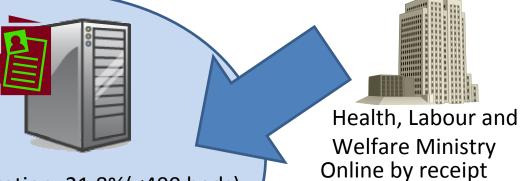
Medical data analysis infrastructure - Attempt at the Kochi Medical School -

Hiromi KATAOKA, Yutaka HATAKEYAMA, Yoshiyasu OKUHARA, Shu KURAMOTO Kochi Medical School

Background



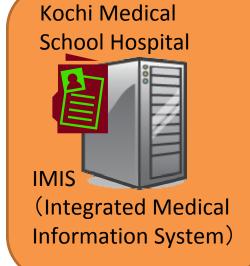
Electronic Health Record



Penetration: 21.8%(<400 beds)

68% (>400 beds)

Japanese Association of Healthcare Information Systems industry



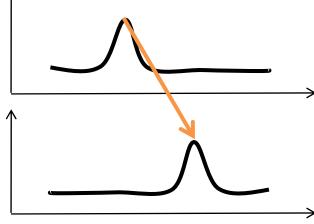
Data analysis

- Quality enhancement of medical treatment
- Secondary use for EBM

Purpose

- Data anonymizing
 - Privacy protection
- Large variety of data type
 - Number, text, waveform data, image
- Standardization of test data in different
 - hospitals
 - Existence of test error





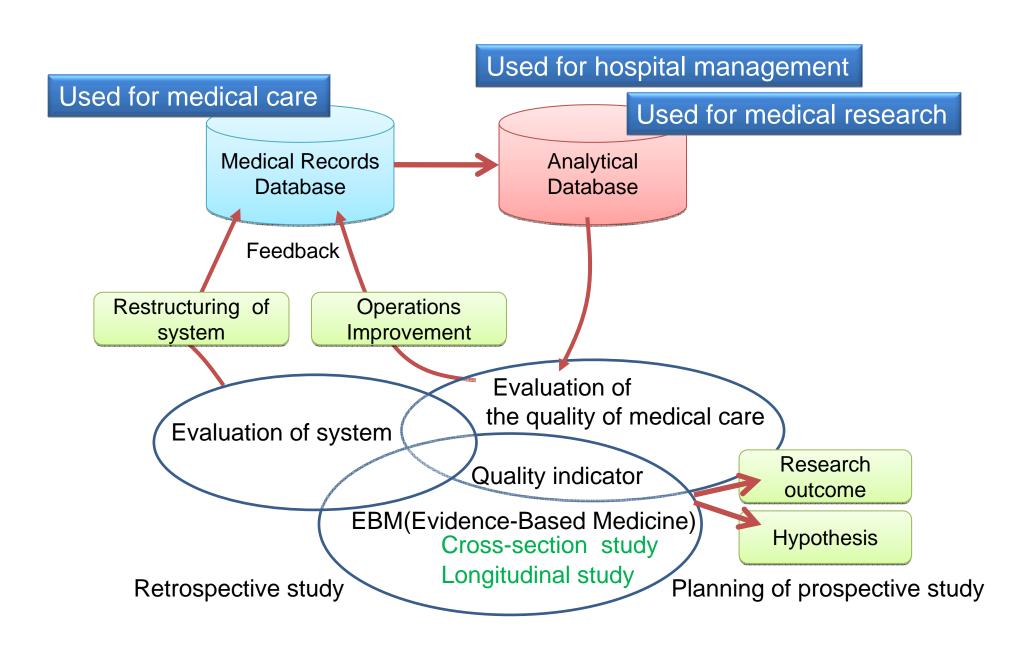


Fig1. Need for Analytical Database

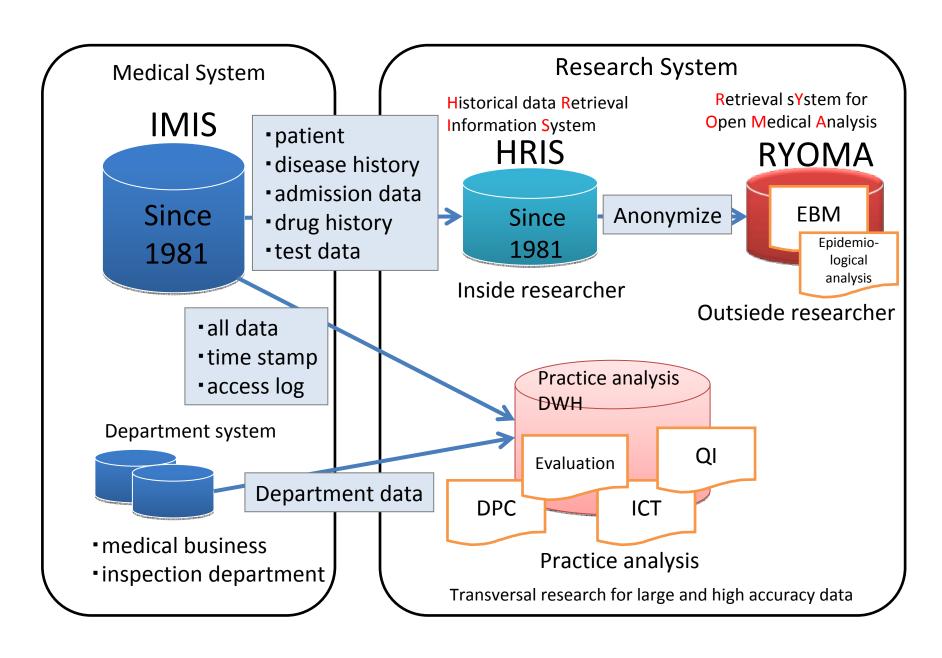


Fig.2 DWH system in Kochi Medical School Hospital

Process for anonymous data

- Anonymizeing for Patient ID
 - reversible mapping
- Change of date information (shifting)
 - Definition of changing date
- Data removal for few disease

Removal patient —	Patient ID	Anonymous ID	Shifting date
	0000001	1234567890	5
	0000002	X	X
	0000003	0987654321	-3

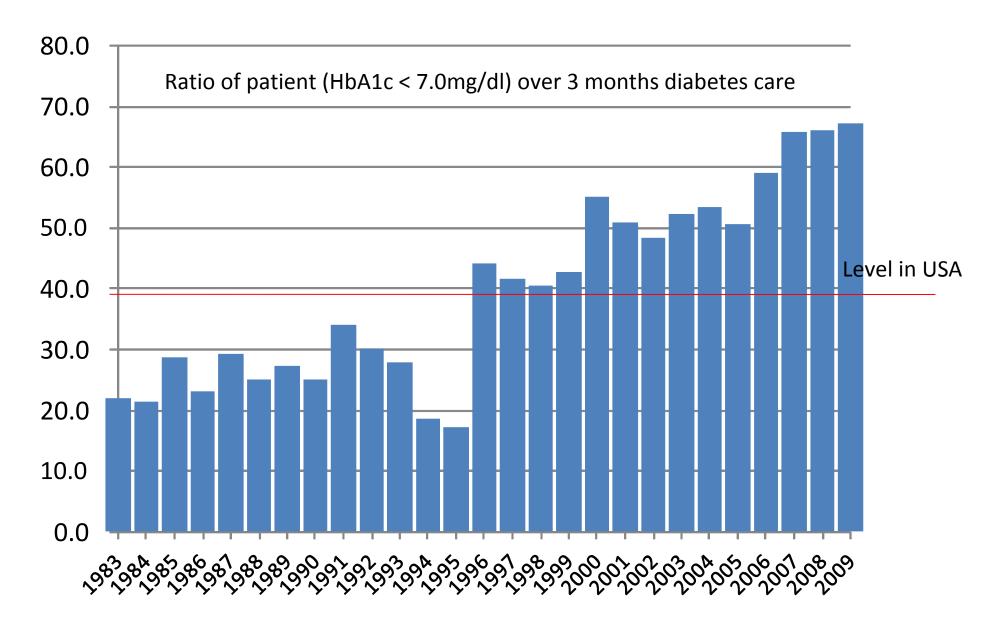


Fig.3. Ratio of control patient for diabetes care

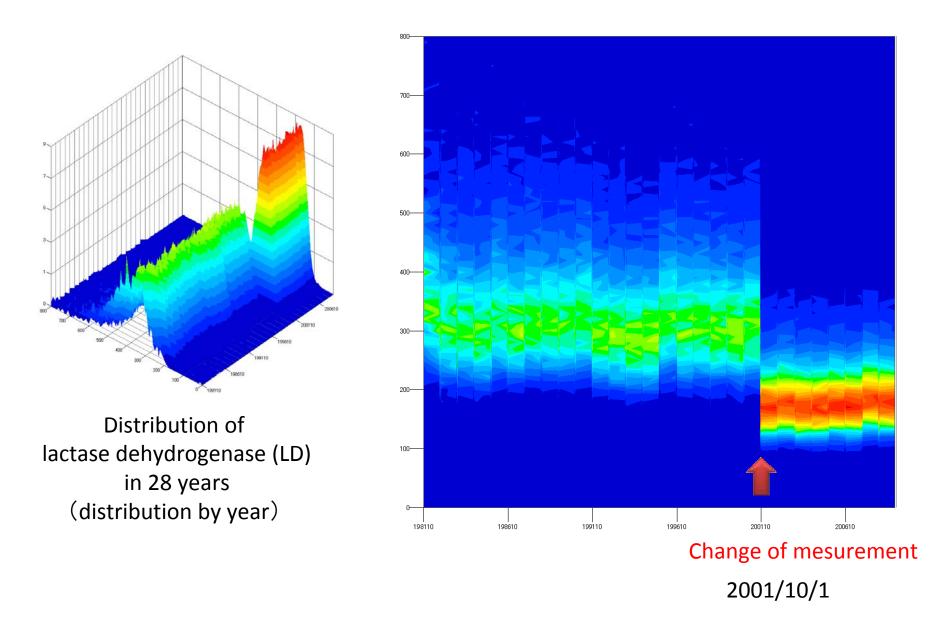


Fig.4. Standardization of test data in measurement change

Definition of coefficient of transformation based on data distribution

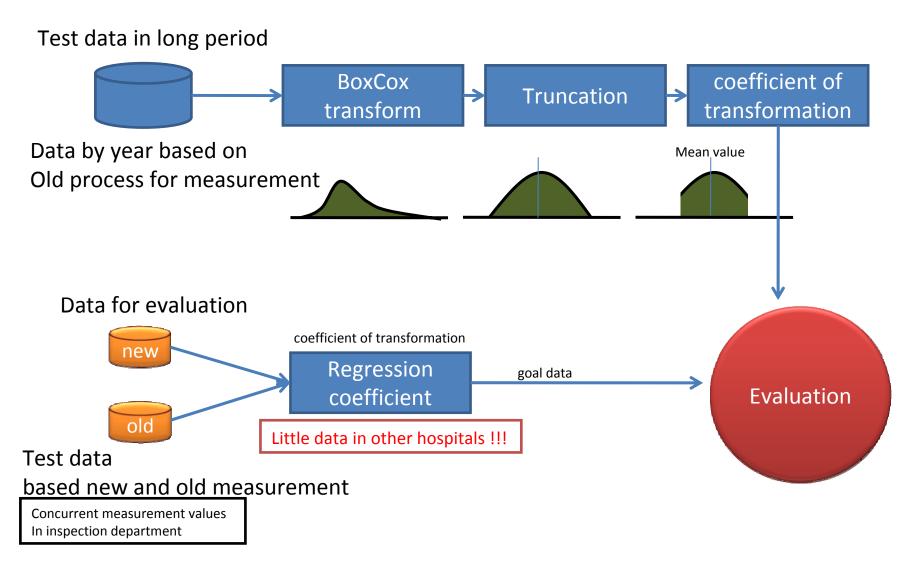


Fig.5. Proposal of normalization process

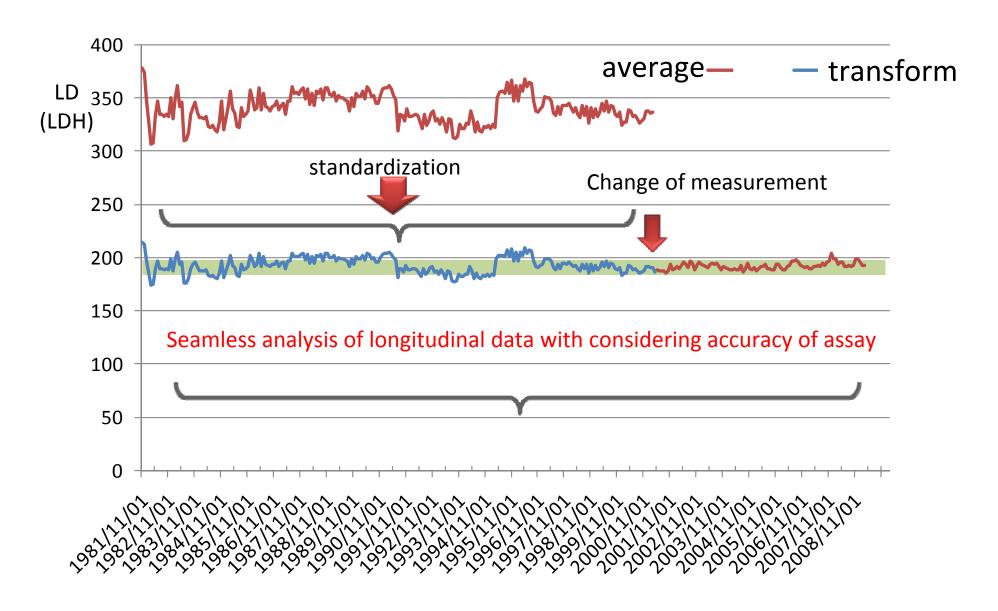


Fig.6. Sample of standardization result

5. Conclusion

- •Infrastructure development for medical records
 - Kochi medical school hospital from 1981
- Secondary use
 - •medical economics, estimation,...
- Data integration process with other hospitals
 - standardization
- Right management system of each medical data
 - Patients, hospitals, ...