Panel discussion "Harmonizing Technology with Society"



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Security Technologies in Present Days



- 1) Consumer Security
- 2) Corporate Security
- 3) Network Security

Consumer Security



- Protect client devices from Cyber attack
 - > Firewall
 - Virus scan and vaccine
 - Host intrusion prevention system
- Physical security
 - > Storage Encryption (HDD, Removable device)
- Protect access to malicious site
 - > URL Filtering
 - Phishing-site Filtering
 - > Content Filtering
- Present Situations of Cyber Security
 - > New malicious Web links are increased and infected by trusted sites
 - > Spam mails, Online magazines, mainstream news sites
 - > Blog/SNS/Bulletin board, Popular search engines, Personal webs



The volume of anonymous proxy Web sites reflects this trend:

Increase in Anonymous Proxy Web Sites

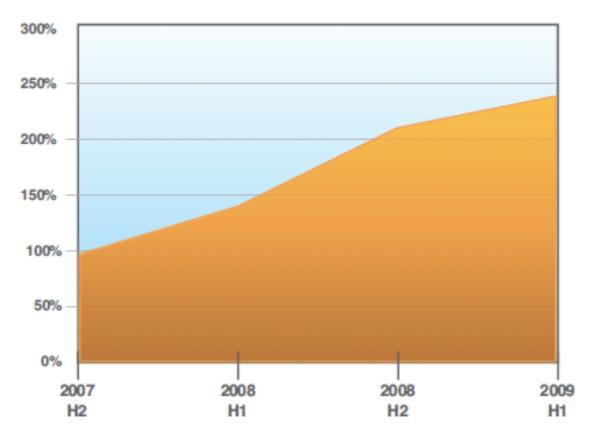


Figure 20: Volume of Anonymous Proxy Web Sites, 2007 H2-2009 H1

Corporate Security



Protect web application from cyber attack

Web Application Firewall (WAF)

SQL Injection LDAP Injection Xpath Injection

Cross site scripting Cross Site Request Forgery Shell command Injection

Server side include PHP File include Directory traversal

Cookie poisoning JavaScript Object Notation Buffer over flow

Intelligence leakage protection

- > Server based computing (Thin client)
- Log management
- > Access control
- > Authentication

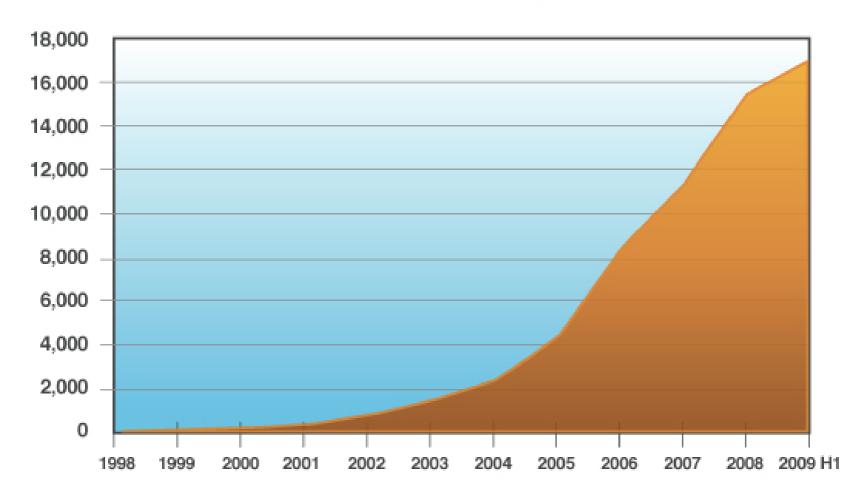
Benefits and drawbacks of Cloud Computing

- > Benefits: Use of CC can provide standard security management fulfilling almost security needs.
- > Drawbacks: Sometimes it is hard to meet the particular security requirement.



Vulnerability Disclosures Affecting Web Applications

Cumulative, year over year



source: IBM X-Force®

Network Security



DNS Defender

- > Protect DNS Servers that use "Deep Packet Inspection" (DPI)
 - ✓ Cache Poisoning
 - ✓ Invalid flags and checksums
 - ✓ IP Spoofing
 - ✓ Drop fragmented UDP packets
 - ✓ Request and Response length checking
 - ✓ DDos
 - ✓ Cache UDP DNS responses
- Distributed Denial of Service Defender (DDoS)
 - > Protect networks that use "Deep Packet Inspection" (DPI) from DDoS attack
 - ✓ SYN Flood
 - ✓ Ping Flood
 - ✓ Ping of Death
 - ✓ Connection Flood

Answer to the Questions (1/2)



Question1

- -The legal system usually depends on the regulations in which the new information system is based on.
 In general, changes to the legal system are moderate.
- Morality usually depend on the history and customs of the people.
- Management would be the practical executable process for the administration of the new information system.
- -Technology supports management in terms of the efficiency but, sometimes management is not executable without technology.

The legal system and morality will be the circumstances of the information system. For the design of the global information system, the legal system and morality should be globally compatible.

The incompatibility of the legal system and morality must be solved by management and technology.

As a result, management would be the most practical means for the social Innovation.

Answer to the Questions (2/2)



Question2

The social scientist would be expected to be researching the harmonization of opposing thoughts for the benefits of the society:

Examples of opposing thought are

- Freedom of speech versus protection of privacy
- Freedom of personal behavior versus national or social security
- Information disclosure versus disadvantage or attack of personal beliefs etc