

Supporting Information  
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**Supporting Information  
for**

**Rh(I)-Catalyzed Enantioselective Cyclization of Enyne through Site-Selective  
C(sp<sup>3</sup>)-H Bond Activation Triggered by Formation of Rhodacycle**

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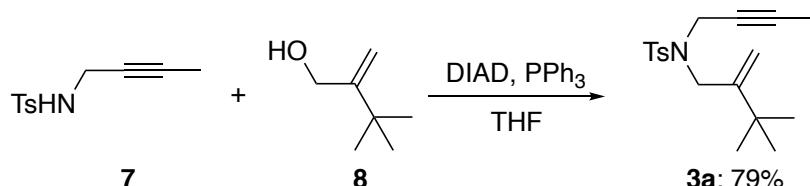
## General Considerations

All manipulations were performed under an argon atmosphere unless stated otherwise. Solvents were purified under argon using The Ultimate Solvent System (Glass Counter Inc.) (THF, Et<sub>2</sub>O, DMF), and were distilled under an argon atmosphere from CaH<sub>2</sub> (DCE). All other solvents and reagents were purified when necessary by standard procedures. Column chromatography was performed on silica gel 60 N (spherical, neutral; Kanto Kagaku, 45-50 µm), or silica gel 60 N (spherical, neutral; Kanto Kagaku, 63-210 µm) with the indicated solvent as eluent. TLC and PTLC were performed on Silica gel 60 PF<sub>254a</sub> (Merck). IR spectra were obtained on a JASCO FT/IR 460Plus spectrometer. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra were recorded on JEOL ECX400P (400 MHz), JEOL ECS400 (400 MHz), and JEOL ECA500 (500 MHz) NMR spectrometer. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm from the solvent as the internal standard (CDCl<sub>3</sub>: δ = 7.26 ppm). Data are reported as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, br = broad, m = multiplet), coupling constants (Hz) and integration. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were recorded on JEOL ECX400P (100 MHz), JEOL ECS400 (100 MHz), and JEOL ECA500 (125 MHz) NMR spectrometer. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm from the solvent as the internal standard (CDCl<sub>3</sub>: δ = 77.00 ppm). Mass spectra were obtained on JEOL JMS-T100LP and JMS-T100GCV and JEOL JMS-FAB mate mass spectrometer, and Thermo Scientific Exactive mass spectrometer. Optical rotations were measured on a JASCO P-1030 digital polarimeter at the sodium D line (589 nm). Chiral HPLC analyses were carried out using a JASCO PU-980 and using indicated chiral column.

## Experimental Procedure and Spectral Data

### Synthesis of Substrate

#### Enyne 3a (Scheme S1)



**Scheme S1.** Synthesis of Enyne 3a.

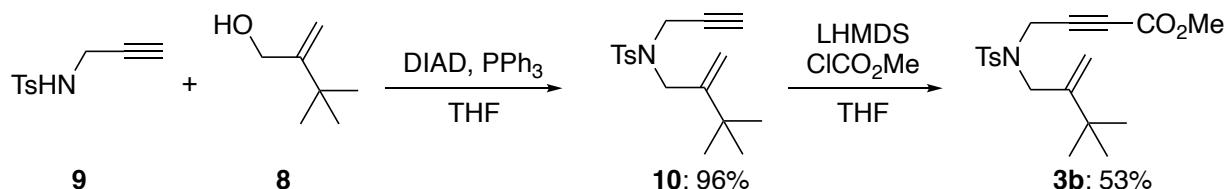
To a solution of **7**<sup>1</sup> (537 mg, 2.41 mmol), **8**<sup>2</sup> (228 mg, 2.00 mmol), and PPh<sub>3</sub> (630 mg, 2.37 mmol) in THF (5.0 mL) was added DIAD (0.47 mL, 2.40 mmol) at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was

<sup>1</sup> Kavanagh, Y.; O'Brien, M.; Evans, P. *Tetrahedron* **2009**, *65*, 8259.

<sup>2</sup> Li, C.; Qingjie, D.; Jin-Jun, L.; Song, Y.; Zhuming, Z. U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ. US 20080009486 A1 Jan 10, 2008.

stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The mixture was concentrated, and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 9/1) to give **3a** (502 mg, 79% yield) as a colorless oil. Spectral data of **3a**: IR (neat) 2964, 2871, 1775, 1598 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.70 (s, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 4.01 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.50 (s, 3H), 1.11 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 150.5, 143.4, 136.4, 129.4, 128.1, 111.1, 82.0, 74.6, 71.8, 47.9, 36.2, 35.6, 29.4, 21.8, 21.7, 3.4 (<sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra indicate rotamers are present); LRMS (EI) *m/z* 304 [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>], 262, 155; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>] 304.1371, found 304.1361.

### Enyne **3b** (Scheme S2)



**Scheme S2.** Synthesis of Enyne **3b**.

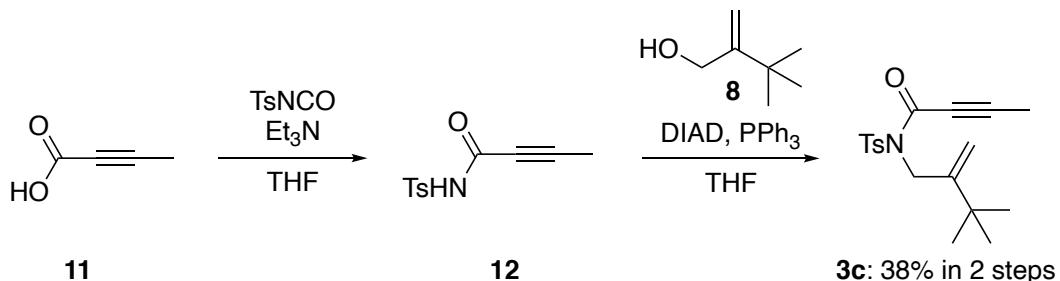
To a solution of **9**<sup>3</sup> (1.26 g, 6.00 mmol) in THF (12.5 mL) were added **8**<sup>2</sup> (0.68 mL, 5.00 mmol), PPh<sub>3</sub> (1.58 g, 6.02 mmol), and DIAD (1.2 mL, 6.00 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1.5 h, and the mixture was concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 9:1) to give **10** (1.47 g, 96% yield). Spectral data of **10**: IR (neat) 3275, 2962, 2871, 1349, 1162 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.76 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.09 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 2H), 4.09 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.95 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 1.11 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 150.0, 143.4, 136.0, 129.4, 127.8, 111.0, 76.6, 73.9, 47.6, 35.4, 30.9, 29.1, 21.5 ; LRMS (EI) *m/z* 305 [M<sup>+</sup>], 248, 155, 91.

To a solution of **10** (306 mg, 1.00 mmol) in THF (5 mL) was added LHMDS (1.3 M in THF, 0.92 mL, 1.20 mmol) at -78 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 1 h. To the solution was added methyl chloroformate (120 μL, 1.50 mmol), and the mixture was stirred and warmed to room temperature for 16 h. To the mixture was added saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl aqueous solution at 0 °C, and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 10/1) to give **3b** (194 mg, 53% yield) as a colorless oil. Spectral data of **3b**: IR (nujol) 3019, 2966, 2254, 1716 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H),

<sup>3</sup> Brummond , K. M.; Chen, H.; Peter Sill, P.; You, L. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2002**, 124 , 15186.

7.32 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 2H), 5.12 (s, 1H), 5.06 (s, 1H), 4.20 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 2H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.12 (s, 9H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  152.5, 149.4, 143.6, 134.9, 129.3, 127.4, 127.3, 111.5, 80.1, 76.9, 52.3, 48.0, 35.3, 35.2, 29.0, 21.4 ( $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra indicate rotamers are present); LRMS (EI)  $m/z$  348 [(M-Me) $^+$ ], 331, 208; HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{22}\text{NO}_4\text{S}$  [(M-Me) $^+$ ] 348.1270, found 348.1259.

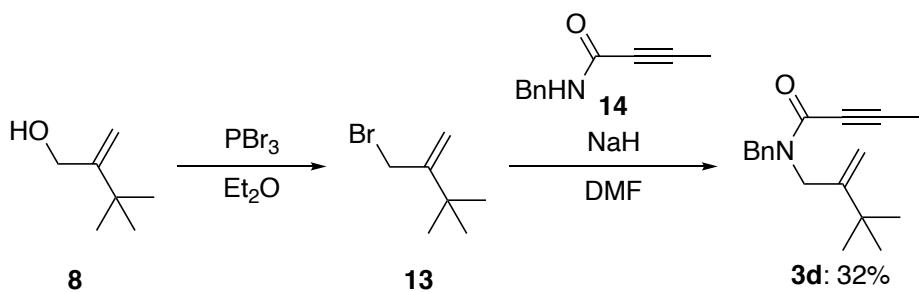
### Enyne 3c (Scheme S3)



**Scheme S3.** Synthesis of Enyne 3c.

To a solution of tetrolic acid **11** (169 mg, 2.00 mmol) in THF (6.7 mL) were added *N*-tosyl isocyanate (340  $\mu\text{L}$ , 2.20 mmol) and Et<sub>3</sub>N (840  $\mu\text{L}$ , 6.00 mmol) dropwise at 0 °C and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 h, then the mixture was concentrated. The residue was roughly purified by column chromatography on silica gel (AcOEt / MeOH = 9:1) to give a crude product **12**. To a solution of the crude amide **12** in THF (4.0 mL) were added **8**<sup>2</sup> (300  $\mu\text{L}$ , 2.20 mmol), PPh<sub>3</sub> (577 mg, 1.93 mmol), and DIAD (430  $\mu\text{L}$ , 2.20 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h, and the mixture was concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 8:1) to give **3c** (253 mg, 38% yield in 2 steps from tetrolic acid **11**). Spectral data of **3c**: IR (neat) 2966, 2239, 1672, 1360  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.90 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H), 5.01 (s, 1H), 4.78 (s, 1H), 4.69 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.93 (s, 3H), 1.17 (s, 9H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  153.3, 151.9, 145.3, 136.0, 129.5, 129.3, 107.4, 73.6, 49.2, 35.4, 29.5, 29.4, 29.2, 22.3, 22.2, 21.9, 4.3 ( $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra indicate rotamers are present); LRMS (EI)  $m/z$  318 [(M-Me) $^+$ ], 252, 178; HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{20}\text{NO}_3\text{S}$  [(M-Me) $^+$ ] 318.1164, found 318.1263.

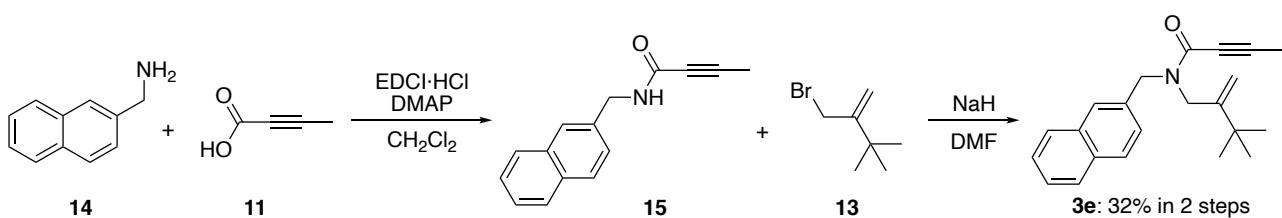
### Enyne 3d (Scheme S4)



**Scheme S4.** Synthesis of Enyne **3d**.

To a solution of **8**<sup>2</sup> (400  $\mu\text{L}$ , 3.00 mmol) in  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  (2.5 mL) was added  $\text{PBr}_3$  (280  $\mu\text{L}$ , 3.00 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at same temperature for 14 h. To the mixture was added water at 0 °C, and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ . The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , and the crude bromide **13** was obtained after removal of the solvent. To a suspension of  $\text{NaH}$  (60% dispersion in mineral oil, 84.0 mg, 2.10 mmol) in  $\text{DMF}$  (1.0 mL) was added **14**<sup>4</sup> (278 mg, 1.60 mmol) in  $\text{DMF}$  (1.0 mL) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 1 h. To the mixture were added the crude bromide **13** in  $\text{DMF}$  (1.2 mL) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. To the mixture was added saturated  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  aqueous solution at 0 °C, and the aqueous layer was extracted with  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ . The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ , and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/ $\text{AcOEt}$  = 4/1) to give **3d** (139 mg, 32% yield) as a colorless oil. Spectral data of **3d**: IR (neat) 2963, 1651, 1604, 1454, 1173  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.36-7.22 (m, 5H), 5.03 & 4.99 (s, 1H), 4.76 & 4.72 (s, 1H), 4.66 & 4.57 (s, 1H), 4.08 & 3.94 (s, 1H), 2.00 & 1.96 (s, 3H), 1.07 & 1.04 (s, 9H) ( $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra indicate rotamers are present);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  171.1, 169.0, 151.5, 151.0, 138.3, 128.8, 128.0, 127.3, 126.2, 110.1, 106.6, 105.9, 91.8, 67.9, 60.3, 50.8, 48.4, 46.4, 34.8, 29.2, 21.0, 19.1, 14.1 ( $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra indicate rotamers are present); LRMS (EI)  $m/z$  254 [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>], 212, 91; HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{20}\text{NO}$  [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>] 254.1545, found 254.1537.

### Enyne **3e** (Scheme S5)

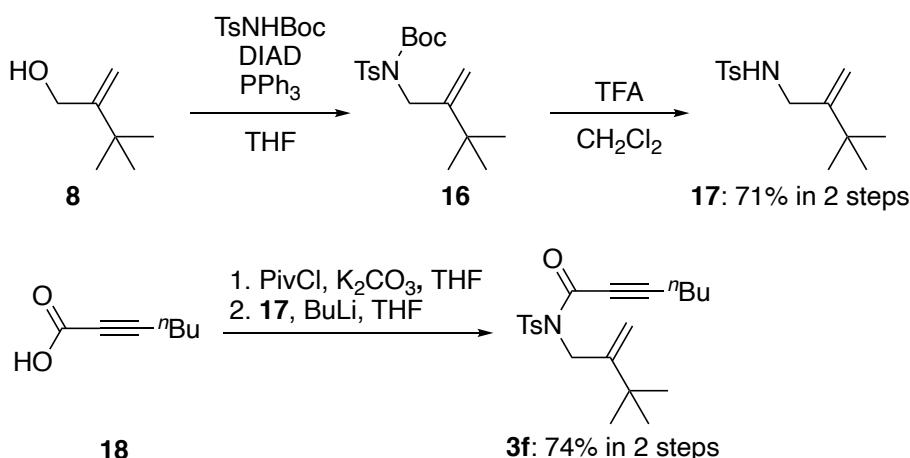


**Scheme S5.** Synthesis of Enyne **3e**.

<sup>4</sup> Wang, J.; Xie, X.; Ma, F.; Peng, Z.; Zhang, L.; Zhang, Z. *Tetrahedron* **2010**, *66*, 4212.

To a solution of tetrolic acid **11** (235 mg, 2.80 mmol) and (2-naphthyl)methylamine **14<sup>5</sup>** (357 mg, 2.30 mmol) was added EDCI·HCl (537 mg, 2.80 mmol) and DMAP (70.9 mg, 0.580 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 h, then the mixture was concentrated. The residue was roughly purified by column chromatography on silica gel (AcOEt) to give a crude amide **15**. To a suspension of NaH (60% dispersion in mineral oil, 68.0 mg, 1.70 mmol) in DMF (1.0 mL) was added the crude amide **15** in DMF (1.0 mL) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 1 h. To the mixture were added the bromide **13** (ca. 1.7 mmol) freshly prepared from alcohol **8<sup>2</sup>** (400 µL, 3.0 mmol) and PBr<sub>3</sub> (280 µL, 3.0 mmol) in DMF (1.2 mL) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. To the mixture was added saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl aqueous solution at 0 °C, and the aqueous layer was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/AcOEt = 4/1) to give **3e** (235 mg, 32% yield in 2 steps from **14**) as a colorless oil. Spectral data of **3e**: IR (neat) 2964, 2247, 1629, 1454, 1420, 1254 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.36–7.22 (m, 5H), 5.03 & 4.99 (s, 1H), 4.76 & 4.72 (s, 1H), 4.66 & 4.57 (s, 1H), 4.08 & 3.94 (s, 1H), 2.00 & 1.96 (s, 3H), 1.07 & 1.04 (s, 9H) (<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra indicate rotamers are present); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 150.2, 134.3, 134.0, 133.3, 133.0, 132.8, 128.7, 127.0, 126.3, 126.2, 126.1, 125.9, 106.9, 89.4, 88.4, 73.5, 73.2, 48.6, 47.2, 44.0, 35.2, 35.0, 29.0, 4.2, 4.0 (<sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra indicate rotamers are present); LRMS (EI) *m/z* 304 [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>], 262, 222; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NO [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>] 304.1701, found 304.1694.

### Enyne **3f** (Scheme S6)



**Scheme S6.** Synthesis of Enyne **3f**.

To a solution of **8<sup>2</sup>** (680 µL, 4.98 mmol) and TsNHBOC (1.36 g, 5.03 mmol) in THF (17 mL) were

<sup>5</sup> Ahlford, K.; Livendahl, M.; Adolfsson, H. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **2009**, 50, 6321.

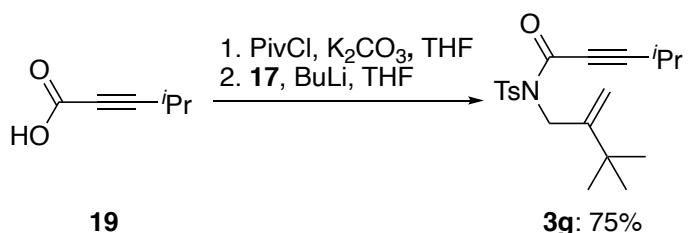
added PPh<sub>3</sub> (1.31 g, 5.00 mmol), and DIAD (980  $\mu$ L, 4.99 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h, and the mixture was concentrated. The residue was roughly purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 9:1) to give crude **16**. Then to a solution of the crude amide **16** in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was added trifluoroacetic acid (1.1 mL, 14.4 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. To the mixture was added saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> aqueous solution at 0 °C, and the aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/AcOEt = 4/1) to give **17** (954 mg, 71% in 2 steps) as a colorless oil. Spectral data of **17**: IR (neat) 2926, 2853, 1463, 1377 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.75 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.95 (s, 1H), 4.90 (s, 1H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.01 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  152.5, 143.5, 136.6, 129.7, 127.1, 109.4, 44.2, 35.3, 29.0, 21.5; LRMS (EI) *m/z* 267 [(M)<sup>+</sup>], 252, 210, 155.

To a solution of K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (497 mg, 3.59 mmol) in THF (3.6 mL) were added **18**<sup>6</sup> (460  $\mu$ L, 3.57 mmol) and PivCl (440  $\mu$ L, 3.58 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture (A) was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. To a solution of **17** (802 mg, 3.00 mmol) in THF (25 mL) was added <sup>7</sup>BuLi (1.6 M in THF, 2.1 mL, 3.30 mmol) at -78 °C, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 1 h. To the mixture were added the reaction mixture (A) at -78 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 15 h. To the mixture was added saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl aqueous solution at 0 °C, and the aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/AcOEt = 9/1) to give **3f** (834 mg, 74% yield) as a colorless oil. Spectral data of **3f**: IR (neat) 2960, 2872, 2226, 1671, 1361, 1170 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.90 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.01 (s, 1H), 4.76 (s, 1H), 4.69 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.27 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.48 (tt, *J* = 7.0, 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.36 (qt, *J* = 7.0, 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.17 (s, 9H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  153.2, 151.5, 144.9, 135.8, 129.1, 129.1, 107.2, 74.0, 48.9, 35.1, 29.3, 29.1, 27.8, 26.9, 22.9, 21.9, 21.6, 18.6, 13.4 (<sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra indicate rotamers are present); LRMS (ESI) *m/z* 398.18 [(M+Na)<sup>+</sup>]; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>29</sub>O<sub>3</sub>NNaS [(M+Na)<sup>+</sup>] 398.1760, found 398.1757.

### Enyne **3g** (Scheme S7)

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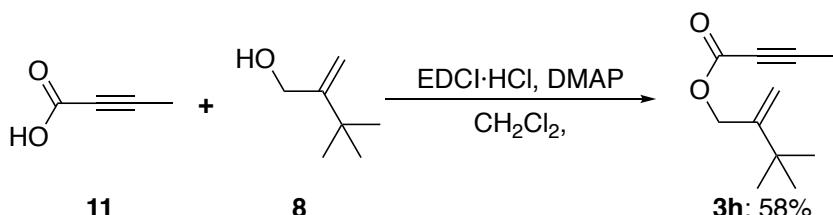
<sup>6</sup> Rooke, D. A; Ferreira, E. M. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2012**, *51*, 3225.



**Scheme S7.** Synthesis of Enyne **3g**.

To a solution of  $K_2CO_3$  (128 mg, 0.92 mmol) in THF (920  $\mu$ L) were added **19**<sup>7</sup> (103.2 mg, 0.92 mmol) and PivCl (110  $\mu$ L, 0.92 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture (A) was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. To a solution of **17** (205 mg, 0.77 mmol) in THF (5.0 mL) was added <sup>7</sup>BuLi (1.6 M in THF, 570  $\mu$ L, 0.85 mmol) at -78 °C, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 1 h. To the mixture were added the reaction mixture (A) at -78 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 13 h. To the mixture was added saturated  $NH_4Cl$  aqueous solution at 0 °C, and the aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over  $Na_2SO_4$ , and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/AcOEt = 9/1) to give **3g** (209 mg, 75% yield) as a colorless oil. Spectral data of **3g**: IR (neat) 3019, 2970, 2224, 1665, 1362, 1170  $cm^{-1}$ ; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  7.90 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 5.01 (s, 1H), 4.76 (s, 1H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 2.63 (sept, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.18 (s, 9H), 1.15 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$  151.8, 145.3, 129.7, 129.5, 129.4, 128.8, 107.5, 49.3, 35.4, 29.5, 29.4, 22.0, 21.8, 21.0 (<sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra indicate rotamers are present); LRMS (ESI) *m/z* 384.16 [(M+Na)<sup>+</sup>]; HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{20}H_{27}O_3NNaS$  [(M+Na)<sup>+</sup>] 384.1604, found 384.1599.

### Enyne **3h** (Scheme S8)



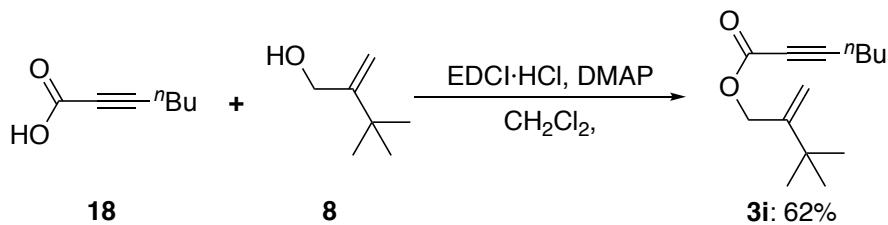
**Scheme S8.** Synthesis of Enyne **3h**.

To a solution of tetrolic acid **11** (101 mg, 1.20 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (2.0 mL) were added alcohol **8**<sup>2</sup> (130  $\mu$ L, 0.95 mmol), EDCI·HCl (232 mg, 1.21 mmol), and DMAP (14.5 mg, 0.120 mmol) at 0 °C,

<sup>7</sup> Ngi, S. I.; Petignet, J.; Duwald, R.; Hilali, E. M. E.; Abarbri, M.; Duchêne, A.; Thibonnet J. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2013**, 355, 2936.

and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h, then the mixture was concentrated. The residue was roughly purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 9:1) to give **3h** (100 mg, 58% yield) as a colorless oil. Spectral data of **3h**: IR (neat) 3048, 3097, 2967, 1776, 1714, 1256, 1074 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 5.08 (s, 1H), 5.07 (s, 1H), 4.71 (s, 2H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.11 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 153.1, 150.5, 110.5, 85.3, 74.0, 72.1, 65.2, 34.7, 28.9, 21.3, 3.5; LRMS (EI) *m/z* 165 [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>], 123, 67; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>13</sub>O<sub>2</sub> [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>] 165.0916, found 165.0911.

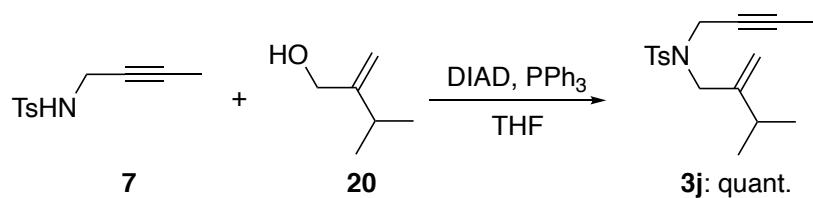
### Enyne **3i** (Scheme S9)



**Scheme S8.** Synthesis of Enyne **3i**.

To a solution of **18**<sup>6</sup> (260 μL, 2.00 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (4.0 mL) were added alcohol **8**<sup>2</sup> (330 μL, 2.40 mmol), EDCI·HCl (461 mg, 2.40 mmol) and DMAP (26.1 mg, 0.214 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h, then the mixture was concentrated. The residue was roughly purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 9:1) to give **3i** (276 mg, 62% yield) as a colorless oil. Spectral data of **3i**: IR (neat) 2962, 2873, 2237, 1713, 1245 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 5.02 (s, 2H), 4.66 (s, 2H), 2.33 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.57 (tt, *J* = 7.2, 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.43 (tt, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.10 (s, 9H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 153.5, 150.6, 110.5, 89.6, 72.9, 65.3, 61.6, 34.8, 29.4, 29.1, 21.8, 18.2, 13.9, 13.3; LRMS (ESI) *m/z* 245.15 [(M+Na)<sup>+</sup>]; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Na [(M+Na)<sup>+</sup>] 245.1512, found 245.1511.

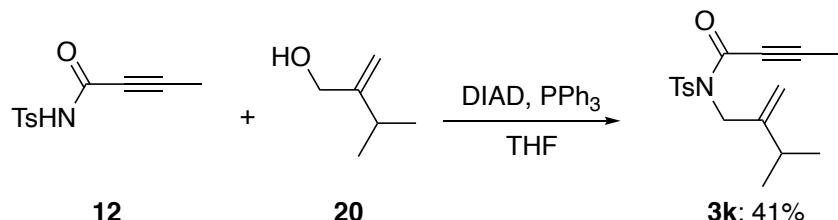
### Enyne **3j** (Scheme S10)



**Scheme S9.** Synthesis of Enyne **3i**.

To a solution of **7**<sup>1</sup> (268 mg, 1.20 mmol) in THF (2.5 mL) were added **20**<sup>8</sup> (80  $\mu$ L, 1.00 mmol), PPh<sub>3</sub> (314 mg, 1.20 mmol), and DIAD (240  $\mu$ L, 1.20 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 h, and the mixture was concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 9:1) to give **3j** (306 mg, quant.). Spectral data of **3j**: IR (neat) 2962, 2923, 1732, 1598, 1348, 1163 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.76 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.98 (s, 2H), 3.96 (s, 2H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.36 (quin, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 1.07 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  149.1, 143.0, 136.0, 129.0, 127.8, 111.9, 81.5, 74.2, 71.2, 50.3, 35.8, 30.3, 21.4, 3.0; LRMS (EI) *m/z* 290 [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>], 262, 236, 184, 155; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>] 290.1215, found 290.1204.

### Enyne **3k** (Scheme S11)

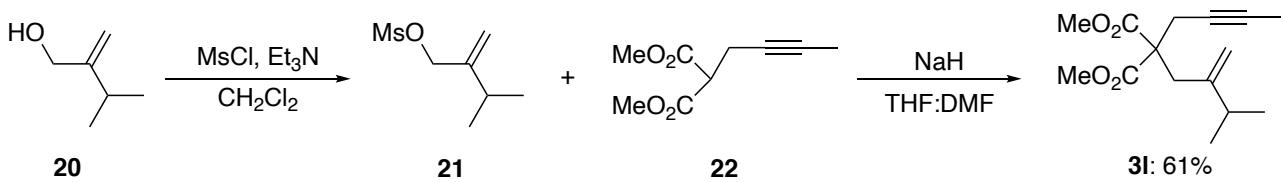


**Scheme S11.** Synthesis of Enyne **3k**.

To a solution of **12** (521.9 mg, 2.21 mmol) in THF (6.6 mL) were added **20**<sup>8</sup> (240  $\mu$ L, 2.00 mmol), PPh<sub>3</sub> (577 mg, 2.18 mmol), and DIAD (430  $\mu$ L, 2.20 mmol) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 h, and the mixture was concentrated. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 4:1) to give **3k** (262 mg, 41% yield). Spectral data of **3k**: IR (neat) 2964, 2236, 1671, 1359, 1171 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.88 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 4.97 (s, 1H), 4.84 (s, 1H), 4.61 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.29 (sep, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 1.95 (s, 3H), 1.12 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  152.5, 149.5, 144.6, 135.2, 128.8, 128.5, 127.9, 107.8, 91.4, 72.9, 50.0, 31.5, 21.2, 21.1, 3.7 ( <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra indicate rotamers are present); LRMS (EI) *m/z* 304 [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>], 276, 276, 164; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>] 304.1007, found 304.1009.

### Enyne **3l** (Scheme S12)

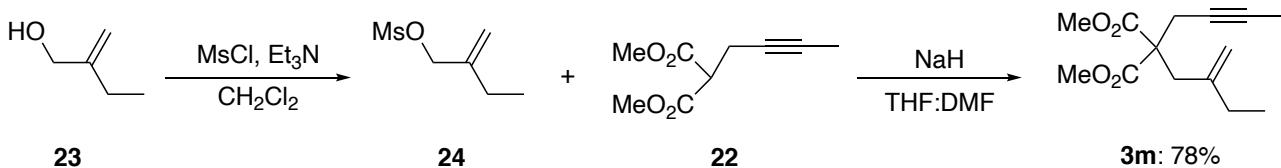
<sup>8</sup> Zhao, Y.; Jiang, X.; Yeung, Y. -Y. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2013**, 52, 8597.



**Scheme S12.** Synthesis of Enyne **3l**.

To a solution of **20**<sup>8</sup> (135.1 g, 1.35 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (4.5mL) was added MsCl (130  $\mu$ L, 1.62 mmol) and Et<sub>3</sub>N (230  $\mu$ L, 1.62 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at same temperature for 30 min. To the mixture was added water at 0 °C, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and the crude mesylate **21** was obtained after removal of the solvent. To a suspension of NaH (60% dispersion in mineral oil, 64.8 mg, 1.62 mmol) in THF (2.3 mL) was added **22**<sup>9</sup> (208.5 mg, 1.35 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 1 h. To the mixture were added the crude mesylate **21** in DMF (2.3 mL) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 40 h. To the mixture was added saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl aqueous solution at 0 °C, and the aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/AcOEt = 19/1) to give **3l** (220 mg, 61% yield) as a colorless oil. Spectral data of **3l**: IR (neat) 2959, 1739, 1437, 1206 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  4.91 (s, 1H), 4.78 (s, 1H), 3.72 (s, 6H), 2.85 (s, 2H), 2.76 (s, 2H), 2.01 (quin, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 1.76 (s, 3H), 1.01 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  170.8, 150.5, 111.1, 79.1, 73.5, 57.0, 52.5, 36.6, 33.4, 22.7, 21.8, 3.4; LRMS (EI) *m/z* 251.1 [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>]; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O<sub>4</sub> [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>] 251.1283, found 251.1287.

### Enyne **3m** (Scheme S13)



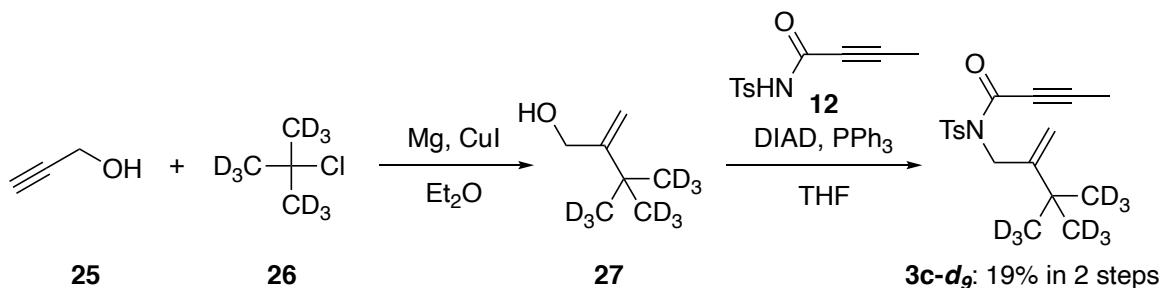
**Scheme S13.** Synthesis of Enyne **3m**.

To a solution of **23**<sup>8</sup> (160  $\mu$ L, 1.60 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (5.3 mL) was added MsCl (150  $\mu$ L, 1.90 mmol) and Et<sub>3</sub>N (270  $\mu$ L, 1.90 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at same temperature for 30 min. To the mixture was added water at 0 °C, and the aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and the crude mesylate **24** was obtained after removal of the solvent. To a suspension of NaH (60% dispersion in mineral oil, 84.6

<sup>9</sup> Saito, N.; Tanaka, Y., Sato, Y. *Organometallics* **2009**, 28, 669.

mg, 1.91 mmol) in THF (2.3 mL) was added **22<sup>9</sup>** (238 mg, 1.29 mmol) at 0 °C, and the mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 1 h. To the mixture were added the crude mesylate **24** in DMF (2.3 mL) at 0 °C, and the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 11 h. To the mixture was added saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl aqueous solution at 0 °C, and the aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt. The organic layer was washed with water and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (hexane/AcOEt = 19/1) to give **3m** (253 mg, 78% yield) as a colorless oil. Spectral data of **3m**: IR (neat) 2955, 1739, 1438, 1293, 1205 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 4.90 (s, 1H), 4.83 (s, 1H), 3.72 (s, 6H), 2.83 (s, 2H), 2.76 (s, 2H), 1.91 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.00 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 170.8, 170.8, 145.7, 113.4, 79.0, 73.6, 56.9, 52.5, 37.6, 29.3, 22.9, 12.3, 3.3; LRMS (EI) *m/z* 237 [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>], 221, 193, 133; HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>4</sub> [(M-Me)<sup>+</sup>] 237.1126, found 237.1121.

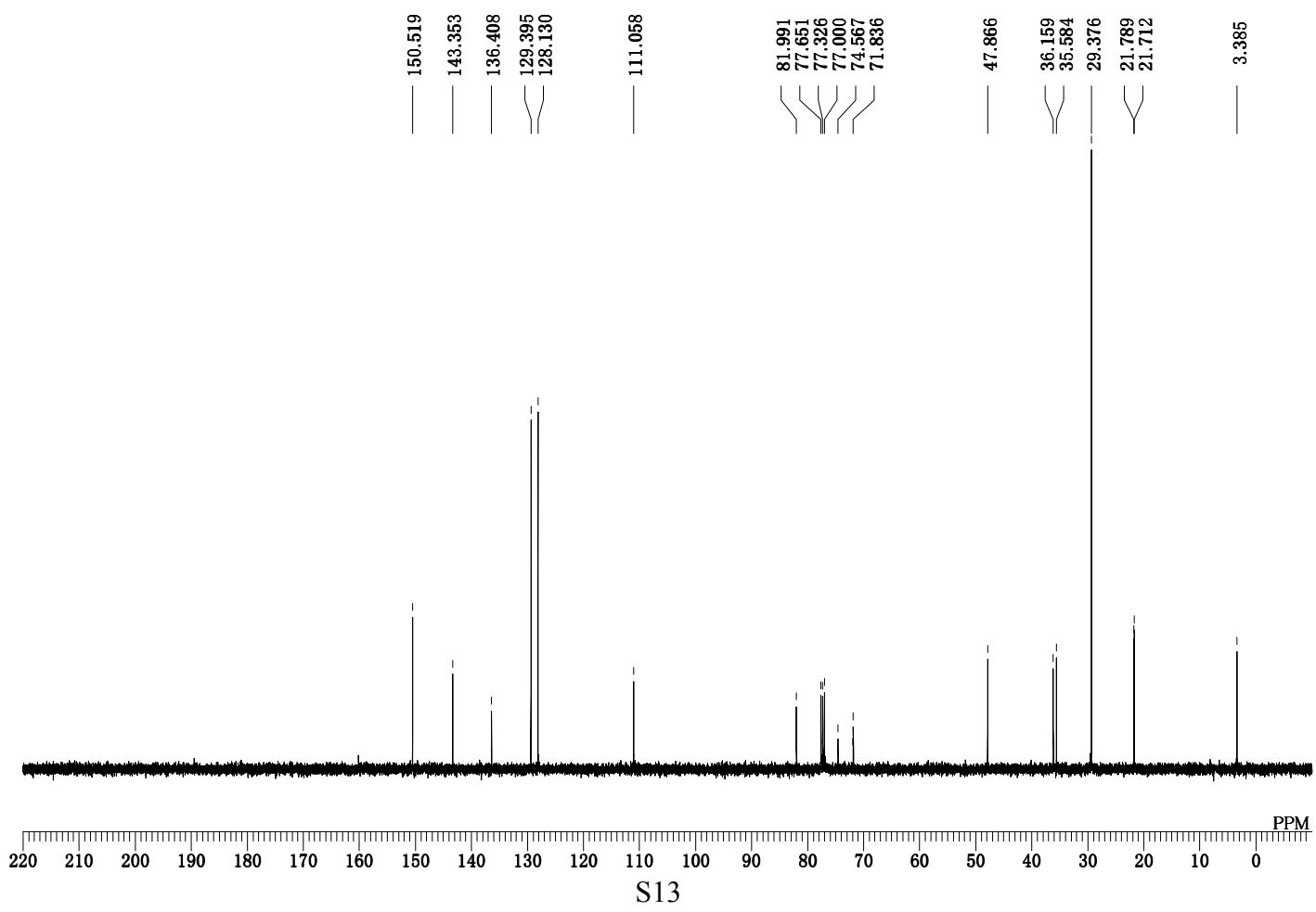
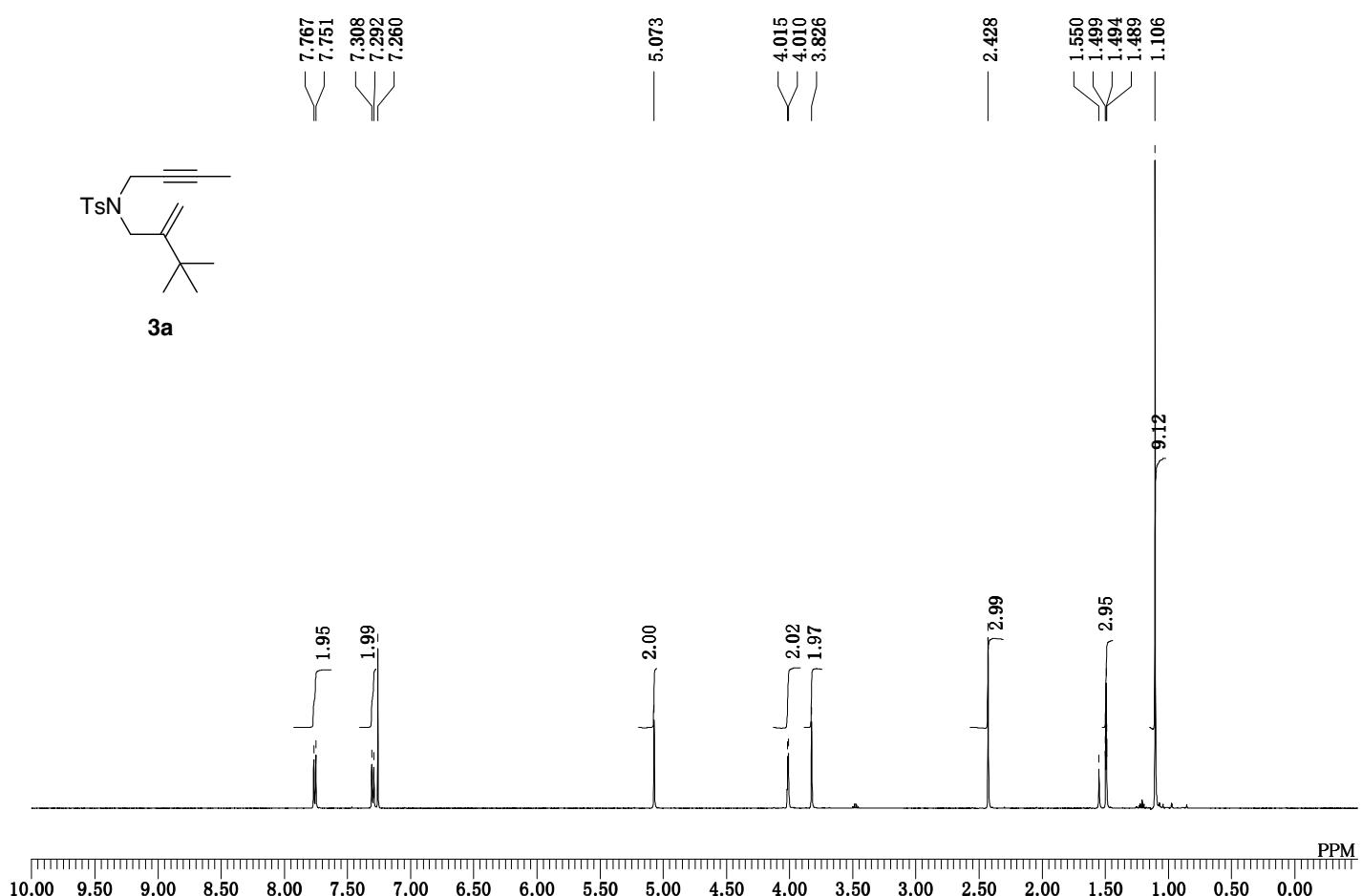
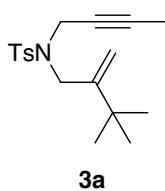
#### Enyne **3c-d<sub>9</sub>** (Scheme S14)

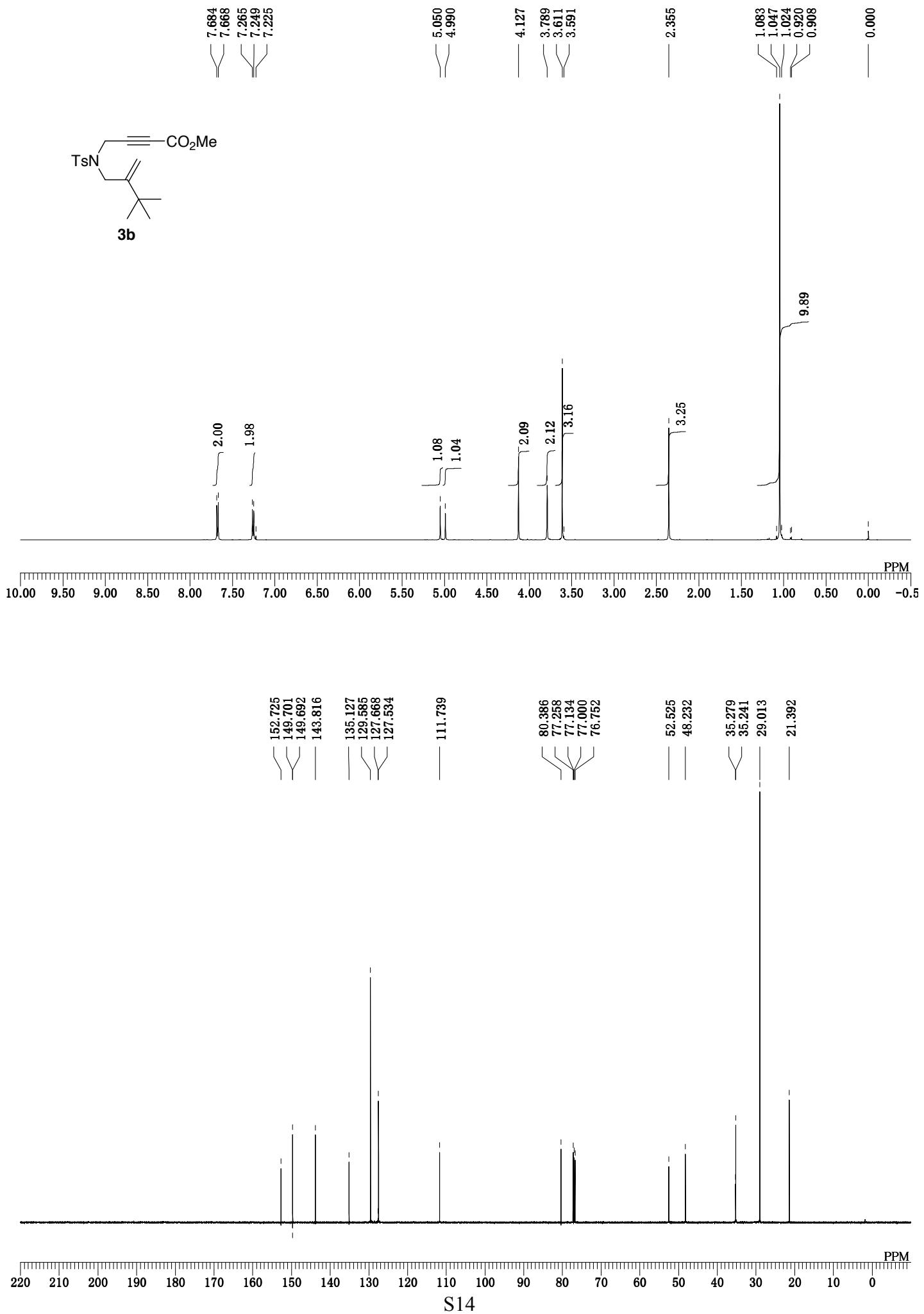


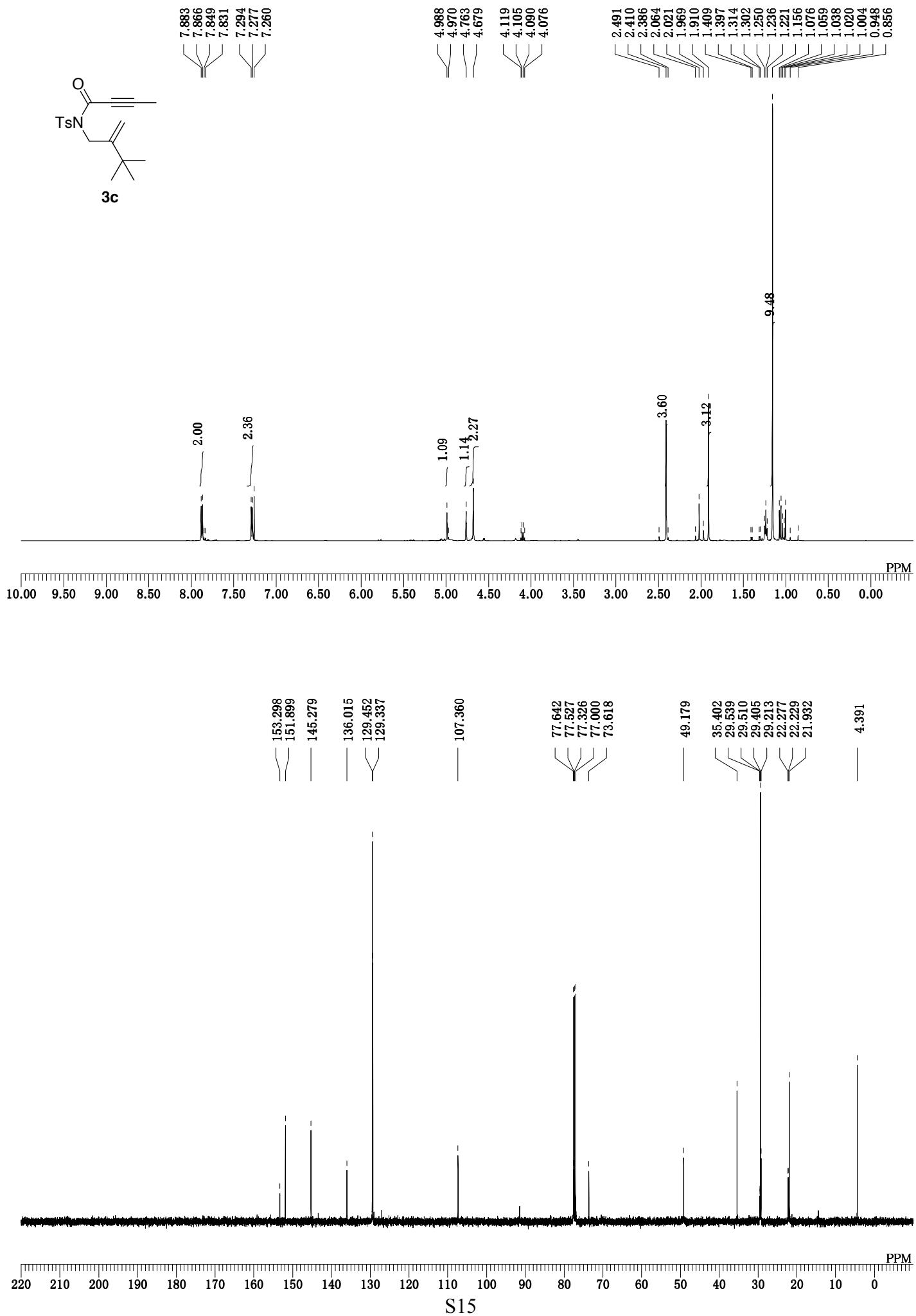
**Scheme S14.** Synthesis of Enyne **3c-d<sub>9</sub>**.

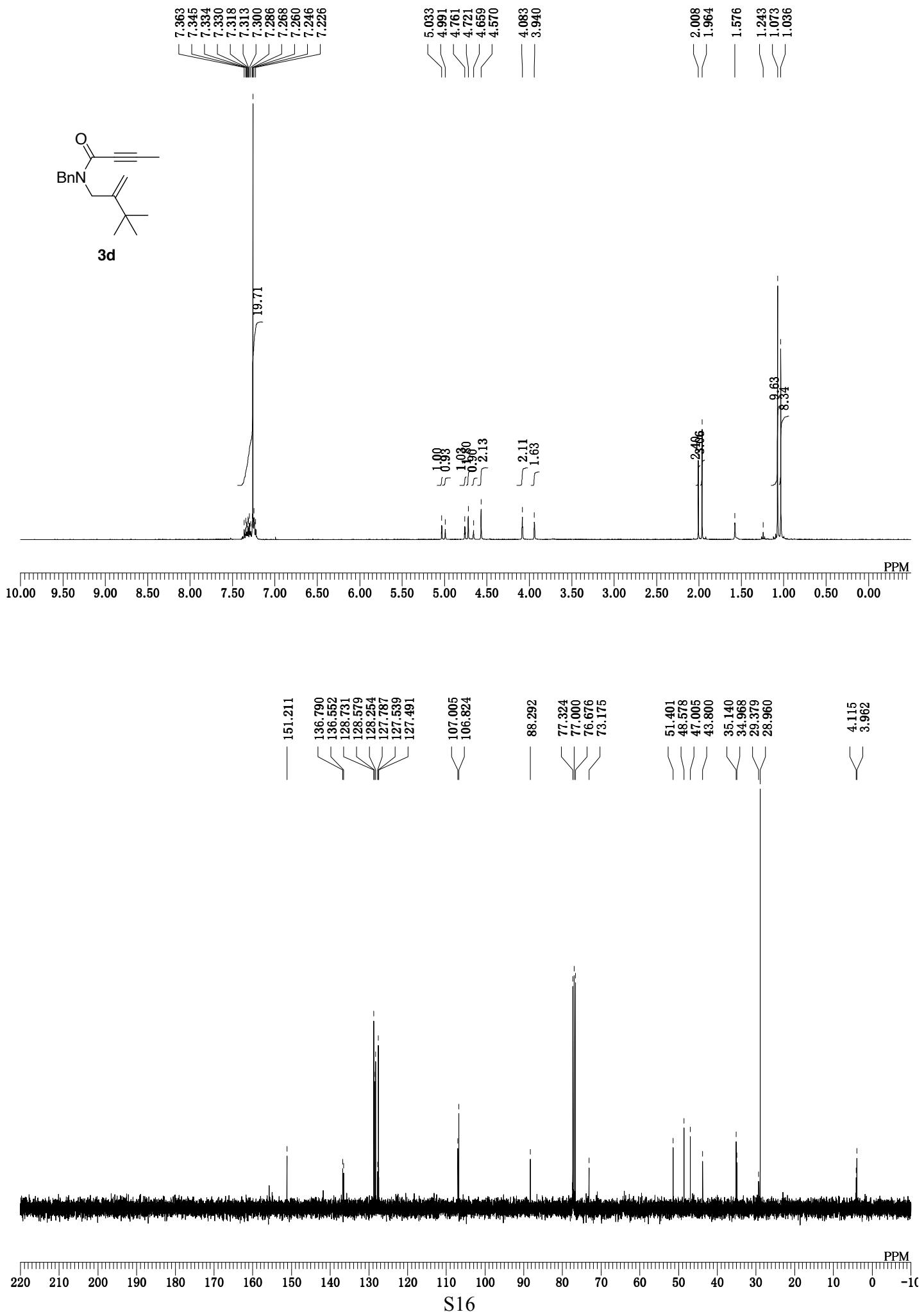
To a solution of **26** (3.3 mL, 30.0 mmol) in THF (30 mL) were added Mg (729 mg, 30.0 mmol) at room temperature, and the reaction mixture was stirred at 45 °C for 5 h. Then to a solution of **25** (250 µL, 4.30 mmol) and CuI (831 mg, 4.36 mol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (66.0 mL) was added freshly prepared <sup>3</sup>BuMgCl-*d*<sub>9</sub> at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. To the mixture was added saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl aqueous solution at 0 °C, and the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated. The residue was roughly purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 10/1) to give crude alcohol **27**. To a solution of crude alcohol **27** in THF (3.4 mL) were added **12** (253 mg, 1.07 mmol), and PPh<sub>3</sub> (280.1 mg, 1.07 mmol), and DIAD (210 µL, 2.4 mmol) at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1 h. The mixture was concentrated, and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/EtOAc = 9/1) to give **3c-d<sub>9</sub>** (279 mg, 19% yield in 2 steps) as a colorless oil. Spectral data of **3c-d<sub>9</sub>**: IR (neat) 2967, 2239, 1672, 1360, 1170 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.89 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H),

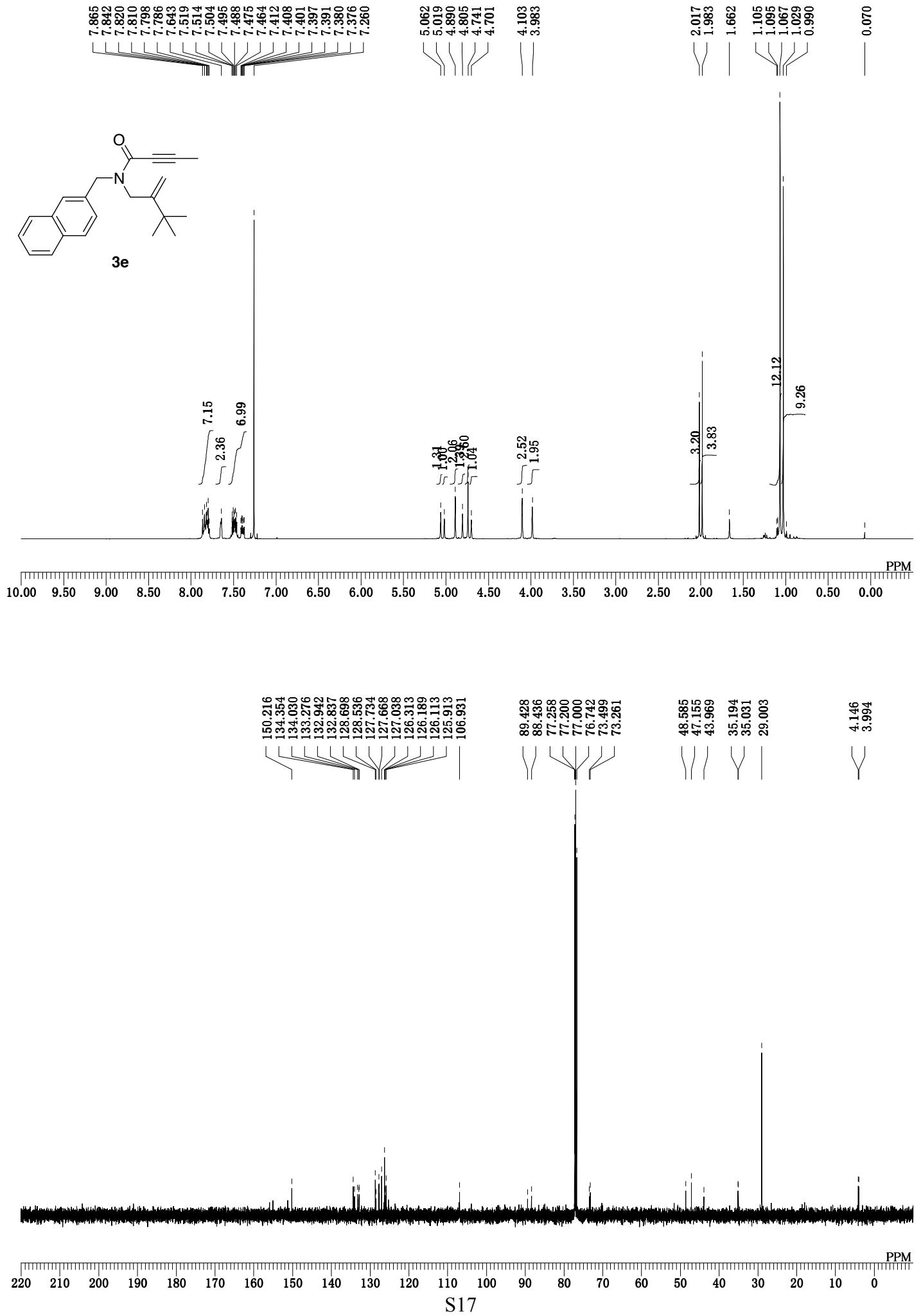
4.99 (s, 1H), 4.77 (s, 1H), 4.68 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.92 (s, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (125 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  153.3, 151.9, 145.3, 136.0, 129.4, 129.3, 107.3, 91.5, 77.2, 73.3, 48.9, 34.4, 28.0 (sept,  $J = 15.3$  Hz), 21.6, 4.1; LRMS (EI)  $m/z$  324  $[(\text{M}-\text{CD}_3)^+]$ , 276, 258; HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{14}\text{D}_6\text{NO}_3\text{S}$   $[(\text{M}-\text{CD}_3)^+]$  325.1451, found 324.1533.

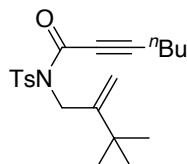




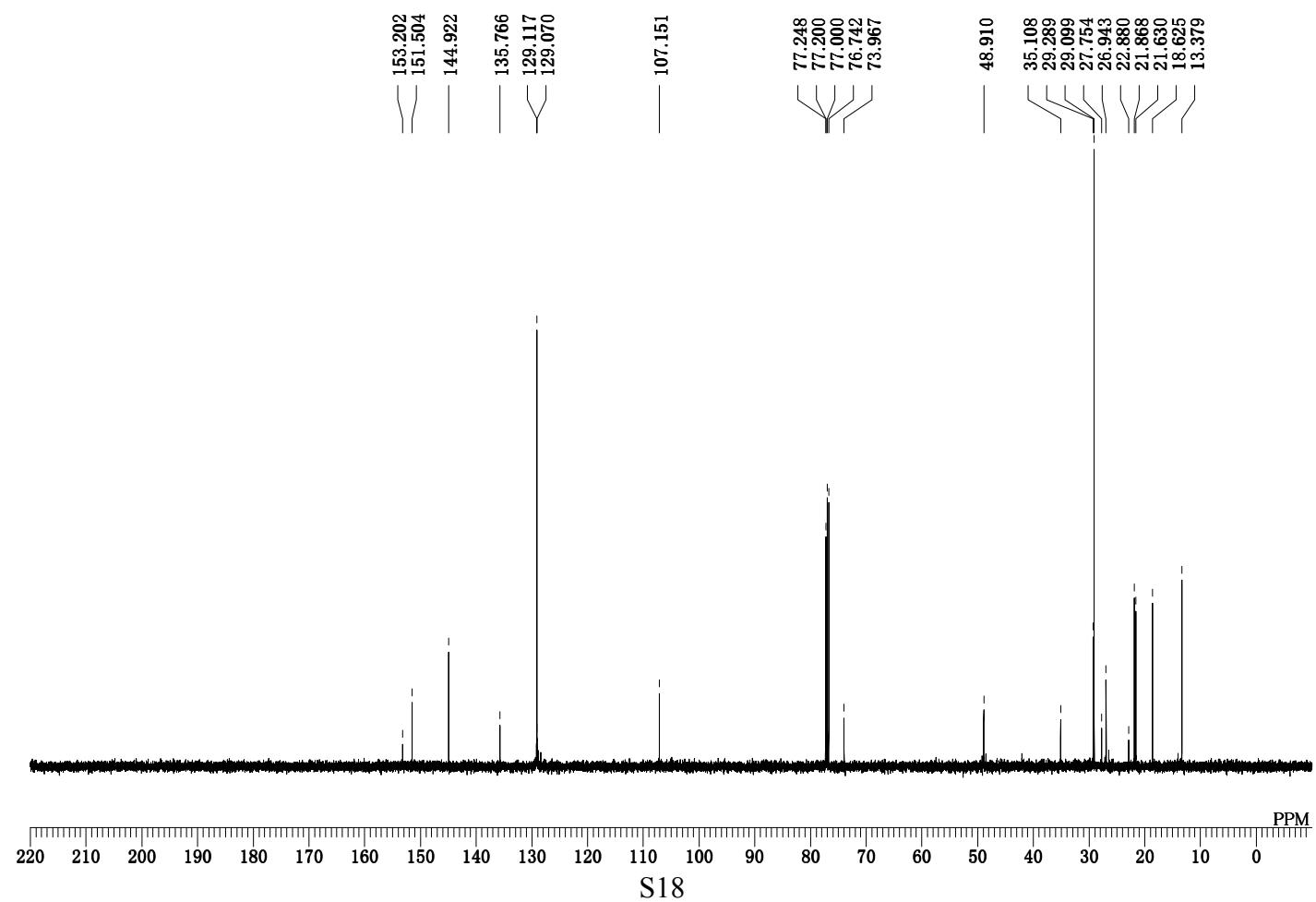
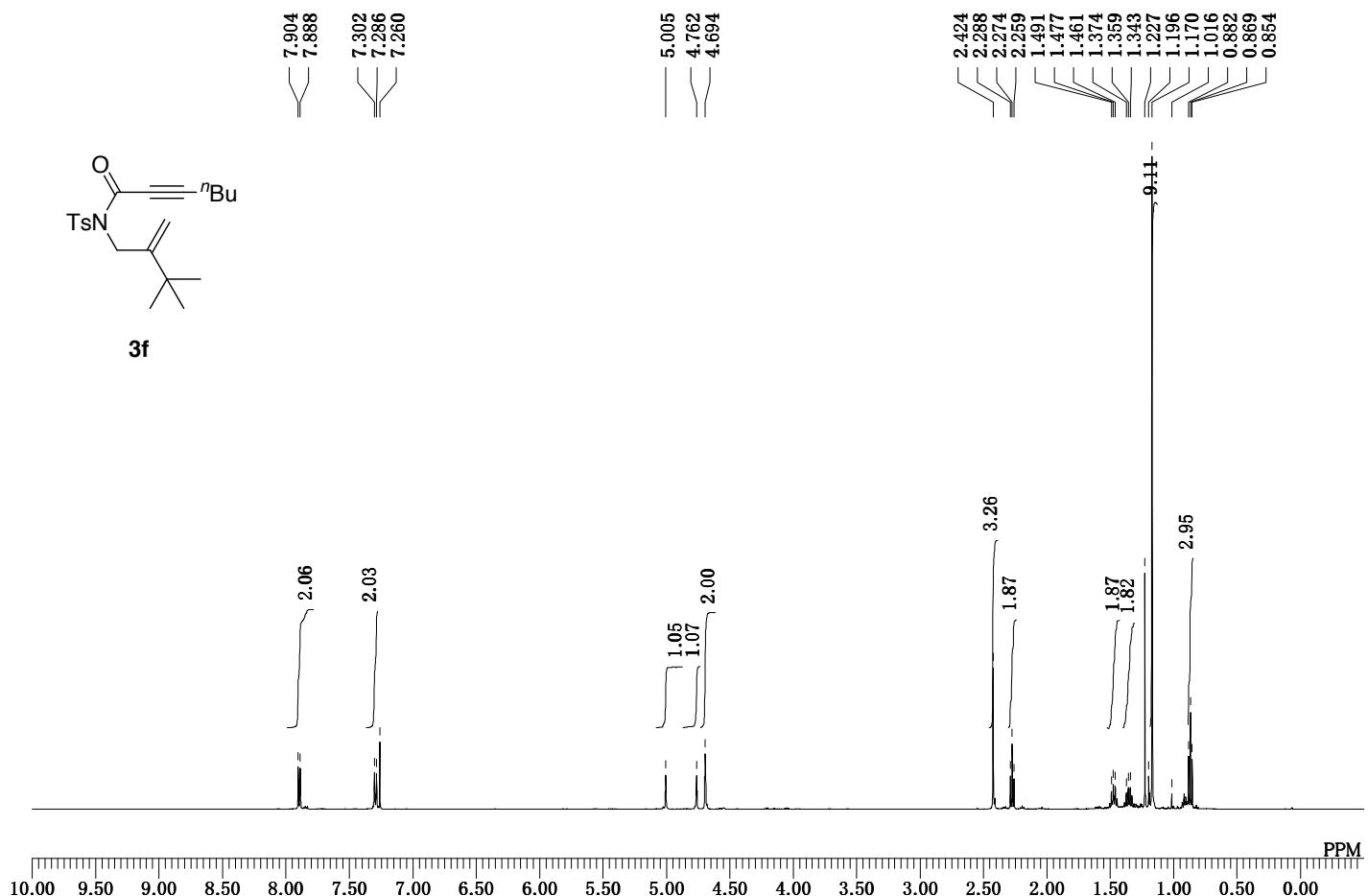


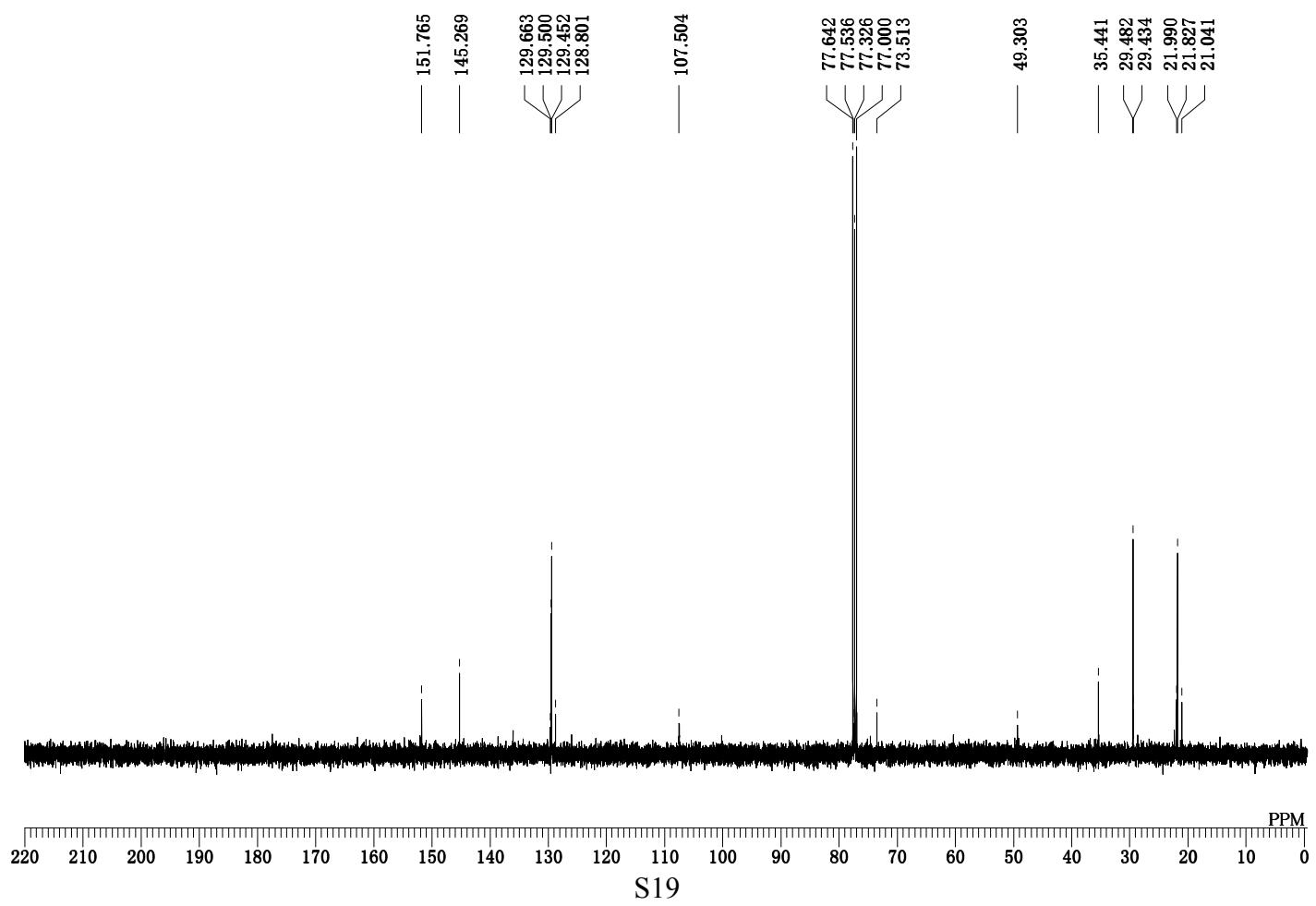
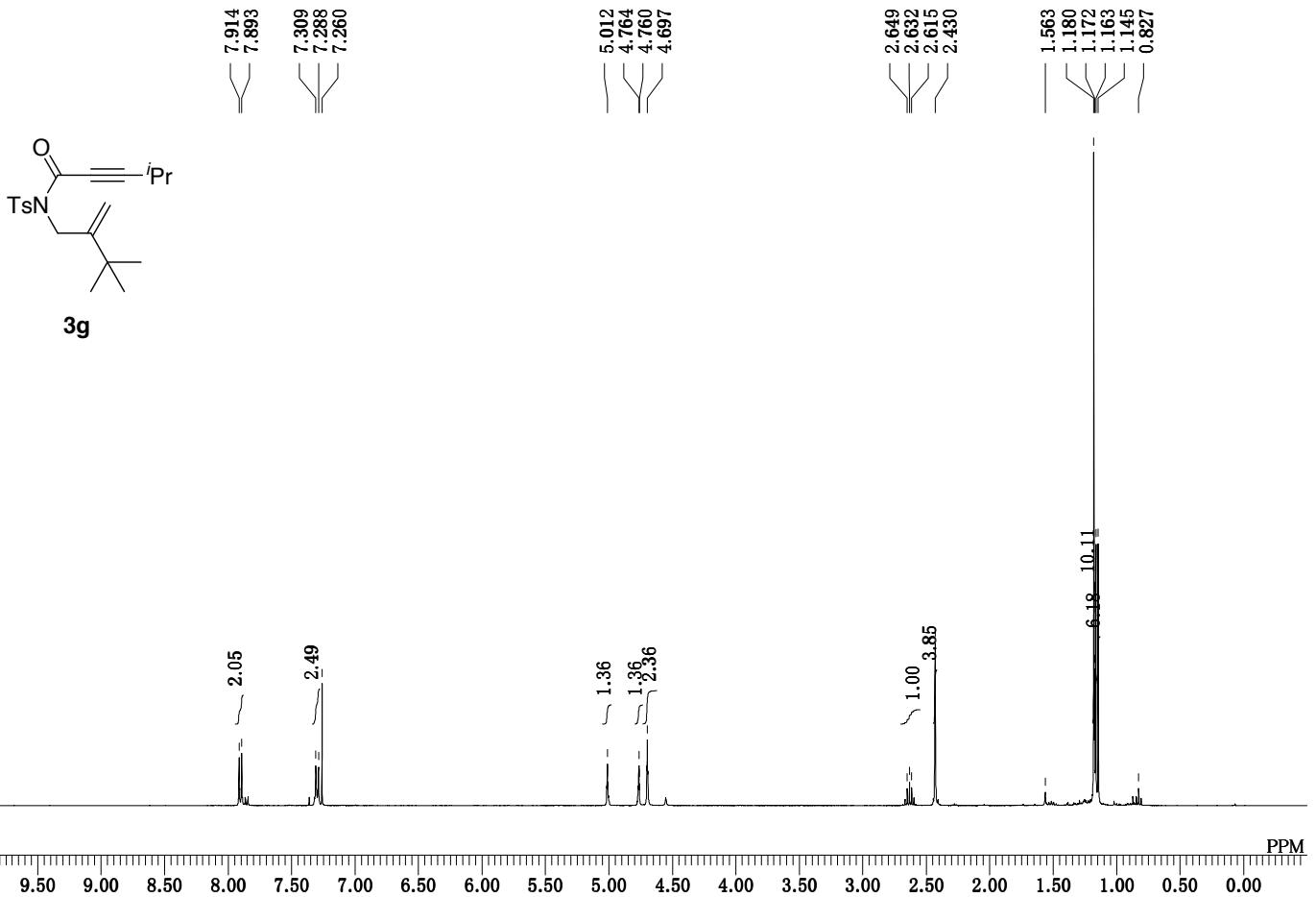


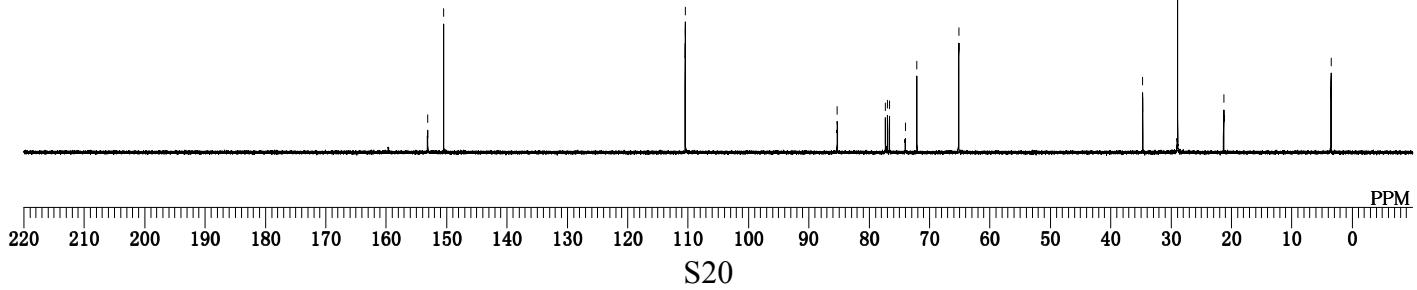
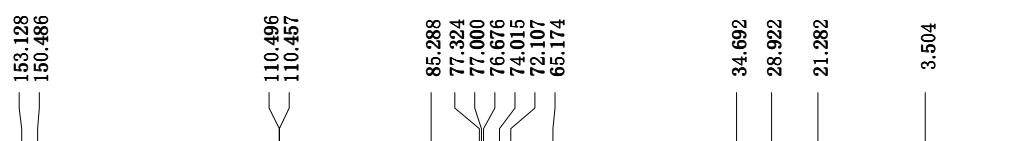
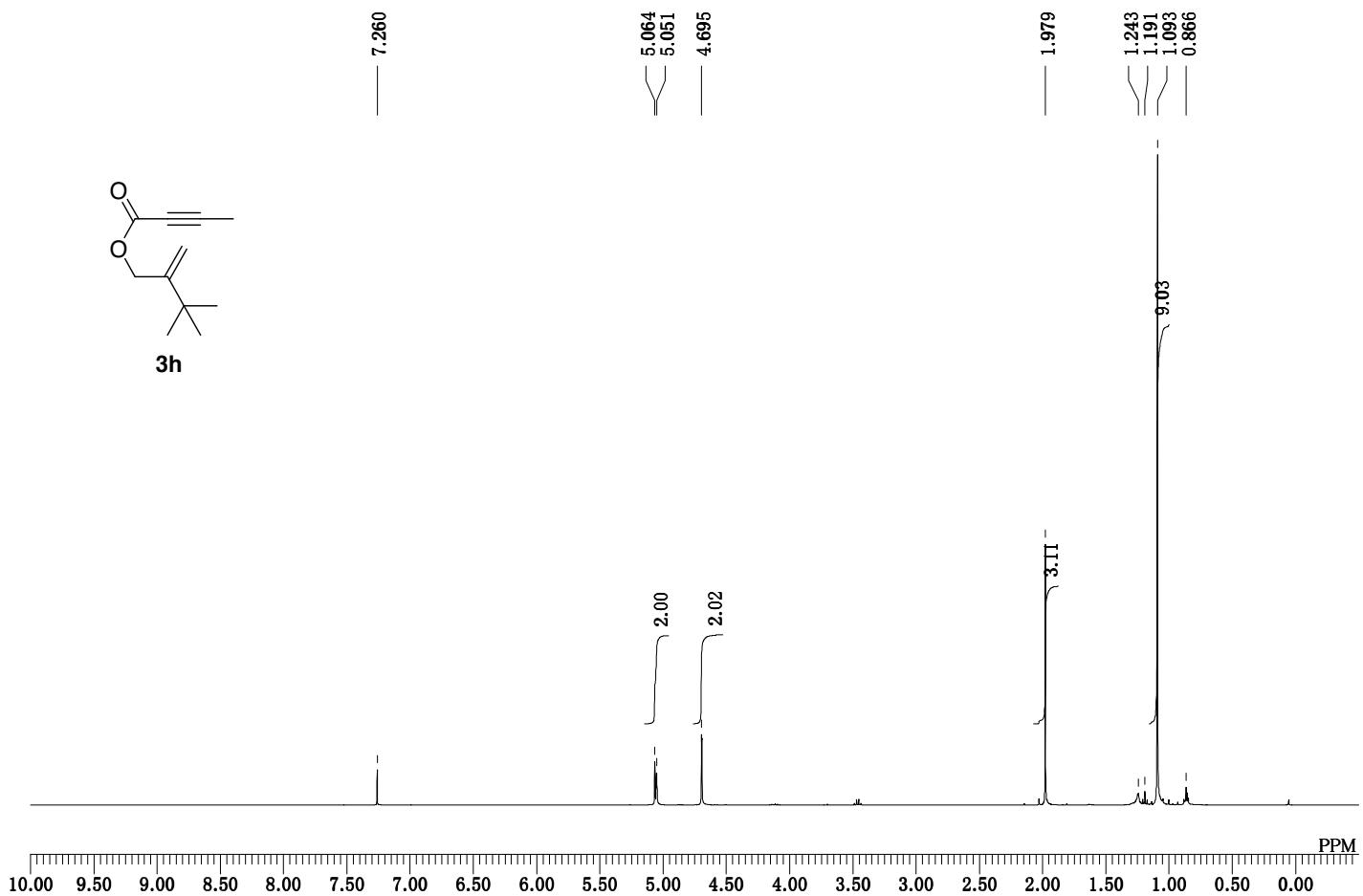
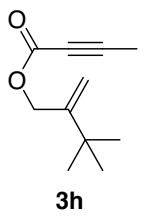


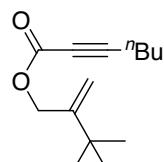


**3f**

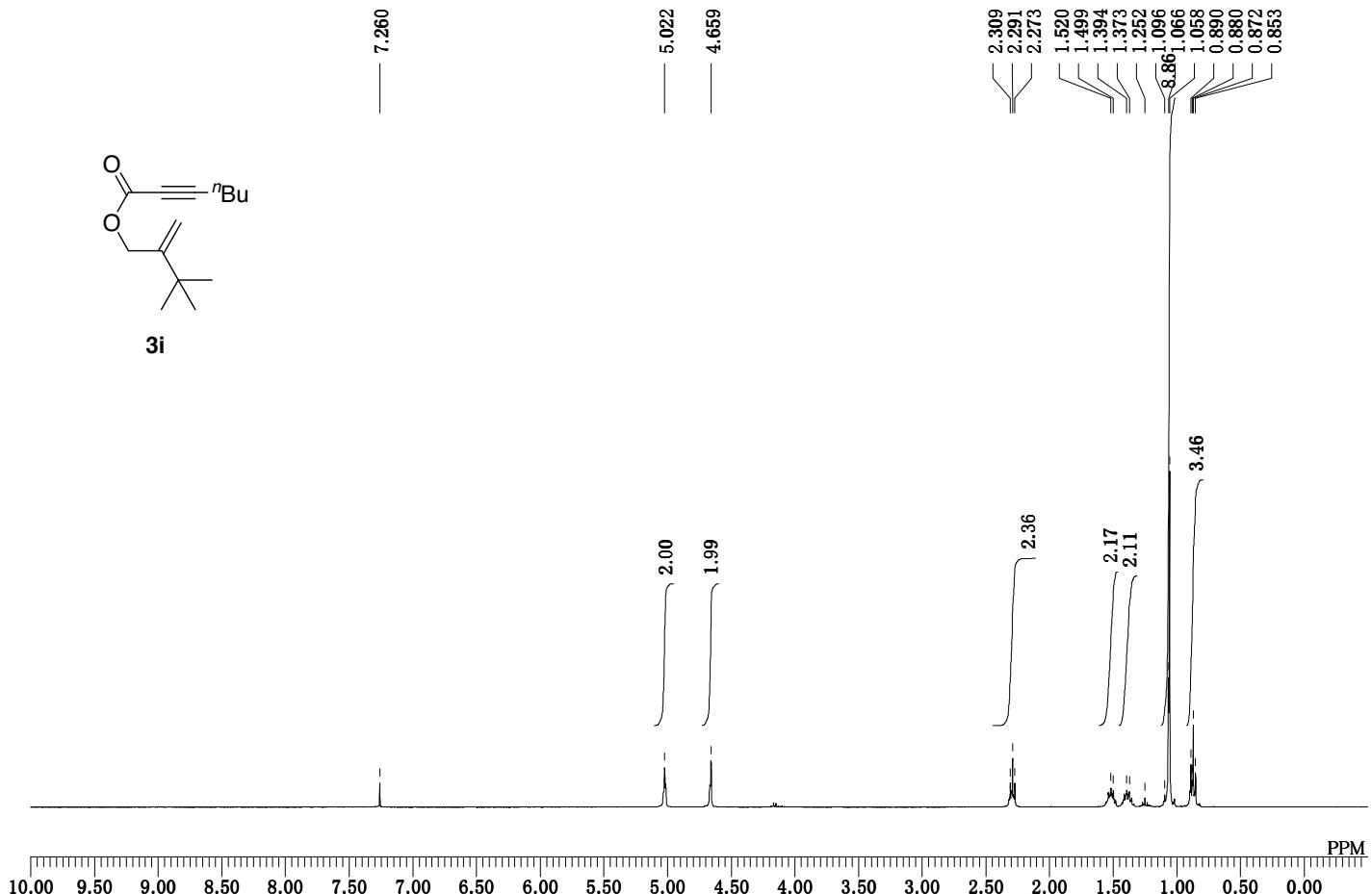




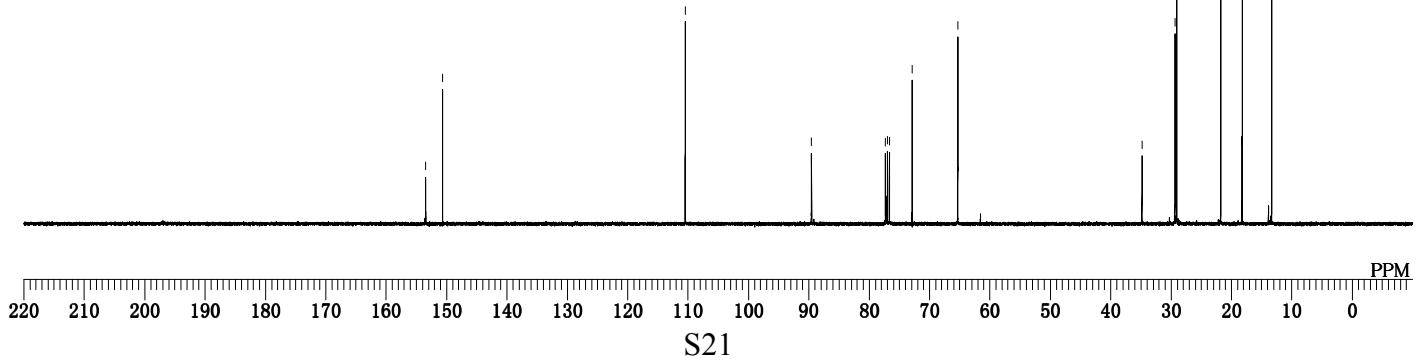


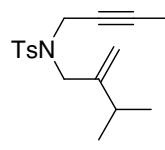


**3i**

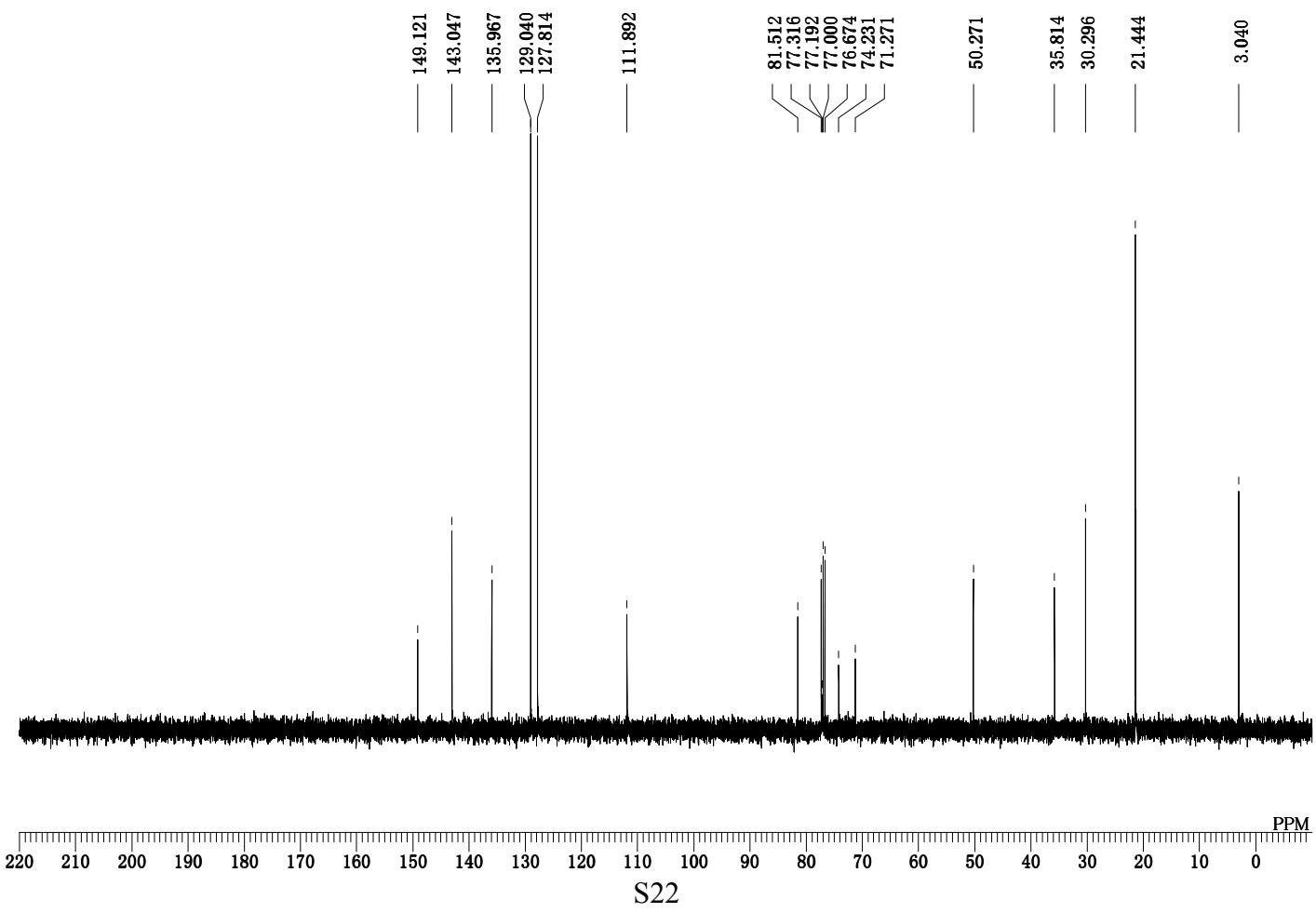
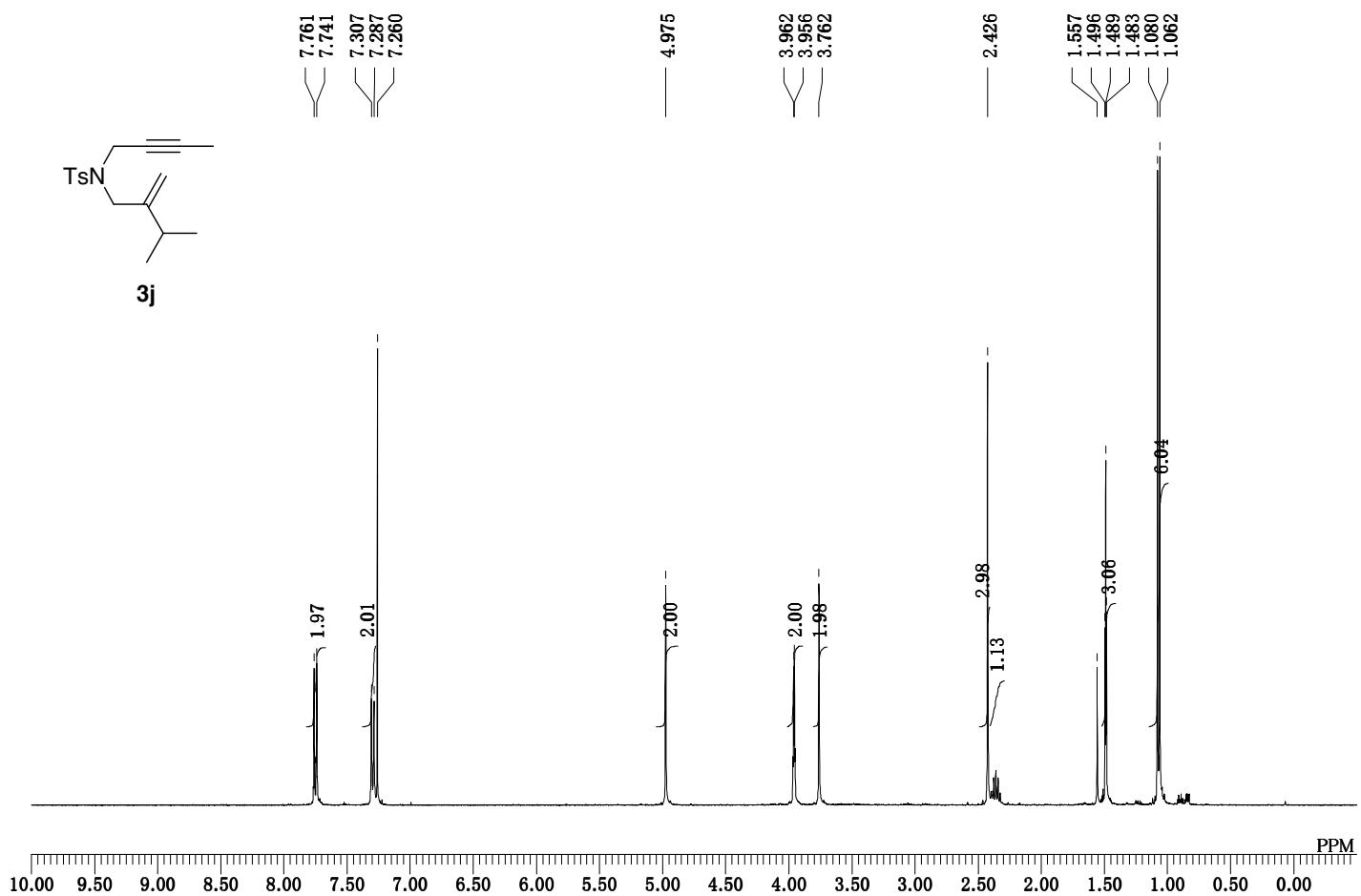


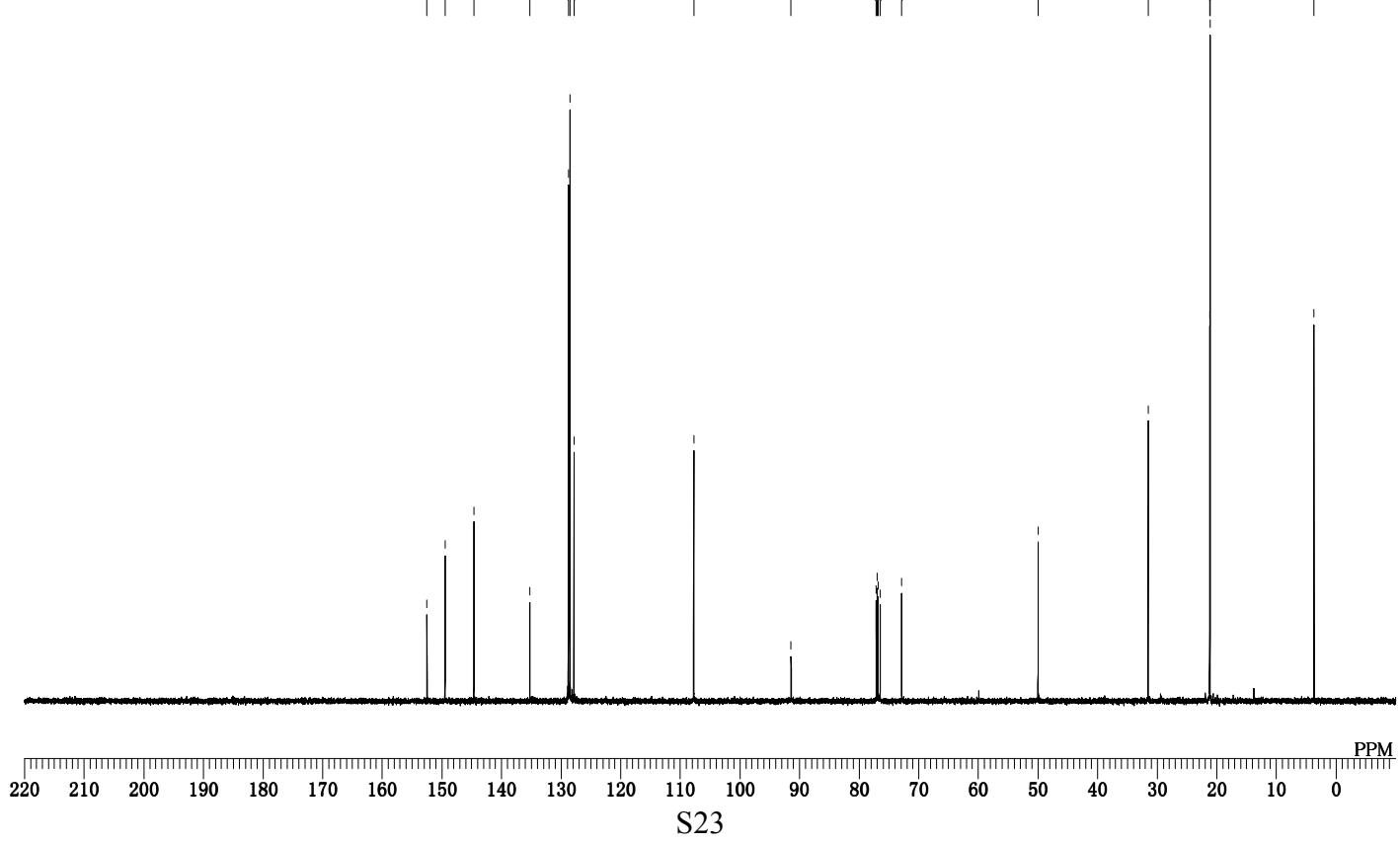
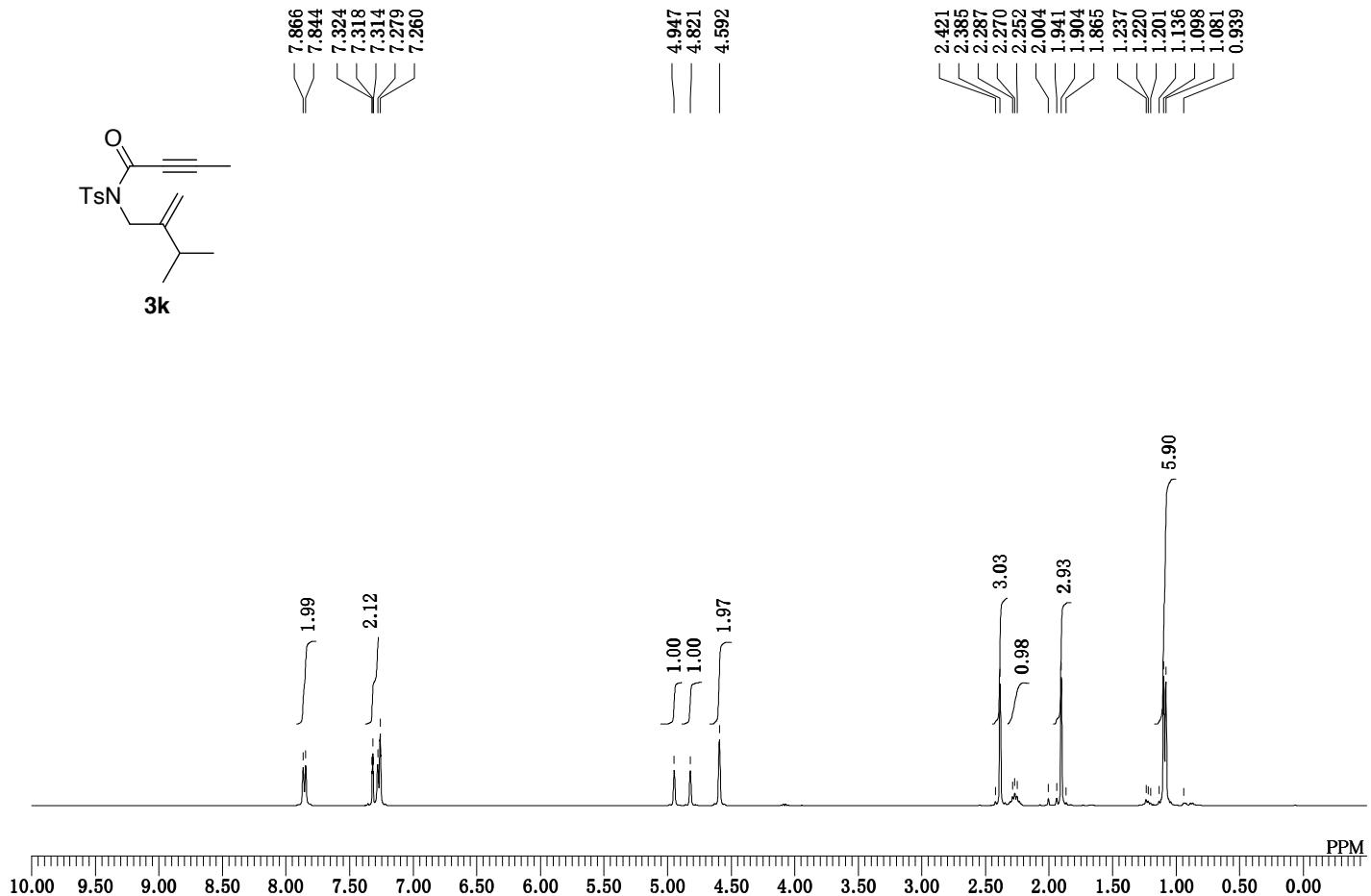
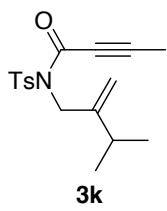
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89.551	—
77.324	—
77.000	—
76.676	—
72.908	—
65.317	—
34.835	—
29.379	—
29.055	—
21.778	—
18.230	—
13.347	—

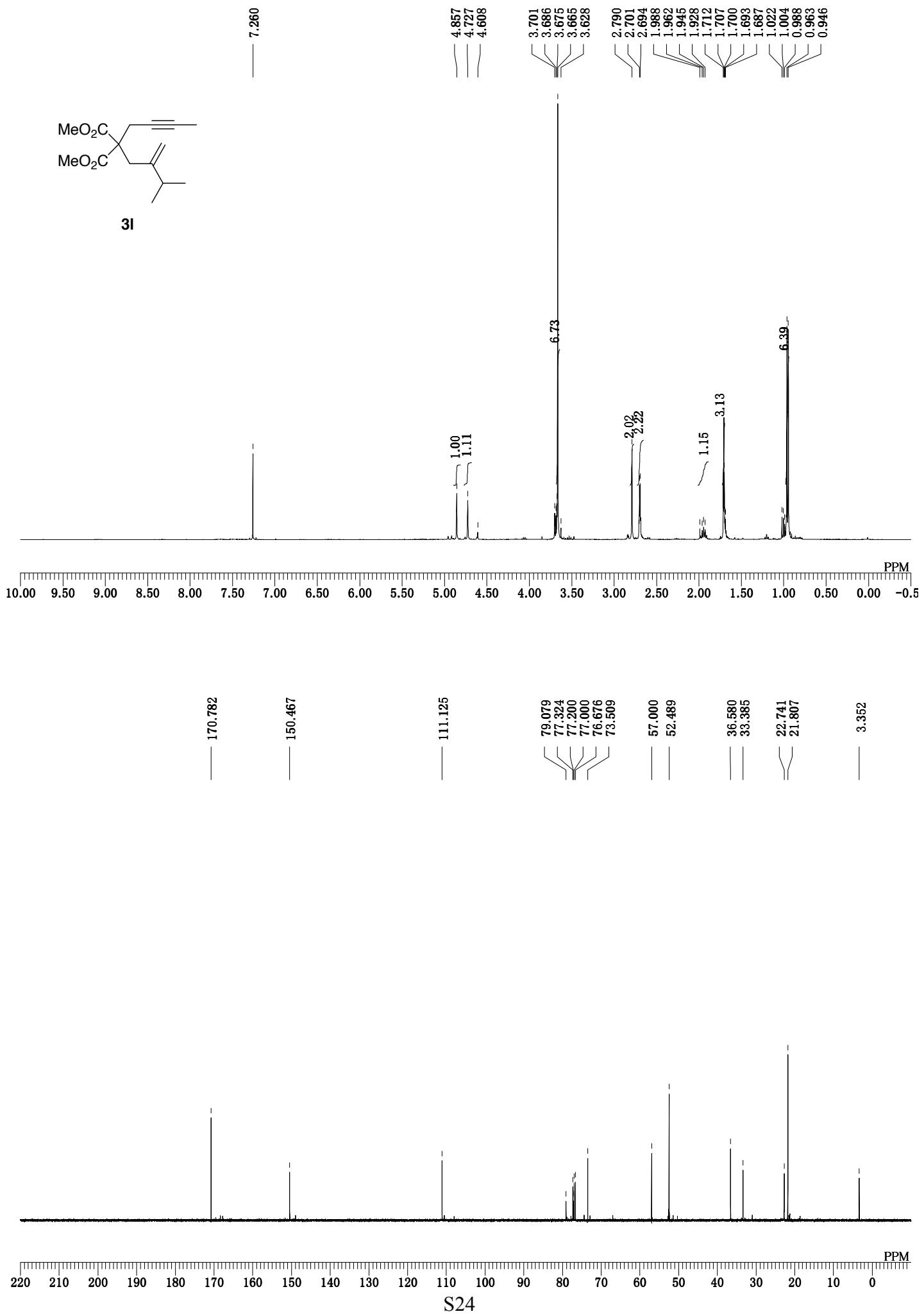


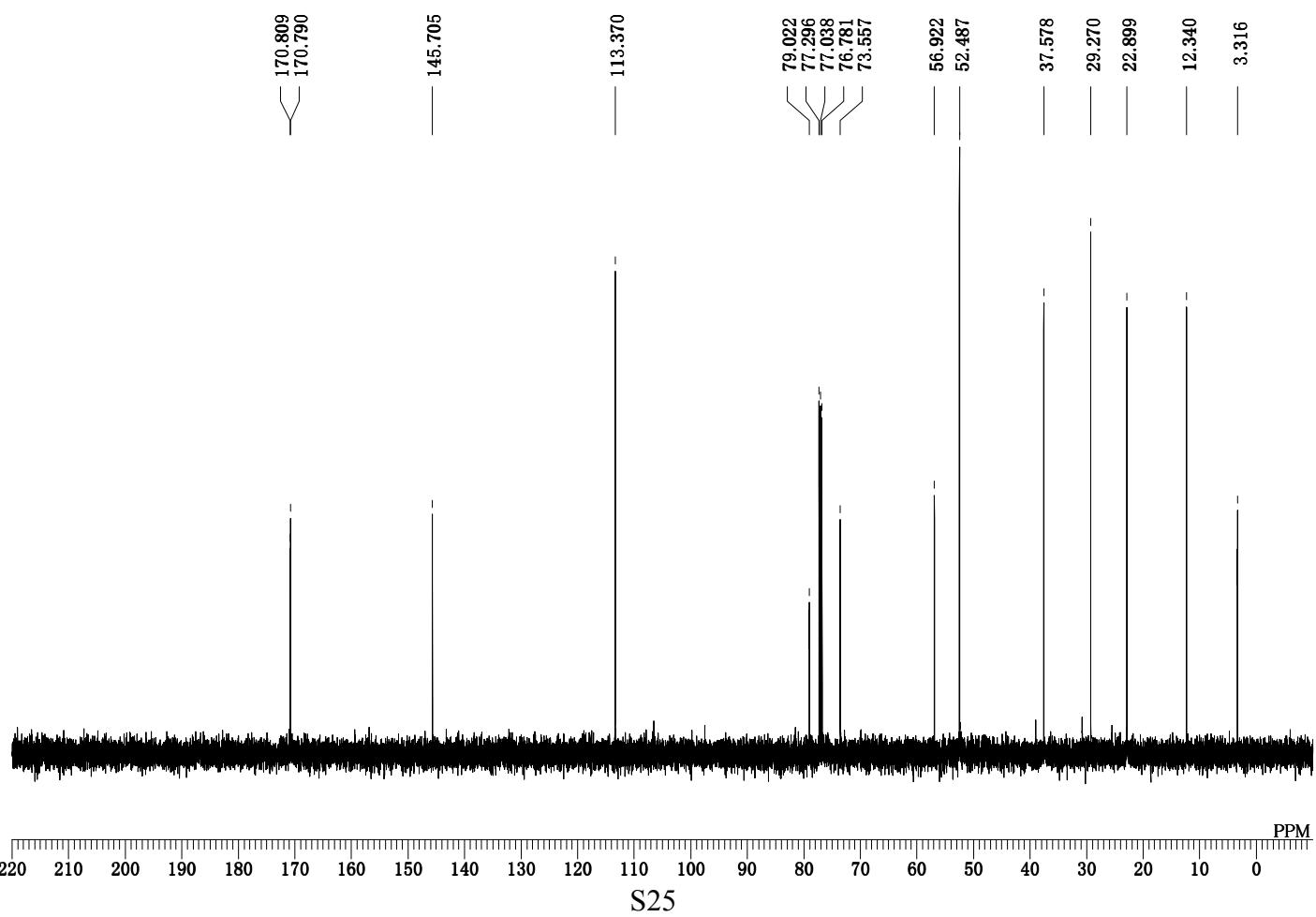
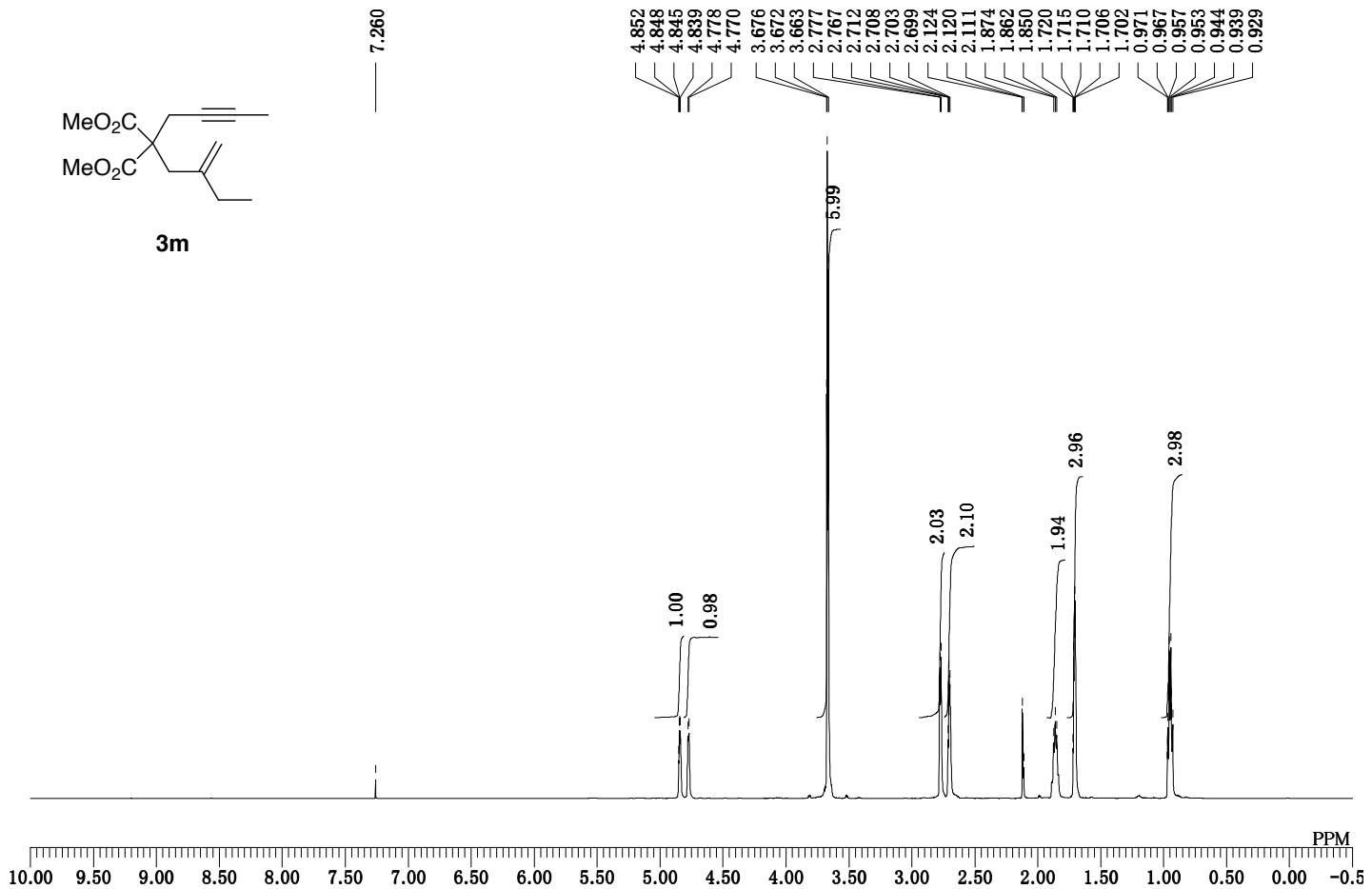
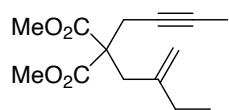


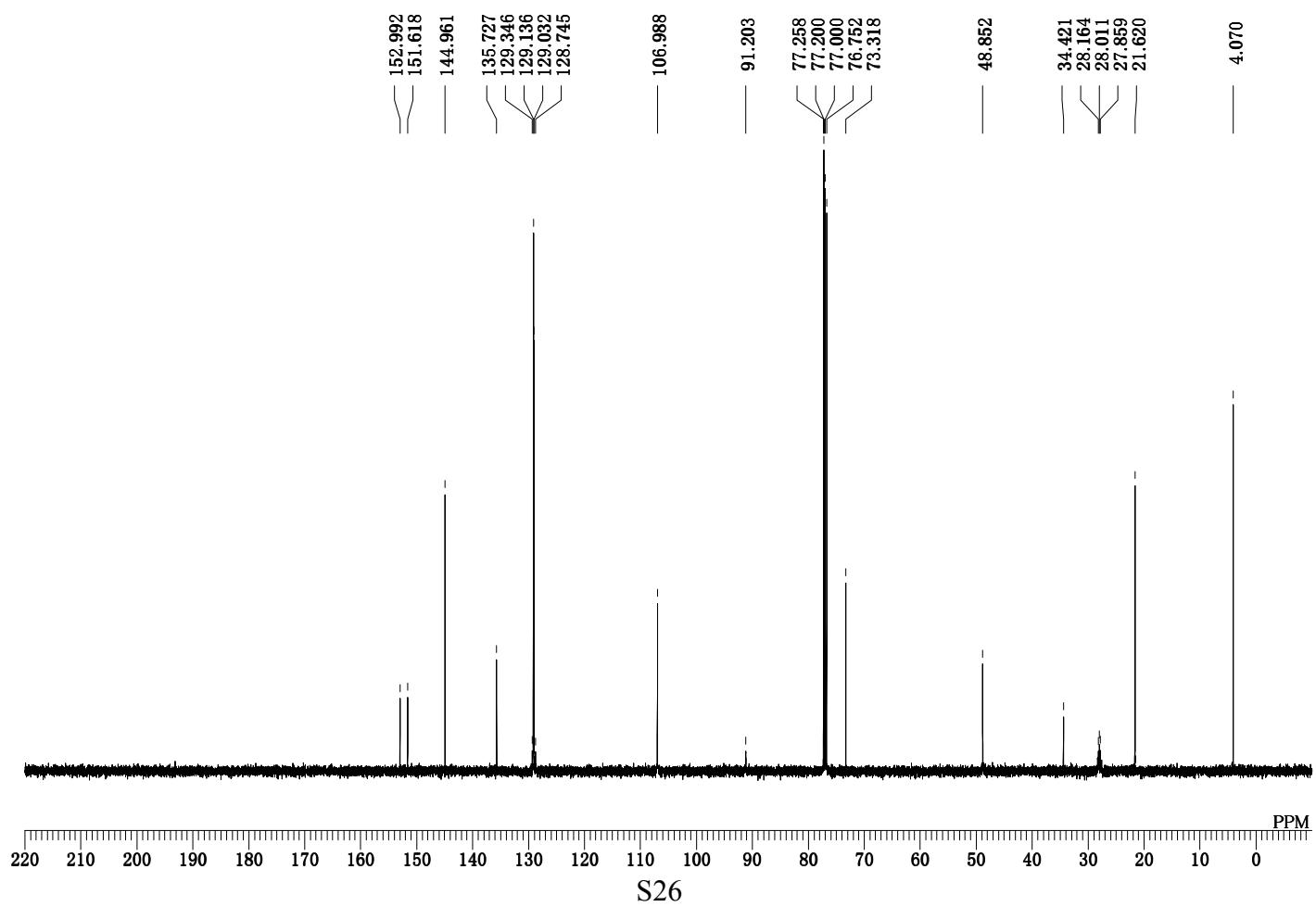
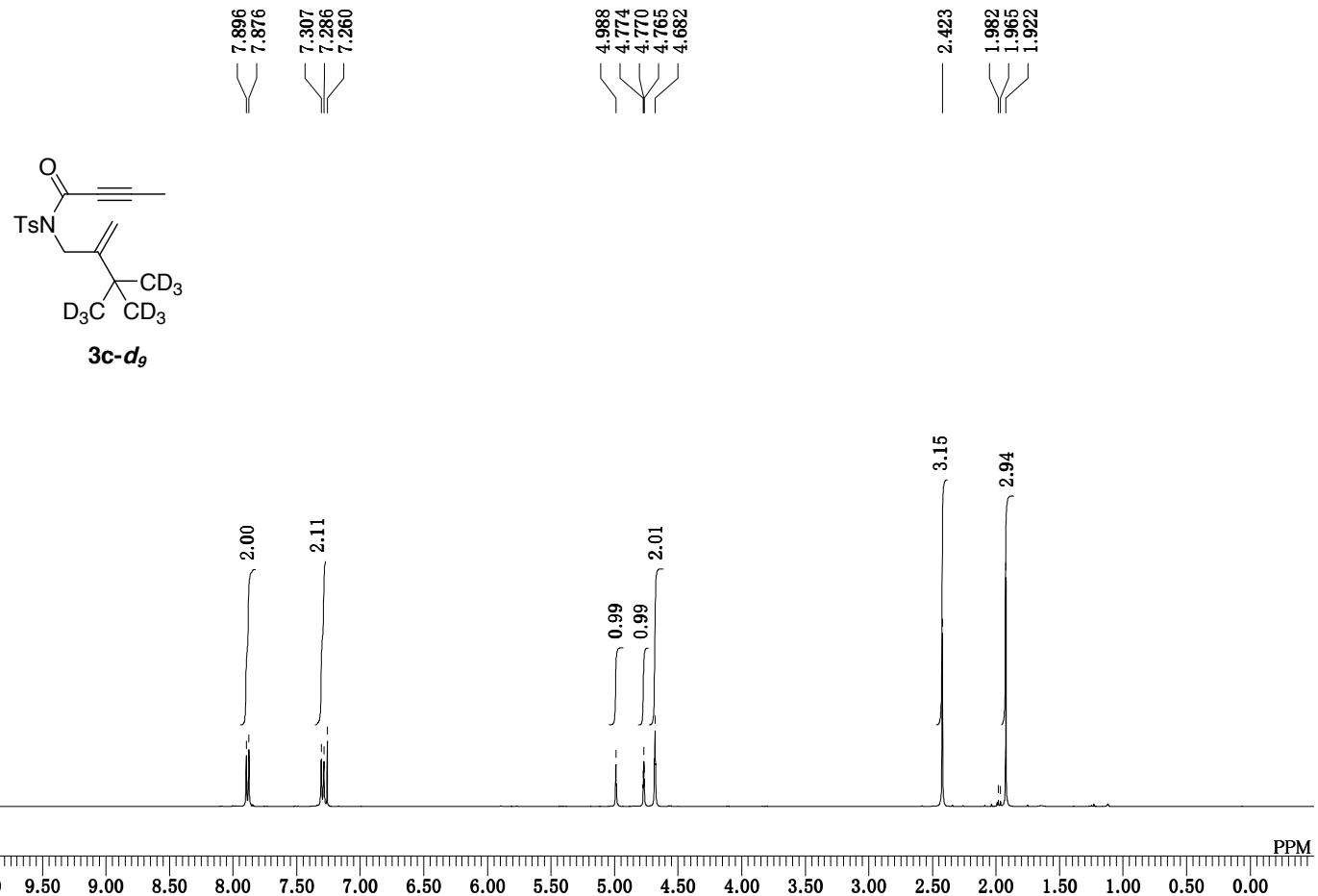
**3j**

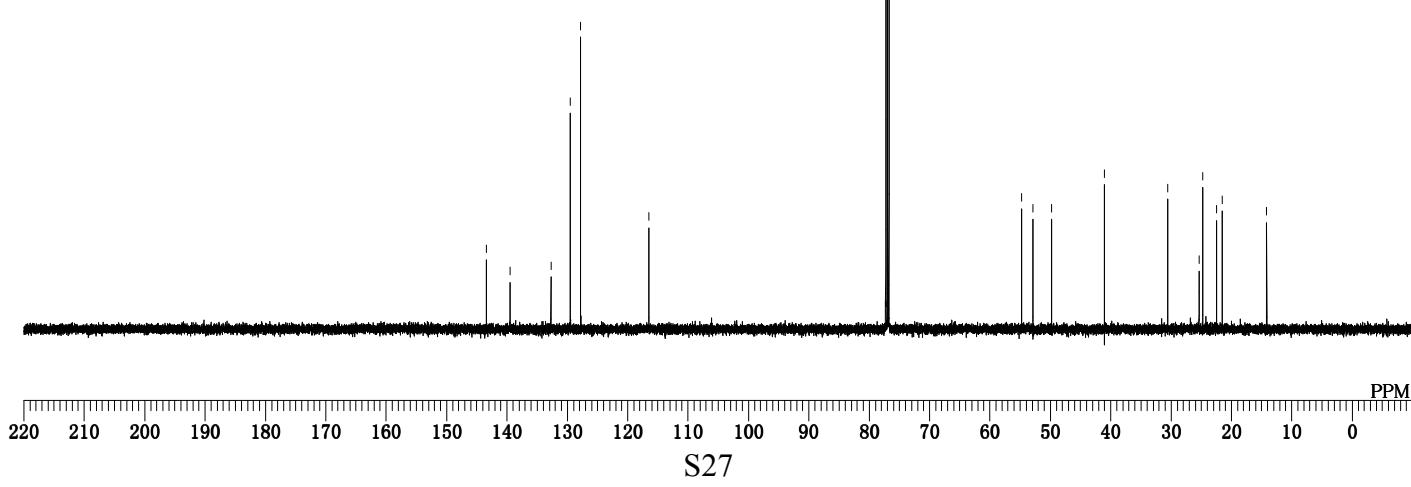
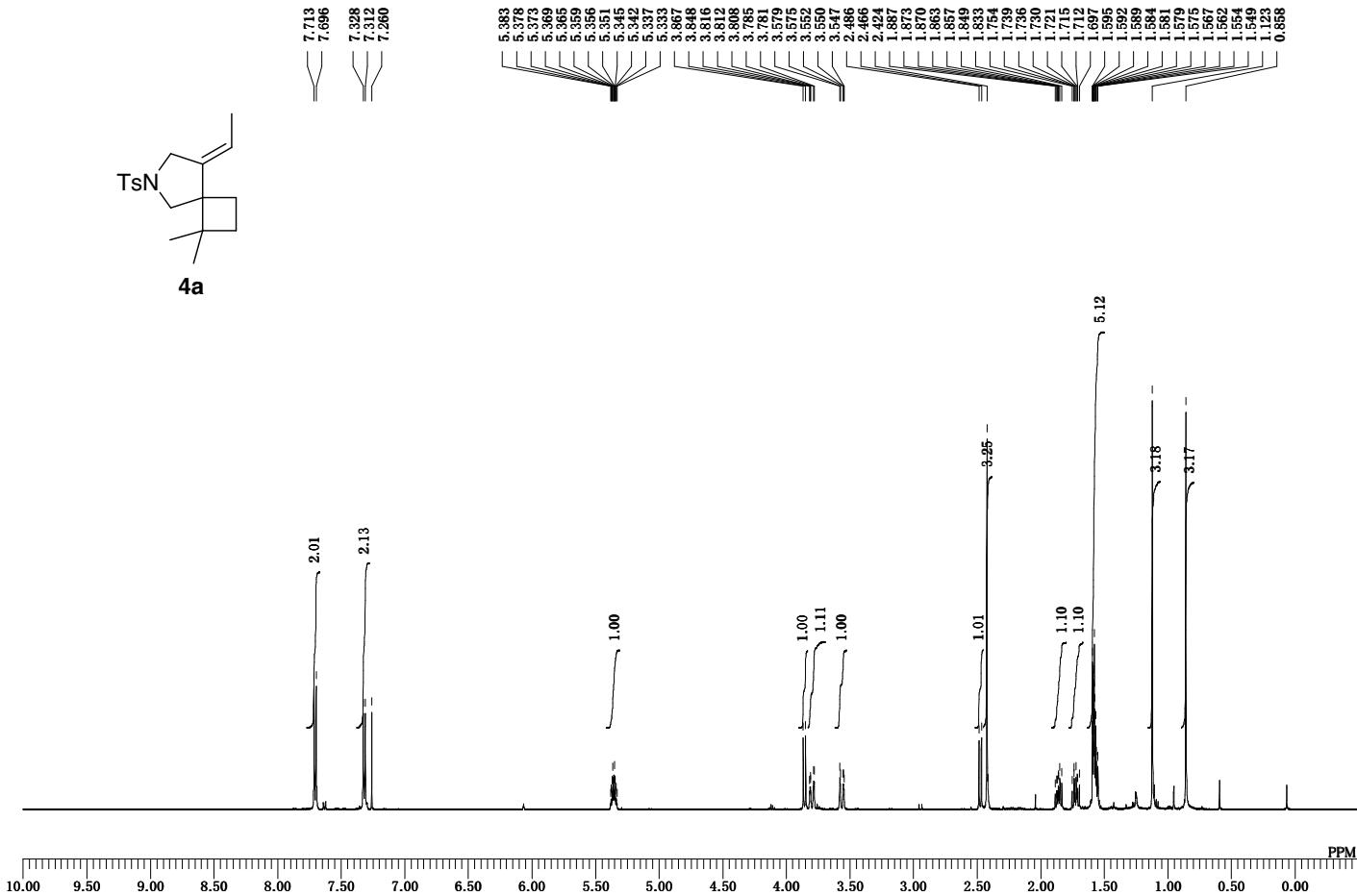
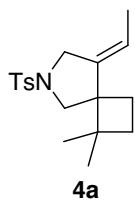


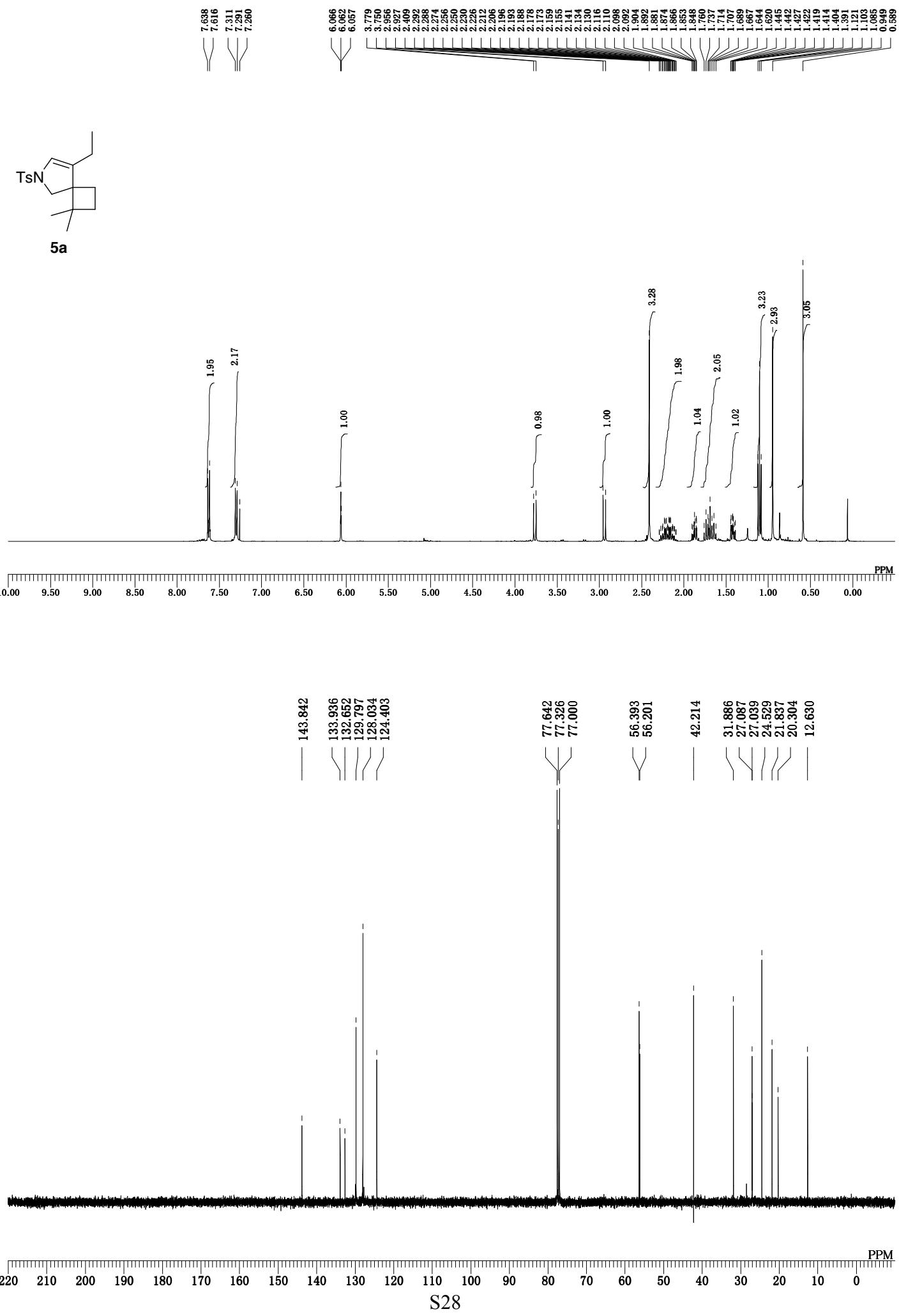


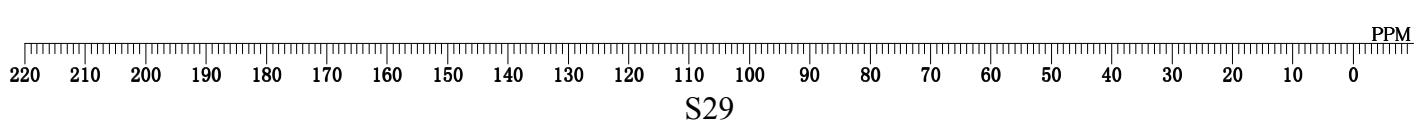
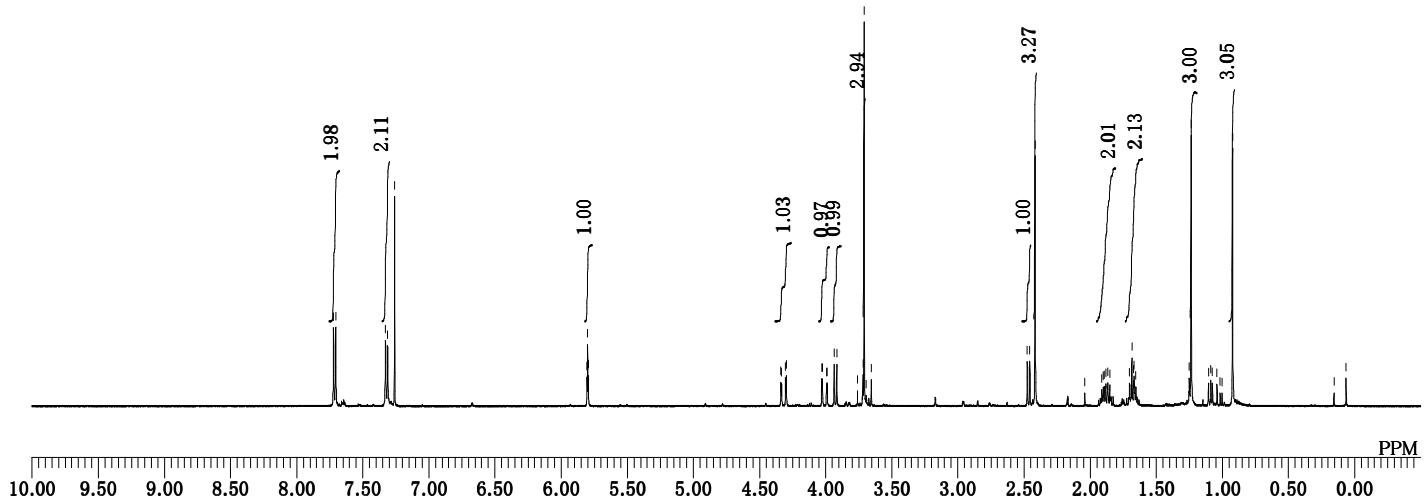
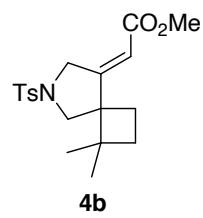
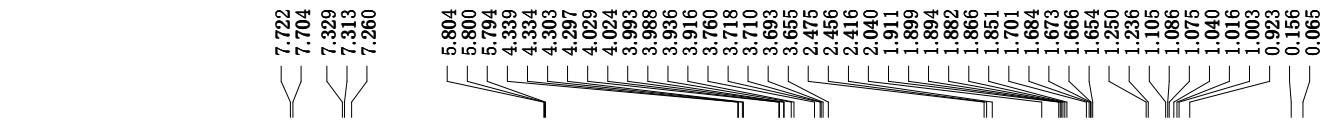


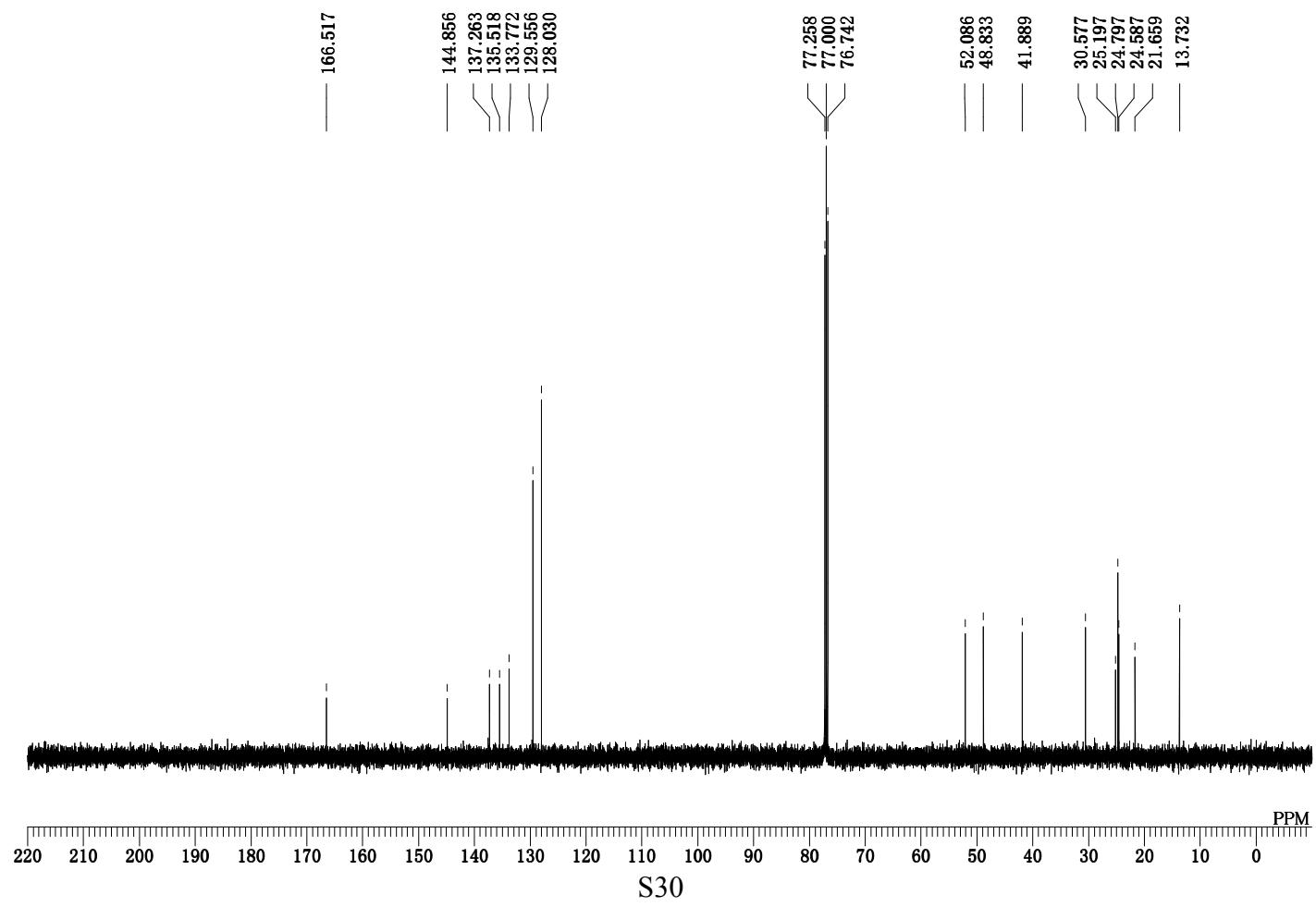
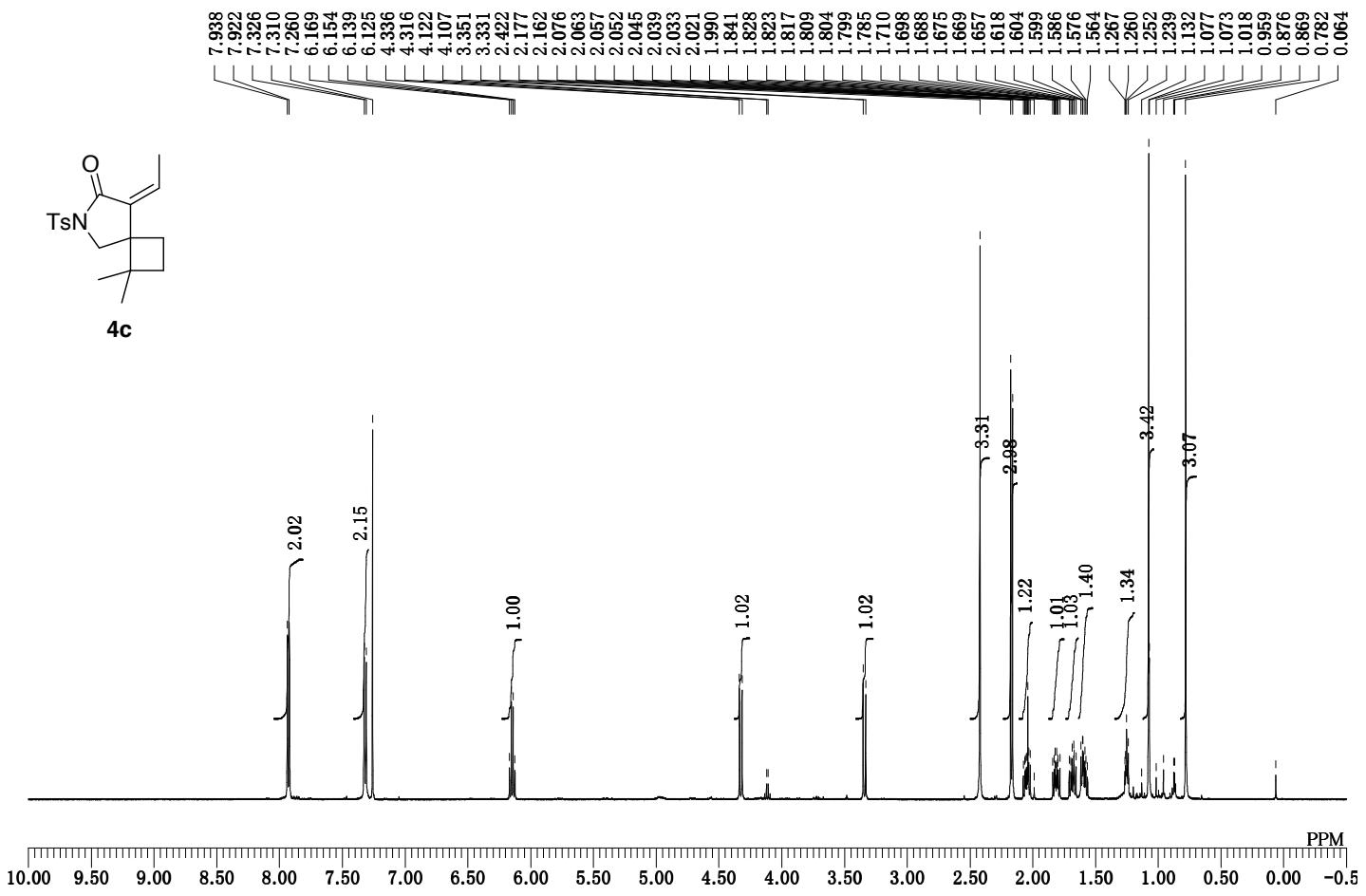


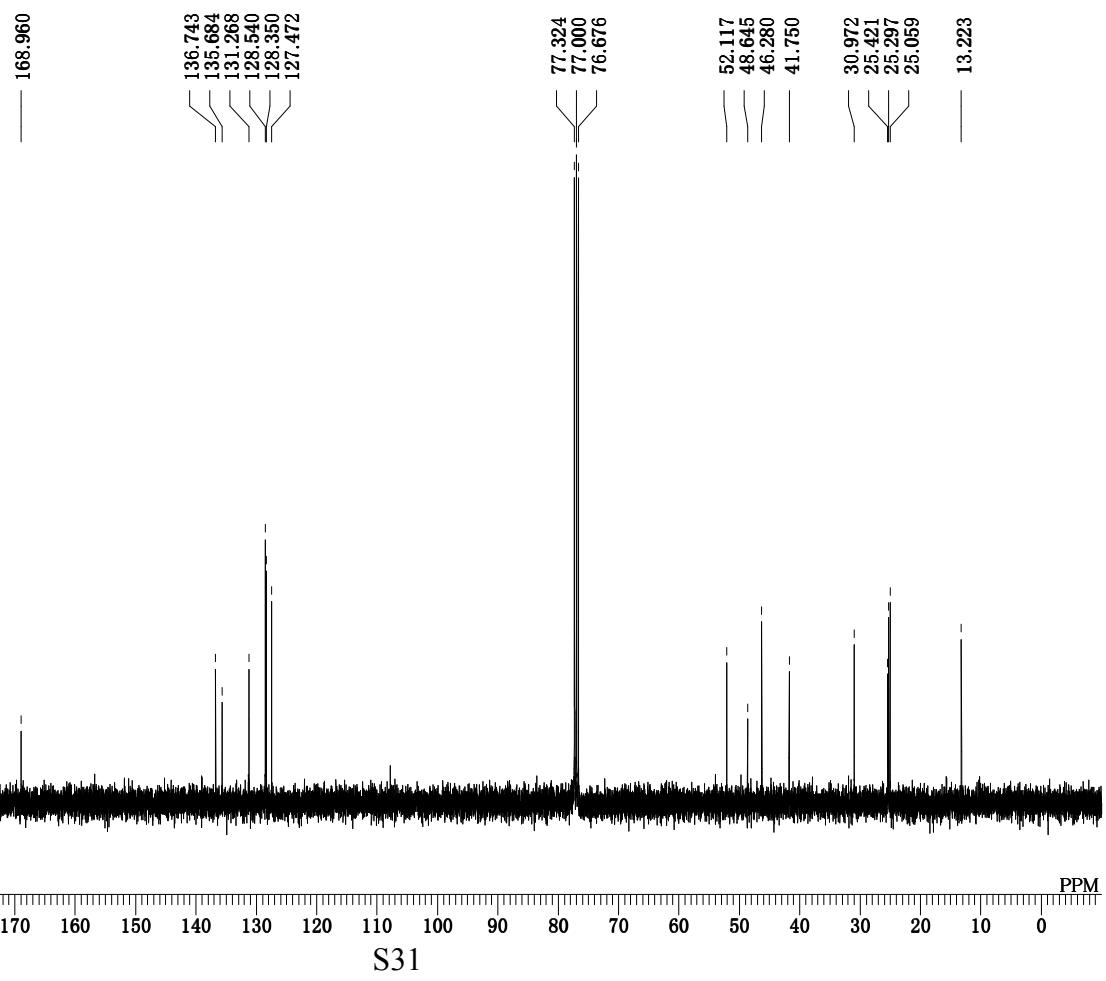
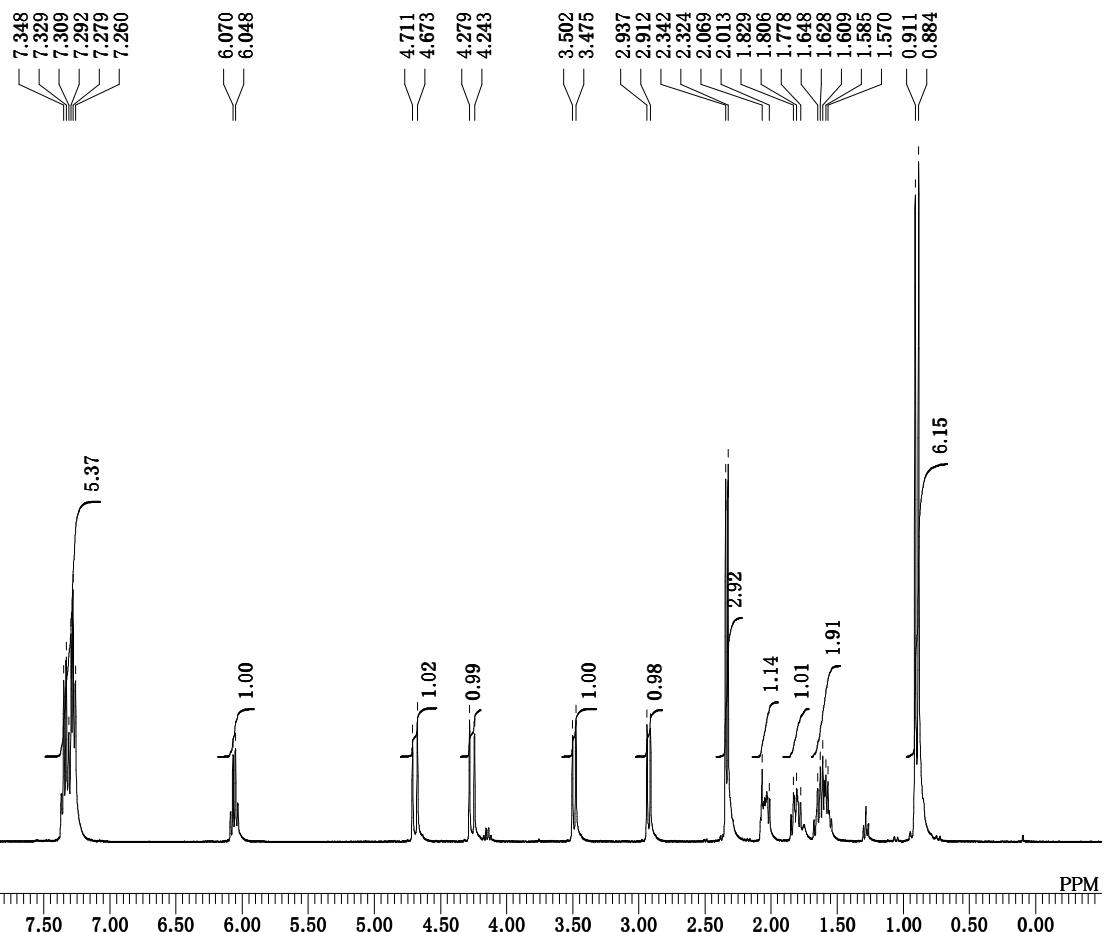
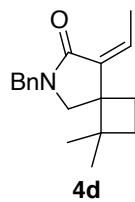


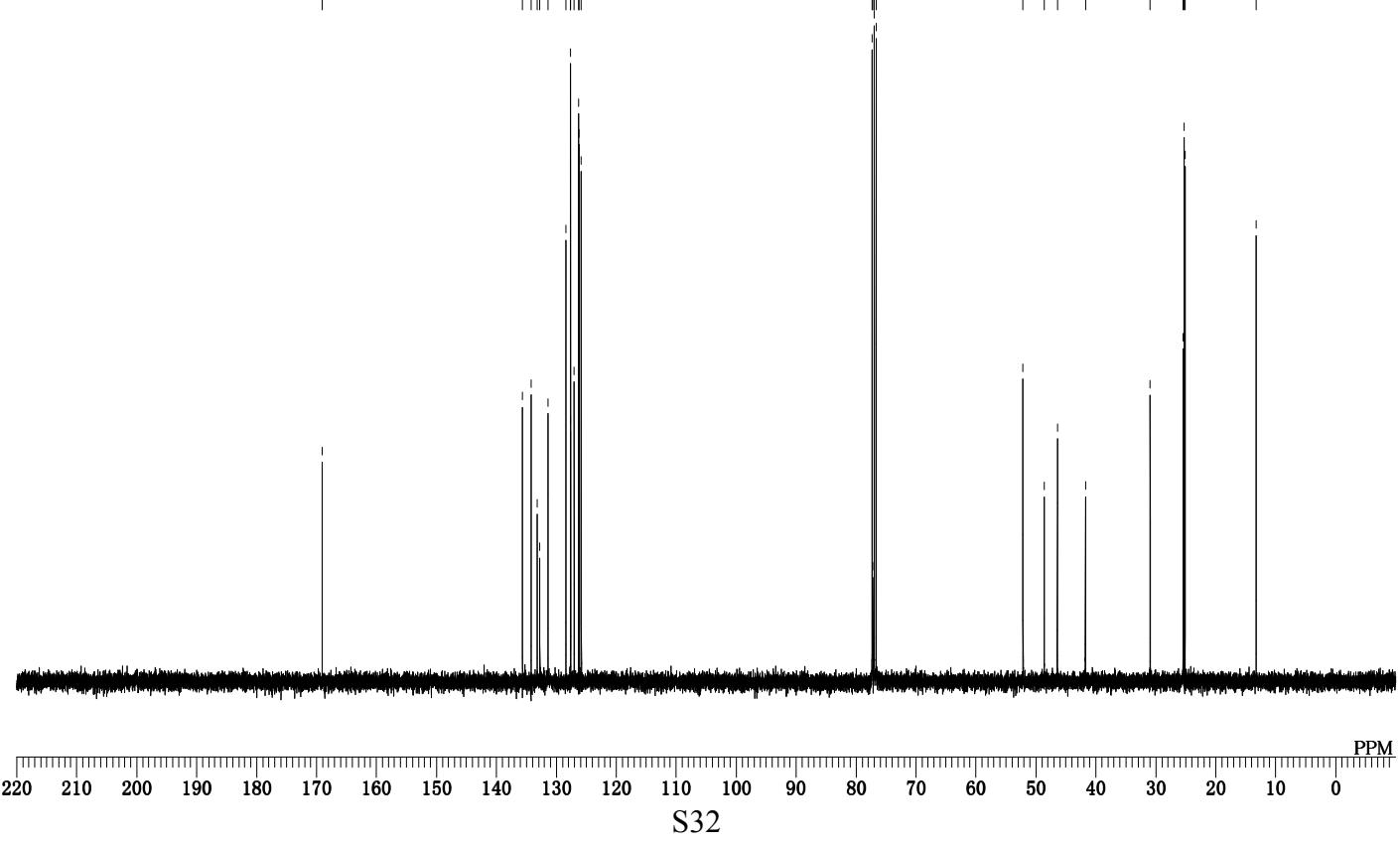
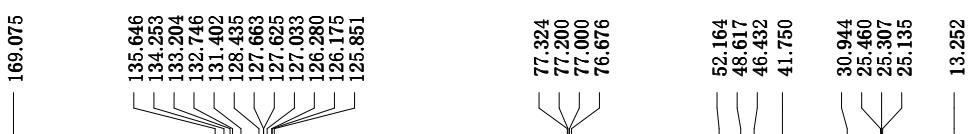
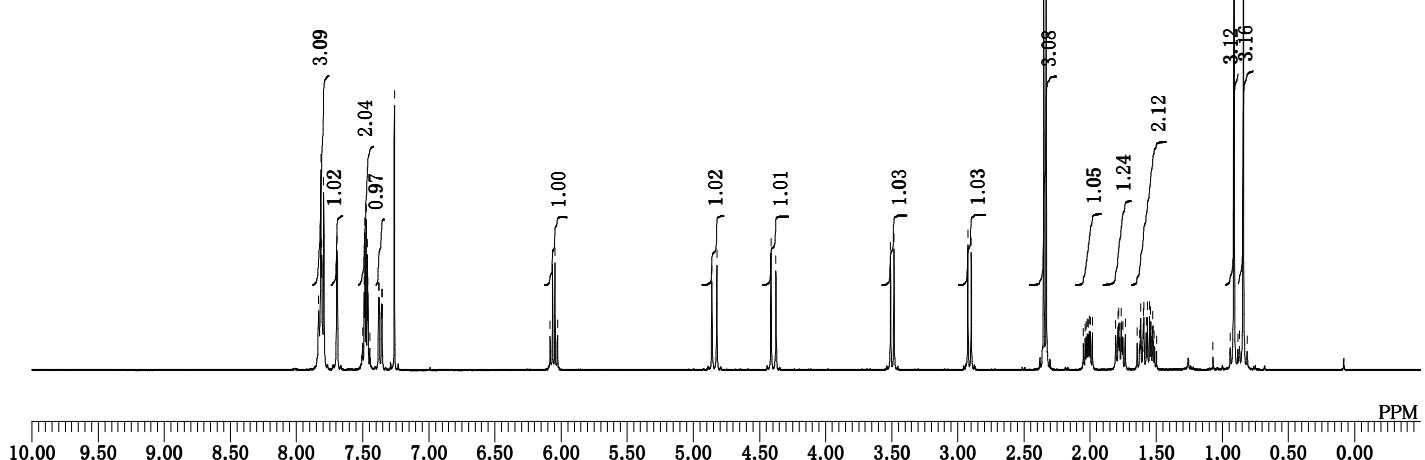
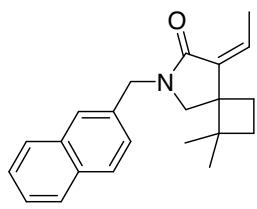
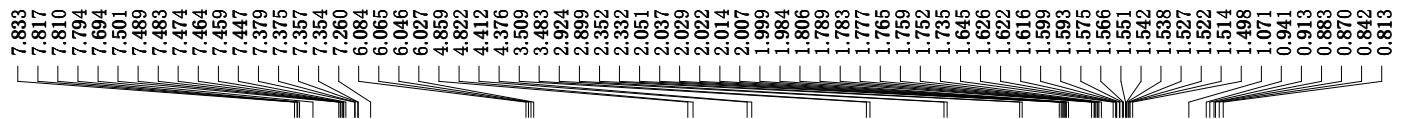


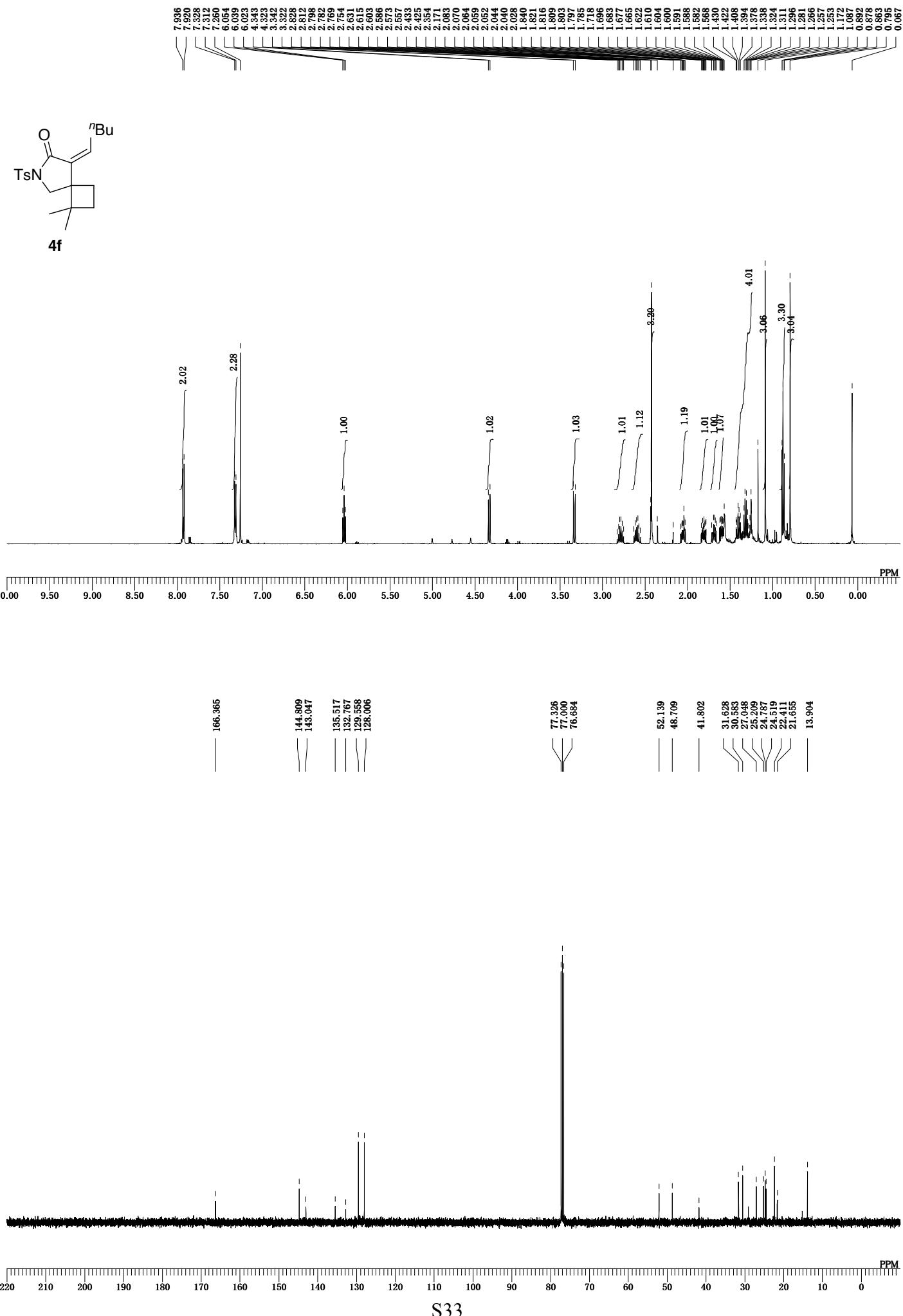


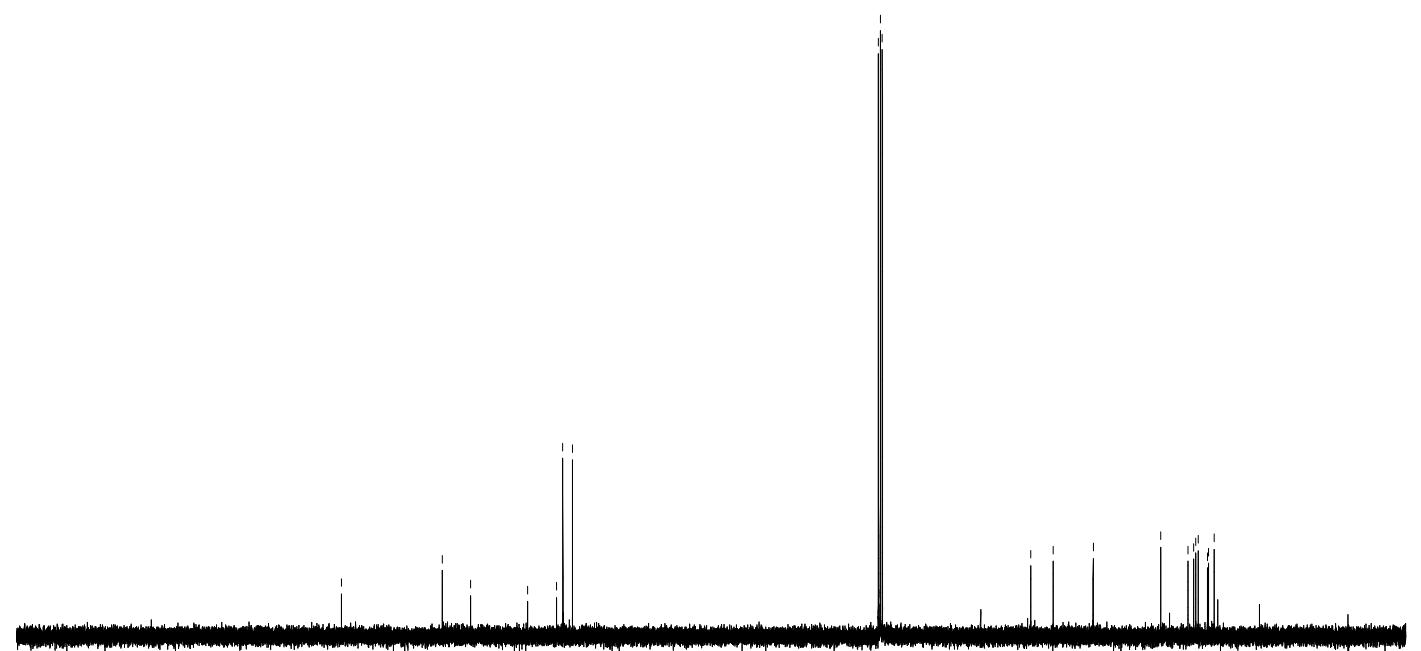
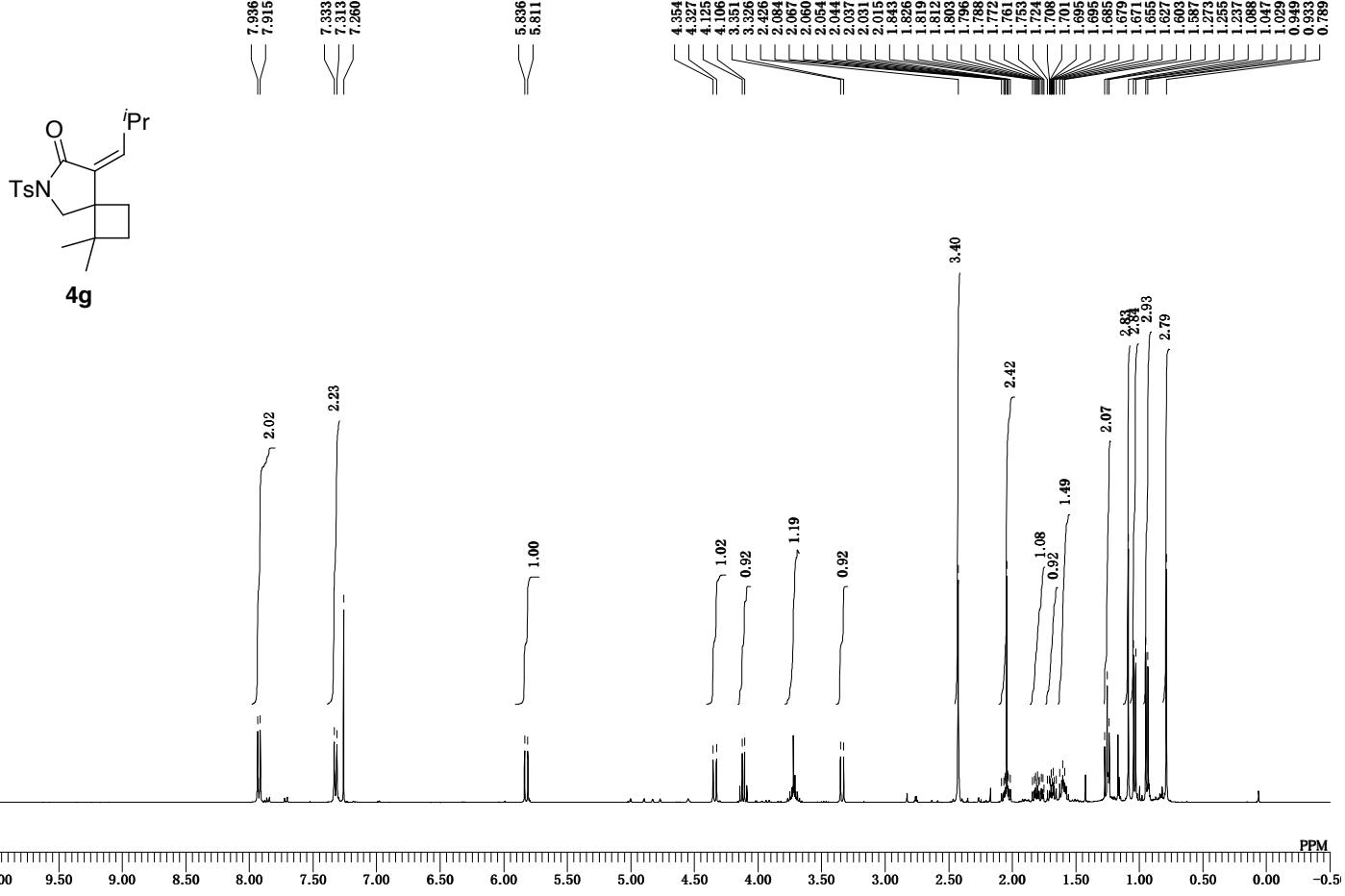


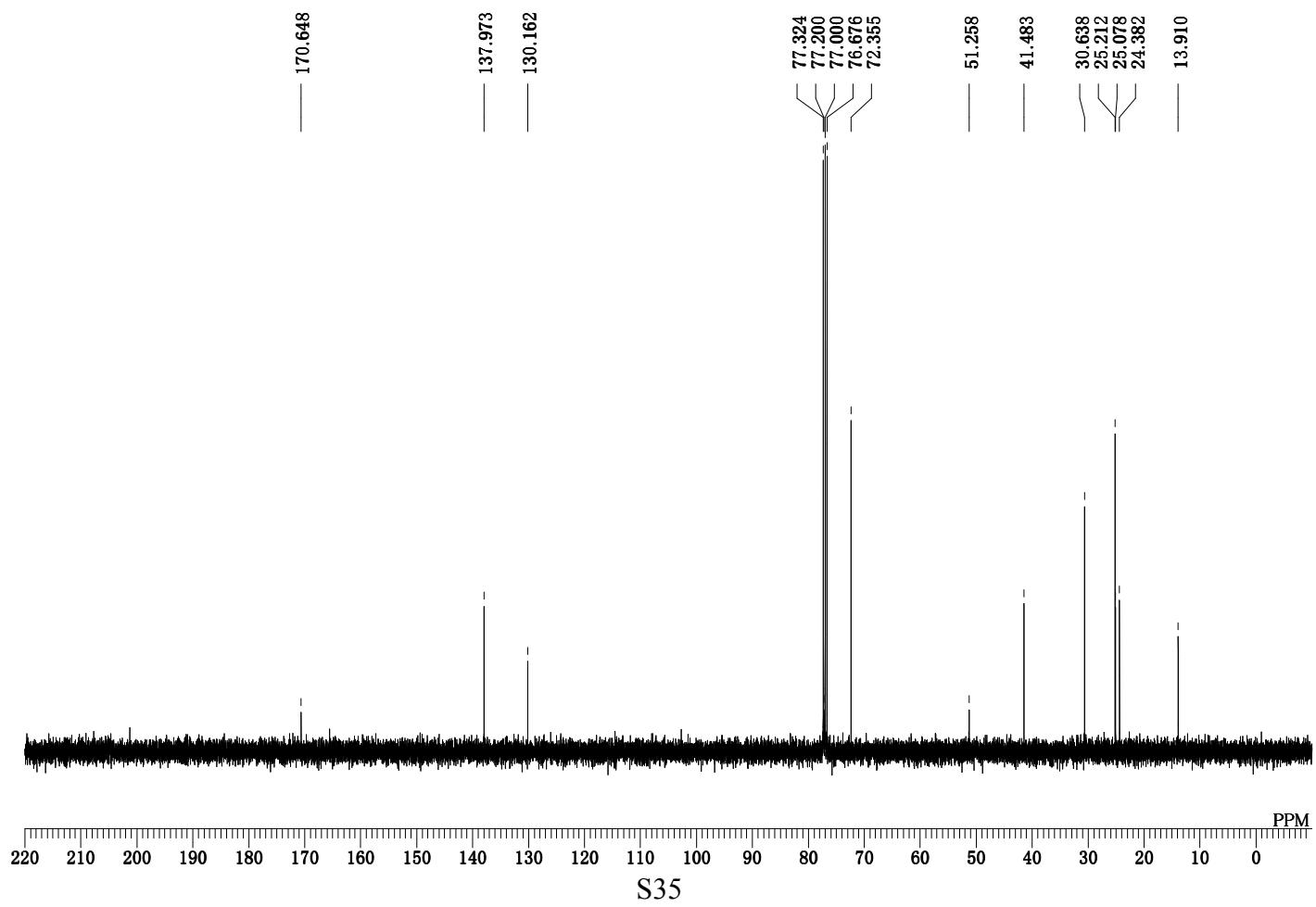
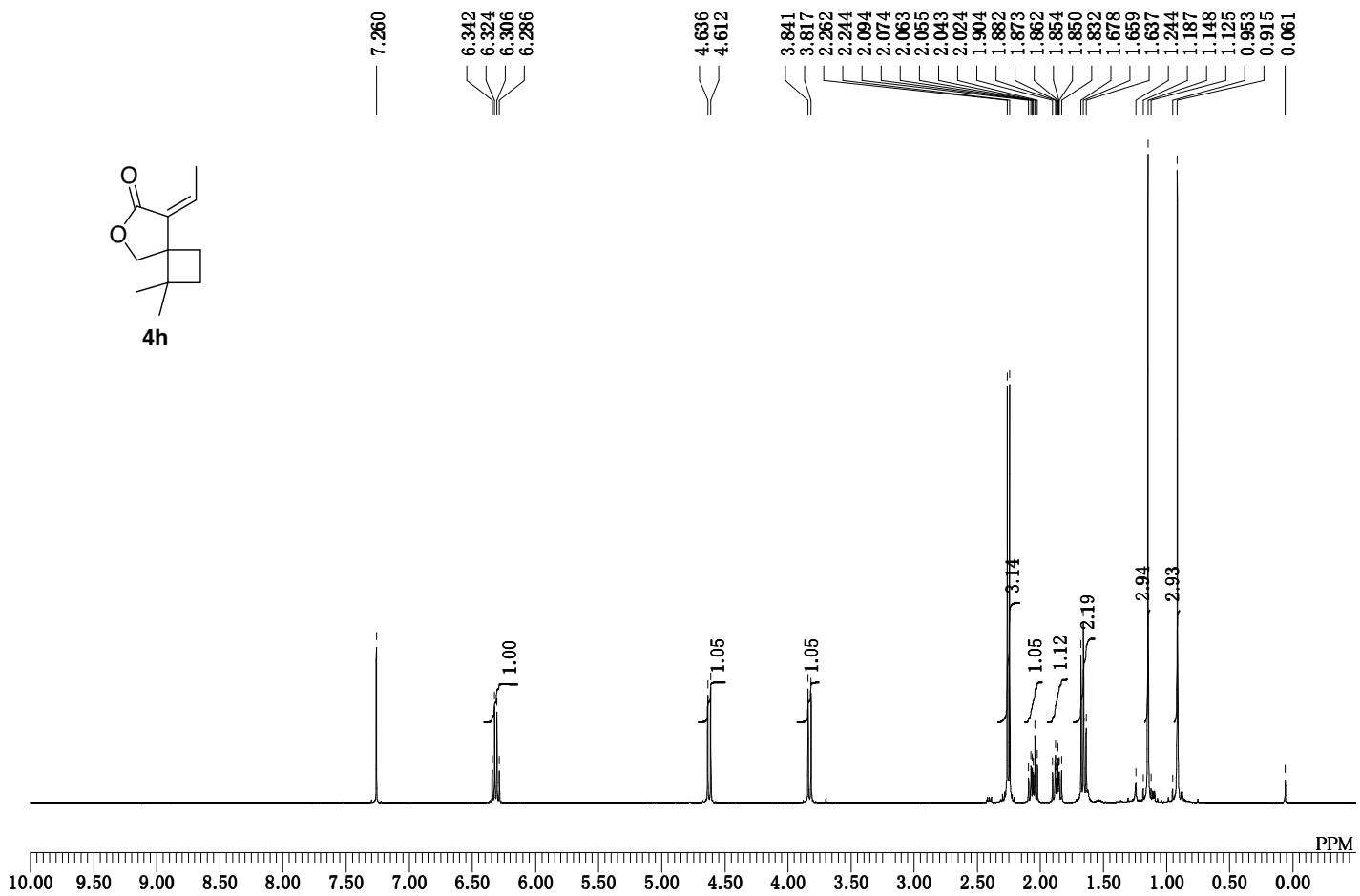


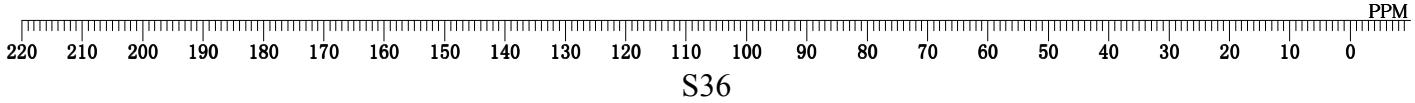
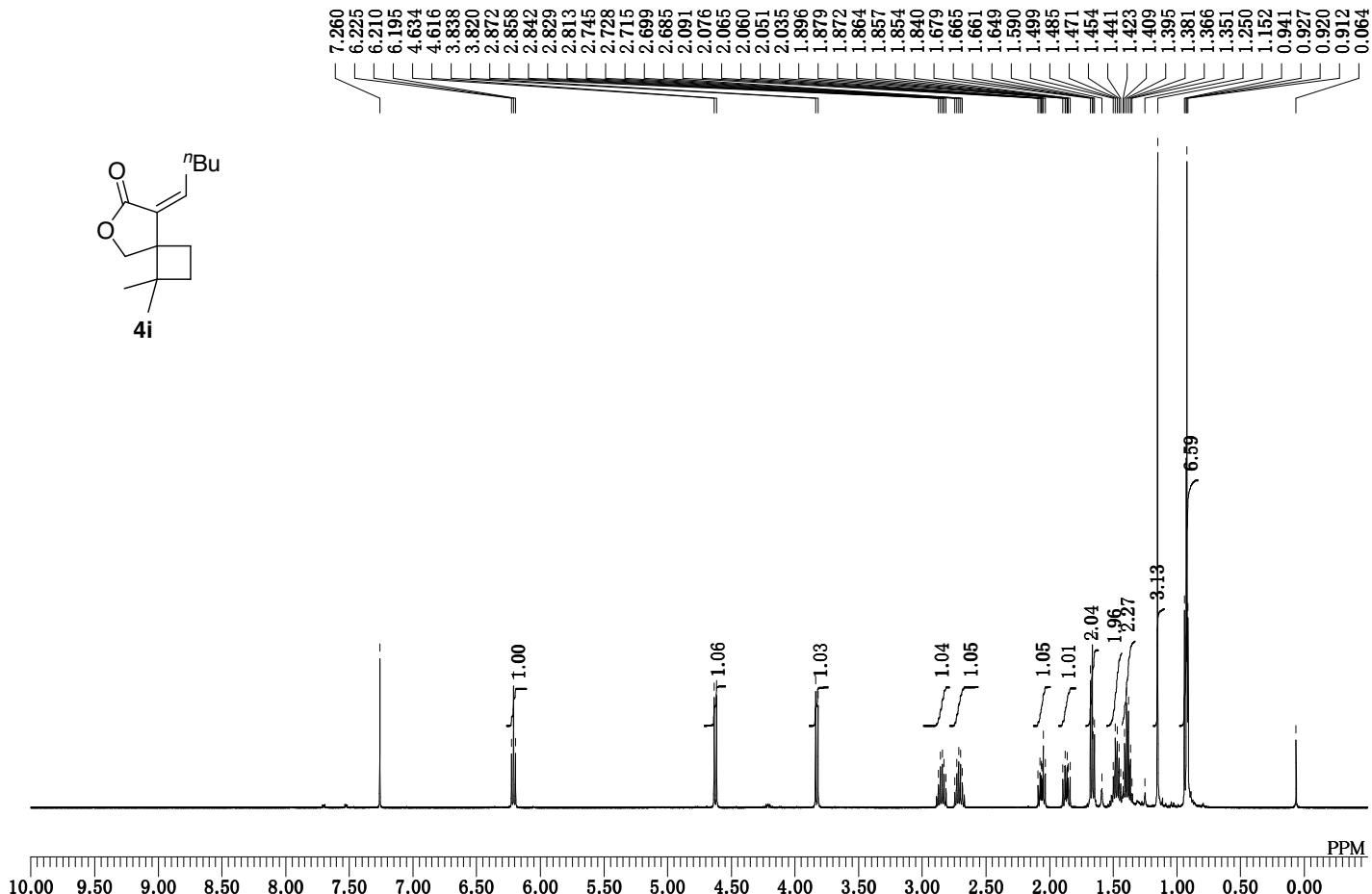
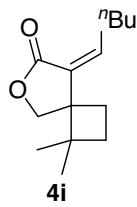


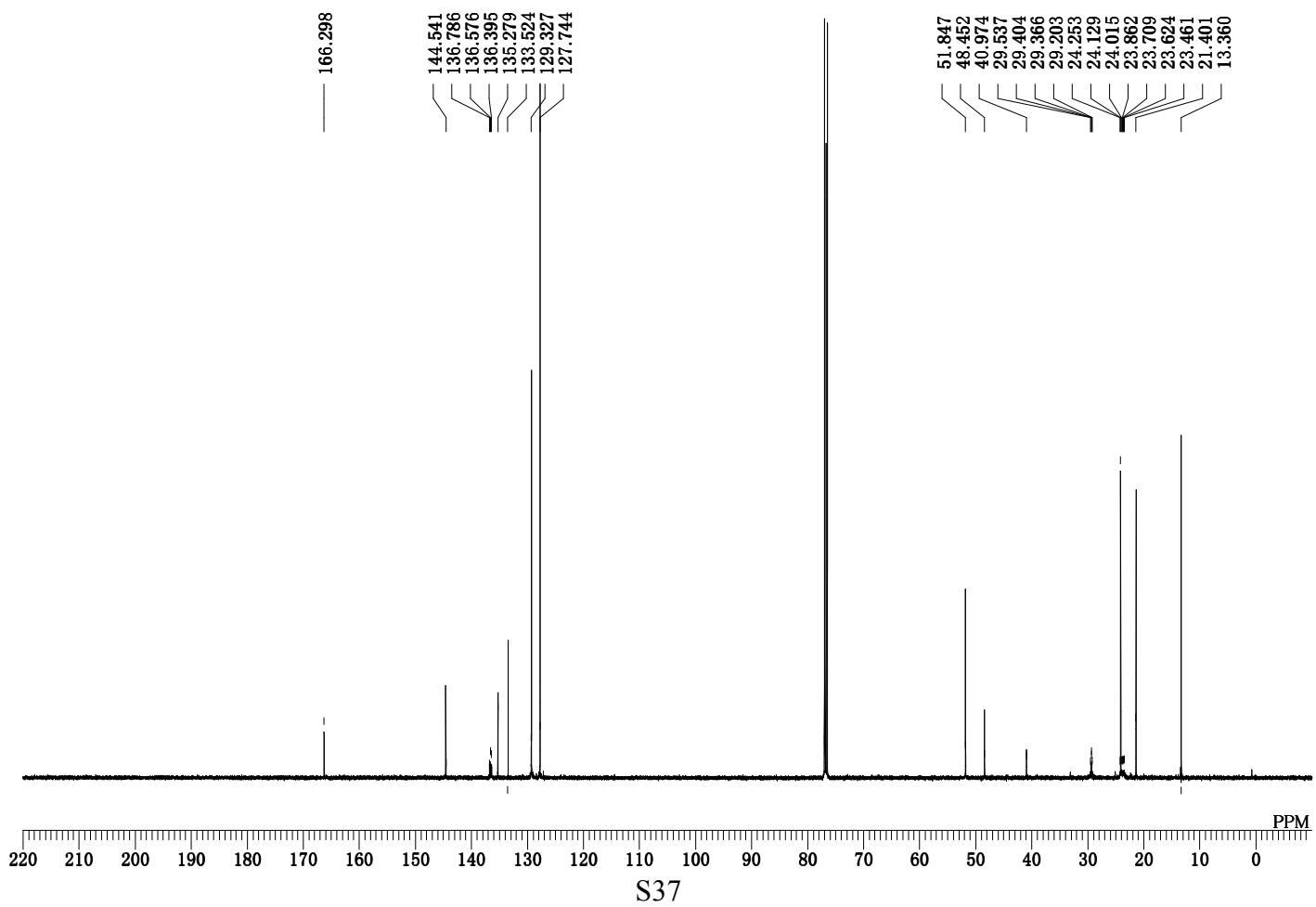
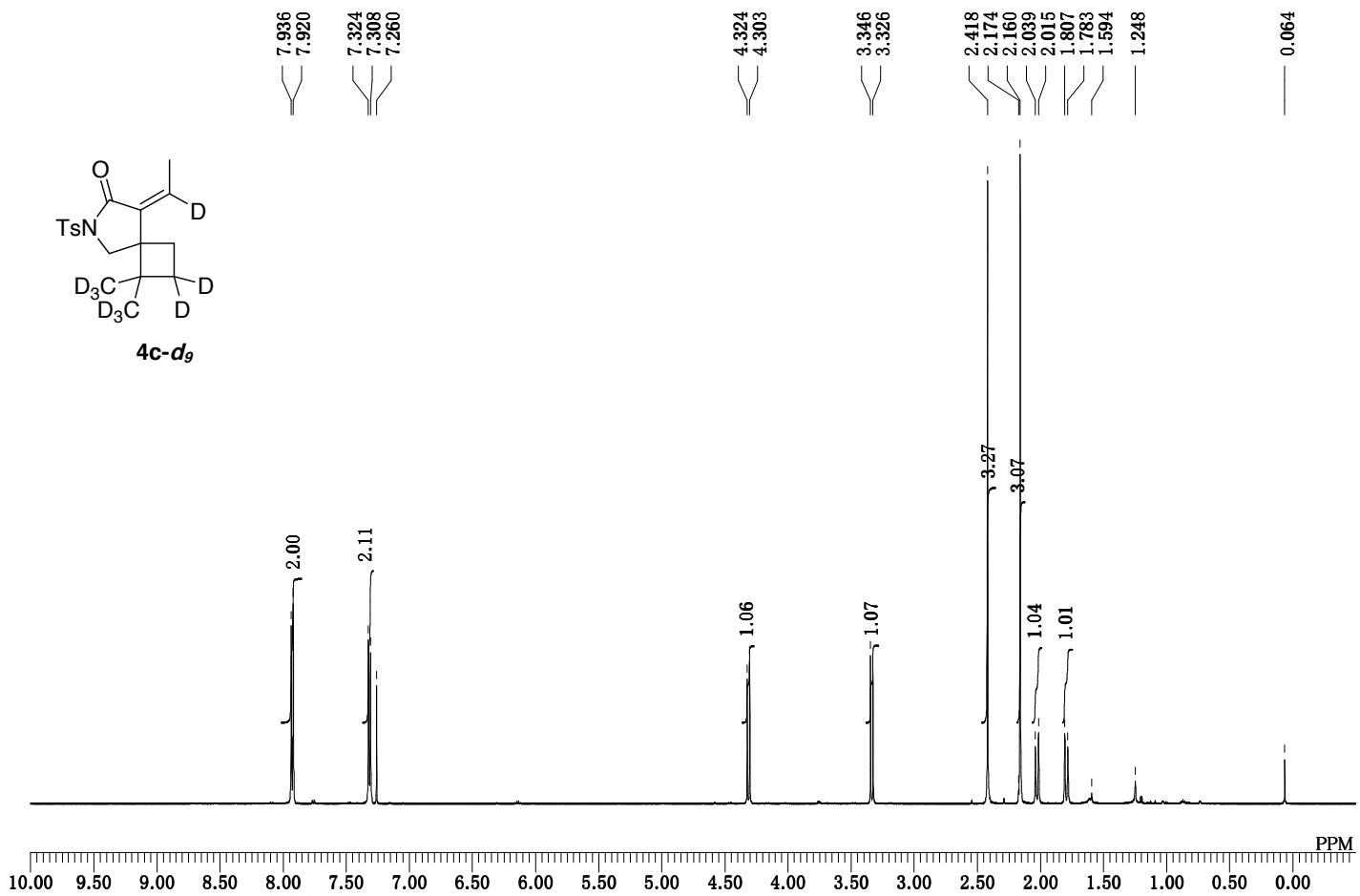


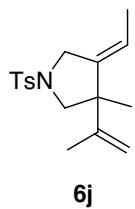




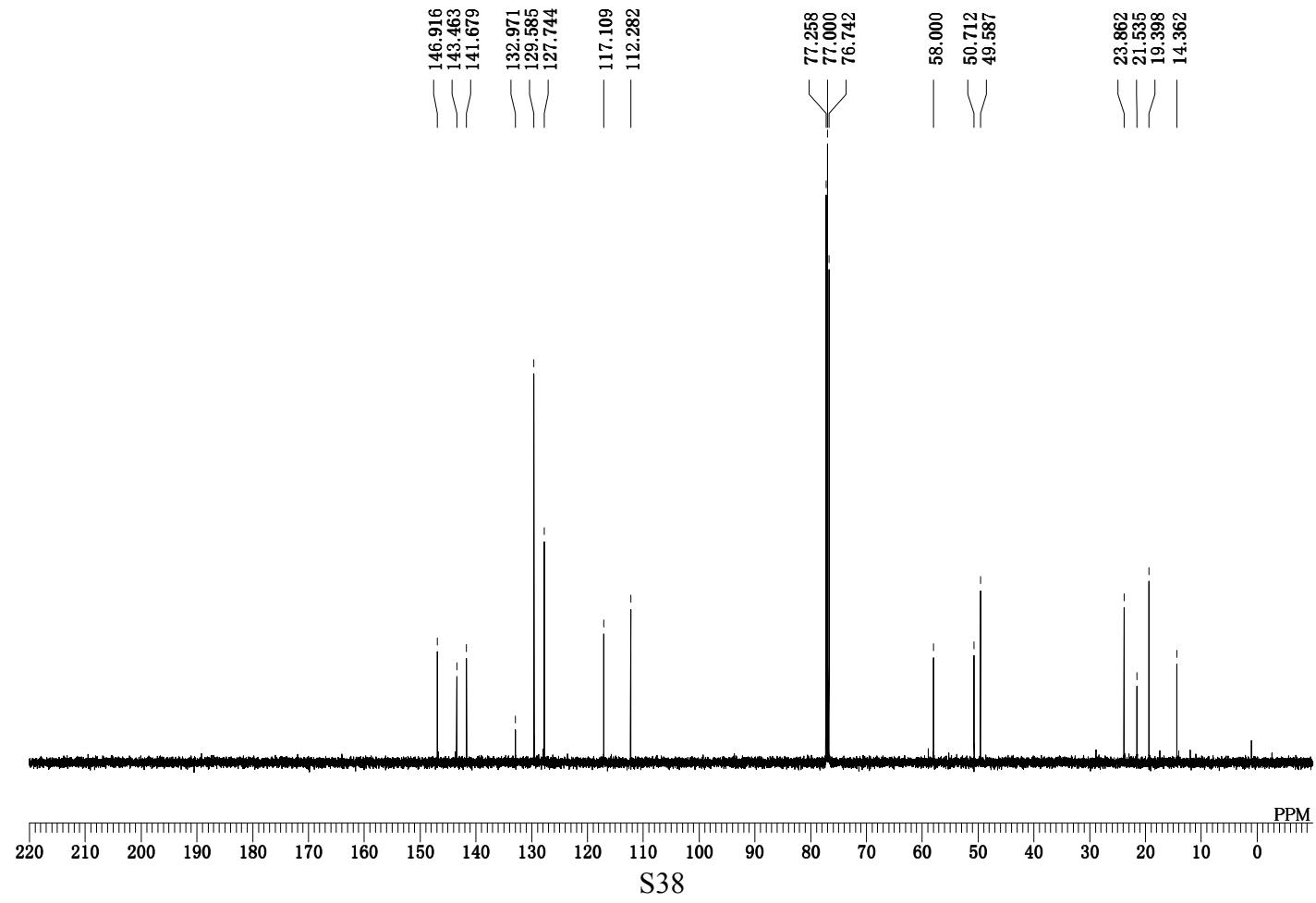
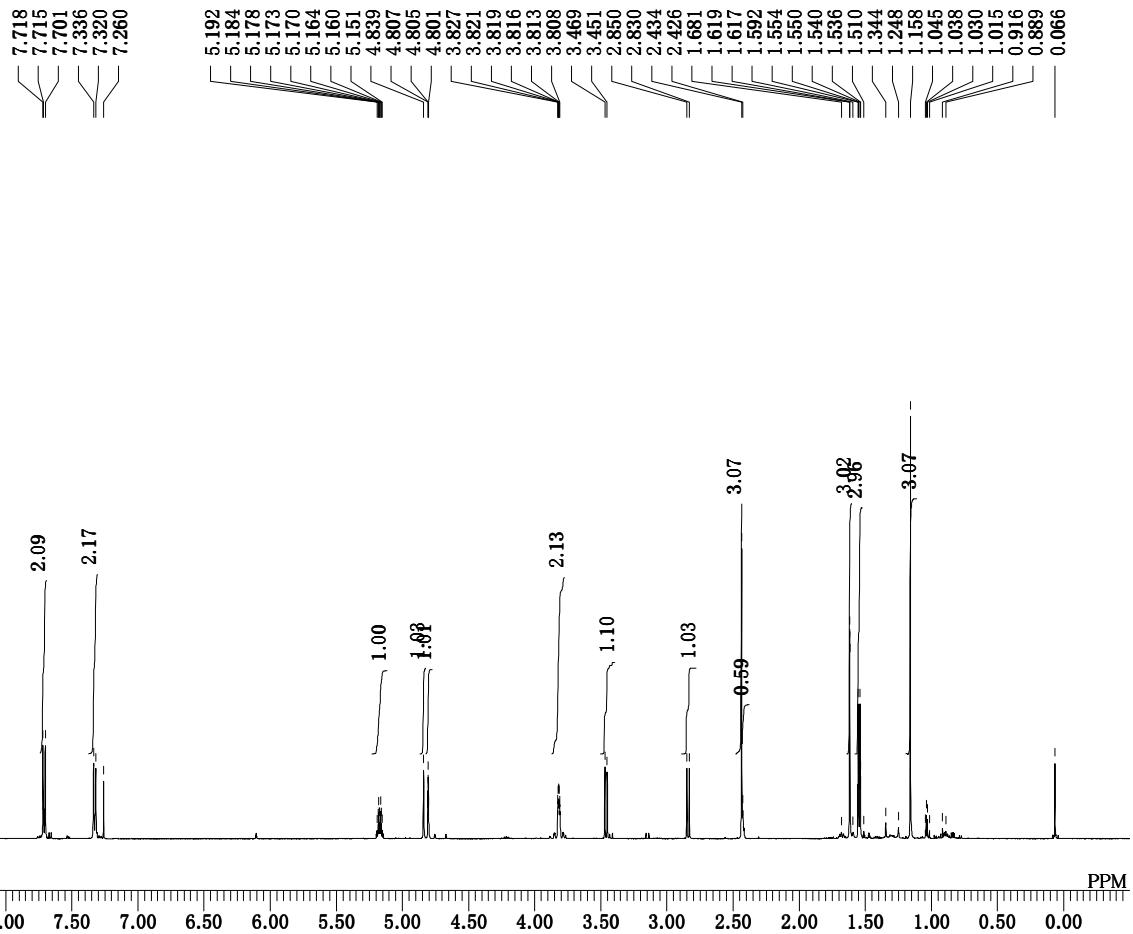


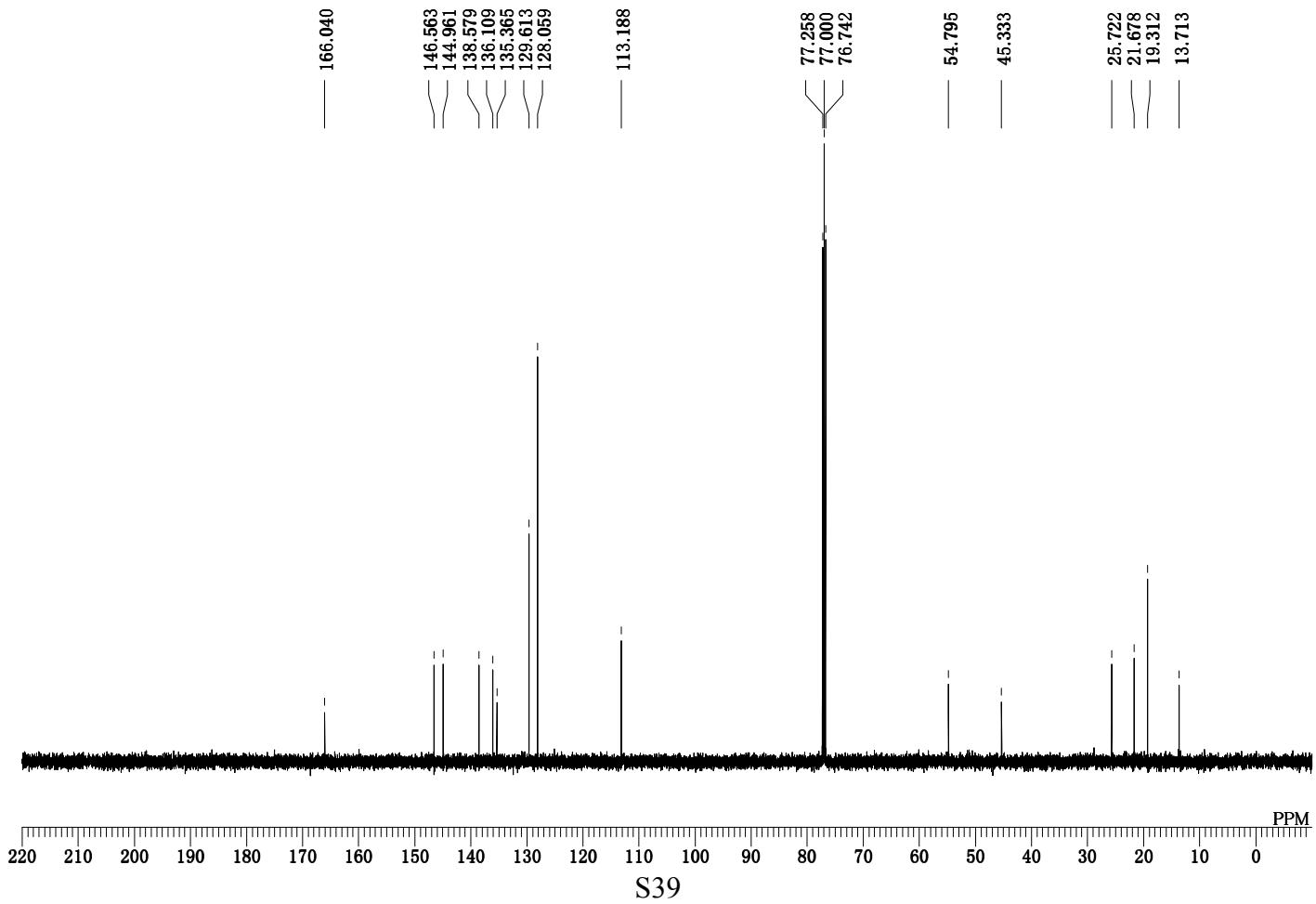
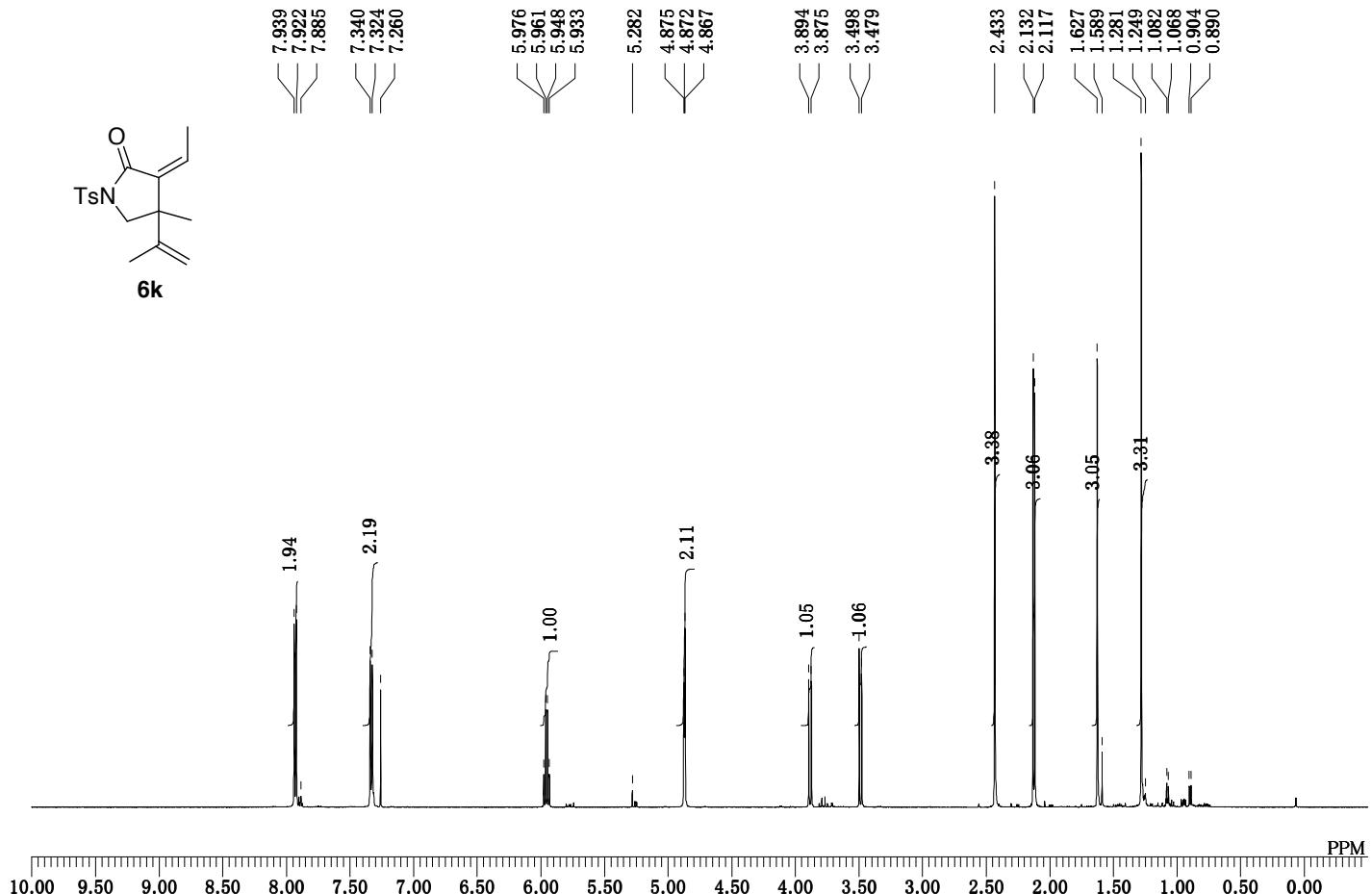
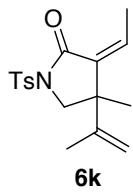


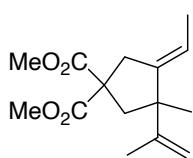




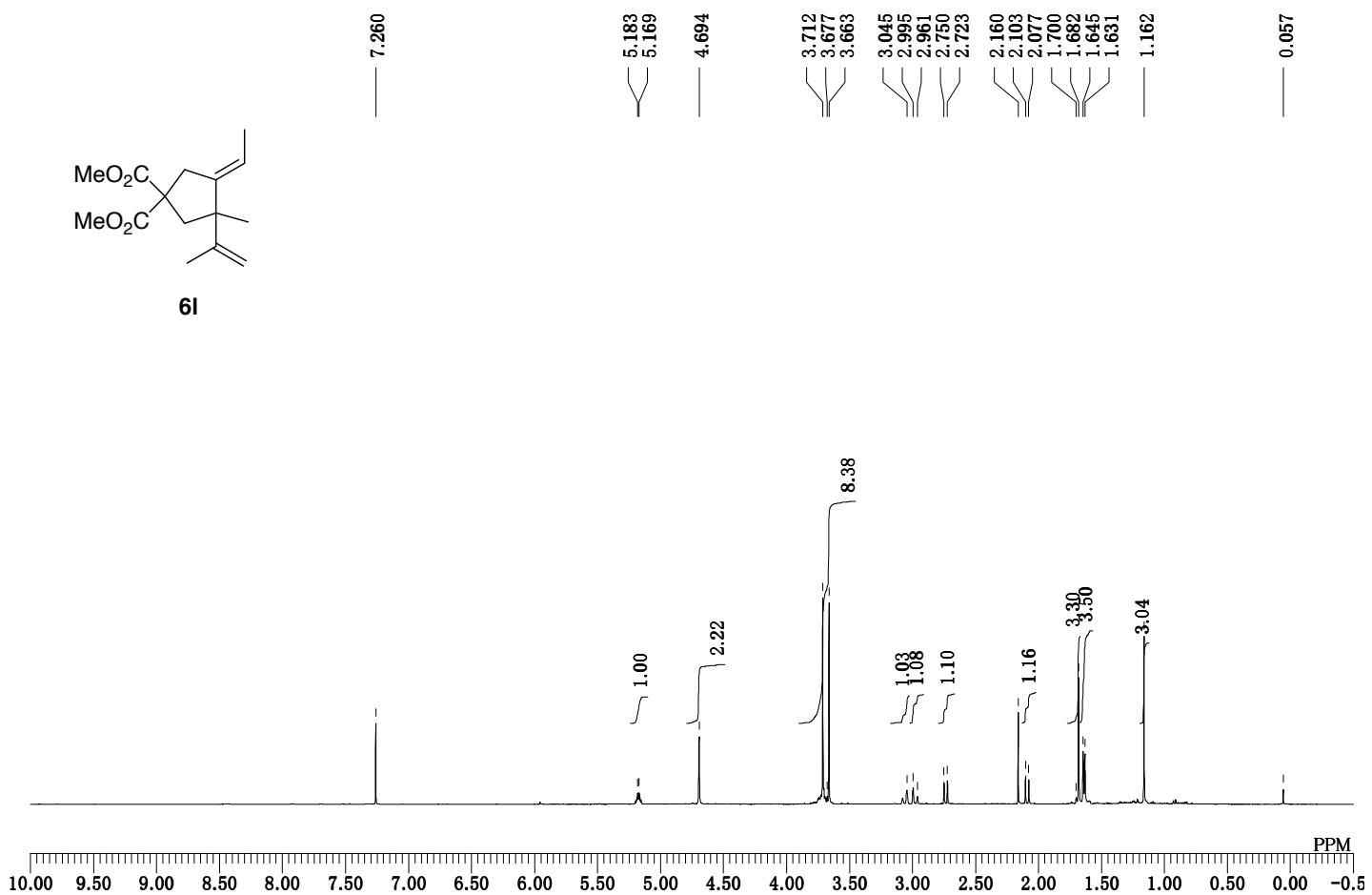
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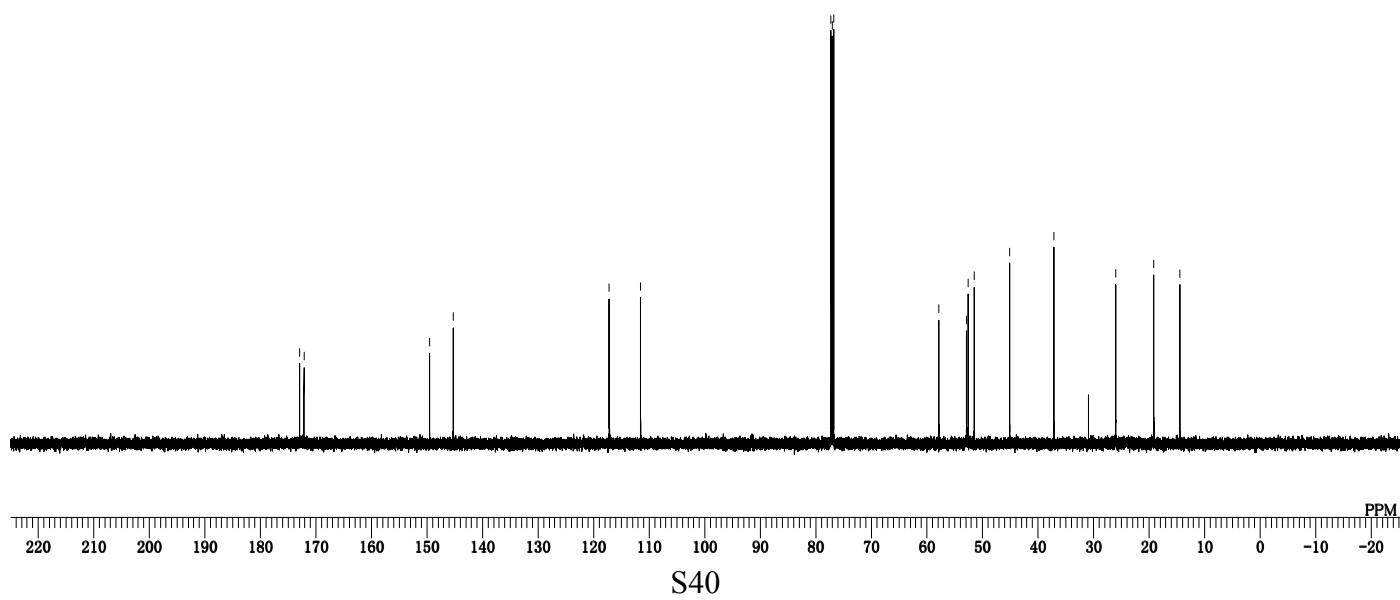


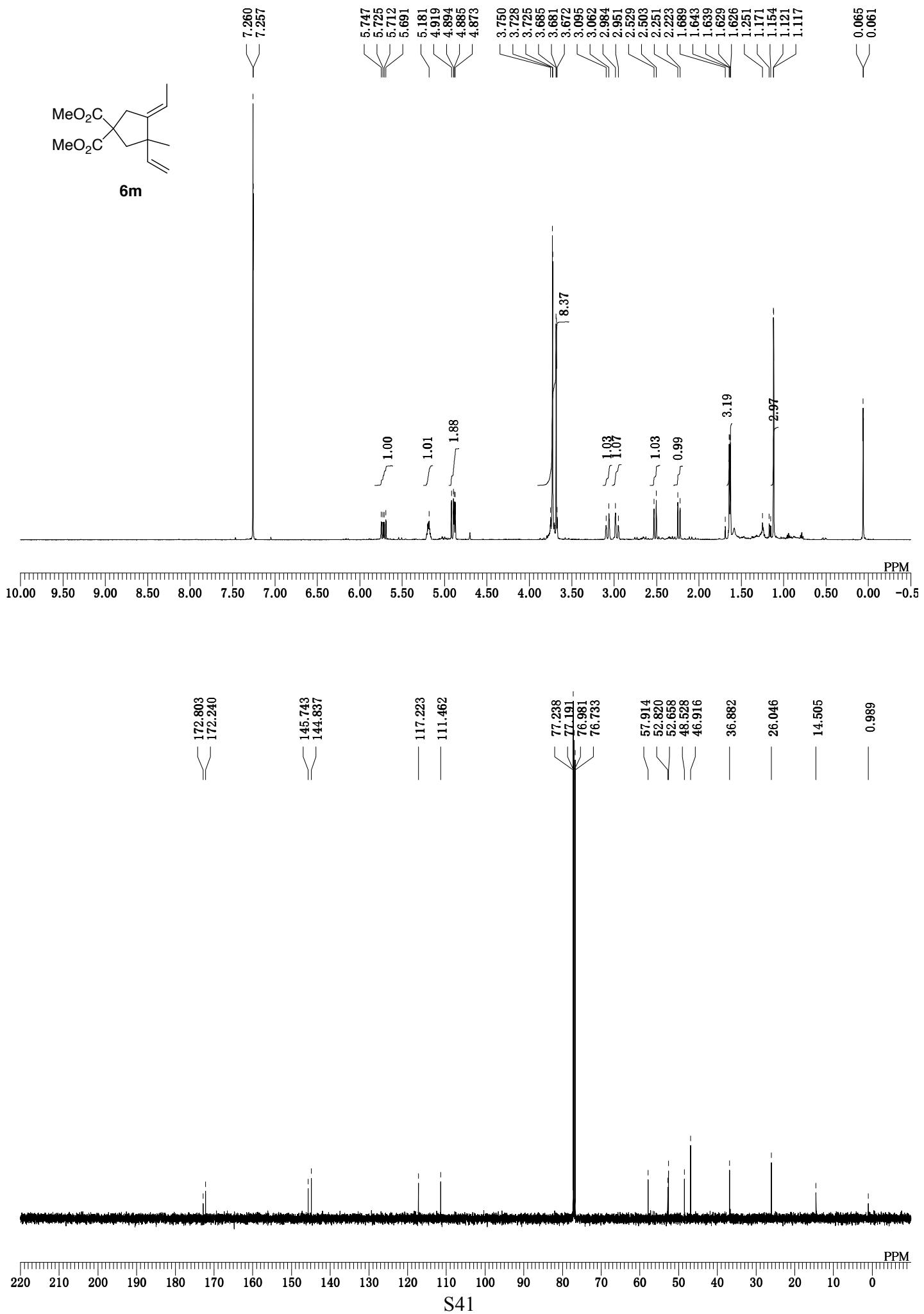


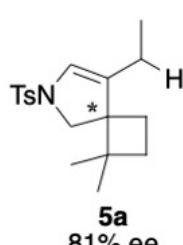
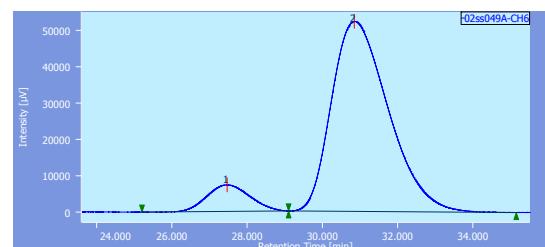
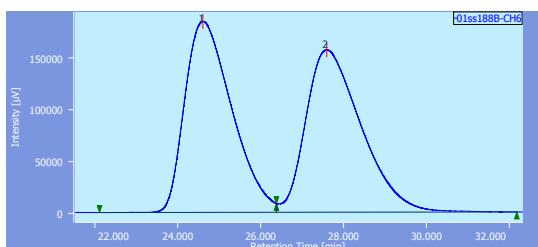
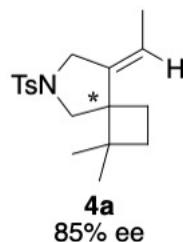
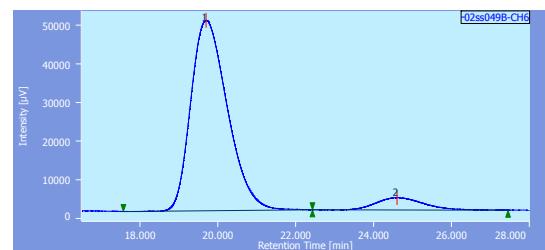
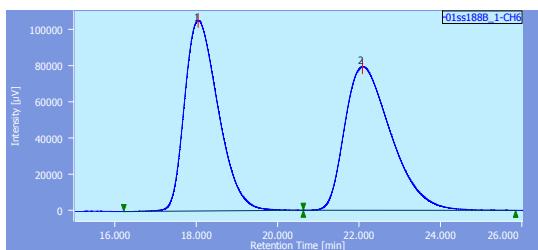
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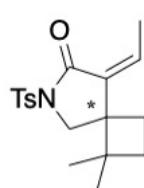
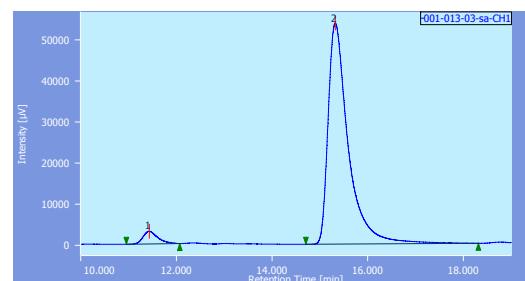
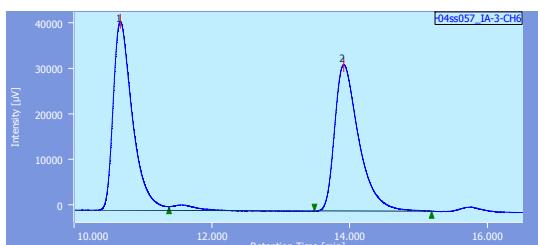
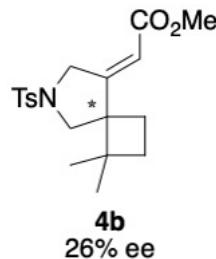
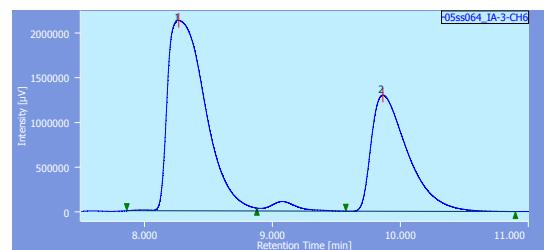
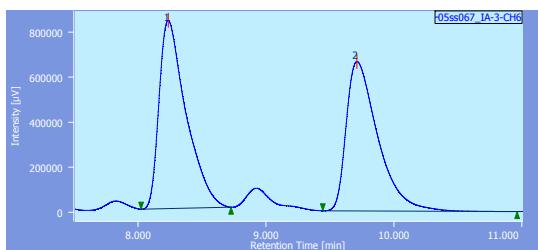


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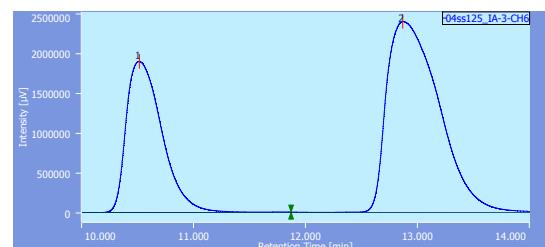
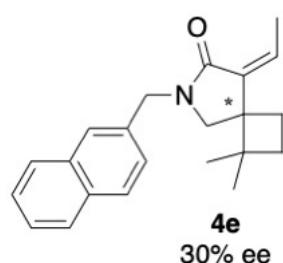
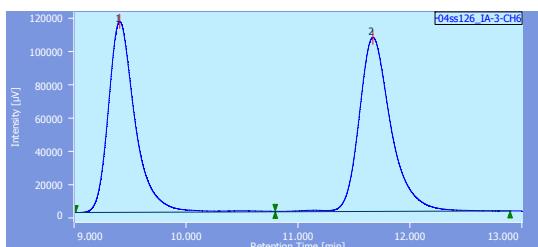
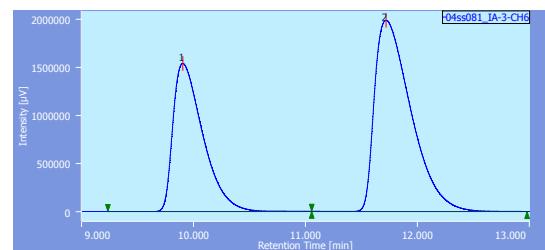
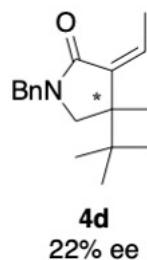
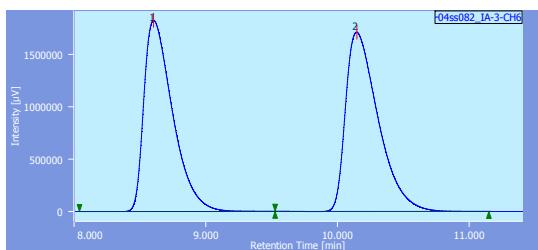


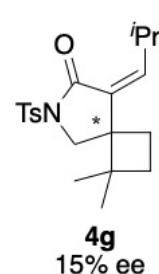
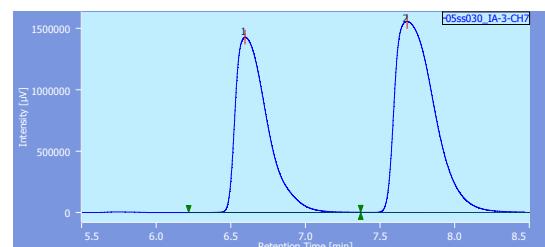
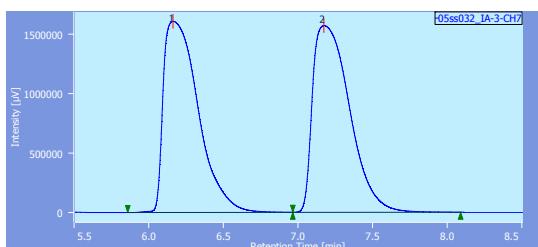
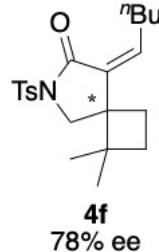
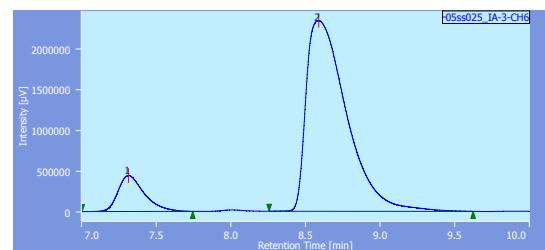
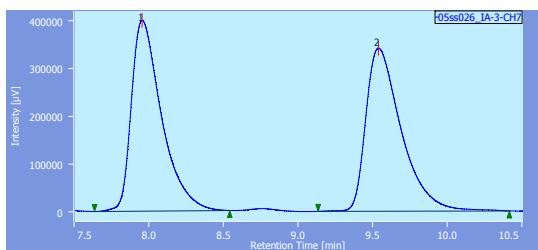


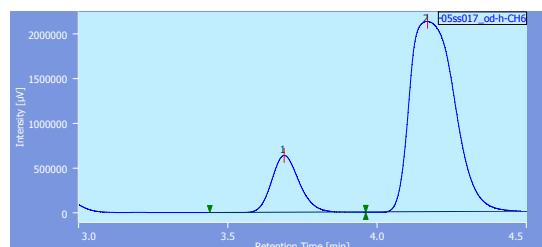
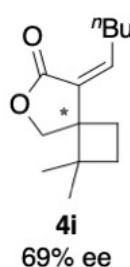
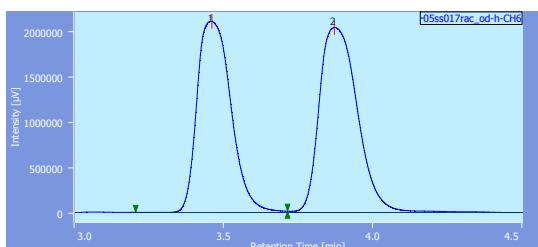
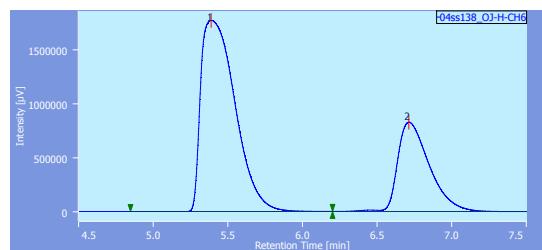
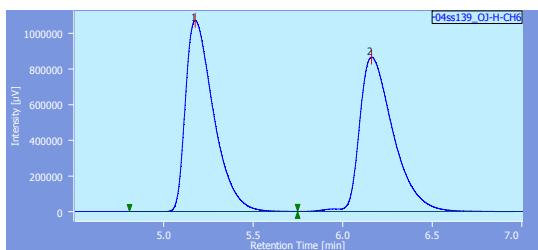


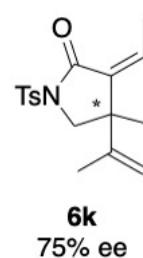
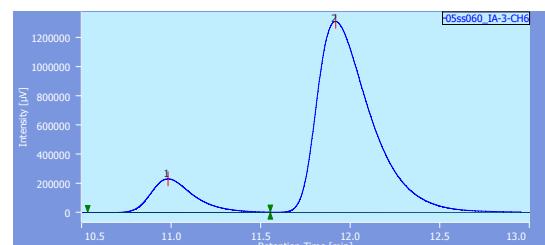
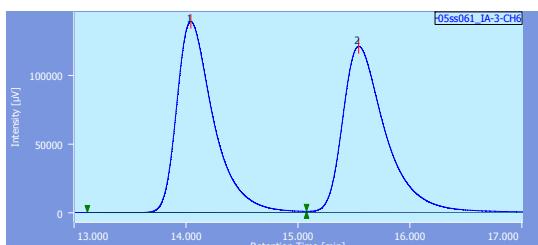
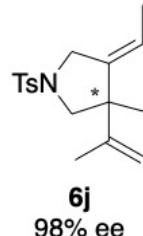
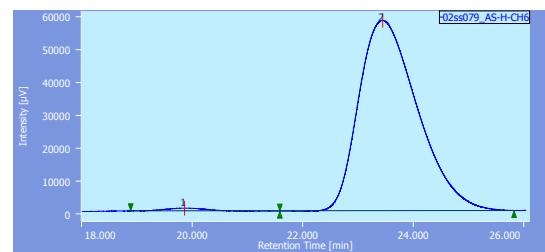
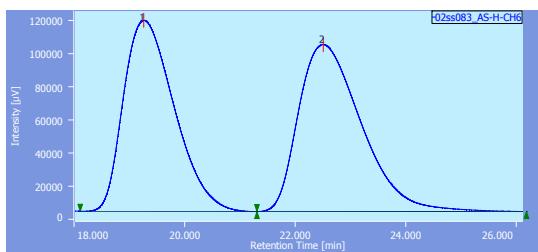


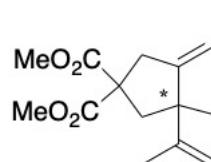
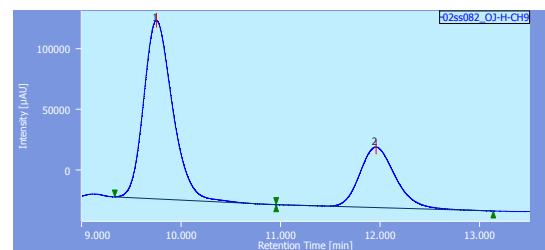
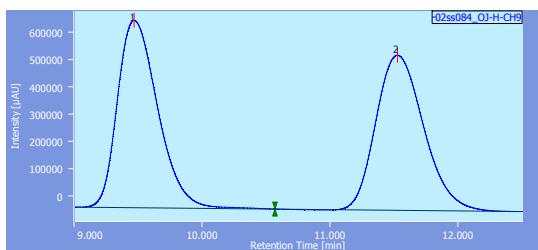
**4c**  
92% ee



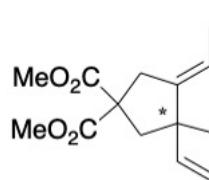
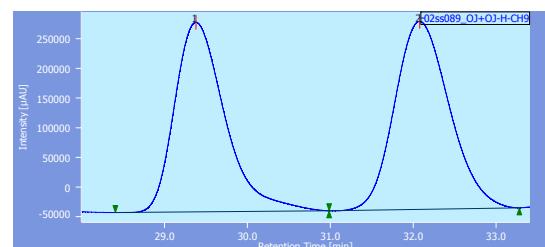
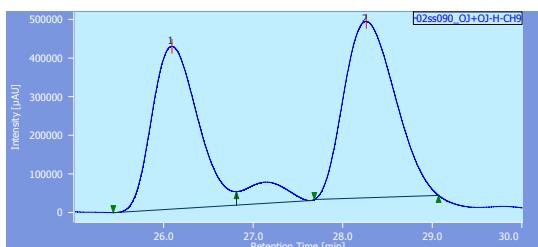








**6l**  
41% ee



**6m**  
3% ee

