, \{x == y\} + \{\neg x == y\}.$

Lemma *Rple_lt_eq_dec* : $\forall x y: Rp, x \leq y \rightarrow \{x < y\} + \{x == y\}.$

Lemma *Rple_lt_dec* : $\forall x y: Rp, \{x \leq y\} + \{y < x\}.$

Hint Resolve *Rple_dec* *Rpeq_dec* *Rple_lt_eq_dec* *Rple_lt_dec*.

Lemma *Rp_lt_eq_lt_dec* : $\forall x y: Rp, \{x < y\} + \{x == y\} + \{y < x\}.$

Hint Resolve *Rp_lt_eq_lt_dec*.

Lemma *Rplt_neq_zero* : $\forall x: Rp, \neg R0 == x \rightarrow R0 < x.$

Lemma *notRple_lt* : $\forall x y: Rp, \neg y \leq x \rightarrow x < y.$

Hint Immediate *notRple_lt*.

Lemma *notRplt_le* : $\forall x y: Rp, \neg x < y \rightarrow y \leq x.$

Hint Immediate *notRplt_le*.

Lemma *floor_le* : $\forall x, N2Rp (\text{floor } x) \leq x.$

Hint Resolve *floor_le*.

Lemma *floor_gt_S* : $\forall x, x < S (\text{floor } x).$

Hint Resolve *floor_gt_S*.

Lemma *Rplt_nat_floor* : $\forall (x: Rp) (n:\text{nat}), x < n \rightarrow (\text{floor } x < n) \% \text{nat}.$

Hint Resolve *Rplt_nat_floor*.

Lemma *Rplt1_floor* : $\forall x: Rp, x < R1 \rightarrow \text{floor } x = O.$

Hint Resolve *Rplt1_floor*.

Lemma *Rplt1_decimal* : $\forall x: Rp, x < R1 \rightarrow x == \text{decimal } x.$

Hint Resolve *Rplt1_decimal*.

Lemma *Rplt_nat_floor_le* : $\forall (x: Rp) (n:\text{nat}), N2Rp n \leq x \rightarrow (n \leq \text{floor } x) \% \text{nat}.$

Hint Resolve *Rplt_nat_floor_le*.

Lemma *Rplt_nat_floor_lt* : $\forall (x: Rp) (n:\text{nat}), N2Rp (S n) < x \rightarrow (n < \text{floor } x) \% \text{nat}.$

Hint Resolve *Rplt_nat_floor_lt*.

20.6 Addition *Rpplus*

20.6.1 Definition and basic properties

Definition *Rpplus r1 r2* :=

```
if isle ([1-](decimal r2)) (decimal r1) then mkRp (S (floor r1 + floor r2)) (decimal r1 & decimal r2)
else mkRp (floor r1 + floor r2) \% nat (decimal r1 + decimal r2).
```

Infix "+" := *Rpplus* : *Rp_scope*.

Lemma *Rpplus_simpl* : $\forall r1\ r2 : Rp,$
 $r1 + r2 = \text{if } \text{isle} ([1-]\text{decimal } r2) \text{ (decimal } r1) \text{ then } \text{mkRp} (S (\text{floor } r1 + \text{floor } r2)) \text{ (decimal } r1 \& \text{decimal } r2)$
 $\text{else } \text{mkRp} (\text{floor } r1 + \text{floor } r2)\%nat \text{ (decimal } r1 + \text{decimal } r2).$

Lemma *Rpplus_rec* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp) (P : Rp \rightarrow \text{Type}),$
 $(\text{decimal } r1 < [1-]\text{decimal } r2 \rightarrow P (\text{mkRp} (\text{floor } r1 + \text{floor } r2) \text{ (decimal } r1 + \text{decimal } r2)))$
 $\rightarrow ([1-]\text{decimal } r2 \leq \text{decimal } r1 \rightarrow P (\text{mkRp} (S (\text{floor } r1 + \text{floor } r2)) \text{ (decimal } r1 \& \text{decimal } r2)))$
 $\rightarrow P (r1 + r2).$

Lemma *Rpplus_simpl_ok* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$
 $\text{decimal } r1 < [1-]\text{decimal } r2 \rightarrow r1 + r2 = \text{mkRp} (\text{floor } r1 + \text{floor } r2) \text{ (decimal } r1 + \text{decimal } r2).$

Lemma *Rpplus_simpl_over* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$
 $[1-]\text{decimal } r2 \leq \text{decimal } r1 \rightarrow r1 + r2 = \text{mkRp} (1 + (\text{floor } r1 + \text{floor } r2)) \text{ (decimal } r1 \& \text{decimal } r2).$

Lemma *Rpplus_simpl_ok2* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$
 $\text{decimal } r1 \leq [1-]\text{decimal } r2 \rightarrow r1 + r2 == \text{mkRp} (\text{floor } r1 + \text{floor } r2) \text{ (decimal } r1 + \text{decimal } r2).$

Lemma *floor_Rpplus_simpl_ok* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$
 $\text{decimal } r1 < [1-]\text{decimal } r2 \rightarrow \text{floor} (r1 + r2) = (\text{floor } r1 + \text{floor } r2)\%nat.$

Lemma *floor_Rpplus_simpl_over* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$
 $[1-]\text{decimal } r2 \leq \text{decimal } r1 \rightarrow \text{floor} (r1 + r2) = (1 + (\text{floor } r1 + \text{floor } r2))\%nat.$

Lemma *decimal_Rpplus_simpl_ok* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$
 $\text{decimal } r1 < [1-]\text{decimal } r2 \rightarrow \text{decimal} (r1 + r2) == (\text{decimal } r1 + \text{decimal } r2)\%U.$

Lemma *decimal_Rpplus_simpl_over* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$
 $[1-]\text{decimal } r2 \leq \text{decimal } r1 \rightarrow \text{decimal} (r1 + r2) = (\text{decimal } r1 \& \text{decimal } r2)\%U.$

20.6.2 Properties of addition

Lemma *Rpdiff_0_1* : $\neg (R0 == R1).$
Hint Resolve *Rpdiff_0_1*.

Lemma *Rpplus_sym* : $\forall r1\ r2 : Rp, r1 + r2 == r2 + r1.$
Hint Resolve *Rpplus_sym*.

Lemma *Rpplus_zero_left* : $\forall r : Rp, R0 + r == r.$
Hint Resolve *Rpplus_zero_left*.

Lemma *Rpplus_zero_right* : $\forall r : Rp, r + R0 == r.$
Hint Resolve *Rpplus_zero_right*.

Lemma *Rpplus_assoc* : $\forall r1\ r2\ r3 : Rp, r1 + (r2 + r3) == (r1 + r2) + r3.$
Hint Resolve *Rpplus_assoc*.

20.6.3 Link with operations on *nat* and *U*

Lemma *N2Rp_plus* : $\forall n\ m : nat, N2Rp n + N2Rp m == N2Rp (n+m)\%nat.$

Lemma *N2Rp_S_plus_1* : $\forall n, N2Rp (S n) == R1 + n.$
Hint Resolve *N2Rp_plus N2Rp_S_plus_1*.

Lemma *N2Rp_plus_left* : $\forall (n:nat) (r:Rp),$
 $N2Rp n + r == \text{mkRp} (n + \text{floor } r)\%nat \text{ (decimal } r).$

Lemma *U2Rp_plus_0_1* : $\forall x\ y:U, x == 0 \rightarrow y == 1 \rightarrow U2Rp x + U2Rp y == U2Rp 1.$
Hint Immediate *U2Rp_plus_0_1*.

Lemma *decimal_le* : $\forall x:U, \text{decimal } x \leq x.$
Hint Resolve *decimal_le*.

Lemma *Uinv_decimal* : $\forall x\ y : U, x \leq [1-]y \rightarrow \text{decimal } x \leq [1-]\text{decimal } y.$
Hint Resolve *Uinv_decimal*.

Lemma $U2Rp_plus_le : \forall x y : U, x \leq [1\text{-}]y \rightarrow U2Rp x + U2Rp y == U2Rp (x+y)$.
 Hint Resolve $U2Rp_plus_le$.
 Lemma $U2Rp_plus_ge : \forall x y : U, [1\text{-}]y \leq x \rightarrow U2Rp x + U2Rp y == mkRp 1\%nat (x\&y)$.
 Lemma $Rpplus_floor_decimal : \forall r:Rp, r == N2Rp (floor r) + U2Rp (decimal r)$.
 Lemma $Rpplus_NU2Rp : \forall n x, N2Rp n + U2Rp x == mkRp n x$.
 Hint Resolve $N2Rp_plus N2Rp_plus_left U2Rp_plus_ge Rpplus_floor_decimal Rpplus_NU2Rp$.
 Lemma $U2Rp_ge_R1 : \forall x y:U, [1\text{-}]x \leq y \rightarrow R1 \leq U2Rp x + U2Rp y$.
 Hint Resolve $U2Rp_ge_R1$.
 Lemma $Rple1_U2Rp : \forall x:Rp, x \leq R1 \rightarrow \{y : U \mid x == U2Rp y\}$.
 Lemma $U2Rp_plus : \forall x y, U2Rp (x+y) \leq x+y$.
 Lemma $Rple_floor : \forall x : Rp, N2Rp (floor x) \leq x$.
 Hint Resolve $Rple_floor$.
 Lemma $Rple_S_N2Rp : \forall (r:Rp) (n:nat), r \leq n \rightarrow r \leq S n$.
 Hint Immediate $Rple_S_N2Rp$.
 Lemma $Rplt_S_N2Rp : \forall (r:Rp) (n:nat), r \leq n \rightarrow r < S n$.
 Hint Immediate $Rplt_S_N2Rp$.

20.6.4 Monotonicity ans stability

Instance $Rpplus_mon_right : \forall r, \text{monotonic} (Rpplus r)$.
 Save.
 Hint Resolve $Rpplus_mon_right$.
 Instance $Rpplus_monotonic2 : \text{monotonic2} Rpplus$.
 Save.
 Hint Resolve $Rpplus_monotonic2$.
 Add Morphism $Rpplus$ with signature $Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq$
 as $Rpplus_eq_compat$.
 Save.
 Add Morphism $Rpplus$ with signature $Ole ==> Ole ==> Ole$
 as $Rpplus_le_compat$.
 Save.
 Hint Immediate $Rpplus_eq_compat Rpplus_le_compat$.
 Lemma $Rpplus_le_compat_left$
 $\quad : \forall x y z : Rp, x \leq y \rightarrow x + z \leq y + z$.
 Lemma $Rpplus_le_compat_right$
 $\quad : \forall x y z : Rp, y \leq z \rightarrow x + y \leq x + z$.
 Hint Resolve $Rpplus_le_compat_left Rpplus_le_compat_right$.
 Lemma $Rpplus_eq_compat_left$
 $\quad : \forall x y z : Rp, x == y \rightarrow x + z == y + z$.
 Lemma $Rpplus_eq_compat_right$
 $\quad : \forall x y z : Rp, y == z \rightarrow x + y == x + z$.
 Hint Resolve $Rpplus_eq_compat_left Rpplus_eq_compat_right$.
 Instance $Rpplus_mon2 : \text{monotonic2} Rpplus$.
 Save.
 Definition $RpPlus : Rp -m> Rp -m> Rp := mon2 Rpplus$.

Lemma *Rple_plus_right* : $\forall r1\ r2, r1 \leq r1 + r2$.

Hint Resolve *Rple_plus_right*.

Lemma *Rple_plus_left* : $\forall r1\ r2, r2 \leq r1 + r2$.

Hint Resolve *Rple_plus_left*.

Lemma *Rpplus_perm3*: $\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, x + (y + z) == z + (x + y)$.

Lemma *Rpplus_perm2*: $\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, x + (y + z) == y + (x + z)$.

Hint Resolve *Rpplus_perm2* *Rpplus_perm3*.

20.7 Subtraction *Rpminus*

20.7.1 Definition and basic properties

Definition *Rpminus r1 r2* :=

```
match nat_compare (floor r1) (floor r2) with
  Lt => R0
  | Eq => mkRp 0 (decimal r1 - decimal r2)
  | Gt => if isle (decimal r2) (decimal r1)
    then mkRp (floor r1 - floor r2) (decimal r1 - decimal r2)
    else mkRp (pred (floor r1 - floor r2)) (decimal r1 + [1-]decimal r2)
end.
```

Infix "-" := *Rpminus* : *Rp_scope*.

Lemma *Rpminus_rec* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp) (P : Rp \rightarrow \text{Type}),$

$(\text{floor } r1 < \text{floor } r2) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow P\ R0$

$\rightarrow (\text{floor } r1 = \text{floor } r2 \rightarrow P (\text{mkRp } 0 (\text{decimal } r1 - \text{decimal } r2)))$

$\rightarrow (\text{floor } r2 < \text{floor } r1) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{decimal } r2 \leq \text{decimal } r1$

$\rightarrow P (\text{mkRp } (\text{floor } r1 - \text{floor } r2) (\text{decimal } r1 - \text{decimal } r2)))$

$\rightarrow (\text{floor } r2 < \text{floor } r1) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{decimal } r1 < \text{decimal } r2$

$\rightarrow P (\text{mkRp } (\text{pred } (\text{floor } r1 - \text{floor } r2)) (\text{decimal } r1 + [1-]\text{decimal } r2)))$

$\rightarrow P (r1 - r2).$

Useful lemma Lemma *decimal_minus_lt1* : $\forall (x:Rp) (y:U), ((\text{decimal } x) - y < 1) \% U$.

Hint Resolve *decimal_minus_lt1*.

Lemma *Rpminus_simpl_lt* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$

$(\text{floor } r1 < \text{floor } r2) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow r1 - r2 = R0$.

Lemma *Rpminus_simpl_eq* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$

$\text{floor } r1 = \text{floor } r2 \rightarrow r1 - r2 = U2Rp (\text{decimal } r1 - \text{decimal } r2)$.

Lemma *Rpminus_simpl_gt* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$

$\text{decimal } r2 \leq \text{decimal } r1 \rightarrow (\text{floor } r2 < \text{floor } r1) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow$

$r1 - r2 = \text{mkRp } (\text{floor } r1 - \text{floor } r2) (\text{decimal } r1 - \text{decimal } r2)$.

Lemma *Rpminus_simpl_gt2* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$

$\text{decimal } r2 \leq \text{decimal } r1 \rightarrow (\text{floor } r2 \leq \text{floor } r1) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow$

$r1 - r2 = \text{mkRp } (\text{floor } r1 - \text{floor } r2) (\text{decimal } r1 - \text{decimal } r2)$.

Lemma *Rpminus_simpl_gtc* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$

$\text{decimal } r1 < \text{decimal } r2 \rightarrow (\text{floor } r2 < \text{floor } r1) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow$

$r1 - r2 = \text{mkRp } (\text{pred } (\text{floor } r1 - \text{floor } r2)) (\text{decimal } r1 + [1-]\text{decimal } r2)$.

Lemma *Rpminus_simpl_gtc2* : $\forall (r1\ r2:Rp),$

$\text{decimal } r1 \leq \text{decimal } r2 \rightarrow (\text{floor } r2 < \text{floor } r1) \% \text{nat} \rightarrow$

$r1 - r2 == \text{mkRp } (\text{pred } (\text{floor } r1 - \text{floor } r2)) (\text{decimal } r1 + [1-]\text{decimal } r2)$.

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_simpl_lt* *Rpminus_simpl_eq* *Rpminus_simpl_gt* *Rpminus_simpl_gt2* *Rpminus_simpl_gtc* *Rpminus_simpl_gtc2*.

20.7.2 Algebraic properties of $Rpminus$

Lemma $Rpminus_le_zero$: $\forall r1\ r2 : Rp, r1 \leq r2 \rightarrow (r1 - r2) == R0$.

Lemma $Rpminus_zero_right$: $\forall x : Rp, x - R0 == x$.

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_zero_right$ $Rpminus_le_zero$.

20.7.3 Monotonicity

Lemma $Rpminus_le_compat_left$: $\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, x \leq y \rightarrow (x - z) \leq (y - z)$.

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_le_compat_left$.

Lemma $Rpminus_eq_compat_left$:

$$\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, x == y \rightarrow (x - z) == (y - z).$$

Lemma $Rpminus_le_compat_right$: $\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, y \leq z \rightarrow (x - z) \leq (x - y)$.

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_le_compat_right$.

Lemma $Rpminus_eq_compat_right$:

$$\forall x\ y\ z : Rp, y == z \rightarrow (x - y) == (x - z).$$

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_eq_compat_left$ $Rpminus_eq_compat_right$.

Lemma $Rpminus_eq_compat$:

$$\forall x\ y\ z\ t : Rp, x == y \rightarrow z == t \rightarrow (x - z) == (y - t).$$

Lemma $Rpminus_le_compat$:

$$\forall x\ y\ z\ t : Rp, x \leq y \rightarrow t \leq z \rightarrow (x - z) \leq (y - t).$$

Hint Immediate $Rpminus_eq_compat$ $Rpminus_le_compat$.

Add Morphism $Rpminus$ with signature $Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq$

as $Rpminus_eq_morphism$.

Save.

Add Morphism $Rpminus$ with signature $Ole ==> Ole -> Ole$

as $Rpminus_le_morphism$.

Save.

Instance $Rpminus_mon2 : monotonic2 (o2:=Iord Rp) Rpminus$.

Save.

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_mon2$.

Definition $RpMinus : Rp -m> Rp -m> Rp := mon2 (o2:=Iord Rp) Rpminus$.

Lemma $U2Rp_minus : \forall x\ y:U, U2Rp\ x - U2Rp\ y == U2Rp\ (x - y)$.

Lemma $N2Rp_minus : \forall x\ y:nat, N2Rp\ x - N2Rp\ y == N2Rp\ (x - y)$.

20.7.4 More algebraic properties

Lemma $Rpminus_zero_left$: $\forall r : Rp, (R0 - r) == R0$.

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_zero_left$.

Lemma $Rpminus_eq$: $\forall r : Rp, (r - r) == R0$.

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_eq$.

Lemma $Rpplus_minus_simpl_right$: $\forall r1\ r2 : Rp, (r1 + r2 - r2) == r1$.

Hint Resolve $Rpplus_minus_simpl_right$.

Lemma $Rpplus_minus_simpl_left$: $\forall r1\ r2 : Rp, (r1 + r2 - r1) == r2$.

Hint Resolve $Rpplus_minus_simpl_left$.

Lemma $Rpminus_plus_simpl$: $\forall r1\ r2 : Rp, r2 \leq r1 \rightarrow (r1 - r2 + r2) == r1$.

Hint Resolve $Rpminus_plus_simpl$.

Lemma $Rpminus_plus_simpl_le$: $\forall r1\ r2 : Rp, r1 \leq r1 - r2 + r2$.

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_plus_simpl_le*.

Lemma *Rpplus_le_simpl_right*:

$$\forall x y z : Rp, (x + z) \leq (y + z) \rightarrow x \leq y.$$

Lemma *Rpplus_le_simpl_left*:

$$\forall x y z : Rp, (x + y) \leq (x + z) \rightarrow y \leq z.$$

Lemma *Rpplus_eq_simpl_right*:

$$\forall x y z : Rp, (x + z) == (y + z) \rightarrow x == y.$$

Lemma *Rpplus_eq_simpl_left*:

$$\forall x y z : Rp, (x + y) == (x + z) \rightarrow y == z.$$

Lemma *Rpplus_eq_perm_left*: $\forall x y z : Rp, x == y + z \rightarrow x - y == z.$

Hint Immediate *Rpplus_eq_perm_left*.

Lemma *Rpplus_eq_perm_right*: $\forall x y z : Rp, x + z == y \rightarrow x == y - z.$

Hint Immediate *Rpplus_eq_perm_right*.

Lemma *Rpplus_le_perm_left*: $\forall x y z : Rp, x \leq y + z \rightarrow x - y \leq z.$

Hint Immediate *Rpplus_le_perm_left*.

Lemma *Rpplus_le_perm_right*: $\forall x y z : Rp, x + z \leq y \rightarrow x \leq y - z.$

Hint Immediate *Rpplus_le_perm_right*.

Lemma *Rpminus_plus_perm_right*:

$$\forall x y z : Rp, y \leq x \rightarrow y \leq z \rightarrow x - y + z == x + (z - y).$$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_plus_perm_right*.

Lemma *Rpminus_plus_perm* : $\forall x y z : Rp, y \leq x \rightarrow x - y + z == (x + z) - y.$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_plus_perm*.

Lemma *Rpminus_assoc_right* : $\forall x y z, y \leq x \rightarrow z \leq y \rightarrow x - (y - z) == x - y + z.$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_assoc_right*.

Lemma *Rpplus_minus_assoc* : $\forall x y z, z \leq y \rightarrow x + y - z == x + (y - z).$

Hint Resolve *Rpplus_minus_assoc*.

Lemma *Rpminus_zero_le*: $\forall r1 r2 : Rp, (r1 - r2) == R0 \rightarrow r1 \leq r2.$

Hint Immediate *Rpminus_zero_le*.

Lemma *U2Rp_Uesp* : $\forall x y, [1\text{-}]x \leq y \rightarrow U2Rp (x \& y) == U2Rp x + U2Rp y - R1.$

Hint Resolve *U2Rp_Uesp*.

Lemma *Rpminus_le_perm_right*:

$$\forall x y z : Rp, z \leq y \rightarrow x \leq y - z \rightarrow x + z \leq y.$$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_le_perm_right*.

Lemma *Rpminus_le_perm_left*:

$$\forall x y z : Rp, x - y \leq z \rightarrow x \leq z + y.$$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_le_perm_left*.

Lemma *Rpminus_eq_perm_right*:

$$\forall x y z : Rp, z \leq y \rightarrow x == y - z \rightarrow x + z == y.$$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_eq_perm_right*.

Lemma *Rpminus_eq_perm_left*:

$$\forall x y z : Rp, y \leq x \rightarrow x - y == z \rightarrow x == z + y.$$

Hint Resolve *Rpminus_eq_perm_left*.

Lemma *Rpplus_lt_compat_left* : $\forall x y z : Rp, x < y \rightarrow x + z < y + z.$

Lemma *Rpplus_lt_compat_right* : $\forall x y z : Rp, y < z \rightarrow x + y < x + z.$

Lemma *U2Rp_Uinv* : $\forall x, U2Rp ([1\text{-}]x) == R1 - U2Rp x.$

Hint Resolve *U2Rp_Uinv*.

Lemma *Rpplus_Uinv_le* : $\forall x y : U, x + y \leq R1 \rightarrow x \leq [1\text{-}]y.$

```

Hint Immediate Rpplus_Uinv_le.

Lemma Rpminus_lt_compat_right:
   $\forall x y z : Rp, z \leq x \rightarrow y < z \rightarrow x - z < x - y.$ 
Hint Resolve Rpminus_lt_compat_right.

Lemma Rpminus_lt_compat_left:  $\forall x y z : Rp, z \leq x \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow x - z < y - z.$ 
Hint Resolve Rpminus_lt_compat_left.

Lemma Rpminus_lt_0 :  $\forall x y : Rp, x < y \rightarrow R0 < y - x.$ 
Hint Immediate Rpminus_lt_0.

Lemma Rpminus_Sn_R1 :  $\forall (n:nat), N2Rp (S n) - R1 == n.$ 
Hint Resolve Rpminus_Sn_R1.

Lemma Rpminus_Sn_1 :  $\forall (n:nat), N2Rp (S n) - 1\%U == n.$ 
Hint Resolve Rpminus_Sn_1.

Lemma Rpminus_assoc_left :  $\forall x y z : Rp, x - y - z == x - (y + z).$ 
Hint Resolve Rpminus_assoc_left.

Lemma Rpminus_perm :  $\forall x y z : Rp, x - y - z == x - z - y.$ 
Hint Resolve Rpminus_perm.

```

20.8 Multiplications *Rpmult*

20.8.1 Multiplication by an integer *NRpmult*

```

Fixpoint NRpmult p r {struct p} : Rp :=
  match p with O ⇒ R0
  | S n ⇒ r + (NRpmult n r)
  end.

Infix "*/*" := NRpmult (at level 60) : Rp_scope.

Lemma NRpmult_0 :  $\forall r : Rp, 0 /* r = R0.$ 
Lemma NRpmult_S :  $\forall (n:nat) (r : Rp), (S n) /* r = r + (n /* r).$ 
Hint Resolve NRpmult_0 NRpmult_S.

Lemma NRpmult_zero :  $\forall n : nat, n /* R0 == R0.$ 
Lemma NRpmult_1:  $\forall x : Rp, (1 /* x) == x.$ 
Hint Resolve NRpmult_1.

Lemma plus_NRpmult_distr:
   $\forall (n m : nat) (r : Rp), (n + m /* r) == ((n /* r) + (m /* r)).$ 
Lemma NRpmult_plus_distr:
   $\forall (n : nat) (r1 r2 : Rp), (n /* r1 + r2) == ((n /* r1) + (n /* r2)).$ 
Hint Resolve plus_NRpmult_distr NRpmult_plus_distr.

Lemma NRpmult_le_compat_right :
   $\forall (n : nat) (r1 r2 : Rp), r1 \leq r2 \rightarrow (n /* r1) \leq (n /* r2).$ 
Hint Resolve NRpmult_le_compat_right.

Lemma NRpmult_le_compat_left:
   $\forall (n m : nat) (r : Rp), (n \leq m) \%nat \rightarrow (n /* r) \leq (m /* r).$ 
Hint Resolve NRpmult_le_compat_left.

Add Morphism NRpmult with signature le ==> Ole ==> Ole
  as NRpmult_le_compat.

Save.

Hint Immediate NRpmult_le_compat.

Add Morphism NRpmult with signature eq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
  as NRpmult_eq_compat.

```

Save.

Hint Immediate *NRpmult_eq_compat*.

Lemma *NRpmult_mult_assoc*: $\forall (n m : \text{nat}) (r:\text{Rp}), n \times m * / r == n * / (m * / r)$.

Hint Resolve *NRpmult_mult_assoc*.

Lemma *NRpmult_N2Rp* : $\forall n m, n * / \text{N2Rp } m == \text{N2Rp } (n \times m)$.

Hint Resolve *NRpmult_N2Rp*.

Lemma *NRpmult_floor_decimal* : $\forall n (r:\text{Rp}), n * / r == \text{N2Rp } (n \times \text{floor } r) + (n * / \text{U2Rp } (\text{decimal } r))$.

Hint Resolve *NRpmult_floor_decimal*.

Lemma *NRpmult_minus_distr* : $\forall n r1 r2, n * / (r1 - r2) == (n * / r1) - (n * / r2)$.

Hint Resolve *NRpmult_minus_distr*.

Lemma *NRpmult_R1* : $\forall n, n * / R1 == \text{N2Rp } n$.

Hint Resolve *NRpmult_R1*.

20.8.2 Multiplication between positive reals

Definition *Rpmult* ($r1 r2 : \text{Rp}$) : $\text{Rp} := (\text{floor } r1 * / r2) + (\text{floor } r2 * / \text{U2Rp } (\text{decimal } r1)) + \text{U2Rp } (\text{decimal } r1 \times \text{decimal } r2) \% U$.

Infix "*" := *Rpmult* : *Rp_scope*.

Lemma *Rpmult_zero_left*: $\forall r : \text{Rp}, R0 \times r == R0$.

Hint Resolve *Rpmult_zero_left*.

Lemma *Rpmult_sym* : $\forall r1 r2 : \text{Rp}, r1 \times r2 == r2 \times r1$.

Hint Resolve *Rpmult_sym*.

Lemma *Rpmult_zero_right*: $\forall r : \text{Rp}, r \times R0 == R0$.

Hint Resolve *Rpmult_zero_right*.

Lemma *NRpmult_mult* : $\forall n r, \text{N2Rp } n \times r == n * / r$.

Hint Resolve *NRpmult_mult*.

Lemma *Rpmult_one_left*: $\forall x : \text{Rp}, (R1 \times x) == x$.

Hint Resolve *Rpmult_one_left*.

Lemma *NRp_Nmult_eq* : $\forall n (x:U), (n * / x < 1) \% U \rightarrow (n * / x) \% \text{Rp} == (n * / x) \% U$.

Hint Resolve *NRp_Nmult_eq*.

Lemma *NRp_Nmult_eq_le1*

$: \forall n (x:U), (n * / x \leq R1) \% \text{Rp} \rightarrow (n * / x) \% \text{Rp} == (n * / x) \% U$.

Lemma *U2Rp_Nmult_NRpmult* : $\forall n x, \text{U2Rp } (n * / x) \leq n * / x$.

Lemma *U2Rp_Nmult_le* : $\forall n x, \text{U2Rp } (n * / x) \leq n \times x$.

Hint Resolve *U2Rp_Nmult_NRpmult* *U2Rp_Nmult_le*.

Lemma *N2Rp_mult* : $\forall x y, \text{N2Rp } (x \times y) == \text{N2Rp } x \times \text{N2Rp } y$.

Hint Resolve *N2Rp_mult*.

Lemma *U2Rp_mult* : $\forall x y, \text{U2Rp } (x \times y) == \text{U2Rp } x \times \text{U2Rp } y$.

Hint Resolve *U2Rp_mult*.

Lemma *U2Rp_esp_mult*

$: \forall x y z, [1-]x \leq y \rightarrow \text{U2Rp } ((x \& y) \times z) == \text{U2Rp } (x \times z) + \text{U2Rp } (y \times z) - \text{U2Rp } z$.

Hint Resolve *U2Rp_esp_mult*.

Instance *Rpmult_mon_right* : $\forall x, \text{monotonic } (\text{Rpmult } x)$.

Save.

Hint Resolve *Rpmult_mon_right*.

Instance *Rpmult_monotonic2* : *monotonic2 Rpmult*.

Save.

Hint Resolve *Rpmult_monotonic2*.

```

Instance Rpmult_stable2 : stable2 Rpmult.
Save.
Hint Resolve Rpmult_stable2.

Add Morphism Rpmult with signature Ole ==> Ole ==> Ole
as Rpmult_le_compat.
Save.
Hint Immediate Rpmult_le_compat.

Add Morphism Rpmult with signature Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq
as Rpmult_eq_compat.
Save.
Hint Immediate Rpmult_eq_compat.

Lemma Rpmult_le_compat_left :  $\forall x y z : Rp, x \leq y \rightarrow x \times z \leq y \times z$ .
Lemma Rpmult_le_compat_right :  $\forall x y z : Rp, y \leq z \rightarrow x \times y \leq x \times z$ .
Lemma Rpmult_eq_compat_left :  $\forall x y z : Rp, x == y \rightarrow x \times z == y \times z$ .
Lemma Rpmult_eq_compat_right :  $\forall x y z : Rp, y == z \rightarrow x \times y == x \times z$ .
Hint Resolve Rpmult_le_compat_left Rpmult_le_compat_right Rpmult_eq_compat_left Rpmult_eq_compat_right.

Instance Rpmult_mon2 : monotonic2 Rpmult.
Save.

Definition RpMult : Rp -m> Rp -m> Rp := mon2 Rpmult.

Lemma Rpdistr_plus_right
  :  $\forall r1 r2 r3 : Rp, (r1 + r2) \times r3 == r1 \times r3 + r2 \times r3$ .
Lemma Rpdistr_plus_left :  $\forall r1 r2 r3 : Rp, r1 \times (r2 + r3) == r1 \times r2 + r1 \times r3$ .
Hint Resolve Rpdistr_plus_right Rpdistr_plus_left.

Lemma Rpmult_NRpmult_perm :  $\forall n x y, x \times (n * / y) == n * / (x \times y)$ .
Hint Resolve Rpmult_NRpmult_perm.

Lemma Rpmult_decomp :  $\forall r1 r2 : Rp,$ 
   $r1 \times r2 == (N2Rp (\text{floor } r1 \times \text{floor } r2))$ 
   $+ (\text{floor } r1 * / U2Rp (\text{decimal } r2)) + (\text{floor } r2 * / U2Rp (\text{decimal } r1))$ 
   $+ U2Rp (\text{decimal } r1 \times \text{decimal } r2)$ .

Lemma Rpmult2_decomp :  $\forall r1 r2 r3 : Rp,$ 
   $r1 \times (r2 \times r3) == (N2Rp (\text{floor } r1 \times \text{floor } r2 \times \text{floor } r3))$ 
   $+ ((\text{floor } r1 \times \text{floor } r2) * / U2Rp (\text{decimal } r3))$ 
   $+ ((\text{floor } r1 \times \text{floor } r3) * / U2Rp (\text{decimal } r2))$ 
   $+ ((\text{floor } r2 \times \text{floor } r3) * / U2Rp (\text{decimal } r1))$ 
   $+ (\text{floor } r1 * / U2Rp (\text{decimal } r2 \times \text{decimal } r3))$ 
   $+ (\text{floor } r2 * / U2Rp (\text{decimal } r1 \times \text{decimal } r3))$ 
   $+ (\text{floor } r3 * / U2Rp (\text{decimal } r1 \times \text{decimal } r2))$ 
   $+ U2Rp (\text{decimal } r1 \times \text{decimal } r2 \times \text{decimal } r3)$ .

Lemma Rpmult_assoc :  $\forall r1 r2 r3 : Rp, r1 \times (r2 \times r3) == r1 \times r2 \times r3$ .
Hint Resolve Rpmult_assoc.

Lemma Rpmult_one_right :  $\forall x : Rp, (x \times R1) == x$ .
Hint Resolve Rpmult_one_right.

Lemma Rpmult_not0_left :  $\forall x y : Rp, \neg R0 == x \times y \rightarrow \neg R0 == x$ .
Hint Resolve Rpmult_not0_left.

Lemma Rpmult_not0_right :  $\forall x y : Rp, \neg R0 == x \times y \rightarrow \neg R0 == y$ .
Hint Resolve Rpmult_not0_right.

Lemma U2Rp_0_simpl :  $\forall x : U, R0 == U2Rp x \rightarrow 0 == x$ .
Hint Immediate U2Rp_0_simpl.

```

Lemma *U2Rp_not_0* : $\forall x : U, \neg R0 == x \rightarrow \neg 0 == x.$
Hint Resolve *U2Rp_not_0*.
Lemma *U2Rp_not_0_equiv* : $\forall x : U, \neg R0 == x \leftrightarrow \neg 0 == x.$
Lemma *U2Rp_lt_0* : $\forall x:U, R0 < x \rightarrow 0 < x.$
Hint Resolve *U2Rp_lt_0*.
Lemma *U2Rp_0_lt* : $\forall x:U, 0 < x \rightarrow R0 < x.$
Hint Resolve *U2Rp_0_lt*.
Lemma *Rpplus_lt_simpl_left*: $\forall x y z : Rp, x + z < y + z \rightarrow x < y.$
Lemma *Rpplus_lt_simpl_right*: $\forall x y z : Rp, x + y < x + z \rightarrow y < z.$
Lemma *plus_lt_1_decimal* : $\forall x y:Rp, x + y < R1 \rightarrow \text{decimal } x < [1-] \text{ decimal } y.$
Hint Immediate *plus_lt_1_decimal*.
Lemma *plus_lt_1_decimal_plus* : $\forall x y, x + y < R1 \rightarrow \text{decimal } (x+y) == (\text{decimal } x + \text{decimal } y)\%U.$
Hint Immediate *plus_lt_1_decimal_plus*.
Lemma *Rpplus_0_simpl_left* : $\forall x y : Rp, R0 == x + y \rightarrow R0 == x.$
Lemma *Rpplus_0_simpl_right* : $\forall x y : Rp, R0 == x + y \rightarrow R0 == y.$
Lemma *Rpplus_0_simpl* : $\forall x y : Rp, R0 == x + y \rightarrow R0 == x \wedge R0 == y.$
Lemma *NRpmult_0_simpl* : $\forall (n:\text{nat}) (x : Rp), R0 == n */ x \rightarrow n = O \vee R0 == x.$
Lemma *Rpmult_0_simpl* : $\forall x y : Rp, R0 == x \times y \rightarrow R0 == x \vee R0 == y.$
Lemma *Rpmult_not_0* : $\forall x y : Rp, \neg R0 == x \rightarrow \neg R0 == y \rightarrow \neg R0 == x \times y.$
Hint Resolve *Rpmult_not_0*.
Lemma *Rpdistr_minus_right* : $\forall r1 r2 r3 : Rp, (r1 - r2) \times r3 == r1 \times r3 - r2 \times r3.$
Hint Resolve *Rpdistr_minus_right*.
Lemma *Rpdistr_minus_left* : $\forall r1 r2 r3 : Rp, r1 \times (r2 - r3) == r1 \times r2 - r1 \times r3.$
Hint Resolve *Rpdistr_minus_left*.
Lemma *U2Rp_mult_le_left* : $\forall (x:U) (y:Rp), x \times y \leq y.$
Hint Resolve *U2Rp_mult_le_left*.
Lemma *U2Rp_mult_le_right* : $\forall (x:Rp) (y:U), x \times y \leq x.$
Hint Resolve *U2Rp_mult_le_right*.

20.9 Division *Rpdiv*

20.9.1 Inverse *U1div* of elements of *U*

A stronger formulation of the Archimedian property to be able to compute n

Hypothesis *archimedian2*: $\forall x : U, \neg 0 == x \rightarrow \exists n : \text{nat}, [1/]1+n \leq x.$

Require Export *Markov*.

Definition $1/x$ for x in U

Section *U1div_def*.

Variable $x : U$.

Hypothesis *x_not0* : $\neg 0 == x$.

Definition $P (n:\text{nat}) := ([1-](n */ x) < x)\%U.$

Lemma *Pdec* : $\text{dec } P$.

Definition *DP* : $\text{Dec} := \text{mk-Dec } Pdec.$

Lemma *Pacc* : $\exists n : \text{nat}, P n.$

Let $n := \text{minimize } DP \text{ Pacc}.$

Lemma *Olt_Uinv_Nmult_nx_x* : $[1-](n */ x) < x.$

```

Hint Resolve Olt_Uinv_Nmult_nx_x.

Lemma Nmult_nx_1 : (n */ x) ≤ R1.
Hint Resolve Nmult_nx_1.

Definition U1div0 : Rp := mkRp n (([1-] (n */ x))/x).

Lemma Olt_frac_U1div0_1 :(([1-] (n */ x))/x) < 1.
Hint Resolve Olt_frac_U1div0_1.

Lemma floor_U1div0 : floor U1div0 = n.

Lemma decimal_U1div0 : decimal U1div0 = ([1-] (n */ x)) /x.

Lemma U1div0_left : U2Rp x × U1div0 == R1.

Lemma U1div0_right : U1div0 × U2Rp x == R1.

End U1div_def.

Hint Resolve U1div0_right U1div0_left.

Definition U1div (x:U) := match iseq_dec 0 x with
  left _ ⇒ R0 | right H ⇒ U1div0 x H end.

Lemma U1div_left : ∀ x, ¬ 0 == x → U2Rp x × U1div x == R1.
Hint Resolve U1div_left.

Lemma U1div_right : ∀ x, ¬ 0 == x → U1div x × U2Rp x == R1.
Hint Resolve U1div_right.

Lemma U1div_zero : ∀ x, 0 == x → U1div x == R0.
Hint Resolve U1div_zero.

Lemma Unth_mult_le1 : ∀ x:Rp, U2Rp ([1/]1+(floor x)) × x ≤ R1.
Hint Resolve Unth_mult_le1.

```

20.9.2 Non-zero elements

```

Class notz (x:Rp) := notz_def : ¬ R0 == x.

Lemma notz_le_compat : ∀ x y, notz x → x ≤ y → notz y.

Add Morphism notz with signature Ole ++> Basics.impl as notz_le_compat_morph.
Save.

Lemma notz_eq_compat : ∀ x y, notz x → x == y → notz y.

Add Morphism notz with signature Oeq ==> Basics.impl as notz_eq_compat_morph.
Save.

Instance notz_mult : ∀ x y, notz x → notz y → notz (x × y).
Save.

Hint Resolve notz_mult.

Instance notz_plus_left : ∀ x y, notz x → notz (x + y).
Save.

Hint Immediate notz_plus_left.

Instance notz_plus_right : ∀ x y, notz y → notz (x + y).
Save.

Hint Immediate notz_plus_right.

Lemma notz_mult_inv_left : ∀ x y, notz (x × y) → notz x.

Lemma notz_mult_inv_right : ∀ x y, notz (x × y) → notz y.

Instance notz_1 : notz R1.
Save.

Hint Resolve notz_1.

```

20.9.3 Inverse of elements in Rp $Rp1div$

Section $Rp1div_def$.

Variable $x : Rp$.

Let $a := U2Rp ([1/]1+(floor x)) \times x$.

Lemma $a_le_1 : a \leq R1$.

Lemma $a_not_0 : notz x \rightarrow notz a$.

Lemma $a_is_0 : R0 == x \rightarrow R0 == a$.

Lemma $U2Rp_eq_not_0 : notz x \rightarrow \forall y, a == U2Rp y \rightarrow \neg 0 == y$.

Lemma $U2Rp_eq_is_0 : R0 == x \rightarrow \forall y, a == U2Rp y \rightarrow 0 == y$.

Definition $Rp1div : Rp :=$

$\text{let } (y, H) := Rple1_U2Rp a a_le_1 \text{ in } U2Rp ([1/]1+(floor x)) \times U1div y$.

Lemma $Rp1div_left : notz x \rightarrow x \times Rp1div == R1$.

Hint Resolve $Rp1div_left$.

Lemma $Rp1div_right : notz x \rightarrow Rp1div \times x == R1$.

Hint Resolve $Rp1div_right$.

Lemma $Rp1div_zero : R0 == x \rightarrow Rp1div == R0$.

End $Rp1div_def$.

Notation "[1/] x" := ($Rp1div x$) (at level 35, right associativity) : Rp_scope .

Hint Resolve $Rp1div_left$ $Rp1div_right$ $Rp1div_zero$.

Lemma $Rp1div_0 : [1/]R0 == R0$.

Hint Resolve $Rp1div_0$.

Instance $notz_1div : \forall x \{nx : notz x\}, notz ([1/]x)$.

Save.

Hint Resolve $notz_1div$.

Lemma $notz_dec : \forall x, \{notz x\} + \{R0 == x\}$.

Lemma $Rpmult_le_simpl_left : \forall (x y z : Rp) \{nx : notz x\},$

$x \times y \leq x \times z \rightarrow y \leq z$.

Hint Resolve $Rpmult_le_simpl_left$.

Lemma $Rpmult_le_simpl_right : \forall (x y z : Rp) \{nz : notz z\},$

$x \times z \leq y \times z \rightarrow x \leq y$.

Hint Resolve $Rpmult_le_simpl_right$.

Lemma $Rpmult_eq_simpl_left : \forall (x y z : Rp) \{nx : notz x\},$

$x \times y == x \times z \rightarrow y == z$.

Hint Resolve $Rpmult_eq_simpl_left$.

Lemma $Rpmult_eq_simpl_right : \forall (x y z : Rp) \{nz : notz z\},$

$x \times z == y \times z \rightarrow x == y$.

Hint Resolve $Rpmult_eq_simpl_right$.

Lemma $Rpmult_le_perm_right :$

$\forall (x y z : Rp) \{nz : notz z\}, x \times z \leq y \rightarrow x \leq y \times [1/]z$.

Hint Resolve $Rpmult_le_perm_right$.

Lemma $Rpmult_eq_perm_right :$

$\forall (x y z : Rp) \{nz : notz z\}, x \times z == y \rightarrow x == y \times [1/]z$.

Hint Resolve $Rpmult_eq_perm_right$.

Lemma $Rpmult_le_perm_left :$

$\forall (x y z : Rp), x \leq y \times z \rightarrow x \times [1/]y \leq z$.

Hint Resolve $Rpmult_le_perm_left$.

Lemma *Rpmult_eq_perm_left* :
 $\forall (x y z : Rp) \{ny: notz y\}, x == y \times z \rightarrow x \times [1/]y == z.$
Hint Resolve *Rpmult_eq_perm_left*.
Lemma *Rpmult_lt_zero*: $\forall x y : Rp, R0 < x \rightarrow R0 < y \rightarrow R0 < x \times y.$
Hint Resolve *Rpmult_lt_zero*.
Lemma *Rp1div_le_perm_left* :
 $\forall (x y z : Rp) \{ny: notz y\}, x \times [1/]y \leq z \rightarrow x \leq z \times y.$
Hint Resolve *Rp1div_le_perm_left*.
Lemma *Rp1div_eq_perm_left* :
 $\forall (x y z : Rp) \{ny: notz y\}, x \times [1/]y == z \rightarrow x == z \times y.$
Hint Resolve *Rp1div_eq_perm_left*.
Lemma *Rp1div_le_perm_right* :
 $\forall (x y z : Rp) \{nz: notz z\}, x \leq y \times [1/]z \rightarrow x \times z \leq y.$
Hint Resolve *Rp1div_le_perm_right*.
Lemma *Rp1div_eq_perm_right* :
 $\forall (x y z : Rp) \{nz: notz z\}, x == y \times [1/]z \rightarrow x \times z == y.$
Hint Resolve *Rp1div_eq_perm_right*.
Lemma *Rp1div_le_compat* : $\forall (x y : Rp) \{nx: notz x\}, x \leq y \rightarrow ([1/]y) \leq ([1/]x).$
Hint Resolve *Rp1div_le_compat*.
Add Morphism *Rp1div* with signature *Oeq ==> Oeq*
as *Rp1div_eq_compat*.
Save.
Hint Resolve *Rp1div_eq_compat*.
Lemma *is_Rp1div* : $\forall x y, x \times y == R1 \rightarrow x == [1/]y.$
Lemma *Rp1div_1* : $[1/]R1 == R1.$
Hint Resolve *Rp1div_1*.
Lemma *Rp1div_Rp1div* : $\forall r, [1/][1/]r == r.$
Lemma *Rp1div_le_simpl* : $\forall x y : Rp, notz y \rightarrow [1/]y \leq [1/]x \rightarrow x \leq y.$
Hint Immediate *Rp1div_le_simpl*.
Lemma *Rp1div_eq_simpl* : $\forall x y : Rp, [1/]y == [1/]x \rightarrow x == y.$
Hint Immediate *Rp1div_eq_simpl*.
Lemma *Rp1div_lt_compat* : $\forall x y : Rp, notz x \rightarrow x < y \rightarrow [1/]y < [1/]x.$
Hint Resolve *Rp1div_lt_compat*.
Lemma *Rpmult_Rp1div* : $\forall r1 r2, [1/](r1 \times r2) == ([1/]r1)^*([1/]r2).$

20.9.4 Definition of general division

Definition *Rpdiv r1 r2* := $r1 \times [1/] r2.$
Notation "*x / y*" := (*Rpdiv x y*) : *Rp_scope*.
Add Morphism *Rpdiv* with signature *Oeq ==> Oeq ==> Oeq*
as *Rpdiv_eq_compat*.
Save.
Lemma *Rpdiv_le_compat* : $\forall x y x' y',$
 $notz y' \rightarrow x \leq y \rightarrow y' \leq x' \rightarrow x/x' \leq y/y'.$
Lemma *Rpdiv_Rp1div* : $\forall r1 r2, [1/](r1/r2) == r2/r1.$
Hint Resolve *Rpdiv_Rp1div*.

20.10 Exponential function

```

Fixpoint Rpexp x (n:nat) {struct n} : Rp :=
  match n with O ⇒ R1 | S p ⇒ x × Rpexp x p end.

Infix "^\n" := Rpexp : Rp_scope.

Lemma Rpexp_simpl : ∀ x n, x ^ n = match n with O ⇒ R1 | S p ⇒ x × Rpexp x p end.

Lemma U2Rp_exp : ∀ (x:U) n, U2Rp (x ^ n) == (U2Rp x) ^ n.

Lemma Rpexp_le1_mon : ∀ x n, x ≤ R1 → x ^ (S n) ≤ x ^ n.
Hint Resolve Rpexp_le1_mon.

Lemma Rpexp_le1 : ∀ x n, x ≤ R1 → x ^ n ≤ R1.
Hint Resolve Rpexp_le1.

Lemma Rpexp_le_compat : ∀ x y n, x ≤ y → x ^ n ≤ y ^ n.
Hint Resolve Rpexp_le_compat.

Lemma Rpexp_ge1_mon : ∀ x n, R1 ≤ x → x ^ n ≤ x ^ (S n).
Hint Resolve Rpexp_ge1_mon.

Add Morphism Rpexp with signature Oeq ==> eq ==> Oeq as Rpexp_eq_compat.
Save.

Hint Immediate Rpexp_eq_compat.

Instance Rpexp_mon : ∀ x, x ≤ R1 → monotonic (o2:=Iord Rp) (Rpexp x).
Save.

Lemma Rpexp_0 : ∀ x, x ^ O == R1.

Lemma Rpexp_1 : ∀ x, x ^ (S O) == x.
Hint Resolve Rpexp_0 Rpexp_1.

Lemma Rpexp_zero : ∀ n, (0 < n)%nat → R0 ^ n == R0.

Lemma Rpexp_one : ∀ n, R1 ^ n == R1.

Lemma Rpexp_Rp1div_right
  : ∀ r n, notz r → ([1/r]) ^ n × r ^ n == R1.
Hint Resolve Rpexp_Rp1div_right.

Lemma Rpexp_Rp1div_left
  : ∀ r n, notz r → r ^ n × ([1/r]) ^ n == R1.
Hint Resolve Rpexp_Rp1div_left.

Lemma Rpexp_Rp1div : ∀ r n, ([1/r]) ^ n == [1/(r ^ n)].
Hint Resolve Rpexp_Rp1div.

Lemma Rpexp_Rpmult : ∀ r m n, r ^ m × r ^ n == r ^ (m+n).

```

20.11 Compatibility of lubs and operations

```

Lemma islub_Rpplus : ∀ (f g:nat → Rp) {mf:monotonic f} {mg:monotonic g} lf lg,
  islub f lf → islub g lg → islub (fun n ⇒ f n + g n) (lf + lg).

Lemma islub_Rpminus : ∀ (f g:nat → Rp) {mf:monotonic f} {mg:monotonic (o2:=Iord Rp) g} lf lg,
  islub f lf → isglb g lg → islub (fun n ⇒ f n - g n) (lf - lg).

Lemma islub_cte : ∀ c : Rp, islub (fun n:nat ⇒ c) c.

Lemma islub_fcte : ∀ f (c:Rp), (∀ n:nat, f n == c) → islub f c.

Lemma islub_zero : ∀ (f:nat → Rp), islub f R0 → ∀ n, f n == R0.

Lemma islub_Rpplus_cte_left (f :nat → Rp) lf c :
  islub f lf → islub (fun n ⇒ c + f n) (c + lf).
Hint Resolve islub_Rpplus_cte_left.

```

Lemma *islub_Rpplus_cte_right* ($f : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp$) $\text{lf } c :$
 $\text{islub } f \text{ lf} \rightarrow \text{islub } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f \ n + c) \ (\text{lf} + c).$
Hint Resolve *islub_Rpplus_cte_right*.
Lemma *islub_Rpmult* : $\forall (f \ g : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) \ \{\text{mf: monotonic } f\} \ \{\text{mg: monotonic } g\} \ \text{lf } lg,$
 $\text{islub } f \text{ lf} \rightarrow \text{islub } g \ lg \rightarrow \text{islub } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow f \ n \times g \ n) \ (\text{lf} \times lg).$
Lemma *islub_lub_U* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{islub } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow U2Rp \ (f \ n)) \ (U2Rp \ (\text{lub } f)).$
Lemma *isglb_glb_U* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U), \text{isglb } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow U2Rp \ (f \ n)) \ (U2Rp \ (\text{glb } f)).$

20.12 Sum of first n values of a function

Instance *Rpcompplus_mon* ($a : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp$) : *monotonic* (*compn Rpplus R0 a*).
Save.

Definition *Rpsigma* ($a : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp$) : $\text{nat} \rightarrow Rp := \text{mon} \ (\text{compn Rpplus R0 a}).$

Lemma *Rpsigma_0*: $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp, Rpsigma f \ O == R0.$

Hint Resolve *Rpsigma_0*.

Lemma *Rpsigma_S*:

$$\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n : \text{nat}), Rpsigma f \ (S \ n) = f \ n + Rpsigma f \ n.$$

Hint Resolve *Rpsigma_S*.

Lemma *Rpsigma_1* : $\forall f : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp, Rpsigma f \ 1\% \text{nat} == f \ O.$

Hint Resolve *Rpsigma_1*.

Lemma *Rpsigma_incr*:

$$\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n \ m : \text{nat}), n \leq m \rightarrow (Rpsigma f) \ n \leq (Rpsigma f) \ m.$$

Hint Resolve *Rpsigma_incr*.

Lemma *Rpsigma_le_compat*:

$$\forall (f \ g : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n : \text{nat}),$$

$$(\forall k : \text{nat}, (k < n)\% \text{nat} \rightarrow f \ k \leq g \ k) \rightarrow Rpsigma f \ n \leq Rpsigma g \ n.$$

Hint Resolve *Rpsigma_le_compat*.

Lemma *Rpsigma_eq_compat*:

$$\forall (f \ g : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n : \text{nat}),$$

$$(\forall k : \text{nat}, (k < n)\% \text{nat} \rightarrow f \ k == g \ k) \rightarrow Rpsigma f \ n == Rpsigma g \ n.$$

Hint Resolve *Rpsigma_eq_compat*.

Lemma *Rpsigma_eq_compat_index*:

$$\forall (f \ g : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n \ m : \text{nat}), n=m \rightarrow$$

$$(\forall k : \text{nat}, (k < n)\% \text{nat} \rightarrow f \ k == g \ k) \rightarrow (Rpsigma f) \ n == (Rpsigma g) \ m.$$

Lemma *Rpsigma_S_lift*:

$$\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n : \text{nat}),$$

$$Rpsigma f \ (S \ n) == f \ O + Rpsigma (\text{fun } k : \text{nat} \Rightarrow f \ (S \ k)) \ n.$$

Lemma *Rpsigma_plus_lift*:

$$\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n \ m : \text{nat}),$$

$$(Rpsigma f) \ (n + m)\% \text{nat} ==$$

$$Rpsigma f \ n + Rpsigma (\text{fun } k : \text{nat} \Rightarrow f \ (n + k)\% \text{nat}) \ m.$$

Lemma *Rpsigma_zero* : $\forall f \ n,$

$$(\forall k, (k < n)\% \text{nat} \rightarrow f \ k == R0) \rightarrow Rpsigma f \ n == R0.$$

Hint Resolve *Rpsigma_zero*.

Lemma *Rpsigma_le* : $\forall f \ n \ k, (k < n)\% \text{nat} \rightarrow f \ k \leq Rpsigma f \ n.$

Hint Resolve *Rpsigma_le*.

Lemma *Rpsigma_not_zero* : $\forall f \ n \ k, (k < n)\% \text{nat} \rightarrow R0 < f \ k \rightarrow R0 < Rpsigma f \ n.$

Lemma *Rpsigma_zero_elim* : $\forall f \ n,$

$$Rpsigma f \ n == R0 \rightarrow \forall k, (k < n)\% \text{nat} \rightarrow f \ k == R0.$$

Lemma *Rpsigma_minus_decr* : $\forall f \ n, (\forall k, f(S k) \leq f k) \rightarrow Rpsigma (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f k - f(S k)) \ n == f O - f \ n.$
Lemma *Rpsigma_minus_incr* : $\forall f \ n, (\forall k, f k \leq f(S k)) \rightarrow Rpsigma (\text{fun } k \Rightarrow f(S k) - f k) \ n == f \ n - f \ O.$
Instance *Rpsigma_mon*: monotonic *Rpsigma*.
Save.
Lemma *Rpsigma_plus*:
 $\forall (f \ g : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n : \text{nat}), Rpsigma (\text{fun } k : \text{nat} \Rightarrow f k + g k) \ n == Rpsigma f \ n + Rpsigma g \ n.$

Lemma *Rpsigma_mult*:
 $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) (n : \text{nat}) (c : Rp), Rpsigma (\text{fun } k : \text{nat} \Rightarrow c \times f k) \ n == c \times Rpsigma f \ n.$

Lemma *Rpsigma_U2Rp* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) \ n, \text{retract } f \ n \rightarrow Rpsigma f \ n == \sigma f \ n.$
Hint Resolve *Rpsigma_U2Rp*.

Lemma *Rpsigma_U2Rp_bound* : $\forall (f : \text{nat} \rightarrow U) \ n, Rpsigma f \ n \leq n.$
Hint Resolve *Rpsigma_U2Rp_bound*.

Lemma *islub_Rpsigma* : $\forall (F : \text{nat} \rightarrow \text{nat} \rightarrow Rp) \{M:\text{monotonic } F\} (n:\text{nat}) (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow Rp), (\forall k, \text{islub } (\text{fun } p \Rightarrow F p k) (f k)) \rightarrow \text{islub } (\text{fun } p \Rightarrow Rpsigma (F p) \ n) (Rpsigma f \ n).$
Lemma *islub_U2Rp* : $\forall (f:\text{nat} \rightarrow U) (x:U), \text{islub } f \ x \rightarrow \text{islub } (\text{fun } n \Rightarrow U2Rp (f n)) (U2Rp x).$

20.12.1 Geometrical sum : sigma_0^n x^i

Section *GeometricalSum*.
Variable $x : Rp$.
Hypothesis *xone* : $x < R1$.
Definition *sumg* ($n:\text{nat}$) : $Rp := Rpsigma (Rpexp x) \ n$.
Lemma *sumg_0* : $\text{sumg } 0 = R0$.
Lemma *sumg_S* : $\forall n, \text{sumg } (S n) = (x ^ n) + \text{sumg } n$.
Instance *invx_not0* : *notz* ($R1 - x$).
Save.
Hint Resolve *invx_not0*.
Lemma *sumg_eq* : $\forall n, \text{sumg } n == [1/](R1 - x) \times (R1 - x ^ n)$.
Lemma *glb_exp_0* : *isglb* ($\text{fun } n \Rightarrow x ^ n$) $R0$.
Instance *mon_Rpexp_lt* : *monotonic* ($o2:=Iord Rp$) ($Rpexp x$).
Save.
Definition *RpExp* : $\text{nat} \rightarrow Rp := \text{mon } (o2:=Iord Rp) (Rpexp x)$.
Lemma *sumg_lim* : *islub* *sumg* ($[1/](R1 - x)$).
End *GeometricalSum*.

20.13 Miscellaneous lemmas

Lemma *U2Rp_half* : $\forall x \ y:U, U2Rp ([1/2] \times x + [1/2]^*y) == ([1/2] \times U2Rp x) + [1/2] \times U2Rp y$.
Lemma *Rphalf_plus* : $([1/2] + [1/2]) \% Rp == R1$.
Hint Resolve *Rphalf_plus*.
Lemma *Rphalf_refl* : $\forall t : Rp, ([1/2] \times t + [1/2] \times t)\%Rp == t$.
Hint Resolve *Rphalf_refl*.

Lemma *Rple_lt_eps*
 $\vdash \forall x y: Rp, (\forall eps: Rp, R0 < eps \rightarrow x \leq y + eps) \rightarrow x \leq y.$

20.14 Min Max

Definition *Rpmin r1 r2* :=
 $\text{match } lt_eq_lt_dec(\text{floor } r1) (\text{floor } r2) \text{ with}$
 $| inleft(left_) \Rightarrow r1$
 $| inleft(right_) \Rightarrow mkRp(\text{floor } r1) (\min(\text{decimal } r1) (\text{decimal } r2))$
 $| inright_ \Rightarrow r2$
 end.

Lemma *min_decimal_lt1* : $\forall x y, \min(\text{decimal } x) (\text{decimal } y) < 1.$

Hint Resolve *min_decimal_lt1*.

Lemma *Rpmin_le_right*: $\forall x y : Rp, Rpmin x y \leq x.$

Lemma *Rpmin_le_left*: $\forall x y : Rp, Rpmin x y \leq y.$

Hint Resolve *Rpmin_le_right* *Rpmin_le_left*.

Lemma *Rpmin_le*: $\forall x y z : Rp, z \leq x \rightarrow z \leq y \rightarrow z \leq Rpmin x y.$

Hint Immediate *Rpmin_le*.

Lemma *Rpmin_le_sym* : $\forall x y, Rpmin x y \leq Rpmin y x.$

Hint Resolve *Rpmin_le_sym*.

Lemma *Rpmin_sym* : $\forall x y, Rpmin x y == Rpmin y x.$

Hint Resolve *Rpmin_sym*.

Lemma *Rpmin_le_compat_left* : $\forall x y z, x \leq y \rightarrow Rpmin x z \leq Rpmin y z.$

Hint Resolve *Rpmin_le_compat_left*.

Lemma *Rpmin_le_compat_right* : $\forall x y z, y \leq z \rightarrow Rpmin x y \leq Rpmin x z.$

Hint Resolve *Rpmin_le_compat_right*.

Add Morphism *Rpmin* with signature *Ole* ==> *Ole* ==> *Ole* as *Rpmin_le_compat*.

Save.

Hint Immediate *Rpmin_le_compat*.

Add Morphism *Rpmin* with signature *Oeq* ==> *Oeq* ==> *Oeq* as *Rpmin_eq_compat*.

Save.

Hint Immediate *Rpmin_eq_compat*.

Lemma *Rpmin_idem*: $\forall x : Rp, Rpmin x x == x.$

Hint Resolve *Rpmin_idem*.

Lemma *Rpmin_eq_right* : $\forall x y : Rp, x \leq y \rightarrow Rpmin x y == x.$

Lemma *Rpmin_eq_left* : $\forall x y : Rp, y \leq x \rightarrow Rpmin x y == y.$

Hint Resolve *Rpmin_eq_right* *Rpmin_eq_left*.

20.15 A simplification tactic

Ltac *my_rewrite t* := setoid_rewrite t || rewrite t.

Ltac *Rpsimpl* := match goal with
 $\vdash \text{context } [(Rpplus R0 ?x)] \Rightarrow \text{my_rewrite} (Rpplus_zero_left x)$
 $\vdash \text{context } [(Rpplus ?x R0)] \Rightarrow \text{my_rewrite} (Rpplus_zero_right x)$
 $\vdash \text{context } [(U2Rp U1)] \Rightarrow \text{my_rewrite} U2Rp1_R1$
 $\vdash \text{context } [(U2Rp ?x)] \Rightarrow Usimpl$
 $\vdash \text{context } [(Rpmult R0 ?x)] \Rightarrow \text{my_rewrite} (Rpmult_zero_left x)$
 $\vdash \text{context } [(Rpmult ?x R0)] \Rightarrow \text{my_rewrite} (Rpmult_zero_right x)$
 $\vdash \text{context } [(Rpmult R1 ?x)] \Rightarrow \text{my_rewrite} (Rpmult_one_left x)$

```

| ⊢ context [(Rpmult ?x R1)] ⇒ my_rewrite (Rpmult_one_right x)
| ⊢ context [(Rpminus 0 ?x)] ⇒ my_rewrite (Rpminus_zero_left x)
| ⊢ context [(Rpminus ?x 0)] ⇒ my_rewrite (Rpminus_zero_right x)
| ⊢ context [(Rpmult ?x (Rp1div ?x))] ⇒ my_rewrite (Rp1div_right x)
| ⊢ context [(Rpmult (Rp1div ?x) ?x)] ⇒ my_rewrite (Rp1div_left x)

| ⊢ context [?x^O] ⇒ my_rewrite (Rpexp_0 x)
| ⊢ context [?x^(S O)] ⇒ my_rewrite (Rpexp_1 x)
| ⊢ context [0^(?n)] ⇒ my_rewrite Rpexp_zero; [idtac|omega]
| ⊢ context [R1^(?n)] ⇒ my_rewrite Rpexp_one
| ⊢ context [(NRpmult 0 ?x)] ⇒ my_rewrite NRpmult_0
| ⊢ context [(NRpmult 1 ?x)] ⇒ my_rewrite NRpmult_1
| ⊢ context [(NRpmult ?n 0)] ⇒ my_rewrite NRpmult_zero
| ⊢ context [(Rpsigma ?f O)] ⇒ my_rewrite Rpsigma_0
| ⊢ context [(Rpsigma ?f (S O))] ⇒ my_rewrite Rpsigma_1
| ⊢ (Ole (Rpplus ?x ?y) (Rpplus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpplus_le_compat_right
| ⊢ (Ole (Rpplus ?x ?z) (Rpplus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpplus_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Rpplus ?x ?z) (Rpplus ?z ?y)) ⇒ my_rewrite (Rpplus_sym z y);
    apply Rpplus_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Rpplus ?x ?y) (Rpplus ?z ?x)) ⇒ my_rewrite (Rpplus_sym x y);
    apply Rpplus_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Rpminus ?x ?y) (Rpminus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpminus_le_compat_right
| ⊢ (Ole (Rpminus ?x ?z) (Rpminus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpminus_le_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Rpplus ?x ?y) == (Rpplus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpplus_eq_compat_right
| ⊢ ((Rpplus ?x ?z) == (Rpplus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpplus_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Rpplus ?x ?z) == (Rpplus ?z ?y)) ⇒ my_rewrite (Rpplus_sym z y);
    apply Rpplus_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Rpplus ?x ?y) == (Rpplus ?z ?x)) ⇒ my_rewrite (Rpplus_sym x y);
    apply Rpplus_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Rpminus ?x ?y) == (Rpminus ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpminus_eq_compat_right
| ⊢ ((Rpminus ?x ?z) == (Rpminus ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpminus_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Rpmult ?x ?y) (Rpmult ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpmult_le_compat_right
| ⊢ (Ole (Rpmult ?x ?z) (Rpmult ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpmult_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Rpmult ?x ?z) (Rpmult ?z ?y)) ⇒ my_rewrite (Rpmult_sym z y);
    apply Rpmult_le_compat_left
| ⊢ (Ole (Rpmult ?x ?y) (Rpmult ?z ?x)) ⇒ my_rewrite (Rpmult_sym x y);
    apply Rpmult_le_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Rpmult ?x ?y) == (Rpmult ?x ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpmult_eq_compat_right
| ⊢ ((Rpmult ?x ?z) == (Rpmult ?y ?z)) ⇒ apply Rpmult_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Rpmult ?x ?z) == (Rpmult ?z ?y)) ⇒ my_rewrite (Rpmult_sym z y);
    apply Rpmult_eq_compat_left
| ⊢ ((Rpmult ?x ?y) == (Rpmult ?z ?x)) ⇒ my_rewrite (Rpmult_sym x y);
    apply Rpmult_eq_compat_left
end.

```

20.16 More lemmas on *notz*

Instance *notz_S* : $\forall k, \text{notz} (\text{N2Rp} (S k))$.

Hint Resolve *notz_S*.

Instance *notz_Rpexp* : $\forall r n, \text{notz } r \rightarrow \text{notz} (r^n)$.

Hint Resolve *notz_Rpexp*.

Instance *notz_square* : $\forall r, \text{notz } r \rightarrow \text{notz} (r^2)$.

Hint Resolve *notz_square*.

```

Lemma notz_Unth : ∀ n, notz ([1/]1+n)%U.
Hint Resolve notz_Unth.

Lemma notz_lt_0 : ∀ x, R0 < x → notz x.
Hint Resolve notz_lt_0.

Lemma notz_lt : ∀ x y, x < y → notz y.

Lemma notz_lt_minus : ∀ x y, x < y → notz (y-x).
Hint Resolve notz_lt_minus.

Lemma notz_N2Rp_lt_0 : ∀ n:nat, (0 < n)%nat → notz n.
Hint Resolve notz_N2Rp_lt_0.

Lemma notz_Rpdiv : ∀ x y, notz x → notz y → notz (x / y).
Hint Resolve notz_Rpdiv.

```

20.17 Compatibility of operations on U and $R+$

```

Lemma U2Rp_Nmult_eq : ∀ (n:nat) (u:U), n × u ≤ R1 →
  U2Rp (n */ u) == N2Rp n × U2Rp u.
Hint Resolve U2Rp_Nmult_eq.

Lemma Nmult_def_Rp : ∀ n x, Nmult_def n x → n × x ≤ R1.

Lemma U2Rp_Nmult_Nmult_def : ∀ n x, Nmult_def n x →
  U2Rp (Nmult n x) == n × x.

Lemma U2Rp_Unth : ∀ n, U2Rp (Unth n) == Rp1div (N2Rp (S n)).

Lemma Rpexp_Rpmult_distr :
  ∀ r1 r2 k, (r1 × r2) ^ k == r1 ^ k × r2 ^ k.
Hint Resolve Rpexp_Rpmult_distr.

```

21 RpRing.v: Ring and Field tactics for $Rplus$

Contributed by David Baelde, 2011

```

Add Rec LoadPath ".," as ALEA.

Require Import Uprop.
Require Import Rplus.
Open Scope Rp_scope.

Require Export Ring.

Lemma RplusSRth : semi_ring_theory R0 R1 Rpplus Rpmult (Oeq (A:=Rp)).

```

21.1 Power theory and how to recognize constant in powers

```

Require Import NAirth.

Lemma RplusSRpowertheory :
  power_theory R1 Rpmult (@Oeq Rp Rpord)
    nat_of_N Rpexp.

```

21.2 Morphism for coefficients in nat

```

Lemma RplusSRmorph :
  semi_morph R0 R1 Rpplus Rpmult (@Oeq Rp Rpord)
    0%nat 1%nat plus mult beq_nat
    N2Rp.

```

```

Ltac is_nat_cst n :=
match n with
| minus ?x ?y =>
  match (is_nat_cst x) with
  | true =>
    match (is_nat_cst y) with
    | true => constr:true
    | false => constr:false
    end
  | false => constr:false
  end
| S ?p => is_nat_cst p
| O => constr:true
| _ => constr:false
end.

Ltac nat_cst t :=
match is_nat_cst t with
| true => constr:(N_of_nat t)
| false => constr:NotConstant
end.

Ltac coeff_nat t :=
match t with
| N2Rp ?n =>
  match is_nat_cst n with
  | true => n | _ => constr:NotConstant
  end
| _ => constr:NotConstant
end.

Add Ring Rp_ring : RplusSRth (morphism RplusSRmorph,
                                constants [coeff_nat],
                                power_tac RplusSRpowertheory [nat_cst]).
```

21.3 Tests

```

Goal ∀ x y, x × 2 × x + y × x == x × y + 2 × x × x.
Goal ∀ x y, x × y × x == y × x^2.
```

21.4 Field

Require Export Field.

Lemma RplusSFth :
 $\text{semi_field_theory } R0\ R1\ Rplus\ Rpmult\ Rpdiv\ Rp1div\ (\text{Oeq } (A:=Rp))$.

Ltac remove_Sx x := match goal with
| ⊢ context[(S x)] => change (S x) with (1+x)%nat
end.

Ltac remove_S := match goal with
| x:nat ⊢ _ => remove_Sx x
end.

Ltac field_pre :=
try apply Ole_refl_eq;
repeat remove_S;
repeat first [

```

  rewrite U2Rp_Unth

| rewrite ← plus_Sn_m
| rewrite ← N2Rp_plus
| rewrite N2Rp_mult ].

Add Field Rp_field : RplusSFth (morphism RplusSRmorph,
  constants [coeff_nat],
  power_tac RplusSRpowertheory [nat_cst],
  preprocess [field_pre],
  postprocess [auto]).
```

Trick to kill subgoals of fields Lemma post_field_notz : $\forall x, \text{notz } (\text{N2Rp } x) \rightarrow \neg (\text{mkRp } x \ 0 == R0)$.
 Hint Resolve post_field_notz.

Section Test.

```

Variable x y z : Rp.
Variable n : nat.

Goal (1 / 2 × x + 1 / 2 × x == x).
Goal (x / 2 + x) × x == x^2 × 3 / 2.
Goal 3 × x == 6 × x × [1/2].
Goal ([1/2] × x + x) × x ≤ x^2 × 3 / 2.
Goal N2Rp (2-1)%nat == R1.
Goal x^(2-1) == x^1.
Goal (S (S n)) × x == (S n) × x + x.
```

End Test.

22 Intervals.v : Cpo of intervals of U

```

Add Rec LoadPath "." as ALEA.
Set Implicit Arguments.
Require Export Uprop.
Require Export Arith.
Require Export Omega.

Open Local Scope U_scope.
```

22.1 Definition

```

Record IU : Type := mk_IU {low:U; up:U; proper:low ≤ up}.
Hint Resolve proper.

the all set : [0,1] Definition full := mk_IU 0 1 (Upos 1).
singleton : [x] Definition singl (x:U) := mk_IU x x (Ole_refl x).
down segment : [0,x] Definition inf (x:U) := mk_IU 0 x (Upos x).
up segment : [x,1] Definition sup (x:U) := mk_IU x 1 (Unit x).
```

22.2 Relations

```

Definition Iin (x:U) (I:IU) := low I ≤ x ∧ x ≤ up I.
Definition Iincl I J := low J ≤ low I ∧ up I ≤ up J.
Definition Ieq I J := low I == low J ∧ up I == up J.
Hint Unfold Iin Iincl Ieq.
```

22.3 Properties

Lemma *Iin_low* : $\forall I, \text{In}(\text{low } I) I.$

Lemma *Iin_up* : $\forall I, \text{In}(\text{up } I) I.$

Hint Resolve *Iin_low* *Iin_up*.

Lemma *Iin_singl_elim* : $\forall x y, \text{In} x (\text{singl } y) \rightarrow x == y.$

Lemma *Iin_inf_elim* : $\forall x y, \text{In} x (\text{inf } y) \rightarrow x \leq y.$

Lemma *Iin_sup_elim* : $\forall x y, \text{In} x (\text{sup } y) \rightarrow y \leq x.$

Lemma *Iin_singl_intro* : $\forall x y, x == y \rightarrow \text{In} x (\text{singl } y).$

Lemma *Iin_inf_intro* : $\forall x y, x \leq y \rightarrow \text{In} x (\text{inf } y).$

Lemma *Iin_sup_intro* : $\forall x y, y \leq x \rightarrow \text{In} x (\text{sup } y).$

Hint Immediate *Iin_inf_elim* *Iin_sup_elim* *Iin_singl_elim*.

Hint Resolve *Iin_inf_intro* *Iin_sup_intro* *Iin_singl_intro*.

Lemma *Iin_class* : $\forall I x, \text{class}(\text{In} x I).$

Lemma *Iincl_class* : $\forall I J, \text{class}(\text{Incl } I J).$

Lemma *Ieq_class* : $\forall I J, \text{class}(\text{Ieq } I J).$

Hint Resolve *Iin_class* *Iincl_class* *Ieq_class*.

Lemma *Iincl_in* : $\forall I J, \text{Incl } I J \rightarrow \forall x, \text{In} x I \rightarrow \text{In} x J.$

Lemma *Iincl_low* : $\forall I J, \text{Incl } I J \rightarrow \text{low } J \leq \text{low } I.$

Lemma *Iincl_up* : $\forall I J, \text{Incl } I J \rightarrow \text{up } I \leq \text{up } J.$

Hint Immediate *Iincl_low* *Iincl_up*.

Lemma *Iincl_refl* : $\forall I, \text{Incl } I I.$

Hint Resolve *Iincl_refl*.

Lemma *Iincl_trans* : $\forall I J K, \text{Incl } I J \rightarrow \text{Incl } J K \rightarrow \text{Incl } I K.$

Instance *IUord* : $\text{ord } IU := \{Oeq := \text{fun } I J \Rightarrow \text{Ieq } I J; Ole := \text{fun } I J \Rightarrow \text{Incl } J I\}.$

Defined.

Lemma *low_le_compat* : $\forall I J : IU, I \leq J \rightarrow \text{low } I \leq \text{low } J.$

Lemma *up_le_compat* : $\forall I J : IU, I \leq J \rightarrow \text{up } J \leq \text{up } I.$

Instance *low_mon* : *monotonic low*.

Save.

Definition *Low* : $IU \text{-m} > U := \text{mon low}.$

Instance *up_mon* : *monotonic (o2:=Iord U) up*.

Save.

Definition *Up* : $IU \text{-m} \rightarrow U := \text{mon (o2:=Iord U) up}.$

Lemma *Ieq_incl* : $\forall I J, \text{Ieq } I J \rightarrow \text{Incl } I J.$

Lemma *Ieq_incl_sym* : $\forall I J, \text{Ieq } I J \rightarrow \text{Incl } J I.$

Hint Immediate *Ieq_incl* *Ieq_incl_sym*.

Lemma *lincl_eq_compat* : $\forall I J K L,$

$\text{Ieq } I J \rightarrow \text{Incl } J K \rightarrow \text{Ieq } K L \rightarrow \text{Incl } I L.$

Lemma *lincl_eq_trans* : $\forall I J K,$

$\text{Incl } I J \rightarrow \text{Ieq } J K \rightarrow \text{Incl } I K.$

Lemma *Ieq_incl_trans* : $\forall I J K,$

$\text{Ieq } I J \rightarrow \text{Incl } J K \rightarrow \text{Incl } I K.$

Lemma *Iincl_antisym* : $\forall I J, \text{Incl } I J \rightarrow \text{Incl } J I \rightarrow \text{Ieq } I J.$

Hint Immediate *Iincl_antisym*.

Lemma *Ieq_refl* : $\forall I, \text{Ieq } I \ I.$
 Hint Resolve *Ieq_refl*.
 Lemma *Ieq_sym* : $\forall I J, \text{Ieq } I \ J \rightarrow \text{Ieq } J \ I.$
 Hint Immediate *Ieq_sym*.
 Lemma *Ieq_trans* : $\forall I J K, \text{Ieq } I \ J \rightarrow \text{Ieq } J \ K \rightarrow \text{Ieq } I \ K.$
 Lemma *Isingl_eq* : $\forall x y, \text{Incl } (\text{singl } x) (\text{singl } y) \rightarrow x == y.$
 Hint Immediate *Isingl_eq*.
 Lemma *Incl_full* : $\forall I, \text{Incl } I \ \text{full}.$
 Hint Resolve *Incl_full*.

22.4 Operations on intervals

Definition *Iplus* $I \ J := \text{mk_IU } (\text{low } I + \text{low } J) (\text{up } I + \text{up } J)$
 $(\text{Uplus_le_compat_--- } (\text{proper } I) (\text{proper } J)).$
 Lemma *low_Iplus* : $\forall I J, \text{low } (\text{Iplus } I \ J) = \text{low } I + \text{low } J.$
 Lemma *up_Iplus* : $\forall I J, \text{up } (\text{Iplus } I \ J) = \text{up } I + \text{up } J.$
 Lemma *Iplus_in* : $\forall I J x y, \text{In } x \ I \rightarrow \text{In } y \ J \rightarrow \text{In } (x+y) (\text{Iplus } I \ J).$
 Lemma *lplus_in_elim* :
 $\forall I J z, \text{low } I \leq [1-] \text{up } J \rightarrow \text{In } z (\text{Iplus } I \ J)$
 $\rightarrow \text{exc } (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{In } x \ I \wedge$
 $\text{exc } (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow \text{In } y \ J \wedge z == x+y)).$

Definition *Imult* $I \ J := \text{mk_IU } (\text{low } I \times \text{low } J) (\text{up } I \times \text{up } J)$
 $(\text{Umult_le_compat_--- } (\text{proper } I) (\text{proper } J)).$
 Lemma *low_Imult* : $\forall I J, \text{low } (\text{Imult } I \ J) = \text{low } I \times \text{low } J.$
 Lemma *up_Imult* : $\forall I J, \text{up } (\text{Imult } I \ J) = \text{up } I \times \text{up } J.$
 Definition *Imultk* $p \ I := \text{mk_IU } (p \times \text{low } I) (p \times \text{up } I)$ (*Umult_le_compat_right p -- (proper I)*).
 Lemma *low_Imultk* : $\forall p I, \text{low } (\text{Imultk } p \ I) = p \times \text{low } I.$
 Lemma *up_Imultk* : $\forall p I, \text{up } (\text{Imultk } p \ I) = p \times \text{up } I.$
 Lemma *Imult_in* : $\forall I J x y, \text{In } x \ I \rightarrow \text{In } y \ J \rightarrow \text{In } (x \times y) (\text{Imult } I \ J).$
 Lemma *Imultk_in* : $\forall p I x, \text{In } x \ I \rightarrow \text{In } (p \times x) (\text{Imultk } p \ I).$

22.5 Limits of intervals

Definition *Ilim* : $\forall I: \text{nat } -m > \text{IU}, \text{IU}.$
 Defined.
 Lemma *low_lim* : $\forall (I: \text{nat } -m > \text{IU}), \text{low } (\text{Ilim } I) = \text{lub } (\text{Low } @ I).$
 Lemma *up_lim* : $\forall (I: \text{nat } -m > \text{IU}), \text{up } (\text{Ilim } I) = \text{glb } (\text{Up } @ I).$
 Lemma *lim_Incl* : $\forall (I: \text{nat } -m > \text{IU}) n, \text{Incl } (\text{Ilim } I) (I \ n).$
 Hint Resolve *lim_Incl*.
 Lemma *Incl_lim* : $\forall J (I: \text{nat } -m > \text{IU}), (\forall n, \text{Incl } J (I \ n)) \rightarrow \text{Incl } J (\text{Ilim } I).$
 Lemma *Hlim_incl_stable* : $\forall (I J: \text{nat } -m > \text{IU}), (\forall n, \text{Incl } (I \ n) (J \ n)) \rightarrow \text{Incl } (\text{Ilim } I) (\text{Ilim } J).$
 Hint Resolve *Hlim_incl_stable*.
 Instance *IUCpo* : *cpo* *IU* := {D0:=full; lub:=*Ilim*}.
 Defined.

23 Prog_intervals.v: Rules for distributions and intervals

Add Rec LoadPath ".\" as ALEA.

Require Export Prog.

Require Export Intervals.

Distributions operates on intervals

Definition $\text{Imu} : \forall (A:\text{Type}), \text{distr } A \rightarrow (A \rightarrow \text{IU}) \rightarrow \text{IU}$.

Defined.

Lemma $\text{low_Imu} : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (e:\text{distr } A) (F: A \rightarrow \text{IU}),$
 $\text{low} (\text{Imu } e F) = \mu e (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{low} (F x))$.

Lemma $\text{up_Imu} : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (e:\text{distr } A) (F: A \rightarrow \text{IU}),$
 $\text{up} (\text{Imu } e F) = \mu e (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{up} (F x))$.

Lemma $\text{Imu_monotonic} : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (e:\text{distr } A) (F G : A \rightarrow \text{IU}),$
 $(\forall x, \text{Incl} (F x) (G x)) \rightarrow \text{Incl} (\text{Imu } e F) (\text{Imu } e G)$.

Lemma $\text{Imu_stable_eq} : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (e:\text{distr } A) (F G : A \rightarrow \text{IU}),$
 $(\forall x, \text{Ieq} (F x) (G x)) \rightarrow \text{Ieq} (\text{Imu } e F) (\text{Imu } e G)$.

Hint Resolve Imu_monotonic Imu_stable_eq .

Lemma $\text{Imu_singl} : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (e:\text{distr } A) (f:A \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{Ieq} (\text{Imu } e (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{singl} (f x))) (\text{singl} (\mu e f))$.

Lemma $\text{Imu_inf} : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (e:\text{distr } A) (f:A \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{Ieq} (\text{Imu } e (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{inf} (f x))) (\text{inf} (\mu e f))$.

Lemma $\text{Imu_sup} : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (e:\text{distr } A) (f:A \rightarrow U),$
 $\text{Incl} (\text{Imu } e (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{sup} (f x))) (\text{sup} (\mu e f))$.

Lemma $\text{In_mu_Imu} :$
 $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (e:\text{distr } A) (F:A \rightarrow \text{IU}) (f:A \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall x, \text{In} (f x) (F x)) \rightarrow \text{In} (\mu e f) (\text{Imu } e F)$.

Hint Resolve In_mu_Imu .

Definition $\text{Iok} (A:\text{Type}) (I:\text{IU}) (e:\text{distr } A) (F:A \rightarrow \text{IU}) := \text{Incl} (\text{Imu } e F) I$.

Definition $\text{Iokfun} (A B:\text{Type}) (I:A \rightarrow \text{IU}) (e:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (F:A \rightarrow B \rightarrow \text{IU})$
 $:= \forall x, \text{Iok} (I x) (e x) (F x)$.

Lemma $\text{In_mu_Iok} :$
 $\forall (A:\text{Type}) (I:\text{IU}) (e:\text{distr } A) (F:A \rightarrow \text{IU}) (f:A \rightarrow U),$
 $(\forall x, \text{In} (f x) (F x)) \rightarrow \text{Iok} I e F \rightarrow \text{In} (\mu e f) I$.

23.0.1 Stability

Lemma $\text{Iok_le_compat} : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (I J:\text{IU}) (e:\text{distr } A) (F G:A \rightarrow \text{IU}),$
 $\text{Incl} I J \rightarrow (\forall x, \text{Incl} (G x) (F x)) \rightarrow \text{Iok} I e F \rightarrow \text{Iok} J e G$.

Lemma $\text{Iokfun_le_compat} : \forall (A B:\text{Type}) (I J:A \rightarrow \text{IU}) (e:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (F G:A \rightarrow B \rightarrow \text{IU}),$
 $(\forall x, \text{Incl} (I x) (J x)) \rightarrow (\forall x y, \text{Incl} (G x y) (F x y)) \rightarrow \text{Iokfun} I e F \rightarrow \text{Iokfun} J e G$.

23.0.2 Rule for values

Lemma $\text{Iunit_eq} : \forall (A:\text{Type}) (a:A) (F:A \rightarrow \text{IU}), \text{Ieq} (\text{Imu} (\text{Munit } a) F) (F a)$.

23.0.3 Rule for application

Lemma $\text{Ilet_eq} : \forall (A B:\text{Type}) (a:\text{distr } A) (f:A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (I:\text{IU}) (G:B \rightarrow \text{IU}),$
 $\text{Ieq} (\text{Imu} (\text{Mlet } a f) G) (\text{Imu } a (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow \text{Imu} (f x) G))$.

Hint Resolve *Ilet_eq*.

Lemma *Iapply_rule* : $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (a : \text{distr } A) (f : A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (I : IU) (F : A \rightarrow IU) (G : B \rightarrow IU)$,
 $Iok I a F \rightarrow Iokfun F f (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow G) \rightarrow Iok I (\text{Mlet } a f) G$.

23.0.4 Rule for abstraction

Lemma *Ilambda_rule* : $\forall (A B : \text{Type}) (f : A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) (F : A \rightarrow IU) (G : A \rightarrow B \rightarrow IU)$,
 $(\forall x : A, Iok (F x) (f x) (G x)) \rightarrow Iokfun F f G$.

23.0.5 Rule for conditional

Lemma *Imu_Mif_eq* : $\forall (A : \text{Type}) (b : \text{distr bool}) (f1 f2 : \text{distr } A) (F : A \rightarrow IU)$,
 $Ieq (Imu (Mif b f1 f2) F) (Iplus (Imultk (mu b B2U) (Imu f1 F)) (Imultk (mu b NB2U) (Imu f2 F)))$.

Lemma *Iifrule* :

$\forall (A : \text{Type}) (b : \text{distr bool}) (f1 f2 : \text{distr } A) (I1 I2 : IU) (F : A \rightarrow IU)$,
 $Iok I1 f1 F \rightarrow Iok I2 f2 F$
 $\rightarrow Iok (Iplus (Imultk (mu b B2U) I1) (Imultk (mu b NB2U) I2)) (Mif b f1 f2) F$.

23.0.6 Rule for fixpoints

with $\phi_i x = F \phi_{i+1} x$, p a decreasing sequence of intervals functions ($p(i+1)x$ is a subset of $(p i x)$ such that $(p 0 x)$ contains 0 for all x).

$\forall f i, (\forall x, iok (p i x) f (q x)) \Rightarrow \forall x, iok (p(i+1)x) (F f x) (q x)$ implies $\forall x, iok (\text{lub } p x) (\phi_i x) (q x)$.
Section *IFixrule*.

Variables $A B : \text{Type}$.

Variable $F : (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B) \text{-m}> (A \rightarrow \text{distr } B)$.

Section *IRuleseq*.

Variable $Q : A \rightarrow B \rightarrow IU$.

Variable $I : A \rightarrow nat \text{-m}> IU$.

Lemma *Ifixrule* :

$(\forall x : A, Iin 0 (I x O)) \rightarrow$
 $(\forall (i : nat) (f : A \rightarrow \text{distr } B),$
 $Iokfun (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow I x i) f Q \rightarrow Iokfun (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow I x (S i)) (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow F f x) Q)$
 $\rightarrow Iokfun (\text{fun } x \Rightarrow Ilim (I x)) (\text{Mfix } F) Q$.

End *IRuleseq*.

Section *ITransformFix*.

Section *IFix_muF*.

Variable $Q : A \rightarrow B \rightarrow IU$.

Variable $ImuF : (A \rightarrow IU) \text{-m}> (A \rightarrow IU)$.

Lemma *ImuF_stable* : $\forall I J, I == J \rightarrow ImuF I == ImuF J$.

Section *IF_muF_results*.

Hypothesis *Iincl_F_ImuF* :

$\forall f x, f \leq \text{Mfix } F \rightarrow$
 $Iincl (Imu (F f x) (Q x)) (ImuF (\text{fun } y \Rightarrow Imu (f y) (Q y)) x)$.

Lemma *Iincl_fix_ifix* : $\forall x, Iincl (Imu (\text{Mfix } F x) (Q x)) (\text{fixp } (D := A \rightarrow IU) ImuF x)$.

Hint Resolve *Iincl_fix_ifix*.

End *IF_muF_results*.

End *IFix_muF*.

End *ITransformFix*.

End *IFixrule*.

Lemma *IFlip_eq* : $\forall Q : \text{bool} \rightarrow IU, Ieq (Imu \text{Flip } Q) (Iplus (Imultk [1/2] (Q true)) (Imultk [1/2] (Q false)))$.

Hint Resolve *IFlip_eq*.