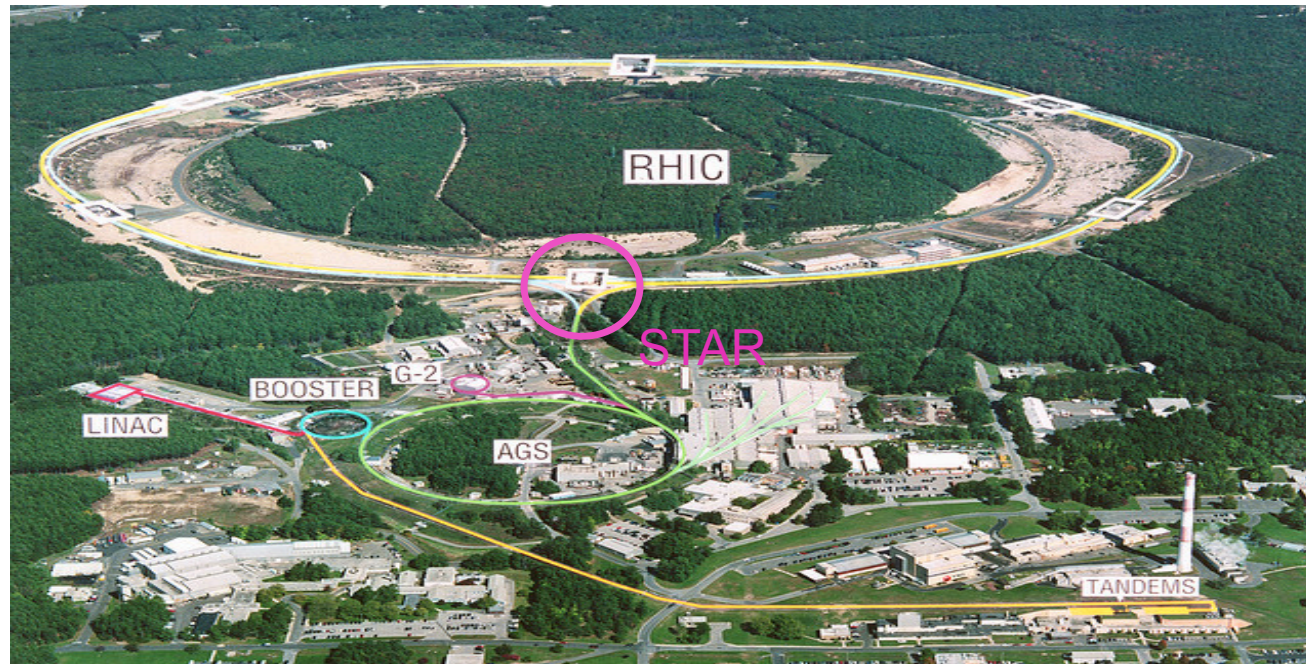




The STAR FGT upgrade program



Xuan Li for the STAR Collaboration
Temple University

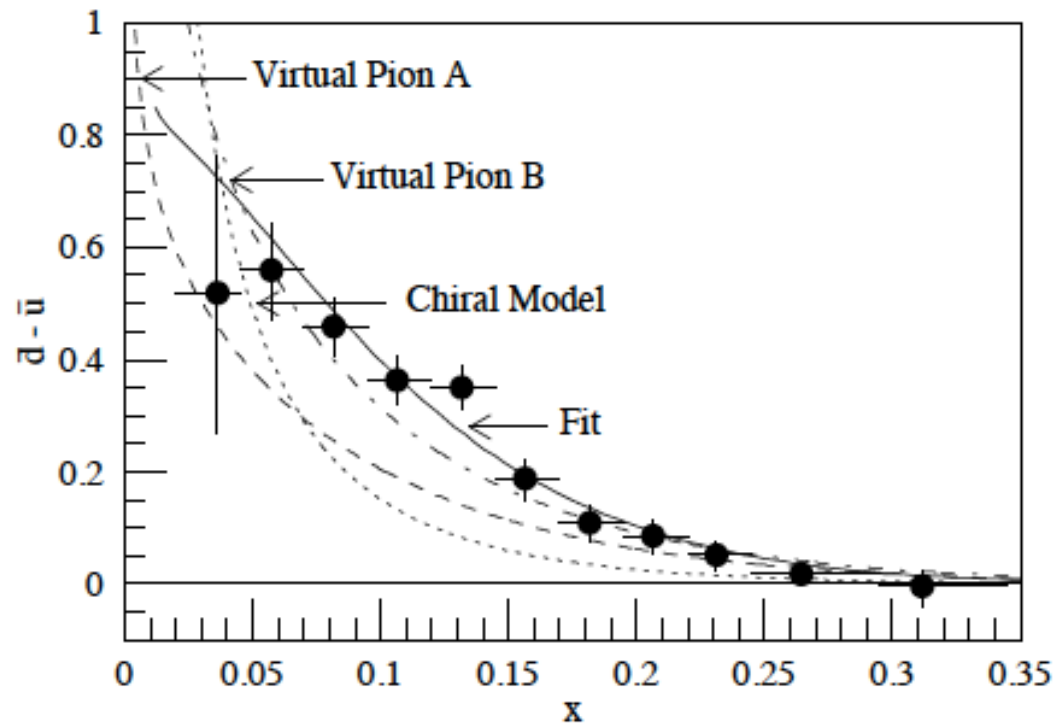


Outline

- Motivation
 - Forward GEM Tracker (FGT) physics program
- FGT overview
 - Assembly and installation
 - Cosmic ray results for RHIC Run 13
- FGT upgrade and open discussion for p+A collisions
- Summary

Motivation

- Asymmetry of unpolarized sea quark distribution function had been found in Drell-Yan process ($p+N \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$).

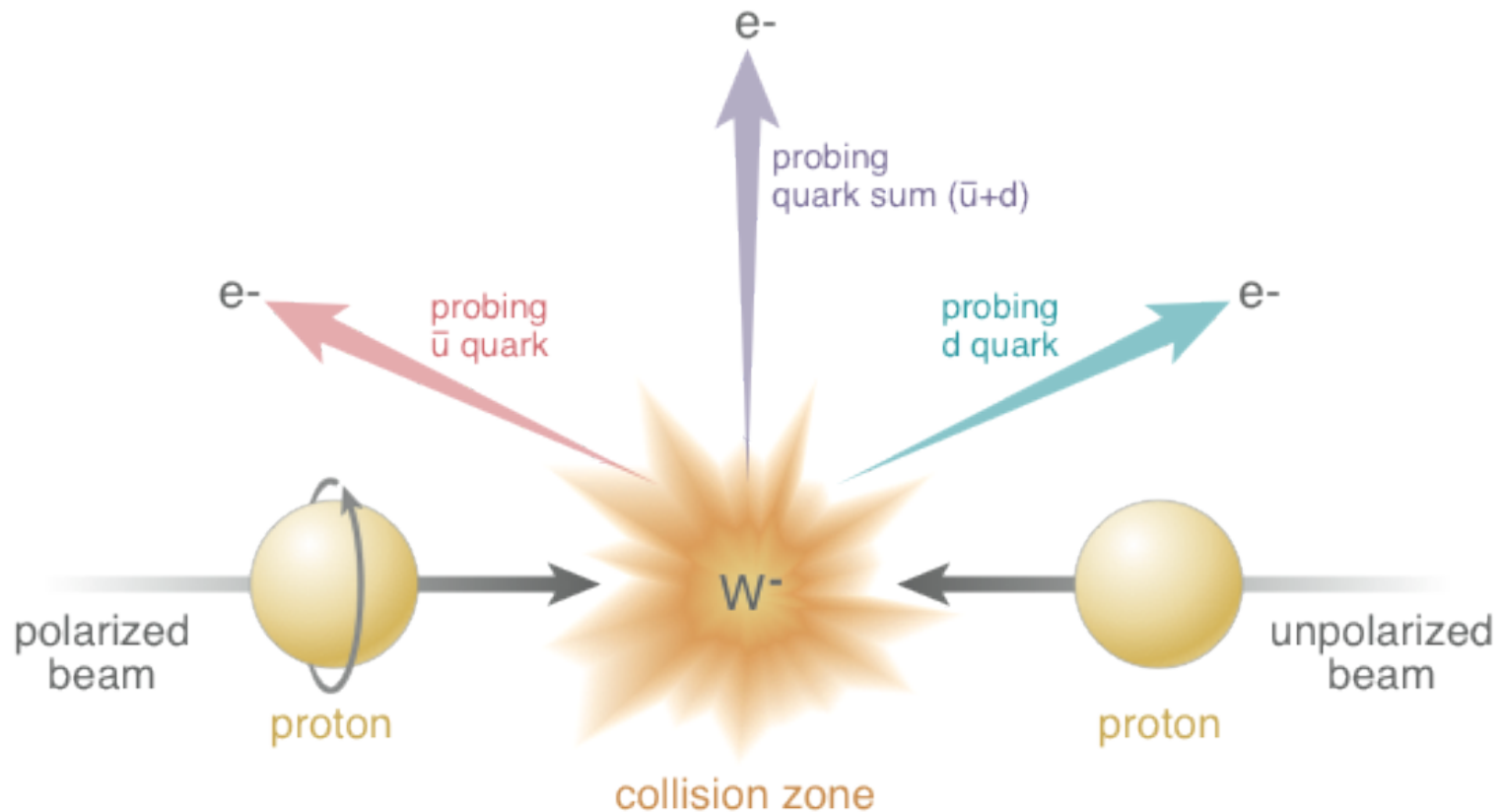


T.C.Awes et al.,
Phys.Rev.D58:092004,1998

- Other channels?
- How about polarized sea quark distribution?

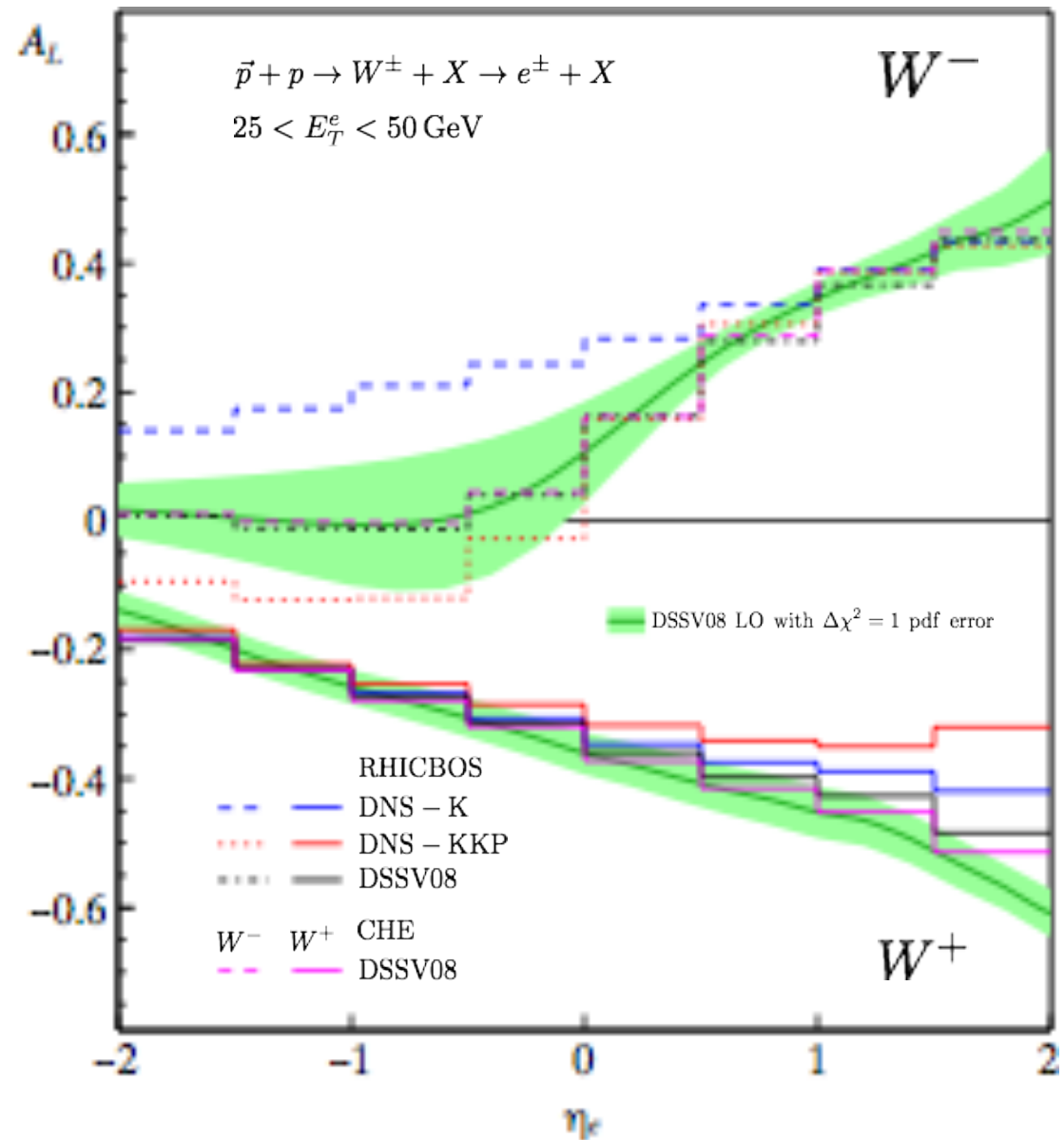
W production – unique new probe to measure quark polarization

- Probing polarized quark distribution via W production.



W measurement at STAR

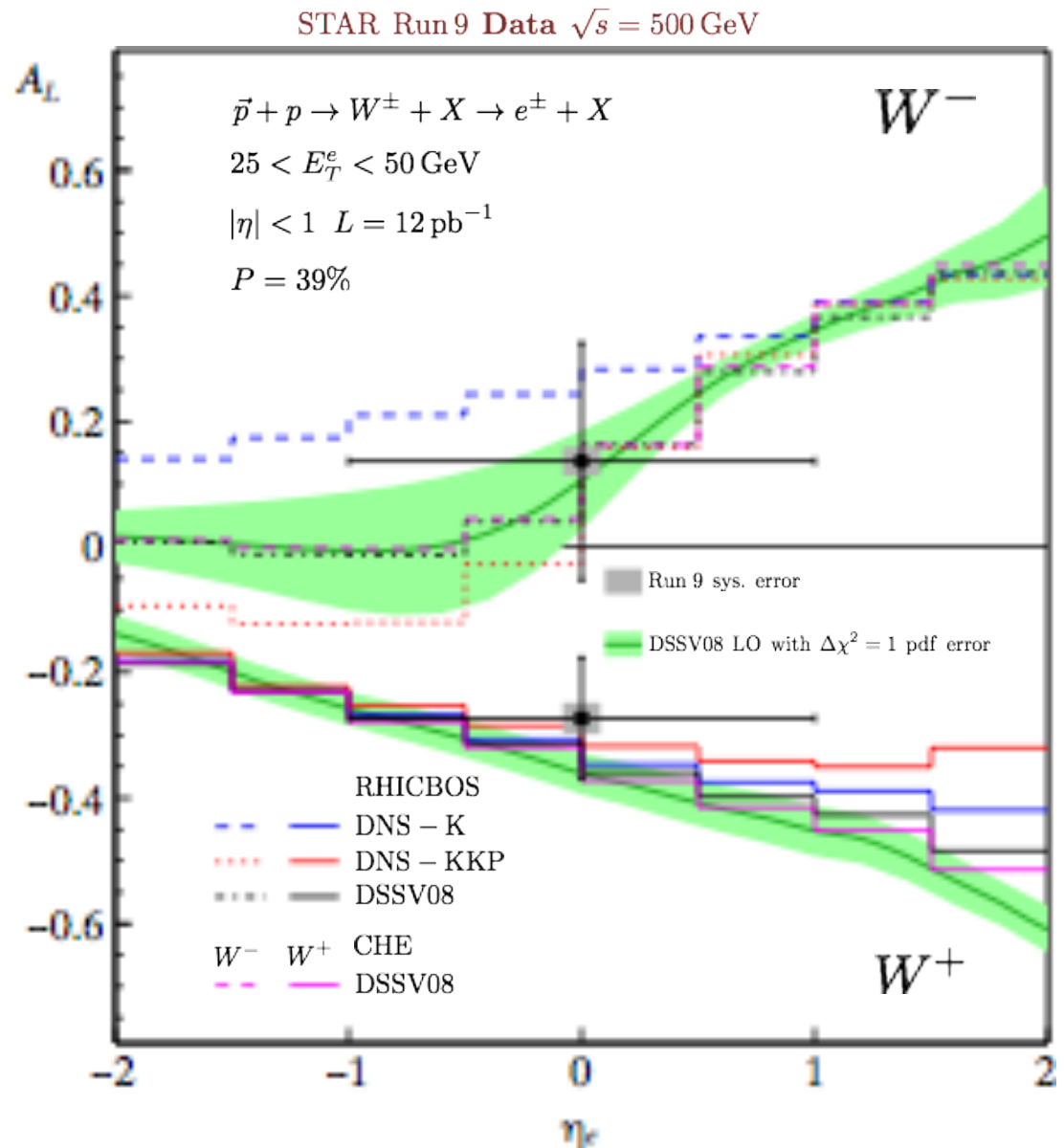
- STAR A_L results and projection.



W measurement at STAR

- STAR A_L results and projection.

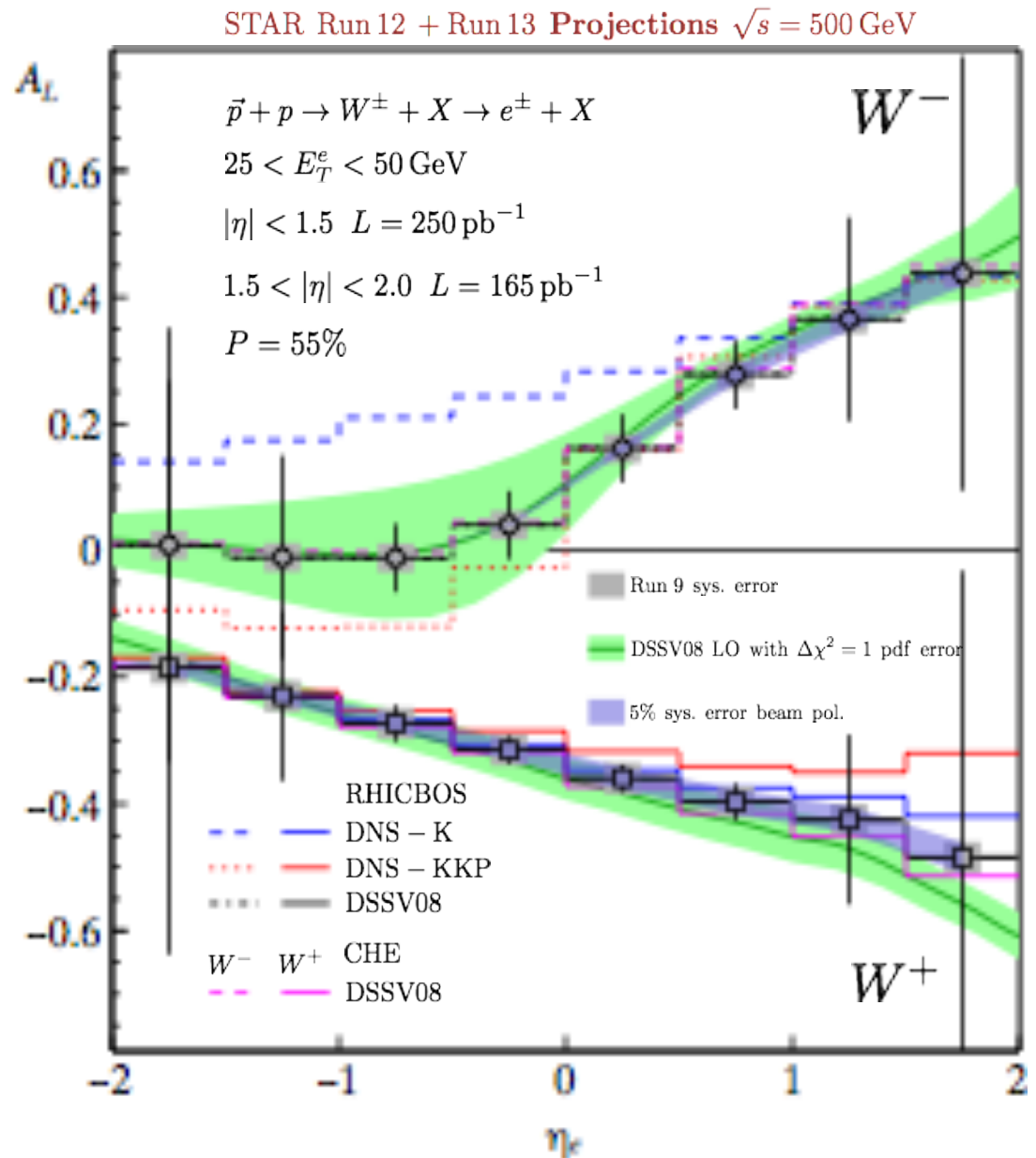
Measured asymmetries (Run 9) are in agreement with theory evaluations using polarized pdf's (DSSV) constrained by polarized DIS data
 \Rightarrow Universality of helicity distr. functions!



W measurement at STAR

- STAR A_L results and projection.
 - Measured asymmetries (Run 9) are in agreement with theory evaluations using polarized pdf's (DSSV) constrained by polarized DIS data
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Critical: Measurement of W^+ and W^- asymmetries as a function η_e



W measurement at STAR

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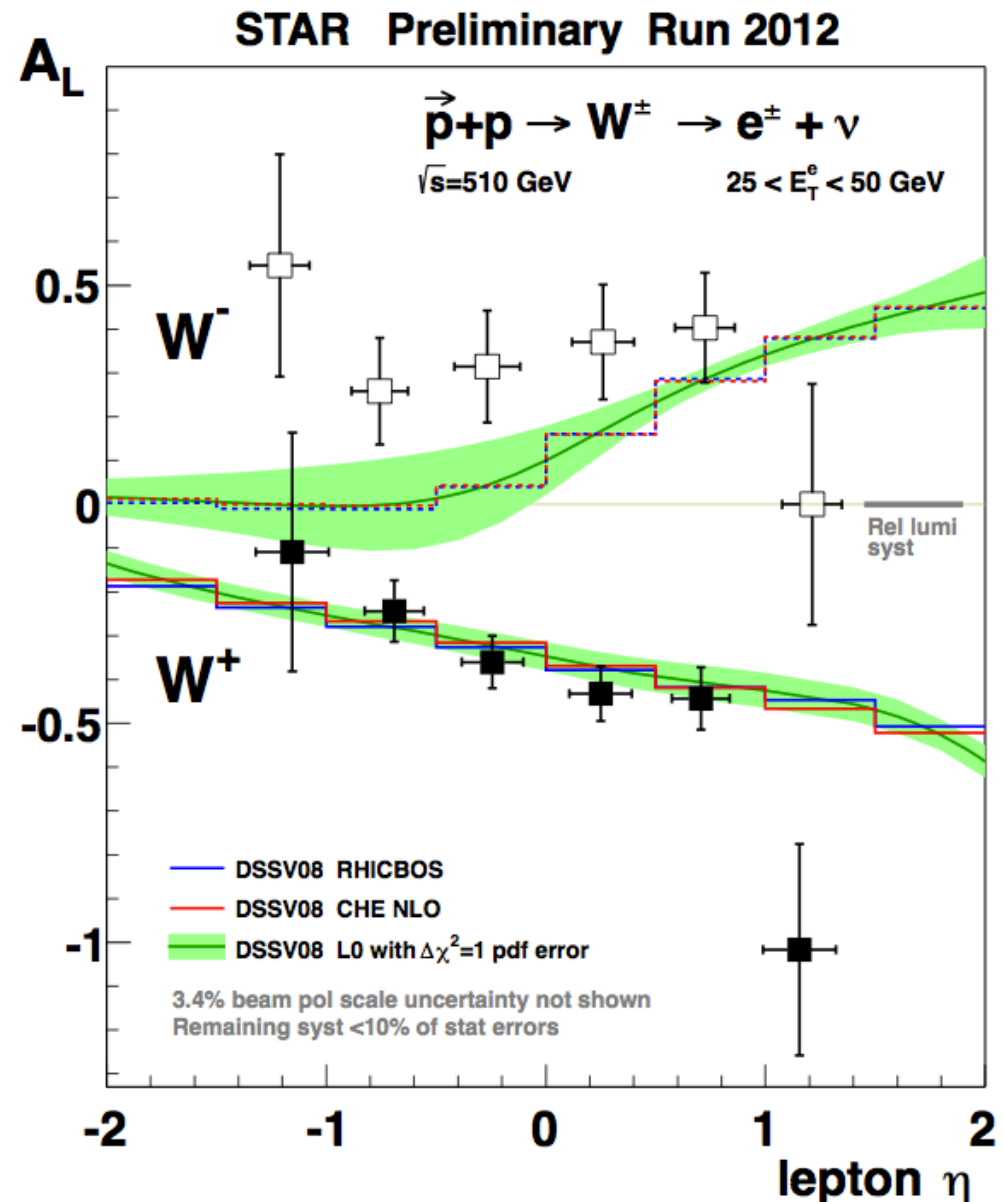
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 \Rightarrow Universality of helicity distr. functions!

Critical: Measurement of W^+ and W^- asymmetries as a function η_e

Extension of backward / forward η_e

acceptance enhances sensitivity to anti-u / anti-d quark polarization

\Rightarrow STAR Forward GEM Tracker ($1 < |\eta_e| < 2$)



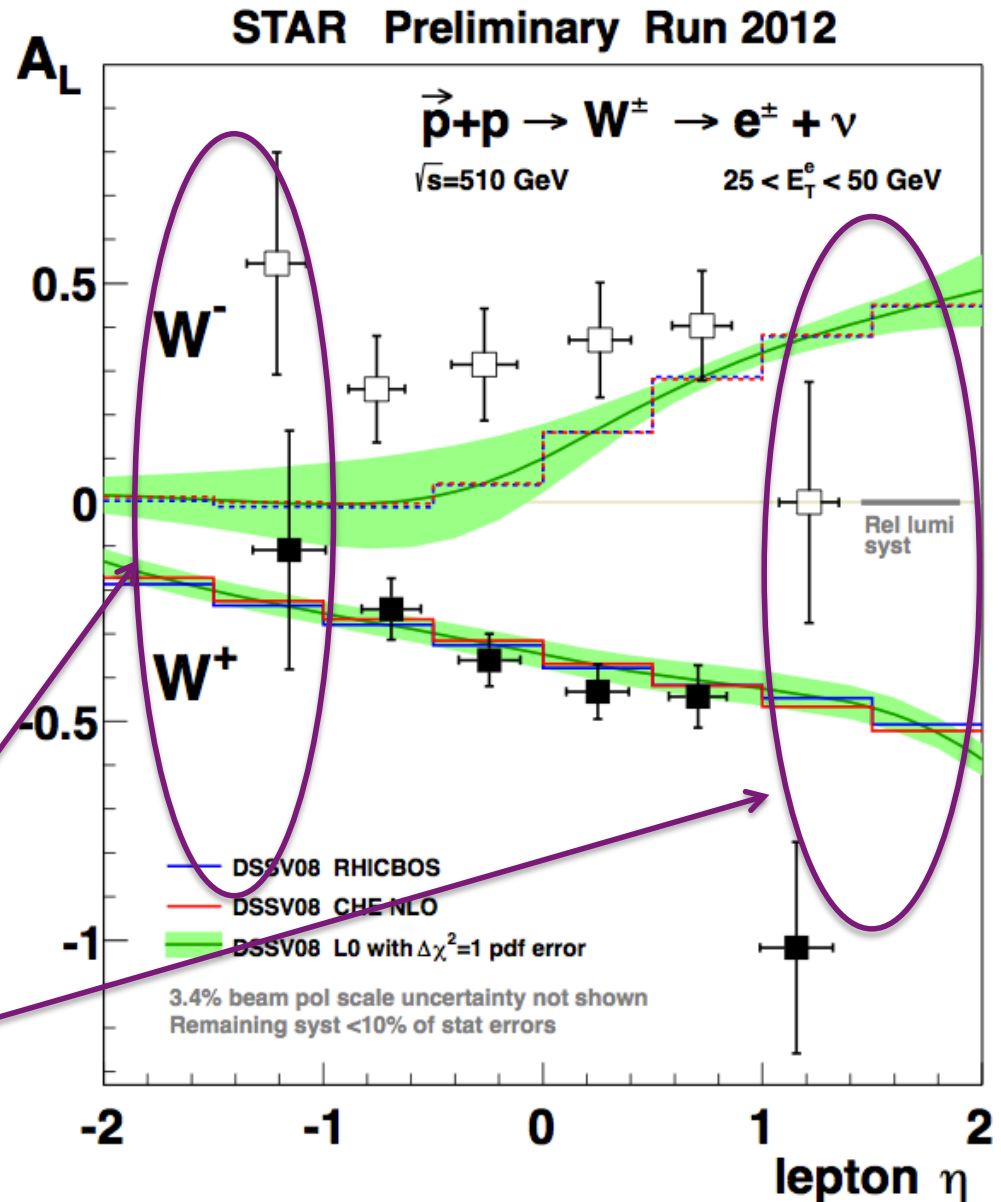
W measurement at STAR

- STAR A_L results and projection.

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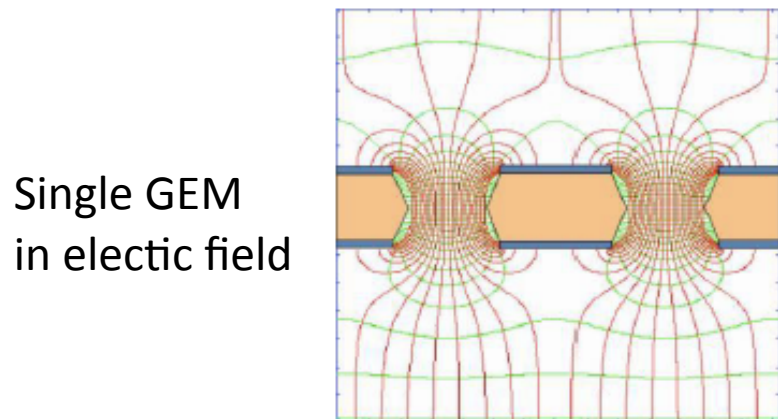
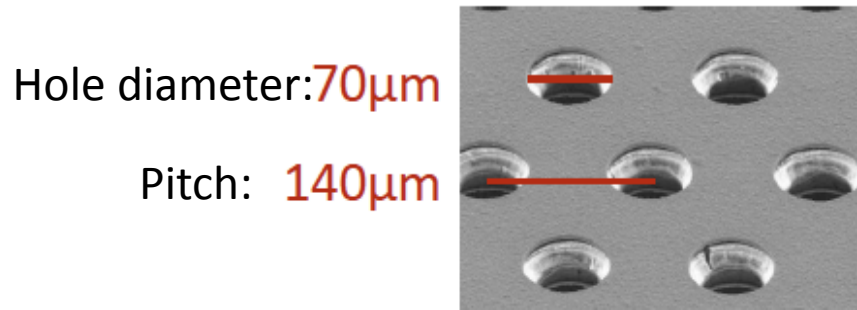
Critical: Measurement of W^+ and W^- asymmetries as a function η_e

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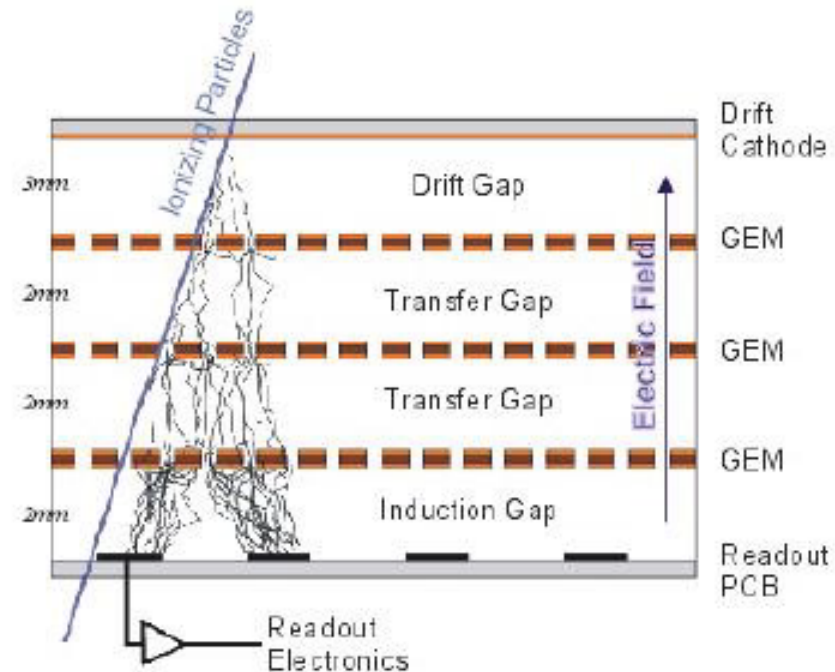


GEM technology

- Gas Electron Multiplier technology used for its high resolution capabilities at a very low mass.



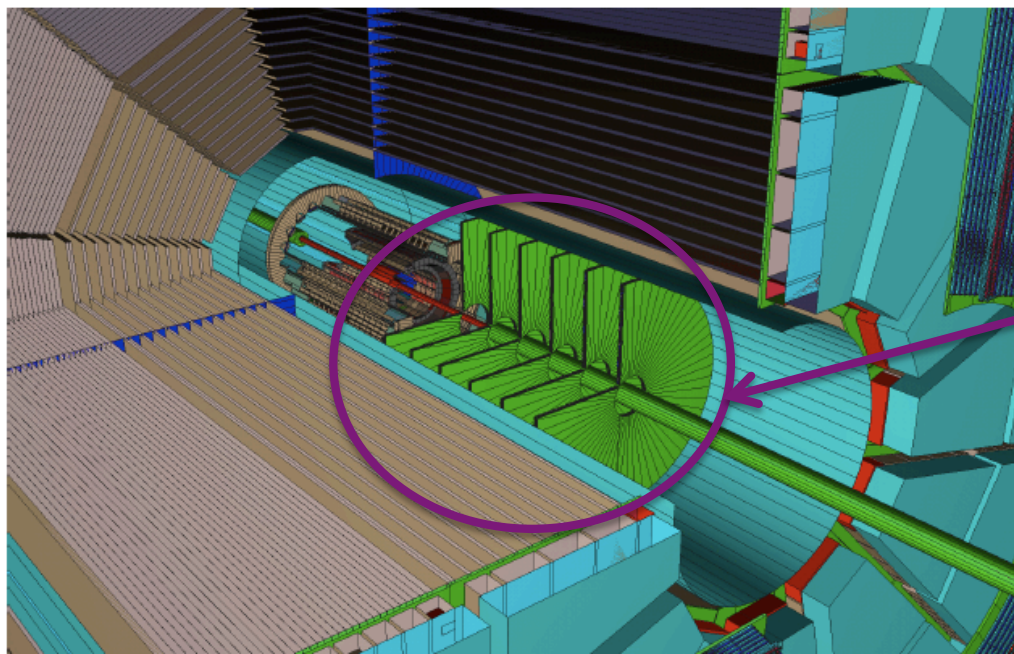
Ionizing particles pass through Triple GEM



- GEMs use a high electric field in the holes of a copper coated foil to amplify very small signals produced by ionizing particles.

FGT overview - design

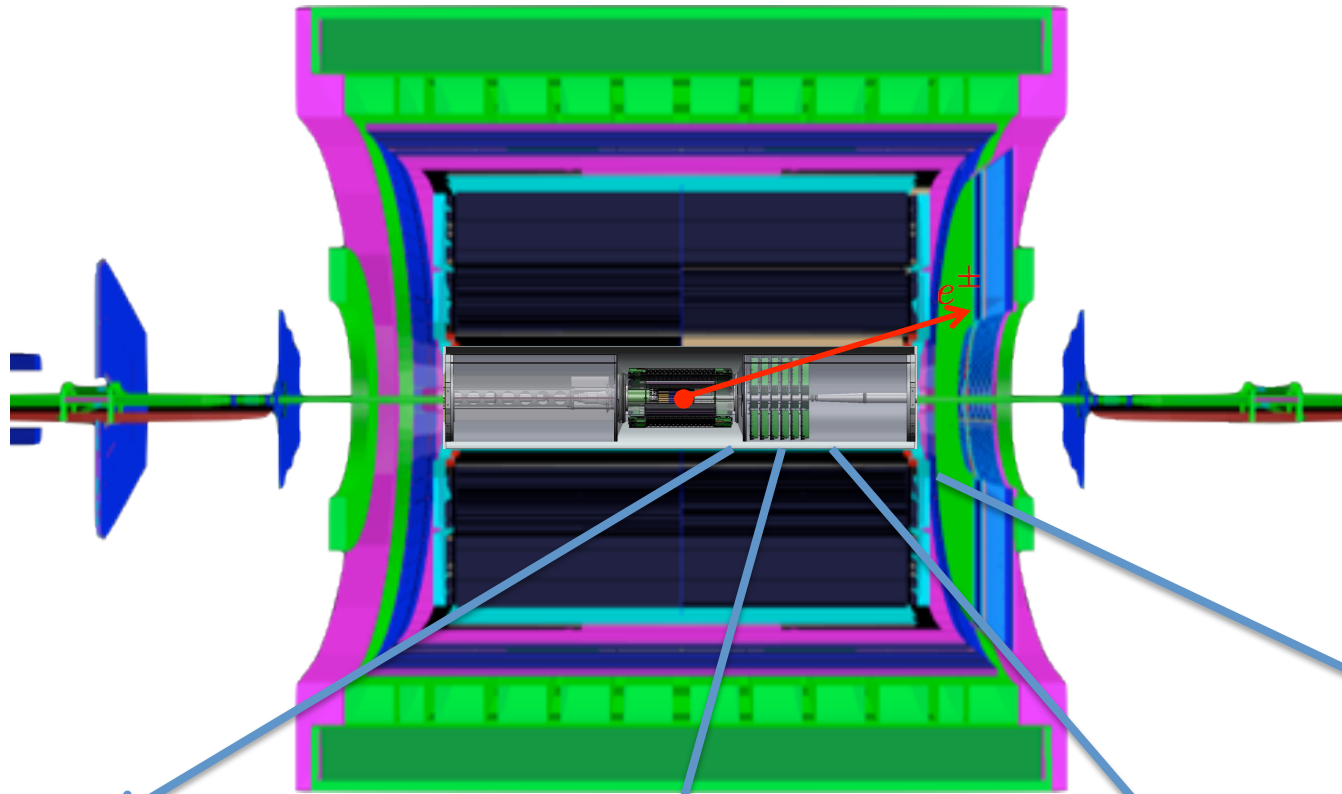
- Design constraints
 - Low mass which is important being close to interaction region.
 - Size limited by GEM foil production technology.
 - High rate – around $0.5\text{MHz}/\text{cm}^2$, very radiation tolerant.



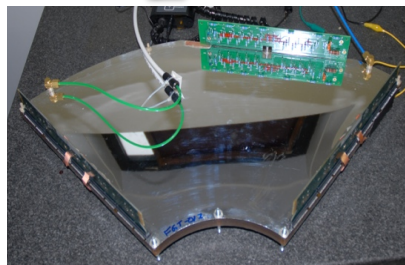
FGT installed inside STAR

FGT overview - construction

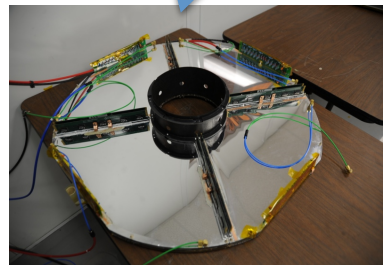
- Forward GEM Tracker - layout



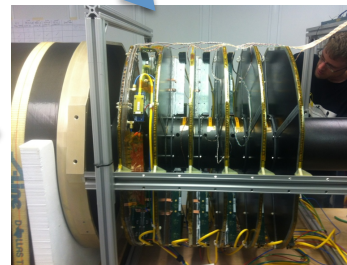
The FGT has been fully installed in STAR for RHIC Run 13.



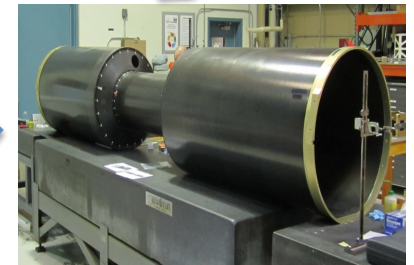
Quarter section
 ρ +A physics at RHIC workshop



Disk
Xuan Li (Temple University)



FGT consists of 6 disks

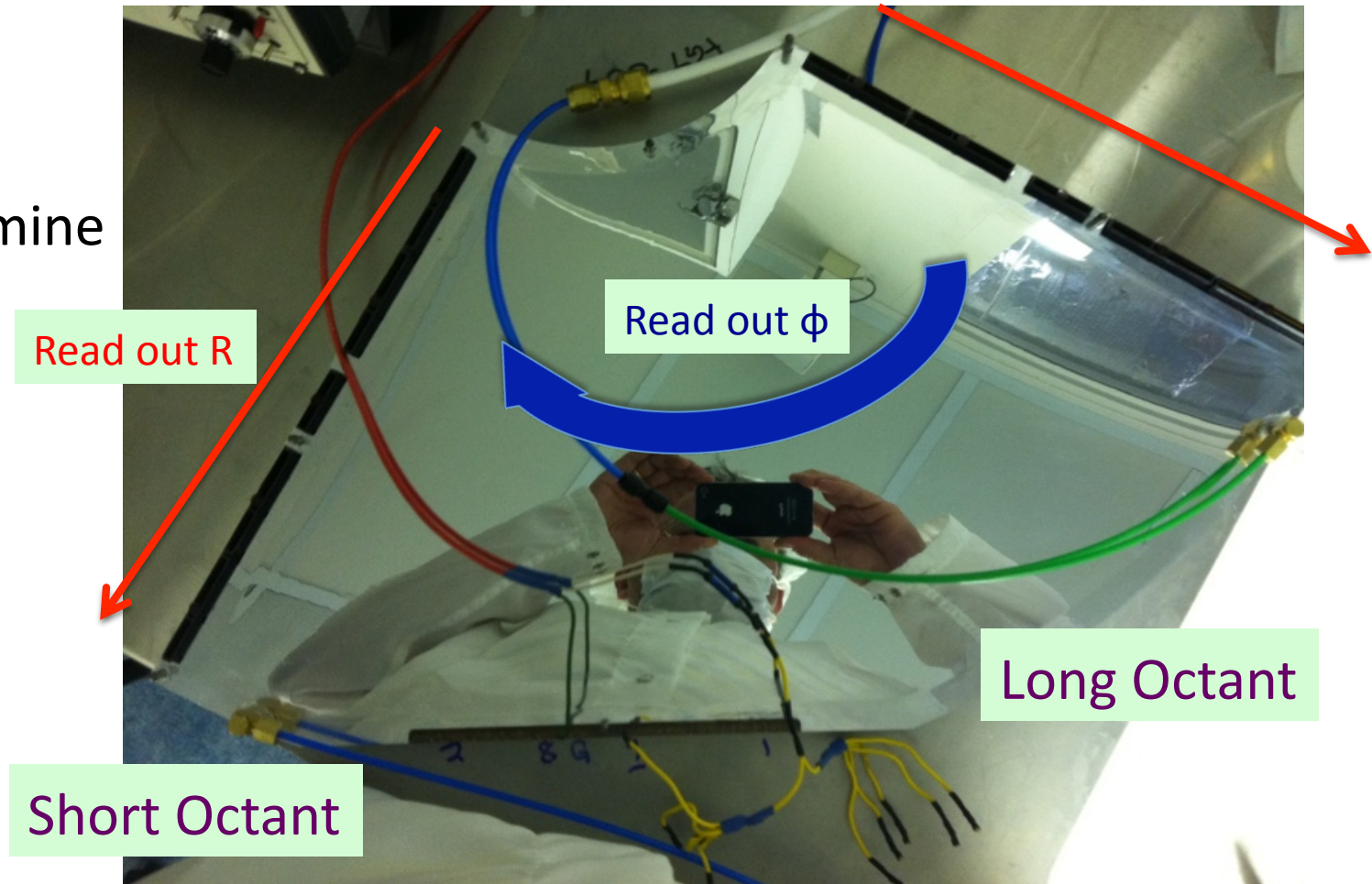


West Support Cylinder (WSC)
for FGT

Look inside FGT quadrant

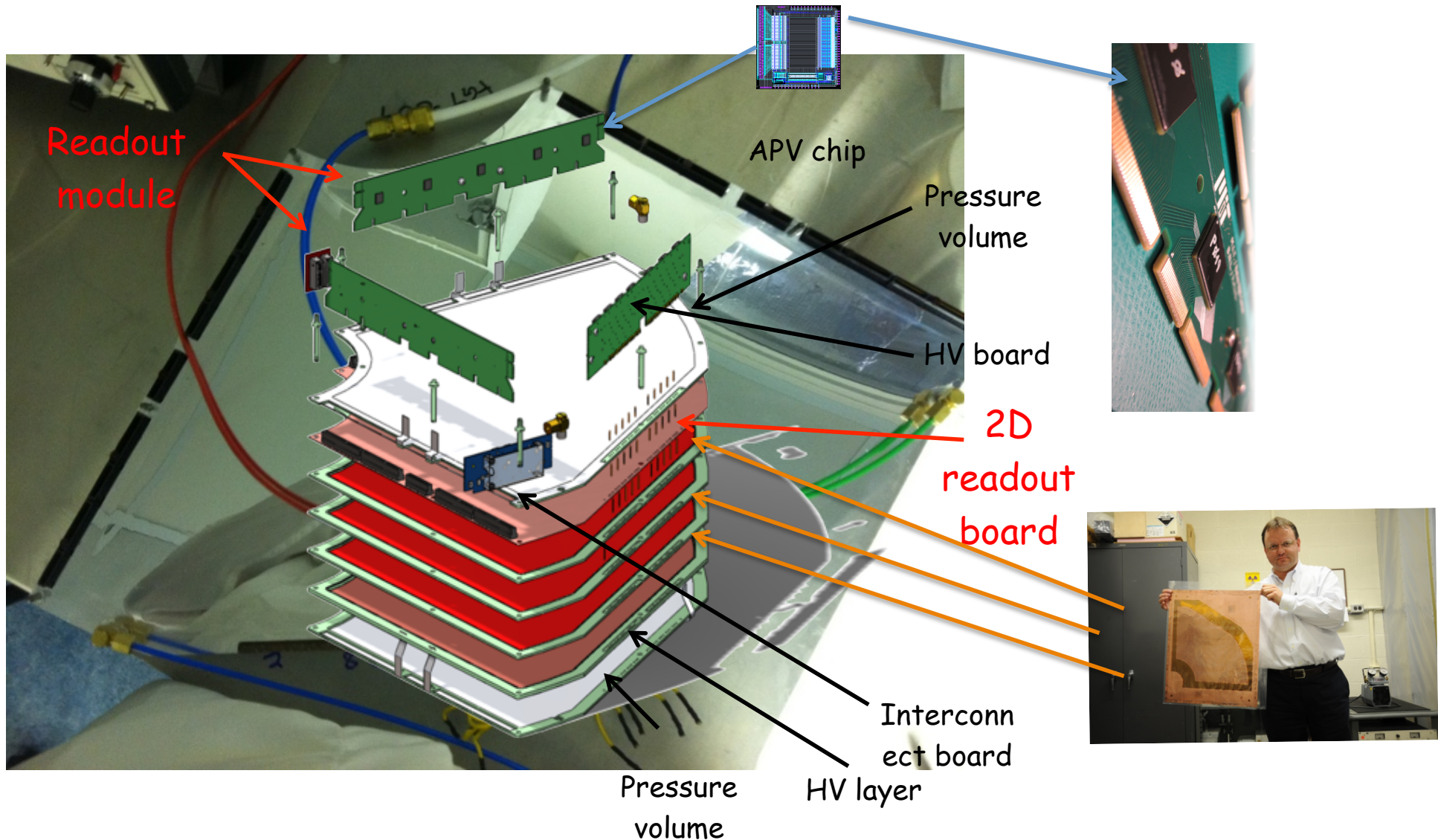
- FGT quarter section - layout

Read out R , ϕ
value to determine
hit position



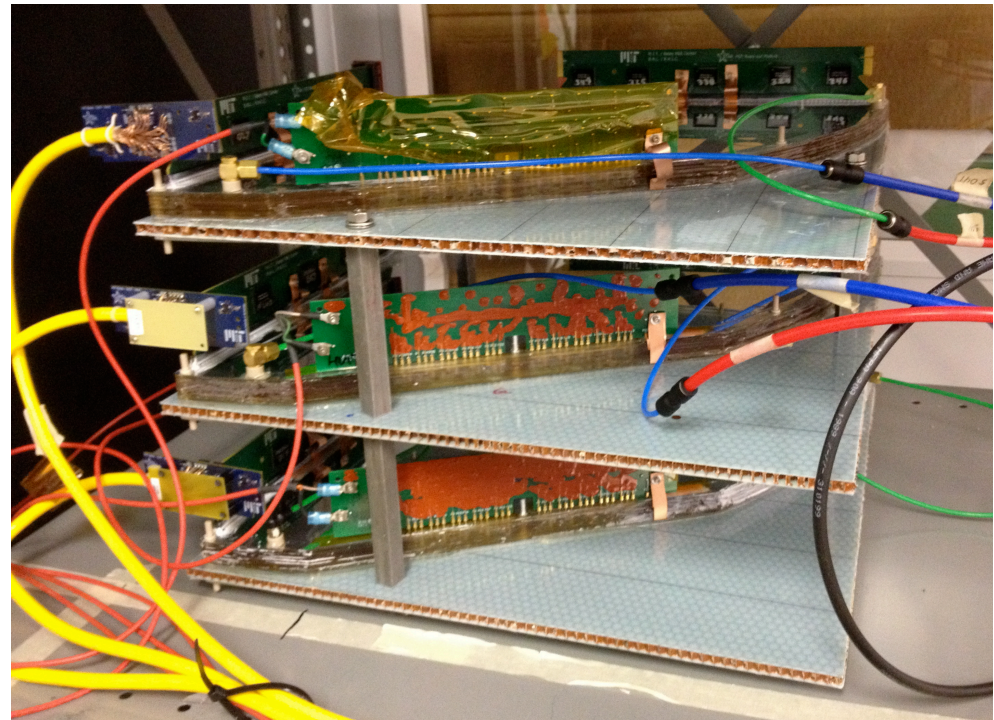
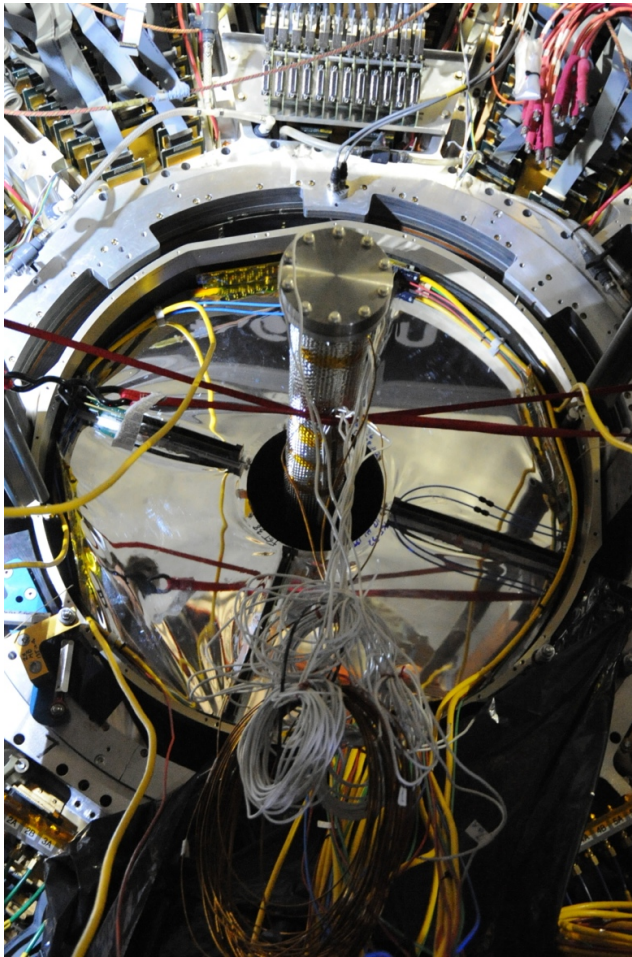
Look inside FGT quadrant

- FGT quarter section - layout



FGT installation and calibration

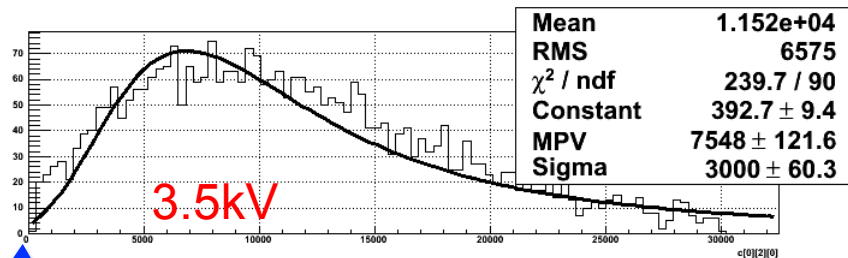
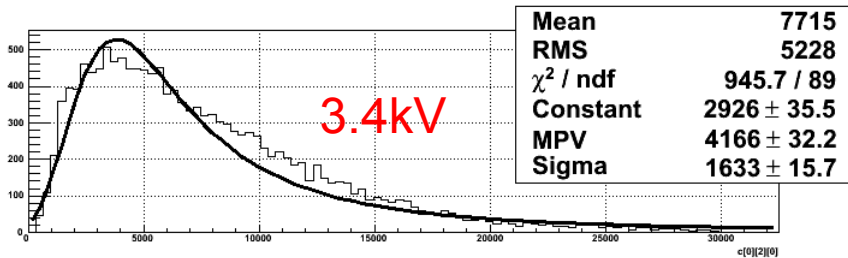
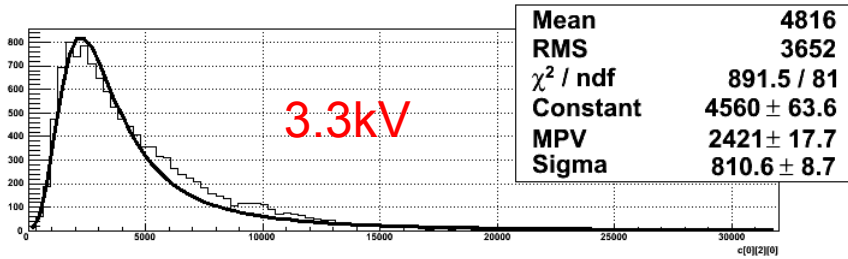
- FGT has been fully installed in STAR for RHIC run13.
- Tune HV and APV parameters with three layers of FGT quadrants in cosmic ray test.



- Trigger scintillating counters not shown in this picture located above and below the FGT cosmic ray setup.

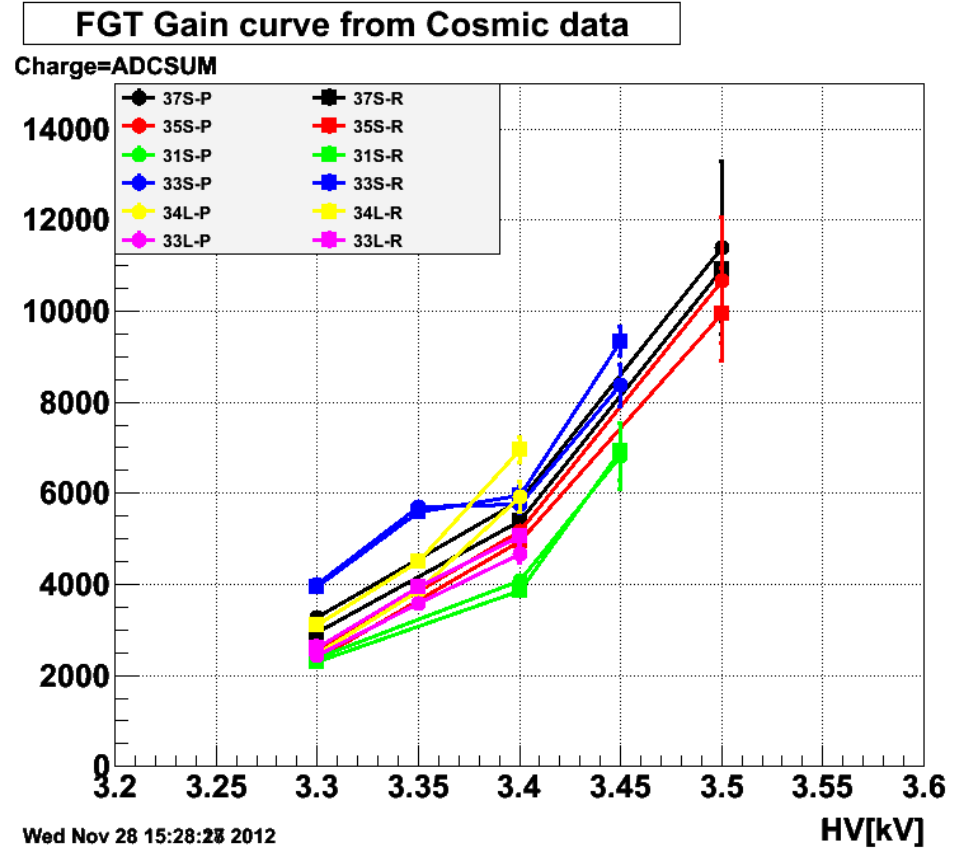
FGT cosmic ray – Gain curve

- Gain VS HV



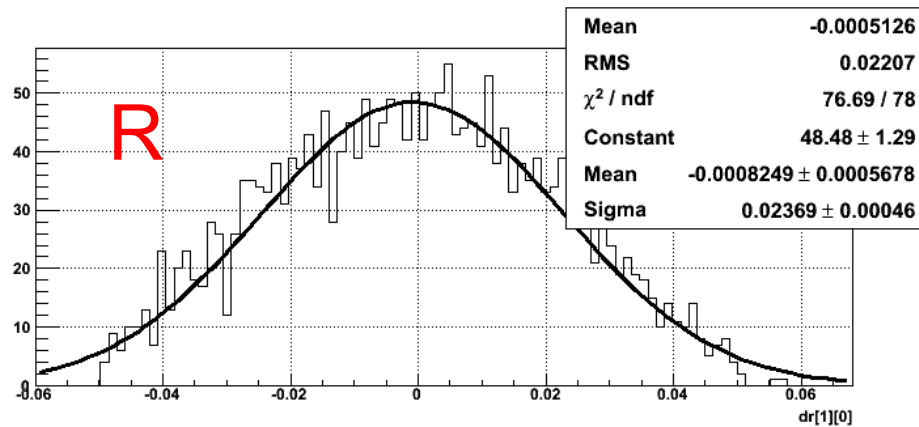
Cluster threshold = $4 * \text{PedRMS}(\sim 40) * 3\text{timebin} \sim 500$

ADC saturate at peak time-bin of peak strip for
 ~10% of pulses at 3.4kV
 ~50% of pulses at 3.5kV (but no visible effect on residual yet)

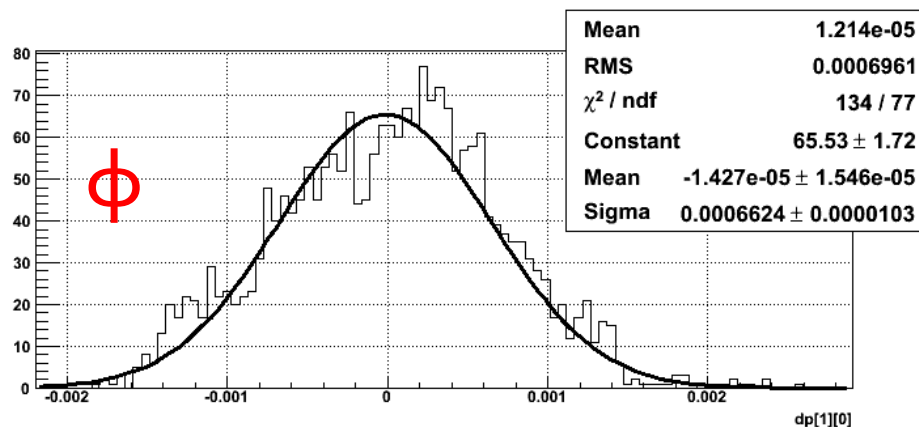


FGT cosmic ray - residual

- Use the top and bottom quadrants to determine the projected value for the middle quadrant.



Sigma = 240um



Sigma = 0.6mrad
=> 180um @ R=30cm

Assuming all quadrants have same resolution:

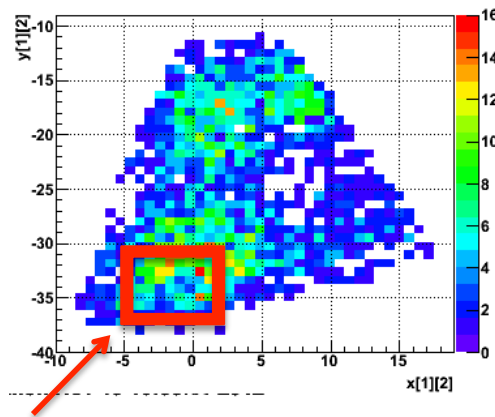
Single detector position resolution = Residual at middle quad/1.22 (from simple geometry)

180um residual @ Middle => 150um resolution at each detector

FGT cosmic ray - efficiency

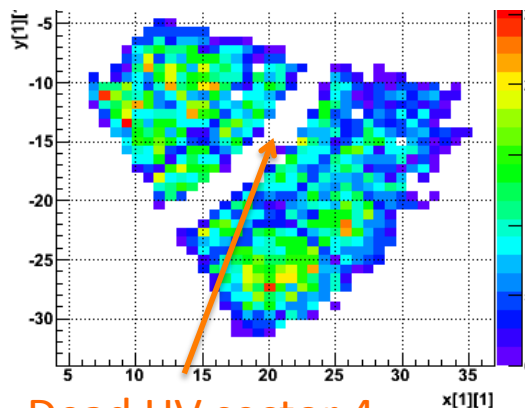
- “Good event”: with clean one cluster in R& ϕ of two quadrants and calculate efficiency for third quadrant within good trigger area.
- Sensitive to noise at higher HV & low Threshold.

Top-Short “Golden event” Hit Map



Efficiency calculated in this area only

Middle-Long “Golden event” Hit Map



Dead HV sector 4

ρ +A physics at RHIC workshop

Reading the short octant

	Top	Middle	Bottom
3.3kV	73%	83%	81% → higher thr 76%
3.4kV	83%	88%	78% → higher thr 86%
3.5kV	87%	95%	61% → higher thr 86%

Default Thr = $4 * \text{PedRMS}(\sim 40) * 3\text{timebin} \sim 500$

Higher Thr = $7 * \text{PedRMS}(\sim 40) * 3\text{timebin} \sim 850$

	Top	Middle	Bottom
3.4kV	72%	60%	70%

Efficiency calculated in whole octant

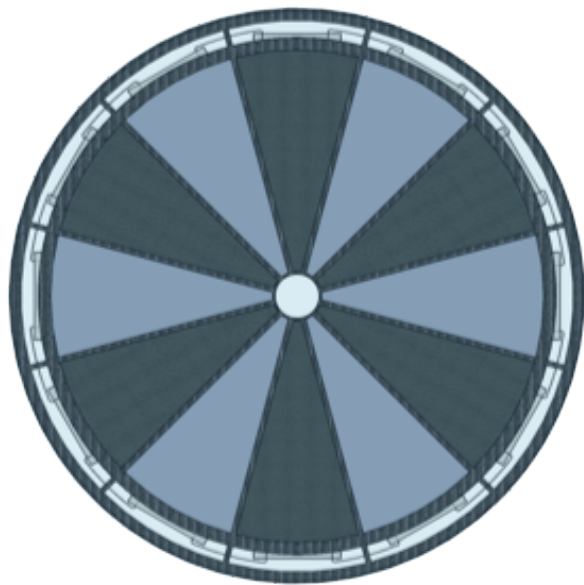
- Use the cosmic ray results to decide which quadrant for final installation.

FGT related measurements

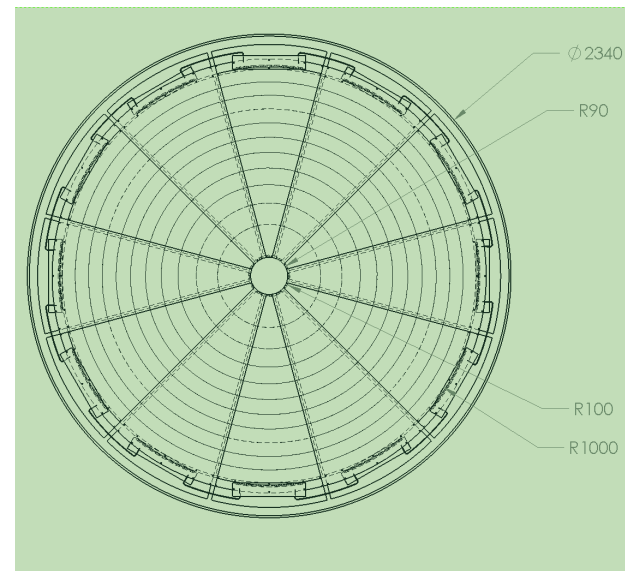
- The FGT will enhance the tracking capability of STAR in pseudorapidity range $1 < \eta < 2$.
- The primary FGT design is for W measurements in p+p collisions. But, together with other STAR detectors the following measurements may be possible.
 - $J/\psi \longrightarrow e^+e^-$, heavy flavor via electron decay channel.
 - Charged hadron, i.g. $\pi^+\pi^-$.
 - Drell-Yan?
 - Jets?
- Do we need larger GEM detectors?

Forward Large Triple-GEM design at Temple University (I)

- Supported by EIC R&D program.
- The active area of Large Triple-GEM detectors is $10\text{cm} < R < 100\text{cm}$.
- Each detector covers 30° azimuthal angle and use separate 2D readout.
- 12 GEM detectors are mounted on light-weight support structure



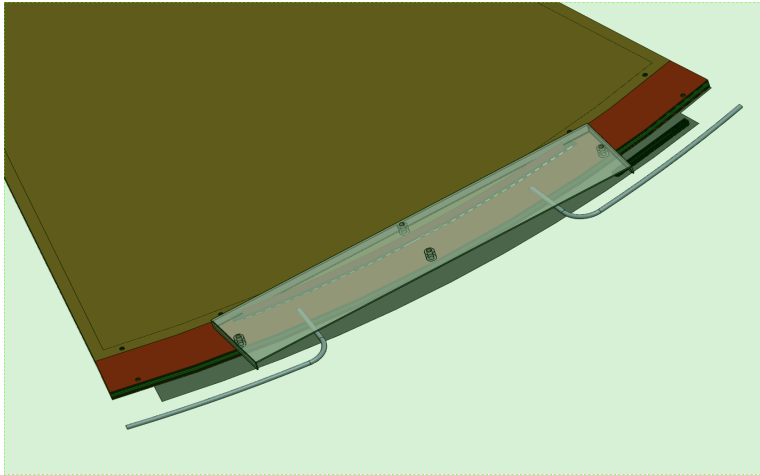
Schematics of the large GEM detector



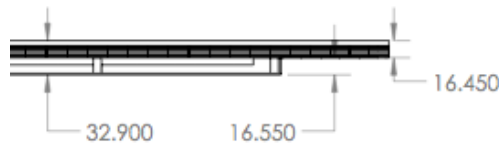
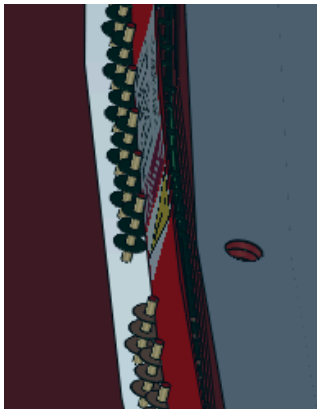
GEM segmented side of the large GEM detector

Forward Large Triple-GEM design at Temple University (II)

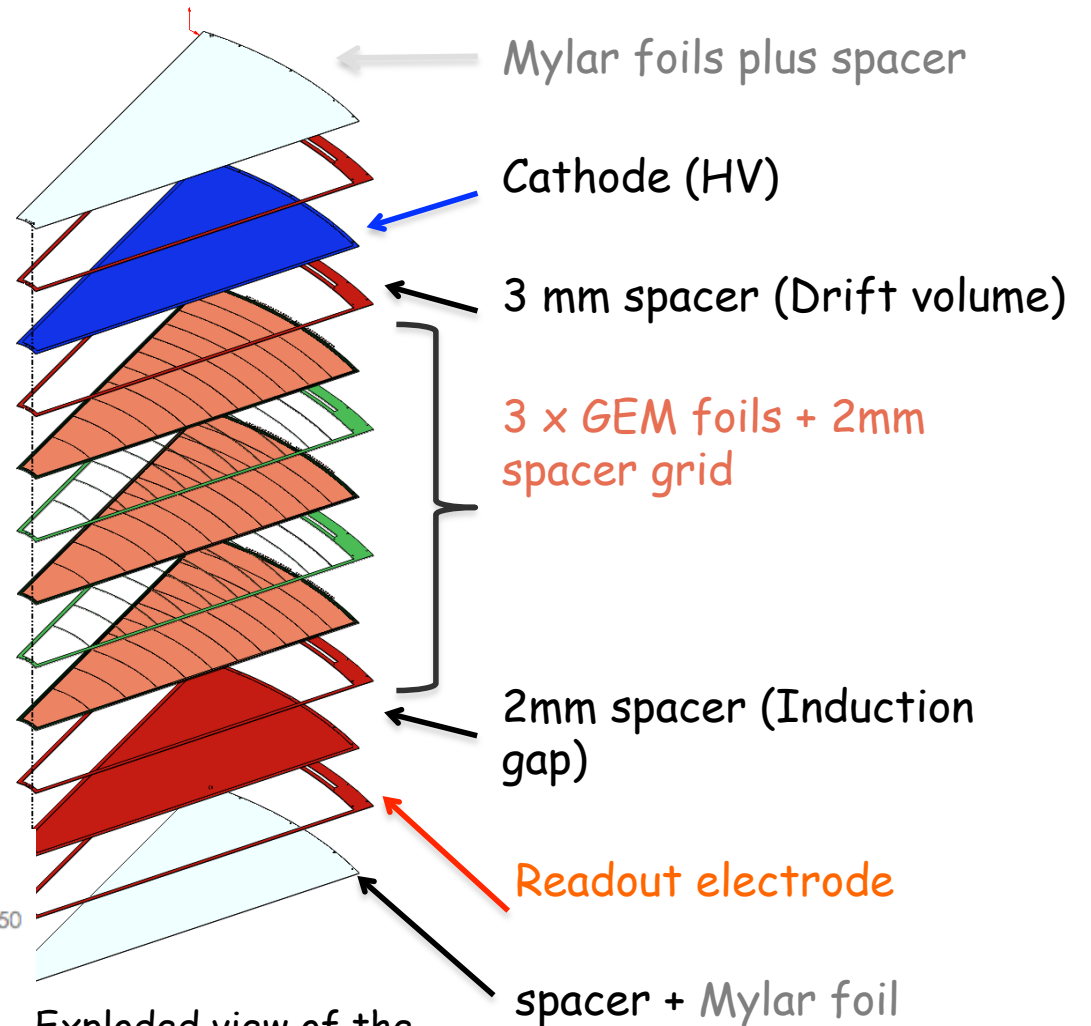
- Large Triple GEM layout



Gas, HV, and readout connections



16.45 mm thick + service box

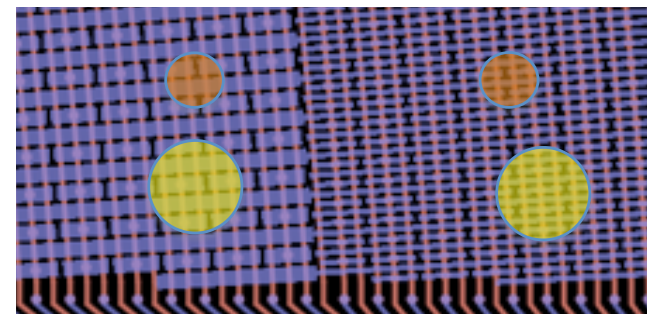
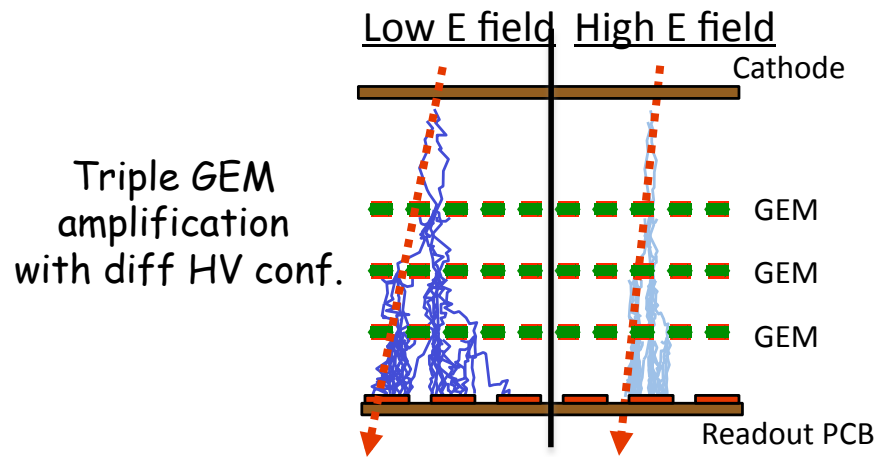
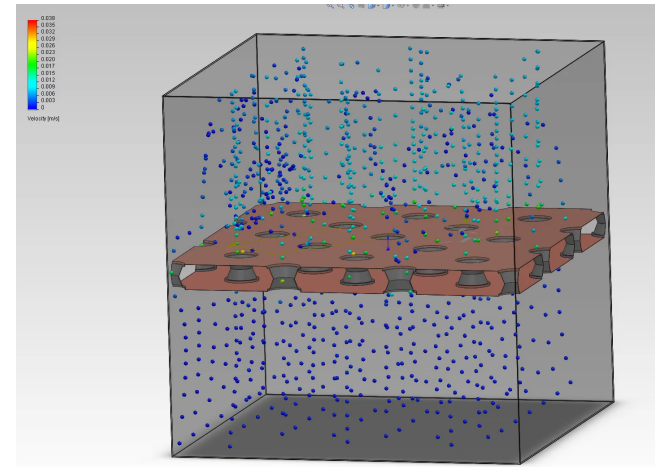
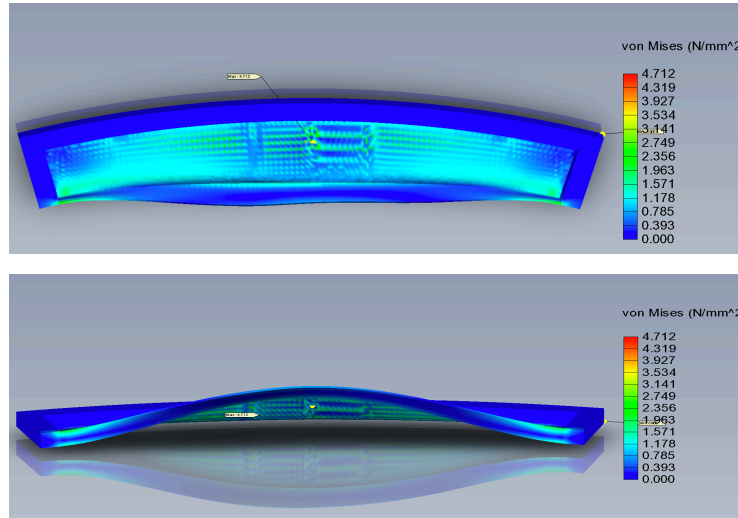


Exploded view of the GEM detector

Lightweight (<1% X_0 in active area)

Forward Large Triple-GEM design at Temple University (III)

- Study the mechanical deformation.
- Study the gas diffusion inside the detector.



Optimization of the signal size vs. electrode pitch

Can GEM detectors be used for p+A collisions?

- Question 1: Which measurements? For example, J/ψ production or di-hadron correlations to study gluon saturation in p+A.
- Question 2: Will the higher multiplicity in p+A collisions (compare to p+p collisions) impact the resolution of GEM detectors?
- Question 3: What kind of design of the GEM 2D readout board for p+A collisions? Strip only, strips plus pads, pad only or others?
- All these questions should be answered by simulations first to study the feasibility.

Summary

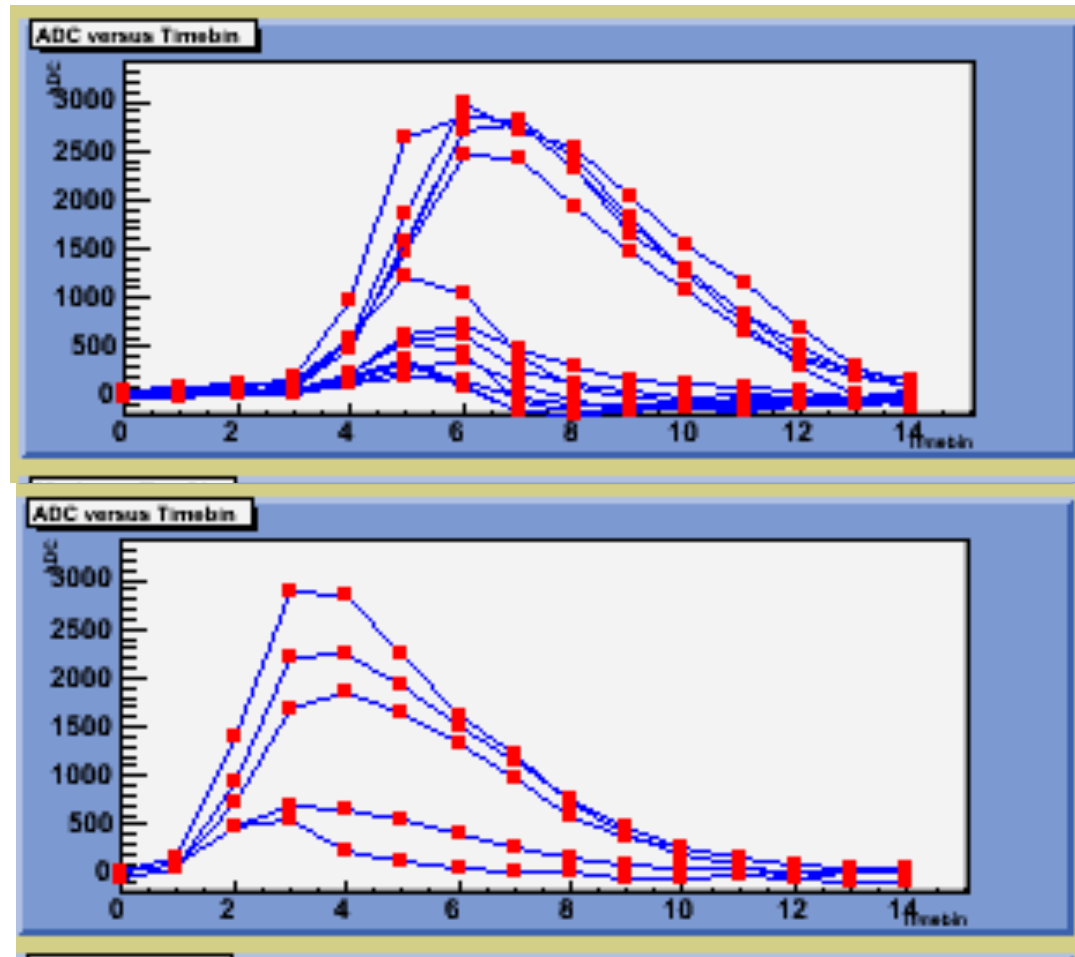
- The STAR FGT has been fully installed for RHIC Run 13. Cosmic ray results provide the first stage calibration for the FGT.
- Large Triple GEM detector R&D at Temple University is ongoing.
- The application of GEM detector in p+A collisions need simulation studies.
- **Suggestions or comments on how to use GEM detectors in p+A collisions are very welcome!**

Thanks for your attention!

- Thanks for the hard work of the STAR FGT group and Temple large GEM working group.
- Special thanks
 - Bernd Surrow, Maxence Vandenbroucke from Temple University,
 - Akio Ogawa, Ramiro Debbe from BNL.
 - Jason Bessuille, Ross Corliss, Gerrit van Nieuwenhuizen and Ben Buck from MIT.

Backup

- The FGT has 15 time bins.



One time-bin = $107\text{nsec}/4 = 27\text{nsec}$

All strips with ADC sum 3 sigma above ped in a quadrant from 1 event are shown / panel

Timing moves 4 time-bin event by event due to cosmic system trigger only at RHIC clock